The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I.P.E.U.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XI. NO. 1 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, JUNE 30, 1916. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

HON. W. B. WILSON
Secretary, U .S. Department of Labor.

LABOR OMNIA VINCIT.

To those who labor, not for their own personal pleasure, nor cease their unselfish toil upon the approach of success; to those who fully realize the grand continuity of industrial tradition and take their place in the busy marts of trade and work until they can work no more, and then gaze hopefully on the workers' tribute to an ennobling cause—the American Federation of Labor's home—this edition is respectfully dedicated.

SAMUEL GOMPERS
President American Federation of Labor.

DEDICATION ON JULY 4TH

President Wilson to Review Parade From the Speakers' Stand

When the Parade starts Tuesday morning, at 10 a. m., from Peace Monument, the President of the United States will leave the White and be escorted to the New A. F. of L. Building, and take his position on the speakers' stand to review the marchers.

There will be seated on the rostrum President and Mrs. Wilson, Secretary McAdoo and Mrs. McAdoo, Secretary Lane and Mrs. Lane, Hon. W. B. Wilson, together with other Cabinet Officers and their wives, the Labor Group in Congress, and officers of the American Federation of Labor.

All International, National, State and City Central bodies, their officers and the Press will be the guests of Labor on this occasion.

Immediately following the parade, the bands will dissemble and immediately reassemble into one big band and give a musical concert of National Anthems.

Chairman Hayden, the Musicians' member on the Parade Committee, believes this concert will be one of the grandest ever heard in the National Capitol, and in absolute harmony with the day and the deed.

Following the band concert will come the address of President Wilson, followed by the President of the American Federation of Labor, Samuel Gompers.

The dedicatory services will be brief, and the trustees will take over that which has been needed by the parent body for many years—a home of its own.

The Trustees are Samuel Gompers, Frank Morrison, and Jas. O'Connell.

At the last meeting of the Parade Committee, Public Printer Ford sent word that he would be right in line on the Fourth, and show that he was still a good trades unionist, as well as an American citizen.

All doubts as to the parade not being a success having been dispelled, it now looks as if there might be 15,000 or more organized workers in the line of march.

This will be one Fourth of July celebration that will live long in the hearts of the organized workers of the District, and shared equally by the toilers of the world.

The New A. F. of L. Office Building

MILLBURN HEISTER & CO., Architects.

FORMATION OF MARCHERS

And Route to the American Federation of Labor Office Building

Parade will start from Peace Monument at 10 a. m. sharp, then proceed by way of Pennsylvania avenue west to Fifteenth Street, Fifteenth Street north to K Street, K Street east to Tenth Street, Tenth Street north to Massachusetts Avenue, Massachusetts Avenue east to Eighth Street and Mt. Vernon Place, north on Eighth to L Street, where marchers will disband. Then proceed as individuals by way of Ninth Street to dedication ceremonies.

The different organizations will take their positions in accordance with the following formation immediately upon arriving at Peace Monument:

FIRST DIVISION.

Police Escort.
Grand Marshall and Aids.
Baltimore Federation of Labor.
State Federations of Labor.
Central Labor Unions.
Two Bands.
Delegates to the Machinists Convention.
Columbia Lodge 174, I. A. M.
Machinists Lodge 193.
Band.
Theatrical Stage Employes Alliance Local 22.
Barbers Local Union 239.
Bartenders Local 428.
Stationary Firemen, Local Union 63.

SECOND DIVISON.

Federal Labor Union 13776, Bureau Girls.
Band.
Plate Printers.
Street Carmen, Local Union 689.
Street Carmen, Local Union 313.
Band.
Moving Picture Operators Local Union 224.
School Custodians and Janitors, Federal Labor Union 14596.
Watchmen's Federal Labor Union 14964.
Yeast Workers Federal Labor Union 14639.

THIRD DIVISION.

Band.
Bricklayers.
Band.
Molders Local Union 215.
Blacksmiths.
Pattern Makers Association.
Boilermakers Local Union 450.
Navy Yard Helpers, Federal Labor Union 14915.
Boot and Shoe Workers.

FOURTH DIVISION.

Band.
Typographical Union No. 101.
Women's Bindery Union, I. B. of B., Local No. 42.
Pressmen's Local No. 1.
Band.
Federal Employes Union 14632.
Bakers and Confectioners Local Union 118.
Bakery Wagon Salesmen.
Sheet Metal Workers.
Milkmen's Local Union 110.

FIFTH DIVISION.

Band.
Electricians Local Union No. 26.
Railway Electricians.
Plumbers Local Union No. 5.
Retail Clerks Local Union 262.
Photo Engravers Local Union 17.
Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Federal Union 11773.
Hoisting Engineers, Local Union 77.
Brewery Workers Local Union 48.
Railway Terminal Employes.

SIXTH DIVISION.

Band.
Laborers Protective Federal Union 15037.
Hod Carriers.
Laundry Workers.
Stone and Building Laborers Local Union 46.

FRANK MORRISON
Secretary American Federation of Labor.

JAMES O'CONNELL
President Metal Trades Department, A. F. of L.

LABOR'S DEMANDS PRESENTED TO DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

St. Louis, Mo., June 42.—Last week President Gompers, Treasurer Lemon and Secretary Morrison of the American Federation of Labor appeared before the platform committee of the Democratic convention and presented planks in the interest of the men and women of toil identical to those presented to the Republican committee the week previous.

These included:

Pledge to maintain the federal Clayton law which assures workers the legal right of voluntary association and guarantees the right of trial by jury in alleged contempt cases committed outside the presence of courts.

Vigorous enforcement of the seamen's act and the most liberal interpretations of its provisions. Opposition to weakening any section intended to prevent seamen and travelling public. It is declared that "American seamen will constitute a trained reserve force in time of national peril," and that conditions should be such to "induce resourceful, capable, liberty-loving Americans to follow that vocation."

Demand that the immigration and contract labor laws be enforced and so extended as to debar form the United States all persons who cannot read some language.

Industrial education and vocational training in addition to cultural education, on the theory that "national industrial efficiency is not a haphazard occurence but it is the result of carefully considered methods and policies."

The enactment and rigid enforcement of a federal child labor law.

The faithful observance and enforcement of all federal eight-hour laws and their extension to all departments of government.

The enactment of a federal workmen's compensation law.

Laws excluding from interstate commerce the products of convict labor.

Legislation to abolish preventable loss of life and injury to workers in industry and transportation. The creation of a bureau of safety under the department of labor to collect data relative to industrial hazards and devise methods to decrease deaths and injuries in industry.

Opposition to "scientific management" and other speeding up systems in industry.

Extension of the powers and functions of the federal bureau of mines.

Full rights of American citizens to the people of Porto Rico.

Adequate compensation for all civil service and a reasonable minimum wage for all such employes.

A tribunal to which all employes in the competitive civil service may appeal for redress of grievances.

A federal compensation law to apply to all civil service employes.

An equitable retirement law providing for the retirement of superannuated and disabled employes of the civil service.

Employment in the civil service must not impair the employes' right of petition.

Government ownersip of telegraphs and telephones.

Equal suffrage.

Labor Planks Secured.

The platform committee agreed to the following, which was adopted by the convention:

We have lifted human labor from the category of commodities, and have secured to the workingman the right to voluntary association for his protection and welfare. We have protected the rights of the labor against the unwarrented issuance of writs of injunction, and have guaranteed to him the right of trial by jury in cases of alleged contempt proceedings committed outside the presence of the court.

Government Employment.

We hold that the life, health and strength of the men, women and children of the nation are its greatest asset, and that in the conservation of these the federal government, wherever it acts as the employer of labor, should both on its own account and as an example, put into effect the following principles of just employment:

1. Living wage for all employes.
2. A working day not to exceed eight hours, with one day of rest in seven.
3. The adoption of safety appliances and the establishment of thoroughly sanitary conditions of labor.
4. Adequate compensation for industrial accidents.
5. The standards of the "uniform labor law," wherever minors are employed.
6. Such provisions for decency, comfort and health in the employment of women as should be accorded the mothers of the race.
7. An equitable retirement law providing for the retirement of superannuated and disabled employes of the civil service to the end that a higher standard of efficiency may be maintained.

We believe also that the adoption of similar principles should be urged and applied in the legislation of the states with regard to labor within their borders, and that through every possible agency the life and health of the people of the nation should be conserved.

Labor.

We declare our faith in the seamen's act, passed by the Democratic congress and we promise our earnest continuance of its enforcement.

We favor the speedy enactment of an effective federal child labor law and the regulation of the shipment of prison-made goods in interstate commerce.

We favor the creation of a federal bureau of safety in the department of labor to gather facts concerning industrial hazards, and to recommend legislation to prevent the maiming or killing of human beings.

We favor the extension of the powers and functions of the federal bureau of mines.

We favor the development upon a systematic scale of the means already begun under the present administration to assist laborers throughout the nation to seek and obtain employment, and the extension by the federal government, by the same assistance and encouragement as is now given to agricultural training.

Public Health.

We favor a thorough reconsideration of the means and methods by which the federal government handles questions of public health, to the end that human life may be conserved by elimination of loathsome diseases, the improvement of situation and the diffusion of a knowledge of disease prevention.

We favor the establishment by the federal government of tuberculosis sanitariums for needy tubercular patients.

Woman Suffrage.

We recommend the extension of the franchise of the women of the country by the states upon the same terms as to men.

Territories.

We favor granting to the people of Alaska, Hawaii and Porto Rico the traditional government accorded to all territories of the United States since the beginning of our government, and we believe the officals appointed to administer the government of those several territories should be qualified by previous bona fide residence.

THREATEN TO LEAVE CITY.

New York.—Failing in every effort to iduce their locked-out ladies' garment workers to reject unionism and return to work as individuals the employers now announce they will leave New York city.

Trade unionists are interested in knowing what section of the world these manufacturers believe workers will refuse to unite.

President Schlesinger of the International Ladies Garment Workers' union says the employers are bluffing and that they could not be driven away from New York city's ever crowded labor market.

The Moving World makes this comment on the employers' threat:

"The associated cloak and suit manufacturers are threatening to leave the city for localities roundabout which promise them greater freedom in sweating their labor.

"These are the persons who entered into a contract with their workers for two years and then broke it after one year for no reason except to sneak an advantage over the workers in negotiating new terms. These are the persons who were asked by Mayor Mitchel to a peace conference and who insolently refused. These again are the persons whose faithless conduct with their employes fell under the sharp condemnation of a group of eminent economists of the situation.

"These persons chose the dull season to break with the workers, and as the busy season comes on without success in starving the latter into submission, they are vexed to the extreme. Hence the threat to move out with their annual business of some $200,000,000."

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. P. Reichel, 24 Myrtle St. N. E.

Bakery Salemen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at Hammel's Hall, No. 922 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sunday in each month, Painter's Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N. W.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Edward Fuhrman, 24 Quincy Place, N. W.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets every Sunday, 3 p. m., Jonadab Hall, 623 Louisiana avenue northwest. Secretary, A. Messenio, 514 Tenth street n. w.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 48: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E street southeast.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, E. B. Byrne, 425 G Street N. W.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles Hall, Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 1424 W St. N. W., Apt. 22.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhan, 737 10th St. s. e.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wassaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3800 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets 419 Tenth St. N. W., first and third Fridays. Secretary, J. F. Herrity, Box 52, Arlington, Va.

Engineers, Hoisting No. 77: Meets every Friday, at 3:00 p. m. Hall, S. E. Cor. Tenth and Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, F. J. Nichols, 616 Fourth street northeast.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and B Sts N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hisle, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Watchmen's Union No. 14964: Secretary, Jas. H. Reed, Cor. Sec., 1228 B street southwest.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Avenue S. E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 Twelfth St. N. E.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, Wm. W. Keeler, 148 Eleventh St S. E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday at 1204 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, E. H. Fulton, 1120 E St. S. E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, H. Gundershein, 728 Columbia Road.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third 2665. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Bus. Agt.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 922 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Phone Main 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets second Sunday and fourth Friday in each month. Secretary, Albert Bridges 210 L st. s. e.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 420: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m. Secretary, J. A. Whitecar, 2209 Minnesota Ave. S. E.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas. B. Cameron, Bethesda, Md.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary W. H. Amiss, 1008 Monroe St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 820 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressman, No. 1: Meets fourth Saturday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. E. Blakely, 3527 O St. N. W.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custodian and Janitor, 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, W. F. Cannon, 408 Twelfth St. S. E.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe. 328 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. F. Hickman, 518 Sixth St. N. W.

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Mrs. H. B. Tritipoe, 1737 Willard street N. W., Apt. 20.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10.30 a. m. and 8.30 p. m. Secretary, G. W. Calderhead, Ouray Building, Room 312.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle, 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 760 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Friday, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas. P. Glover, Twentieth and Bryant Sts. N. E.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: International Secretary-Treasurer, Chas. T. Smith, Room 414 Washington Loan and Trust Building.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G St. N. W. Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth St. N. W.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E

CHESAPEAKE BEACH
ON THE BAY

Many new attractions, including Monster Derby built over the water. New standard bowling alleys on Board Walk.

Free Dancing.

Numerous amusements for young and old.

ROUND TRIP: SUNDAYS and HOLIDAYS, 50c.

All Other Days, Including Saturdays, 25c.

TRAIN LEAVES DAILY EXCEPT SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS: 9.15, 10.00, 11.30 A. M., 2.30, 6.30 AND 8.00 P. M.
SATURDAYS: 9.15, 10.00, 11.30 A. M., 2.00, 2.30, 3.25, 5.30 AND 8.00 P. M.
SUNDAYS: 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 A. M., 2.00, 3.20, 4.45 AND 8.00 P. M.

MOTHERS OF BABIES

grow enthusiastic when they see our stock of dainty Baby things, Baby combs, Baby toilet powders, Baby comforts, Baby tooth brushes, Baby hair brushes, Baby soaps and Baby rubber goods of every kind.

WELLER'S DRUG STORE
Eighth and Eye Sts. S. E. 36th and M N. W.

STORAGE PACKING FREIGHT HAULING
Merchants Transfer
— AND —
Storage Company
920-922 E Street Northwest
Phone Main 6900
SHIPPING MOVING HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

Whep in Doubt, Buy of
HOUSE & HERRMANN
FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.
N.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W

FIREPROOF
CONSTRUCTION
Hammett Fire Proofing Company
301-302-303 Wilkins Bldg.
Phone Main 3337.

PHONE NORTH 2349
DONOVAN'S
FINE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS
2003 14th St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

F. OF L. BUILDING, SATURDAY, JANUARY 8, 1916.AT THE LAYING OF THE CORNERSTONE, NEW A.

PNEUMOGASTRICISMS

BY BILLY ANGLIN

A Mexican flag of truce makes death at the stake look sweet.

We have the elastic jaw, but where's the watermelon?

Black Flak flea power positively will not kill potato bugs.

What price can be put on a human life? We know what mules cost.

In order for money to multiply it has got to be kept in circulation.

A preoccupied look is one that closes its eyes to everything but death and taxes.

Villa evidently is hiding in the northeast corner of Setcion 44, west of the 7th P. M.

Men with coarse speaking voices can now argue violently upon politics pro and "con."

When the British yoke was unlimbered by G. Wash., it was sent back to Geo. III, C. O. D.

Fairbanks' foliage on his face falls away with a horse-shoe curve effect at suppressed delight.

Engage the nearest dress-suit in conversation if you would enjoy an evening at the party.

Show me the man who is totally blind and I'll show you a man who is willing to enlist right now.

Mr. Bryan don't seem to be biting such large hunks out of the atmosphere as he used to once did.

It does some people more good to be elected to office than to be the recipient of unanticipated twins.

This will be one Fourth of July the reformers will not try to reduce to the proportions of a pink tea.

Patriotism is paraded most prominently by parties in perfect accord with the scythe of Father Time.

That letter of Roosevelt's to the Progressives is just about the best thing we've yet seen dug out of Africa.

A single man's girl or a married man's potato patch going back on him will create a deep feeling of despondency.

When the time comes to fight we'll go, if needed; but, believe us, some of that Ninth Street gang has got to go first.

We are glad the summer days hath came, also the exhausted Italian who emits hymn tunes from a hand organ.

Mr. Darwin must have discovered the theory of evolution by studying some of his wife's relatives at close range.

Hope and muscle is about all that's required to make a major league baseball artist—the Nationals slightly shy on both.

The boys who are anxious to spill patriotism out of the mouth of a cannon on Mexican soil may soon have the opportunity.

The ancient made-in-China double-barreled firecracker that could raise 200 lbs. avoirdupois several feet is a thing of the past.

Don't toy with fire, Georgia, soda or cannon crackers, unless you're looking for a peaceful exit from these fleeting scenes below.

There are some people in this old world who will never know what poverty is and are quite unwilling to change their system.

If a man lays his own life on the altar of his country, don't let him pay triple tribute in his wife and child. They may want to live.

If we had a mass of monotonous, multifarious, moth-eaten millions no poodle-pup would have a downy bed before a homeless child.

Recruits and requests are obtained in the same manner—by some one who starts out with a subscription paper and a fountain pen.

The reason our physg. appears above is because we know everytime its looked at by a certain few they emit some very sulphurous remarks.

Some people are more selfish than others and insist upon taking all of the bedding at night. We've been congested with colds all winter.

Looks to us like a kid who runs everyone in the block incipient nutty raising his first set of teeth should be willing to forego the Fourth.

When you live in the country you can raise plenty of chickens and the children is relieved from struggling blindly with the gizzard and neck.

"Don't prostitue your patriotism" also is a healthy phrase to conjure the less fortunate, while every bullet he fires makes mammoth monopolistic greed.

Thank goodness, some of the improvements of large estates that was done by Spanish-war soldiers lingers not in the minds of the present war-like generation.

If proper relief was given the families of Guardsmen a nice dimple would be made in some of the incomes that pile up faster than the contents of a corn crib.

If Mr. Hughes would lean over the railing at the zoo and study the countenance of the naturalized ape, we don't believe he would stop this side of a barber shop.

The first thing the capitalist does to whip a poor devil into doing something involuntarily he's not man enough to do voluntarily, is to attack his patriotism.

"Capitalize Americanism" sounds good to defeat a $50 relief for the family of a National Guardsman, coming from a guy that eats both butter and gravy with each meal.

A soldier, wife and child, to live on $15.60 a month, while only a few years ago the gentlemen on the Hill discovered they couldn't live on $5,000 a year and raised their own salaries to $7,500.

Mr. Bryan has evidently decided the jolt handed him by accepting his resignation so promptly as secretary of State marks President Wilson as an ingrate and several other forms of animal life.

Give to us the man built more like a dirigible, with an artesian well flow of anecdotes, a chewer of tobacco, and knows the game from basement to cupola, for a politician. We are growing one.

We used to be employed on the Congressional Record. We have helped to subjugate and recodify many involved sentences of our more learned collegiates on the Hill, and we only got $4.80 per. Ding it!

It must be a fearful thing to be dogged around by coupon bonds and 48 per cent munitions dividends, when wives and children of National Guardsmen don't know where the next month's rent coming from.

Where's the patriotism of these people who are trying so hard to die poor? Where's the philanthropy? Leave the slums and help protect women and children whose husbands and fathers are protecting you.

Suppose we appropriate fifty millions for the relief of families of enlisted men. It's nothing more than a temporary loan to the ultimate consumer—the man who toils. Either he or his offspring pays it back in increased taxation.

C. & P. Main 395.

C. D. KENNY CO.

Teas, Coffees, Sugars

735 SEVENTH STREET, N. W.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

C. G. PRICE, Manager.

BARBER & ROSS

Structural Steel

Fabricated in our shops, Washington, D. C., and shipped throughout the South.

Steel frame for the American Federation of Labor office building furnished by us.

Always keep insured, and place your Insurance policies with—

The Royal Insurance Company

HENRY K. SIMPSON, Agent.

336 Penna. Ave. S. E.

Phone L. 1447.

The St. James

European

Pennsylvania Ave. and Sixth St.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

Our Specialties:—

COMBINATION BREAKFAST,
NOON DAY LUNCH
TABLE D'HOTE DINNER.

H. T. WHEELER, Prop.

DRINK—

Perfect Brew

"DAS GUTE BIER"

One Bottle Will Convince You.

FOR SALE EVERYWHERE

Phone North 4372.

Great Bear Spring Co.

Ideal Drinking Water

50 cents per case. 50 cents per 5-gallon bottle.

326 R Street N. E.
WASHINGTON, D. C.

Always Preferred

Old German Beer

On draught and in brown bottles. All ingredients that is in a good beer and then some. Sold at all first class Cafes. Prompt deliveries anywhere in Washington. $1.25 per case of 24 bottles.

Phone L. 1738

$2. Hats Always $1.00

FREDERICKS'

Sample Dollar Hat Store

813 Seventh St. N. W.

Opposite King's Palace

Phone Main 2305

E. C. E. RUPPERT

Restaurant and Buffet

Rooms for Gentlemen Only.
Board by the Week or Month.

1716 Penna. Avenue, N. W.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Trades Unionist

Job Printing

Give us an opportunity to estimate on the work for your organization.

604 FIFTH STREET N. W.

All Stone furnished by——

McLeod Stone Co. Inc.

Successort to Malnati Stone Co.

Contractors for Stonework in All Its Branches

Works and Yards:

5th and V Streets N. E.
(On Balto. & Ohio R. R.)

WASHINGTON, D. C.

Telephone North 854

ROLAND WALLACE

Cigars, Magazines and Newsdealer

928 9th Street N. W.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

Special Rates for Union Men.

The National Garage

New Jersey Ave. and D Street N. W.
NEAR UNION STATION

WASHINGTON, D. C.

STORAGE REPAIRS SUPPLIES

THE GOLDEN RULE APPLIES

Automobiles and Trucks For Sale

FRANK O. SMITH,
MANAGER.

Parker, Bridget & Co.

"The Avenue at Ninth"

Featuring Extra Value

$15

Suits for Spring

Up-to-date Tailor Made Suits

$22.50 AND UP.

B. LANDSMAN

STRICTLY UNION

Cleaning, Pressing, Dyeing, Altering and Repairing.
Call For and Deliver.

PHONE LINCOLN 2477.
901 E. Cap. St. Wash., D. C.

MEALS—Special Rates to Union Men—LUNCHES

THE ELITE CAFE

W. A. MORAN, Prop.

636 North Capitol Street

Saks & Company

MEN'S and BOYS' OUTFITTERS
Pa. Ave. & 7th St. Wash., D. C.

Economy Floor

(Fourth Floor.)

MEN'S, YOUNG MEN'S AND BOYS' SUITS

$7.50, $10 & $12.50

All Overalls. Union Made Clothing

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - Editor
Wm. H. Anglin - - - - - Associate Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF LABELS PROMOTE TRADE UNION COUNCIL WASHINGTON FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., JUNE 30, 1916

WE ARE TWENTY-ONE.

Newspapers are only human in one respect—they have birthdays. The Trades Unionist is no exception, having reached its majority with this issue.

For twenty-one years we have, through the several gradations, as well as vicissitudes of time, raised a voice in behalf of right against wrong, and advocated organization for the relief of the oppressed, believing that only through trades unionism does immunity come from long hours and low wages.

In the adolescent days of our existence many efforts were encountered which severely tried the patience of man, but as time went on the clouds of despair began to disperse, and finally the day came when The Trades Unionist dropped anchor and has since been secure from the tempestuous waves that tried in vain to beat it to pieces against the rocks of fallacious anticipation.

It has long since took its place among the leading recofinized publications of the world, due principally to its rectitude of conduct with regard for those things that effect both the employee and the employer.

The support given us as the only recognized local labor paper is not what is desired altogether, but we are charitable enough to believe, and we can justify the statement, that there are too many parasites in Washington prostituting the labor movement with interests wholly mercenary, while the merchant, without due investigation, stands for the audacious holdup by these porch-climbers and makes the official organ of labor liquidate their own indiscretion by not giving its advertising columns extensive patronage.

In accordance with the policy of the American Federation of Labor to "rebuke its enemies, reward their friends," the politics of The Trades Unionist is in advocating for positions of honor by an electorate those men who by declaration or action are known to be friendly to the cause of labor, regardless of their party affiliation.

While we are growing old in years, we remain young in hours, and those desires and perturbations of a decade ago are to-day just as ripe for action as they will continue and inevitably be when we have passed the meridian of life.

We reflect upon the past and feel thankful our errors have been few. We hope the future days will reduce the percentage, though we have a natural antipathy to embrace more than we can hold, stir more than we can qiet, eager to fly to the end without consideration of the means and degrees, just so long as there is apparent gain to those who toil.

May we never reach that age where we may object too much, consult too long, adventure too little, repent too soon, and be content with a mediocrity of success.

Help us to live true to our name and tradition—be both learners and actors—that the virtues of either may help correct the defects of both.

Help us to be a man!

IT'S UP TO YOU!

Men of labor, do your duty! For years you have relied upon the ability of the officers of the American Federation of Labor to not only better your condition but give to labor national recognition through legislative channels.

How well that duty has been performed is best appreciated by those who have stepped apace with the advance of industrial laws in both Houses of Congress and the enactment of many bills that guarantees to labor certain rights hitherto prayed for.

The United States Department of Labor might well be said to have come into existence through the untiring efforts of the officers of the American Federation of Labor, and the work this Department has done, always with interests wholly on the side of the worker, is a distinction every trades unionist might well feel proud of.

The A. F. of L. feels proud of this Department, and justly so. Beginning, as it did, with less than 250,000 affiliates twenty years ago, today it can boast of its three million members in direct accord with the policies and living up to the propaganda issued direct from headquarters.

We could enumerate at length upon the successes, which have been many, of the efforts of the officers of the American Federation of Labor, and we will at some future date.

The important thing to which we are desirous of directing your attention at the present time is the additional recognition given to the organized workers of the world by the President of the United States in delivering an address at the dedication of their new building on the Fourth of July.

It is, therefore, the desire of the officers of the A. F. of L. that the ranks of labor turn out en masse on this occasion. They have done your bidding, they now expect you to do your duty. Let not the confidence imposed in you as a trade unionist be misplaced.

Men of labor, PARADE!

TO THE HOME OF THE A. F. OF L.

Dating its commencement from the reign of the Antonines—the period at which the human race seemed to have reached its highest point of prosperity—the longest, the most universal, the most important of all the convulsions to which the human race has been exposed is that which destroyed the whole fabric of ancient civilization. Finding men in the highest state of perfection in organization, legislation, philosophy, literature, and art, it hurried them down, by reiterated shocks, into the deepest night of barbarism.

If we were to figure a benighted people from the fall of the Roman Empire to the seemingly incubus upon predatory interests of the American Federation of Labor, we would have many decades to charge up to that period of existence that would appear to our eyes like a choos; but, from beneath its ruins spring many important subjects for reflection.

We make a single observation to-day—the A. F. of L. building!

If we could grasp one comprehensive idea of this gigantic movement, collect its several incidents into a single focus, we must reject all circumstances which dissipate the attention and confine ourselves to the grand movement of each allied organization; we must sho wthe co-operation of the individual trade unionist, who perhaps unconscious of concerted action, has nevertheless contributed his share to a monument that shall stand for him long after he has crossed the Great Divide.

Trace the moral history of the American Federation of Labor; trace the conduct of its officers in industrial disputes, and you will find an enlightened appreciation for the unity of design always redounding with credit upon the workers, not to be found in higher walks of life.

And today, while the nations of the earth seem in a state of general dissolution the moment has at last arrived in which labor arms for its own defense by occupying its own stronghhold, quite sufficient to the preservation of its industrial life.

The American Federation of Labor was never destined to be a violent and short-lived power, with men like Gompers and Morrison at its head, each with a view singular to building and building well—morally, physically, financially, and materially.

Therefore, the building that will be dedicated on Tuesday, July 4, will be the future home of the American Federation of Labor, and their home is your refuge.

FOURTH OF JULY TETANUS.

Back in 1905 there were 104 deaths in the United States from Fourth of July tetanus, this figure representing about the average annual mortality. In 1914, as a result of the institution of better prophylactic treatment by physicians and the widespread agitation for a safe and sane Fourth, the number was reduced to 3. A year ago the U. S. Public Health Service expected and predicted that every youngster in the United States would be safe from this disease, basing its estimate on what had already been accomplished. When the returns came in it was found that a boy down in Maine had been injured, developed tetanus and died. That single fatality was one among several hundred thousand occurring in the United States during 1915 but it resulted from Fourth of July tetanus or lockjaw, a preventable disease, and was therefore an unnecessary death. The loss of this boy makes it necessary to again disseminate information regarding this wholly avoidable infection.

The blank cartridge wound is the great cause of Fourth of July tetanus, but injuries from crackers and grearms are at times responsible. When driven into the tissues the wadding carries with it innumerable bacilli. If these be tetanus bacilli the poisonous products or toxins resulting from their multiplication produce the disease. Tetanus bacilli thrive only in the absence of oxygen. It is for this reason that the physician enlarges the wound of entrance and after removing all foreign material dresses the injury in such a manner that development of the organisms is inhibited. In order to accomplish this it is usually necessary to administer an anaesthetic. Antitetanic serum is of great value as a prophylactic and it should invariably be given in injuries of this character.

Parents should realize that Fourth of July tetanus is easy to prevent but extremely difficult to cure, the disease being attended with a mortality of more than 95 per cent. No blank cartridge wound is too trivial to receive careful medical attention. However slight the injury may appear summon a competent physician who will at once institute the necessary prophylactic measures. Reliance upon home treatment may prove disastrous and result in the needless sacrifice of life.

TEACHERS FEAR SPOILS METHOD.

Chicago.—By tactics characterized as "monstrously outrageous," the board of education erased the "meritorious service clause" from its rules and in effect threw the whole teaching staff of the Chicago public schools into the arena of political spoils. The resolution was introduced by President Loeb, who was behind the recent resolution that denied teachers the right to join a trade union, and which was later nullified by the courts.

President Loeg ignored pleas of the minority to hear representatives of the local federation of labor and the teachers' federation. Mrs. Mary McMahon, a member of the board, in opposing the rule, said:

"I am absolutely in terror for those teachers who have incurred the enmity of the present board. The teachers, too, will live in terror."

At a mass meeting last Sunday, attended by 4,000 citizens, representing all walks of life, vigorous protests were made against the efforts to make Chicago's public schools the football of politics by abolishing the merit system, in vogue for over 25 years. A permanent public school league, pledged to a long campaign for the establishment of a democratic and efficient public school system, was formed. It was declared the issue presented to Chicago was national in its scope.

Secretary Olander of the state federation of labor, said:

"Heretofore the board had the right to discharge a teacher for unsatisfactory work. The Loeb rule gives it the power to discharge teachers who do satisfactory work—to discharge them for political reasons."

ESTABLISHED 1865 — 51 YEARS IN BUSINESS

CHRISTIAN XANDER'S

Virginia Ports

ENRICH YOUR BLOOD. 50c, 75c and $1 Full Quart.

909 7th Street, Northwest. — No Branch Houses. Phone M. 274

MEATS — GROCERIES — FISH

Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the

OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.

930 La. Ave. N. W. — 1111 H Street N. E.
8th & E Sts. S. E. — 1632 N. Capitol Street
31st & M Sts. N. W. — 3418-20 Ga. Ave. N. W.
7th & Q Sts. N. W. — 14th & U Streets N. W.
1778 U Street, N.W. — 7th and B Streets N. E.
7th & H Street N. E. — 3113 14th Street, N. W.
726 7th St. N. W. — 1440 P St. N. W.
2002-2004 Ga. Ave. N. W.

POULTRY — BREAD — PRODUCE

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF THE UNITED BREWERY WORKMEN OF AMERICA

Union Made Beer — Ale and Porter

COPYRIGHT & TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1903

THIS IS OUR LABEL.

VOTE

Against Prohibition

DEMAND

Personal Liberty

IN CHOOSING WHAT YOU WILL DRINK

ASK FOR THIS LABEL WHEN PURCHASING BEER, ALE OR PORTER.

As A Guarantee That It Is Union Made

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK

Northwest Corner FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST

LOOK FOR THE CLOCKS

4 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts

COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

40-MILE MOONLIGHT TRIPS

Every Evening Except Saturday and Sunday at 7 o'clock. Music, Dancing and Cafe.

STEAMER ST. JOHNS

Adults, 25c. — Children, 15c.

TO COLONIAL BEACH on Saturday and Sunday.

Every Day to COLONIAL BEACH

Except Monday, Beginning June 26. Adults, 50c. Children, 25c. Season Tickets, $1; Children, 50c.

Telephone Main 5912.

Wharf, Foot of Seventh St. S. W.

LYCEUM THEATRE wishes to make friends with all organized workers. I am with you.

HARRY TURBERVILLE, Jr., Manager.

WASHINGTON'S LARGEST PRINTING PLANT DEVOTED TO COMMERCIAL WORK

THE LAW REPORTER PRINTING COMPANY

COMMERCIAL PRINTERS AND STATIONERS

518-520 FIFTH STREET N.W.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

F. B. CROWN, MANAGER

TELEPHONE MAIN 828

BOOT & SHOE WORKERS UNION — UNION STAMP — Factory

Named Shoes are Frequently Made in Non-Union Factories

DO NOT BUY ANY SHOE

No matter what its name, unless it bears a plain and readable impression of this Union Stamp. All shoes without the Union Stamp are always Non-Union. Do not accept any excuse for absence of the Union Stamp

Boot and Shoe Workers' Union, 246 Summer St., Boston, Mass.

JOHN F. TOBIN President. — CHAS. L. BAINE, Sec.-Treas.

WASHINGTON BREWERY CO.

IMPERIAL EXPORT

A really fine beer

WIENER BEER (Light) — CONGRESS BREW (Dark)

— ALE —

Arlington Brewing Co.

— PORTER —

Tel. West 129 — ROSSLYN, VA.

To the Heart of Leisureland

where woods are cool, streams alluring, vacations ideal. Between New York City (with Albany and Troy the gateways) and

Lake George, the Adirondacks, Lake Chaplain, the North and West

The logical route is "The Luxurious Way"—Largest and most magnificent river steamships in the world—Daily Service. Send for free copy of Beautiful "Searchlight Magazine"

HUDSON NAVIGATION COMPANY

Pier 32, North River — "THE SEARCHLIGHT ROUTE." — New York

RUSTLESS METAL

WINDOW SCREENS

Will last a lifetime. Adjust to any size window.

High.	Closed.	Extended.	Price.
18-in.	18 -in.	33-in	30c.
24-in.	18½-in	33-in.	40c
24-in.	22 -in.	37-in.	45c
30-in.	21 -in.	37-in.	55c
32-in.	24 -in.	43-in.	75c

For the Garden and Lawn—

Buy the best garden tools—a complete assortment is displayed in our spacious ground-floor housefurnishing department. A few suggestions:

Steel Garden Rakes.....25c
Wooden Lawn Rakes.....25c
Hedge Pruning Shears....$1.75

Electric Woven Rubber Hose—does not crack or break. The most durable Hose made. Price, per foot, 20c.

Wire-bound Garden Hose, per ft...15c
Iron Hose Reels.....$3.25
Brass Hose Nozzles.....40c
Steel Sickles 40c
Steel Trowels.....10c
Pruning Shears 25c
Garden Weeders 10c
Brass Fountain Mist Sprinklers....35c
Galvanized Water Sprinkling Cans.40c Up.

Dulin & Martin Co.

Pottery, Porcelain, China, Glass Silver, &c.

1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St.

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY

Equitable Life Insurance Co.

of the District of Columbia

THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Issues Ordinary and Industrial

Wm. A. Bennett, 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.

EQUITABLE BLD'G. 816 14th ST., N. W.

Black's Alderney and Green Meadow Dairy

Pasteurized and Tubercoline Tested Milk.

Phone N. 1670. Union Dairies.

LANSBURGH & BRO.

"DRY GOODS ONLY"

The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City

420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

Bell Brand Union-Made

COLLARS and SHIRTS

LARGE ASSORTMENT

T. HOLLANDER

North Capitol and H Streets

Takoma Bread

Fresh Three Times Daily

AT ALL GROCERS

Havenner Baking Company

Established 1815

Phone Main 3871

WM. H. HOWLIN

OURAY BUILDING, 801 G ST. N. W.

(Room 404)

Engrossing Resolutions, Diplomas, Charters and Fancy Pen Work of all descriptions.

CELTIC CLUB WHISKEY

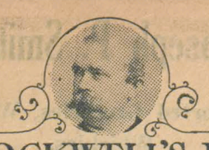
Our Specialty

Never Changes. Accept No Substitute
Once Tried You'll Always Use It.

Ports and Sherries for family use, Quarts, 50 and 75 cents. All makes of Beer. Leading brands of Cigars. Ales and Porters on draught the year round.

D. J. O'CONNOR

New Jersey Ave. and G Sts. N.W



BROCKWELL'S BITS

BY W.N BROCKWELL

July 4 of this year is a mighty good time for unionists to show their colors. The parade preceding the dedication of the new office building of the American Federation of Labor should be the most impressive spectacle of its kind ever witnessed in the National Capital. It's the duty of every union man who can possibly do so to be in that parade.

* * *

"Printers' Night in Odd Fellowship" was celebrated in a most capable way by Federal City Lodge of that order on Wednesday evening, June 21, 1916, at its lodge room in Northeast Temple, the work being the first degree, all of the participants being members of the order connected with the printing business. The work was fine, and a great gathering took place after the degree had been exemplified, the brethren all greatly enjoying the smoker and entertainment. Many well-known members of Columbia Union were in the "cast," and a finer performance is rarely seen than the one given.

* * *

What a versatile party is that man Joe Goodkey! When it was found that the medical contingent of the Printing Office in the great preparedness parade was minus a man Joe literally leaped into the hiatus. Printer, chicken raiser, squareman, criminologist, doctor, publicist, promoter—it's all the same to the "Old Fox." He is there—and he shines!

* * *

The annual musical recital given by the pupils of Mrs. Bessie N. Wild at the Pythian Temple a few evenings since was attended by many printers and their families and friends, and I noticed, too, that many of the names of talented performers carried on the program were those belonging to printer families. The performance was a pleasing one to the large audience and also entirely creditable to Mrs. Wild as an instructor. Each year more effectively proclaims her a proficient and popular trainer for the young in the art of music.

* * *

I am indebted to my long-time friend, Charles I. Willey, in charge of the mechanical department of the New York Times, for a recently revised edition of the "New York Times Style Book." As its name indicates, it is devoted to style in vogue on the Times, but its forty well-printed pages are also crowded with various bits of information of much value to the printer and proof reader and other scholars.

* * *

"Straw hat and flag the only uniform required" is the way one of the circulars about Washington's preparedness parade had it. Certainly the wording was not intended literally, though such an outfit as that would doubtless be a comfortable dress for a warm day. It would also be about as abbreviated as the well-known Georgia major's uniform—pair of spurs and a paper collar. It would also approach the nakedness of some "female loidies" occasionally encountered in Washington's high-brow circles.

* * *

Mrs. M. D. Price, who is well known to a number of Washington printers, is now located at 121 Maryland avenue northeast, where she has a finely situated and excellently appointed dwelling. She is prepared to accommodate persons with furnished rooms with or without board. The service is excellent, and there is a home-like air about Mrs. Price's place which makes for the comfort and pleasure of all her guests.

* * *

The July 15 excursion of Columbia Typographical Union is the first thing of the kind given by the organization in several years, and it is hoped and believed by the Union's Entertainment Committee (which has the matter in charge) that it will be one of the season's most pleasant incidents among printers and their friends. Tickets are for sale by all No. 101's chairmen, and all members should be liberal purchasers. Historic Marshall Hall surely ought to be overflowing on Saturday, July 15, and craft pride and fraternal feeling ought to be at its height. By all means go to the popular resort on "Printers' Day," if possible; but if you can not be on hand, be sure to purchase one or more tickets. The occasion is one which invites your presence and assuredly deserves your financial help. Net proceeds will be devoted to the fund being raised to send to Indianapolis the Washington printer baseball players next August.

THAT'S SOFT.

Newwed—It is hard to ask for bread and get a stone.

Mrs. Newwed—It is worse to ask for a stone and get paste.—New York Sun.

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O

Appointments.

Clarence Hill, Garfield C. Thompson, James M. Marshall, Harrison B. Beavers, Roland R. Perry, and Vernon D. Mills, temporary skilled laborers.

Samuel W. Hardy, Norman A. Conlon, Maurice W. Roche, Harold J. Thiele, Austin W. Hammond, temporary messenger boys.

Separations.

James J. Cauffman and Joseph M. Booker, temporary skilled laborers, resigned.

Transfers, Etc.

William R. Smith, counter, 35 cents per hour, pamphlet binding section, to assistant foreman 48 cents per hour sanitary section.

Alfred D. Calvert, compositor, monotype section to job section.

Wade H. Crowther, compositor, job section to monotype section.

Joseph H. Polkinhorn, compositor, job section to monotype section, night.

Herman L. Cowgill, Joseph V. Cullen, Wallace F. Luckett, and Frederick A. Poore, monotype section, day, to monotype section, night.

TO BE MARRIED.

Announcements are out for the marriage of Miss Evelyn Heflin, of Bentonville, Va., to Mr. Hugh Hartley, of this city. Miss Heflin comes from a family notable in the annals of Virginia's history, while Mr. Hartley is the eldest son of John R. Hartley, of the Firemen, who is well known in labor circles in Washington.

The many friends of the prospective bride and groom wish for them great happiness in their journey through life.

WIT AT RANDOM.

A nice-appearing young lady struck the bindery foreman for a job, stating she knew all about bookbinding, etc., "and of course I can go right ahead with the work."

The boss hired her on the spot and, as an afterthought, asked casually where she had worked.

"Oh, I have never really worked at it, don't you know; but my young gentleman friend is a press feeder and he explained bookbinding to me so I would have no trouble."

His relatives telephoned to the nearest florist's: "The ribbon must be extra wide, with 'Rest in Peace' on both sides and, if there is room, 'We shall meet in Heaven.'"

The florist was away and his new assistant handled the job. There was a sensation when the flowers turned up at the funeral. The ribbon was extra wide, indeed, and on it was the inscription:

"Rest in peace on both sides, and if there is room we shall meet in Heaven."—Current Opinion.

As the subject for their weekly essay the schoolmaster asked his pupils to say what they could do if they had $1,000,000.

At once all heads were bent, save one, and pens scratched busily. The one exception was little Willie. He calmly sat doing nothing, twiddling his fingers and watching the flies on the ceiling.

At the end of the time the teacher collected the papers and Willie handed over a blank sheet.

"How is this, Willie," asked the teacher. "Is this your essay? Why, all the others have written at least two sheets, while you do nothing!"

"Well, replied Willie, "that is what I would do if I were a millionaire."

A lady of great beauty and attractiveness, who was an ardent admirer of Ireland, once crowned her praise of it at a party by saying:

"I think I was meant for an Irishwoman."

"Madame," rejoined a witty son of Erin, who happened to be present, "thousands would back me in saying you were meant for an Irishman."

A settlement worker tells the following story:

"In the old days of carpet bag rule, when the colored brother was in great evidence at election times, on one occasion in an election an officer amused himself by mixing a large number of rat poison circulars among the regular ballots. They were the same size as the ballots, but instead of the party insignia bore a picture of a large rat. Many of the citizens 'voted' the rat poison ticket until at last a field hand, more cautious than the others, took one of the circulars to a pompous old uncle.

"'Won't you please tell me, Uncle Isam, what dish here rat stoods for?' he asked.

"The old man took the circular, adjusted his brass-rimmed specs and stared at the rodent for a moment. Then he handed back the paper.

"'Brudder,' he said, 'is yo lived all dis time an' neber heered tell 'bout de Ratification ob de Constitution?'"—St. Louis "Star."

New Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits for Hire

WILNER'S

Spring and Summer Suitings

The Latest Novelties of the Season . . . $18.50

EVERY UNION MAN OUGHT TO TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THIS OFFER

Not only do we save you $10.00 on every suit you buy, but our workmanship has proven to stand up, to hold its shape, curl nor wrinkle until the garment will last, and we guarantee to last you fully three years.

We are the FIRST and ONLY Union Custom Tailors in this City.

Order Your Suit From

JOS. A. WILNER & COMPANY

COR. 8th and G STREETS NORTHWEST

CORBY'S YEAST

Leaves nothing to guess-work.
Its purity and strength are uniform.
Every baker knows what that means.
Send for samples.

THE CORBY COMPANY

STATION K. WASHINGTON, D. C.

Building Trades Headquarters Sixth and G Sts. N. W

Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rat

WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES TOBACCO. COSTELLO BROS

THE PLATE PRINTER

Official Organ Plate Printers International Union.

P. J. RYAN, Editor. CHAS. T. SMITH, Assoc. Editor.

Subscription $1.00 Per Year

Telephone 4528 Wash. Loan & Trust Bldg.

Representative Houses

OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

BANKS

THE NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burgler-proof vaults, acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth and New York Avenue

THE WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee, etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK
A Bank for the Working People. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account
Ninth and G streets N. W.

UNION SAVINGS BANK. Commercial Accounts. Three per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts. The Oldest Savings Bank in Washington.

MICHAEL T. GREENE
Liquors and Cigars. 639 D St. N. W.

STONER'S BAR AND RESTAURANT
The, G. Stoner. 206 Seventh St.S. W.

J. CHAS. McGUIRE'S BUFFET
Federal Seal Whiskey. 519 Ninth St. N. W.

O'KEEFE'S BUFFET
P. J. O'Keefe, Prop. 904 Pa. Ave. N. W.

GLAVIN'S BUFFET
ED. J. GLAVIN 309 G Street Northwest

OXFORD BUFFET
J. F. SCHRINER 730 14th Street N. W.

FRANK'S BUFFET
Fourth and G Sts., N. W. Phone M. 5572

DAVID WALSH'S BUFFET
407 10th Street N. W.

E. E. FARLEY'S BUFFET
415 13th Street N. W.

J. J. O'DONNELL'S BUFFET
333 Penn. Avenue S. E.

HARRY'S BUFFET
631 Penn. Ave. S. E. Phone Lin. 1843

MACHINIST
G. W. FORSBERG, Formerly with Forsberg and Murray. Elevate Boilers. Eighth and Water Streets S. W. Phone Main 751 and 742

GROCER AND COFFEE ROASTER
SOMERSET R. WATERS, 1342 Seventh Street N. W.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
RALSTON AND RICHARDSON, Bond Building, Fourteenth Stree and New York Avenue.

FRANK FULLER Room 421. Munsey Building, Phone Main 1826.

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.
THE SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (INC.) SODA WATER SYRUPS, Etc., 1066 Wisconsin Avenue Northwest.

PHOTO SUPPLIES
E. J. PULLMAN, Developing and Finishing for Amateurs Specialty 420 Ninth Street N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS
MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Avenue Northwest. Our Specialty Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

FIRE INSURANCE
FIREMAN'S INSURANCE COMPANY, Seventh Street and Louisian Avenue.

DRY GOODS
WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings Hoisery, a specialty. 806-808 H Street N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

UNDERTAKERS
J. WILLIAM LEE
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY
332 Penna. Avene N. W.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.
THE W. H. BUTLER COMPANY, 607 and 609 C Street N W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT
NATIONAL MORTAR COMPANY, First and M Street, Northeas
COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING COMPANY, 3036 K Street.

DRUGGISTS
CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth Street and Virginia Avenue S. E.

DAY & CO
5th and G Sts. N. W. 14th and P Sts. N. W
20th St. and Rhode Island Ave. N. E.

QUIGLEY, Druggist, Twenty-first and G Streets N. W.

A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner Seventh and P Streets N. W

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1
Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.

M. J. DUNNIGAN, President.....2007 14 Street N.W.
JOHN G. WOLFE, Vice-President.1023 N. J. Ave. N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W.

TRUSTEES

Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E.
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E.
Thos. L. Nevins.....504 Maine Avenue S. W.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe,.....1023 N. J. Ave. N. W
J. McElfresh,.....
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E.
A. Tenley.....964 Florida Ave. N. W.
M. Sullivan.....5631-2 15 St. S. E.

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.

Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ARBITRATION COMMITTEE.

M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W.
M. A. Wolfe,.....418 F St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. E.
Joseph Harding.....210 13 St. S. W.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....2006 2nd St. N. W
R. Pumphrey.....223 Q St. N. W.
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W.
Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. W.

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave.
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Cap. St.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L St. S. W.

DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.

John Wolfe.....1023 N. J Avenue N. W.
William Pollard.....522 14 St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
Fred Negus.....30 L St. N W.

Washington District Council of Carpenters

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

J. G. O'DONNELL, President, L. U. 132, 122 Sixth Street N. E.
E. B. BYRNE, Secretary, L. U. 132, 425 G Street N. W.
F. A. SHOESMITH, Treasurer, L. U. 2563, 5209 Georgia Avenue N. W.
R. H. BURDETTE, Trustee, L. U. 132, 1207 L Street N. W.
H. S. HOLLOHAN, Trustee, L. U. 132, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
H. PAGE, Trustee, L. U. 2563, 336½ Thirteenth Street N. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, L. U. 132, 519 M Street S. W.
ROBERT ADAM, L. U. 2563, 1511 Vermont Avenue N. W.
FRED HOOK, L. U. 2563, 1528 Eighth Street N. W.
WM. MACKIE, L. U. 2563, 216 Seaton Place N. E.

BUSINESS AGENT.
JAMES H. RYAN, 425 G Street N. W.

GEO. D. HORNING,

N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.

LOAN OFFICE

LAST OF MINERS RELEASED.

Walsenberg, Col.—Eight union miners, connected with what is known as the La Veta case, have been released from the Walsenberg jail on nominal bond by Judge J. C. Wiley.

These are the last of the many miners who have been confined in prison because of charges growing out of the miners' strike. The released strikers have been in jail for two years and seven months and their admittance to bail is a clear indication that state officials have abandoned their savage persecution of organized miners in souther Colorado.

The eight men were arrested because of the shooting of a mine foreman and strike guards, November 8, 1913. It was shown that the latter were in an automobile and opened fire on the strikers. The miners returned the fire and killed four. At the trial they pleaded self-defense and the jury acquitted them in 18 minutes after a trial that lasted two months. The men were immediately arrested on information filed by Attorney General Farrar.

Last March Judge Essex of the Pueblo district court ordered the release of the prisoners, but they were again arrested by Farrar and confined in the Walsenbreg jail without trial or opportunity to give bond until released by order of Judge Wiley.

It is believed this incident marks the complete collapse of the coal operators and state officials' plan to "railroad" hundreds of organized miners to the penitentiary. At the present time there is not a single miner in jail and there is not an official in Colorado who seriously believes that the policy of the coal operators, in indicting over 700 miners, can be carried out.

UNIONIST ASSAULTED.

Knoxville, Tenn.—Organizer Gilmour of the International Association of Machinists was almost fatally assaulted by W. J. Oliver and a crowd of his strike guards on the street in front of the Oliver machine shop. Gilmour, President Lackey of the local Machinists' union and two other members of that organization were in an automobile at the time and when the former began talking he assumed a characteristic position of placing his hands on his hips. Oliver pointed a rifle at him and commanded him not to shoot. The organizer laughingly turned his pockets inside out and assured him he was not armed. Immediately water was thrown on the party from a hose attached to a fire plug in the Oliver plant. President Lackey was almost strangled and had to leave the machine. Gilmour was then dragged from the automobile by the strike thugs and clubbed into insensibility. He was then "arrested" by the police and, although unconscious, held for over an hour before taken to a hospital.

At a mass meeting, attended by 3,000 organized workers and sympathizers, resolutions of condemnation were adopted and these Knoxville citizens are determined that free speech shall prevail. The police were also grilled for their action in this disgraceful proceeding.

LOW WAGES IN PORTO RICO.

San Juan, Porto Rico.—Justica, official newspaper of Porto Rican trade unionists, gives this insight into island conditions:

"During the past week the chief of the bureau of labor made several trips around the island with a view of making investigations as to the conditions under which the workers are living and working. Notwithstanding the unprecedentel price of sugar in many instances men were found working for practically the same wage that they received when sugar was selling at about half the present price.

"In the mountainous districts where the people are engaged in making hats many families are on the verge of starvation, the workers claiming that they receive so little for their labor they find it impossible to buy the bare necessities of life. Upon investigation a family of five made on an average of 18 hats a week, for which they received $3.50, but, after paying $1.75 for the straw the 18 hats only netted the family of five $1.75, 35 cents for a week's work for each member of the family.

BURNS ROUNDED UP.

New York.—W. J. Burns, the "great" detective, has run afoul of the law.

A few years ago he was the darling of every anti-unionist because of lime light methods which dimmed the glories of a well known citizen who owned a circus and once upon a time declared that "the people want to be fooled."

On this theory, Burns waxed wealthy and fat—and lost his cunning. Planting dictagraphs in union headquarters seemed common place so he raised the office of a well known firm of attorneys, and copied private correspondence. Now the "great" detective has been arrested because he failed to obey the law by first securing a search warrant.

Magistrate McAdoo declared that any one who insisted that no violation of law was committed in this case acknowledges "that the machinery of the law in this state is deficient in protecting the citizen in his fundamental constitutional rights."

IMMIGRATION WILL INCREASE.

New York.—The Wall Street Journal, representative financial paper, is not in favor of the Burnett immigration restriction bill, but it agrees with the advocates of this legislation that immigration to this country will increase at the close of the European war.

Last week this paper said: "Just what will be the nature of the immigration resulting from the war is hard to say. There will probably be an enormous increase in immigration to all countries of the western hemisphere."

AMERICAN HARDWARE LEADS.

Boston.—While some manufacturers are claiming an eight-hour day and high wages place them at a disadvantage with foreign competitors, Dr. E. E. Pratt, of the federal department of commerce, told the National Retail Hardware association that American hardware was superior to hardware of other countries and that the American product possessed the additional merit of costing less.

The federal official used samples of hardware from five foreign countries to prove his point.

SOUTHERN SHERIFF SCORED.

Greenville, S. Carolina.—Sheriff Rector is a candidate for re-election, but is handicapped by his record during the strike of textile workers at the Judson mills, which started last November when operatives were discharged when they joined the Textile Workers' union.

Because the Home Circle called attention to the sheriff's strike activity, the official flippantly referred to Editor Peden as "a union organizer." The newspaper man came back with this retort:

"I have never organized or pretended to organize a union. But I will add this much regarding his (Rector's) record. If he stayed out of the Judson strike and attended to his business the union would have won the strike. But he did all he could to break the strike, not onl yput the strikers out of their houses in bod weather, but afterward offered them the pitiful sum of $10 to move off and compromise. And the union people believe the $10 was the Judson Mills company and that Rector played double and a detective for the mills. If he stayed away like J. H. M. Ashly, sheriff of Anderson did in the Bregon strike, we would have won, too. Rector had no business there, as there was no violence and no disorder was reported."

INJUNCTION DISSOLVED.

Cincinnati.—The court of appeals has dissolved a permanent injunction against Butchers' union No. 232 and placed the costs against the H. H. Meyer Packing company.

Judge Nippert of the common pleas court issued the injunction. The order restrained strikers from carrying banners which announced that the Meyer company was non-union. Judge Nippert said that labor has the right to organize "to further the interests of the laboring classes," and then enjoined the striking butchers from asking sympathizers to aid them.

W. F. Fox, attorney for the unionists, commenting on the decision said that it does not affirmatively fix the limits to which labor organizations may go, but it does hold that upon the statement of facts in the petition these facts alone will not warrant an injunction.

LABOR LAW A SUCCESS.

Harrisburg, Pa.—If business during the remainder of the year is as brisk as it was during the first four months, the state insurance fund will be able to declare a dividend, according to officials of the state workmen's insurance board. When the state fund began business, 5,079 employers, with a total of 57,400 workers on their payrolls, had accepted the state insurance plan. This business was almost doubled by April 30, when the books showed that 12,032 employers had insured 117,100 employes in the state fund. It is stated that the demand for state fund insurance is increasing and that the number of policies being written average from 25 to 30 a day.

HEADLIGHTS FOR ENGINES.

Washington, D. C. — Railroad locomotives in road service between sunrise and sunset are required by an interstate commerce commission order to have a headlight sufficiently powerful to enable persons in the locomotive cab to see an object the size of a man a distance of 1,000 feet or more ahead in normal weather conditions.

The order is made applicable to all locomotives put in service after October 16, 1916, and to others given general overhauling before that time. All engines now in service must be equipped with the lights not later than 1920.

CARPENTERS CONTINUE GAINS.

Indianapolis.—General Secretary Frank Duffy of the Brotherhood of Carpenters reports that the following gains have been made by locals of this craft since last week's statement:

Southbridge, Mass.—Wages increased to 45 cents an hour and 44-hour week.

Joliet, Ill.—Union shop and an increase of 2½ cents an hour after a 10 weeks' strike.

Denver, Col.—Increased wages 5 cents an hour.

Johnstown, N. W.—Increased wages from 37½ to 42 cents an hour.

COURT HAS NEW GLASSES.

Trenton, New York. — The supreme court had handed down an annual decision in the case of Philip Heinz against the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western railroad. Heinz sued the railroad for damages and got verdict for $9,845. The decision was appealed by the railroad, on the ground that it was excessive. The supreme court sustained the appeal and ordered a new trial. In the second trial the award was $11,300. This verdict was also appealed.

The supreme court now rules the second award was excessive and sustains the first judgment, which it rejected as too large.

WHERE IS THE MONEY GOING?

Boston.—The Boston Journal makes this query in connection with the eight-hour demand of train men in the railroad freight service:

"But as this railroad controversy stands now it appears that the railroads should devote themselves not to showing how liberal railroad wages already are, for that is the affair of the wage earner; but to showing just how and where the present rich revenues of this busy shipping period are going?"

JERSEY CARPENTERS CONFER.

Newark, New York. — The state branch of the Brotherhod of Carpenters held a well-attended meeting in this city last week. Delegates from all sections of the state reported that working conditions of this craft were being steadily improved through agitation and organization.

MACHINISTS RAISE WAGES.

Long Island City, New York. — Shop machinists employed by the Long Island railroad have raised wages 10 per cent and reduced hours from 10 to nine per day.

Joseph P. Smith

Imported Groceries, Wines, Whiskies.

2104 Penna. Ave. N. W.

Phone Main 1371

Ohio Lunch

CHAS. A. ROUSSOS. Proprietor.

804 K Street N. W., WASHINGTON, D. C.

Never Closed — No Branches

Conductors and Motormen Suits Made to Order.

A. H. BURDINE, Inc.

Tailoring of Quality

903 Ninth Street, N. W.
Next door to 9th and Eye.
WASHINGTON, D. C.

Washington Brick and Terra Cotta Co.

BRICK AND TILE

911 H Street N. W.

Main 4648. — Union Bar.

—A Place Where Gentlemen Meet—

The Mt. Vernon Buffet

J. D. O'CONNOR, Proprietor.

918 Ninth Street N. W.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

A few doors S. of N. Y. Ave. Transfer

H. M. SPARROUGH, Mgr.

ROOMS FOR GENTLEMEN ONLY

BUFFET AND RESTAURANT

Hotel Astor

JOHN T. O'DAY, Prop.

912 Ninth Street N. W.

Phone Main 3548 — Washington, D. C.

4 PER CENT

Interest allowed on time certificates of deposit.

Three per cent on regular Saving Accounts.

Join our Great Savings Department.

The Franklin National Bank

Tenth and Pennsylvania Ave.

FIREPROOF

Hotel Harrington

11th and E Sts. N. W.

European Plan—Rates, $1.50 to $4.00
Business Men's Luncheon 50c

E. J. BRENNAN, Manager

Penn. Ave. and 6th St.
WASHINGTON, D. C.

National Hotel

American and European

* * *

Penna. Ave. and Sixth St. N. W.

Washington, D. C.

* * *

American Plan—$2.50 and $3.00 per day, each person. For rooms with private bath attached, $4.00 per day, two persons in room with bath $7.00 per day.

European Plan—Rooms $1.00, $1.50 and $2.00 per day; rooms with bath attached, $2.00 for one person and $4.00 per day for two persons.

Running hot and cold water in every room.

G. F. SCHUTT, Proprietor.

All Plastering and Ornamental Work in the Federation Building
—done by—

T. E. FITZPATRICK

605 P St. N. W.

Estimates Promptly Furnished.

District National Bank

1406 G STREET N. W.

Capital and Surplus, $735,000.00

Savings Department
Safe Deposit Department

The New Ebbitt

Army and Navy Headquarters

Headquarters for American Federation of Labor Delegates.

Centrally Located, near all points of interest.

JAMES RUNCIMAN, Mgr.

RAILROAD EMPLOYES CANNOT BE TRICKED

New York.—The four railroad brotherhoods of engineers, conductors, firemen and trainmen demand the right to fix their own wages and will not delegate that power to the interstate commerce.

This was the feature of the conference between representatives of these workers and railroad managers, last Thursday, when the latter, in refusing the eight-hour day and pay for overtime demand of their freight service employes, suggested that the entire matter be referred to the interstate commerce commission. Coupled with this recommandation, the managers suggested that congress be asked to give the commission any additional powers found necessary. Chairman Garretson of the employes said they did not accept the right of the commission to fix wages, and indicated that there is a difference between the wage rate of an employe and the freight rate of barbed wire or pig iron.

The railroad managers also favored arbitration under the federal law commonly known as the Newlands act. This was declined by the workers, who called attention to the fact that this law is only intended where a tie-up of traffic is threatened, and that as no such condition exists they refused to recognize that method of solving present differences.

The employes indicated that they favor continued conferences and are hopeful that a settlement may be reached through conciliation and mediation. They are not overlooking any move to strengthen their lines, however, and have submitted a statement to their respective memberships, in which strike power is asked.

The workers' opposition to arbitration as a general proposition is based on the failure to secure neutral arbitrators who understand the technical side of railroading and because the railroads have twisted decisions to their advantage, Chairman Garretson of the workers made this charge against the managers: "Arbitrators with the best of intentions have seen the language of their findings construed in a manner they did not intend."

Washington.—Several newspapers in the middle west have declared that President Gompers is not in sympathy with the efforts of freight train employes to secure an eight-hour day. These stories evidently emanate from the same source, which ignores a lengthy editorial published in the American Federationist, March issue, on this question, in which President Gompers said:

"We repeat the hope already expressed that the railroad men's demands may be secured without the stoppage of work even for a moment, but if a strike cannot be avoided, they may count upon the sincerest sympathy, co-operation and support of the rank and file of the American Federation of Labor in their struggle for a glorious triumph."

A. F. OF L. DEDICATIO NARRANGEMENTS MADE.

In an interview with the officers of the American Federation ceremonies. There is to be a labor parade early in the morning of July 4. The representatives of organized labor from all over the

Washington, June 24.—At the office of the American Federation of Labor it was learned that more than likely that several thousand trade unionists, representatives of all phases of organized labor, will come to Washington on the Fourth of July for the dedication of the new A. F. of L. office building, and to participate in the ceremonies. There ts io be a labor parade early in the morning of July 4. The representatives of arganized labor from all over the country, as well as of Washington, will have the American flags and their union banners. There is to be an assembling of the flags and banners and moving pictures taken from them. The President of the United States will deliver the chief address.

Delegations intending to stay over one or more days should communicate at once with the A. F. of L. headquarters, stating the accomodations they desire and the approximate rate they are willing to pay. Every efforts is to be put forth to secure the best accomodations at the most reasonable rates.

UNIONS ARE FAVORED—"IF CONDUCTED RIGHT"

Charleston, S. Carolina. — The Anderson Evening Mail says: "A labor union is all right, but it must be run with common sense if it is to do anybody any good."

Which is replied to by the Charleston Review as follows:

"The Mail, which has been fighting the organization of the printers of that town, wants its readers to understand that there are no good unions unless the bosses write the by-laws and constitution, select the officers and run the union in the interest of the bosses. Of course, that would be very nice—for the bosses. It would be almost equal to the scheme for a union of the miners of Colorado presented by John D. Rockefeller, Jr. Some of these days there will land in Anderson a bunch of printers that will not give in t othe bosses so easily, and a bunch that will not leave town until every printshop there is thoroughly organized; and when the bosses discover the benefits they themselves derive from organized labor they will never think of going back to the old way of "every-body-for-himself-and-the-devil-take-the-hindmost' plan now in vogue."

PERILS OR PARTISANSHIP.

Milwapkee, Wis. — The perils of partisanship were referred to in an address by Daniel H. Grady at the commencement exercises of Marquette university.

"In Washington's farewell address he admonished the American people against the danger of blindly following the party organization," declared the speaker. "The admonition has remained unheeded for more than a century, but today we realize that the best citizen is he who exercises his own judgment and acts in according to the dictates of his own conscience, who strives to secure the greatest good for the greatest number without regard of the name of the political party which declares in favor of or in opposition to what he believes to be a beneficial policy."

INSIST ON EIGHT HOURS.

Wilkes-Barre, Philadelphia. — The anthractice mine conciliation board has handed down its first award under the new eight-hour agreement between the operators and the Mine Workers' union.

Day laborers employed by a coal company charged that they were paid a 7 per cent increase for 10 hours instead of a 3 per cent increase for an eight-hour day. The board sustained the workers, and ordered the company to comply with the agreement.

Compliments

BOYLE'S BUFFET

601 Mass. Ave.

ESTABLISHED 1870

B. B. EARNSHAW & BRO.

Wholesale Grocers

Bakers' Supplies, Flour and Feed

Offices and Shipping: 1003 to 1109 Eleventh Street Southeast.

Warehouses: 1000 and 1002 M Street Southeast, and 1201 Twelfth Street Southeast.

HENRY P. KERN

Wholesale PIE Bakery

1125 D Street Northeast.

Telephone Lincoln 922.

CURTAIN POLES, MATTINGS, OIL CLOTHS RUGS, LACE CURTAINS, DOOR PANELS, PORTIERS

A. KLEEBLATT

Eleventh and H Streets Northeast

MANUFACTURER OF WINDOW SHADES AND SCREENS

Bradley's Pharmacy

14th Street and Penna. Ave., S. E.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

CIRCLE THEATRE

2105 Penna. Ave. N. W.

First Time Shown Photoplays in THE WEST END

Matinees at 2:15
Evenings, 6:30.

A COMPLETE LINE OF DRUGS AND TOILET ARTICLES.

All the Popular Brands of Cigars.

Leave your thirst at our fountain.

GRIER & GRIER DRUGGISTS

Ninth and New York Ave. N. W.

The Wallis Cafes

Twelfth and G Sts.

—and—

Twelfth St. opposite Raleigh Hotel.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

Brushes, Cement, — Lime and Plaster

WM. J. CALLAHAN

Hardware, Paints, Oils and Glass

Phone Lin. 212. 811 N. Capitol St.

Orthopedic Shoes

SHOE REPAIRING

T. GUIFFRE

UNION SHOP

Custom Made Shoes

Phone Main 3495

908 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

Compliments of

BUTLER & FIELD DRUGGISTS

3d and Indiana Avenue N. W.

Phone, M. 3990.

Phone North 5708

W. A. THOMAS

Painter and Decorator

1746 U Street N. W.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

COMPLIMENTS OF

J. J. BOWLES

DRINK

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Oak, Maple, Pine Flooring, Parquet, Etc.

Flooring in Federation Building
——laid by——

Indiana Flooring Company

HARDWOOD FLOORS

201 B St., N. W.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

Main 32. J. G. Chestnut.

Telephones:—
LINCOLN 1211,
LINCOLN 1212.

The Smoot Sand and Gravel Corporation

Wharves:—
Foot of 3d Street S. E.,
Foot of 30th Street N. W.

COZZENS BROS.

729 15th St. N. W.

Brick Contractors

New American Federation of Labor Building.

New American Federation of Labor Building

Steam Heating

—Done by—

D. D. CONDON

Kenois Building

1836---1916

Resources over $14,000,000

FOREIGN EXCHANGE BOUGHT AND SOLD
COLLECTIONS MADE THROUGHOUT THE WORLD
CABLE TRANSFERS
LETTERS OF CREDIT

OFFICERS:

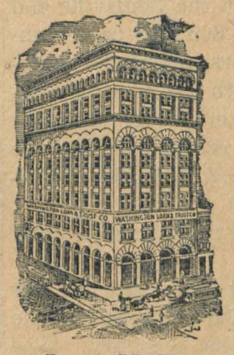
CHARLES C. GLOVER.....President
WILLIAM J. FLATHER.....Vice President
MILTON E. AILES.....Vice President
JOSHUA EVANS, Jr.....Cashier
HARRY V. HAYNES.....Assistant Cashier

DIRECTORS:

Charles C. Glover, Thomas Hyde, James M. Johnston, William J. Flather, John R. McLean, Milton E. Ailes, H. Rozier Dulany, Willard H. Brownson, Charles I. Corby, Sylvester W. Labrot, Robert C. Wilkins, Joseph Paul, E. V. Murphy, Sterling Ruffin, Chas. Carroll Glover, Jr., L. Kemp Duval, Louis E. Jeffries

The Riggs National Bank

(Formerly Riggs & Co.) Washington, D. C.



CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, $2,100,000.00

U. S. DEPOSITORY

The Washington Loan and Trust Company

WASHINGTON, D. C.

INTEREST PAID ON ALL DEPOSITS as Liberal as Consistent with Absolute Safety

Loans Made on Approved Real Estate or Collateral Security

The New Rathskeller

MARTIN SCHNEIDER, Prop.

EIGHTH AND E N. W.

The German Restaurant and Cafe for Ladies and Gentlemen. Ladies' Dining Rooms, Gents' Cafe. Banquet Rooms for Private Parties, Seating from 4 to 300 People. Eight Bowling Alleys. Ladies' Alleys. Lodge and Meeting Halls For Rent.

The East Washington Savings Bank

OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

312 Pennsylvania Avenue, Southeast

$1.00 opens an account; 3 per cent interest paid on accounts of $5.00 and over.

Money to loan on real estate in the District of Columbia and Maryland, and on approved collateral.

WE SOLICIT YOUR SAVINGS ACCOUNTS

Banking Hours: In addition to the usual banking hours, the bank is open for deposits only every Saturday evening from 6 to 7.30 o'clock, and on the 1st, 2d, 10th, 15th, 16th, 25th and last day of each month until 6 p. m.

CAPITAL $750,000.00
SURPLUS AND UNDIVIDED PROFITS OVER $550,000.00

THE COUNSEL OF WISDOM would very naturally suggest that you put YOUR SAVINGS in a bank with large capital and surplus—which stands for strength, solidity, safety.

At this institution your funds will have NATIONAL BANK PROTECTION plus the additional safeguards afforded by Large Resources and Conservative Management.

THREE per cent Interest paid on Daily Balances in our Savings Department.

The Commercial National Bank

THE BANK OF PERSONAL SERVICE

Corner Fourteenth and G Streets.

RICHARD P. WHITTY FRANK B. ESSEX

R. P. WHITTY CO.

BUILDERS

412 UNION TRUST BUILDING

WASHINGTON, D. C.

TELEPHONE MAIN 1666.

ORGANIZED 1903

THE AMERICAN NATIONAL BANK OF WASHINGTON

1315-17 F STREET NORTHWEST

CAPITAL AND UNDIVIDED PROFITS, $846,415
RESOURCES OVER.....$4,541,562

OFFICERS:

W. T. GALLIHER.....President
C. H. LIVINGSTONE.....First Vice-President
DAVIS ELKINS.....Second Vice-President
WILLIAM SELBY.....Cashier
A. C. WEST.....Assistant Cashier
E. T. LOVE.....Asisstant Cashier
J. W. WILLIAMS.....Assistant Cashier

DO YOU KNOW THAT

Better wages make better health?
Hookworm enters through the skin?
Better health makes better citizens?
Better citizens make a beter nation?
Scarlet fever kills over 10,000 Americans each year?
Cholera is spread in the same manner as typhoid fever?
He who builds up health lays up treasure in the Bank of Nature.
The U. S. Public Health Service found 78 per cent. of the rural homes in a certain country unprovided with sanitary conveniences of any kind?

HOW RAILROADS COULD SAVE.

Cleveland, Ohio.—The four railroad brotherhoods have been denied an eight-hour day in the freight train service by railroad managers, who piously announce that it would cost the public too much. Employes deny this claim and show that the railroads have overlooked the public when they squandered vast sums on salaries for pet officials, on illegal freight rebates to favored shippers and on private cars for presidents and managers and their wives and families.

The railroad employees quote from records to show how moneys have been lost to the public by these practices of managers, who now pretend a high regard for the public when employes demand better conditions.

The latest expose by the employers refers to the Louisville and Nashville railroad which issued in one year 11,805 free passes, involving 4,577,928 miles of travel to legislators, attorieys, newspaper men and other persons not connected with the railroad company. These free passes had a money valuation of over $130,000.

The Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis railroad during the same period issued 22,225 free passes, valued at $209,520 and involved 7,133,944 miles of travel.

These figures are taken from the records of the interstate commerce commission, which says:

"There is scarcely a walk in life which is not represented in this procession of recipients of passes, from the federal bench to the local politician and the sheriff who summons the jury. The threads represented by these passes tie thousands of citizens to the carriers through improper relations."

The railroad employes cite these two cases as indicative of practices on their railroads, whose managers are now united in "protecting the public interest." The interstate commerce commission, however, is not swayed by this pretense, for it makes this comment on the free pass evil:

"The lack of morality reflected by the facts here compiled is a menace to the institutions of a free people."

EMPLOYERS RULED BY A FEW.

Butte, Mont.—Employers agree that it is a bad business to sign a blank check, but business men who join the Employers' association of Butte are doing this very same thing.

Under the constitution of this organization "the executive committee shall control the actions of all officers and members upon matters coming within the scope of the expressed purpose of the association."

The executive committee consists of 11 members, a majority of which shall constitute a quorum. The rules can be changed by a two thirds vote, "provided, however, that such amendment shall first have received the approval of five members of the executive committee."

To join this association business men, who talk of "running their own business," are pledged to follow the judgment of six men "upon matters coming within the scope" of these anti-unionists who have already forced several employers to lock out their workers for the purpose of establishing the non-union shop, which they have sugar-coated by calling it "open shop."

AIDING STRIKING TEAMSTERS.

Winnipeg, Manitoba.—Cartage companies are surprised at the support organized labor in this city is giving striking teamsters. The Street Car Men's union voted $1,000 to be paid in weekly installments of $250 and assured the strikers that more would be forthcoming of the strike lasted longer than a month. The Thiel detective agency is supplying strike-breakers who are paid $3 a day and board. One of the detectives was arrested and fined on the charge of inciting violence.

The methods employed by these detectives are being given wide publicity by the trade union movement.

TO URGE COMPENSATION.

Chattanooga, Tenn.,—The Central Labor Union has appointed a committee to interest unionists of this state in the question of workmen's compensation and to have such a measure included in the new constitution or written into the statutes of the state.

It is proposed to invite a member of the Ohio workmen's compensation board to tour the state and explain the workings and benefits of the Ohio compensation law.

MUST HAVE WARRANT.

Philadelphia.—Judge Thompson of the United States district court has ruled that internal revenue agents have no right to trample upon constitutional guarantees of citizens by invading the privacy of their homes.

This decision was made in the case of a tobacco dealer who complained that federal officials seized books and papers without a warrant. The court ordered the papers returned.

CAR COMPANY OPPOSES UNION.

San Francisco.—The United Railroad company has stirred up a hornet's nest by posting a notice in all barns that any employe found in the company of union organizers or affiliated with any union will be promptly discharged. The local trade union movement has accepted the challenge of this corporation and is preparing to assist the Amalgamated Street Car Men's union in every way possible.

ASK FOR

JOS. PHILLIPS'

ORIGINAL

ALL-PORK SAUSAGE

Building Trades Headquarters

SIXTH AND G STREETS N. W.

Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rent

* * *

COSTELLO BROS.

* * *

WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES, TOBACCO.

4 CENTS A DAY

Puts a Copper Coil

GAS WATER HEATER IN YOUR HOME READY FOR USE.

——Phone Main 8284, or Write us a Postal——

Washington Gas Light Co.

425 10th Street, N. W.

WE DO ALL KINDS OF

Job Printing

AND THE PRICE IS RIGHT

The Trades Unionist, 604-6 5th St. N. W.

Organized 1809.

The National Bank of Washington

In the District of Columbia.

GOVERNMENT DEPOSITORY

CAPITAL SURPLUS $1,700,000.00

3 per cent paid on Saving Deposits.

Philadelphia Baltimore Washington

Ehret Roofing and Manufacturing Company

Manufacturers.

Roofing and Paving Materials

Ehret's Slag Roofing

Promenade Tile Roofing
Water and Damp Proofing

Telephone North 336

C. W. EASTERDAY, Manager.

116 Q Street N. E.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

When Down Town or Transferring at 7th and Pa. Avenue Stop In And See

KARL ACHTERKIRCHEN

FINE WINES, LIQUORS & CIGARS

205 7th St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

M. ROCCO FILIPPONE

SPECIAL IN SHOE REPAIRING.

Shoes made to order. All work guarteed. Best material used.

917 Eighth Street Southeast.
Washington, D. C.

J. A. STORM J. W. SHERWOOD

Phone West 264.

Lewinsville Farm Dairy

FARM: LEWISVILLE, VA.

Delivered to All Parts of the City.

Office: 3247 Que Street, N. W.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

Telephone Lin. 741

Commercial Coal Co.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Delivered to any part of the City.

—Bituminous—Anthracite—

Cannel, White Oak, Egg, Wood.

22 Eye Street S. E.

L. U. 110

National Dairy

J. W. GREGG, Prop.

612-618 O STREET NORTHWEST

Phone North 1436

SEE OUR

UNION MADE HATS

MADE BY FAY-GORMAN CO.,
DANBURY, CONN.

LABEL IN EVERY HAT

STIFF——$2.00——SOFT

S. E. & H. C. ADLER

1000 7th St. N. W. (Cor. 7th & K Sts.)

N. MOSCKETTO

UNION SHOE MAKER

404 EIGHTH STREET SOUTHEAST

WASHINGTON, D. C.

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

J. G. O'DONNELL, President, 122 Sixth St. N. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, Vice-President, 519 M St. S. W.
E. B. BYRNE, Recording Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
G. H. F. Davis, Treasurer, 439 Second St. N. E.
T. W. WOLTZ, Conductor, 604 Thirteenth St. N. E.
A. F. MOIRSETTE, Warden, 425 G St. N. W.

TRUSTEES.

W. T. BAUM, 474 I Street S. W.
J. G. ROBINSON, 624 Sixth Street S. W.
F. J. NOLTE, 24 Eighth Street N. E.

RELIEF COMMITTEE.

M. REILLY, 1127 B Street S. E.
J. V. BEYER, 612 D Street S. W.
J. T. CLIFT, 4115 Seventh Street N. W.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
H. M. BEVILL, Brentwood, Md.

DELEGATES TO THE DISTRICT COUNCIL.

J. G. O'DONNELL, 122 Sixth Street N. E.
R. H. BURDETTE, 1207 L Street N. W.
E. B. BYRNE, 425 G Street N. W.
H. S. HOLLOHAN, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.

DELEGATES TO THE CENTRAL LABOR UNION.

W. S. HOLLOHAN, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
W. T. BAUM, 474 I Street S. W.
GEORGE MYERS, 2316 Naylor Road S. E.
F. J. NOLTE, 24 Eighth Street N. E.
T. W. WOLTZ, 604 Thirteenth Street N. E.

MILL COMMITTEE.

E. B. BYRNE, 425 G Street N. W.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
F. E. KETTNER, 3016 Cambridge St. N. W

DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

G. H. F. DAVIS, 439 Second Street S. E.

Clothes, Hats and Shoes

The Bieber-Kaufman Co.

901-909 Eighth St. S. E.

Down by the Navy Yard

Washington, D. C.

PHONE MAIN 6079.

Reno Lunch

W. H. WOODCOCK, Proprietor.

625 PA. AVE. N. W.

HOME COOKED FOODS

NEVER CLOSED

CORBY'S DELICIOUS CAKE

10c PER HALF LB.

AT ALL GROCERS

The only strictly

UNION TAILORING house in the city

M. STEIN & CO.

TAILORS

Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

THE MILTON SCHOOL

Oxford Bldg., 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.

Stenography
Typewriting
English
Spanish

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO BEGINNERS

Now in larger quarters in the Oxford Building, 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Meets Every Monday Night

Typographica Temple

423-425 G St. N. W.

Secretary s Address: 1325 E. Capitol St.
Telephone: Lincoln 3955

OFFICERS

E. L. TUCKER.....President
HUGH DIGNEY.....Vice-President
JOHN B. COLPOYS, Secretary, 1325 E. Capitol St.
JOSEPH E. TOONE.....Financial Secretary
LUKE F. LUDLOW.....Treasurer
JOSEPH C. CLARK.....Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES: Wm. Zell, Chas. Callan, J. L. Considine.

COMMITTEES

Executive: Hugh Digney (chairman), E. L. Tucker, Jno. B. Colpoys, Luke F. Ludlow, Jos. E. Toone, John Hartley, Robt. Jones.

Legislation: Jno. B. Colpoys (chairman), Jno. H. Lorch, Hubert Newsom, N. P. Alifas, D. J. O'Leary.

Adjustment: Robt. Jones (chairman), Hubert Newsom, B. O'Leary, Bell Spellbring, John G. Schmidt.

Contract: Jno. Hartley (chairman), J. L. Considine, F. M. Kirby, W. H. Schaeffer, Hugh Digney.

Laws: Harry Oehler (chairman), N. A. James, Dan'l Hassett.

Resolutions: W. W. Keeler (chairman), J. H. Conroy, J. M. Foster.

Organization: Jos. E. Toone (chairman), Frank Nolte, Joseph Clark, Elmer Harding, Wm. Whyte.

Auditing: Jos. Crowley (chairman), C. K. Kreichbaum, Joseph Foster.

Credentials: Harry M. Sears (chairman), M. J. Costella, Thos. E. Blakeley.

Label: W. C. Hurfurth.

Press: Jno. B. Colpoys (chairman), W. D. Clark, Chas. Heuter.

Delegates to Baltimore: W. N. Huttel (chairman), William Baum, Daniel Hassett.

Delegates to Alexandria: John J. Pucell, Charles Wright.

Wear Dean Straws

Best in Town, $1.50

422 NINTH STREET N. W.

AMERICAN LUNCH

VIRGINIA THEATRE

Stag Hotel

JOHN J. NOONAN.

LIST OF LIQUOR DEALERS WHO HAVE SIGNED "THE AGREEMENT."

Allen, Paul.....2 N st. n. e.
Allen, John J...807 N. C. Cap st. n. e.
Beirkle, Leopold, - 1245 H st. n. e.
Castelli, Vincent, 502-504 Ninth st. n. w.
Clark, C. H.....510 9th st. n. w.
Colonial Beach Boat Co.
Costello, Bros.....604 G st. n. w.
Crowley, James J.....702 E st. n. w.
Daly, T. J.....34 H st. n. e.
Daye, Wm. T.....1218 Wisc. ave.
Doyle, Wm. T....1314 Wisc. ave. n. w.
Egloff, Julius.....200 3rd st. s. e.
Wm. R. Fosbender, 406 Ninth st. n. w.
Franey, F. A.....711½ 9th st. n. w.
Frank, Mrs. M. E. - 319 G st. n. w.
Ganey, M.....615 7th st. s. w.
Glavin, Edwin.....309 G st. n. w.
Hannan, Mrs. E.....531 7th st. s. w.
Hanlon, Timothy.....822 H st. n. e.
Kearney, R. H.....901½ E st. n. w.
Kelliher, J. D.....1258 7th st. s. w.
Killeen. John F.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Louis Hodges, - - 407 9th st n. w.
Lynagh, Peter J.....523 7th st. s. w.
Lynch, John.....417 9th st. n. w.
McCarthy, Dennis J., Evans building.
McCarthy, F. J.....910 4½ st. s. w.
McDonald, F. J.....643 Pa. ave. s. e.
McGuire, J. Chas., 519 Ninth st. n. w.
McHough. Martin....1105 H st. n. e.
Milton Schmidt, - 702 7th st. n. w.
O'Connor, D. J.....100 G st. n. w.
O'Connor, Patrick F...6'7 D st. n. w.
O'Connor, James.....1429 N. Cap. st.
O'Day, John T. - 921 Ninth st. n. w.
O'Donnell. James J...333 Pa. ave. s. e.
Peter White, - - - 905 D st. n. w.
Raftery, Thomas.....406 H st. n. e.
Raftery, Patrick.....225 11th st. n. e.
Roland, J. H.....511 9th st. n. w.
Scanlon, Daniel,.....103 H st. n. w.
Schroter, Conrad....3258 M st. n. w.
Schltz, Mary T.....607 G st. n. w.
Sheehan, John J., 701 North Cap. st.
Solon, Mary A., - 1003 7th st. e.
Stern, M. M.....601 7th st. n. w.
Stanton, Frank J.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Sullivan, John J., 1351 35th st. n. w.
The Casino, Frank Farenkamp (Chesapeake Beach).
Victor Buffet Co., Inc., 7th and G n. w.
Wassman, Henry, 705 Seventh st. n. w.
Wiedeman, Joseph....629 E st. n. w.
William J. O'Leary, 733 North Cap. st.
Wininghe, Harry 631 Pa. ave. s. e.

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

UNION OPERATOR — LOCAL No. 224 — WASH. D. C. — AFFILIATED WITH CENTRAL LABOR UNION & A. F. of L.

American, 1st st. and R. . ave.n.w.
Angelo, - - - 14th & Q Sts. N. W.
Apollo, - - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Aragon Airdome, Md. Ave. 8 & 9, N.E.
Arcade (Theatre and Park, 14th and Park Road.
Auditorium, 13th st. and N. Y. ave.n.w.
Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Central Park, - 9th St. G & H N.W.
Chelsia Theatre, 19th and M sts. n. w.
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N. W.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Eastern, - - 8th St. bet. F & G S. E.
Elite Theatre, 14th and R. I. ave. n. w.
Echo Park, - 14th and Spring Rd.
Empire, - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Empire Park, H, bet. 12 and 13 N. E.
Favorite, H St. North Capitol & First
Garden Theatre - 423 9th st. n. w.
Garden Theatre, - Hopewell, Va.
Gayety Theatre, - 513 9th st. n. w.
Georgia - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
Home Theater, C bet. 12th & 13th n. e.
Idle Hr. Park, N, bet. 32 and 33 N. W.
Leader - - - 509 Ninth St. N. W.
Liberty Theatre, N. Capitol & P St.
"M" Street Theatre, M St. near 32nd
Maycroft Park, H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Meaders, - - - 8th & G Sts. S. E.
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15. N.W.
Orpheum, - - 4th and C st. n. e.
Plaza Theatre - 434 9th st. n. w.
Pleasant Hrr. Park, 12 and C N. E.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Proctor Park, - - Anacostia, D. C.
Randolpr Park, 1st and Randolph n. w.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
R. I. Theatre, 7th and R. I. Ave. N. W.
Savoy, - - - 14th and Col. Road.
Schuetzen Park, Ga. ave. and Kenyon st. n. w.
Senate, Pa. Ave. bet. 3d & 4th, S. E.
Standard Park, Bates, near N. Cap. St.
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N. E.
Stanton Park, - - - 219 4th N. E.
Starlight Park, 4 1-2 and K st. n. w.
Strand Theatre - 9th and D st. n. w.
Tango Park - - 14th and V N. W.
The Grand, - - - Hopewell, Va.
The Richmond, - - Alexandria, Va.
Truxton Park, N. Capitol & Fla. Ave.
Twilight Park, Pa. Ave. 13 & 14, S. E.
Victoria Theatre, 7th & E Sts. S. W.
Welcome, - - 4 1-2 and K st. s. w.
Zenith, - - 8th St. bet. G & H, S. E.

Surprise Theatre - Alexandria, Va.

The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I.P.E.U. READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

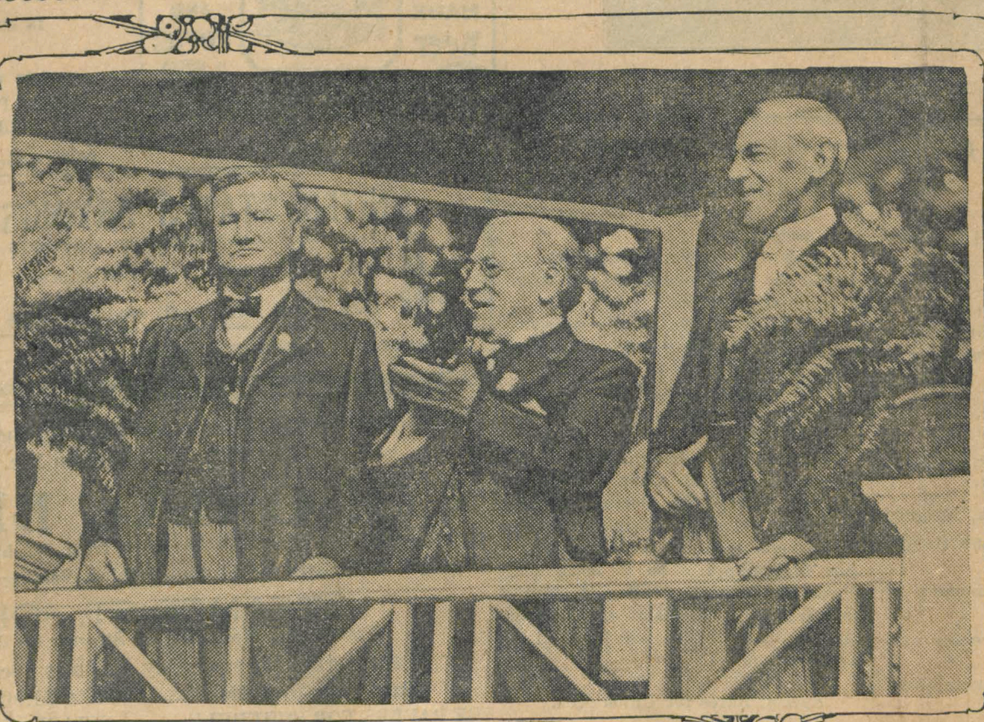
INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XI. NO. 2 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, JULY 7, 1916. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

President Wilson Reviewing Labor's Hosts



SCENE ON THE STAND AT THE NEW AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR BUILDING.
Left to right—Secretary of Labor Wilson, Samuel Gompers and President Woodrow Wilson.

NEW HOME FOR LABOR

Dedicated as "Temple of Common Counsel" by U. S. President

With President Wilson as the principal speaker and in the presence of many thousand members of union labor organizations and their families, the new home of the American Federation of Labor, at Ninth street and Massachusetts avenue northwest, was dedicated Tuesday, July 4.

The labor organizations on this Independence day held a double celebration. They celebrated the freedom of the United States and also the erection of a home for their organization, for which they have labored for many years. The weather was as if it had been especially arranged for the dedication.

Although the parade was scheduled to start at 10 o'clock from the Peace Monument, it was some time before that that families and friends of the labor men and women took up positions in the vicinity of the new building, that they might hear the addresses of President Wilson and Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor.

Spectators lined the sidewalks along the entire route of the parade and cheered the marchers. Each person in the parade wore a small American flag fastened to the clothing with an eighthour button.

A large stand for the speakers, officers of the federation and their guests had been erected at the front of the building.

Among those in attendance at the exercises besides President Wilson were Mrs. Wilson, Secretary of Labor Wilson, Secretary of Commerce Redfield, Mrs. Daniels, Attorney General Gregory, Secretary of the Interior and Mrs. Lane, District Commissioners Brownlow and Kutz, Representatives Cary, Nolan, Roberts, Johnson, Kelvering, Van Dyke and Keating, T. V. Powderly and A. Caminetti of the bureau of immigration.

Secretary of Labor Wilson was master of ceremonies at the dedication exercises and following a concert by a massive band, composed of all of the bands in the parade, introduced President Wilson.

The dedicatory services were brief. The trustees of the building, Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor; Frank Morrison, secretary of the American Federation of Labor, and James O'Connell, vice president of the A. F. of L. and president of the Metal Trades Department, formally took over the building in the name of the federation.

In the parade preceding the dedicatory exercises between 10,000 and 15,000 members of labor organizations participated.

Long before the paraders had passed the new building the stand, which had been erected for guests and officers of labor organizations was filled, while Massachusetts avenue and Ninth street was crowded with spectators who had gathered to listen to the addresses of President Wilson and President Gompers.

Edward L. Tucker, president of the Central Labor Union, was grand marshal of the parade, while his aids were N. A. James and R. F. Bowman. The various organizations formed on streets in the vicinity of the Peace Monument, the starting point of the parade, at 9.30 o'clock. A police escort, consisting of a number of mounted men under command of Sergt. M. L. Ready, headed the procession, which left the starting point shortly after 10 o'clock.

The marchers paraded along Pennsylvania avenue to Fifteenth, north to K, east to Tenth, north to Massachusetts avenue, past the new building, to Eighth and Mount Vernon place, north on Eighth to L street where the marchers disbanded.

As the parade was about to start from the Peace Monument President Wilson left the White House and went to the new labor building, where he took up a position in the stand and reviewed the marchers.

One of the features of the program was a concert by a massive band, composed of all the various bands in the parade. The musicians, following the disbandment of the parade, assembled in front of the large stand and rendered several national airs.

Representatives from thirty-five international labor organizations participated in the parade, while twenty-two Central Labor Unions were also represented. Delegates from England and Mexico were also in line of March.

Columbia Typographical Union No. 101, had about 500 members in the line of March. Public Printer Ford marched at the head of the government printing office division of this section. Three large automobiles were used to convey women members, one for the auxiliary and the others for elderly members unable otherwise to parade.

Secretary of Labor Wilson, former President of the United Mine Workers of America, the first trade unionist in a President's cabinet, was master of ceremonies. He recounted, in a general way, the advance of labor since the birth of the American Federation, 35 years ago, and, pointing to the new home of the federation, said: "This temple is symbolic of these gains."

President Gompers said that men are not free because the constitution says so, unless they take advantage of the opportunities afforded them. He spoke at length on the enactments by the last Congress, removing labor unions from trust classification, and said that in the declaration, "labor is not a commodity or an article of commerce," was the recognition of a vital principle for which the Federation has long contended. Mr. Gompers appealed to the citizens to sustain the President in his efforts to avoid war, but said that if war, and all its horrors, was to come the trade union movement could be expected to do its part. Prolonged applause greeted Mr. Gompers' remarks.

President Wilson, among other things, said: "Mr. Gompers is generally very happy in the choice of words, but he used one word just now from which I wish to demur. I am not here to adorn the occasion, but I am here to express my very deep interest in it and to show how near it lies to my own heart that the legitimate results of the great labor movement should be achieved.

"You know that every man who is a man takes some pride in doing his work well, but why should he take pride in it? Merely to glorify and distinguish himself from the common run of workers? That will only make a prig of him.

"A man who works in order that he may be distinguished is sooner or later going to do some selfish thing that will disgrace him, because his object is himself and not the ideals which he serves.

"And, therefore, it seems to me that every one of us should remind himself every day that he is working for something besides wages; that he is working for some persons whom he loves or some community that he wishes to assist, or some nation that he is ready to serve and defend.

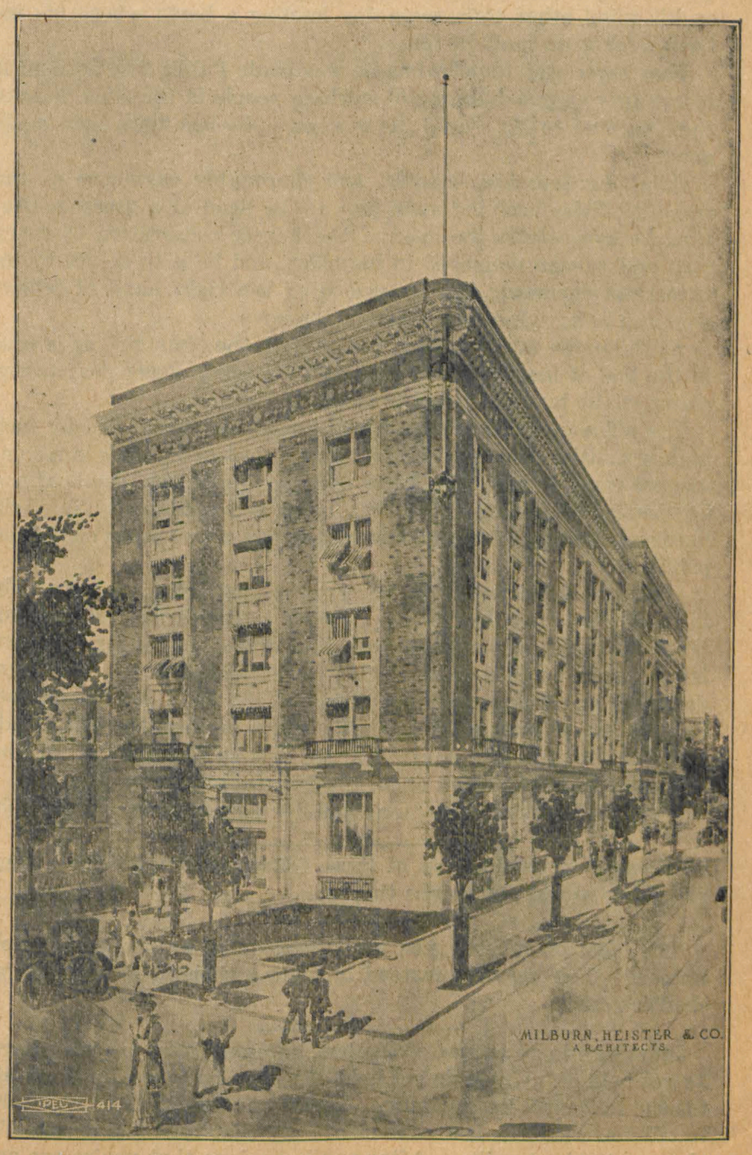
"That is the reason why it seems to me that this is a happy day and occasion. Because, my fellow citizens, you will realize that in a position such as I occupy for the time being I am not at liberty to think of any one class of our fellow citizens to the exclusion of any other class, and since I have been asked to make a dedicatory address of this building I am going to take the liberty of dedicating it to common counsel and a common understanding. I am going to take the liberty of dedicating it to the thing that I believe in most, the accommodation of the interest of various classes in the community by means of enabling those classes to understand one another and to cooperate with one another.

"The trouble in a great many of the labor contests we have had, my fellow citizens, as you will bear me out in saying, is that one side or the other did not wish to sit down and talk it over, and that the great difficulty of getting candid and dispassionate conference with regard to the points at issue. The great difficulty about the relationship between capital and labor is this: Labor is in immediate contact with the task itself, with the work, with the conditions of the work, with the tools with which it is done and the circumstances under which they are used; whereas capital in too many instances is at a great remove.

"Every counsel that goes forth from these offices should be a counsel of conference, of mutual comprehension, if possible, of mutual accommodations, because every one of us has some part in the infinitely difficult task of driving this nation as a team, not as a body of contesting elements.

"Flag after flag went by in that procession just now; every one of these flags ought to have suggested to every one of us that we have not yet fulfilled the conscientious duty of American in understanding each other, and, through comprehension of each other, understanding and serving the world. America did not come into existence to make one more great nation in the family of nations, to show its strength and to exercise its mastery.

"America opened her doors to everybody who wanted to be free and to have the same opportunity that everybody has had to make the most of his faculties and opportunities, and America will retain its greatness only so long as it retains and seeks to realize those ideals. No man ought to suffer injustice in America, no man ought, in America, to fail to see the dictates of humanity."



A. F. OF L. HOME DEDICATED JULY 4, 1916.

EXECUTIVE COUNCIL, AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR, 1916.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - Editor
Wm. H. Anglin - - - - - Associate Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF ... FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., JULY 7, 1916.

HON. CORNELIUS FORD!

Who is he? Why evidently you are not an electrician, machinist, saw filer, blacksmith, knife grinder, carpenter, cabinet maker, painter, plumber, steamfitter, sheet metal worker, messenger, or member of other miscellaneous craft employed in the National Printery? If you were you'd know that Cornelius Ford is the Public Printer, and incidentally a very good one—having in mind at all times the interests of that great army of employees whose wages are not governed by statutes, you have only to peruse the "Changes in the G. P. O." listed in another column to discover that he has raised the wages of all those men 5 cents per hour, 40 cents per day, $2.40 per week, $9.60 per month, or over $100 a year.

Cornelius Ford is one of the Public Printers a union man first, last and all the time. We know nothing of his past but will venture he was born on a wash day with his hat off. He has consequently kept clean in regard to his unionism and has had very little on his mind other than some day landing a berth where his influence for good could be felt.

That berth was found when he was made Public Printer, and it is now up to a great throng of working people in the office to take their hats off to Mr. Ford. He is a man—he has more than made good.

Quiet, unassuming, capable, and thoroughly cognizant of the responsibilities evolving upon him at the head of a great institution, he appreciates the need of the hearty cooperation of every man and woman employed in his plant, and he gets it, not by an autocratic demeanor, but by extending the right hand of fellowship and being what he is—one of the boys.

At the union meeting he is seated with the "bunch;" he is first in the line of march in a parade, and his ear is never deaf to the plaint of the humblest worker in the G. P. O.

The office of Public Printer in the past has been filled by men high in political life, high in the ranks of unionism, high in a commercial way, by men who knew nothing else but the work of the Government Printing Office, but being too pronounced in their likes and dislikes, both as to men and means, soon passed out of the public life.

With the appointment of Mr. Ford we felt that we were only to receive a larger dose of the doctor's medicine, he, too, coming from the ranks, although having never scaled the ladder of unionism to such heights as an I. T. U. president, but we have been deceived, and today every employee of the G. P. O. should feel that he has at least a friend in Mr. Ford, because there is an atmosphere of absolute neutrality permeating the conduct of the affairs of this institution under his faithful guidance.

"Bo" Ford, you're there; may you live long and stay on the job.

It seems to us that lots of these fellows don't appreciate they are going to war; or maybe they do.

The faces of enlisted men would look different if they had volunteered their services instead of finding themselves webbed by the Dick law.

Ignorance is no excuse of the law, but some laws are very hard to get hold of. If you do get hold of it, you have to employ an attorney to define its meaning. Then, you get another attorney to tell you what the last one meant. By that time you decide it's cheaper to plead guilty. After you have done that you're are apprised by the first attorney that he could have gotten you out.

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

Howard D. Criswell, Paul C. Eppelsheimer, Howard McBeth, Edwin C. Tomlin, and W. Clifford Scott, jr., temporary messenger boys.

William L. Smith, J. Young Saunders, George S. Powell, Jesse P. Wallace, Lewellyn Freeman, temporary skilled laborers.

Separations.

Gustav G. Loehler, chief carpenter, resigned.

Charles H. Carver, clerk, resigned.

Newton A. James, fireman (temporary).

Mrs. Lena Lemmon cataloguer, resigned.

Samuel W. Hardy, temporary messenger boy, resigned.

William A. Jones, pressman, resigned.

Miss Ruth E. Morris, skilled laborer, resigned.

Alvin A. Birch, Matthew Yingling, James F. Wilson, temporary skilled laborers.

Transfers, etc.

Harry U. Tretler, clerk, $1,400 per annum, to clerk, $1,600 per annum, office of chief clerk.

Henry Y. Dreisonstok, clerk, $1,200 per annum, to clerk, $1,400 per annum, office of chief clerk.

J. Thomas Ford, clerk, $1,000 per annum, to clerk, $1,200 per annum, office of chief clerk.

Samuel A. Coleman clerk, $900 per annum, to clerk, $1,000 per annum, office of superintendent of work.

Elmore D. Russler, messenger boy, 15c per hour, hand section, to skilled laborer, 25c per hour, pamphlet binding section.

John A. McLean, electrotype finisher, 60c per hour, foundry section (day) to electrotype finisher in charge 65c per hour, foundry section (night).

Edward F. McCarthy, bookbinder in charge, State, War and Navy section, to forwarding and finishing section.

Henry F. Oehler, binder in charge, 60c per hour, to bookbinder, 50c per hour, forwarding and finishing section.

Thomas Gorman, plumber, 60c per hour, to plumber, 65c per hour, engineer's section.

James Leslie, cabinetmaker, 50c per hour, to 55c per hour, carpenter and paint shop section.

John J. Meehan, plumber, 55c per hour, to 60c per hour, engineer's section.

William B. Bagnam, plumber, 50c per hour, to 55c per hour, engineer's section.

John M. Barrett, plumber, 50c per hour, to 55c per hour, engineer's section.

William F. Maher, plumber, 50c per hour, to 55c per hour, engineer's section.

Charles E. Allison, Henry M. Brown, William J. Holahan, Thomas J. McDonough, Edward N. Rees, Magnus T. Young, steamfitters, 50c per hour, to 55c per hour.

Frank H. Murray, Charles H. Miller, Daniel C. Lear, Emil Himminghoefer, John A. Held, Edward B. Campbell, Charles W. Bouvet, painters, 50c per hour, to 55c per hour carpenter and paint shop section.

Aloysuis T. Burns, sheet metal worker 50c per hour, to 55c per hour, Engineer's section.

Ovilup H. George, plumber-steamfitter, 50c per hour, to 55c per hour, engineer's section.

Henry E. Ayler, Abram B. Batton, Gustav A. Benson, Otto H. Gade, Ellis Hughes, Harry C. Irwin, Harry C. Johnson, William E. Sebree, Hazard Wheeler, carpenters, 50c per hour, to 55 cents per hour, carpenter and paint shop section.

Charles A. Bladen, saw filer, 60c per hour, to 65c per hour, machine shop section.

Samuel W. Baxter, blacksmith, 50c per hour, to 55c per hour, machine shop section.

Casper R. Taylor, machinist in charge 65c per hour, to 70c per hour, machine shop section.

Thomas H. Graves, knife grinder, 45c per hour to 50c per hour machine shop section.

Charles Ammann, knife grinder, 45c per hour, to 50c per hour, machine shop section.

Benjamin A. Albaugh, Walter A. Browne, George B. Clum, Frank A. Colville, Edward M. Decker, Walter M. Evans, George B. Hughes, Henry A. Lavison, William L. Jenkins, Arthur L. Longpre, John E. McCrakin, Dennis A. Manson, Walter F. Mulligan, Willias B. Robinson, electricians, 55c per hour, to 60c per hour, electrical section.

ESTABLISHED 1865 — 51 YEARS IN BUSINESS

CHRISTIAN XANDER'S

Select Foreign and Domestic Gins

For Rickeys and Fizzes. Refreshing Summer Beverages.

909 7th Street, Northwest. — No Branch Houses. Phone M. 274

MEATS — GROCERIES — FISH

Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the

OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.

930 La. Ave. N. W. — 1111 H Street N. E.
8th & E Sts. S. E. — 1632 N. Capitol Street
31st & M Sts. N. W. — 3418-20 Ga. Ave. N. W.
7th & Q Sts. N. W. — 14th & U Streets N. W.
1778 U Street, N.W. — 7th and B Streets N. E.
7th & H Street N. E. — 3113 14th Street, N. W.
726 7th St. N. W. — 1440 P St. N. W.
2002-2004 Ga. Ave. N. W.

POULTRY — BREAD — PRODUCE

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF THE UNITED BREWERY WORKMEN OF AMERICA
Union MADE Beer — Ale AND Porter
OF AMERICA
COPYRIGHT & TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1903
THIS IS OUR LABEL.

VOTE
Against Prohibition
DEMAND
Personal Liberty
IN CHOOSING WHAT YOU WILL DRINK
ASK FOR THIS LABEL WHEN PURCHASING BEER, ALE OR PORTER.
As A Guarantee That It Is Union Made.

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK
Northwest Corner FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST
LOOK FOR THE CLOCKS
4 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts
COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

40-MILE MOONLIGHT on Mondays During July and August
Adults 25c, Children 15c.
COLONIAL BEACH
IDEAL SUMMER RESORT—70 Miles from Washington—4-HOUR TRIP.
Good Hotels, Cafes and Stores—Bathing, Boating and all Amusements
STEAMER ST. JOHNS
Fastest and Most Palatial Steamer on the Potomac
Fare, returning same day....Adults 50c, Children 25c
Fare, stop-over ticket.....Adults $1.00, Children 50c
SEE PAPERS FOR SCHEDULE — WHARF: FOOT OF SEVENTH ST.

LYCEUM THEATRE wishes to make friends with all organized workers. I am with you.
HARRY TURBERVILLE, Jr., Manager.

Special Rates for Union Men.
The National Garage
New Jersey Ave. and D Street N. W.
NEAR UNION STATION
WASHINGTON, D. C.
STORAGE REPAIRS SUPPLIES
THE GOLDEN RULE APPLIES
Automobiles and Trucks For Sale
FRANK O. SMITH, MANAGER.

Parker, Bridget & Co.
"The Avenue at Ninth"
Featuring Extra Value
$15
Suits for Spring

Up-to-date Tailor Made Suits
$22.50 AND UP.
B. LANDSMAN
STRICTLY UNION
Cleaning, Pressing, Dyeing, Altering and Repairing.
Call For and Deliver.
PHONE LINCOLN 2477.
901 E. Cap. St. Wash., D. C.

MEALS—Special Rates to Union Men—LUNCHES
THE ELITE CAFE
W. A. MORAN, Prop.
636 North Capitol Street

Saks & Company
MEN'S and BOYS' OUTFITTERS
Pa. Ave. & 7th St. Wash., D. C.
Economy Floor
(Fourth Floor.)
MEN'S, YOUNG MEN'S AND BOYS' SUITS
$7.50, $10 & $12.50
All
Overalls. Union Made Clothing

WASHINGTON'S LARGEST PRINTING PLANT DEVOTED TO COMMERCIAL WORK
THE LAW REPORTER PRINTING COMPANY
COMMERCIAL PRINTERS AND STATIONERS
518-520 FIFTH STREET N.W.
WASHINGTON, D. C.
F. B. CROWN, MANAGER
TELEPHONE MAIN 828

BOOT & SHOE WORKERS UNION — UNION STAMP — Factory
Named Shoes are Frequently Made in Non-Union Factories
DO NOT BUY ANY SHOE
No matter what its name, unless it bears a plain and readable impression of this Union Stamp. All shoes without the Union Stamp are always Non-Union. Do not accept any excuse for absence of the Union Stamp
Boot and Shoe Workers' Union, 246 Summer St., Boston, Mass.
JOHN F. TOBIN President. — CHAS. L. BAINE, Sec.-Treas.

WASHINGTON BREWERY CO.
IMPERIAL EXPORT
A really fine beer

WIENER BEER (Light) — CONGRESS BREW (Dark)
— ALE —
Arlington Brewing Co.
— PORTER —
Tel. West 129 — ROSSLYN, VA.

To the Heart of Leisureland
where woods are cool, streams alluring, vacations ideal. Between New York City (with Albany and Troy the gateways) and
Lake George, the Adirondacks, Lake Chaplain, the North and West
The logical route is "The Luxurious Way"—Largest and most magnificent river steamships in the world—Daily Service. Send for free copy of Beautiful "Searchlight Magazine"
HUDSON NAVIGATION COMPANY
Pier 32, North River —"THE SEARCHLIGHT ROUTE."— New York

Headquarters for Sanitary Paper Towels, Drinking Cups, Etc.
—Recommended by
—the Health Dept.
—For Stores, Public
—Buildings, Offices, Etc.

We are amply prepared to supply these requirements at lowest prices.

Best quality round-shaped 5-oz., 7-oz., and 12-oz. drinking cups in sealed cartons of 100—a supply sufficient to fill the glass-covered nickel-base dispensing machine—appropriate for office or any public use.

Special low prices in 1,000 lots.

Sanitary glass and nickel containers, including a special size of 60 capacity for office use.

PAPER TOWELS

Fine absorbent tissue in towel rolls of 150 towels—sealed packages, 25 cents per roll.

Dulin & Martin Co.
Pottery, Porcelain, China, Glass, Silver, &c.
1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St.

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY

Equitable Life Insurance Co.
of the District of Columbia

THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Issues Ordinary and Industrial

Wm. A. Bennett, 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.

EQUITABLE BLD'G. 816 14th ST., N. W.

Black's Alderney and Green Meadow Dairy
Pasteurized and Tubercoline Tested Milk.
Phone N. 1670. Union Dairies.

LANSBURGH & BRO.

"DRY GOODS ONLY"

The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City

420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

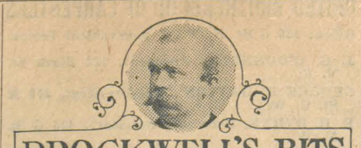
Bell Brand Union-Made
COLLARS and SHIRTS
LARGE ASSORTMENT
T. HOLLANDER
North Capitol and H Streets

Takoma Bread
Fresh Three Times Daily
AT ALL GROCERS
Havenner Baking Company
Established 1815

Phone Main 3871
WM. H. HOWLIN
OURAY BUILDING, 801 G ST. N. W.
(Room 404)

Engrossing Resolutions, Diplomas, Charters and Fancy Pen Work of all descriptions.

CELTIC CLUB WHISKEY
Our Specialty
Never Changes. Accept No Substitute
Once Tried You'll Always Use It.
Ports and Sherries for family use, Quarts, 50 and 75 cents. All makes of Beer. Leading brands of Cigars. Ales and Porters on draught the year round.
D. J. O'CONNOR
New Jersey Ave. and G Sts. N.W



BROCKWELL'S BITS

BY W. N. BROCKWELL

The monthly meeting of Government Printing Office Council of the National Union will be held at Typographical Temple on Monday, July 10, 1916, at 8 p. m. At same place will be held the meetings for August and September, each on the second Monday of the month. This change of meeting of this popular organization, made to accommodate in the matter of Saturday holiday, should be noted by all members.

* * *

The death of Titus F. Ellis, which occurred at his home near Mount Vernon, Va., on Friday, June 30, 1916, removes from life's activities one of Washington's best known printers. Mr. Ellis came to this city more than a quarter of a century ago, and was for a number of years employed in various divisions of the Government Printing Office as a compositor. For a good while past, however, he has been away from the trade of printer, being engaged (quite successfully) in the cigar and news business, having a place in the city and one at Mount Vernon; but he retained his active membership in No. 101 to the end. He had a large number of friends in the craft, and was deservedly popular and highly respected. I think he was one of the best-natured men I have ever met, and a bigger-hearted or more charitable comrade it was indeed hard to find. In addition to his membership in Columbia Typographical Union, he was a member of Aberdeen (Ohio) Lodge, No. 149, F. A. A. M.; Almas Temple, Mystic Shrine; Kallipolis Grotto, Veiled Prophets; Washington Lodge No. 15, B. P. O. Elks; Mount Vernon Chapter No. 14, Royal Arch Masons; Potomac Lodge of Odd Fellows, and Post F. Travelers' Protective Association. Besides his wife, Mrs. Retta Ellis, Mr. Ellis is survived by two brothers and three sisters, as follows: M. C. Ellis and Mrs. Jennie Fulton, of Aberdeen, Ohio; Mrs. Ella Harover and Miss T. K. Ellis, of Henderson, Iowa, and James H. Ellis, of Canon City, Colo.

* * *

That labor demonstration in Washington on July 4 was a sight long to be remembered. Its magnitude, its enthusiasm, its earnestness all combined to make it one of the most impressive spectacles the Nation's Capital ever witnessed.

* * *

Eugene H. Andrew and Frank H. Long, who recently graduated from the Washington College of Law, were admitted to practice in the District of Columbia a few days since. Both are well-known members of Columbia Union and each has represented that organization as a delegate to the Internation Typographical Union. They have many friends here who congratulate them on their achievement and wish them much success.

* * *

Merlin Hull is the candidate for secretary of state on the Progressive Republican ticket in Wisconsin. Mr. Hull will be well remembered by many printers in the Government Printing Office, where he worked a number of years, leaving there to return to his old home, Black River Falls, Wisconsin, where he conducts one of the most successful weekly papers in the Northwest and where he has been wonderfully successful in politics. Friends here are glad to note his advancement. He is capable, honest, and sincere. Should he be elected to the office named, the State will have a splendid official.

* * *

Last week the Bits told you about the Union's excursion to Marshall Hall, and the same is here reiterated: "The July 15 excursion of Columbia Typographical Union is the first thing of the kind given by the organization in several years, and it is hoped and believed by the Union's Entertainment Committee (which has the matter in charge) that it will be one of the season's most pleasant incidents among printers and their friends. Tickets are for sale by all No. 101's chairmen, and all members should be liberal purchasers. Historic Marshall Hall surely ought to be overflowing on Saturday, July 15, and craft pride and fraternal feeling ought to be at its height. By all means go to the popular resort on "Printers' Day," if possible; but if you can not be on hand, be sure to purchase one or more tickets. The occasion is one which invites your presence and assuredly deserves your financial help. Net proceeds will be devoted to the fund being raised to send to Indianapolis the Washington printer baseball players next August."

* * *

The Washington Post's labor section (July 5) for the occasion of the dedication of the American Federation of Labor building on July 4, was a most creditable and interesting publication. Its 24 pages were well filled with articles of an appropriate nature, among the more elaborate being on the Government Printing Office, Bureau of Engraving and Printing, rescue work of the Bureau of Mines, Joe M. Johnson's story of the Union Printers' Home, Frank Morrison's sketch of the American Federation of Labor, and John M. McGowan's paper on the Union Printers' National Baseball League. A large number of smaller articles appear from labor leaders all over the country. Taken as a whole, the section is one of the best things of its kind ever coming under the writer's observation.

SAM HINWOOD WRITES JOE WILNER.

Those who know the docile disposition of Sam Hinwood can best appreciate that "distance lends enchantment to the view" which is responsible for his seemingly belligerent attitude toward our union label tailor, Joseph A. Wilner. Permit us to state, however, Sam is not the only wireless fighter afforded in the field of labor—they are numerous—both wireless, and long-distance—and when Sam returns on his continuous vacation we are going to lose a half-day to see the meeting between these two old-time cronies. We are pleased to reproduce the article of combustion, and leave it to you to decipher its contents:

San Juan, P. R.,
June 20, 1916.

Senor J. A. W.

Dear Sir: With permission of Mr. Roberts I read your letter addresed to him of June 18, and your reference in the "P. S." to myself, and thank you for remembering me and for "putting me wise" to the "bargain" price of baseball seats. I would have to be a millionaire to purchase two suits of clothes of you and have enough "dough" left for a front seat. The "jury box" for me.

Your statement in the line preceding the advertising section of your letter, that "I have fixed your trousers," is undoubtedly true. On the day the "fixed" trousers arrived I called at the Roberts' mansion. On approaching the house I heard a Great Noise within, sounding like the verbal explosion of a gang of bleacherites when the umpire gives a close decision in a tie game against the home team. Entering, there was the Great Noise, with blood in his eyes, wrathfully surveying the bosom of his trousers, and a Voice, floating in from an adjoining room, laughingly inquired, "What's the matter, Flournoy; did the Washington's lose?" "No; but Joe Wilner does. When I say 'mended' I don't mean 'fixed.' I could have had that done here." The Voice, the Great Noise and I then went into executive session, and resoluted that you were—well, I have no asbestos paper to write on and the postal laws must be respected.

Several days ago, Mr. Roberts, in stooping quickly to pick up a handkerchief one of his lady guests had dropped, met with an embarrassing rear-end calamity, and the "fixed" trousers received their last fixing. With a graceful backward glide he gained his dressing room. I followed as soon as the blue streaks in the atmosphere faded away. "Sam," he said, "hereafter I will save myself this trouble and have my trousers made Indian fashion. Joe's initials indicate the kind of work at which he is most adept. Watch for my smoke when I arrive in Washington!"

Joe, permit me to give you a brotherly tip. If you contemplate a pilgrimage to Jerusalem, start before the 1st of September. Your nemesis will arrive about then. There is a probability that the ocean voyage will change "vengeance" to "forgiveness," and it will be safe for you to remain. But at the present time every time trousers is mentioned sparks of fire shoot from this Georgia firebrand. I remember how gentle and docile he was on his arrival here, the natural effect on a generous and kindhearted soul after daily "giving up" to the hungry and appreciative fishes. I learn from inside information that on his return trip, in appreciation of his past kindness, a large delegation from Finny Tribe Union No. 1 will be awaiting outside the harbor to escort him to New York. So your longevity prospects appear brighter.

I send you the above warning in order that you may solemnly reflect on your past business sins and make proper restitution. It may be a good idea for you to consult the officers of the A. F. of L. and have them intercede in your behalf.

At the time of writing this I have a cold in my canine teeth, which is sufficient justification for any snarling or biting I may have done.

With much heartfelt sympathy for such a conscienceless being as you and the hope that you will mend (not fix) your ways and walk in the straight and narrow path hereafter, I still remain

Your victimized friend,
SAM HINWOOD.

SHIP CAULKERS WANT MORE.

Portland, Oreg.—The Ship Caulkers' Union has notified all ship concerns in this city that beginning today wages shall be $5 a day.

New Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits for Hire

WILNER'S

Spring and Summer Suitings

The Latest Novelties of the Season . . . **$18.50**

EVERY UNION MAN OUGHT TO TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THIS OFFER

Not only do we save you $10.00 on every suit you buy, but our workmanship has proven to stand up, to hold its shape, curl nor wrinkle until the garment will last, and we guarantee to last you fully three years.

We are the FIRST and ONLY Union Custom Tailors in this City.

Order Your Suit From

JOS. A. WILNER & COMPANY
COR. 8th and G STREETS NORTHWEST

CORBY'S YEAST

Leaves nothing to guess-work.
Its purity and strength are uniform.
Every baker knows what that means.
Send for samples.

THE CORBY COMPANY
STATION K. WASHINGTON, D. C.

Building Trades Headquarters Sixth and G Sts. N. W
Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rates
WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES TOBACCO.
COSTELLO BROS

THE PLATE PRINTER
Official Organ Plate Printers International Union.
P. J. RYAN, Editor. CHAS. T. SMITH, Assoc. Editor.
Subscription $1.00 Per Year
Telephone 4528 Wash. Loan & Trust Bldg.

Representative Houses

OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

BANKS

THE NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burgler-proof vaults, acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth and New York Avenue

THE WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee. etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK
A Bank for the Working People. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account
Ninth and G streets N. W.

UNION SAVINGS BANK. Commercial Accounts. Three per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts. The Oldest Savings Bank in Washington.

MICHAEL T. GREENE
Liquors and Cigars. 639 D St. N. W.

STONER'S BAR AND RESTAURANT
The, G. Stoner. 206 Seventh St. S. W.

J. CHAS. McGUIRE'S BUFFET
Federal Seal Whiskey. 519 Ninth St. N. W.

O'KEEFE'S BUFFET
P. J. O'Keefe, Prop. 904 Pa. Ave. N. W.

GLAVIN'S BUFFET
ED. J. GLAVIN 309 G Street Northwest

OXFORD BUFFET
J. F. SCHRINER 730 14th Street N. W.

FRANK'S BUFFET
Fourth and G Sts., N. W. Phone M. 5572

DAVID WALSH'S BUFFET
407 10th Street N. W.

E. E. FARLEY'S BUFFET
415 13th Street N. W.

J. J. O'DONNELL'S BUFFET
333 Penn. Avenue S. E.

HARRY'S BUFFET
631 Penn. Ave. S. E. Phone Lin. 1843

MACHINIST
G. W. FORSBERG, Formerly with Forsberg and Murray, Elevate Boilers. Eighth and Water Streets S. W. Phone Main 751 and 742

GROCER AND COFFEE ROASTER
SOMERSET R. WATERS, 1342 Seventh Street N. W.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
RALSTON AND RICHARDSON, Bond Building, Fourteenth Stree and New York Avenue.

FRANK FULLER Room 421, Munsey Building, Phone Main 1826.

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.
THE SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (INC.) SODA WATER SYRUPS, Etc., 1066 Wisconsin Avenue Northwest.

PHOTO SUPPLIES
E. J. PULLMAN, Developing and Finishing for Amateurs Specialty 420 Ninth Street N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS
MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Avenue Northwest. Our Specialty Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

FIRE INSURANCE
FIREMAN'S INSURANCE COMPANY, Seventh Street and Louisiana Avenue.

DRY GOODS
WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings Hoisery, a specialty, 806-808 H Street N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

UNDERTAKERS
J. WILLIAM LEE
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY
332 Penna. Avene N. W.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.
THE W. H. BUTLER COMPANY, 607 and 609 C Street N. W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT
NATIONAL MORTAR COMPANY, First and M Street, Northeas
COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING COMPANY, 3036 K Street.

DRUGGISTS
CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth Street and Virginia Avenue S. E.

DAY & CO
5th and G Sts. N. W. 14th and P Sts. N. W
20th St. and Rhode Island Ave. N. E.

QUIGLEY, Druggist, Twenty-first and G Streets N. W.

A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner Seventh and P Streets N. W

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1
Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.

M. J. DUNNIGAN, President.....2007 14 Street N.W.
JOHN G. WOLFE, Vice-President.1023 N. J. Ave. N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W.

TRUSTEES

Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E.
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E.
Thos. L. Nevins.....504 Maine Avenue S. W.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe,.....1023 N. J. Ave. N. W
J. McElfresh,.....
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E.
A. Tenley.....964 Florida Ave. N. W.
M. Sullivan.....5631-2 15 St. S. E.

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.

Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ARBITRATION COMMITTEE.

M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W.
M. A. Wolfe,.....418 F St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. E.
Joseph Harding.....210 13 St. S. W.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....2006 2nd St. N. W
R. Pumphrey.....223 Q St. N. W.
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W.
Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. W.

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave.
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Cap. St.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L St. S. W.

DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.

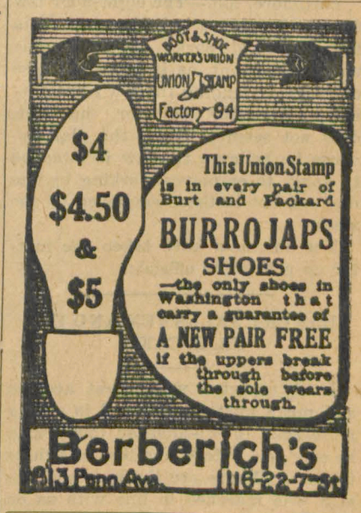
John Wolfe.....1023 N. J Avenue N. W.
William Pollard.....522 14 St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

Washington District Council of Carpenters

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

J. G. O'DONNELL, President, L. U. 132, 122 Sixth Street N. E.
E. B. BYRNE, Secretary, L. U. 132, 425 G Street N. W.
F. A. SHOESMITH, Treasurer, L. U. 2563, 5209 Georgia Avenue N. W.
R. H. BURDETTE, Trustee, L. U. 132, 1207 L Street N. W.
H. S. HOLLOHAN, Trustee, L. U. 132, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
H. PAGE, Trustee, L. U. 2563, 336½ Thirteenth Street N. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, L. U. 132, 519 M Street S. W.
ROBERT ADAM, L. U. 2563, 1511 Vermont Avenue N. W.
FRED HOOK, L. U. 2563, 1528 Eighth Street N. W.
WM. MACKIE, L. U. 2563, 216 Seaton Place N. E.

BUSINESS AGENT.
JAMES H. RYAN, 425 G Street N. W.



GEO. D. HORNING,
N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.
LOAN OFFICE

GEO. F. MEYERS, Business Agent, District Council U. B. of C.

CARPENTERS ELECT BUSINESS AGENT

At a joint meeting, held under the auspices of District Council of Carpenters, comprising locals 2563 and 132, last Friday night, they re-elected Mr. Geo. F. Meyers their business agent for the ensuing term.

This proved to be the biggest and best meeting of the Brotherhood for some time, the largest vote being polled for years, and five candidates were in the field.

The large number of candidate for the position of Business Agent indicates the universal interest held by these men for their union.

Mr. Meyers emerged from the contest with a majority of the votes cast on the second ballot, which bespeaks for him the confidence of the men that constitute this organization.

Mr. Meyers is a capable, efficient, and unselfish worker in handling of the affairs of the Brotherhood, and always holds for his motto: "The greatest good to the greatest number."

This organization is to be congratulated upon their selection, and all feel that the best man won.

The large meeting is by no means surprising. Few organizations indeed heed the call to duty quicker than the men of the Brotherhood, and when any question of moment confronts their organization they are on the job, as well as sleeping with one eye open upon industrial conditions that affects the labor movement as a whole.

We congratulate Mr. Meyers, we congratulate the organization. The ensuing twelve months will afford full opportunity for the Business Agent to give a splendid account of himself, and he'll do it.

The meeting was held in their hall, Typographical Temple, 423-25 G Street Northwest.

RAILWAY CLERKS WIN STRIKE.

Maybrook, N. Y.—The Brotherhood of Railway Clerks has won a 15 days' strike against the Central New England railroad. The company attempted to construe an agreement that would force these employes to work nine hours a day instead of 8 1-2 hours.

BUILDING LABORERS WIN.

Lincoln, Nebr.—After a 10 days' strike the Building Laborers' union established a minimum wage of 30 cents an hour. Wages formerly ranged from 20 to 25 cents.

EVADE EIGHT-HOUR LAW.

Baltimore, Md.—The eight-hour law for city employes is being violated in the municipal parks and the trade union movement, as is usual in these cases, is demanding the law's enforcement. The city solicitor, however, does not seem to favor the plan because he believes the law is intended to apply to employes working by the day and not to those employed by the week.

The unionists have taken the matter up with state officials.

BAKERY SALESMEN AND UNFAIR CAKE.

It is reported with great acclaim and much gusto that Ward is selling more cake in Washington today than he ever sold before, and that he is here to stay. Where are the men and women who marched in line with us on the Fourth. Did you mean it, then? Or were you only fooling? It is also reported that a merchant in the Centre Market on last Saturday handled and sold 85 of the 50-cent cakes which Ward puts out. O ye people of Washington. Thirty-two cents wholesale and fifty cents retail. Verily Barnum was a star, and should have been recognized as an authority on human nature long ago. Ward's cake, unfair ılk, union wages, what a proposition! ıber the Golden Rule.

JAS. L. CONSIDINE.

MILK WAGON DRIVERS.

Attention is called to the agitation against Corbin Thompson, proprietor of the Sharon Dairy, and also to similar action against Geo. M. Oyster, proprietor Chestnut Farms Dairy, popularly known as "Oyster's Dairy," also to the Glade Valley Dairy, and while thanking the members of organized labor for the grand support given us in these affairs, we would also submit that to let it drag now is just what the proprietors of these dairies expect. They look for opposition in the early stages of a fight of this character, and also feel that just as soon as the novelty wears off, the trace which dropped off will return to them. Let's fool them this time, and continue our enthusiasm, for there is no doubt that both the firms of Corbin Thompson and Oyster as well as the smaller affair—the Glade Valley—has felt the loss of our patronage during the past few weeks, as is evidenced by the article which Mr. Thompson paid to have put in the Washington Herald, and which, by the way, the Washington Times refused to take, as well as by the communication sent to all the customers of Mr. Oyster, stating that he is fair to organize labor, and that he is paying to his employes more money, on the average, than we are asking as our minimum scale. Average does not pay grocery bills. Let Mr. Oyster and Mr. Thompson sign our agreement and we will be satisfied, but until they do, we will continue to notify our friends that they are unfair to us.

It has been stated that Mr. Thompson, after all the trade he has lost, would sign up if it were not for the radical statements which he made to the several committees, anent "Hoeing potatoes, closing his doors," and so forth; but he has no need to feel that way, for as soon as he signs up we will give him absolution. But he is still unfair at this writing.

JAS. L. CONSIDINE.

RETAIL CLERKS REDUCE HOURS.

Hamilton, Ohio.—Retail Clerks' Union is meetin gwith success in their effort to reduce working hours. Many business houses have signed an agreement to this effect.

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. P. Reichel, 24 Myrtle St. N. E.

Bakery Salemen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at Hammel's Hall, No. 922 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sunday in each month, Painter's Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N. W.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Edward Fuhrman, 24 Quincy Place, N. W.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets every Sunday, 3 p. m., Jonadab Hall, 623 Louisiana avenue northwest. Secretary, A. Messenio, 514 Tenth street n. w.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 48: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E street southeast.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, E. B. Byrne, 425 G Street N. W.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles Hall, Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 1424 W St. N. W., Apt. 22.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhan, 737 10th St. s. e.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wassaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3800 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets 419 Tenth St. N. W., first and third Fridays. Secretary, J. F. Herrity, Box 52, Arlington, Va.

Engineers, Hoisting No. 77: Meets every Friday, at 3:00 p. m. Hall, S. E. Cor. Tenth and Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, F. J. Nichols, 616 Fourth street northeast.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and B Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hisle, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Watchmen's Union No. 14964: Secretary, Jas. H. Reed, Cor. Sec., 1228 B street southwest.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Avenue S. E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 Twelfth St. N. E.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, Wm. W. Keeler, 148 Eleventh St. S. E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday at 1204 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, E. H. Fulton, 1120 E St. S. E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, H. Gundershein, 728 Columbia Road.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third 2665. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Bus. Agt.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 922 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Phone Main 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets second Sunday and fourth Friday in each month. Secretary, Albert Bridges 210 L st. s. e.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 420: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m. Secretary, J. A. Whitecar, 2209 Minnesota Ave. S. E.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas. B. Cameron, Bethesda, Md.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary W. H. Amiss, 1008 Monroe St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 820 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressman, No. 1: Meets fourth Saturday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. E. Blakely, 3527 O St. N. W.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 428-425 G St. N. W. Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custodian and Janitor, 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, W. P. Cannon, 408 Twelfth St. S. E.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe. 326 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. F. Hickman, 518 Sixth St. N. W.

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Mrs. H. B. Tritipoe, 1737 Willard street N. W., Apt. 20.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10.30 a. m. and 8.30 p. m. Secretary, G. W. Calderhead, Ouray Building, Room 312.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle, 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 750 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Friday, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas. P. Glover, Twentieth and Bryant Sts. N. E.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters International Secretary-Treasurer, Chas. T. Smith, Room 414 Washington Loan and Trust Building.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G St. N. W. Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth St. N. W.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.

CHESAPEAKE BEACH
ON THE BAY

Many new attractions, including Monster Derby built over the water. New standard bowling alleys on Board Walk.

Free Dancing.

Numerous amusements for young and old.

ROUND TRIP: SUNDAYS and HOLIDAYS, 50c.

All Other Days, Including Saturdays, 25c.

TRAIN LEAVES DAILY EXCEPT SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS: 9.15, 10.00, 11.30 A. M., 2.30, 6.30 AND 8.00 P. M.
SATURDAYS: 9.15, 10.00, 11.30 A. M., 2.00, 2.30, 3.25, 5.30 AND 8.00 P. M.
SUNDAYS: 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 A. M., 2.00, 3.20, 4.45 AND 8.00 P. M.

WELLER'S QUICK RELIEF
FOR DIARRHOEA, DYSENTERY, CHOLERA AND CHOLERA MORBUS.

This is an old-time remedy, but no panacea of modern devising has ever surpassed it. Years ago when 8th Street was called Garrison Street, on account of the garrison of soldiers which still remains, this remedy had repute in the southeast part of the city. The old street name has almost been forgotten, but the remedy remains in greater repute than ever. It is one of the old remedies that is distinctly good. You can depend on it. Results are prompt and certain, as they should be from a remedy of this kind.
PRICE 25 CENTS.

WELLER'S DRUG STORE
Eighth and Eye Sts. S. E. 36th and M N. W.

STORAGE PACKING FREIGHT HAULING
Merchants Transfer
— AND —
Storage Company
920-922 E Street Northwest
Phone Main 6900
SHIPPING MOVING HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

When in Doubt, Buy of
HOUSE & HERRMANN
FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.
N.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W.

FIREPROOF
CONSTRUCTION
Hammett Fire Proofing Company
301-302-303 Wilkins Bldg.
Phone Main 3337.

PHONE NORTH 2349
DONOVAN'S
FINE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS
2003 14th St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS
Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple
J. G. O'DONNELL, President, 122 Sixth St. N. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, Vice-President, 519 M St. S. W.
E. B. BYRNE, Recording Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
G. H. F. Davis, Treasurer, 439 Second St. N. E.
T. W. WOLTZ, Conductor, 604 Thirteenth St. N. E.
A. F. MOIRSETTE, Warden, 425 G St. N. W.
TRUSTEES.
W. T. BAUM, 474 I Street S. W.
J. G. ROBINSON, 624 Sixth Street S. W.
F. J. NOLTE, 24 Eighth Street N. E.
RELIEF COMMITTEE.
M. REILLY, 1127 B Street S. E.
J. V. BEYER, 612 D Street S. W.
J. T. CLIFT, 4115 Seventh Street N. W.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
H. M. BEVILL, Brentwood, Md.
DELEGATES TO THE DISTRICT COUNCIL.
J. G. O'DONNELL, 122 Sixth Street N. E.
R. H. BURDETTE, 1207 L Street N. W.
E. B. BYRNE, 425 G Street N. W.
H. S. HOLLOHAN, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
DELEGATES TO THE CENTRAL LABOR UNION.
W. S. HOLLOHAN, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
W. T. BAUM, 474 I Street S. W.
GEORGE MYERS, 2316 Naylor Road S. E.
F. J. NOLTE, 24 Eighth Street N. E.
T. W. WOLTZ, 604 Thirteenth Street N. E.
MILL COMMITTEE.
E. B. BYRNE, 425 G Street N. W.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
F. E. KETTNER, 3016 Cambridge St. N. W.
DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE
G. H. F. DAVIS, 439 Second Street S. E.

Clothes, Hats and Shoes
The Bieber-Kaufman Co.
901-909 Eighth St. S. E.
Down by the Navy Yard
Washington, D. C.

PHONE MAIN 6079.
Reno Lunch
W. H. WOODCOCK, Proprietor.
625 PA. AVE. N. W.
HOME COOKED FOODS
NEVER CLOSED

GORBY'S DELICIOUS CAKE
10c PER HALF LB.
AT ALL GROCERS

The only strictly
UNION TAILORING
house in the city
M. STEIN & CO.
TAILORS
Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

THE MILTON SCHOOL
Oxford Bldg., 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.
Stenography
Typewriting
English
Spanish
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO BEGINNERS
Now in larger quarters in the Oxford Building, 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
Meets Every Monday Night
Typographica Temple
423-425 G St. N. W.
Secretary s Address: 1325 E. Capitol St.
Telephone: Lincoln 3955
OFFICERS
E. L. TUCKER.....President
HUGH DIGNEY.....Vice-President
JOHN B. COLPOYS, Secretary, 1325 E. Capitol St.
JOSEPH E. TOONE.....Financial Secretary
LUKE F. LUDLOW.....Treasurer
JOSEPH C. CLARK.....Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES: Wm. Zell, Chas. Callan, J. L. Considine.
COMMITTEES
Executive: Hugh Digney (chairman), E. L. Tucker, Jno. B. Colpoys, Luke F. Ludlow, Jos. E. Toone, John Hartley, Robt. Jones.
Legislation: Jno. B. Colpoys (chairman), Jno. H. Lorch, Hubert Newsom, N. P. Alifas, D. J. O'Leary.
Adjustment: Robt. Jones (chairman), Hubert Newsom, B. O'Leary, Bell Spellbring, John G. Schmidt.
Contract: Jno. Hartley (chairman), J. L. Considine, F. M. Kirby, W. H. Schaeffer, Hugh Digney.
Laws: Harry Oehler (chairman), N. A. James, Dan'l Hassett.
Resolutions: W. W. Keeler (chairman), J. H. Conroy, J. M. Foster.
Organization: Jos. E. Toone (chairman), Frank Nolte, Joseph Clark, Elmer Harding, Wm. Whyte.
Auditing: Jos. Crowley (chairman), C. K. Kreichbaum, Joseph Foster.
Credientials: Harry M. Sears (chairman), M. J. Costella, Thos. E. Blakeley.
Label: W. C. Hurfurth.
Press: Jno. B. Colpoys (chairman), W. D. Clark, Chas. Reuter.
Delegates to Baltimore: W. N. Huttel (chairman), William Baum, Daniel Hassett.
Delegates to Alexandria: John J. Pucell, Charles Wright.

Wear Dean Straws
Best in Town, $1.50
422 NINTH STREET N. W.

AMERICAN LUNCH
VIRGINIA THEATRE
Stag Hotel
JOHN J. NOONAN.

LIST OF LIQUOR DEALERS WHO HAVE SIGNED "THE AGREEMENT."

Allen, Paul.....2 N st. n| e.
Allen, John J...807 N. C. Cap st. n. e.
Beirkle, Leopold, - 1245 H st. n. e.
Castelli, Vincent, 502-504 Ninth st.n.w.
Clark, C. H.....510 9th st. n. w.
Colonial Beach Boat Co.
Costello, Bros.....604 G st. n. w.
Crowley, James J.....702 E st. n. w.
Daly, T. J.....34 H st. n. e.
Daye, Wm. T.....1218 Wisc. ave.
Doyle, Wm. T....1314 Wisc. ave. n. w.
Egloff, Julius.....200 3rd st. s. e.
Wm. R. Fosbender, 406 Ninth st. n w.
Franey, F. A.....711½ 9th st. n. w.
Frank, Mrs. M. E. - 319 G st. n. w.
Ganey, M.....615 7th st. s. w.
Glavin, Edwin.....309 G st. n. w.
Hannan, Mrs. E.....531 7th st. s. w.
Hanlon, Timothy.....822 H st. n. e.
Kearney, R. H.....901½ E st. n. w.
Kelliher, J. D.....1258 7th st. s. w.
Killeen, John F.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Louis Hodges, - - 407 9th st n. w.
Lynagh, Peter J.....523 7th st. s. w.
Lynch, John.....417 9th st. n. w.
McCarthy, Dennis J., Evans building.
McCarthy, F. J.....910 4½ st. s. w.
McDonald, F. J.....643 Pa. ave. s. e.
McGuire, J. Chas., 519 Ninth st. n. w.
McHough, Martin....1105 H st. n. e.
Milton Schmidt, - 702 7th st. n. w.
O'Connor, D. J.....100 G st. n. w.
O'Connor, Patrick F...6'7 D st. n. w.
O'Connor, James.....1429 N. Cap. st.
O'Day, John T. - 921 Ninth st. n. w.
O'Donnell, James J...333 Pa. ave. s. e.
Peter White, - - - 905 D st. n. w.
Raftery, Thomas.....406 H st. n. e.
Raftery, Patrick.....225 11th st. n. e.
Roland, J. H.....511 9th st. n. w.
Scanlon, Daniel,.....103 H st. n. w.
Schroter, Conrad....3258 M st. n. w.
Schltz, Mary T.....607 G st. n. w.
Sheehan, John J., 701 North Cap. st.
Solon, Mary A., - 1003 7th st. e.
Stern, M. M.....601 7th st. n. w.
Stanton, Frank J.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Sullivan, John J., 1351 35th st. n. w.
The Casino, Frank Farenkamp (Chesapeake Beach).
Victor Buffet Co., Inc., 7th and G n. w.
Wassman, Henry, 705 Seventh st. n. w.
Wiedeman, Joseph....629 E st. n. w.
William J. O'Leary, 733 North Cap. st.
Wininghер, Harry 631 Pa. ave. s. e.

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

UNION OPERATOR — LOCAL No. 224 — WASH. D.C. — AFFILIATED WITH CENTRAL LABOR UNION & A.F. of L.

American, 1st st. and R. . ave.n.w.
Angelo, - - - 14th & Q Sts. N. W.
Apollo, - - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Aragon Airdome, Md. Ave. 8 & 9, N.E.
Arcade (Theatre and Park, 14th and Park Road.
Auditorium, 13th st. and N. Y. ave.n.w.
Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Central Park, - 9th St. G & H N.W.
Chelsia Theatre, 19th and M sts. n. w.
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N. W.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Eastern, - - 8th St. bet. F & G S. E.
Elite Theatre, 14th and R. I. ave. n. w.
Echo Park, - 14th and Spring Rd.
Empire, - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Empire Park, H, bet. 12 and 13 N. E.
Favorite, H St. North Capitol & First
Garden Theatre - 423 9th st. n. w.
Garden Theatre, - Hopewell, Va.
Gayety Theatre, - 513 9th st. n. w.
Georgia - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
Home Theater, C bet. 12th & 13th n. e.
Idle Hr. Park, N, bet. 32 and 33 N. W.
Leader - - - 509 Ninth St. N. W.
Liberty Theatre, N. Capitol & P St.
"M" Street Theatre, M St. near 32nd
Maycroft Park, H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Meaders, - - - 8th & G Sts. S. E.
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15, N.W.
Orpheum, - - 4th and C st. n. e.
Plaza Theatre - 434 9th st. n. w.
Pleasant Hrr. Park, 12 and C N. E.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Proctor Park, - - Anacostia, D. C.
Randolpr Park, 1st and Randolph n. w.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
R. I. Theatre, 7th and R. I. Ave. N. W.
Savoy, - - - 14th and Col. Road.
Schuetzen Park, Ga. ave. and Kenyon st. n. w.
Senate, Pa. Ave. bet. 3d & 4th, S. E.
Standard Park, Bates, near N. Cap. St.
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N. E.
Stanton Park, - - - 219 4th N. E.
Starlight Park, 4 1-2 and K st. n. w.
Strand Theatre - 9th and D st. n. w.
Tango Park - - 14th and V N. W.
The Grand, - - - Hopewell, Va.
The Richmond, - - Alexandria, Va.
Truxton Park, N. Capitol & Fla. Ave.
Twilight Park, Pa. Ave. 13 & 14, S. E.
Victoria Theatre, 7th & E Sts. S. W.
Welcome, - - 4 1-2 and K st. s. w.
Zenith, - - 8th St. bet. G & H, S. E.

Surprise Theatre - Alexandria, Va.

The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I.P.E.U.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XI. NO. 3 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, JULY 14, 1916. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

WAGE INCREASE MORE THAN $300,000,000 DURING PAST YEAR

The entire army of American labor is sharing in the nation's prosperity. Information gathered by the Department of Labor shows a pronounced trend upward in the wages of the men who work with their hands in the every industry and gainful occupation. In every state of the union the full dinner pail is a reality; there are no "bread lines;" the calamity howlers are put to rout. Government experts are of the opinion that the general average wage increase in the last year will approximate 12 per cent.

An examination of 1,486 reports indicates $300,000,000 added to the annual pay checks of approximately 5,700,000 workmen.

Secretary of Labor Wilson has had compiled the wage announcements and reports appearing in such newspapers as came to the Department, and has summarized the interesting result. The period covered was from July 1, 1915, to May 15, 1916. The publications examined included 18 dailies, 20 monthly and semi-monthly trade journals, and 100 weeklies—in all 138 publications.

Of the 1,486 wage increase reports, 794 reported the number of establishments affected as 2,247. On a similar basis, the total number of establishments affected by the 1,486 wage increases would approximate 4,200 establishments.

Again, only 943 of the total 1,486 wage increase articles gave the number of wage earners receiving the increased pay. But these 493 reported a total of 1,901,322 wage earners affected. On a similar basis, the total number of wage earners affected by the 1,486 wage increases would reach 5,700,000.

The number of wage increases reported by these 138 newspapers and trade journals represent, of course, only a partial story. If the files of 1,000, instead of 138 publications had been consulted, a far more nearly complete review of the labor field of the 48 states would have resulted. It is true, likewise, that hundreds of wage increases are made which do not get press publicity.

The rate of increase ranges all the way from 5 per cent to 30 per cent; from 5 cents to 60 cents per hour; from 25 cents to 6.00 per day; from $1 up to $25 per week.

Here are a few of the interesting cases, showing how general the wage movement has been both as to territory and occupation:

Five thousand Arizona miners and smelters get a flat raise of 20 per cent; while 4,000 get 88 cents increase per day, and 4,000 more up to 60 cents per hour.

California printers and bookbinders get raises running from $2 to $25 per week; while metal workers, foundry and machine shop operators, and the building trades get increases of 50 cents to $4 per day.

In Connecticut there were 35 wage increase reports in foundry and machine shops alone, the rate of increase being from 10 per cent to 25 per cent. One of these increases, of 15 per cent, affected 19 establishments employing 23,000 wage earners, and another 30,000 men.

Eight Colorado cases increased 10 per cent the pay of 24,000 miners and metal workers.

Illinois increases reported to the number of 85 including bakers, building trades, clothing, foundry and machine shops, laborers, printers and bookbinders, railroads, street railways, stock yards and packing plants, teamsters and theatres, affecting hundreds of establishments and thousands of wage earners. Three wage increases in packing houses reached 75,000 men.

Indiana, Iowa, Kansas and Kentucky wage increases reached a broad list of industries as in Illinois; the principal increases being 10 per cent to 20 per cent, or $1 to $5 per week.

In Maine the wage gains were largely in paper mills and textiles, one raise reaching 7,000 textile workers; though the building trades, printers and longshoremen also got theirs.

Over 200 wage increases were noted in Massachusetts, embracing practically every industrial occupation. Two cases covered 97 building trade establishments. There were about 50 cases affecting foundry and machine shops; the number of wage earners being from 50 to 5,000, and the rate of increase being commonly 10 per cent to 15 per cent. There were also 50 or more wage increases in cotton, wool and other textile establishments. One 10 per cent raise went to 50,000 textile workers, and 20 other raises of 5 per cent to 15 per cent affected 1,000 to 30,000 wage earners each.

In Michigan, Minnesota and Missouri, bakers, building trades, foundrymen and machinists, printers and railway employees got raises, one 10 per cent Michigan raise hitting 14,000, while in Missouri $1 per week was added to 30,000 pay envelopes at one clip.

In Montana the building trades got a jump of $1 per day, and miners from 25 cents up to $5 per day.

New Hampshire textile mills report two wage increases reaching 20,000 workers in each case.

There are 130 wage increase reports for New Jersey, covering bakers, building trades, clothing, foundry and machine shops, iron and steel, miners, munitions, printers, railroads, teamsters, textiles, and common labor. Bakers got raises of $1 to $2 per week; building trades, 40 cents to 50 cents per day. There were 16 foundry and machine shop raises of 12 per cent to 30 per cent and nine textile mill raises of 10 per cent to 25 per cent.

NEWTON A. JAMES, After Lapse of One Year, Reelected President of Central Labor Union.

Over 180 wage raises were listed for New York. One clothing case added 50 cents to $2.50 per week to 40,000 wage earners. Three building trade raises from 25 cents to $5 per day for 26,000 mechanics. Fifty foundry and machine shop raises touched 100 to 3,000 men each, and one common labor settlement placed 10,000 men on a basis of $2 to $2.75 per day. There were seven wage jumps for street railway operators, and 15 for printers, in each case affecting thousands of pay envelopes.

It takes about 200 wage articles to cover Ohio, and about the same for Pennsylvania; and the wage wave reached every line of industry. Even water transportation raised wages in Ohio, and two iron and steel raises of 10 per cent each affected 60,000 men, while nine cases involving thousands raised Ohio street railway wages.

Oklahoma bakers, builders, printers and stonecutters got busy with the pay envelope; and out in Orego nthe same industries plus railroads and miscellaneous took wage liberties, in one case adding $2 per week to 4,000 pockets.

Pennsylvania, which used to think that high tariff was necessary to high wages, gives 80 wage increase settlements in the iron and steel industries and the foundry and machine shops—38 of these wage increases being from 10 per cent to 30 per cent, and nine of them affecting 5,000 to 24,000 men each—and all under a Democratic tariff law. Also, without a tariff, Pennsylvania raised the wages of coal miners as follows: In two cases 20,000 each, one case 40,000, one case 50,000 and another 176,000.

Rhode Island presents 35 good cases, in which textile workers take the lead with an average of about 10 per cent wage increase; six cases involving 24,000 wage earners.

Most of the Southern states are likewise on the honor roll of increased wages; the big empire of Texas showing strong. Maryland and West Virginia make showings similar to those of Ohio and Pennsylvania.

Wisconsin furnishes one case of 12,000 wage earners getting an increase of 10 per cent to 12 per cent.

Utah and Vermont, which endorsed Taft and the Payne tariff, are somewhat more modest in presenting wage increases under Democratic auspices, though Utah boasts one case where 8,000 miners were benefited.

Then there are 33 wage reports on interstate corporations, such as the big steel corporations, and some of the textiles. One textile raise affected 44 establishments and 35,000 hands. One 10 per cent steel raise went to 162,000 men, and another to 250,000.

By reason of the great variety of ways in which wages have been raised throughout the United States—sometimes by the day or week, and again by horizontal percentage or by the piece—the Labor Department has not attempted to strike an average rate of increase.

It is quite probable that the average raise throughout the United States this year will approximate 12 per cent. But, to be conservative, let us call it 10 per cent.

The average annual wage will approximate, say, $600 a year. This would make $60 a year as the average increase per hand. This increase, it has been shown, would certainly affect 5,700,000 wage earners. But apply this conservative estimate to an army of even 5,000,000 wage earners, and you have $300,000,000 as the volume of increase in the pay rolls of American labor during recent months, as approximately reported to the American press. Doubtless this is only a small part of the big story of this high-wage era, for the tidal movement of good times for American labor is still rolling up and on.

JAMES CALLED BACK TO THE CHAIR

COLPOYS HONORED SEVENTEENTH TIME AS SECRETARY

At the regular meeting of Central Labor Union last Monday night, the semi-annual election of officers for that body took place, with the result that Newton A. James, after a lapse of one year, was recalled to the chair to preside for the ensuing term.

The officers follow: President, N. A. James; Vice-President, Hugh D. Digney; Recording Secretary, John B. Colpoys; Financial Secretary, Joseph E. Toone; Treasurer, Wm. H. Schaefer.

The meeting was well attended and spirit of enthusiasm predominated, all feeling that the best interests of the organization had been preserved by acquiescing in the will of the majority.

Routine business was taken up, disposed of, after which the meeting adjourned.

AMERICAN AND MEXICAN TRADE UNIONISTS MEET

Last Monday representatives of the American and Mexican trade union movements met in this city and pledged their faith to international harmony and the workers cause. It was the first meeting of its kind ever held.

Those present, and who signed the declaration embodying these views were the executive council of the American Federation of Labor and the following representatives of the Mexican workers: C. Loveira, Baltazar Pages, L. N. Morones, S. Gonzalo Garcia and Edmundo E. Martinez.

The meeting was the outgrowth of a suggestion made by President Gompers to the Mexican trade union movement several weeks ago, that a conference be held at El Paso, Texas, between representatives of the workers of both countries for the purpose of discussing questions of mutual interest and strengthening fraternal ties.

Later it was decided to meet in Washington. The first conference, July 1, was devoted chiefly to explanations and discussion necessary to mutual understanding. The following Monday practical suggestions for immediate problems were considered and declarations approved and signed by the representatives.

"It is an unavoidable conclusion," declared these workers in their signed statement, "that present differences between the United States and Mexico are the result of misunderstanding growing out of inadequate or incorrect information," and that "the unfortunate consequences of past relations between the United States and Mexico have formulated a national attitude that questions the good faith of our governments; that existing agencies and methods of reaching an adjustment of these differences are unsuitable for dealing with these problems which are fundamentally human problems, and that the relations between our countries ought not to be directed in accord with abstract standards of justice but ought to be keenly sensitive and responsivle to the human interest and moral forces."

The conference urged upon their respective governments "the appointment of a commission to be composed of high-minded citizens, fully representative of our nations, to consider differences that have brought our nations to the verge of war and to make such recommendations for adjustment as shall fitly express the highest ideals of the great rank and file of the citizenship of our two countries."

It was agreed that copies of this declaration be presented to President Wilson and to General Carranza, and that it be given widest publicity among the workers of both countries.

It was also agreed that another conference should be held, in which the workers would be more generally represented, for the purpose of agreeing upon plans for maintaining permanent relations and for the federation of the labor movements of the western hemisphere.

As present conditions preclude an immediate meeting of this character it was decided to forego holding same until later in the year, unless an emergency arises "which would make a general conference of advantage in averting an international crisis."

To carry this plan into effect a joint commission is to be chosen of two members from each labor movement to remain in Washington until the present crisis is passed. This commission is empowered to call an enlarged conference, if necessary.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - Editor
Wm. H. Anglin - - - - - Associate Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF ... FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., JULY 14, 1916.

NO WONDER WE STAY POOR!

I read the other day that it costs nearly five thousand dollars to bring up a city boy and educate and dress him well. I thought to myself: "That is because everything in the city has to be bought, and living is high." But I began to study the thing, and I found that even a country boy costs his mother a good deal. When you count what a boy eats and wants to wear, and the school books he must have, the doctor bills which must be paid, when he gets the measles and scarlet fever, he will cost his folks at least a hundred dollars a year. If a boy is given to breaking things, kicking the toes out of his boots and so on, he costs more than that; so when I am twenty-one and old enough to do for myself, I shall have cost father two thousand dollars. Mother cooked my food and made my clothes, and patched them, and washed and ironed for me, took care of me when I was a little fellow and when I was sick, and she never charged anything for it. If she were dead and father had to pay for all that it would cost another hundred a year or more, and that makes two thousand dollars' worth that mother will have done for me by the time I am a man.

Four thousand dollars for a boy! What do you think of that? These are hard times and when parents put four thousand dollars into a boy what have they a right to expect from him? Is it fair for him to play ball, go swimming, or hang around all the time, when maybe his father's potatoes are not dug, nor the wood brought in for his mother? Is it fair for him to forget his parents when he has left home, and neglect even to write them letters?

I remember a bright young man saying: "Some of our parents have put about all they have into us boys and girls. If we make good citizens and substantial men and women they will feel as thought they had good pay for bringing us up."—Exchange.

"Help Mexico" is a much better policy than "Shoot Mexico."

They are going to have some trouble keeping the hyphen on straight.

Those shout loudest for war to whom preparedness means sharpening the coupon shears.

It is the "denatured" Roosevelt that is supporting the pussy-foot Hughes-Fairbanks ticket.

When one announces that our prosperity is only transient, the wish is father of the thought?

We figure the Colonel to lose about 3,990,000 of his formerly devoted following in his retreat from Armageddon.

To yoke forces with the hyphen and the old guard bosses must be more or less distressing to those who stood at Armageddon and battled for the Lord.

Roosevelt finds himself utterly unable to give approval to the militia muster, and we suspect that his main objection lies in the fact that he had nothing to do with it.

The headlines in certain newspapers indicate keen disappointment because the President has obtained concessions from Carranza without the sacrifice of the boys of the National Guard.

The action of Secretary Baker in releasing all married men who desire to return to their famliies and support them is alright as far as it goes. But the order should have been to company captains directing the release of all married men. As it stands now there are a lot of unscrupulous curs who have brought families into the world eager for the opportunity to abrogate their obligations. This thing of soldiering is no different with Americans than it is with Mexicans, and when they have been doing it for a time, with Uncle Sam paying all the tribute, and allowing them spending money on the side, as it were, they soon find themselves to the manner born and the concern of their families in a great many instances will be left to the charitably inclined of the community.

Nothing in human life is so pitiful as the waste of experience. Men come and go, they learn and they unlearn, leaving no record for those that follow. The omission to leave a legacy of information to their successors is due to the failure to appreciate the value of individual contributions to the common stock of knowledge, rather than the unwillingness to be helpful. In the progress and development of industry, we see a recurrent perpetration of old blunders, the repetition of useless experiments, and the falling of engineers into pitfalls that should have been marked by a red flag long ago. A natural human weakness prompts men to make known their successful accomplishments rather than their failures, so that only the brighter half of the story is likely to get into print. Nevertheless the description of a blunder may prove more salutary than the advertisement of a feat. If we were altruistic we should not hesitate to tell our comrades of our mistakes, so that they might be saved therefrom. Indeed, it is the mark of bigness in a man when he can stand up and acknowledge an error with the intention of helping his juniors in trade or profession.—Advocate.

PNEUMOGASTRICISMS

BY BILLY ANGLIN

We've tried before, we'll try again.
Our pomes give some shooting pains.
Care we for that? Let her rip;
But what shall we do with the MS.

Two is company, three is a whole lot too much.

Wonder what seasickness in a submarine is like.

Few pies are served with abandon this season of the year.

No, Louisa! Centipede is not currency in the Mexican lingo.

We would turn bandit for far less than several million pesos.

The Irish and coffee both arrive in this country in a green state.

The hand that tickles the piano is the hand that amuses the world.

We remember when we used to shoot firecrackers right off our fingers.

We are satisfied Mexico still occupies the same ground it used to once did.

Alkali will make oil and water mix—Mexican greasers had better beware.

Don't put too many candles in the cake just to make the birthday brighter.

The hardest thing in learning telegraphy is to tell a dash from a semi-colon.

One would think these Mexicans lived on cayenne pepper and rare beefsteaks.

Patriotic impulses and a stiff neck generally follow the wake of a Glorious Fourth.

Oh, yes; I've drank alkali water, bathed in it, and used soap—but, Never Again!

Trousers—Things held in an upright attitude by ten-penny nails and other tinware.

These one piece bathing suits makes a female look as if she was poured into it by sections.

The boys of the National Guard who like to dance can now learn the Tarantula two-step.

Small yachts plying the Potomac should not attempt to push big ships off the steamboat track.

We know who made the first flag, but to save our life we can't recall who hemstitched the Mexican border.

Some of these Mexican mountain passes would be alright if two thin soldiers could pass without being telescoped.

Attention! Company F—Some brands of medicine have more horsepower than others. Beware of double doses.

Give us a woman who takes a dust rag and assaults the furniture with great violence as a true advocate of suffrage.

After all the boys are on the border Mexico will realize that she's not to annex Texas in a very hostile tone of voice.

Mr. Hughes did not start in life as a train boy, selling unexpurgated literature and gum drops with great success.

Hay Fever—Indicated by a series of syncopated sneezes which sound like feeding dynamite caps to a William Goat.

Sport Skirts—made up of exhausted lingerie and pallid remains of near-silk petticoats called back to a world of woe.

Chain bridge—where the fish bite twice every 24 hours and the caressing voice of woman disturbeth not the scenery.

We may not cross the border at an early date, but Pancho Villa don't want to start in increasing our pension roll any too fast.

Our idea of an inexpensive pneumatic tire for automobiles is doing away with the cheapest part of the contraption—the air.

Villa seems possessed of the happy faculty of returning to the mountains and kicking himself into a state of sweet somnolence.

A horse named Island recently won a stake race out west. A boy by the name of Providence Rhode Island. We'll never quit!

Us for the untamed watermelon as a dessert. Of course it ripened in the freight depot, but we have an adventurous disposition.

A man was recently operated on for appendicitis without removing his hat and was returned before the first inning was half over.

A Kansas wind can blow the alkali dust from 'round a rat-hole and leave it sticking 2 feet out of the ground. We've stumbled over them.

With a dollar worth only 2 cents we seen no chance for Carranza unless he is thrown across the Canal with chagrin written all over his hairy profile.

If Villa is ever surrounded we shall expect him to climb to the top of a bois-d'arc bush and announce he will die with his boots on—or, words to that effect.

If some of the caustic critics would attempt this stunt for about a column there would be less clandestine yawning and fewer carefree comments of pneumogastricisms.

We have a cavity in one of our pegs which, when we drink beer feels about the size of the head of a pin, and when we eat candy feels about the size of the main entrance to a bushel basket. Moral.

We have written our Georgia brother-editor, giving our correct address. Thus far nary a berry, plum, peach, apple, grape, melon or anything else palatable save the dainty morsels served in his editorial paragraphs.

ESTABLISHED 1865 — 51 YEARS IN BUSINESS

CHRISTIAN XANDER'S

Virginia Clarets

WILL ENRICH YOUR BLOOD, $4.25 DOZEN, $2.75, $3.25.

909 7th Street, Northwest. — No Branch Houses. Phone M. 272

MEATS — GROCERIES — FISH

Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the

OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.

930 La. Ave. N. W. — 1111 H Street N. E.
8th & E Sts. S. E. — 1632 N. Capitol Street
31st & M Sts. N. W. — 3418-20 Ga. Ave. N. W.
7th & Q Sts. N. W. — 14th & U Streets N. W.
1778 U Street, N. W. — 7th and B Streets N. E
7th & H Street N. E. — 3113 14th Street, N. W.
726 7th St. N. W. — 1440 P St. N. W.
2002-2004 Ga. Ave. N. W.

POULTRY — BREAD — PRODUCE

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF THE UNITED BREWERY WORKMEN OF AMERICA
Union Made Beer — Ale and Porter
COPYRIGHT & TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1903
THIS IS OUR LABEL.

VOTE
Against Prohibition
DEMAND
Personal Liberty
IN CHOOSING WHAT YOU WILL DRINK
ASK FOR THIS LABEL WHEN PURCHASING BEER, ALE OR PORTER.
As A Guarantee That It Is Union Made

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK
Northwest Corner FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST
LOOK FOR THE CLOCKS
4 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts
COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

40-MILE MOONLIGHT on Mondays During July and August
Adults 25c, Children 15c.

COLONIAL BEACH

IDEAL SUMMER RESORT—70 Miles from Washington—4-HOUR TRIP.
Good Hotels, Cafes and Stores—Bathing, Boating and all Amusements

STEAMER ST. JOHNS
Fastest and Most Palatial Steamer on the Potomac
Fare, returning same day....Adults 50c, Children 25c
Fare, stop-over ticket.....Adults $1.00, Children 50c
SEE PAPERS FOR SCHEDULE — WHARF: FOOT OF SEVENTH ST.

LYCEUM THEATRE wishes to make friends with all organized workers. I am with you.
HARRY TURBERVILLE, Jr., Manager.

BOOT & SHOE WORKERS UNION — UNION STAMP — Factory

Named Shoes are Frequently Made in Non-Union Factories

DO NOT BUY ANY SHOE

No matter what its name, unless it bears a plain and readable impression of this Union Stamp. All shoes without the Union Stamp are always Non-Union. Do not accept any excuse for absence of the Union Stamp

Boot and Shoe Workers' Union, 246 Summer St., Boston, Mass.
JOHN F. TOBIN President. — CHAS. L. BAINE, Sec.-Treas.

WASHINGTON BREWERY CO.
IMPERIAL EXPORT
A really fine beer

WIENER BEER (Light) — CONGRESS BREW (Dark)
— ALE —
Arlington Brewing Co.
— PORTER —
Tel. West 129 — ROSSLYN, VA.

To the Heart of Leisureland

where woods are cool, streams alluring, vacations ideal. Between New York City (with Albany and Troy the gateways) and

Lake George, the Adirondacks, Lake Chaplain, the North and West

The logical route is "The Luxurious Way"—Largest and most magnificent river steamships in the world—Daily Service. Send for free copy of Beautiful "Searchlight Magazine"

HUDSON NAVIGATION COMPANY
Pier 32, North River —"THE SEARCHLIGHT ROUTE."— New York

Headquarters for
Sanitary
Paper Towels,
Drinking Cups, Etc.
—Recommended by
—the Health Dept.
—For Stores, Public
—Buildings, Offices, Etc.

We are amply prepared to supply these requirements at lowest prices.

Best quality round-shaped 5-oz., 7-oz., and 12-oz. drinking cups in sealed cartons of 100—a supply sufficient to fill the glass-covered nickel-base dispensing machine—appropriate for office or any public use.

Special low prices in 1,000 lots.

Sanitary glass and nickel containers, including a special size of 60 capacity for office use.

PAPER TOWELS

Fine absorbent tissue in towel rolls of 150 towels—sealed packages, 25 cents per roll.

Dulin & Martin Co.
Pottery, Porcelain, China, Glass, Silver, &c.
1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St.

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY
Equitable Life Insurance Co.
of the District of Columbia
THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.
Issues Ordinary and Industrial
Wm. A. Bennett, 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.
EQUITABLE BLD'G. 816 14th ST., N. W.

Black's Alderney and Green Meadow Dairy
Pasteurized and Tubercoline Tested Milk.
Phone N. 1670. Union Dairies.

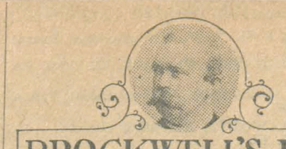
LANSBURGH & BRO.
"DRY GOODS ONLY"
The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City
420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

Bell Brand Union-Made
COLLARS and SHIRTS
LARGE ASSORTMENT
T. HOLLANDER
North Capitol and H Streets

Takoma Bread
Fresh Three Times Daily
AT ALL GROCERS
Havenner Baking Company
Established 1815

Phone Main 3871
WM. H. HOWLIN
OURAY BUILDING, 801 G ST. N. W.
(Room 404)
Engrossing Resolutions, Diplomas, Charters and Fancy Pen Work of all descriptions.

CELTIC CLUB WHISKEY
Our Specialty
Never Changes. Accept No Substitute
Once Tried You'll Always Use It.
Ports and Sherries for family use, Quarts, 50 and 75 cents. All makes of Beer. Leading brands of Cigars. Ales and Porters on draught the year round.
D. J. O'CONNOR
New Jersey Ave. and G Sts. N.W



BROCKWELL'S BITS

BY W. N. BROCKWELL

Regular monthly meeting of Columbia Typographical Union on Sunday next, July 16, 1916.

* * *

The death of John Carl Quady, which occurred at his home in this city on the morning of Thursday, July 6, 1916, removed a printer who was much esteemed by those who knew him both in and out of the craft. He was born February 1, 1875, and in 1894 joined Albany (N. Y.) Union as an apprentice member, his record in the organization from that time until his decease being a consistent and faithful one. About eight years ago he came to this city to take service as a monotype keyboard operator in the Government Printing Office, and was a member of the Monotype Keyboard Chapel (day) at the time of his death. For two years he had been in poor health, but with the rare devotion to his loved ones which ever characterized him he continued at his work to within a few days of his death, the cause of which was Bright's disease. He is survived by his wife (who was formerly Miss Carrie Krueger), a daughter seven years of age and a son but about four months old, and his aged parents (who lived with him and were dependent upon him). After funeral services here on Friday at 3 p. m., attended by many of his fellow-craftsmen, the remains were taken to his old home at Albany for burial.

* * *

On Saturday, July 8, 1916, George J. Schley, one of Columbia Union's oldest members (he was in the old Society when it was merged into the present organization), employed as a copyholder in the Government Printing Office proof room, celebrated his eightieth birthday. At noon of that day, at a largely attended meeting of the proof room chapel his fellow-workmen also celebrated and gave him a token of their esteem and love in the shape of a beautiful Masonic ring, the presentation being made by Mr. Cyrus Cook in a very pleasing manner, the recipient, though taken completely by surprise, accepting the gift in an appropriate speech. In the evening a large number of printers and others gathered at Mr. Schley's residence, those present including his son and his son's wife, who had come from their home at Indianapolis, Ind., to be present for the occasion. The worthy veteran and his friends had a season of most perfect enjoyment, and all the guests left sincerely hoping that there will be many more happy birthdays for George J. Schley.

* * *

Typographical Union excursion to Marshall Hall tomorrow, Saturday, July 15, and if you are a printer, belong to a prnter's family, or have friends among printers, you can't afford to miss it. The cause is a worthy one and the day will be one of much enjoyment. The Macalester will take you down at 10, 2.30, or 6.30. Go!

* * *

Full of years of gentle and useful living, respected and loved by all who knew him, John Maley, an honored and long-time member of Columbia Typographical Union, died at his hme in this city on Tuesday, July 4, 1916, at the age of 82 years. He learned the trade of printer in the office of the Worcester (Mass.) Spy, previous to the outbreak of the civil war. He served his country throughout that war, being a member of the Fifteenth Massachusetts Regiment, an incident of his soldier life being three months in a Southern prison. At the conclusion of hostilities he resumed the printing business, joining New York Typographical Union in 1868. He came to this city about 35 years ago, immediately connecting himself with No. 101, going into the Government Printing Office and serving in its various chapels to the time of his death.

In January, 1866, Mr. Maley married the daughter of James Legg, of Annapolis, Md., and last January celebrated his golden wedding anniversary. He had four sons and four daughters.

Funeral services were held at his late residence Friday morning and mass was said in St. Anthony's Church. Interment was in Mount Olivet cemetery, the services at the grave being conducted by George G. Meade Post, G. A. R., of which he was a member.

CITY LABORERS WANT MORE.

Pittsburg, Pa.—Seven hundred laborers employed by the city are demanding that wages be increased from $2 to $2.40 a day. They are also objecting to being compelled to pay for their white uniforms, which cost $3.86. These uniforms, it is claimed, are hard to wash and last but a short time. These workers are organized and affiliated to the American Federation of Labor.

JOHN FRANCIS BROCKWELL.

John Francis Brockwell died at about 5 p. m. last Friday. He was 24 years old. He was the eldest son of William N. and Mrs. Belle Brockwell. Funeral services were held at Holy Name Church Tuesday morning and interment was at Mount Olivet Cemetery.

Death is always a tragedy, but doubly so when the victim is a young man just beginning the day's work.

All words of all language are powerless to assuage the grief of those bereft, but friends give the essence of sympathy when they say they are sorry. We may offer texts and truisms for consolation, but they don't console those who grieve.

Time is the only healer, but for the mother and the father and the brothers and the young lady that he loved it will require a maximum of time to do a minimum of healing. One has been taken from them whom they wanted to remain with them. It is a condition that cannot be changed, but it is none the less hard for them to become reconciled to that condition.

The bright mind and intellectual attainments of John Brockwell had placed him in a walk of life that was rich in promise, and it seems an awful pity that he was not permitted to live and reap the harvest.

He was lovable and companionable; was studious, scholarly, and had a clean heart; and to those who mourn his early taking away he left a noble example and the consoling thought that he lived his brief span irreproachably.

JOE M. JOHNSON.

PAINTERS AND DECORATORS ELECT OFFICERS.

At the election of officers held by Painters and Decorators Local 368, the following is the result.

Harry Buie, president; Garry Tucker, vice-president; John Hardesty, conductor; Louis Leahman, warden; F. L. Kidwell, Almoner; Leo Donnelly trustee (18 months; Chas. McDonald, trustee (12 months); Jos. Clarke, trustee (6 months; H. D. Digney, business agent. Mr. Digney received a handsome majority over his competitor, Arthur Chamberlain, and the organization again exercised good judgment in keeping in this position a man that has made good.

Special Rates for Union Men.
The National Garage
New Jersey Ave. and D Street N. W.
NEAR UNION STATION
WASHINGTON, D. C.
STORAGE REPAIRS SUPPLIES
THE GOLDEN RULE APPLIES
Automobiles and Trucks For Sale
FRANK O. SMITH,
MANAGER.

Parker, Bridget & Co.
"The Avenue at Ninth"
Featuring
Extra Value
$15
Suits for Spring

Up-to-date Tailor Made Suits
$22.50 AND UP.
B. LANDSMAN
STRICTLY UNION
Cleaning, Pressing, Dyeing, Altering and Repairing.
Call For and Deliver.
PHONE LINCOLN 2477.
901 E. Cap. St. Wash., D. C.

Saks & Company
MEN'S and BOYS' OUTFITTERS
Pa. Ave. & 7th St. Wash., D. C.
Economy Floor
(Fourth Floor.)
MEN'S, YOUNG MEN'S AND BOYS' SUITS
$7.50, $10 & $12.50
All
Overalls. Union Made Clothing

New Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits for Hire
WILNER'S
Spring and Summer Suitings
The Latest Novelties of the Season . . . $18.50
EVERY UNION MAN OUGHT TO TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THIS OFFER
Not only do we save you $10.00 on every suit you buy, but our workmanship has proven to stand up, to hold its shape, curl nor wrinkle until the garment will last, and we guarantee to last you fully three years.
We are the FIRST and ONLY Union Custom Tailors in this City.
Order Your Suit From
JOS. A. WILNER & COMPANY
COR. 8th and G STREETS NORTHWEST

CORBY'S YEAST
Leaves nothing to guess-work.
Its purity and strength are uniform.
Every baker knows what that means.
Send for samples.
THE CORBY COMPANY
STATION K. WASHINGTON, D. C.

Building Trades Headquarters
Sixth and G Sts. N. W
Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rent
WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES TOBACCO.
COSTELLO BROS

THE PLATE PRINTER
Official Organ Plate Printers International Union.
P. J. RYAN, Editor. CHAS. T. SMITH, Assoc. Editor.
Subscription $1.00 Per Year
Telephone 4528 Wash. Loan & Trust Bldg.

Representative Houses
OF WASHINGTON, D. C.
The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

BANKS

THE NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burgler-proof vaults, acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth and New York Avenue

THE WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee. etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK
A Bank for the Working People. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account
Ninth and G streets N. W.

UNION SAVINGS BANK. Commercial Accounts. Three per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts. The Oldest Savings Bank in Washington.

MICHAEL T. GREENE
Liquors and Cigars. 639 D St. N. W.

STONER'S BAR AND RESTAURANT
The, G. Stoner. 206 Seventh St.S. W.

J. CHAS. McGUIRE'S BUFFET
Federal Seal Whiskey. 519 Ninth St. N. W.

O'KEEFE'S BUFFET
P. J. O'Keefe, Prop. 904 Pa. A.. N. W.

GLAVIN'S BUFFET
ED. J. GLAVIN 309 G Street Northwest

OXFORD BUFFET
J. F. SCHRINER 730 14th Street N. W.

FRANK'S BUFFET
Fourth and G Sts., N. W. Phone M. 5572

DAVID WALSH'S BUFFET
407 10th Street N. W.

E. E. FARLEY'S BUFFET
415 13th Street N. W.

J. J. O'DONNELL'S BUFFET
333 Penn. Avenue S. E.

HARRY'S BUFFET
631 Penn. Ave. S. E. Phone Lin. 1843

MACHINIST
G. W. FORSBERG, Formerly with Forsberg and Murray, Elevats Boilers. Eighth and Water Streets S. W. Phone Main 751 and 742

GROCER AND COFFEE ROASTER
SOMERSET R. WATERS, 1342 Seventh Street N. W.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
RALSTON AND RICHARDSON, Bond Building, Fourteenth Stree and New York Avenue.
FRANK FULLER Room 421. Munsey Building, Phone Main 1826.

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.
THE SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (INC.) SODA WATER SYRUPS, Etc., 1066 Wisconsin Avenue Northwest.

PHOTO SUPPLIES
E. J. PULLMAN, Developing and Finishing for Amateurs Specialty 420 Ninth Street N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS
MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Avenue Northwest. Our Specialty Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

FIRE INSURANCE
FIREMAN'S INSURANCE COMPANY. Seventh Street and Louisiana Avenue.

DRY GOODS
WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings Hoisery, a specialty, 806-808 H Street N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

UNDERTAKERS
J. WILLIAM LEE
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY
332 Penna. Avenue N. W

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.
THE W. H. BUTLER COMPANY, 607 and 609 C Street N W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT
NATIONAL MORTAR COMPANY, First and M Street, Northeast
COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING COMPANY. 3036 K Street.

DRUGGISTS
CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth Street and Virginia Avenue S. E.
DAY & CO
5th and G Sts. N. W. 14th and P Sts. N. W
20th St. and Rhode Island Ave. N. E.
QUIGLEY, Druggist, Twenty-first and G Streets N. W.
A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner Seventh and P Streets N. W

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1
Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.

M. J. DUNNIGAN, President.....2007 14 Street N.W.
JOHN G. WOLFE, Vice-President.1023 N. J. Ave. N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W.

TRUSTEES

Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E.
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E.
Thos. L. Nevins.....504 Maine Avenue S. W.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe,.....1023 N. J. Ave. N. W
J. McElfresh,.....
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E.
A. Tenley.....964 Florida Ave. N. W.
M. Sullivan.....5631-2 15 St. S. E.

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.

Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ARBITRATION COMMITTEE.

M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W.
M. A. Wolfe,.....418 F St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. E.
Joseph Harding.....210 13 St. S. W.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....2006 2nd St. N. W
R. Pumphrey.....223 Q St. N. W.
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W.
Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. W.

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave.
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Cap. St.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L St. S. W.

DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.

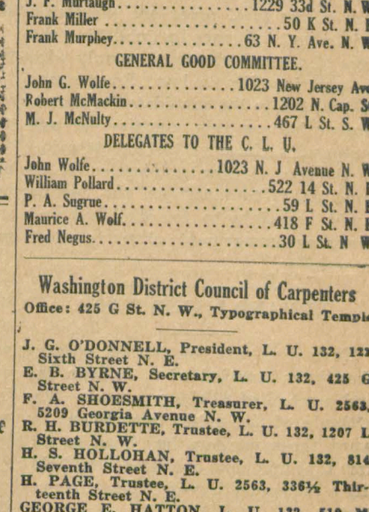
John Wolfe.....1023 N. J Avenue N. W.
William Pollard.....522 14 St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

Washington District Council of Carpenters

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

J. G. O'DONNELL, President, L. U. 132, 122 Sixth Street N. E.
E. B. BYRNE, Secretary, L. U. 132, 425 G Street N. W.
F. A. SHOESMITH, Treasurer, L. U. 2563, 5209 Georgia Avenue N. W.
R. H. BURDETTE, Trustee, L. U. 132, 1207 L Street N. W.
H. S. HOLLOHAN, Trustee, L. U. 132, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
H. PAGE, Trustee, L. U. 2563, 336½ Thirteenth Street N. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, L. U. 132, 519 M Street S. W.
ROBERT ADAM, L. U. 2563, 1511 Vermont Avenue N. W.
FRED HOOK, L. U. 2563, 1528 Eighth Street N. W.
WM. MACKIE, L. U. 2563, 216 Seaton Place N. E.

BUSINESS AGENT.
JAMES H. RYAN, 425 G Street N. W.



GEO. D. HORNING,
N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.
LOAN OFFICE

PASTIME PARAGRAPHS

BY CYCLE

From all accounts the cat hath not more lives than Villa.

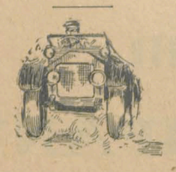
Congress is still in session, and still the stillness is not so still but that it might be stiller still.

Probably the time for notification of candidates is prolonged in order that they may cultivate a look of surprise.

The Mexican situation now furnishes a pretext for future negotiations in establishing permanent peace along the border.

John D. Rockefeller is reputed to be worth $800,000,000, and at the age of 77 is in good health; and the greatest of these is health.

With keep-off-the-grass signs staring one in the face, and the "get out" shriek of the automobile, what is life to the man whose wife is a widow?



After assisting in the election of a President, there seems to be little or nothing for the Vice-President to do except to be seated and keep quiet.

War prices can have little effect on the reversible political coat, which, in so many cases, shows another color when the election returns give the verdict of "the folks back home."

Washington has a mysterious murder case, which the law-and-order experts are striving to unravel. Those responsible for the crime are offering no assistance which might lead to the discovery.

The seashore and mountain resorts have already claimed a goodly portion of the well-to-do population of Washington for the summer months, and others of limited means and vacational allowance are seeking rest and change at such intervals as they can be spared from exacting daily duties during the long session of Congress, while members of both Houses are evincing a growing impatience to close up shop and get home.

A woman has complained that certain of the local press are exercising a deterrent influence by publishing the ages of women who must comply with the marriage license law. For reasons best known to the candidate for matrimonial honors this question of age ranks with those of the greatest impertinence. If the publication is an impediment to marriage, the custom ought certainly to be abolished and every encouragement given to those in waiting.

DEMAND LIVING WAGE.

Teamsters are on strike because they have wearied of a 14-hour day and a wage of $13.50 per week. The attitude of the police department toward these workers has been so unfair that unionists are discussing holding a mass meeting of citizens to protest.

The "preparedness" favored by employers is shown by this statement in the Labor Review, official organ of the Teamsters' Joint Council:

"While big business in Minneapolis has been pulling every string to have the American soldiers invade Mexico they have also been busily engaged in causing an invasion of Minneapolis by strike-breakers from other cities."

NEW ENGLAND PRINTERS MEET.

Worcester, Mass.—At the annual convention of the New England Typographical Union Edward L. Cahill, of Lynn, Mass., was chosen president, and John F. Murphy, of Providence, secretary-treasurer. Manchester, N. H., will be the 1917 convention city.

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

Henry C. Thomson and William H. Battley, emergency linotype operators.

James H. Camper, compositor, transferred from Department of Agriculture.

Smith M. Cassell, temporary skilled laborer.

Jacob Cohen, Gregory J. Bussink, Harry J. Spellman, temporary messenger boys.

Separations.

Charles C. Harris, skilled laborer, resigned.

Albert Stern, temporary skilled laborer, resigned.

Samuel Cole, skilled laborer.

Clifford J. Taylor, skilled laborer, resigned.

Miss Lucy N. Morrison, clerk, resigned.

William W. Wallace, machinists' helper.

John D. Powers, pressman.

Ellwood S. Moorehead, jr., linotype operator.

Howard McBeth, temporary messenger boy.

William A. Reid, elevator conductor, resigned.

Ellis R. King, caster helper.

August F. Laufer, monotype keyboard operator.

Mrs. Martha J. VanDeventer.

Philip L. Gamse, messenger boy.

Transfers, Etc.

Denis E. Connell, draftsman, $1,200 per annum, to $1,400 per annum, Buildings Division.

Patrick A. Hurley, temporary messenger boy, 15 cents per hour, press division, to probational messenger boy 15 cents per hour, press division.

John L. Wrenn, electrician in charge 65 cents per hour, electrical section, to electrician in charge, 70 cents per hour.

Edward H. Brian, electrician in charge 65 cents per hour, electrical section, to 70 cents per hour.

Walter M. Evans, electrician 60 cents per hour, electrical section, to electrician in charge 70 cents per hour, electrical section.

Jarvis B. Moulden, compositor, linotype section (night) to monotype section (day).

ROAD TO BETTER LIFE IS NOT A SMOOTH ONE.

Baltimore, Md.—In an address to the International Association of Machinists' convention, President Gompers appealed to the younger trade unionists not to believe that there was a smooth or easy road to a better life. While recalling conditions of the workers even a few years ago, he said:

"I join with the impatience of all those who feel as I do in the apparent slow growth of our movement. I am impatient, like you, for greater success, greater achievements, larger vision and higher ideals. But I can't go with you if you fail to understand and appreciate the wonderful success which has attended the trade union movement.

"When we realize the result of the struggle that has put light into the life, hope into the hearts and satisfaction into the minds of the workers, with a grim determination to strive on and struggle on for a greater part in the world's production of wealth, I say to you there is no cause for disgreater achievements in the light and couragement. That which we have accomplished whets our appetite for still life of the workers of America.

"A few months ago there came upon the industrial horizon a thunderbolt which astonished friends and skeptics. Mr. Charles Moyer, president of the Western Federation of Miners, published a statement in the official magazine of that organization in which he declared that the failure and almost destruction of the organization was due to the false policy that organization has pursued for mone than 20 years.

"That which I have tried to say to you is summed up in the general and specific statements made by President Moyer."

Advertise the man that is fair and your friends will know where to go instead of where not to go.

DO YOU KNOW THAT

Sedentary habits shorten life?

Many a severe cold ends in tuberculosis?

Heavy eating like heavy drinking shortens life?

Intelligent motherhood conserves the nation's best crop?

A low infant mortality rate indicates high community intelligence?

Neglected adenoids and defective teeth in childhood menace adult health?

The United States Public Health Service asks, Do you clean your teeth and expectorate in the washbowl? Omit lunch to reduce weight and then overeat at dinner? Go to the country for health and then sleep with your windows shut tight? Wonder why you have earache and then blow your nose with your mouth shut?

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. P. Reichel, 24 Myrtle St. N. E.

Bakery Salemen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month nt Hammel s Hall, No 923 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sunday in each month, Painter's Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N. W.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Edward Fuhrman, 24 Quincy Place, N. W.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets every Sunday, 3 p. m., Jonadab Hall, 623 Louisiana avenue northwest. Secretary, A. Messenio, 514 Tenth street n. w.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 48: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E street southeast.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, E. B. Byrne, 425 G Street N. W.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles Hall, Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 1424 W St. N. W., Apt. 22.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhan, 737 10th St. s. e.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wassaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple, Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3800 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets 419 Tenth St. N. W., first and third Fridays. Secretary, J. F. Herrity, Box 52, Arlington, Va.

Engineers, Hoisting No. 77: Meets every Friday, at 8:00 p. m. Hall, S. E. Cor. Tenth and Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, F. J. Nichols, 616 Fourth street northeast.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and B Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hisle, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Watchmen's Union No. 14964: Secretary, Jas. H. Reed, Cor. Sec., 1228 B street southwest.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Avenue S. E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 Twelfth St. N. E.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, Wm. W. Keeler, 148 Eleventh St. S. E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday at 1204 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, E. H. Fulton, 1120 E St. S. E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, H. Gundershein, 728 Columbia Road.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third 2665. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Bus. Agt.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 922 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Phone Main 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets second Sunday and fourth Friday in each month. Secretary, Albert Bridges 210 L st. s. e.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 420: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m. Secretary, J. A. Whitecar, 2209 Minnesota Ave. S. E.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas. B. Cameron, Bethesda, Md.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary W. H. Amiss, 1008 Monroe St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 820 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressman, No. 1: Meets fourth Saturday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. E. Blakely, 3527 O St. N. W.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custodian and Janitor, 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, W. P. Cannon, 408 Twelfth St. S. E.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe. 326 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. F. Hickman, 518 Sixth St. N. W.

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Mrs. H. B. Tritipoe, 1737 Willard street N. W., Apt. 20.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10.30 a. m. and 8.30 p. m. Secretary, G. W. Calderhead, Ouray Building, Room 312.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle, 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 759 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Friday, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas. P. Glover, Twentieth and Bryant Sts. N. E.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters International Secretary-Treasurer, Jas. E. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G St. N. W. Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth St. N. W.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

J. G. O'DONNELL, President, 122 Sixth St. N. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, Vice-President, 519 M St. S. W.
THOS. W. WOLTZ, Recording Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
G. H. F. DAVIS, Treasurer, 439 Second St.S. E.
W. I. STRATTON, Conductor, 617 Sixth St. N. W.
A. F. MOIRSETTE, Warden, 425 G St. N. W.
GEO. MYERS, Business Agent, 425 G St. N. W.

TRUSTEES.

F. J. NOLTE, 24 Eighth Street N. E.
WM. T. BAUM, 472 I Street N. W.
A. P. TAYLOR, 622 I Street N. E.

DELEGATES TO THE DISTRICT COUNCIL.

R. H. BURDETTE, 1207 L Street N. W.
C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
E. B. BYRNE, 425 G Street N. W.
ROBERT REICHARD, 1720 35th Street N. W.
J. H. RYAN, 1101 Eleventh Street S. E.

DELEGATES TO THE CENTRAL LABOR UNION.

C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
R. H. BURDETTE, 816 K Street N. W.
W. S. HOLLOHAN, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
W. T. BAUM, 474 I Street S. W.
MARK REILEY, 1127 B Street S. E.

RELIEF COMMITTEE.

M. REILLY, 1127 B Street S. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
H. M. BEVILL, Brentwood, Md.
J. T. CLIFT, 4115 Seventh Street N. W.
M.A. FOLEY, 118 Seaton Street N. E.

MILL COMMITTEE.

F. E. KETTNER, 3016 Cambridge St. N. W.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
O. A. CARTER, Rosslyn, Va.

DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

G. H. F. DAVIS, 439 Second Street S. E.

Clothes, Hats and Shoes

The Bieber-Kaufman Co.
901-909 Eighth St. S. E.
Down by the Navy Yard
Washington, D. C.

PHONE MAIN 6079.

Reno Lunch
W. H. WOODCOCK, Proprietor.
625 PA. AVE. N. W.
HOME COOKED FOODS
NEVER CLOSED

CORBY'S DELICIOUS CAKE
10c PER HALF LB.
AT ALL GROCERS

The only strictly
UNION TAILORING
house in the city
M. STEIN & CO.
TAILORS
Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

THE MILTON SCHOOL
Oxford Bldg., 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.
Stenography
Typewriting
English
Spanish
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO BEGINNERS
Now in larger quarters in the Oxford Building, 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.

CHESAPEAKE BEACH
ON THE BAY

Many new attractions, including Monster Derby built over the water. New standard bowling alleys on Board Walk.
Free Dancing.
Numerous amusements for young and old.
ROUND TRIP: SUNDAYS and HOLIDAYS, 50c.
All Other Days, Including Saturdays, 25c.
TRAIN LEAVES DAILY EXCEPT SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS: 9.15, 10.00, 11.30 A. M., 2.30, 6.30 AND 8.00 P. M.
SATURDAYS: 9.15, 10.00, 11.30 A. M., 2.00, 2.30, 3.25, 5.30 AND 8.00 P. M.
SUNDAYS: 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 A. M., 2.00, 3.20, 4.45 AND 8.00 P. M.

WELLER'S Teething, Diarrhoea and Anodyne Cordial.
The Best Remedy For
BABIES AND YOUNG CHILDREN
Who Suffer With
Fever, Cold, Colic, Teething, Diarrhoea, Peevishness, Lack of Sleep, Etc.
WELLER'S DRUG STORE
Eighth and Eye Sts. S. E. 36th and M N. W.

STORAGE PACKING FREIGHT HAULING
Merchants Transfer
— AND —
Storage Company
920-922 E Street Northwest
Phone Main 6900
SHIPPING MOVING HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

When in Doubt, Buy of
HOUSE & HERRMANN
FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.
N.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W

FIREPROOF CONSTRUCTION
Hammett Fire Proofing Company
301-302-303 Wilkins Bldg.
Phone Main 3337.

PHONE NORTH 2349
DONOVAN'S
FINE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS
2003 14th St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
Meets Every Monday Night
Typographica Temple
423-425 G St. N. W.
Secretary s Address: 1325 E. Capitol St.
Telephone: Lincoln 3955

OFFICERS

E. L. TUCKER.....President
HUGH DIGNEY.....Vice-President
JOHN B. COLPOYS, Secretary, 1325 E. Capitol St.
JOSEPH E. TOONE.....Financial Secretary
LUKE F. LUDLOW.....Treasurer
JOSEPH C. CLARK.....Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES: Wm. Zell, Chas. Callan, J. L. Considine.

COMMITTEES

Executive: Hugh Digney (chairman), E. L. Tucker, Jno. B. Colpoys, Luke F. Ludlow, Jos. E. Toone, John Hartley, Robt. Jones.
Legislation: Jno. B. Colpoys (chairman), Jno. H. Lorch, Hubert Newsom, N. P. Alifas, D. J. O'Leary.
Adjustment: Robt. Jones (chairman), Hubert Newsom, B. O'Leary, Bell Spellbring, John G. Schmidt.
Contract: Jno. Hartley (chairman), J. L. Considine, F. M. Kirby, W. H. Schaeffer, Hugh Digney.
Laws: Harry Oehler (chairman), N. A. James, Dan'l Hassett.
Resolutions: W. W. Keeler (chairman), J. H. Conroy, J. M. Foster.
Organization: Jos. E. Toone (chairman), Frank Nolte, Joseph Clark, Elmer Harding, Wm. Whyte.
Auditing: Jos. Crowley (chairman), C. K. Kreichbaum, Joseph Foster.
Credentials: Harry M. Sears (chairman), M. J. Costella, Thos. E. Blakeley.
Label: W. C. Hurfurth.
Press: Jno. B. Colpoys (chairman), W. D. Clark, Chas. Heuter.
Delegates to Baltimore: W. N. Huttel (chairman), William Baum, Daniel Hassett.
Delegates to Alexandria: John J. Pucell, Charles Wright.

Wear Dean Straws
Best in Town, $1.50
422 NINTH STREET N. W.

AMERICAN LUNCH
VIRGINIA THEATRE
Stag Hotel
JOHN J. NOONAN.

MEALS—Special Rates to Union Men—LUNCHES
THE ELITE CAFE
W. A. MORAN, Prop.
636 North Capitol Street

LIST OF LIQUOR DEALERS WHO HAVE SIGNED "THE AGREEMENT."

Allen, Paul.....2 N st. n. e.
Allen, John J...807 N. C. Cap st. n. e.
Beirkle, Leopold, - 1245 H st. n. e.
Castelli, Vincent, 502-504 Ninth st.n.w.
Clark, C. H.....510 9th st. n. w.
Colonial Beach Boat Co.
Costello, Bros.....604 G st. n. w.
Crowley, James J.....702 E st. n. w.
Daly, T. J.....34 H st. n. e.
Daye, Wm. T.....1218 Wisc. ave.
Doyle, Wm. T....1314 Wisc. ave. n. w.
Egloff, Julius.....200 3rd st. s. e.
Wm. R. Fosbender, 406 Ninth st. n w.
Franey, F. A.....711½ 9th st. n. w.
Frank, Mrs. M. E. - 319 G st. n. w.
Ganey, M.....615 7th st. s. w.
Glavin, Edwin.....309 G st. n. w.
Hannan, Mrs. E.....531 7th st. s. w.
Hanlon, Timothy.....822 H st. n. e.
Kearney, R. H.....901½ E st. n. w.
Kelliher, J. D.....1258 7th st. s. w.
Killeen, John F.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Louis Hodges, - - 407 9th st n. w.
Lynagh, Peter J.....523 7th st. s. w.
Lynch, John.....417 9th st. n. w.
McCarthy, Dennis J., Evans building.
McCarthy, F. J.....910 4½ st. s. w.
McDonald, F. J.....643 Pa. ave. s. e.
McGuire, J. Chas., 519 Ninth st. n. w.
McHough, Martin....1105 H st. n. e.
Milton Schmidt, - 702 7th st. n. w.
O'Connor, D. J.....100 G st. n. w.
O'Connor, Patrick F...6'7 D st. n. w.
O'Connor, James.....1429 N. Cap. st.
O'Day, John T. - 921 Ninth st. n. w.
O'Donnell, James J...333 Pa. ave. s. e.
Peter White, - - - 905 D st. n. w.
Raftery, Thomas.....406 H st. n. e.
Raftery, Patrick.....225 11th st. n. e.
Roland, J. H.....511 9th st. n. w.
Scanlon, Daniel,.....103 H st. n. w.
Schroter, Conrad....3258 M st. n. w.
Schltz, Mary T.....607 G st. n. w.
Sheehan, John J., 701 North Cap. st.
Solon, Mary A., - 1003 7th st. e.
Stern, M. M.....601 7th st. n. w.
Stanton, Frank J.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Sullivan, John J., 1351 35th st. n. w.
The Casino, Frank Farenkamp (Chesapeake Beach).
Victor Buffet Co., Inc., 7th and G n. w.
Wassman, Henry, 705 Seventh st. n. w.
Wiedeman, Joseph....629 E st. n. w.
William J. O'Leary, 733 North Cap. st.
Wininghер, Harry 631 Pa. ave. s. e.

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

UNION OPERATOR
LOCAL No. 224 WASH. D.C.
I.A.T.S.E.
AFFILIATED WITH CENTRAL LABOR UNION & A.F. of L.

American, 1st st. and R. . ave.n.w.
Apollo, - - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Aragon Airdome, Md. Ave. 8 & 9, N.E.
Arcade (Theatre and Park, 14th and Park Road.
Auditorium, 13th st. and N. Y. ave.n.w.
Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Central Park, - 9th St. G & H N.W.
Chelsia Theatre, 19th and M sts. n. w.
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N. W.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Eastern, - - 8th St. bet. F & G S. E.
Elite Theatre, 14th and R. I. ave. n. w.
Empire, - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Favorite, H St. North Capitol & First
Garden Theatre, - Hopewell, Va.
Gayety Theatre, - 513 9th st. n. w.
Georgia - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
Home Theater, C bet. 12th & 13th n. e.
Leader - - - 509 Ninth St. N. W.
Liberty Theatre, N. Capitol & P St.
"M" Street Theatre, M St. near 32nd
Maycroft Park, H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Meaders, - - - 8th & G Sts. S. E.
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15. N.W.
Orpheum, - - 4th and C st. n. e.
Plaza Theatre - 434 9th st. n. w.
Pleasant Hrr. Park, 12 and C N. E.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Proctor Park, - - Anacostia, D. C.
Randolpr Park, 1st and Randolph n. w.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
R. I. Theatre, 7th and R. I. Ave. N. W.
Savoy, - - - 14th and Col. Road.
Schuetzen Park, Ga. ave. and Kenyon
Senate, Pa. Ave. bet. 3d & 4th, S. E.
Standard Park, Bates, near N. Cap. St.
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N. E.
Stanton Park, - - - 219 4th N. E.
Starlight Park, 4 1-2 and K st. n. w.
Surprise Theatre - Alexandria, Va.
The Grand, - - - Hopewell, Va.
The Richmond, - - Alexandria, Va.
Truxton Park, N. Capitol & Fla. Ave.
Twilight Park, Pa. Ave. 13 & 14, S. E.
Victoria Theatre, 7th & E Sts. S. W.
Welcome, - - 4 1-2 and K st. s. w.
Zenith, - - 8th St. bet. G & H, S. E.

The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I.P.E.U.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XI. NO. 4 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, JULY 21, 1916. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

UNION AGITATION BLAZES PATH THROUGH INJUNCTION JUNGLE

St. Paul, Minn.—Judge Dickson, of the Ramsey County District Court, has refused to enjoin striking building craftsmen because the employers' plea "is so devoid of specific facts and consists so entirely of general conclusions that it is of no force as evidence upon which to base the temporary injunction."

Attorney Walter G. Merritt, of the American Anti-Boycott Association, was commander-in-chief of the employers' forces. The plea prepared by this well-known non-union advocate was the usual awe-inspiring tale—interference with business, unlawful conspiracy, boycotting, etc., etc.

The court refused to be trapped by phrasings that have so often proved effective with judges more interested in protecting a dollar than a human right.

"None of the acts with which the defendants are charged in the voluminous complaint are unlawful," said the court. "Any man may refuse to work for or deal with another man, handle his products, or work with his tools for any reason sufficient unto himself; and what he can do in this respect individually he can do collectively by agreement with others and through a federated agency."

This sentiment has been persistently urged by organized labor and has been placed in the labor sections of the Clayton law by the United States Congress.

In answering the antis' claim that organized labor "is an unlawful conspiracy in restraint of trade and competition in violation of the penal statutes of Minnesota," the court gave attorney Merritt a needed lesson in fundamental law when he said: "If this is so, it is a matter for the attorney general to take up on behalf of the state."

"Unlawful conspiracy, like fraudulent intent, is a psychological fact, a state of mind, and its existence can only be shown by the overt acts, acts and conduct of the alleged conspirators. The ultimate fact of conspiracy is always a conclusion, and, therefore, to enable a court to determine whether or not a general charge of conspiracy is true the overt facts, acts and conduct from which the pleader's conclusion is deduced must be alleged. There are no specific facts alleged in this complaint, and, therefore, it is of no force as evidence on which to base a temporary injunction and cannot be considered as a basis of the instant motion."

"In my judgment there is nothing in the claim that union men will be coerced by threats or fines, etc. Any individual may abandon his union at will, and cannot by any legal method be compelled to pay a labor union fine. He belongs to and acts with a union or not just as he pleases, and his choice in the matter is based on economic considerations. Self-interest and a desire on the part of each individual to do the best for himself he can under economic circumstances is at the bottom of the whole scheme. It is an idle threat to threaten a man with a fine he cannot be compelled to pay, and the paying or not paying of which is a matter of his own judgment and choice, and the payment of which is merely a condition of retaining certain contractural relations with others.

"The word 'unfair,' as interpreted by its use as shown in the evidence, means no more than that the one to whom it is applied is considered to run an open show or a non-union business and to be opposed to organized labor, and to be such a one as union laborers refuse to work for or deal with. The letters in evidence written by the officers of various unions to various subcontractors state that because plaintiff is 'unfair' no union laborers will be allowed to work on his jobs. This language is construed by the plaintiff to be a threat that union laborers will be prevented by unlawful coercion from working on the plaintiff's jobs. But such a construction is manifestly unfair, and, fairly construed, the letters amount to no more than to say that the conditions of membership in the unions will prevent union laborers from working upon the plaintiff's jobs."

In refusing the injunction because of a lack of specific facts or instances where law was violated, Judge Dickson struck several fundamental notes, but he indicated a belief that equity power must be depended upon to prohibit acts covered by statute. On this point trade unionism bases its opposition to labor injunctions.

His decision, however, is a refreshing change from the attitude of judicial defenders of dollar rights against human rights and is added proof that the agitation of organized labor is slowly blazing a path through the injunction jungle.

HITS LIABILITY COMPANIES.

Jackson, Ohio.—In a speech last week ex-Governor Cox made this reference to the effort of private liability companies to destroy the Ohio compensation law:

"Instead of cheerful acquiescence in an evolution that every humanitarian impulse indorses, the liability insurance companies continue to be dominated by promptings of brutality and greed. In an attempt to re-establish their harvest of dollars, made out of injured workmen and industrial deaths, they are seeking by a plan, artful and insidious, to so emasculate the workmen's compensation law as to kill it."

DEPOSITS IN FEDERAL BANKS INCREASE $3,400,000,000

Gross bank deposits of the 7,578 Federal member banks of the United States, as reported to the Comptroller of the Currency, in the call of May 1, 1916, reached the record total of $11,135,322,000.

On the corresponding date four years ago, April 18, 1912, the national bank deposits of the United States were $8,015,511,000.

The four-year increase amounts to $3,403,446,000.

This is approximately a gain of 39 per cent.

It is far beyond the average four-year gain in the history of American banking.

The significant and highly satisfactory phase of this analysis is the nation-wide character of the deposit development. It proves that our prosperity is not dependent upon war exports, but reaches every geographic division and every industrial interest, North and South, East and West.

It is natural, for example, that the manufacturing industries of New England, whose exports to Europe have expanded during the war, should swell New England bank deposits to the extent of 31 per cent.

That does not explain, however, why the deposits of the Western States—including the Dakotas, Nebraska, Kansas, Montana, Wyoming, Colorado, New Mexico and Oklahoma—have made the still greater deposit growth of 42 per cent.

The six New England States, which have Boston as their Federal Reserve center, show a four-year deposit growth of $191,858,000.

The nine West-of-the-Mississippi States which pass their reserves through the regional banks of Minneapolis and Kansas City show a four-year deposit growth of $212,219,000.

The Eastern States of New York, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland and the District of Columbia—which contain the two large Federal Reserve centers of New York and Philadelphia, the large banking centers of Baltimore and Washington, and the Government Treasury and sub-treasuries—naturally exhibit the largest volume and percentage of gain in banking operations. The four-year gain in the Eastern district is $1,713,794,000, or 52 per cent. This splendid banking growth of the Eastern section answers the fears of those Eastern bankers who feared that the division of the Federal Reserve system into 12 districts would injure the financial progress of New York and Philadelphia.

The South has distinctly suffered as a result of the European war because of the heavy reduction in both volume and price of export cotton. Nevertheless, the 13 Southern States show a four-year deposit gain of $218,084,000, or 27 per cent.

The eight Middle West States of Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa and Missouri exhibit a four-year deposit growth of $658,403,000, or approximately 30 per cent.

Even the eight Pacific States, whose commercial activities have been handicapped by the European war through the transfer or Pacific commerce to the Atlantic, show normal and healthy deposit gains aggregating $124,462,000, or over 21 per cent.

With the close of the European war and the return of activity to the Cotton South and the Pacific West, and greater national energies devoted to internal development, the bank deposits of the United States—under the new Federal Reserve system and the rural credits and agricultural extension acts—are likely to show even stronger and more general development.

CANAL WORKERS ASK RELIEF.

Officials of the A. F. of L. metal trades department are attempting to secure an executive order which will continue the same wage rate, hours of labor, free rent, fuel and light to canal zone employes as prevailed during the so-called construction period of the Panama Canal.

When work on the canal, two years ago, passed to the permanent maintenance period, the president issued an order putting into effect the charging for rent, etc., to employes occupying government houses. The metal trades department succeeded in having this order rescinded until June 30, 1916.

Efforts have been made to have Congress enact legislation that would continue conditions maintained during the construction period, but the House rejected an amendment approved by the Senate.

The President has referred the question to Secretary of War Garrison and Secretary of Labor Wilson. The matter has not yet been decided, but President O'Connell, of the metal trade department, is hopeful of success, in view of peculiar conditions prevailing in the Canal Zone.

IMMIGRATION A MENACE.

In a speech in the House of Representatives on the menace of unrestricted immigration Congressman Crisp declared that conditions in Europe, after the war, will make immigration leigslation necessary.

"I voted for the bill when it passed the House, and it is now pending in the Senate, and I hope the Senate will pass it and the President sign it," he said.

SPEEDING-UP SYSTEMS DENOUNCED IN HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

In a speech in the House of Representatives on so-called "scientific management," Congressman Tavenner said:

"The stop-watch system of shop management should be styled a system to place workmen on the scrap heap prematurely. That is what it does. Of course, by speeding up workmen they can be made to turn out more work, just as man by running instead of walking may be able to cover a block more quickly, but he will not be able to cover blocks all day and day after day at the same pace without injury to his constitution.

"Let us see what Mr. Taylor said about his system. He invented it. He said, tell how the system was put into effect at the Bethlehem Steel Company plant:

" 'The tasks were all purposely made so severe that not more than one out of five laborers, perhaps even a smaller percentage than that, could keep up.'

"I want to read some more from Mr. Taylor's book on 'Scientific Management.' He lays great stress on 'scientific' persuasion. Eight bosses sometimes assist in the 'persuasion.' Five of them are directly over the workman urging him on. In other words, this system is so inhuman in some cases foremen evidently refused to enforce it, so Mr. Taylor provided a method of overforemen to take care of any weak-hearted foreman. Mr. Taylor said:

" 'The functions of these overforemen are twofold:

" 'First. That of teaching each of the bosses under them the exact nature of his duties, and at the start also of nerving and bracing them up to the point of insisting that the workman shall carry out the orders exactly as specified on the instruction card.'

"This system has been investigated by five different committees of Congress and every one of those committees deprecated the use of the stop watch. Senator Lodge of Massachusetts made one of the strongest arguments that has been made against the use of the stop watch."

PAN-AMERICAN UNITY OF WORKERS IS URGED.

Armed with an appeal "To the Workers of all American Countries," signed by President Gompers, Carlos Loveira and Baltazar Pages have left this city for a tour among Central and South American countries in the interest of a Pan-American trade-union movement.

The two envoys are a part of the Mexican delegation that visited the United States on behalf of a better understanding between the workers of these two countries. Mr. Loveira is the chief of the department of labor of Yucatan, and Mr. Pages is editor of the Voice of the Revolution.

In his letter President Gompers says:

"In the high commission which recently made a trip to Pan-American countries for the purpose of promoting better commercial and industrial relations, although there was no phase in any of the relations between these different countries that did not in some day affect human interests and human welfare, there was no one on that commission who distinctively represented human interests and the rights and welfare of the masses of the people.

"I have urged upon the United States government that this serious omission ought to be rectified, and I urge the labor movement of all Pan-American countries to bring the same matter to the attention of their respective governments. But such representation, valuable as it would be, is not sufficient to protect and promote the rights and welfare of the workers of all countries. A Pan-American Federation of Labor is not only possible but necessary. It will constitute a ready and fit agency for injecting into international deliberations at opportune and critical times consideration for human rights, interests and welfare.

"In view of the importance of this purpose, it is most gratifying to find that the representatives from the state of Yucatan are to travel through the countries of Central and South America for the purpose of promoting a Pan-American Federation of Labor. The purpose of their mission has our most sympathetic and hearty cooperation. The realization of an international alliance between the labor movements of all Pan-American countries will constitute a genuine parliament of men, one of the highest purposes to which mankind has aspired."

GIVE THE BABY A CHANCE.

Bad air, bad milk, over-crowding, poverty, dirt, ignorance, heat—these combine in summer to kill the city baby. It seems as though the brunt of the cities' sanitary sins were focused on the baby. The baby didn't ask to come, to live in a hot, dark, air-tight tenement, to be fed on dirty, half spoiled milk, to be pestered with flies and mosquitoes. He is not responsible for any of these conditions and it is his right that he have fresh air, clean surroundings and decent food. The United States Public Health Service issues free of charge to all applicants a bulletin on "The Summer Care of Infants." It should be in the hands of every mother.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - Editor
Wm. H. Anglin - - - - - Associate Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF ... FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., JULY 21, 1916.

INCOME TAX FRAUDS ROB UNITED STATES TREASURY OF $320,000,000.

Three hundred million dollars of your country's revenues were stolen last year through income tax frauds and evasions, involving thousands of wealthy citizens and thousands of the most profitable American corporations.

The published evidence shows in one case alone—that of L. V. Harkness, one of the Standard Oil magnates—evasions involving in taxes and penalties more than one million dollars. The evidence shows that the Rockefeller Foundation is a device created by John D. Rockefeller to escape taxation on more than five million dollars of his annual income.

You have a direct interest in stopping these frauds, not only as a matter of justice in the equal enforcement of the laws, but also because if these millions are not collected from the tax thieves, the people—YOU—will have to pay addition taxes at the rate of SIXTEEN DOLLARS FOR EVERY AMERICAN FAMILY!

All of these uncontroverted facts, which were uncovered in an investigation made by me for the Newspaper Enterprise Association, have been before Congress for more than two months. Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo has admitted that the tax evasions are enormous and cannot be prevented under existing conditions. But up to the present time Congress has taken no steps to end these frauds, because there has been no concerted demand on the part of the public.

The ONLY way that these enormous frauds can be stopped is by publishing the income tax returns, for which the law now provides complete secrecy. When the returns are published the tax thieves can be identified and punished. The rich tax thieves are fighting to keep the returns secret. They fear publicity more than they fear court or jails.

The income tax is now being amended by the Senate. In order that it may be amended right, I ask every reader of this paper to do two things:

First. Write a letter to one or both of the U. S. Senators who represent your state, urging them to support an amendment of the income tax law, providing for complete publicity of the income tax returns. DO THIS NOW.

Second. At the next meeting of your union, secure the passage of the following resolution:

"Whereas, it has been proved that the U. S. Treasury is being defrauded of millions of dollars through income tax frauds and evasions: therefore be it

"Resolved, That our Senators and Representatives in Congress be urged to support an amendment of the income tax law, providing for complete publicity of the income tax returns, so that the tax thieves may be exposed and the frauds stopped. And be it further

"Resolved, That the Secretary send a copy of this resolution to each Senator and to the Representative from this district."—Basil M. Manly, former director, United States Commission on Industrial Relations.

FORCE WRONG WAY TO HELP MEXICO, SAYS PRESIDENT.

I hear some gentlemen say they want to help Mexico, and the way they propose to help her is to overwhelm her with force. That is the long way to help Mexico, as well as the wrong way. Because, after the fighting, you have a nation full of justified suspicion and animated by well founded hostility and hatred—and then will you help them? On the contrary, you will have shut every door, as if it were of steel, against you. What makes Mexico suspicious of us is that she does not believe as yet that we want to serve her. She believes that we want to possess her, and she has justification for the belief in the way in which some of our fellow citizens have tried to EXPLOIT HER PRIVILEGES AND POSSESSIONS.—From the President's speech at Detroit.

PRESIDENT PUTS TRUST IN COUNSEL OF MAN IN STREET.

You can get a good deal more light on the street than you do in the closet. You get a good deal more light by keeping your ears open among the rank and file of your fellow citizens than you do in any private conference whatever. I would rather hear what the men are talking about on the trains and in the shops and by the fireside than hear anything else, because I want guidance, and I know I could get it there, and what I am constantly asking is that men should bring me that counsel, because I am not privileged to determine things independently of this counsel. I am your servant, not your ruler.—From President Wilson's address at Detroit.

NECESSITY FOR WAR MUST BE UNMISTAKABLE, SAYS WILSON.

"The United States will go to war only in case of unmistakable necessity," said President Woodrow Wilson in a five-minute talk at the union station in Toledo, Ohio, last Tuesday, on his way back to Washington from Detroit. Continuing, President Wilson said: "Our rights, our border citizens and our sovereignty must be respected. We will respect Mexico's sovereignty in return."

The trouble in this country is not with the "peace-at-any-price" advocates, but with those who apparently are for war at any cost.

JOHN FRANCISCO BROCKWELL.

JOHN FRANCISCO BROCKWELL.

In the death of this splendid young man, which occurred on Friday, July 7, 1916, at 5 p. m., at the home of his parents, 1259 Morse Street Northeast, Washington, D. C., the world lost one who had accomplished much in the few years his God had allotted him, who had lived well in that brief time, and who would have given a good account of himself in whatever walk of life to which it might have pleased God to call him.

He was the son of William N. and Isabella Brockwell, and the life light came to him at Alexandria, Virginia, on October 28, 1892, so that he was a little less than 24 years of age. The illness which ended his career began about a year before his death, when it was discovered that he was a sufferer from Bright's disease, brought on, it is believed, by extraordinarily hard work while a student in his last year at college.

Though never very robust, he had no serious illness until the last year of his life, and the sports of childhood and youth were ever dear to him. Early in his life he developed strong mental traits, and study became the passion of his existence. After passing through the graded schools of Washington, where practically all his life was passed, he was graduated from the Business High School in June, 1909, being class poet that year. A preparatory course of one year at Georgetown University and the school connected with the Young Men's Christian Association followed. Later he entered George Washington University, from which institution he was graduated in June, 1915, finishing his course with a high mark and receiving the degree of bachelor of science in chemistry. In 1913 he was the winner of the Fitch prize in chemistry, the first junior ever earning that distinction. While at the university he was active and useful in its various societies and always a leader among his fellows. He was a member of the Chemical Society of the George Washington University, serving one year as its treasurer and a like period as its president. He was also a member of the University's Society of Alchemists. Another distinction was his service for a year as one of the editors of a class publication. In the college fraternity of Phi Sigma Kappa he was prominent and very popular.

In July, 1909, he was appointed to a place as messenger, through a civil-service examination, in the Patent Office, where he received two promotions and was then (in January, 1915), advanced to a clerkship. In October, 1915 (as the result of a competitive examination taken the winter before), he was appointed an assistant examiner in the Patent Office, a position calling for high technical ability, and was probably the youngest man who ever obtained such a place under the Government.

Though the last year of his life was saddened by illness, he retained his cheerful disposition in a marked degree; still fond of his beloved books and pictures, ever hopeful that health would return, and always showing a continued development of his fine character.

At the funeral service, which was held at Holy Name Church on Tuesday, July 11, 1916, a large number of his friends gathered to pay tribute to his worth. The floral offerings were as numerous and beautiful as the writer has ever seen at the funeral of anyone in private life, those from his betrothed, the Commissioner of Patents, his friends in the Patent Office, the Society of Alchemists, and the brothers of the Phi Sigma Kappa fraternity being especially noticeable. Rev. Father Kervick was the officiating priest, and he paid a fine and tearful tribute to the deceased. Burial was at Mount Olivet Cemetery. The pallbearers were Messrs. Sidney Forbes, Harry Demaree, Elbert Buehler, Joseph Monroe, Elmer Stewart, and Robert Zacharias.

To those who mourn for John Brockwell—the mother, the father, the gentle girl who had hoped to be his wife, the brothers and other relatives, and the host of friends and admirers—I offer the tribute of my tears and such consolation as can come from true friendship. I knew John Brockwell all his life—better in the last year than ever before—and I know that he had what the Psalmist prayed for, a clean heart and a right spirit. He had a passionate love of the beautiful, in art and nature, and the last time I saw him he gave me to read some favorite books containing the lives and examples of the work of great artists. He was not merely brilliant in his work; he was painstaking and thorough. I remember on one occasion he said, speaking of some literary work, "I like it; but I want to analyze it before fully expressing myself. You know chemistry is my specialty."

John Brockwell has indeed gone to a far country, but it is a Fair Country, a land where pain shall be no more and bliss shall reign for all time. His life was pure and gentle and splendid on earth. We have the right to believe it will be crowned with beauty and glory in heaven. He was entitled to all of earth's happiness, and much of it was his; he deserves the peace and rest of the Home to which he has bravely journeyed. The memory of such a life will—

"* * * linger in the minds of friends
As fragrance of a rose oft fills a room
Long after shriveled petals fall and die."

PHILIP W. WILEY.

RURAL HEALTH—AMERICA'S FIRST DUTY.

"The estimated economic loss which our nation suffers each year from typhoid fever and malaria alone aggregates $928,234,880, leaving out of entire account the sorrow, the unhappiness, the misery, and the inefficiency which follow in their train." Senator Joseph E. Ransdell of Louisiana today addressed the Senate on the subject of "Rural Health—America's First Duty." "The greatest asset which our country can have" said Senator Ransdell, "is the healthy American citizen, and valuable as it may be to increase the health of livestock and vegetation, it is of far greater importance that we throw every possible safeguard about the health of the man who is responsible for that livestock and vegetation. Over 900 million dollars lost every year! A sum which is sufficient to put our country into a state of preparedness equal to that of any nation in the world, enough money to give us the largest navy afloat and the most efficient army which the world has ever seen, is annually offered up as a sacrifice to two diseases which are entirely preventable. Enough money to pay the annual expenses of every college student in the United States is absolutely thrown away every year." Senator Ransdell estimates the grand total loss from typhoid fever at $271,932,800 per annum, and the loss from malaria at $694,904,750 per year; the total per capita loss from these two diseases being $9.46.

ESTABLISHED 1865 — 51 YEARS IN BUSINESS
CHRISTIAN XANDER'S
Pedro Domecq's Spanish Sherries
The World's Best. 19 Varieties.
909 7th Street, Northwest. — No Branch Houses. Phone M. 274

MEATS — GROCERIES — FISH
Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the
OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.
930 La. Ave. N. W. — 1111 H Street N. E.
8th & E Sts. S. E. — 1632 N. Capitol Street
31st & M Sts. N. W. — 3418-20 Ga. Ave. N. W.
7th & Q Sts. N. W. — 14th & U Streets N. W.
1778 U Street, N. W. — 7th and B Streets N. E.
7th & H Street N. E. — 3113 14th Street, N. W.
726 7th St. N. W. — 1440 P St. N. W.
2002-2004 Ga. Ave. N. W.
POULTRY — BREAD — PRODUCE

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF THE UNITED BREWERY WORKMEN OF AMERICA
Union Made Beer — Ale and Porter
COPYRIGHT & TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1903
THIS IS OUR LABEL.

VOTE
Against Prohibition
DEMAND
Personal Liberty
IN CHOOSING WHAT YOU WILL DRINK
ASK FOR THIS LABEL WHEN PURCHASING BEER, ALE OR PORTER.
As A Guarantee That It Is Union Made.

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK
Northwest Corner FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST
LOOK FOR THE CLOCKS
4 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts
COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

40-MILE MOONLIGHT on Mondays During July and August
Adults 25c, Children 15c.
COLONIAL BEACH
IDEAL SUMMER RESORT—70 Miles from Washington—4-HOUR TRIP.
Good Hotels, Cafes and Stores—Bathing, Boating and all Amusements
STEAMER ST. JOHNS
Fastest and Most Palatial Steamer on the Potomac
Fare, returning same day....Adults 50c, Children 25c
Fare, stop-over ticket.....Adults $1.00, Children 50c
SEE PAPERS FOR SCHEDULE — WHARF: FOOT OF SEVENTH ST.

LYCEUM THEATRE wishes to make friends with all organized workers. I am with you.
HARRY TURBERVILLE, Jr., Manager.

BOOT & SHOE WORKERS UNION — UNION STAMP — Factory
Named Shoes are Frequently Made in Non-Union Factories
DO NOT BUY ANY SHOE
No matter what its name, unless it bears a plain and readable impression of this Union Stamp. All shoes without the Union Stamp are always Non-Union. Do not accept any excuse for absence of the Union Stamp
Boot and Shoe Workers' Union, 246 Summer St., Boston, Mass.
JOHN F. TOBIN President. — CHAS. L. BAINE, Sec.-Treas.

WASHINGTON BREWERY CO.
IMPERIAL EXPORT
A really fine beer

WIENER BEER (Light) — CONGRESS BREW (Dark)
— ALE —
Arlington Brewing Co.
— PORTER —
Tel. West 129 — ROSSLYN, VA.

To the Heart of Leisureland
where woods are cool, streams alluring, vacations ideal. Between New York City (with Albany and Troy the gateways) and
Lake George, the Adirondacks, Lake Chaplain, the North and West
The logical route is "The Luxurious Way"—Largest and most magnificent river steamships in the world—Daily Service. Send for free copy of Beautiful "Searchlight Magazine"
HUDSON NAVIGATION COMPANY
Pier 32, North River —"THE SEARCHLIGHT ROUTE."— New York

Headquarters for Sanitary Paper Towels, Drinking Cups, Etc.
—Recommended by
—the Health Dept.
—For Stores, Public
—Buildings, Offices, Etc.

We are amply prepared to supply these requirements at lowest prices.

Best quality round-shaped 5-oz., 7-oz., and 12-oz. drinking cups in sealed cartons of 100—a supply sufficient to fill the glass-covered nickel-base dispensing machine—appropriate for office or any public use.

Special low prices in 1,000 lots.

Sanitary glass and nickel containers, including a special size of 60 capacity for office use.

PAPER TOWELS

Fine absorbent tissue in towel rolls of 150 towels—sealed packages, 25 cents per roll.

Dulin & Martin Co.
Pottery, Porcelain, China, Glass, Silver, &c.
1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St.

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY

Equitable Life Insurance Co.
of the District of Columbia
THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.
Issues Ordinary and Industrial
Wm. A. Bennett, 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.
EQUITABLE BLD'G. 816 14th ST., N. W.

Black's Alderney and Green Meadow Dairy
Pasteurized and Tubercoline Tested Milk.
Phone N. 1670. Union Dairies.

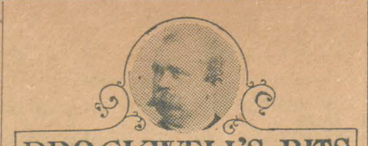
LANSBURGH & BRO.
"DRY GOODS ONLY"
The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City
420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

Bell Brand Union-Made
COLLARS and SHIRTS
LARGE ASSORTMENT
T. HOLLANDER
North Capitol and H Streets

Takoma Bread
Fresh Three Times Daily
AT ALL GROCERS
Havenner Baking Company
Established 1815

Phone Main 3871
WM. H. HOWLIN
OURAY BUILDING, 801 G ST. N. W.
(Room 404)
Engrossing Resolutions, Diplomas, Charters and Fancy Pen Work of all descriptions.

CELTIC CLUB WHISKEY
Our Specialty
Never Changes. Accept No Substitute
Once Tried You'll Always Use It.
Ports and Sherries for family use, Quarts, 50 and 75 cents. All makes of Beer. Leading brands of Cigars. Ales and Porters on draught the year round.
D. J. O'CONNOR
New Jersey Ave. and G Sts. N.W



BROCKWELL'S BITS

BY W.N BROCKWELL

The quarterly meeting of the Washington Union Printers' Athletic Association occurs at 3.30 p. m. on Sunday next. As this is the last meeting before the baseball team of the Association goes on its journey to Indianapolis to attend the annual meet and games of the Union Printers National Baseball League, there ought to be a rousing meeting.

* * *

James E. Maynard, a member of Columbia Union employed at the Printery in the exacting position of proof referee, has hit the trail for a long vacation. Mrs. Maynard and the little boy of course go along. The party have gone to Madison, Wis., their old home, and will make that town headquarters (radiating therefrom at will) for the next two months. Everybody who knows "Jim"—and that means shoals of people in this town—hope the good old scout and his loved ones will have a glorious good time every hour of their absence.

* * *

Tuesday of convention week is the day on which Columbia Typographical Union will entertain the delegates and visitors to the Baltimore Convention of the I. T. U. At its meeting on Sunday last the union appropriated $2,500 for the purpose of caring for the visitors, and the president and secretary of No. 101 will go over to Baltimore and personally deliver the invitation for the convention folks to come to the National Capital for a day's pleasure. The principal features of the day here will be a sightseeing trip by autos, taking in all points of interest, and a luncheon and supper, to be served at Elks' Hall. The outlook is for a good time and a great time for all who participate. The officers of the union, the executive committee, and a special committee of thirty-five members are to have charge of the affair.

* * *

The ninth annual tournament of the Union Printers' National Baseball League occurs at Indianapolis, from August 5 to 12, and the Indianapolis Association is getting ready to entertain the largest crowd in the history of the league. The Hoosiers are famous for their hospitality, and all who attend the meeting will be assured of a most enjoyable time. Lots of printers contemplate going from Washington.

* * *

A letter from Levi H. Patterson, well known among his fellow-members of Columbia Union, tells me that he is improving in health and having a pleasant time. With Mrs. Patterson, he is sojourning near Huntington, Long Island, New York. All of us are glad to know of "Pat's" well-being.

* * *

At its meeting last Sunday Columbia Union relieved from the payment of dues all its members who are serving in the army of their country. This was a graceful and proper act, alike creditable to the organization and complimentary to the brave and patriotic men who are ready and willing to serve their country in fighting its battles.

* * *

Who shall say that printers are not long livers? I meet many of them who have long since passed the three-score-and-ten mark but certainly one as old in years as the writer of the following letter to George G. Seibold is a rarity:

"On the 26th of this month will occur my ninetieth birthday. Just think of it! Feel almost as young as I did 40 years ago. Was in the Labor parade on the 4th of July last, with Washington Post Chapel, from start to finish. The chairman sent an automobile to the Hotel Stratford for me. Had no bad effects from the excitement of the occasion. Am feeling fine today, although the heat of the midsummer weather is somewhat depressing. Were it not for broken hip I feel as if I could do a good day's work at the case.

"Truly, yours,
"WM. H. HUTCHINSON."

For many years Mr. Hutchinson was employed in the Government Printing Office, in the job room of which I first met him many years ago. His last work was in one of the branches of the Printery, leaving there when he was incapacitated as the result of a broken hip from a fall on an icy pavement. He still takes great interest in printers and everything connected with them. A son is a member of Columbia Typographical Union, being employed on the Post.

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

Harry M. Tucker, messenger boy, transferred from Civil Service Commission; Miss Noma G. Miller, probational cataloguer; E. Finley Kitson, compositor, reinstated; John W. Stevens and Ralph D. Boyd, temporary messenger boys; Ulysses F. R. Reed, Andrew S. Jackson, Lemuel Mont, Lindsey Lewis, Luther W. Jones, John A. Crumpton, and George H. Butler, temporary unskilled laborers.

Separations.

Ralph W. Alderman, monotype keyboard operator; George A. Monagon, linotype machinist in charge; William H. Chase, reader; George G. Wilson, assistant foreman; James B. Lomack, elevator conductor; Herbert R. Young, machine helper; Eugene A. Dandridge, oiler; Harry F. Rosenburg, temporary skilled laborer; Paul A. Sebastion, William W. Richardson, William J. Collins, messengers; Louis J. Benner, Joseph Landow, Percival K. Parlett, James E. Jeffries, Thomas J. Abrams, skilled laborers; Louis J. Campbell, George W. Hockney, clerks; Miss Lucy N. Morrison, clerk, resigned; Sumner E. Healy, Charles Kershenbaum, Dewey Esaias messenger boys; John R. Quinn, messenger boy, resigned; John P. Fersinger, Daniel S. Herzog, Harry C. Wells, Richard H. Carter, caster helpers; William E. Pinkston and Frederick A. Hunt, helpers; Harold J. Thiele, Edwin C. Tomlin, Paul C. Eppelsheimer, William B. Gorman, Norman A. Conlon, temporary messenger boys, resigned; James C. Johnson, Arthur C. Brooks, William B. M. Smoot, unskilled laborers.

Transfers, Etc.

Miss Mary B. O'Toole, clerk $900 per annum, to $1,000 per annum, office of superintendent of documents.

John R. Quinn, messenger boy, $420 per annum, to $500 per annum, office of superintendent of documents.

James C. Roche, messenger, 25c per hour, proof section, temporary assignment, to messenger $840 per annum, office of chief clerk.

Lockman Johnson, messenger boy $375 per annum, to $420 per annum, office of superintendent of documents.

Abraam B. Batton, carpenter 55c per hour, to chief carpenter $2,000 per annum, carpenter and paint shop section.

David B. Kaplan, laborer $626 per annum, to helper $720 per annum, office of superintendent of documents.

Mrs. Elizabeth A. Vose, skilled laborer, ruling and sewing section to Library Binding Section.

John W. Schott, messenger 35c per hour, to clerk $876.40 per annum, office of superintendent of work.

Patrick J. Byrne, bookbinder 50c per hour, forwarding and finishing section, to office foreman of binding.

Howard B. Thomas, messenger boy, $500 per annum, to laborer $626 per annum, office of superintendent of documents.

Special Rates for Union Men.
The National Garage
New Jersey Ave. and D Street N. W.
NEAR UNION STATION
WASHINGTON, D. C.
STORAGE REPAIRS SUPPLIES
THE GOLDEN RULE APPLIES
Automobiles and Trucks For Sale
FRANK O. SMITH,
MANAGER.

Parker, Bridget & Co.
"The Avenue at Ninth"
Featuring
Extra Value
$15
Suits for Spring

Up-to-date Tailor Made Suits
$22.50 AND UP.
B. LANDSMAN
STRICTLY UNION
Cleaning, Pressing, Dyeing, Altering and Repairing.
Call For and Deliver.
PHONE LINCOLN 2477.
901 E. Cap. St. Wash., D. C.

Saks & Company
MEN'S and BOYS' OUTFITTERS
Pa. Ave. & 7th St. Wash., D. C.
Economy Floor
(Fourth Floor.)
MEN'S, YOUNG MEN'S AND BOYS' SUITS
$7.50, $10 & $12.50
All
Overalls. Union Made Clothing

New Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits for Hire
WILNER'S
Spring and Summer Suitings
The Latest Novelties of the Season . . . $18.50
EVERY UNION MAN OUGHT TO TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THIS OFFER
Not only do we save you $10.00 on every suit you buy, but our workmanship has proven to stand up, to hold its shape, curl nor wrinkle until the garment will last, and we guarantee to last you fully three years.
We are the FIRST and ONLY Union Custom Tailors in this City.
Order Your Suit From
JOS. A. WILNER & COMPANY
COR. 8th and G STREETS NORTHWEST

CORBY'S YEAST
Leaves nothing to guess-work.
Its purity and strength are uniform.
Every baker knows what that means.
Send for samples.
THE CORBY COMPANY
STATION K. WASHINGTON, D. C.

Building Trades Headquarters Sixth and G Sts. N. W
Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rent
WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES TOBACCO.
COSTELLO BROS

THE PLATE PRINTER
Official Organ Plate Printers International Union.
P. J. RYAN, Editor. CHAS. T. SMITH, Assoc. Editor.
Subscription $1.00 Per Year
Telephone 4528 Wash. Loan & Trust Bldg.

Representative Houses
OF WASHINGTON, D. C.
The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

BANKS
THE NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burglar-proof vaults, acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth and New York Avenue
THE WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee, etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.
SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK
A Bank for the Working People. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account
Ninth and G streets N. W.
UNION SAVINGS BANK. Commercial Accounts. Three per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts. The Oldest Savings Bank in Washington.

MICHAEL T. GREENE
Liquors and Cigars. 639 D St. N. W.
STONER'S BAR AND RESTAURANT
The, G. Stoner. 206 Seventh St.S. W.
J. CHAS. McGUIRE'S BUFFET
Federal Seal Whiskey. 519 Ninth St. N. W.
O'KEEFE'S BUFFET
P. J. O'Keefe, Prop. 904 Pa. Ave N. W.
GLAVIN'S BUFFET
ED. J. GLAVIN 309 G Street Northwest
OXFORD BUFFET
J. F. SCHRINER 730 14th Street N. W.
FRANK'S BUFFET
Fourth and G Sts., N. W. Phone M. 5572
DAVID WALSH'S BUFFET
407 10th Street N. W.
E. E. FARLEY'S BUFFET
415 13th Street N. W.
J. J. O'DONNELL'S BUFFET
333 Penn. Avenue S. E.
HARRY'S BUFFET
631 Penn. Ave. S. E. Phone Lin. 1843

MACHINIST
C. W. FORSBERG, Formerly with Forsberg and Murray, Elevate Boilers. Eighth and Water Streets S. W. Phone Main 751 and 742

GROCER AND COFFEE ROASTER
SOMERSET R. WATERS, 1342 Seventh Street N. W.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
RALSTON AND RICHARDSON, Bond Building, Fourteenth Stree and New York Avenue.
FRANK FULLER Room 421. Munsey Building. Phone Main 1826.

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.
THE SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (INC.) SODA WATER, SYRUPS, Etc., 1066 Wisconsin Avenue Northwest.

PHOTO SUPPLIES
E. J. PULLMAN, Developing and Finishing for Amateurs Specialty 420 Ninth Street N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS
MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Avenue Northwest. Our Specialty Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

FIRE INSURANCE
FIREMAN'S INSURANCE COMPANY, Seventh Street and Louisiana Avenue.

DRY GOODS
WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings Hosiery, a specialty, 806-808 H Street N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

UNDERTAKERS
J. WILLIAM LEE
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY
332 Penna. Avenue N. W.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.
THE W. H. BUTLER COMPANY, 607 and 609 C Street N W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT
NATIONAL MORTAR COMPANY, First and M Street, Northeast
COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING COMPANY, 3036 K Street.

DRUGGISTS
CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth Street and Virginia Avenue S. E.
DAY & CO
5th and G Sts. N. W. 14th and P Sts. N. W
20th St. and Rhode Island Ave. N. E.
QUIGLEY, Druggist, Twenty-first and G Streets N. W.
A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner Seventh and P Streets N. W.

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1
Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.
M. J. DUNNIGAN, President.....2007 14 Street N.W.
JOHN G. WOLFE, Vice-President.1023 N. J. Ave. N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W.

TRUSTEES
Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E.
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E.
Thos. L. Nevins.....504 Maine Avenue S. W.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.
John G. Wolfe,.....1023 N. J. Ave. N. W
J. McElfresh,.....
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E.
A. Tenley.....964 Florida Ave. N. W.
M. Sullivan.....5631-2 15 St. S. E.

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.
Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ARBITRATION COMMITTEE.
M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W.
M. A. Wolfe.....418 F St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. E.
Joseph Harding.....210 13 St. S. W.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W

FINANCE COMMITTEE.
N. Ditzler.....2006 2nd St. N. W
R. Pumphrey.....223 Q St. N. W.
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W.
Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. W.

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.
John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave.
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Cap. St.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L St. S. W.

DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.
John Wolfe.....1023 N. J Avenue N. W.
William Pollard.....522 14 St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

Washington District Council of Carpenters
Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

J. G. O'DONNELL, President, L. U. 132, 122 Sixth Street N. E.
E. B. BYRNE, Secretary, L. U. 132, 425 G Street N. W.
F. A. SHOESMITH, Treasurer, L. U. 2563, 5209 Georgia Avenue N. W.
R. H. BURDETTE, Trustee, L. U. 132, 1207 L Street N. W.
H. S. HOLLOHAN, Trustee, L. U. 132, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
H. PAGE, Trustee, L. U. 2563, 336½ Thirteenth Street N. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, L. U. 132, 519 M Street S. W.
ROBERT ADAM, L. U. 2563, 1511 Vermont Avenue N. W.
FRED HOOK, L. U. 2563, 1528 Eighth Street N. W.
WM. MACKIE, L. U. 2563, 216 Seaton Place N. E.

BUSINESS AGENT.
JAMES H. RYAN, 425 G Street N. W.

GEO. D. HORNING,
N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.
LOAN OFFICE.

PNEUMOGASTRICISMS

BY BILLY ANGLIN

Villa ain't done dead yet!

Wonder if Castro will join Villa?

Why do they say Russian offensive?

Food for thought is not as substantial as army rations.

Phillyites are absolutely immune to a complete anesthetic.

There are some doubts as to the ability of Villa to come back.

We are glad the guy that would prolong life indefinitely is dead.

Columbus discovered America and Villa discovered Columbus.

Be careful eating grapes. Don't swallow the seed the wrong way.

Big business and little business both get all that's coming their way.

Philadelphia wake up again! We've never been able to find it asleep.

We never have been in favor of cigarlighters burning alcohol as fuel.

The more desperate Mexicans are in the States fartherest removed.

You can't help swallowing grape seed once you taste the scuppernong.

We have the promise of someone to help tell you about the doodle bug.

It will soon be time to arrest the robin for being drunk on Chinaberries.

This government recognized Carranza, but Carranza is opposed to reciprocity.

News from the front: You had eggs for breakfast this or yesterday morning?

We wouldn't worry much about pellagra right now if we could only get the corn.

Wish I could remember my thoughts when I first discovered that I was here.

A man jailed for impersonating such a facetious creature as a Congressman. Eh!

From the number willing to get shot we don't see much gain on the part of the Prohis.

If nickels really contain six cents in silver, we've got a sneaking idea that Buffalo is a bull.

Where's the man with shoulder straps patriotic enough to say: "I'll give you these; enlist!"

We hardly see the humor of a Mexican raid in murdering the man after he's been robbed.

That venerable Austrian, Franz Josef, was doing fine in health until this recent Russian Offensive.

If the Mexicans used all their ammunition on the Tenth Cavalry we'll have to lift the embargo for a time.

Don't forget the pork barrel when you read of the putrified beef served to some of the boys on the border.

"All around the mulberry bush" never originated in Georgia where the tree grows as large as an oak.

That stuff they call patriotism always seemed to be an injection for us poor devils while the highbrows stand immune.

Corn pone crumbled into a glass of buttermilk and taken as a light lunch for supper never produced a single case of appendicitis.

In the days agone when turnip tops and collard greens were served with the noon-day meal infantile paralysis was practically unknown.

Whyfore all this shark talk? Washington has had a bunch of man-eating sharks preying on human life for years and—they are still with us.

If we were a woman and married to a man so infernal selfish as to buy a motorcycle, there would be a divorce proceeding in the State or a homicide in the District.

We stood in Fort Worth and saw the boys entrain for Maimi—going down to clean up a wealthy gink's estate—and one poor soul was weeping as if her heart would break. We began to soften at at the sight, until she faced us. Then—I didn't blame the man at all.

'Twas always that way: The old man fights a continuous battle for the necessities of life to rear a boy to man's estate and then feeds him into the mouth of a cannon in order to create a demand for our commerce, which necessarily raises the price of commodities and increases taxation. Great stuff!

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. P. Reichel, 24 Myrtle St. N. E.

Bakery Salemen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at Hammel's Hall, No. 922 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Fennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sunday in each month, Painter's Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N. W.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Edward Fuhrman, 24 Quincy Place, N. W.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets every Sunday, 3 p. m., Jonadab Hall, 628 Louisiana avenue northwest. Secretary, A. Messenio, 514 Tenth street n. w.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 48: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E street southeast.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, E. B. Byrne, 425 G Street N. W.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles Hall, Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 1424 W St. N. W., Apt. 22.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhan, 787 10th St. s. e.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wessaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3800 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets 419 Tenth St. N. W., first and third Fridays. Secretary, J. F. Herrity, Box 52, Arlington, Va.

Engineers, Hoisting No. 77: Meets every Friday, at 8:00 p. m. Hall, S. E. Cor. Tenth and Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, F. J. Nichols, 616 Fourth street northeast.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and B Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hisle, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Watchmen's Union No. 14964: Secretary, Jas. H. Reed, Cor. Sec., 1228 B street southwest.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Avenue S. E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 Twelfth St. N. E.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, Wm. W. Keeler, 148 Eleventh St. S. E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday at 1204 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, E. H. Fulton, 1120 E St. S. E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, H. Gundershein, 728 Columbia Road.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third 2665. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Bus. Agt.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 922 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Phone Main 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets second Sunday and fourth Friday in each month. Secretary, Albert Bridges 210 L st. s. e.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 420: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m. Secretary, J. A. Whitecar, 2209 Minnesota Ave. S. E.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas. B. Cameron, Bethesda, Md.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary W. H. Amiss, 1008 Monroe St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month. Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 820 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressman, No. 1: Meets fourth Saturday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. E. Blakely, 3527 O St. N. W.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custodian and Janitor, 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, W. P. Cannon, 408 Twelfth St. S. E.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe. 326 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. F. Hickman, 518 Sixth St. N. W.

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Mrs. H. B. Tritipoe, 1737 Willard street N. W., Apt. 20.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10.30 a. m. and 8.30 p. m. Secretary, G. W. Calderhead, Ouray Building, Room 312.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle, 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 750 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Friday. Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas. P. Glover, Twentieth and Bryant Sts. N. E.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: International Secretary-Treasurer, Jas. E. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G St. N. W. Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth St. N. W.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.

CHESAPEAKE BEACH
ON THE BAY

Many new attractions, including Monster Derby built over the water. New standard bowling alleys on Board Walk.
Free Dancing.
Numerous amusements for young and old.
ROUND TRIP: SUNDAYS and HOLIDAYS, 50c.
All Other Days, Including Saturdays, 25c.
TRAIN LEAVES DAILY EXCEPT SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS: 9.15, 10.00, 11.30 A. M., 2.30, 6.30 AND 8.00 P. M.
SATURDAYS: 9.15, 10.00, 11.30 A. M., 2.00, 2.30, 3.25, 5.30 AND 8.00 P. M.
SUNDAYS: 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 A. M., 2.00, 3.20, 4.45 AND 8.00 P. M.

IF YOUR DOG
has anything the matter with him, tell us. We have an excellent line of Dog Remedies.
WELLER'S DRUG STORE
Eighth and Eye Sts. S. E. 36th and M N. W.

When in Doubt, Buy of
HOUSE & HERRMANN
FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.
N.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W

STORAGE PACKING FREIGHT HAULING
Merchants Transfer
— AND —
Storage Company
920-922 E Street Northwest
Phone Main 6900
SHIPPING MOVING HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

FIREPROOF
CONSTRUCTION
Hammett Fire Proofing Company
301-302-303 Wilkins Bldg.
Phone Main 3337.
PHONE NORTH 2349
DONOVAN'S
FINE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS
2003 14th St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS
Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple
J. G. O'DONNELL, President, 122 Sixth St. N. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, Vice-President, 519 M St. S. W.
THOS. W. WOLTZ, Recording Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
G. H. F. DAVIS, Treasurer, 439 Second St.S. E.
W. I. STRATTON, Conductor, 617 Sixth St. N. W.
A. F. MOIRSETTE, Warden, 425 G St. N. W.
GEO. MYERS, Business Agent, 425 G St. N. W.
TRUSTEES.
F. J. NOLTE, 24 Eighth Street N. E.
WM. T. BAUM, 472 I Street N. W.
A. P. TAYLOR, 622 I Street N. E.
DELEGATES TO THE DISTRICT COUNCIL.
R. H. BURDETTE, 1207 L Street N. W.
C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
E. B. BYRNE, 425 G Street N. W.
ROBERT REICHARD, 1720 35th Street N. W.
J. H. RYAN, 1101 Eleventh Street S. E.
DELEGATES TO THE CENTRAL LABOR UNION.
C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
R. H. BURDETTE, 816 K Street N. W.
W. S. HOLLOHAN, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
W. T. BAUM, 474 I Street S. W.
MARK REILEY, 1127 B Street S. E.
RELIEF COMMITTEE.
M. REILLY, 1127 B Street S. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
H. M. BEVILL, Brentwood, Md.
J. T. CLIFT, 4115 Seventh Street N. W.
M.A. FOLEY, 118 Seaton Street N. E.
MILL COMMITTEE.
F. E. KETTNER, 3016 Cambridge St. N. W.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
O. A. CARTER, Rosslyn, Va.
DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.
G. H. F. DAVIS, 439 Second Street S. E.

Clothes, Hats and Shoes
The Bieber-Kaufman Co.
901-909 Eighth St. S. E.
Down by the Navy Yard
Washington, D. C.

PHONE MAIN 6079.
Reno Lunch
W. H. WOODCOCK, Proprietor.
625 PA. AVE. N. W.
HOME COOKED FOODS
NEVER CLOSED

CORBY'S DELICIOUS CAKE
10c PER HALF LB.
AT ALL GROCERS

The only strictly
UNION TAILORING
house in the city
M. STEIN & CO.
TAILORS
Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

THE MILTON SCHOOL
Oxford Bldg., 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.
Stenography
Typewriting
English
Spanish
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO BEGINNERS
Now in larger quarters in the Oxford Building, 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
Meets Every Monday Night
Typographica Temple
423-425 G St. N. W.
Secretary s Address: 1325 E. Capitol St.
Telephone: Lincoln 3955
OFFICERS
E. L. TUCKER.....President
HUGH DIGNEY.....Vice-President
JOHN B. COLPOYS, Secretary, 1325 E. Capitol St.
JOSEPH E. TOONE.....Financial Secretary
LUKE F. LUDLOW.....Treasurer
JOSEPH C. CLARK.....Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES: Wm. Zell, Chas. Callan, J. L. Considine.
COMMITTEES
Executive: Hugh Digney (chairman), E. L. Tucker, Jno. B. Colpoys, Luke F. Ludlow, Jos. E. Toone, John Hartley, Robt. Jones.
Legislation: Jno. B. Colpoys (chairman), Jno. H. Lorch, Hubert Newsom, N. P. Alifas, D. J. O'Leary.
Adjustment: Robt. Jones (chairman), Hubert Newsom, B. O'Leary, Bell Spellbring, John G. Schmidt.
Contract: Jno. Hartley (chairman), J. L. Considine, F. M. Kirby, W. H. Schaeffer, Hugh Digney.
Laws: Harry Oehler (chairman), N. A. James, Dan'l Hassett.
Resolutions: W. W. Keeler (chairman), J. H. Conroy, J. M. Foster.
Organization: Jos. E. Toone (chairman), Frank Nolte, Joseph Clark, Elmer Harding, Wm. Whyte.
Auditing: Jos. Crowley (chairman), C. K. Kreichbaum, Joseph Foster.
Credentials: Harry M. Sears (chairman), M. J. Costella, Thos. E. Blakeley.
Label: W. C. Hurfurth.
Press: Jno. B. Colpoys (chairman), W. D. Clark, Chas. Heuter.
Delegates to Baltimore: W. N. Huttel (chairman), William Baum, Daniel Hassett.
Delegates to Alexandria: John J. Purcell, Charles Wright.

Wear Dean Straws
Best in Town, $1.50
422 NINTH STREET N. W.

AMERICAN LUNCH
VIRGINIA THEATRE
Stag Hotel
JOHN J. NOONAN.

MEALS—Special Rates to Union Men—LUNCHES
THE ELITE CAFE
W. A. MORAN, Prop.
636 North Capitol Street

LIST OF LIQUOR DEALERS WHO HAVE SIGNED "THE AGREEMENT."

Allen, Paul.....2 N st. n. e.
Allen, John J...807 N. C. Cap st. n. e.
Beirkle, Leopold, - 1245 H st. n. e.
Castelli, Vincent, 502-504 Ninth st.n.w.
Clark, C. H.....510 9th st. n. w.
Colonial Beach Boat Co.
Costello, Bros.....604 G st. n. w.
Crowley, James J.....702 E st. n. w.
Daly, T. J.....34 H st. n. e.
Daye, Wm. T.....1218 Wisc. ave.
Doyle, Wm. T....1314 Wisc. ave. n. w.
Duffy, James A. -901 1-2 E st. n. w.
Egloff, Julius.....200 3rd st. s. e.
Wm. R. Fosbender, 406 Ninth st. n w.
Franey, F. A.....711½ 9th st. n. w.
Frank, Mrs. M. E. - 319 G st. n. w.
Ganey, M.....615 7th st. s. w.
Glavin, Edwin.....309 G st. n. w.
Hannan, Mrs. E.....531 7th st. s. w.
Hanlon, Timothy.....822 H st. n. e.
Kearney, R. H.....901½ E st. n. w.
Kelliher, J. D.....1258 7th st. s. w.
Killeen, John F.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Louis Hodges, - - 407 9th st n. w.
Lynagh, Peter J.....523 7th st. s. w.
Lynch, John.....417 9th st. n. w.
McCarthy, Dennis J., Evans building.
McCarthy, F. J.....910 4½ st. s. w.
McDonald, F. J.....643 Pa. ave. s. e.
McGuire, J. Chas., 519 Ninth st. n. w.
McHough, Martin....1105 H st. n. e.
Milton Schmidt, - 702 7th st. n. w.
O'Connor, D. J.....100 G st. n. w.
O'Connor, Patrick F...6'7 D st. n. w.
O'Connor, James.....1429 N. Cap. st.
O'Day, John T. - 921 Ninth st. n. w.
O'Donnell, James J...333 Pa. ave. s. e.
Peter White, - - - 905 D st. n. w.
Raftery, Thomas.....406 H st. n. e.
Raftery, Patrick.....225 11th st. n. e.
Roland, J. H.....511 9th st. n. w.
Scanlon, Daniel,.....103 H st. n. w.
Schroter, Conrad....3258 M st. n. w.
Schltz, Mary T.....607 G st. n. w.
Sheehan, John J., 701 North Cap. st.
Solon, Mary A., - 1003 7th st. e.
Stern, M. M.....601 7th st. n. w.
Stanton, Frank J.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Sullivan, John J., 1351 35th st. n. w.
The Casino, Frank Farenkamp (Chesapeake Beach).
Victor Buffet Co., Inc., 7th and G n. w.
Wassman, Henry, 705 Seventh st. n. w.
Wiedeman, Joseph....629 E st. n. w.
William J. O'Leary, 733 North Cap. st.
Wininghер, Harry 631 Pa. ave. s. e.

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

UNION OPERATOR
LOCAL No. 224 WASH. D.C.
AFFILIATED WITH CENTRAL LABOR UNION & A.F. of L.

American, 1st st. and R. . ave.n.w.
Apollo, - - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Aragon Airdome, Md. Ave. 8 & 9, N.E.
Arcade (Theatre and Park, 14th and Park Road.
Auditorium, 13th st. and N. Y. ave.n.w.
Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Central Park, - 9th St. G & H N.W.
Chelsia Theatre, 19th and M sts. n. w.
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N. W.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Eastern, - - 8th St. bet. F & G S. E.
Elite Theatre, 14th and R. I. ave. n. w.
Empire, - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Favorite, H St. North Capitol & First
Garden Theatre, - Hopewell, Va.
Gayety Theatre, - 513 9th st. n. w.
Georgia - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
Home Theater, C bet. 12th & 13th n. e.
Leader - - - 509 Ninth St. N. W.
Liberty Theatre, N. Capitol & P St.
"M" Street Theatre, M St. near 32nd
Maycroft Park, H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Meaders, - - - 8th & G Sts. S. E.
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15, N.W.
Orpheum, - - 4th and C st. n. e.
Plaza Theatre - 434 9th st. n. w.
Pleasant Hrr. Park, 12 and C N. E.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Proctor Park, - - Anacostia, D. C.
Randolpr Park, 1st and Randolph n. w.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
R. I. Theatre, 7th and R. I. Ave. N. W.
Savoy, - - - 14th and Col. Road.
Schuetzen Park, Ga. ave. and Kenyon
Senate, Pa. Ave. bet. 3d & 4th, S. E.
Standard Park, Bates, near N. Cap. St.
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N. E.
Stanton Park, - - - 219 4th N. E.
Starlight Park, 4 1-2 and K st. n. w.
Surprise Theatre - Alexandria, Va.
The Grand, - - - Hopewell, Va.
The Richmond, - - Alexandria, Va.
Truxton Park, N. Capitol & Fla. Ave.
Twilight Park, Pa. Ave. 13 & 14, S. E.
Victoria Theatre, 7th & E Sts. S. W.
Welcome, - - 4 1-2 and K st. s. w.
Zenith, - - 8th St. bet. G & H, S. E.

The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I. P. E. U.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXI. NO. 5 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, JULY 28, 1916. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

UNITED STATES SPENDS LITTLE FOR HUMAN SAFETY

In a speech last week in the Senate, Senator Ransdell called attention to the "colossal sums to prepare for killing men by wholesale" and the small sums voted to conserve human life.

The Louisiana lawmaker did not oppose the appropriations for destruction, which include nearly $680,000,000 in the naval, army and coast fortifications bills, but he insisted that too little attention is given diseases of man, which are covered by appropriations totaling only $1,917,000.

"If we are to reap full measure of success in our program of preparedness," he said, "it is necessary to begin at the fountain head and look well to the health and physical condition of our people. No matter how numerous and strong are our ships and fortifications, nor how many soldiers we have, they will be of little avail unless the men behind the guns are healthy, vigorous, and capable of great exertion."

It was estimated by the speaker that the economic loss which our nation suffers each year from typhoid fever and malaria alone aggregates $928,224,880, leaving out of entire account the sorrow, the unhappiness, the misery and the inefficiency which follow in their train. This sum, he said, is sufficient to put our country in a state of preparedness equal to that of any nation in the world, enough money to give us the largest nation afloat and the most efficient army which the world has ever seen, and enough money to say the annual expenses of every college studnt in the United States, all of which is absolutely thrown away every year, as a sacrifice to two diseases which are entirely preventable.

Senator Ransdell favored a bill which provides for improved rural health through the work of trained investigators. He said the bill would pass if the government believes in the sacredness of human life and if the health of a human being "is of at least as great importance as the health of a domestic animal," for which $5,016,175 has been appropriated.

COMPENSATION BILL IS PASSED BY HOUSE.

Workmen's compensation for Federal employes was approved by the house by a majority of 286 to 3.

Two negative votes were cast, by Congressmen Cannon, of Illinois, and Dies, of Texas. Congressman Stephens of Mississippi was paired against the bill. Mr. Cannon said the proposed law was a pension and not compensation, because it did not provide for the employe contributing toward the compensation fund. When his attention was called to his own state, which makes no such provision, he insisted that contributions should be made by employes.

This measure, introduced by Congressman McGillicuddy, provides for compensation to all injured Federal employes at the rate of two-thirds the wages lost during disability, with a maximum of $66.67 a month and not less than $33.33 unless the employe is paid less than $33.33, in which case he shall receive full pay.

In case of death the widow receives 35 per cent of the monthly pay and 10 per cent additional for each dependent child under 18, same to continue until death or remarriage.

In the Senate a compensation bill, introduced by Senator Sutherland, has been favored by the judiciary committee, which reported that a "government should be willing to deal with those who do its work as generously as it compels private employers to deal with those who do their work."

This legislation was first urged by the American Federation of Labor and a bill covering this question was introduced eight years ago at the request of organized labor.

The present federal compensation law applies to about one-fourth of the 400,000 Federal employes and covers only those engaged in hazardous occupations. For an accident happening in an occupation deemed to be non-hazardous there is no way of obtaining relief except by a special act of Congress. In the present Congress alone nearly 300 bills have been presented for relief.

CITY MUST INSURE EMPLOYES.

Albany, N. Y.—Attorney General Woodbury has ruled that New York city employes, as well as those engaged by the state in hazardous occupations, must be insured under the workmen's compensation law.

The ruling, which is based upon a recent amendment to the workmen's compensation act, is very sweeping and calls for compensation insurance for all employes performing the dangerous tasks enumerated in the compensation law, whether for the state, any of the counties, cities, towns or villages.

BROTHERHOOD ELECTS DELEGATES.

In a recent election of delegates from the United Brotherhood Local 132, George Myers, Robt. Richard, R. H. Burdettle, and H. D. Hollohan emerged the victors in a field of seventeen contestants. This shows the right spirit, and likewise shows that the members of the Carpenters do not live a dormant life.

HOW LABOR INJUNCTIONS STARTED

Writing in the American Federationist, President Gompers traces the injunction process from its beginning, when it was developed for use in cases not covered by law, until the present time, when injunctions set aside constitutional guarantees.

"Our legal theories and judicial institutions were inherited from England," says President Gompers. "In England, in the early times, the only recourse for losses or damages to proper or property rights was through legal procedure in the civil courts to secure an award for damages. But monetary awards were not always full compensation for losses, nor did they afford ample protection against encroachments of feudal overlords upon property or property rights of their retainers.

"There developed the custom of direct appeal to the king or to a representative of the king, known as the chancellor, or the "keeper of the king's conscience."

"The matters involved in such controversies as were brought directly to the king were questions of equity rather than of law.

"The chancellor, who heard both parties, would report to the king advising that either the matter be dismissed or that an order be issued that the offender do what he ought to do or refrain from doing something that would work injustice.

"As time went on, these precedents developed into custom and custom into accepted law. Equity courts became an important part of the judicial machinery of England. The chancellor became a judge, who, without a jury, heard cases for which there was no adequate remedy at law and issued decrees directing that a certain course be carried out.

"These fundamental principles of chancery, or equity, were developed:

"(1) It was to be exercised for the protection of property rights only.

"(2) 'He who would seek its aid must come with clean hands.'

"(3) 'There must be no adequate remedy at law.'

"(4) It must never be used to curtail personal rights.

"(5) It must not be used to punish crime.

"Equity courts have been invoked in times of industrial disputes for the purpose of securing from equity judges restraining orders or injunctions restraining workers from collective action assuring that unity of purpose necessary to make a strike effective; from saying orally or publishing information or doing things necessary to induce employers to agree to better terms and conditions of work, and from profiting by aid and counsel in carrying on industrial contests.

"More than 20 years ago federal courts began to issue such restraining orders and injunctions with great frequency. Since equity courts have jurisdiction only over controversies involving property or property rights, the only seeming justification for the issuance of these restraining orders is the theory that employers' right to do business includes a property right in the labor of employes necessary to carry on the business profitably.

"They assume that property and property rights are infinitely more important than human beings or human rights, and demand that these shall be subordinated to profits and uninterrupted production or transportation.

"It has no bearing upon this argument to stigmatize wage earners wrongfully as lawless and doers of violence. When workers violate law or commit crimes, there is adequate remed yat law. No judge has a right to issue an injunction forbidding commission of crime in advance—neither has an equity court the right to try criminal cases.

"Injunctions have been issued that set aside rights guaranteed workers and all citizens of the state and the United States both by statutory and constitutional law. Restraining orders and temporary injunctions were drawn by lawyers in the pay of employers, presented to equity judges and often signed without even being read, pending, of course, a future hearing. But between the time when they were issued and the future hearing they constituted an order of the court, violation of which could be punished as contempt of court and penalized by fines or imprisonment.

"The terminology used in these edicts was such as to create prejudice against the purposes and activities of the workers by designating them by epithets that carried with them the insinuation of lawlessness and malicious purposes.

"The use of the writ of injunction in industrial disputes was so often in contravention of law and legal justice and subversive to the regular institutions of justice and government that it was fittingly designated as government by injunction. It secured to employers immunity and special privilege and denied workers rights and opportunities. All of this was accomplished under guise of superficial legality in a manner that was outwardly respectable and sanctioned by institutions of justice.

"Thus, like many another beneficient institution, the writ of injunction which was intended to serve the best interests of the people, became an instrument of injustice and tyranny."

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR WON'T BREAK STRIKES

The United States Department of Labor cannot be used to break strikes.

This is the essence of a statement issued by Secretary of Labor Wilson to all officers and employes of the Department "who are connected in any way with the work of labor distribution."

The former secretary of the United Mine Workers' Union shows he is fully alive to the purposes of the law creating this department "to foster, promote and develop the welfare of wage earners of the United States, to improve their working conditions and advance their opportunities for profitable employment."

He says it is not deemed advisable to publish or in any manner promulgate information concerning workmen wanted where a strike exists or is threatened, and that the department of labor is authorized to promote industrial peace rather than industrial disturbance. To furnish information in times of strike, he says, would be simply sending people from where there is a surplus of labor to places where there is already a sufficient supply of labor.

"When a strike exists or is threatened it is prima facie evidence that the workers who have had experience in that employment do not look upon it as being profitable, and that they are persons qualified to do the work is evidenced by the fact that they have been doing it.

"The Department of Labor cannot be made the medium through which information may be conveyed which may induce workers to accept employment where there is already a sufficient supply of labor, and where the termination of the dispute will either result in their being dismissed from the service they have accepted, or will leave other workers who have been on strike unemployed.

"Nor can it be a party to inducing men to accept employment where their presence will act as a disturbing rather than a peace-making factor."

WHY JAPS ARE FAVORED.

In a speech in the United States Senate on Japanese immigration, Senator Works of California gave this insight on pro-Jap agitation:

"Mr. President, there is no persecution of the Japanese in California. They are employed in almost all kinds of work and go unmolested. By many employes they are preferred to white laborers, because more work for the same pay can be gotten out of them than from white laborers, and they demand less in the way of care and support. In fact, it is mostly the selfishness of the employer classes in the United States that brings the Japanese laborer here and keeps him at work in the place that should be filled by the white laborer.

"With them it is a pure matter of business. They welcome the Japanese laborer here because they can get more out of him. Japan does not insist upon her laborers coming here. She has agreed to keep them from coming here by refusing them passports, and I am convinced that she has kept the agreement in good faith. But, as I have said, her efforts are not effective. I am sorry to say it, but what we need most is not legislation against the Japanese but against the selfishness of our own people, who disregard the good of the masses of the people in their own interests."

SHAMEFUL CONDITIONS IN SOUTHERN ILLINOIS.

Chicago, Ill.—C. M. Brown, state deputy inspector of factories, reports on the shameful conditions under which striking metal miners at Rosiclare, Hardin county, live. The state official says that the houses are built about four feet from the ground on posts or rocks piled on top of one another with no cement or mortar between then.

"The cisterns," he continues, "are located between each two houses, the gutters on the houses are wood, the downspouts are wood and are rotted off just above the ground, which leaves dirt, bugs and filth go into the cistern. They strain all the water through cloth before using and then it's not fit to wash in let alone drink. The furnishings in these homes are awful, no screens or windows, and I never say more flies around the stock yards than I saw there. No carpets, no pictures, nothing but beds, a few chairs, table and stove is about all they have, all except the men folks barefooted. The water closets are about 50 feet back of the houses, no walk leading to same, no fences around place. It would make one's heart sick to see how they have to live and to think that they would have to strike in order to get a small raise in order to live."

The Illinois trade union movement is assisting these workers, who were forced on strike because of poor working conditions, low wages and a 12-hour day. The Farmers' Union of this State is also rendering valuable assistance. In a letter to the organized farmers of Hardin county officers of the state branch say: "With the eyes of the whole state upon you, we feel that you will aid these striking brothers of toil by every means in your power."

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - Editor
Wm. H. Anglin - - - - - Associate Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., JULY 28, 1916.

VITALITY FOR A NATION.

Development and health have a vital significance in the life and the working ability of each individual as well as of the whole nation. They are just as necessary to the best industrial development of the country as they are to preparedness for defense.

These are the basis for all development. But we must be on guard that physical training shall not be subordinatd to the interests of any one special phase of national life. It must be in furtherance of a broad general plan of usefulness.

Physical training that is narrowly specialized or dominated by any isolated ideal, whether it be militarism or anything else, is subversive to the broadest and largest development of the nation and its people.

Physical training must fit citizens for industry, for commerce, for service in the work of the nation, as well as for service in defense of the nation. But physical training and preparedness are insufficient.

There must be a spirit among the people that makes them loyal to country and willing to give themselves to its service and protection.

That spirit cannot exist unless the citizens feel that the nation will assure to all equal opportunities and equal justice.

They must feel that they are a part of the nation, with a voice in determining its destinies.

This spirit of loyalty depends not only upon political rights, but upon justice and right in the industrial field—aye, in all relations of life.

National preparedness involves also the co-ordination and utilization of national forces and resources.

War, as it is being waged to-day, is determined not merely by the men on the battlefield, but also by the mobilization of the national resources, national industries and commerce.

The real problem is the organization of the material forces and resources of the country, the co-ordination of these in the furtherance of a definite military defense policy.—Trades Union News.

THE FEDERAL EMPLOYE.

Volume one, number one, of the Federal Employe, official organ of the Federal Employees Union, No. 14632, 206 Ouray Building, reached our sanctum today.

"One for all; all for one" is the motto of this monthly magazine, devoted to the interests of the employees and of the Civil Service of the United States.

It's subscription price is $1.00 a year, or 10 cents a copy, and it is well worth the money.

As a Foreword, they have this to say: "With this, the first issue of The Federal Employe, Government workers all over the country receive a sign and symbol of their unity and solidarity. This new organization, which has made them a constituent part of the great organized labor movement of the United States, is for every person in the Government service. It is to your interest, as a public servant, to realize the community of interest you have with every other Government servant and join this organization. This magazine will tell you about what is being done to further your interests. It will be your magazine. It will expect your support and endeavor to deserve it. If you like The Federal Employe, tell others. If there is anything you don't like, tell us."

We welcome The Federal Employe, the time is opportune, there is work to be done, more especially among the Civil Service employees of the Government. We hope its mission will be bright with the successes so well deserved by those who are standing at the helm of this grand organization.

NOLAN BILL GETS SETBACK.

Last week the Nolan $3-a-day minimum wage bill received a setback.

The House, which was to have devoted this day to consideration of bills on the so-called unanimous consent calendar, adjourned after a short session on account of the death of Congressman Moss. The Nolan bill is on the calendar and Speaker Clark had promised to recognize Congressman Nolan, who, together with other members of the labor group, attempted to secure another day for the unanimous consent business, but this was objected to by Congressman Mann, Republican leader.

The bill now goes over until next month, when an attempt will be made to secure its consideration.

LABOR IS NOT A COMMODITY.

In a speech in the House of Representatives on the labor sections of the Clayton law, Congressman Lewis, a member of the labor group, said:

"Everybody understands that section 7 would have been written into the Sherman act in 1890 had there been any thought of the interpretation since made of that great act. Everybody knows that Congress at that time had no thought of legislating with regard to the relations of employers and employe.

"While a barrel of oil is not only a commodity in the market it is a commodity before the courts; it is a commodity before the legislature. The legal attribute of a commodity is property, but the legal attribute of the workingman is citizenship."

PNEUMOGASTRICISMS

BY BILLY ANGLIN

The hand is quicker than the eye on circus day.

We have about thirty days leave to spend some Saturday night.

There is no love-making on the hurricane deck of the Deutschland.

Thousands of people are taking medicine when a brisk walk and an occasional bath would prove marvelous.

Some one has said that a skunk smells no worse to the man than the man does to the skunk. Poor skunk!

Fine points on international law: If a thief digs under the smokehouse and secures a ham, is he a submarine?

Appendicitis has become so popular a great many people refrain from drawing their will along with the check.

Price of Bibles has advanced—due to the war, of course. Not that there is a greater demand for them, however.

If we belonged to the crew of the Deutschland the mere matter of going down wouldn't worry us one bit—but coming up.

If Villa keeps up his record of brigandage and rapine his name will indeed be a household word in the upper part of Mexico.

Where's the old-fashioned boy that used to eat green apple dumplings without being operated upon with a hot-water bag.

The vacation period is upon us again. Thou verdant oasis situated midway between nervous prostration and the weekly payroll.

Embroidery—A useful pastime when applied to such homely garments as pants, shirts, and other ingenue worn by male inhabitants.

The free use of the dust pan as a depositary for infantile paralysis germs would prove very efficacious in many of our modern kept houses.

There is no comparison in alkali dust and the pollen of the inquisitive jimson weed when coming in direct contact with the olfactory nerve.

With all the theories in regard to sharks, it seems to us we have just advanced far enough in a hygienic way to prove palatable to Mr. Fish.

Gasoline is very fast on its feet, and should never be disturbed when in the act of exploding, unless the combustion is made on its own high price.

Where's the quaint old-fashioned female with submarine pockets that used to wander from counter to counter through the department stores.

Percolator—A device used by modern housewives to remove caffein from coffee, after which it is duly deposited upon the bazaar center piece in a dark brown splotch.

We fail to see how theologians can reconcile themselves to their teachings for all these years, with the impending conflict. To be sure, there's something wrong. If its the way Christianity is instilled, let's get another system. How about a hyperdermic?

From the Front!

Somewhere in Texas, July twenty-twoth, '16.

Dear Bill:

No danger of one eating himself into a state of pious resignation in the army. The more beans there are, the more beans to eat, and I see no one galloping through the two-course menu.

For some reason the bill of fare in the army consists of a series of very coarse food, so coarse, in fact, it grates on my nerves, and no one has to scan a French dictionary to find the name of embalmed beef and beans.

But there is no place on earth where self-possessed table manners come in so unhandy as when we grab our tin cup, tin plate, and tin fork, and elbow our way to the head of the line as soon as the bugle sounds "taps." (I may not be just right on the bugle call in the first place, but in the second place I can't be wrong.)

It is a three-times a day occurrence to find that our weapons of warfare, used in attacking the inner man, have been mislaid or misled. They bear such a striking resemblance, one to the other, however, a man is excusable for mistaking them for his own.

We find it a pleasing occupation to eat and sleep, and the fact that the enemy is just beyond the line does not interrupt us when once we are in the arms of Morpheus.

You should see this bunch eat. Got you beat, Bill. I recall when I first met you in Fort Worth. The second week there, if you recall, you got double orders of every dish served, and gathered up the left-overs from the other seven that ate at our table.

I also recall about three months later, despite your ravenous appetite, you had lost 40 pounds and was living on a liquid diet. I understand you are still using that prescription.

Well, if the man who made this army move to the border, had only had our experience there would have been a double supply of beans and bacon to start with, that to be followed by crates of peptonoid later on.

Just wait—this alkali acclimation is something to go through. The boys now are gradually coming around to straining the wiggletails and tad-poles out of the cistern water and drinking it in preference to retaining a fugitive taste of Epsom salts from the alkali.

So long. You'll hear from me again.

"Bo."

ESTABLISHED 1865 — 51 YEARS IN BUSINESS

CHRISTIAN XANDER'S

35 Foreign and Domestic Whiskies

IRISH, SCOTCH, RYE, BOURBON, MALT, CORN.

909 7th Street, Northwest. — No Branch Houses. Phone M. 274

MEATS — GROCERIES — FISH

Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the

OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.

930 La. Ave. N. W. — 1111 H Street N. E.
8th & E Sts. S. E. — 1632 N. Capitol Street
31st & M Sts. N. W. — 3418-20 Ga. Ave. N. W.
7th & Q Sts. N. W. — 14th & U Streets N. W.
1778 U Street, N. W. — 7th and B Streets N. E.
7th & H Street N. E. — 3113 14th Street, N. W.
726 7th St. N. W. — 1440 P St. N. W.
2002-2004 Ga. Ave. N. W.

POULTRY — BREAD — PRODUCE

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF UNITED BREWERY WORKMEN
Union MADE Beer — Ale AND Porter
OF AMERICA
COPYRIGHT & TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1903
THIS IS OUR LABEL.

VOTE
Against Prohibition
DEMAND
Personal Liberty
IN CHOOSING WHAT YOU WILL DRINK
ASK FOR THIS LABEL WHEN PURCHASING BEER, ALE OR PORTER.
As A Guarantee That It Is Union Made.

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK
Northwest Corner FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST
LOOK FOR THE CLOCKS
4 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts
COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

40-MILE MOONLIGHT on Mondays During July and August
Adults 25c, Children 15c.

COLONIAL BEACH

IDEAL SUMMER RESORT—70 Miles from Washington—4-HOUR TRIP.
Good Hotels, Cafes and Stores—Bathing, Boating and all Amusements

STEAMER ST. JOHNS

Fastest and Most Palatial Steamer on the Potomac
Fare, returning same day....Adults 50c, Children 25c
Fare, stop-over ticket.....Adults $1.00, Children 50c
SEE PAPERS FOR SCHEDULE — WHARF: FOOT OF SEVENTH ST.

LYCEUM THEATRE wishes to make friends with all organized workers. I am with you.
HARRY TURBERVILLE, Jr., Manager.

BOOT & SHOE WORKERS UNION — UNION STAMP — Factory

Named Shoes are Frequently Made in Non-Union Factories

DO NOT BUY ANY SHOE

No matter what its name, unless it bears a plain and readable impression of this Union Stamp. All shoes without the Union Stamp are always Non-Union. Do not accept any excuse for absence of the Union Stamp

Boot and Shoe Workers' Union, 246 Summer St., Boston, Mass.

JOHN F. TOBIN President. — CHAS. L. BAINE, Sec.-Treas.

WASHINGTON BREWERY CO.

IMPERIAL EXPORT

A really fine beer

WIENER BEER (Light) — CONGRESS BREW (Dark)

— ALE —

Arlington Brewing Co.

— PORTER —

Tel. West 129 — ROSSLYN, VA.

To the Heart of Leisureland

where woods are cool, streams alluring, vacations ideal. Between New York City (with Albany and Troy the gateways) and

Lake George, the Adirondacks, Lake Chaplain, the North and West

The logical route is "The Luxurious Way"—Largest and most magnificent river steamships in the world—Daily Service. Send for free copy of Beautiful "Searchlight Magazine"

HUDSON NAVIGATION COMPANY

Pier 32, North River —"THE SEARCHLIGHT ROUTE."— New York

Headquarters for Sanitary Paper Towels, Drinking Cups, Etc.
—Recommended by
—the Health Dept.
—For Stores, Public
—Buildings, Offices, Etc.

We are amply prepared to supply these requirements at lowest prices.

Best quality round-shaped 5-oz., 7-oz., and 12-oz. drinking cups in sealed cartons of 100—a supply sufficient to fill the glass-covered nickel-base dispensing machine—appropriate for office or any public use.

Special low prices in 1,000 lots.

Sanitary glass and nickel containers, including a special size of 60 capacity for office use.

PAPER TOWELS

Fine absorbent tissue in towel rolls of 150 towels—sealed packages, 25 cents per roll.

Dulin & Martin Co.
Pottery, Porcelain, China, Glass, Silver, &c.
1215 F St. and 1214-16 G St.

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY

Equitable Life Insurance Co.
of the District of Columbia

THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Issues Ordinary and Industrial

Wm. A. Bennett, 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.

EQUITABLE BLD'G. 816 14th ST., N. W.

Black's Alderney and Green Meadow Dairy
Pasteurized and Tubercoline Tested Milk.
Phone N. 1670. Union Dairies.

LANSBURGH & BRO.

"DRY GOODS ONLY"

The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City

420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

Bell Brand Union-Made
COLLARS and SHIRTS
LARGE ASSORTMENT
T. HOLLANDER
North Capitol and H Streets

Takoma Bread
Fresh Three Times Daily
AT ALL GROCERS
Havenner Baking Company
Established 1815

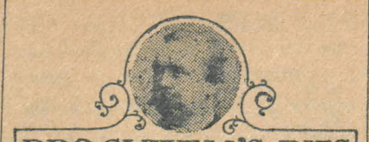
Phone Main 3871

WM. H. HOWLIN

OURAY BUILDING, 801 G ST. N. W.
(Room 404)

Engrossing Resolutions, Diplomas, Charters and Fancy Pen Work of all descriptions.

CELTIC CLUB WHISKEY
Our Specialty
Never Changes. Accept No Substitute
Once Tried You'll Always Use It.
Ports and Sherries for family use, Quarts, 50 and 75 cents. All makes of Beer. Leading brands of Cigars. Ales and Porters on draught the year round.
J. J. O'CONNOR
New Jersey Ave. and G Sts. N.W



BROCKWELL'S BITS

BY W. N. BROCKWELL

If the evidence furnished by the Denver Labor Bulletin is correct—and I find no occasion to doubt it—the printers of the Colorado metropolis must be enjoying great prosperity. About half of the typos mentioned in the Bulletin's printing news are featured as owning automobiles. Go it, fellows! Even with oil at record prices, the sport is well worth the cost—if you can hold it from the groceryman.

* * *

Answering numerous queries on the subject, the writer is sorry to announce that Mr. H. A. Nothnagel, a member of No. 101, employed for many years in the Government Printing Office as a proofreader, is seriously ill. After more than two months at home as the result of a severe bladder trouble (from which he has suffered much and lost a great deal of time from work during the past five years), he was taken to Johns Hopkins Hospital, in Baltimore, about two weeks ago, where he is undergoing the radium treatment for his ailment. I sincerely trust that he may find speedy and permanent relief.

* * *

The death of Jeremiah J. Sullivan, which occurred at a hospital in this city on Friday, July 21, 1916, will be melancholy news to many printers here and elsewhere. Mr. Sullivan was born December 15, 1852, and became a member of Buffalo Typographical Union in August, 1879. He came to Washington to live many years ago, and here, as elsewhere, was active in the affairs of the Union. I recall that at one time he was chairman of Columbia Union's board of trustees, and gave the organization excellent service. A deep thinker and a fine speaker, he was useful in a marked degree in the labor movement during all the best years of his life. For a number of years past he had been an employee of the Department of Labor, and among its personnel was highly esteemed personally and regarded as among its most active and intelligent workers. He was a man of strong and wholesome ideas and ideals and never failed to give public expression to them.

* * *

The board of directors of the Washington Union Printers Athletic Association will meet at Typographical Temple on Tuesday next, to complete arrangements for the baseball team's trip to Indianapolis. The team is to leave here on Friday, August 4, by the Baltimore & Ohio, and the Indianapolis festivities and games will cover the week of August 5 to 12, 1916. At the regular meeting of the Association on Sunday last the officers reported that almost sufficient funds were in hand to finance the trip, the balance to be made up, it is hoped, by a scheme which the players will present to the members of the Union during the present week.

* * *

The friends of James R. Alford, of the proof room of the Printery, will be glad to know that the chances are good for his early recovery from a recent serious illness. At present he is at Georgetown University Hospital, but hopes to be out in a short while.

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

Mrs. Mabel M. Jackson, Miss Annie F. Allen, Mrs. Mary E. McGrath, Miss Carrie E. Garrett, Miss Elizabeth Clauser, Miss Mary F. Mealy, temporary skilled laborers (female).

William C. Coe, Harvey H. Graves, John A. Coleman, jr., probationary messenger boys.

John Moore, Thomas J. McGuire, Simson L. Lindley, William H. Chase, George J. Stewart, Ernest H. Lewis, Reginald M. Williams, Bernard J. Sweeney, William D. Jackson, Walter M. Brooks, Rudolph H. Shepard, temporary skilled laborers.

George D. McCathran, Leo F. Spaight, Edward A. Kennedy, Windsor L. Bean, jr., Francis N. Crowley, temporary messenger boys.

James Williams, Daniel Brooks, Jordan C. Bergens, Abe L. Hawkins, temporary unskilled laborers.

Separations.

John R. Quinn, messenger boy, resigned.

James J. Spaulding, W. Brooke Hunter, jr., messenger boys.

Lawrence W. Trumbull, assistant messenger.

Jay V. Trammell, counter.

William G. Jones, emergency linotype operator.

George S. Ball, linotype machinist.

Charles E. Monninger, Peter Blaauboer, monotype keyboard operator.

Walter M. Gees, probationary bookbinder.

William J. Schaabel and Harry C. Arnold, bookbinder.

James R. Johnson and Herbert E. James, linotype operator.

Myer Gewirz, laborer.

Fred D. Jones, probationary skilled laborer, resigned.

Adolph J. Fugitt, skilled laborer, resigned.

William E. Smith and Wade P. Lane, temporary skilled laborers.

Henry S. Parker, Henry P. Ewing, John S. Donohue, Cornelius A. King, skilled laborers.

Transfers, Etc.

Frank A. Tuck, copy editor, 65 cents per hour, to monotype keyboard operator, 60 cents per hour, monotype section.

George S. Powell, Jesse P. Wallace, William L. Smith, temporary skilled laborers, from stores division to press division.

Spurgeon H. Weaver, skilled laborer, press division (day) to (night).

Robert Reynolds, unskilled laborer, press division (night) to (day).

Frank Addison, temporary unskilled laborer, press division to stores division.

Wilfred F. Shellman, skilled laborer, stores division to press division.

Thomas A. Bligh, messenger boy $420 per annum to $500 per annum, office of superintendent of documents.

Leslie N. Bents, messenger boy $500 per annum, to skilled laborer $626 per annum, office of superintendent of documents.

Charles R. Dutrow, probationary messenger boy at $375 per annum, to $420 per annum, office of superintendent of documents.

Henry A. Sweeney, messenger boy $375 per annum, to $420 per annum, office of superintendent of documents.

Charles F. Webster, copyholder 50 cents per hour, to proof reader 60 cents per hour, proof section (night).

Charles P. Latterner, messenger boy 15 cents per hour, monotype section (night) to skilled laborer 25 cents per hour, linotype section (day).

Samuel Shapiro, messenger boy $500 per annum, office of superintendent of documents to skilled laborer 25 cents per hour, linotype section (day).

ELECTS OFFICERS.

At a recent meeting of Cigarmakers Local Union No. 110, the following officers were elected for the ensuing term:

President, John Wingate.
Vice-President, H. Albrecht.
Financial Secretary, F. J. Dahler.
Corresponding Secretary, E. D. Tillou.
Treasurer, Peter Hahn.
Sergeant-at-Arms, Ed. Malone.
Trustees, J. Wingate, H. Albrecht, F. W. Spiece.
Financial Committee, S. J. Collins, F. W. Spiece, H. Albrecht.
Agitation Committee, C. J. Hueter, F. J. Dahler.
Delegates to Central Labor Union, Joe Andrews, F. J. Dahler, S. J. Collins, C. J. Hueter, E. D. Tillou.

ADOPTS THE LABEL.

The Anti-Saloon League of Washington, D. C., has, by unanimous vote, adopted the union label, and that it must, in the future, appear on all its printed matter.

The working class movement to be most effective must be conducted by the workers themselves in the interest of the workers. It will not be dominated by the so-called intellectuals or butters-in.—Gompers.

* * *

AMERICAN LUNCH
VIRGINIA THEATRE
Stag Hotel
JOHN J. NOONAN.

Parker, Bridget & Co.
"The Avenue at Ninth"
Featuring Extra Value
$15
Suits for Spring

Up-to-date Tailor Made Suits
$22.50 AND UP.
B. LANDSMAN
STRICTLY UNION
Cleaning, Pressing, Dyeing, Altering and Repairing.
Call For and Deliver.
PHONE LINCOLN 2477.
901 E. Cap. St. Wash., D. C.

New Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits for Hire

WILNER'S

Spring and Summer Suitings

The Latest Novelties of the Season . . . $18.50

EVERY UNION MAN OUGHT TO TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THIS OFFER

Not only do we save you $10.00 on every suit you buy, but our workmanship has proven to stand up, to hold its shape, curl nor wrinkle until the garment will last, and we guarantee to last you fully three years.

We are the FIRST and ONLY Union Custom Tailors in this City.

Order Your Suit From

JOS. A. WILNER & COMPANY
COR. 8th and G STREETS NORTHWEST

CORBY'S YEAST

Leaves nothing to guess-work.
Its purity and strength are uniform.
Every baker knows what that means.
Send for samples.

THE CORBY COMPANY
STATION K. WASHINGTON, D. C.

Building Trades Headquarters Sixth and G Sts. N. W
Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rent
WINES, LIQUORS. BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES TOBACCO. COSTELLO BROS

THE PLATE PRINTER
Official Organ Plate Printers International Union.
P. J. RYAN, Editor. CHAS. T. SMITH, Assoc. Editor.
Subscription $1.00 Per Year
Telephone 4528 Wash. Loan & Trust Bldg.

Representative Houses

OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

BANKS

THE NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burglar-proof vaults, acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth and New York Avenue

THE WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee, etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK
A Bank for the Working People. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account
Ninth and G streets N. W.

UNION SAVINGS BANK. Commercial Accounts. Three per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts. The Oldest Savings Bank in Washington.

MICHAEL T. GREENE
Liquors and Cigars. 639 D St. N. W.

STONER'S BAR AND RESTAURANT
The, G. Stoner. 206 Seventh St. S. W.

J. CHAS. McGUIRE'S BUFFET
Federal Seal Whiskey. 519 Ninth St. N. W.

O'KEEFE'S BUFFET
P. J. O'Keefe, Prop. 904 Pa. Ave. N. W.

GLAVIN'S BUFFET
ED. J. GLAVIN 309 G Street Northwest

OXFORD BUFFET
J. F. SCHRINER 730 14th Street N. W.

FRANK'S BUFFET
Fourth and G Sts., N. W. Phone M. 5572

DAVID WALSH'S BUFFET
407 10th Street N. W.

E. E. FARLEY'S BUFFET
415 13th Street N. W.

J. J. O'DONNELL'S BUFFET
333 Penn. Avenue S. E.

HARRY'S BUFFET
631 Penn. Ave. S. E. Phone Lin. 1843

MACHINIST
G. W. FORSBERG, Formerly with Forsberg and Murray, Elevate Boilers. Eighth and Water Streets S. W. Phone Main 751 and 742

GROCER AND COFFEE ROASTER
SOMERSET R. WATERS, 1342 Seventh Street N. W

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
RALSTON AND RICHARDSON, Bond Building, Fourteenth Stree and New York Avenue.
FRANK FULLER Room 421. Munsey Building, Phone Main 1826.

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.
THE SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (INC.) SODA WATER SYRUPS, Etc., 1066 Wisconsin Avenue Northwest.

PHOTO SUPPLIES
E. J. PULLMAN, Developing and Finishing for Amateurs Specialty 420 Ninth Street N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS
MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Avenue Northwest. Our Specialty Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

FIRE INSURANCE
FIREMAN'S INSURANCE COMPANY. Seventh Street and Louisiana Avenue.

DRY GOODS
WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings Hosiery, a specialty, 806-808 H Street N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

UNDERTAKERS
J. WILLIAM LEE
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY
332 Penna. Avenue N. W

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.
THE W. H. BUTLER COMPANY, 607 and 609 C Street N. W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT
NATIONAL MORTAR COMPANY, First and M Street, Northeast
COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING COMPANY. 3036 K Street.

DRUGGISTS
CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth Street and Virginia Avenue S. E.
DAY & CO
5th and G Sts. N. W. 14th and P Sts. N. W
20th St. and Rhode Island Ave. N. E.
QUIGLEY, Druggist, Twenty-first and G Streets N. W.
A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner Seventh and P Streets N. W

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1
Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.

M. J. DUNNIGAN, President.....2007 14 Street N.W.
JOHN G. WOLFE, Vice-President. 1023 N. J. Ave. N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W.

TRUSTEES

Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E.
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E.
Thos. L. Nevins.....504 Maine Avenue S. W.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe,.....1023 N. J. Ave. N. W
J. McElfresh,.....
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E.
A. Tenley.....964 Florida Ave. N. W.
M. Sullivan.....5631-2 15 St. S. E.

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.

Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ARBITRATION COMMITTEE.

M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W.
M. A. Wolfe,.....418 F St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. E.
Joseph Harding.....210 13 St. S. W.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....2006 2nd St. N. W
R. Pumphrey.....223 Q St. N. W.
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W.
Frank Miller.....50 I St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. W.

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave.
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Cap. St.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L St. S. W.

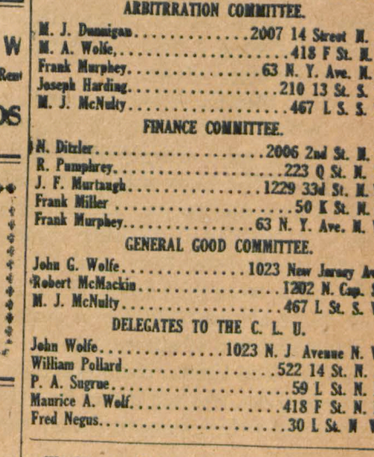
DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.

John Wolfe.....1023 N. J Avenue N. W.
William Pollard.....522 14 St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

Washington District Council of Carpenters
Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

J. G. O'DONNELL, President, L. U. 132, 123 Sixth Street N. E.
E. B. BYRNE, Secretary, L. U. 132, 425 G Street N. W.
F. A. SHOESMITH, Treasurer, L. U. 2563, 5209 Georgia Avenue N. W.
R. H. BURDETTE, Trustee, L. U. 132, 1207 L Street N. W.
H. S. HOLLOHAN, Trustee, L. U. 132, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
H. PAGE, Trustee, L. U. 2563, 336½ Thirteenth Street N. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, L. U. 132, 519 M Street S. W.
ROBERT ADAM, L. U. 2563, 1511 Vermont Avenue N. W.
FRED HOOK, L. U. 2563, 1528 Eighth Street N. W.
WM. MACKIE, L. U. 2563, 216 Seaton Place N. E.

BUSINESS AGENT.
JAMES H. RYAN, 425 G Street N. W.



GEO. D. HORNING,

N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.

LOAN OFFICE

DO YOU

Think dog muzzling cruel and then marvel at the spread of rabies?

Carefully select your brand of liquor and then feed your children unpasteurized milk?

Repeat the Golden Rule and then sneeze in somebody's face?

Go camping for your health and then place your toilet so that it drains into your water supply?

"NO STRIKE" SCHEME FAILS.

Denver, Colo.—Over 200 cracker bakers, employed by two large companies, are on strike for higher wages and improved working conditions, as a result of the state industrial commission's refusal to support their demands.

Under the law it is illegal for workers in this state to strike prior to 30 days' notice to the commission, on the theary that "both sides will cool off." The bakers complied with the law and the commission investigated. The companies told them competition with eastern concerns made the request impossible. Despite high freight rates to the west and the increased cost of living in Colorado, the commission favored the employers. The workers declined to "cool off." They suspended work.

Shortly afterwards the companies forgot their claims regarding eastern competition and offered to increase wages if the strikers would abandon their union. As an extra inducement the companies offered to instal "welfare plans," similar to the Rockefeller "union." Both offers were unanimously rejected by the workers, two-thirds of whom are women and girls.

The companies are advertising for "help" without including the statement that strikes exist in their plants. This is in violation of the state law.

One of the struck concerns attempted, last summer, to deduct from the pay of its employes the cost of insurance under the workmen's compensation law. The workers organized as a result and since then have been affiliated to the International Union of Bakery and Confectionery Workers.

GIRL CIGARMAKERS STRIKE.

Detroit, Mich.—The strike of nonunion cigarmakers has spread to 17 shops and now includes over 7,000 employes, mostly women and girls, who are demanding higher wages, abolition of the fining system and the many schemes by which they are compelled to make cigars without pay.

The American Federation of Labor, the Cigarmakers' Internation Union and the local trade union movement are giving these workers every possible aid.

Several years ago a number of cigar companies formed a combination to devise methods to secure labor at the lowest possible cost. This resulted in such conditions that the Executive Council of the A. F. of L., under instructions of the Philadelphia convention, assigned a representative to investigate. It was found that the companies started a school in which female students were taught a part of the cigar trade.

In order that the school might be self-supporting, they made it a cigar factory and named it the Detroit Ideal Cigar Company. Young girls were compelled to sign an agreement to learn whatever part of the cigar trade was assigned to them, to work 35 days without pay and to pay the company $5 in advance for such instruction, besides furnishing their own tools. If they could not pay $5 in advance, they paid $6 in installments. After 36 days these girls were given positions in the various factories. Here they work six months for a certificate of $1 per week, payable at the expiration of six months, on condition that they work steadily during this time. If an employe, on account of illness or other incapacitation, worked a day less than the time required, the company would refuse to cash the $1 certificate.

VIOLATES "FULL CREW" LAW.

Harrisburg, Pa.—The public service commission holds that the Pennsylvania railroad violated the "full crew" law in not providing a baggageman on a train of 10 cars, including sleeping cars, running between Pittsburg and North Philadelphia. This case has attracted much attention and is regarded as a test case. The company was in the forefront of a movement to have the last legislature repeal this law. The railroad companies succeeded, but the bill was vetoed by Governor Brumbaugh.

RURAL CREDITS BILL SIGNED.

President Wilson has signed the rural credits bill, recently passed by both houses of Congress. It provides for the establishment of a system of land mortgage banks to handle long-time loans to farmers.

This law will enable farmers to take advantage of their combined credit, as has been done by business men, who can secure short-term loans from banks and other institutions created and regulated by public authority or long-term loans by the sale of stocks and bonds.

WIRE MEN MAKE GAINS.

Canton, Ohio.—Striking electrical workers have secured a union shop agreement with one of the largest electrical concerns in this city. The other companies offer improved working conditions but insist on the nonunion shop. This the electrical workers decline—they refuse to be a party to their own destruction.

OPPOSE EIGHT-HOUR DAY.

San Francisco.—The San Francisco Restaurant Men's Association has resolved against the eight-hour day, favored by their organized employes. The restaurant and hotel men say "the time is inopportune." The workers have been conducting an organizing campaign and announce their intention of reducing the 10-hour day to eight. The movement includes cooks, waiters and cook's helpers.

Every union man should have the interests of organized workers enough at heart to ask for the label when making purchases. Create a demand for union label goods.

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p. m.; Building Trades Hall. Secretary, F. S. Radman, 732 Gresham Place N. W.

Bakery Salemen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at Moose Hall, Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sunday in each month, Painter's Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N. W.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Edward Fuhrman, 24 Quincy Place, N. W.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets every Sunday, 3 p. m., Jonadab Hall, 623 Louisiana avenue northwest. Secretary, A. Messenio, 514 Tenth street n. w.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 48: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E street southeast.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G Street N. W.

Brotherhood of Railway Carmen of America, Local Union No. 313: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Streets N. E. Secretary, C. F. Cross, 924 K Street N. E. Meeting nights first and third Tuesdays.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles Hall, Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 1424 W St. N. W., Apt. 22.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhan, 737 10th St. s. e.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wassaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Twelfth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3800 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets 419 Tenth St. N. W., first and third Fridays. Secretary, J. F. Herrity, Box 52, Arlington, Va.

Engineers, Hoisting No. 77: Meets every Friday, at 3:00 p. m. Hall, S. E. Cor. Tenth and Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, F. J. Nichols, 616 Fourth street northeast.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and B Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hisle, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Watchmen's Union No. 14964: Secretary, Jas. H. Reed, Cor. Sec., 1228 B street southwest.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Avenue S. E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 Twelfth St. N. E.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, Wm. W. Keeler, 148 Eleventh St. S. E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday at 1204 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, E. H. Fulton, 1120 E St. S. E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, H. Gundershein, 728 Columbia Road.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third 2665. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Bus. Agt.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 922 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Phone Main 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets second Sunday and fourth Friday in each month. Secretary, Albert Bridges 210 L st. s. e.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 420: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m. Secretary, J. A. Whitecar, 2209 Minnesota Ave. S. E.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas. B. Cameron, Bethesda, Md.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary W. H. Amiss, 1008 Monroe St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month. Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 320 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressman, No. 1: Meets fourth Saturday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. E. Blakely, 3527 O St. N. W.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custodian and Janitor, 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, W. P. Cannon, 408 Twelfth St. S. E.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe, 326 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. F. Hickman, 518 Sixth St. N. W.

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1003 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Mrs. H. B. Tritipoe, 1737 Willard street N. W., Apt. 20.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10.30 a. m. and 8.30 p. m. Secretary, G. W. Calderhead, Ouray Building, Room 312.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle, 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 750 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Friday, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas. P. Glover, Twentieth and Bryant Sts. N. E.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters International Secretary-Treasurer, Jas. E. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G St. N. W. Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth St. N. W.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

J. G. O'DONNELL, President, 122 Sixth St. N. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, Vice-President, 519 M St. S. W.
THOS. W. WOLTZ, Recording Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
G. H. F. DAVIS, Treasurer, 439 Second St. S. E.
W. I. STRATTON, Conductor, 617 Sixth St. N. W.
A. F. MOIRSETTE, Warden, 425 G St. N. W.
GEO. MYERS, Business Agent, 425 G St. N. W.

TRUSTEES.

F. J. NOLTE, 24 Eighth Street N. E.
WM. T. BAUM, 472 I Street N. W.
A. P. TAYLOR, 622 I Street N. E.

DELEGATES TO THE DISTRICT COUNCIL.

R. H. BURDETTE, 1207 L Street N. W.
C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
E. B. BYRNE, 425 G Street N. W.
ROBERT REICHARD, 1720 35th Street N. W.
J. H. RYAN, 1101 Eleventh Street S. E.

DELEGATES TO THE CENTRAL LABOR UNION.

C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
R. H. BURDETTE, 816 K Street N. W.
W. S. HOLLOHAN, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
W. T. BAUM, 474 I Street S. W.
MARK REILEY, 1127 B Street S. E.

RELIEF COMMITTEE.

M. REILLY, 1127 B Street S. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
H. M. BEVILL, Brentwood, Md.
J. T. CLIFT, 4115 Seventh Street N. W.
M.A. FOLEY, 118 Seaton Street N. E.

MILL COMMITTEE.

F. E. KETTNER, 3016 Cambridge St. N. W
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
O. A. CARTER, Rosslyn, Va.

DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE
G. H. F. DAVIS, 439 Second Street S. E.

Clothes, Hats and Shoes

The Bieber-Kaufman Co.
901-909 Eighth St. S. E.
Down by the Navy Yard
Washington, D. C.

PHONE MAIN 6079.

Reno Lunch
W. H. WOODCOCK, Proprietor.
625 PA. AVE. N. W.
HOME COOKED FOODS
NEVER CLOSED

CORBY'S DELICIOUS CAKE
10c PER HALF LB.
AT ALL GROCERS

The only strictly
UNION TAILORING
house in the city
M. STEIN & CO.
TAILORS
Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

THE MILTON SCHOOL
Oxford Bldg., 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.
Stenography
Typewriting
English
Spanish
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO BEGINNERS
Now in larger quarters in the Oxford Building, 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.

CHESAPEAKE BEACH
ON THE BAY

Many new attractions, including Monster Derby built over the water. New standard bowling alleys on Board Walk.
Free Dancing.
Numerous amusements for young and old.
ROUND TRIP: SUNDAYS and HOLIDAYS, 50c.
All Other Days, Including Saturdays, 25c.
TRAIN LEAVES DAILY EXCEPT SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS: 9.15, 10.00, 11.30 A. M., 2.30, 6.30 AND 8.00 P. M.
SATURDAYS: 9.15, 10.00, 11.30 A. M., 2.00, 2.30, 3.25, 5.30 AND 8.00 P. M.
SUNDAYS: 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 A. M., 2.00, 3.20, 4.45 AND 8.00 P. M.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
Meets EveryMonday Night
Typographica Temple
423-425 G St. N. W.
Secretary s Address: 1325 E. Capitol St.
Telephone: Lincoln 3955

OFFICERS

E. L. TUCKER.....President
HUGH DIGNEY.....Vice-President
JOHN B. COLPOYS, Secretary, 1325 E. Capitol St.
JOSEPH E. TOONE.....Financial Secretary
LUKE F. LUDLOW.....Treasurer
JOSEPH C. CLARK.....Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES: Wm. Zell, Chas. Callan, J. L. Considine.

COMMITTEES

Executive: Hugh Digney (chairman), E. L. Tucker, Jno. B. Colpoys, Luke F. Ludlow, Jos. E. Toone, John Hartley, Robt. Jones.
Legislation: Jno. B. Colpoys (chairman), Jno. H. Lorch, Hubert Newsom, N. P. Alifas, D. J. O'Leary.
Adjustment: Robt. Jones (chairman), Hubert Newsom, B. O'Leary, Bell Spellbring, John G. Schmidt.
Contract: Jno. Hartley (chairman), J. L. Considine, F. M. Kirby, W. H. Schaeffer, Hugh Digney.
Laws: Harry Oehler (chairman), N. A. James, Dan'l Hassett.
Resolutions: W. W. Keeler (chairman), J. H. Conroy, J. M. Foster.
Organization: Jos. E. Toone (chairman), Frank Nolte, Joseph Clark, Elmer Harding, Wm. Whyte.
Auditing: Jos. Crowley (chairman), C. K. Kreichbaum, Joseph Foster.
Credentials: Harry M. Sears (chairman), M. J. Costella, Thos. E. Blakeley.
Label: W. C. Hurfurth.
Press: Jno. B. Colpoys (chairman), W. D. Clark, Chas. Heuter.
Delegates to Baltimore: W. N. Huttel (chairman), William Baum, Daniel Hassett.
Delegates to Alexandria: John J. Pucell, Charles Wright.

Weller's No-Fail Black Hair Dye
Dyes faded, gray or red hair to any desired shade of brown or black. The most effective hair dye yet devised. Guaranteed by the maker.—F. P. Weller.
Price 25 Cents.
WELLER'S DRUG STORE
Eighth and Eye Sts. S. E. 36th and M N. W.

STORAGE PACKING FREIGHT HAULING
Merchants Transfer
— AND —
Storage Company
920-922 E Street Northwest
Phone Main 6900
SHIPPING MOVING HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

When in Doubt, Buy of
HOUSE & HERRMANN
FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.
N.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W

FIREPROOF
CONSTRUCTION
Hammett Fire Proofing Company
301-302-303 Wilkins Bldg.
Phone Main 3337.

PHONE NORTH 2349
DONOVAN'S
FINE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS
2003 14th St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

Saks & Company
MEN'S and BOYS' OUTFITTERS
Pa. Ave. & 7th St. Wash., D. C.
Economy Floor
(Fourth Floor.)
MEN'S, YOUNG MEN'S AND BOYS' SUITS
$7.50, $10 & $12.50
All
Overalls. Union Made Clothing

MEALS—Special Rates to Union Men—LUNCHES
THE ELITE CAFE
W. A. MORAN, Prop.
636 North Capitol Street

LIST OF LIQUOR DEALERS WHO HAVE SIGNED "THE AGREEMENT."

Allen, Paul.....2 N st. n. e.
Allen, John J...807 N. C. Cap st. n. e.
Beirkle, Leopold, - 1245 H st. n. e.
Castelli, Vincent, 502-504 Ninth st. n. w.
Clark, C. H.....510 9th st. n. w.
Colonial Beach Boat Co.
Costello, Bros.....604 G st. n. w.
Crowley, James J.....702 E st. n. w.
Daly, T. J.....34 H st. n. e.
Daye, Wm. T.....1218 Wisc. ave.
Doyle, Wm. T....1314 Wisc. ave. n. w.
Duffy, James A. -901 1-2 E st. n. w.
Egloff, Julius.....200 3rd st. s. e.
Wm. R. Fosbender, 406 Ninth st. n. w.
Franey, F. A.....711½ 9th st. n. w.
Frank, Mrs. M. E. - 319 G st. n. w.
Ganey, M.....615 7th st. s. w.
Glavin, Edwin.....309 G st. n. w.
Hannan, Mrs. E.....531 7th st. s. w.
Hanlon, Timothy.....822 H st. n. e.
Kearney, R. H.....901½ E st. n. w.
Kelliher, J. D.....1258 7th st. s. w.
Killeen, John F.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Louis Hodges, - - 407 9th st n. w.
Lynagh, Peter J.....523 7th st. s. w.
Lynch, John.....417 9th st. n. w.
McCarthy, Dennis J., Evans building.
McCarthy, F. J.....910 4½ st. s. w.
McDonald, F. J.....643 Pa. ave. s. e.
McGuire, J. Chas., 519 Ninth st. n. w.
McHough, Martin....1105 H st. n. e.
Milton Schmidt, - 702 7th st. n. w.
O'Connor, D. J.....100 G st. n. w.
O'Connor, Patrick F...6'7 D st. n. w.
O'Connor, James.....1429 N. Cap. st.
O'Day, John T. - 921 Ninth st. n. w.
O'Donnell, James J...333 Pa. ave. s. e.
Peter White, - - - 905 D st. n. w.
Raftery, Thomas.....406 H st. n. e.
Raftery, Patrick.....225 11th st. n. e.
Roland, J. H.....511 9th st. n. w.
Scanlon, Daniel,.....103 H st. n. w.
Schroter, Conrad....3258 M st. n. w.
Schltz, Mary T.....607 G st. n. w.
Sheehan, John J., 701 North Cap. st.
Solon, Mary A., - 1003 7th st. e.
Stern, M. M.....601 7th st. n. w.
Stanton, Frank J.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Sullivan, John J., 1351 35th st. n. w.
The Casino, Frank Farenkamp (Chesapeake Beach).
Victor Buffet Co., Inc., 7th and G n. w.
Wassman, Henry, 705 Seventh st. n. w.
Wiedeman, Joseph....629 E st. n. w.
William J. O'Leary, 733 North Cap. st.
Wininghер, Harry 631 Pa. ave. s. e.

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

UNION OPERATOR — LOCAL No. 224 — WASH. D. C. — AFFILIATED WITH CENTRAL LABOR UNION & A. F. of L.

American, 1st st. and R. . ave. n. w.
Apollo, - - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N. E.
Aragon Airdome, Md. Ave. 8 & 9, N. E.
Arcade (Theatre and Park, 14th and Park Road.
Auditorium, 13th st. and N. Y. ave. n. w.
Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S. E.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S. E.
Central Park, - 9th St. G & H N. W.
Chelsia Theatre, 19th and M sts. n. w.
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N. W.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Eastern, - - 8th St. bet. F & G S. E.
Elite Theatre, 14th and R. I. ave. n. w.
Empire, - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Favorite, H St. North Capitol & First
Garden Theatre, - Hopewell, Va.
Gayety Theatre, - 513 9th st. n. w.
Georgia - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N. W.
Home Theater, C bet. 12th & 13th n. e.
Leader - - - 509 Ninth St. N. W.
Liberty Theatre, N. Capitol & P St.
"M" Street Theatre, M St. near 32nd
Maycroft Park, H St. bet. 6 & 7, N. E.
Meaders, - - - 8th & G Sts. S. E.
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15, N. W.
Orpheum, - - 4th and C st. n. e.
Plaza Theatre - 434 9th st. n. w.
Pleasant Hrr. Park, 12 and C N. E.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Proctor Park, - - Anacostia, D. C.
Randolpr Park, 1st and Randolph n. w.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N. W.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N. W.
R. I. Theatre, 7th and R. I. Ave. N. W.
Savoy, - - - 14th and Col. Road.
Schuetzen Park, Ga. ave. and Kenyon
Senate, Pa. Ave. bet. 3d & 4th, S. E.
Standard Park, Bates, near N. Cap. St.
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N. E.
Stanton Park, - - - 219 4th N. E.
Starlight Park, 4 1-2 and K st. n. w.
Surprise Theatre - Alexandria, Va.
The Grand, - - - Hopewell, Va.
The Richmond, - - Alexandria, Va.
Truxton Park, N. Capitol & Fla. Ave.
Twilight Park, Pa. Ave. 13 & 14, S. E.
Victoria Theatre, 7th & E Sts. S. W.
Welcome, - - 4 1-2 and K st. s. w.
Zenith, - - 8th St. bet. G & H, S. E.

The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I.P.E.U.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXI. NO. 6 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, AUGUST 4, 1916. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

GREAT CONSTRUCTIVE LEGISLATION OF THE WILSON ADMINISTRATION

1. The Underwood Tariff Act which reduced the tariff on necessities, increased it on luxuries, and placed a tax on incomes.

2. Federal Reserve Bank Act which provides an elastic and automatic currency, makes panics impossible, meets needs for moving crops.

3. The Clayton Anti-Trust law which removes labor from being a commodity and which puts real teeth into the Sherman law and compels big business to use legitimate methods.

4. The Alaskan Act which opens that country of wonderful resources for all the people and prevents its exploitation by the few.

5. The Trade Commission Act which establishes a Commission with power to weed out corrupt business and to help good business.

6. The establishment of a Department of Labor thus giving labor a voice in the councils of the nation through the Secretary of Labor.

7. The Shipping Act which will rehabilitate our merchant marine and remove our dependence on foreign ships to reach the World Markets.

8. Ample provision for National Preparedness; recognition of the National Guard; organization of a citizen soldiery reserve; establishment of a Government Armor Plate Plant. Additional needed revenue to be met by increased tax on incomes, tax on inheritances and manufacture of war munitions.

9. The Child Labor Bill which prohibits interstate commerce in articles or goods produced by child labor.

10. Labor Legislation: Safety of Railroad Employees; Bureau of Labor Safety; Workmen's Compensation Law; and Seaman's Law.

11. Pension Legislation: Increased Pensions for Civil War Widows; Spanish War Widows' Bill; Indian War Pension Bill.

12. War Risk Insurance Act to meet an emergency caused by the great world war.

13. Agricultural Extension Act appropriating $10,000 annually to each state for experimental and demonstration work.

14. The Federal Warehouse Bill to assist producers in the marketing of imperishable farm products, making warehouse receipts collateral.

15. Bureau of Markets Act to give information as to marketing of farm products, thus saving millions by avoiding glutted markets.

16. Bills to prevent Gambling in Farm Products and for the grading of grain as an aid to honest trade in these commodities.

17. Provision to equip the Agricultural Department to fight Hog Cholera which causes an annual loss to farmers of $60,000,000.

18. The Water Power Bill which will put an end to monopoly of water power sites and exorbitant charges for power.

19. The Rural Credit Act which will give to the farmers of the United States facilities in securing farm loans.

20. The Good Roads Act which provides for Government aid to the states in the building of good roads.

21. In addition to the above President Wilson has, through Diplomacy and Statesmanship kept our country out of war notwithstanding the many delicate and critical situations that have arisen in connection with the European war and the Mexican situation.

TINNERS REDUCE HOURS.

Granite City, Ill.—Several hundred employes of the tinning department of the National Stamping and Enameling Company have reduced hours from 12 to 8, after a short strike that involved 2,000 other employes, who struck in sympathy. The tinners have also received wage increases. Representatives of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers assisted in the negotiations.

OPPOSE INJUNCTIONS.

Anacortes, Wash.—Anti-picketing injunctions against striking shingle weavers was discussed at a mass meeting of trade unionists and sympathizers. The resolutions adopted declare that Anacortes citizens will go to jail rather than permit court edicts to replace constitutional guarantees.

ABANDONS NON-UNION THEORY.

Sioux City, Iowa.—A. Abel, connected with a large firm of painting contractors, has abandoned the non-union shop theory and announces that his next business venture will be conducted along unio nlines. He has tired of the 20-months' strike of the Painters' Union, which has made it impossible to secure competent workers.

TEXTILE WORKERS WIN.

Milwaukee, Wis.—Thirteen hundred girl textile workers have won their strike. Hours are reduced from 10 to 9 per day and wages are increased. All other differences will be adjusted by an arbitration board.

VALUE OF UNITY IS PROVEN

Nashville, Tenn.—Following the policy of other managers, General Manager Peyton of the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis railway has issued an appeal to his employes to assist in breaking the strike of the four railroad brotherhoods in the event these employes suspend work to enforce their demand for eight hours in the freight train service.

While other railroad managers have called attention to the high wages of the railroad brotherhoods, as compared with certain other employes, Mr. Peyton is indiscreet enough to indulge in figures to prove his point.

The statistics, however, are valuable for purposes undreamed of by Mr. Peyton—they teach the value of united action. He has divided employes into four classes. In class 1 he includes engineers, firemen, conductors and other trainmen, whose average is $4.20 a day, inclusive of passenger service employes, who are not included in the present demand of the brotherhoods.

In class 2 is included general officers, assistants and clerks, with an average of $3.20 a day. In this list is included Mr. Peyton's salary and his corps of high-priced assistants, general managers, general counsel and superintendents.

In class 3 is included all other employes, who have an average wage of $1.80 a day. In this list is included the unorganized shop men, section employes, and about 6,000 other employes, who are practically unorganized.

Fort Worth, Texas.—"In their wage comparison, accepting them as given by the railroads themselves, is there any honesty in these comparisons?" asks the Texas Railway Journal.

"The train and enginemen are away from home most of their time, when not working, and who is it that don't know that the very least that men can live on away from home is $2 per day, and in many instances much more than that cost, while those who they compare wages are at home all the time, and would be getting better wages were it not for the tyranny of railroad managers who refuse to allow these employes to organize against the managers' own organization."

WOULD WEAKEN SEAMEN'S ACT.

The assaults on the seamen's act continue. The latest effort to weaken this humanitarian legislation is the action of the house committee on merchant marine and fisheries in authorizing a favorable report on a substitute for Congressman Loud's hostile amendment to the law.

The substitute would permit vessels within a run between terminals of 16 hours or less to have firemen stand two watches. This is intended to lengthen the hours of labor. The law now compels vessels to have three watches in the fireroom.

The substitute permtis a vessel to us a certificated lifeboatman on a voyage to the home port if the vessel is deprived of the services of an able seaman when away from the home port. This would weaken the present law, which makes it mandatory in this even for a vessel to make a diligent effort to secure a man of equal rating. The vessel may proceed to its home port if such a person is not obtainable. The committee's substitute would make it economically profitable to drive the men of the higher rating out and substitute those of lower rating.

The International Seamen's Union is alert to the purposes of this substitute and the amendments proposed by Congressman Loud. These unionists insist that the law be given a fair test. They also call attention to another purpose of the law's opponents—if the committee's recommendations are once brought on the floor of the house, the danger of "sneaking" through additional vicious amendments is increased.

SHOULD BE NO DELAY.

Whatever the United States needs in the way of a navy it needs as soon as it can get it. The larger war vessels take two or three years to build. This is the reason the President is justified in pressing the Senate Naval bill upon the House. If we need more wraships, work on them should begin as soon as possible. The program could not be completed before 1919. It will not cost any more to provide the fleet we need in three years than to be six years about it.

STRIKE TO PROTECT LIFE.

Beaumont, Texas.—Because the Beaumont Light and Power Company refused the request of its organized electrical workers to place a competent foreman over them, these workers suspended work. They agreed to waive a demand that wages be equalized to surrounding territory if their lives are protected. It is claimed that the excessive voltage of high power wires is doubly dangerous.

LABORERS RAISE WAGES.

Nevada, Mo.—After a three days' strike laborers employed by the Missouri Pacific railroad secured increased wages.

U. S. SENATE REJECTS STOP WATCH SYSTEM

Last Tuesday the senate, by a vote of 36 to 15, refused to concur in the recommendation of its committee on military affairs that an anti-stop watch section be stricken from the army appropriation bill. Advocates of the Taylor system in government factories have suffered continual reverses, although supported by Gen. Crozier, chief of ordnance, United States Army, the National Association of Manufacturers and the usual long list of other anti-union influences that have been repeatedly defeated on this question by organized labor.

Senator Weeks of Massachusetts led the fight for the committee's report to favor stop-watch methods. He assured his colleagues "that the stop watch is only used to time what a man is doing in a particular movement to try to determine how long it should take an average man to do that particular piece of work."

Against this sugar-coated defense, opponents of the stop watch, led by Senators Martine of New Jersey and Reed of Missouri, submitted the testimony of impartial investigators that the Taylor system is not organized efficiency, but is intended to secure the last ounce of energy from working men and women.

Senator Reed declared that, as a class, the majority of so-called efficiency experts are fakirs. He said:

"You place one of those inexperienced fakirs in a great factory where hundreds of American citizens are employed, and Mr. Fakir, who never put hand on a lathe, who could not assemble a monkey-wrench, proceeds to say how long and how short a time a piece of work shall be done in. If he makes an unjust decision every man in the plant suffers; but if he is really an expert, according to the Taylor idea, he works out a scheme in which every man is worked at the highest tension of muscle and nerve and brain."

Opponents of the system presented an analysis of this theory by Senator Lodge of Massachusetts, which states:

"Now, to put the stop watch on human beings may tell how fast they can work, but it can tell nothing of the quality of their work. Nor how long they may work. A horse may be very good for a short spurt and absolutely worthless for a four-mile race. It is a poor test. It is a promoter of the idea that the one thing to do is to turn out just as much as we can just as far as we can. That has gone through everything in this period of ours. It has deteriorated style, it has deteriorated literature, it has deteriorated art. It is deteriorating manufacture."

PLAN FOR UNIVERSAL PEACE.

With amendments that do not affect the principle, the senate has accepted the section in the house naval appropriations bill that plans for universal peace.

As adopted by the senate, this section reads:

"It is hereby declared to be the policy of the United States to adjust and settle its international disputes through mediation or arbitration, to the end that war may be honorably avoided. It looks with apprehension and disfavor upon a general increase of armament throughout the world, but it realizes that no single nation can disarm, and that without a common agreement upon the subject every considerable power must maintain a relative standing in military strength.

"In view of the premises, the president is authorized and requested to invite, at an appropriate time, not later than the close of the war in Europe, all the great governments of the world to send representatives to a conference which shall be charged with the duty of formulating a plan for a court of arbitration or other tribunal to which disputed questions between nations shall be referred for adjudication and peaceful settlement, and to consider the question of disarmament, and submit their recommendation to their respective governments for approval."

The resolution further provides that in the event such a court is established, construction of war munitions shall cease.

CANADIAN UNIONISTS TO CONFER.

Bellaire, Ohio.—Judge Lynch of the Belmont county court of common pleas has dissolved a temporary restraining order issued by him against striking employes of the Belmont Casket Manufacturing Company.

His honor intimated that courts possess wondrous reasoning power in their attempt to deny strikers constitutional guarantees through the injunction process. He said:

"The opinions of the various courts of the Union in strike injunction cases cover thousands of pages and it would be an unwarranted task to attempt to reconcile them. In fact, they cannot all be reconciled."

FREIGHT HANDLERS STRIKE.

Bloomington, Ill.—Illinois Central railroad freight handlers suspended work to enforce a 10-hour day and wage increases of 2 1-2 cents an hour for truckers and $5 a month for checks. Former conditions were a 11 and 12-hour day at 17 1-2 cents an hour.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - Editor
Wm. H. Anglin - - - - - Associate Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF [illegible] 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., AUGUST 4, 1916.

POSTAL SAVINGS GROW.

The results of Postmaster General Burleson's administration of the Postal Savings System has been phenomenal. Under his guidance the number of depositors has increased from 310,000 at the beginning of March, 1913, to 603,000 at the end of June, 1916, while the amount deposited has increased during the same period from $30,000,000 to $86,000,000. The gain of nearly 50 per cent in the per capita deposit is convincing evidence of the prosperity of the working people of this country, who are the principal patrons of the postal savings banks.

Notwithstanding the large increase in deposits the clerical force for handling the affairs of the system at the central office in Washington, through the installation of better business methods, has been reduced by one-third. Moreover, the system as a whole has been brought to a self-sustaining basis and for the past three-years has yielded a substantial profit.

Postmaster General Burleson also urged upon Congress the necessity of removing the hindering restrictions imposed by the original postal savings act of June 25, 1901, on the amount that may be accepted from a postal savings depositor. In response to his recommendation an act was passed and received the approval of President Wilson on May 18, 1916, which enables any person to deposit any number of dollars, at any time, until the balance to his or her credit amounts to $1,000, exclusive of accumulated interest. By the terms of the original postal savings act no one could deposit more than $100 in any one calendar month, nor have a balance to his credit in excess of $500, exclusive of accumulated interest. As a result of these restrictions it has been estimated that as much money was refused at the postoffices as was accepted. The removal of the hindering restrictions has been followed by an immediate and pronounced increase in postal savings deposits, which will ultimate in restoring a large part of the hidden money of the country to the active channels of industry and commerce.

The confidence of the foreign-born residents of the United States in American institutions is well exemplified by a recent poll of postal savings depositors. Those born outside the United States were found to constitute 59 per cent of the total number of depositors and to own 72 per cent of the total savings deposits. Many of these people formerly were patrons of the postal savings systems maintained by the countries from whence they came. The transfer of their place of deposit to the postal savings banks of this country expresses in no uncertain manner their confidence in the System and in its management.

GREATER OPPORTUNITIES FOR BUSINESS EXPANSION.

New emphasis was placed upon the tremendous prosperity of the country by the action of the United States Steel Corporation in declaring an extra dividend of one per cent on its common stock on Tuesday. The dividend represents not merely the realization on the part of the directorate of the corporation that its quarterly earnings have exceeded all previous records, but also their expectation that no diminution of this prosperity is imminent. The Steel Corporation is headed by extremely practical men, who were slow to concede that the country had entered upon an era of unprecedented prosperity, and the public may rest assured that they did not vote this extraordinary dividend until they were completely convinced that the future of American industry is a rosy one.

The latter idea is becoming more and more prevalent among the nation's business men. More and more business men are coming to realize that the business strength of the United States is likable to expand his muscles. The country is drawing first of all upon its own paper, while a sense of reliance upon war orders for the continuance of prosperity is disappearing from the minds of even the most conservative business leaders. Business men are making their plans for the future in contemplation of greater opportunities and more ample resources. They seem fully convinced that the period of Europe's industrial reconstruction and her obliteration of war's havoc will create incomparably greater opportunities for American expansion.

The millions of women who already have the right to vote and the other millions who are struggling to secure that right will not read lightly the declaration of the democratic platform that, "We would not have had on hand the expensive and deplorable Mexican situation, for a Republican administration would not have created the muddle that makes heavy expenditures on the border necessary."

Organization of the workers into labor unions has done and is doing more for the working class than all of the associated charities, private schools and Y. M. C. A.'s put together. None of these societies ever makes an effort to raise the wages, lessen the hours or improve the conditions of common labor.

Did you ever stop to think that among the employers who are so strenuously opposing the efforts of the working class to better their conditions through the labor unions there are many who have give nliberally to foreign missions and warring people?

It is one thing to sell a Moose and quite another to deliver the carcass.

PNEUMOGASTRICISMS

BY BILLY ANGLIN

The U-boat is gone.

Wonder if Villa is really dead.

Headline: Live Show Men Elect Officers.

It seems these international bridges constitute the span between life and death.

Brody! Where have I heard that name before. Russia hasn't got the only one.

Just reading where twins cost $8,302 in 16 months. I'm a twin, but one of us died.

We of the artistic temperament still seem to be possessed of a darned mean disposition.

Old "Doc" Cook is going back to the North Pole, presumably to see if its in the same place.

The great war has had its second anniversary and at this writing is seemingly very healthy.

It would seem the U. S. Senate destroyed whatever chance Sir Roger Casement had of escape.

Tarantula taming would be a pleasing pastime for the boys on the border during their idle moments.

If the musicians will really permit American music to become popular "After the Ball" may yet be a classic.

Some snake in Kansas, so it is reported, lifted its head and actually whistled; but, maybe it didn't go to do it.

Despite the fact that rubber is not a product of this country the wealth of the nation continues to bound upward.

An archaeologist claims that prehistoric man had horns. He should see some of our latter date Maryland politicians—hoofs, too.

These vaudeville actors that are meeting death in the war in Europe are relieving a long suffering public from an unpleasant duty.

The contemplated appropriations for the defense of the Republic is not extravagant when you consider the amount contributed to the pork barrel.

Trevino seems to be getting the best of the bandits, but we are not in a position to state whether it was on the field of battle or at 3-card monte.

It appears we have our soldier boys in camp at the wrong place. Black Tom Peninsula is the place, if they could have thwarted the destruction done there last Sunday.

More than three million men have been killed or wounded on the battlefield of Europe, yet the royal famil yof King George, the august family of William of Germany, the autocratic famliy of the Czar of all the Russias and the reigning houses of Austria and Italy are still intact.

A judge takes an oath to treat all, both poor and rich, equally, but there are many who believe that justice is not always given by all judges. For instance, it is comparatively easy for an employer to secure court injunctions against employes, but it is seldom that employes can get an injunction against an employer. Judges and justice are sometimes two very different things.

THE FABLE OF THE BEES.

It came to pass that the drones owned all the fields and had screens placed over them, with signs warning the busy bees to keep off the flowers under penalty of the law; and the drones hired fierce hornets with sharp stings to enforce laws. As the result the bees were idle, discontented, ragged and hungry; so they held meetings in the public squares and passed resolutions and appointed committees to call on the drones and demand the removal of the signs of the right of the bees to build hives on the vacant fields and get honey from the flowers.

But the drones paid fat bumbles to preach to the bees and tell them they were unemployed and poor, not because the fields were monopolized, but because they were too fond of the juice of the hop and malt flower, which made them inefficient; that too many bees were born every year, causing overpopulation; and there should be a higher tariff to keep out foreign pauper honey, which ruined home industry.

It should never be forgotten that there always had been poor, hungry bees ever since anyone could remember; and the more drones they had the better off they'd be, for the drones ate lots of honey and so made work for the bees.

Without drones the bees would starve for lack of work. They must remember that monopoly of the fields and flowers was the foundation of society endorsed by its pillars and fortified by statutes for centuries.

Hearing this preaching without end, the poor bees thought and thought and thought until their heads ached worse than their stomachs.

Then they stopped thinking.—Waniel Cavanaugh, in The Ground Hog.

ESTABLISHED 1865 — 51 YEARS IN BUSINESS

CHRISTIAN XANDER'S

Famous Blackberry Cordial

For Bowel Disorders, Highly Recommended by Physicians. 75c full qt.

909 7th Street, Northwest. — No Branch Houses. Phone M. 274

MEATS — GROCERIES — FISH

Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the

OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.

930 La. Ave. N. W. — 1111 H Street N. E.
8th & E Sts. S. E. — 1632 N. Capitol Street
31st & M Sts. N. W. — 3418-20 Ga. Ave. N. W.
7th & Q Sts. N. W. — 14th & U Streets N. W.
1778 U Street, N. W. — 7th and B Streets N. E.
7th & H Street N. E. — 3113 14th Street, N. W.
726 7th St. N. W. — 1440 P St. N. W.
2002-2004 Ga. Ave. N. W.

POULTRY — BREAD — PRODUCE

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF THE UNITED BREWERY WORKMEN OF AMERICA
Union MADE Beer — Ale AND Porter
COPYRIGHT & TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1903
THIS IS OUR LABEL.

VOTE
Against Prohibition
DEMAND
Personal Liberty
IN CHOOSING WHAT YOU WILL DRINK
ASK FOR THIS LABEL WHEN PURCHASING BEER, ALE OR PORTER.
As A Guarantee That It Is Union Made.

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK
Northwest Corner FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST
LOOK FOR THE CLOCKS
4 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts
COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

40-MILE MOONLIGHT on Mondays During July and August
Adults 25c, Children 15c.

COLONIAL BEACH
IDEAL SUMMER RESORT—70 Miles from Washington—4-HOUR TRIP.
Good Hotels, Cafes and Stores—Bathing, Boating and all Amusements

STEAMER ST. JOHNS
Fastest and Most Palatial Steamer on the Potomac
Fare, returning same day....Adults 50c, Children 25c
Fare, stop-over ticket.....Adults $1.00, Children 50c
SEE PAPERS FOR SCHEDULE — WHARF: FOOT OF SEVENTH ST.

LYCEUM THEATRE wishes to make friends with all organized workers. I am with you.
HARRY TURBERVILLE, Jr., Manager.

BOOT & SHOE WORKERS UNION — UNION STAMP — Factory

Named Shoes are Frequently Made in Non-Union Factories

DO NOT BUY ANY SHOE

No matter what its name, unless it bears a plain and readable impression of this Union Stamp. All shoes without the Union Stamp are always Non-Union. Do not accept any excuse for absence of the Union Stamp

Boot and Shoe Workers' Union, 246 Summer St., Boston, Mass.
JOHN F. TOBIN President. — CHAS. L. BAINE, Sec.-Treas.

WASHINGTON BREWERY CO.

IMPERIAL EXPORT

A really fine beer

WIENER BEER (Light) — CONGRESS BREW (Dark)

— ALE —

Arlington Brewing Co.

— PORTER —

Tel. West 129 — ROSSLYN, VA.

To the Heart of Leisureland

where woods are cool, streams alluring, vacations ideal. Between New York City (with Albany and Troy the gateways) and

Lake George, the Adirondacks, Lake Chaplain, the North and West

The logical route is "The Luxurious Way"—Largest and most magnificent river steamships in the world—Daily Service. Send for free copy of Beautiful "Searchlight Magazine"

HUDSON NAVIGATION COMPANY

Pier 32, North River —"THE SEARCHLIGHT ROUTE."— New York

Headquarters for Sanitary Paper Towels, Drinking Cups, Etc.
—Recommended by
—the Health Dept.
—For Stores, Public
—Buildings, Offices, Etc.

We are amply prepared to supply these requirements at lowest prices.

Best quality round-shaped 5-oz., 7-oz., and 12-oz. drinking cups in sealed cartons of 100—a supply sufficient to fill the glass-covered nickel-base dispensing machine—appropriate for office or any public use.

Special low prices in 1,000 lots.

Sanitary glass and nickel containers, including a special size of 60 capacity for office use.

PAPER TOWELS

Fine absorbent tissue in towel rolls of 150 towels—sealed packages, 25 cents per roll.

Dulin & Martin Co.
Pottery, Porcelain, China, Glass, Silver, &c.
1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St.

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY

Equitable Life Insurance Co.
of the District of Columbia

THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Issues Ordinary and Industrial

Wm. A. Bennett, 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.

EQUITABLE BLD'G. 816 14th ST., N. W.

Black's Alderney and Green Meadow Dairy
Pasteurized and Tubercoline Tested Milk.
Phone N. 1670. Union Dairies.

LANSBURGH & BRO.

"DRY GOODS ONLY"

The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City

420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

Bell Brand Union-Made
COLLARS and SHIRTS
LARGE ASSORTMENT
T. HOLLANDER
North Capitol and H Streets

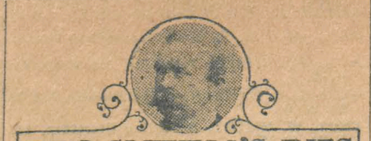
Takoma Bread
Fresh Three Times Daily
AT ALL GROCERS
Havenner Baking Company
Established 1815

Phone Main 3871

WM. H. HOWLIN
OURAY BUILDING, 801 G ST. N. W.
(Room 404)

Engrossing Resolutions, Diplomas, Charters and Fancy Pen Work of all descriptions.

CELTIC CLUB WHISKEY
Our Specialty
Never Changes. Accept No Substitute
Once Tried You'll Always Use It.
Ports and Sherries for family use, Quarts, 50 and 75 cents. All makes of Beer. Leading brands of Cigars. Ales and Porters on draught the year round.
D. J. O'CONNOR
New Jersey Ave. and G Sts. N.W



BROCKWELL'S BITS

BY W.N BROCKWELL

"Luther Woodward," says a city daily, "one of the oldest employees in the day hand section of the Government Printing Office in years of continuous service, has returned to his work after several weeks' illness." "Luke" Woodward is not only one of the oldest in continuous service in the Printery, but is one of the best known and most thoroughly liked men in all that great establishment. For years he has been a familiar figure there and his sunny disposition, his knowledge of the office and its people, and his ability as a printer have all combined to make him a general favorite. I hope that his recovery from ill health is permanent, and that it may be a long, long time ere he is again listed in the column of the sick.

* * *

Albert Reid, well and favorably known to many in the Government Printing Office, where he was compositor and reader for a number of years, was a recent visitor to this city, and needless to say, was a welcome caller in his old habitat—the National Printery. For six or seven years past Mr. Reid has been in the Bureau of Printing at Manila, and his trip from our Eastern possession this year has as its special objective the Baltimore Convention of the International Typographical Union, to which his brethren of Manila Union sent him as their delegate.

* * *

That society column writer who wanted to say "beaded bag" and discovered when the paper appeared that she had been made to say "bearded hog" had every right in the world to leave town—which of course she did at once.

* * *

Even into the army the ubiquitous printer carries the love of the types. Before me is a copy of the Marfa (Texas) Star, "published every Tuesday and Friday in the interest of the soldiers of the district." I take it that it is printed in camp, and it's not a bad sort by any means. It was transmitted to me by my good friend Joe Miller, the note with it saying, "One of my boys down there sent it to me yesterday." The quoted words are somewhat mystifying to me, for I can hardly realize (or believe, for that matter) that the youthful looking Joseph has boys of his own old enough to be soldiers.

* * *

Manager William R. Love, of the Washington Union Printers Athletic Association, will take his ball players to the Indianapolis tournament of the Union Printers National Baseball League to-day, the party leaving here at 4.05 on the Baltimore & Ohio railroad. The names of those going on the trip follow: Edgar T. Brown, national commissioner; William R. Love, manager, and the following players: Fred Stringer, Herman Feldman, Ben Wood, John H. Cutting, Patrick McCarthy, R. A. Williams, Clause A. Gathgens, O. L. Blanton, Frank Goebel, Elmore McKay and Charles Warren.

* * *

Lewis Jackson (a well-known worker in the linotype section of the Printery) keeps pretty good track of printer men who are trying to break into politics, and a few days ago showed me an item from a western paper to the effect that Edward J. Lindberg was a candidate for prosecuting attorney of Kittitas County, Wash. Lindberg is well remembered here, where he was employed in the Government Printing Office a dozen or so years back. He has been practicing law in the Northwest for two or three years past.

* * *

Mr. George W. Shaffer, of the hand section of the Government Printing Office, has lately received a very cordial note from Congressman Homer P. Snyder, of the thirty-third New York district, pledging his support to the legislation now pending looking to an increased compensation to compositors and book-binders employed in the Government Printing Office. Mr. Snyder was originally a knitting-mill operative, and it would seem entirely natural and proper that he should favor those who toil. This is his first term in Congress.

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

James Rembert, temporary skilled laborer.

Miss Margaret C. Breen, helper, transferred from Bureau of Engraving and Printing.

Walter Watts, emergency electrotype finisher.

Elijah Conyers and Oliver Johnson, temporary unskilled laborer.

Charles W. McDonald, Charles E. Darnell, Harry E. L. Acher, Joseph L. Neely, Melville S. Jones, temporary messenger boys.

Miss Kathryn M. Jaquette, Miss Mildred L. Kern, Miss Besie W. Fuge, Miss Stella M. King, Miss Alice B. Waddleton, Miss Dorothy E. Greer, temporary skilled laborers (female).

Miss Edith S. McIlveen, temporary skille dlaborer (female).

Separations.

W. Clifford Scott, jr., and August W. Hammond, temporary messenger boys, resigned.

Roscoe W. Morgan and Daniel R. Prettyman, temporary skilled laborers, resigned.

Mrs. Mabel M. Jackson, temporary skilled laborer (female) resigned.

Joseph E. Hodge, in charge of section.

Winfred M. Nalls, skilled laborer, resigned.

Transfers, Etc.

Jordan Anderson, unskilled laborer, from office of superintendent of work to cutting and packing section.

Daniel N. Klapp, reader 60 cents per hour, to reviser 65 cents per hour job section.

Miss Mary Blore, copyholder 50 cents per hour, proof section to compositor 50 cents per hour, hand section.

William R. Carpenter, messenger 25 cents per hour, to 30 cents per hour, office of superintendent of work.

Clarence N. Coates, messenger 25 cents per hour, to 30 cents per hour, office of superintendent of work.

Joseph A. Fenton, pressman in charge 60 cents per hour, to 65 cents per hour, postal card section.

James E. Karnes, pressman in charge 60 cents per hour, to 65 cents per hour, postal card section.

Maurice W. Roche, temporary messenger boy 15 cents per hour, proof section, to probational messenger boy $375 per annum, office of superintendent of documents.

Bernard M. Mulvihill, messenger boy $375 per annum, to $420 per annum, office of superintendent of documents.

Edward Ferneyhough, messenger boy $375 per annum, to $420 per annum, office of superintendent of documents.

Edward E. Long, clerk $1,200 per annum, to $1,600 per annum, office of accountant.

Percy E. Ellett, messenger boy $500 per annum, to laborer $626 per annum, office of superintendent of documents.

Frank J. Mann, messenger boy $420 per annum to $500 per annum, office of superintendent of documents.

Aaron C. Selis, messenger boy $420 per annum to $500 per annum, office of superintendent of documents.

George H. Sehorn, deskman 70 cents pe rhour, to asistant foreman 80 cents per hour, hand section (night).

Charles A. Riggleman, mono. keyboard operator 60 cents per hour, to copy editor 65 cents per hour, monotype section.

Lee J. Runyan, deskman 65 cents per hour to 70 cents per hour, proof section (night).

Robert H. Mayers, proof reader 60 cents per hour to deskman 65 cents per hour, proof section (night).

Henry A. Roehn, lino. machinist 60 cents per hour, to linotype machinist in charge, 65 cents per hour, library printing section.

James Sprucebank, linotype machinist in charge, 65 cents per hour, Library printing section to 80 cents per hour, linotype section.

William S. Schinnerer, assistant foreman 80 cents per hour, to acting foreman $2,250 per annum, linotype section (night).

AMERICAN LUNCH
VIRGINIA THEATRE
Stag Hotel
JOHN J. NOONAN.

Parker, Bridget & Co.
"The Avenue at Ninth"
Featuring
Extra Value
$15
Suits for Spring

Up-to-date Tailor Made Suits
$22.50 AND UP.
B. LANDSMAN
STRICTLY UNION
Cleaning, Pressing, Dyeing, Altering and Repairing.
Call For and Deliver.
PHONE LINCOLN 2477.
901 E. Cap. St. Wash., D. C.

New Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits for Hire

WILNER'S
Spring and Summer Suitings
The Latest Novelties of the Season . . . $18.50

EVERY UNION MAN OUGHT TO TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THIS OFFER

Not only do we save you $10.00 on every suit you buy, but our workmanship has proven to stand up, to hold its shape, curl nor wrinkle until the garment will last, and we guarantee to last you fully three years.

We are the FIRST and ONLY Union Custom Tailors in this City.

Order Your Suit From
JOS. A. WILNER & COMPANY
COR. 8th and G STREETS NORTHWEST

CORBY'S YEAST
Leaves nothing to guess-work.
Its purity and strength are uniform.
Every baker knows what that means.
Send for samples.
THE CORBY COMPANY
STATION K. WASHINGTON, D. C.

Building Trades Headquarters
Sixth and G Sts. N. W
Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rates
WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES TOBACCO.
COSTELLO BROS

THE PLATE PRINTER
Official Organ Plate Printers International Union.
P. J. RYAN, Editor. CHAS. T. SMITH, Assoc. Editor.
Subscription $1.00 Per Year
Telephone 4528 Wash. Loan & Trust Bldg.

Representative Houses
OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

BANKS

THE NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burgler-proof vaults, acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth and New York Avenue

THE WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee, etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK
A Bank for the Working People. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account
Ninth and G streets N. W.

UNION SAVINGS BANK. Commercial Accounts. Three per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts. The Oldest Savings Bank in Washington.

MICHAEL T. GREENE
Liquors and Cigars. 639 D St. N. W.

STONER'S BAR AND RESTAURANT
The. G. Stoner. 206 Seventh St. S. W.

J. CHAS. McGUIRE'S BUFFET
Federal Seal Whiskey. 519 Ninth St. N. W.

O'KEEFE'S BUFFET
P. J. O'Keefe, Prop. 904 Pa. Ave. N. W.

GLAVIN'S BUFFET
ED. J. GLAVIN 309 G Street Northwest

OXFORD BUFFET
J. F. SCHRINER 730 14th Street N. W.

FRANK'S BUFFET
Fourth and G Sts., N. W. Phone M. 5572

DAVID WALSH'S BUFFET
407 10th Street N. W.

E. E. FARLEY'S BUFFET
415 13th Street N. W.

J. J. O'DONNELL'S BUFFET
333 Penn. Avenue S. E.

HARRY'S BUFFET
631 Penn. Ave. S. E. Phone Lin. 1848

MACHINIST
G. W. FORSBERG, Formerly with Forsberg and Murray, Elevate Boilers. Eighth and Water Streets S. W. Phone Main 751 and 742

GROCER AND COFFEE ROASTER
SOMERSET R. WATERS, 1342 Seventh Street N. W.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
RALSTON AND RICHARDSON, Bond Building, Fourteenth Stree and New York Avenue.
FRANK FULLER Room 421, Mounsey Building, Phone Main 1826.

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.
THE SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (INC.) SODA WATER SYRUPS, Etc., 1066 Wisconsin Avenue Northwest.

PHOTO SUPPLIES
E. J. PULLMAN, Developing and Finishing for Amateurs Specialty 420 Ninth Street N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS
MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Avenue Northwest. Our Specialty Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

FIRE INSURANCE
FIREMAN'S INSURANCE COMPANY, Seventh Street and Louisiana Avenue.

DRY GOODS
WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings Hosiery, a specialty, 806-808 H Street N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

UNDERTAKERS
J. WILLIAM LEE
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY
332 Penna. Avenue N. W.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.
THE W. H. BUTLER COMPANY, 607 and 609 C Street N. W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT
NATIONAL MORTAR COMPANY, First and M Street, Northeast
COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING COMPANY, 3036 K Street.

DRUGGISTS
CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth Street and Virginia Avenue S. E.
DAY & CO
5th and G Sts. N. W. 14th and P Sts. N. W
20th St. and Rhode Island Ave. N. E.
QUIGLEY, Druggist, Twenty-first and G Streets N. W.
A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner Seventh and P Streets N. W.

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1
Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.

M. J. DUNNIGAN, President.....2007 14 Street N.W.
JOHN G. WOLFE, Vice-President. 1023 N. J. Ave. N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W.

TRUSTEES

Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E.
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E.
Thos. L. Nevins.....504 Maine Avenue S. W.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe,.....1023 N. J. Ave. N. W
J. McElfresh,.....
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E.
A. Tenley.....964 Florida Ave. N. W.
M. Sullivan.....5631-2 15 St. S. E.

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.

Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ARBITRATION COMMITTEE.

M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W.
M. A. Wolfe,.....418 F St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. E.
Joseph Harding.....210 13 St. S. W.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....2006 2nd St. N. W
R. Pumphrey.....223 Q St. N. W.
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W.
Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. W.

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave.
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Cap. St.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L St. S. W.

DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.

John Wolfe.....1023 N. J Avenue N. W.
William Pollard.....522 14 St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

Washington District Council of Carpenters
Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

J. G. O'DONNELL, President, L. U. 132, 123 Sixth Street N. E.
E. B. BYRNE, Secretary, L. U. 132, 425 G Street N. W.
F. A. SHOESMITH, Treasurer, L. U. 2563, 5209 Georgia Avenue N. W.
R. H. BURDETTE, Trustee, L. U. 132, 1207 L Street N. W.
H. S. HOLLOHAN, Trustee, L. U. 132, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
H. PAGE, Trustee, L. U. 2563, 336½ Thirteenth Street N. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, L. U. 132, 519 M Street S. W.
ROBERT ADAM, L. U. 2563, 1511 Vermont Avenue N. W.
FRED HOOK, L. U. 2563, 1528 Eighth Street N. W.
WM. MACKIE, L. U. 2563, 216 Seaton Place N. E.

BUSINESS AGENT.
GEO. MYERS, 425 G Street N. W.

GEO. D. HORNING,
N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.

LOAN OFFICE.

HUMAN FREEDOM FIRST.

Chicago.—After a long experience with the Colorado law, which prohibits workers from striking until they give a state commission 30 days' notice, Organizer Biggs of the Journeymen Tailors' Union expreses these patriotic sentiments in the official paper of that organization:

"There is a question of human freedo minvolved in that Colorado law and commission that can nail the worker to his job for 30 days or 30 times 30 days, during which the employer can get ready with strikebreakers.

"The law as administered in Colorado is a crying injustice to all who toil. No 'findings' can compensate for the tyranny that can be practiced under it. To allow such a law to spread to other states would be a country-wide calamity.

"There is no more important issue confronting labor today than this question of involuntary servitude to a capitalistic commission vs. human freedom and the right to right our wrongs. All else is of lesser importance. If we lose our freedom we lose all. Let us not be tempted by any bait of 'findings and award'—their findings are only what we already know. Their awards are simply recommendations. They can give the worker nothing, but they can nail him to his job. Already they have shown brazen indifference to the oath they took to fairly administer the law. They will show their teeth in Colorado and other states if we stand idly by until they shall have united our chains securely."

STATUTES COVER LAWLESSNESS.

Detroit, Mich.—The Evening News befogs the question of labor injunctions in an editorial protesting against the extensive use of these writs, which, the editor declares, "should cover only lawless acts."

Trade unionists deny any judge the right to decide what constitutes a violation of police statutes. One of the most important sections in the United States constitution is the trial by jury guarantee. Judges usurp this right when striking workingmen are involved, but they would be impeached if they dared extend it to other elements of society.

Organized labor insists that a jury shall always decide what constitutes a lawless act, a violation of the criminal code, if the accused so desires. On this theory rests its opposition to labor injunctions. Unionists refuse to agree that judges have the right to "nibble" at the foundation of one of their fundamental guarantees.

WIN STREET CAR STRIKE.

Memphis, Tenn.—The Street Car Men's Union has secured an agreement with the local traction company after a 24 hours' strike. All men discharged during the organization of the union are reinstated and the other demands, including wage increases and readjustment of hours of labor, will be submitted to an arbitration board.

BAKERY WORKERS WIN.

Denver, Col.—The Lindquist Cracker Company has discharged its strikebreakers and agrees to take up the matter of wage increases with a committee representing Bakery and Confectionery Workers' Union.

These employes were forced on strike after the state industrial commission vetoed their request for higher wages, on the ground that eastern competition made advances impossible.

CITY RECOGNIZES UNIONISM.

Waco, Tex.—Teamsters and Helpers' Union has signed an agreement with the mayor and city commissioners that only members of that organization shall be employed on city work. Eight hours shall constitute a day's work and ice will be furnished the men from April 15 to October 15. Time and one-half shall be paid and men will be promoted according to merit, ability and seniority.

DETROIT STRIKERS WINNING.

Detroit, Mich.—The Detroit Mirror Works is one remaining firm that refuses a 50-hour week to members of the Ornamental Glass Workers' Union. About a half dozen firms have accepted the new scale of this recently organized Union. The non-union concern works its employes 10 1-2 hours a day for from $15 to $17.50 a week at labor that is declared to be nerve racking and unhealthy.

RECEIVES FIRST FULL BENEFIT.

Sapulpa, Okla.—Thomas J. Deemer, who was injured while in the employ of a local oil company, is the first worker to receive the full limit of $5,000 for permanent disability under the state workmen's compensation law. The industrial commission has awarded him $10 a week for 500 weeks.

ELECTRICAL WORKERS WIN.

Easton, Pa.—As the result of a strike, inaugurated several weeks ago, electrical workers employed by the Pennsylvania Utilities Company have raised wages from $3.25 to $3.40 a day, with time and one-half for overtime and double pay for Sundays and holidays.

NAVY YARD LABORERS UNITE.

Boston, Mass.—Navy yard laborers and helpers have organized A. F. of L. union No. 15,201, with a membership of 150 persons.

An organization of independent jewelry workers has voted unanimously to affiliate to the American Federation of Labor.

BLACKLIST IN TRENTON.

Trenton, N. J.—The Trades Union Advocate urges rubber workers to organize to defeat a blacklist enforced in this industry. It is charged that a worker cannot secure employment without the consent of the employer he left.

TEAMSTERS ADVANCE.

Seattle, Wash.—During the pastfortnight Teamsters' Union No. 174 has signed contracts with nearly a score of firms and has increased its membership.

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, F. S. Radman, 732 Gresham Place N. W.

Bakery Salesmen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at Moose Hall, Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sunday in each month, Painter's Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N. W.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Edward Fuhrman, 24 Quincy Place, N. W.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets every Sunday, 3 p. m., Jonadab Hall, 623 Louisiana avenue northwest. Secretary, A. Messenio, 514 Tenth street n. w.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 48: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E street southeast.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G Street N. W.

Brotherhood of Railway Carmen of America, Local Union No. 313: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Streets N. E. Secretary, C. F. Cross, 924 K Street N. E. Meeting nights first and third Tuesdays.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles Hall, Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 1424 W St. N. W., Apt. 22.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhan, 787 10th St. s. e.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wassaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Twelfth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple, Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 133 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3800 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Paperhangers Hall, 430 Ninth Street N. W., second and fourth Thursdays of the month. Secretary, Edw. B. Finch, 33 P Street N. E.

Engineers, Hoisting No. 77: Meets every Friday, at 8:00 p. m. Hall, S. E. Cor. Tenth and Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, F. J. Nichols, 616 Fourth street northeast.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and B Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hisle, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Watchmen's Union No. 14964: Secretary, Jas. H. Reed, Cor. Sec., 1228 B street southwest.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Avenue S. E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 Twelfth St. N. E.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, Wm. W. Keeler, 148 Eleventh St. S. E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday at 1204 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, E. H. Fulton, 1120 E St. S. E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, H. Gundershein, 728 Columbia Road.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third 2665. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Bus. Agt.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 922 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Phone Main 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets second Sunday and fourth Friday in each month. Secretary, Albert Bridges 210 L st. s. e.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 420: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m. Secretary, J. A. Whitecar, 2209 Minnesota Ave. S. E.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas. B. Cameron, Bethesda, Md.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary W. H. Amiss, 1008 Monroe St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month. Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 820 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressman, No. 1: Meets fourth Saturday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. E. Blakely, 3527 O St. N. W.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custodian and Janitor, 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, W. P. Cannon, 408 Twelfth St. S. E.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe. 326 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. F. Hickman, 518 Sixth St. N. W.

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Mrs. H. B. Tritipoe, 1737 Willard street N. W., Apt. 20.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10.30 a. m. and 8.30 p. m. Secretary, G. W. Calderhead, Ouray Building, Room 312.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle, 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 750 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Friday, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas. P. Glover, Twentieth and Bryant Sts. N. E.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: International Secretary-Treasurer, Jas. E. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G St. N. W. Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth St. N. W.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.

CHESAPEAKE BEACH

ON THE BAY

Many new attractions, including Monster Derby built over the water. New standard bowling alleys on Board Walk.

Free Dancing.

Numerous amusements for young and old.

ROUND TRIP: SUNDAYS and HOLIDAYS, 50c.

All Other Days, Including Saturdays, 25c.

TRAIN LEAVES DAILY EXCEPT SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS: 9.15, 10.00, 11.30 A. M., 2.30 AND 6.30 P. M.
SATURDAYS: 9.15, 10.00, 11.30 A. M., 2.00, 2.30, 3.25, 5.30 AND 8.00 P. M.
SUNDAYS: 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 A. M., 2.00, 3.26, 4.45 AND 8.00 P. M.

WELLER'S QUICK RELIEF
FOR DIARRHOEA, DYSENTERY, CHOLERA AND CHOLERA MORBUS.

This is an old-time remedy, but no panacea of modern devising has ever surpassed it. Years ago when 8th Street was called Garrison Street, on account of the garrison of soldiers which still remains, this remedy had repute in the southeast part of the city. The old street name has almost been forgotten, but the remedy remains in greater repute than ever. It is one of the old remedies that is distinctly good. You can depend on it. Results are prompt and certain, as they should be from a remedy of this kind.
PRICE 25 CENTS.

WELLER'S DRUG STORE
Eighth and Eye Sts. S. E. 36th and M N. W.

STORAGE PACKING FREIGHT HAULING
Merchants Transfer
— AND —
Storage Company
920-922 E Street Northwest
Phone Main 6900
SHIPPING MOVING HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

When in Doubt, Buy of
HOUSE & HERRMANN
FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.
N.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W

FIREPROOF
CONSTRUCTION
Hammett Fire Proofing Company
301-302-303 Wilkins Bldg.
Phone Main 3337.

PHONE NORTH 2349
DONOVAN'S
FINE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS
2003 14th St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

J. G. O'DONNELL, President, 122 Sixth St. N. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, Vice-President, 519 M St. S. W.
THOS. W. WOLTZ, Recording Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
G. H. F. DAVIS, Treasurer, 439 Second St. S. E.
W. I. STRATTON, Conductor, 617 Sixth St. N. W.
A. F. MOIRSETTE, Warden, 425 G St. N. W.
GEO. MYERS, Business Agent, 425 G St. N. W.

TRUSTEES.

F. J. NOLTE, 24 Eighth Street N. E.
WM. T. BAUM, 472 I Street N. W.
A. P. TAYLOR, 622 I Street N. E.

DELEGATES TO THE DISTRICT COUNCIL.

R. H. BURDETTE, 1207 L Street N. W.
C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
E. B. BYRNE, 425 G Street N. W.
ROBERT REICHARD, 1720 35th Street N. W.
J. H. RYAN, 1101 Eleventh Street S. E.

DELEGATES TO THE CENTRAL LABOR UNION.

C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
R. H. BURDETTE, 816 K Street N. W.
W. S. HOLLOHAN, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
W. T. BAUM, 474 I Street S. W.
MARK REILEY, 1127 B Street S. E.

RELIEF COMMITTEE.

M. REILLY, 1127 B Street S. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
H. M. BEVILL, Brentwood, Md.
J. T. CLIFT, 4115 Seventh Street N. W.
M.A. FOLEY, 118 Seaton Street N. E.

MILL COMMITTEE.

F. E. KETTNER, 3016 Cambridge St. N. W.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
O. A. CARTER, Rosslyn, Va.

DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

G. H. F. DAVIS, 439 Second Street S. E.

Clothes, Hats and Shoes
The Bieber-Kaufman Co.
901-909 Eighth St. S. E.
Down by the Navy Yard
Washington, D. C.

PHONE MAIN 6079.
Reno Lunch
W. H. WOODCOCK, Proprietor.
625 PA. AVE. N. W.
HOME COOKED FOODS
NEVER CLOSED

CORBY'S DELICIOUS CAKE
10c PER HALF LB.
AT ALL GROCERS

The only strictly
UNION TAILORING
house in the city
M. STEIN & CO.
TAILORS
Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

THE MILTON SCHOOL
Oxford Bldg., 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.
Stenography
Typewriting
English
Spanish
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO BEGINNERS
Now in larger quarters in the Oxford Building, 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Meets Every Monday Night

Typographica Temple
423-425 G St. N. W.
Secretary s Address: 1325 E. Capitol St.
Telephone: Lincoln 3955

OFFICERS

N. A. JAMES ..... President
HUGH DIGNEY ..... Vice-President
JOHN B. COLPOYS, Secretary, 1325 E. Capitol St.
JOSEPH E. TOONE ..... Financial Secretary
WM. H. SCHAEFER ..... Treasurer
JOSEPH C. CLARK ..... Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES: Wm. Zell, Chas. Callan, J. L. Considine.

COMMITTEES

Executive: Hugh Digney (chairman), E. L. Tucker, Jno. B. Colpoys, Luke F. Ludlow, Jos. E. Toone, John Hartley, Robt. Jones.
Legislation: Jno. B. Colpoys (chairman), Jno. H. Lorch, Hubert Newsom, N. P. Alifas, D. J. O'Leary.
Adjustment: Robt. Jones (chairman), Hubert Newsom, B. O'Leary, Bell Spellbring, John G. Schmidt.
Contract: Jno. Hartley (chairman), J. L. Considine, F. M. Kirby, W. H. Schaeffer, Hugh Digney.
Laws: Harry Oehler (chairman), N. A. James, Dan'l Hassett.
Resolutions: W. W. Keeler (chairman), J. H. Conroy, J. M. Foster.
Organization: Jos. E. Toone (chairman), Frank Nolte, Joseph Clark, Elmer Harding, Wm. Whyte.
Auditing: Jos. Crowley (chairman), C. K. Kreichbaum, Joseph Foster.
Credentials: Harry M. Sears (chairman), M. J. Costella, Thos. E. Blakeley.
Label: W. C. Hurfurth.
Press: Jno. B. Colpoys (chairman), W. D. Clark, Chas. Heuter.
Delegates to Baltimore: W. N. Huttel (chairman), William Baum, Daniel Hassett.
Delegates to Alexandria: John J. Pucell, Charles Wright.

Saks & Company
MEN'S and BOYS' OUTFITTERS
Pa. Ave. & 7th St. Wash., D. C.
Economy Floor
(Fourth Floor.)
MEN'S, YOUNG MEN'S AND BOYS' SUITS
$7.50, $10 & $12.50
All
Overalls. Union Made Clothing

MEALS—Special Rates to Union Men—LUNCHES
THE ELITE CAFE
W. A. MORAN, Prop.
636 North Capitol Street

LIST OF LIQUOR DEALERS WHO HAVE SIGNED "THE AGREEMENT."

Allen, Paul.....2 N st. n| e.
Allen, John J...807 N. C. Cap st. n. e.
Beirkle, Leopold, - 1245 H st. n. e.
Castelli, Vincent, 502-504 Ninth st.n.w.
Clark, C. H.....510 9th st. n. w.
Colonial Beach Boat Co.
Costello, Bros.....604 G st. n. w.
Crowley, James J.....702 E st. n. w.
Daly, T. J.....34 H st. n. e.
Daye, Wm. T.....1218 Wisc. ave.
Doyle, Wm. T....1314 Wisc. ave. n. w.
Duffy, James A. -901 1-2 E st. n. w.
Egloff, Julius.....200 3rd st. s. e.
Wm. R. Fosbender, 406 Ninth st. n w.
Franey, F. A.....711½ 9th st. n. w.
Frank, Mrs. M. E. - 319 G st. n. w.
Ganey, M.....615 7th st. s. w.
Glavin, Edwin.....309 G st. n. w.
Hannan, Mrs. E.....531 7th st. s. w.
Hanlon, Timothy.....822 H st. n. e.
Kearney, R. H.....901½ E st. n. w.
Kelliher, J. D.....1258 7th st. s. w.
Killeen, John F.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Louis Hodges, - - 407 9th st n. w.
Lynagh, Peter J.....523 7th st. s. w.
Lynch, John.....417 9th st. n. w.
McCarthy, Dennis J., Evans building.
McCarthy, F. J.....910 4½ st. s. w.
McDonald, F. J.....643 Pa. ave. s. e.
McGuire, J. Chas., 519 Ninth st. n. w.
McHough, Martin....1105 H st. n. e.
Milton Schmidt, - 702 7th st. n. w.
O'Connor, D. J.....100 G st. n. w.
O'Connor, Patrick F...6'7 D st. n. w.
O'Connor, James.....1429 N. Cap. st.
O'Day, John T. - 921 Ninth st. n. w.
O'Donnell, James J...333 Pa. ave. s. e.
Peter White, - - - 905 D st. n. w.
Raftery, Thomas.....406 H st. n. e.
Raftery, Patrick.....225 11th st. n. e.
Roland, J. H.....511 9th st. n. w.
Scanlon, Daniel,.....103 H st. n. w.
Schroter, Conrad....3258 M st. n. w.
Schltz, Mary T.....607 G st. n. w.
Sheehan, John J., 701 North Cap. st.
Solon, Mary A., - 1003 7th st. e.
Stern, M. M.....601 7th st. n. w.
Stanton, Frank J.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Sullivan, John J., 1351 35th st. n. w.
The Casino, Frank Farenkamp (Chesapeake Beach).
Victor Buffet Co., Inc., 7th and G n. w.
Wassman, Henry, 705 Seventh st. n. w.
Wiedeman, Joseph....629 E st. n. w.
William J. O'Leary, 733 North Cap. st.
Wininger, Harry 631 Pa. ave. s. e.

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

UNION OPERATOR — LOCAL No. 224 — WASH. D.C. — AFFILIATED WITH CENTRAL LABOR UNION & A.F. of L.

American, 1st st. and R. . ave.n.w.
Apollo, - - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Aragon Airdome, Md. Ave. 8 & 9, N.E.
Arcade (Theatre and Park, 14th and Park Road.
Auditorium, 13th st. and N. Y. ave.n.w.
Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Central Park, - 9th St. G & H N.W.
Chelsia Theatre, 19th and M sts. n. w.
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N. W.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Eastern, - - 8th St. bet. F & G S. E.
Elite Theatre, 14th and R. I. ave. n. w.
Empire, - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Favorite, H St. North Capitol & First
Garden Theatre, 423 Ninth st. n. w.
Garden Theatre, - Hopewell, Va.
Gayety Theatre, - 513 9th st. n. w.
Georgia - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
Home Theater, C bet. 12th & 13th n. e.
Leader - - - 509 Ninth St. N. W.
Liberty Theatre, N. Capitol & P St.
"M" Street Theatre, M St. near 32nd
Maycroft Park, H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Meaders, - - - 8th & G Sts. S. E.
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15, N.W.
Orpheum, - - 4th and C st. n. e.
Peerless Park, - 3105 Ga. ave. n. w.
Plaza Theatre - 434 9th st. n. w.
Pleasant Hrr. Park, 12 and C N. E.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Proctor Park, - - Anacostia, D. C.
Randolpr Park, 1st and Randolph n. w.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
R. I. Theatre, 7th and R. I. Ave. N.W.
Savoy, - - - 14th and Col. Road.
Schuetzen Park, Ga. ave. and Kenyon
Senate, Pa. Ave. bet. 3d & 4th, S. E.
Standard Park, Bates, near N. Cap. St.
Strand, - - - - - Ninth and D.
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N. E.
Stanton Park, - - - 219 4th N. E.
Starlight Park, 4 1-2 and K st. n. w.
Surprise Theatre - Alexandria, Va.
The Grand, - - - Hopewell, Va.
The Richmond, - - Alexandria, Va.
Truxton Park, N. Capitol & Fla. Ave.
Twilight Park, Pa. Ave. 13 & 14, S. E.
Victoria Theatre, 7th & E Sts. S. W.
Welcome, - - 4 1-2 and K st. s. w.
Zenith, - - 8th St. bet. G & H, S. E.

The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I. P. E. U.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXI. NO. 7 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, AUGUST 11, 1916. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

LABOR DAY TO BE OBSERVED BY CENTRAL LABOR UNION

The Central Labor Union, of Washington, D. C., will observe Labor Day in its usual way, by conducting an excursion to Chesapeake Beach on the first Monday of September.

This organization has paid the Beach a trip each year for several years now, and how well it is enjoyed by everyone attending is best attested by the crowds that go.

This year will be no exception to the general rule, and every thing will be done possible to insure the friends and families of trade unionists a royal time at the Beach.

The day will be spent in crabbing, fishing, ball games, athletic events, field events, while the boardwalk will be filled with amusements of various kinds.

Every one is expected to be on hand bright and early and take part in the festivities.

Many labor organizations have labor day celebrations under consideration at the present time. Through the efforts of the labor movement the first Monday in September has been generally set aside as the distinctively Labor Day of the year and it is now practically a universal holiday. The purpose of the day is to direct general thought toward the needs and aspirations of the workers, and to afford the workers themselves time and opportunity to consider those things which vitally concern them and the labor organization through which they are trying to work out their ideals.

Wherever the workers have been through some crisis which has stirred them to particular effort and roused them to renewed sense of appreciation of the meaning of the labor movemnet, the celebration for the day invariably has a peculiar significance and arouses deep-seated feeling and enthusiasm.

But, as in every other relationship, where there is nothing that has particularly stimulated to activity there is a tendency toward a general lethargy in the celebration of Labor Day, and it is permitted to degenerate into a sort of social holiday unmarked by anything distinctively labor.

This is a serious mistake. Labor Day can have its fullest value only when there is associated with the celebration of the day efforts to call attention to the purposes and the causes of the labor movement. It should be a day for renewing devotion to the cause of labor, for strengthening ties of fraternity and for instilling larger and broader ideals which lead out to a wider field of activity and a fuller appreciation of the possibilities of the labor movement.

A Labor Day properly celebrated does much for the organized labor movement and gives that movement a publicity that can rarely be secured in any other way. When the holiday is distinctively labor, labor news and labor doings necessarily have first place in all daily papers. The greater the effort of the labor movement to place emphasis and prominence upon the doings and activity of labor, the greater will be the publicity we gain and consequently there will result better understanding of the power and possibilities of the labor movement—an understanding that can be utilized for practical purposes during the whole year.

It is, therefore, urged that every central body in the country plan for a distinctively labor celebration on the coming Labor Day. There ought to be a parade that will direct the attention of the whole town to the cause of labor, which is the cause of humanity, and in addition to a general gathering of the workers of the community to listen to labor addresses.

The labor movement has made tremendous progress during the past year. On this coming Labor Day we ought to make known the story of that progress to the whole nation, and plan for greater constructive work during the next year. There are no limitations to the work of the labor movement, no limitations to its power to bring betterment into the lives of the workers of this country or to establish mutually helpful relations with the workers of all other countries.

The labor movement of the United States has reason to be proud of its achievements, and to be gratified at the work that has been done for humanity and civilization during the past year. Let us express this progress in an adequate way on September 4.—President Gompers in American Federationist.

WHAT IS "GOOD GOVERNMENT?"

Indianapolis, Ind.—The official paper of the Bricklayers' Internation Union says:

"If good government were possible through the medium of law, the United States, individually and collectively, would have reached the millennium, for the reason that we have been passing laws to fit every kind and sort of condition. Good government does not come that way. Every reform in history has come up from the people, not down through law-making power to the people. The future of this country rests with the great common people. The every-day man who never gets into the newspapers but who does his day's work and raises his lamily and lives his life. He is the man who is the court of last resort."

FOR A CHILD LABOR LAW

Senate Votes 52 to 12 on Measure Urged by the Administration

TEN SOUTHERN SENATORS OPPOSE BILL

The Senate last evening passed the bill to prevent interstate commerce in products of child labor. The vote was 52 to 12. The measure, already passed by the House, was brought to a vote in the Senate upon the insistence of President Wilson after the Democratic Senate caucus once had decided to defer its consideration until next December.

The bill as passed would prohibit interstate commerce in the product of any mine or quarry in which children under 16 years of age have been employed or in the product of any mill, cannery, workshop, factory or manufacturing establishment in which children under 14 have been employed, or in which children between 14 and 16 have been employed more than eight hours a day, more than six days a week, before 6 o'clock in the morning or later than 7 o'clock in the evening. It would take effect one year after enactment.

Opposition to the measure came chiefly from Southern cotton mill owners and the group of Southern Democrats who voted against it, had fought it in caucus and maintained their opposition during the Senate debate on the ground that the regulation proposed is unconstitutional and would interfere with the rights of the States.

These same Senators perhaps would oppose giving the Philippines their independence because they are not capable of self-government, yet they vote against a bill that would give the poor white of their own state to learn to read, which he would do if his hours of toil was shortened.

We fail to see why a State should be allowed autonomy until they have shown intelligence enough to conduct their internal affairs.

Any State in the North or South that will put a premium on honor by impelling its girls and women-folks to slave ungodly hours for an ungodly wage should have no rights—not even a vote.

Hear the bell! Now, watch! It's nearing 5 o'clock—just before the break of day. There, see that light. That is the lantern of a mill worker making his way to the factory. Another one! Yes, and still another. Presently the line of lighted lanterns is long. It continues to grow and grow as these little ones grope their way to a cotton mill. Returning in the evening it is just the same. Many of the little tots make as much as 60 CENTS A WEEK. LOOK AT THIS! YOU TEN SOUTHERN CHIVALROUS GENTLEMEN, REPRESENTATIVES OF THE PEOPLE IN THE U. S. SENATE, AND DENY IT IF YOU DARE!

TEN SOUTHERN SENATORS VOTED AGAINST THE BILL.

THEIR NAMES:

Bankhead, Alabama.
Bryan and Fletcher, Florida.
Hardwick and Smith, Georgia.
Overman and Simmons, North Carolina.
Smith and Tillman, South Carolina.
Williams, Mississippi (all Democrats).

Look! Read where these Southern Senators are from: **Alabama; Florida; Georgia; North Carolina; South Carolina; and Mississippi.**

Where are the bulk of cotton mills located: Read again, **Alabama; Florida; Georgia; North Carolina; South Carolina; and Mississippi.**

Ten Southern Senators have shown by their vote that the chivalry of the old South is a thing of the past.

Ten Southern Senators have shown by their vote that they are willing for the child of their own Southland to continue to be ground into dollars by northern capital.

Ten Southern Senators have expresed a willingness for alien capital to exploit the women, men, girls and boys of their country.

Ten Southern Senators are willing for the white child to continue to slave long hours for low wage, while the negro is in school.

Ten Southern Senators are willing for worthless fathers to continue to fish and smoke and idle their time away while their unfortunate children are enslaved in cotton mills.

Ten Southern Senators are putting a premium on vice by voting against a child labor law that will give to the little ones a chance to see the sunshine at other times than on Sunday.

Ten Southern Senators evidently realize that if northern capital can come in their midst and exploit their children they are financially able to likewise exploit a man politically favorable to their interests.

Ten Southern Senators will soon be stumping the State, perhaps, cussing the D—n Yankee to the voters of their respective districts in order that he may be returned to continue to vote for the mill owners.

Ten Southern Senators still call themselves representatives of the best element of the South while they prostitute their politics in voting against a child labor law that benefits the employes of the chief industry of their state.

Republicans Senators of the Northern States have more regard, more feeling, more love, are more humane toward the poor whites of the South than their own Senators.

Indeed, to be poor in the South is to be a slave and ten Southern Senators are perfectly willing to keep you a slave.

Lincoln knew what cheap screws they were when he issued the proclamation of emancipation, but he never dreamed they would free the negro and enslave their own kind industrially.

Chivalrous South, with its illiterate population and Senators that would keep it so.

W. H. ANGLIN.

INDUSTRIAL TRAINING FAVORED BY SENATE.

The Senate has passed the Smith-Hughes bill, which provides for vocational education and industrial training, and which has been continuously urged by the American Federation of Labor. This legislation, known in the house as the Hughes bill, has been approved by the committee on education and is now on the house calendar.

Under this bill the federal government will pay an amount equal to that expended by states for education designed to prepare boys and girls over 14 years of age for useful and profitable employment in agriculture, in the trades and industries and in home economics, and to extend knowledge of mature workers. Only schools controlled by the public are eligible to federal assistance.

Three classes of schools are contemplated:

First—To aid schools in which practically half the time is given to vocational instruction.

Second—Part-time schools for young workers over 14 years of age, with a view of extending their vocational knowledge.

Third—Evening schools to extend the vocational knowledge for workers over 16 years of age.

Provision is made for the training of teachers of agricultural, trade, industrial and home economic subjects.

A federal board for vocational education is created which will work with state boards designated or created for this purpose.

To secure federal aid the states, through their legislative authorities, must formally accept the conditions of this act.

The bill was prepared largely through the work of a commission on national aid to vocational education, created by act of Congress and approved by President Wilson, January 20, 1914. On this commission the president appointed, as representatives of organized labor, Miss Agnes Nestor, president of the International Glove Workers' Union, and Charles H. Winslow, Sawsmiths' Union.

While little publicity has been given this legislation, which is based on a need for real efficiency, it involves the expenditure of large sums. In the matter of salaries for teachers, supervisors and directors of agricultural, trade and industrial subjects alone, $28,500,000 will be expended between the years 1916 and 1925. These appropriations start with $1,000,000 for the year 1916 and increase annually until the maximum is reached.

CANAL ZONE CONDITIONS WILL REMAIN THE SAME.

President Wilson has signed an order continuing working conditions on the Panama canal zone.

Two years ago, when this work passed to the permanent maintenance period, the president, according to law, issued an order putting into effect the charging for rent, fuel and light to employes occupying government houses. The metal trades department of the A. F. of L. succeeded in having the enforcement of this order postponed until June 30, 1916. Efforts were made to have Congress enact legislation that would continue conditions maintained during the construction period, but the house rejected this plan, which was approved by the Senate. The unionists then appealed to the president direct, who referred the matter to Secretary of War Garrison and Secretary of Labor Wilson for investigation. The attorney general ruled that an executive order was within the law and last week President Wilson accepted the recommendation of his cabinet officials, who agreed with the trade unionists.

The workers on the canal zone can see no difference as far as their labor is concerned between the construction period and the maintenance period, and they protested against what virtually amounted to wage reductions, which officers in charge of the work have received what is equivalent to a pension.

BAKERS REDUCE HOURS.

Richmond, Va.—The Corby Baking Company has signed a two-years' contract with the Bakers' Union. The company agrees to employ union men, reduce hours 10 to 9 and increase wages.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - Editor
Wm. H. Anglin - - - - - Associate Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF LABEL UNION TRADES UNION COUNCIL WASHINGTON D.C. 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., AUGUST 11, 1916.

FOR HUMANE CONSIDERATION.

It will be well for all to accord carfeul consideration to the public address of Samuel Gompers on the subject of preparedness.

The head of the American Federation of Labor state that preparedness is an economic as well as a civic and a military problem.

The principles of human welfare cannot be ignored in military matters or in plans for national defense, just as they cannot be ignored in industry or commerce.

That infinitely valuable and sacred thing, human creative power, and the safeguarding of human rights and freedom are of fundamental importance and are correlated with national defense and must not be sacrificed to any false conception of national defense.

"For to what end will a nation be saved," trenchantly asks the labor leader, "if the citizens are denied that which gives life, value and purpose?"

Public policies, whether political or military, must be in accord with broad ideals that recognize all factors and values each according to the service that it performs.

There is a human side for all of our national problems, whether industrial, commercial, political or military. It has been the general practice of governments to accord only to employers, the owners of capital, of the managerial side of commerce and industry, real participation in government and in deciding upon governmental policies. According to this custom the wage earners belong to the class of the governed, never to do part of the governing. This policy is a reflection of conditions existing in the industrial and commercial world. However, a change has been coming.

Wage earners, through their economic associations, have been making the demand that those who supply the creative labor power of industry and commerce are surely as important to the processes of production as those who supply the materials necessary for production.

They have, therefore, made demand that the human side of production shall, at least, be given as much consideration and as much importance as the material side.

They demand that industries and commerce shall be conducted not only in the interests of production but with consideration for the welfare and the conservation of the human being employed in production. Preparedness is different from militarism. It is humanity.—Trades Union News.

EFFICIENCY VICTIMS.

What is to become of the efficiency victims—that is, the old men who have served the useful days of their lives in a calling, only to suddenly find themselves ruthlessly thrown on the scrap pile to work their way out as best they may? If there is one thing more bitter than another it must be to be told, "Your usefulness to us is over; you are discharged." That is what in these days of efficiency method is occurring every day to men who have been faithful to their tasks day after day and year after year, and then to be told without warning that they are out of date is not calculated to give peace of mind. It is not human to expect a man to take such a situation in a philosophical manner; his whole being has been shocked; he thinks of his old helpmate who has traveled the road with him, sharing the ups and downs, the sorrows and pleasures of the journey, and to have to go home and tell her that he has been discharged because he was too old, too old.

What provision is to be made for such victims? Some provision must be made for them. If misfortune has followed them and the wages he made did not allow for a saving for an old age, there is nothing but the poorhouse or be dependent on some one else, who indeed may not be able to stand the double strain, but out of the goodness of heart, charity and love will undertake the burden. Other countries have taken this task up and disposed of it by a pension system; is it not better to do that than to pay an equal amount to maintain the various plans now employed?

It is time we woke up to an ever increasing situation. The greater the introduction of efficiency methods the greater will become the necessity for the protection of the victims resulting therefrom.—Tobacco Worker.

Cool nights in September.

Cheer up! Taxation will never exceed the amount you make. The frenzied financiers of this country are too sensible for that.

Where's the man who will start a contribution to be used for the erection of a statue to Jules Verne—the world's greatest dreamer.

Liquid fire was known to the American Army long before the European war, but the abolition of the canteen side-tracked this useful implement of warfare.

"A faithful dog will share his last bone with you, but that's asking almost too much from a human friend." We hope to see the day when the average man will be as good as a dog morally.

Some years ago Battery A, D. C. N. G., boasted of a recruit that could tote a 2-bushel bag of oats from Bolivar Heights to Harper's Ferry and then couldn't tote a quart back to camp taken in exchange.

PNEUMOGASTRICISMS

BY BILLY ANGLIN

Don't forget Labor Day.

Battery B has gone to Bisbee.

It's almost time to start politicking.

Few men fail to stagger under heavy loads.

How about a King of Rooters for the W. U. P. A. A.?

It begins to look now as if we may have a pennant-winning team next year.

ARTICIFER—A man who knows best what to do in an emergency.

We like the job of range finding—if it's not too early in the morning.

We see where some infant about 40 years of age had infantile paralysis.

Wish something would start with Mexico so we could read reading in the dailies.

It becomes more apparent that the Washington Printers' Baseball Club needs a mascot.

Man always sees a woman at her best during courtship. After marriage at her worst. Women, ditto.

Talking about aeronauts: Did you ever have the grocery bill and house-rent due on the same Saturday?

Had we fewer marriages there would necessarily be fewer divorce proceedings. Hard to tell which is the worse.

If young men could only see their best girl in the early a. m. it would go a far way toward discouraging matrimony.

Wages are being raised all over the country. Likewise the price of necessities. The only difference being where wages are raised 10 per cent necessities are advanced 20 per cent and the workingman is making more but getting less.

Certainly hard to diagnose infantile paralysis according to the reports of the disease; but it's not. A diagnosis is made of infantile paralysis the same as any other disease. The doctor feels your pulse, looks at your tongue, smells your breath, unless you have catarrh, and then asks if you use tobacco or whiskey. Then he will say "I'll be back to-morrow," after he has written in Latin on a prescription blank some proprietary tablet that the druggist charges you forty cents for. Without the prescription you could buy a carload for about 60 cents. Then to-morrow, "How do you feel?" You then start in and give your symptoms, after which every known ailment to mankind is indicated, with the result that the prescription is changed and the doctor suggests you are better and goes away to come again to-morrow. About the time you decide you are feeling well enough to go work, the doctor informs you that he has engaged a ward in the hospital and hopes to have you out in nine weeks. The hospital then feeds you a bowl of rice and milk that'll make you sho' nuff sick, and after you have become acclimated to the diet you are discharged as well and charged fo rhaving been sick. If you should die, and people try that some time as a means of escape, the doctor don't mind telling anyone just how you was effected, and that he knew you was going to die before he put you there.

From the Front.

In the Shadow of the Alamo,
August 2, 1916.

Dear Bill:

Here we are—the biggest and best bunch of Republicans you ever saw congregated in one great heap—all except the officers, of course. Many of these heretofore rock-ribbed Democrats—because their father was one—have committed the unpardonable sin and swear by all that's good, bad, or indifferent they will vote a straight Republican ticket hereafter, if they get a chance, under penalty of being excommunicated from the family circle.

None of the Mexicans we see are exhausted from carrying superfluous flesh, and our captain gives us a lecture on squatter sovereignty about every other day, closing with the adjunct to "Play in your own back yard."

Take it from me, Bill, if ever we start in on these adobe inhabitants there will be so many squads of pall-bearers at work that Villa will be decidedly short as to his effective force.

It's not so long since Uncle Sam decided to separate a few thousand square feet from Mexico to see if she could really miss anything.

History relates that Mexico missed Texas at once as well as everything she shot at during that war.

We are down here now, presumably, to keep Texas on this side of the Rio Grande, even if it becomes necessary to slaughter a few thousand inoffensive and odoriferous "Greasers."

'Round here is where old Santa Ana fell to, with 21,000 men, on General Taylor and about 5,000 Americans. But the American boys had been using a mission house for a field range and its four walls as a target, with the result that no attempt was made to collect the fragments of Santa. He died no fugitive death, a la Villa.

Well, it's as hot as Hyattsville here, but we have a breeze—thanks for that.

We had rice pudding one day last week for dinner and this stood us an individual assessment of about 10 cents apiece. Too much for so little.

You'll hear from me again. So long!

"Bo."

ESTABLISHED 1865 — 51 YEARS IN BUSINESS

CHRISTIAN XANDER'S

Famous Foreign and Domestic Gins

909 7th Street, Northwest. — No Branch Houses. Phone M. 274

MEATS — GROCERIES — FISH

Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the

OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.

930 La. Ave. N. W. — 1111 H Street N. E.
8th & E Sts. S. E. — 1632 N. Capitol Street
31st & M Sts. N. W. — 3418-20 Ga. Ave. N. W.
7th & Q Sts. N. W. — 14th & U Streets N. W.
1778 U Street, N. W. — 7th and B Streets N. E.
7th & H Street N. E. — 3113 14th Street, N. W.
726 7th St. N. W. — 1440 P St. N. W.
2002-2004 Ga. Ave. N. W.

POULTRY — BREAD — PRODUCE

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF THE UNITED BREWERY WORKMEN OF AMERICA
Union MADE Beer — Ale AND Porter
COPYRIGHT & TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1903
THIS IS OUR LABEL.

VOTE
Against Prohibition
DEMAND
Personal Liberty
IN CHOOSING WHAT YOU WILL DRINK
ASK FOR THIS LABEL WHEN PURCHASING BEER, ALE OR PORTER.
As A Guarantee That It Is Union Made.

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK
Northwest Corner FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST
LOOK FOR THE CLOCKS
4 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts
COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

40-MILE MOONLIGHT on Mondays During July and August
Adults 25c, Children 15c.

COLONIAL BEACH
IDEAL SUMMER RESORT—70 Miles from Washington—4-HOUR TRIP.
Good Hotels, Cafes and Stores—Bathing, Boating and all Amusements
STEAMER ST. JOHNS
Fastest and Most Palatial Steamer on the Potomac
Fare, returning same day....Adults 50c, Children 25c
Fare, stop-over ticket.....Adults $1.00, Children 50c
SEE PAPERS FOR SCHEDULE — WHARF: FOOT OF SEVENTH ST.

LYCEUM THEATRE wishes to make friends with all organized workers. I am with you.
HARRY TURBERVILLE, Jr., Manager.

BOOT & SHOE WORKERS UNION — UNION STAMP — Factory

Named Shoes are Frequently Made in Non-Union Factories

DO NOT BUY ANY SHOE

No matter what its name, unless it bears a plain and readable impression of this Union Stamp. All shoes without the Union Stamp are always Non-Union. Do not accept any excuse for absence of the Union Stamp

Boot and Shoe Workers' Union, 246 Summer St., Boston, Mass.
JOHN F. TOBIN President. — CHAS. L. BAINE, Sec.-Treas.

WASHINGTON BREWERY CO.
IMPERIAL EXPORT
A really fine beer

WIENER BEER (Light) — CONGRESS BREW (Dark)
— ALE —
Arlington Brewing Co.
— PORTER —
Tel. West 129 — ROSSLYN, VA.

To the Heart of Leisureland

where woods are cool, streams alluring, vacations ideal. Between New York City (with Albany and Troy the gateways) and

Lake George, the Adirondacks, Lake Chaplain, the North and West

The logical route is "The Luxurious Way"—Largest and most magnificent river steamships in the world—Daily Service. Send for free copy of Beautiful "Searchlight Magazine"

HUDSON NAVIGATION COMPANY
Pier 32, North River —"THE SEARCHLIGHT ROUTE."— New York

Closed at 5 P. M.
Saturday at 1 P. M.

Water Coolers

That Are Sanitary And Serviceable

A good water cooler is essential in warm weather. One that is sanitary and keeps the water cool without a large consumption of ice. The best coolers are found in our Housefurnishing Department..

XX CENTURY BOTTLE WATER COOLERS

An inverted bottle of water feeds the supply through a porcelain jar, around which ice is placed, and drawn from the spigot without coming in contact with the ice.

Price, Cooler and Bottle, with strong Iron Stand.....$10.00 up.
4-gal. Fiber Water Coolers.....$2.00
5-gal. Fiber Water Coolers.....$2.20
Flemish Stone Water Coolers, $1.25 up.
Oak Case Porcelained Steel Lined Water Coolers.....$5.75 up.
Steel Case Porcelain Lined Water Coolers .....$5.50 up.
Nickel Water Coolers.....$18.00 up.
Steel Case Coolers, with inner porcelain jars to separate the ice from the drinking water.....$9.00 up.
Oak Water Cooler Stand.....$3.50 up.

Dulin & Martin Co.
Pottery, Porcelain, China, Glass, Silver, &c.
1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St.

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY

Equitable Life Insurance Co.
of the District of Columbia
THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.
Issues Ordinary and Industrial
Wm. A. Bennett, 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.
EQUITABLE BLD'G. 816 14th ST., N. W.

Black's Alderney and Green Meadow Dairy
Pasteurized and Tubercoline Tested Milk.
Phone N. 1670. Union Dairies.

LANSBURGH & BRO.
"DRY GOODS ONLY"
The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City
420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

Bell Brand Union-Made
COLLARS and SHIRTS
LARGE ASSORTMENT
T. HOLLANDER
North Capitol and H Streets

Takoma Bread
Fresh Three Times Daily
AT ALL GROCERS
Havenner Baking Company
Established 1815

Phone Main 3871
WM. H. HOWLIN
OURAY BUILDING, 801 G ST. N. W.
(Room 404)
Engrossing Resolutions, Diplomas, Charters and Fancy Pen Work of all descriptions.

CELTIC CLUB WHISKEY
Our Specialty
Never Changes. Accept No Substitute
Once Tried You'll Always Use It.
Ports and Sherries for family use, Quarts, 50 and 75 cents. All makes of Beer. Leading brands of Cigars. Ales and Porters on draught the year round.
D. J. O'CONNOR
New Jersey Ave. and G Sts. N.W

BROCKWELL'S BITS

BY W.N BROCKWELL

Government Printing Office Council, No. 211, will convene in regular monthly session at Typographical Temple on Monday evening, August 14, 1916. Even if the weather is hot, members will find the meeting place a pleasant one—electric fan, cigars, good company, and fraternity. The hour of meeting is 8 p. m.

* * *

Samuel E. Davies, known to many of his fellow-members of Columbia Union, left this city for the Union Printers' Home at Colorado Springs Thursday, August 10, 1916. I believe Brother Davies was an inmate of the Home once before, about three or four years ago. Along with his friends here, I trust "Sam" may soon feel the good effects of the Colorado climate and the Home treatment, and that ere long he may be completely restored to health.

* * *

The writer has seen a number of tributes to the late James Whitcomb Riley, but none more strikingly like the work of the beloved poet himself than the following, from the pen of Bide Dudley, in the New York Evening World:

Well, good-by, Jim; take keer yourself.
You've crossed the great divide.
Yer with that dear old sweetheart, Jim,
There on the other side.
A tear's in Orphant Annie's eye,
A lump's in Sister's throat.
An' Jim, they's quite a raft of us
That's in the same old boat.

Well, good-by, Jim; take keer yourself.
Yer dead, but still you'll live
In human hearts as long as God
Has human life to give,
You b'longed to Him, Jim, anyway,
An' you wus only lent.
A nation's everlastin' love,
Shall be yer monument.

* * *

William R. Love, manager of the Washington printer baseball team, sends greetings. He says the Capital City people were royally entertained by Johnny Dugan and his tribe at Cincinnati—which sounds exactly like the enthusiastic and hospitable "Johnny." The Washington team lost its first game at Indianapolis, and as a consequence was eliminated.

* * *

The most interesting thing in printer circles in this community is the Baltimore convention of the International Typographical Union, so I think the following from the Baltimore Bulletin will be mighty good copy for my printer readers as outlining the principal events of the week in the Monumental City.

"Saturday night, beginning at 8 o'clock, there will be a social gathering at the Hotel Emerson, where a buffet luncheon will be served, and acquaintanceships may be formed and renewed.

"Sunday, at 10 A. M., the guests of the Convention City will embark on the steamer Louise, leaving Pier 16, Light Street, for an all-day trip on Chesapeake Bay. On this trip a box luncheon will be served. The boat will return to the city about 6 P. M.

"Monday afternoon our guests will view the city on an automobile trip, though a crab feast at one of the shores may be substituted for this feature.

"Tuesday will be Washington Day. A reduced rate for the round trip will be made by the railway officials, and Washington Union will take care of the Convention for that day. To those who have never visited the nation's capital this feature of the entertainment will prove of special interest. At any rate, Washington Union will see to it that every person visiting the seat of government will get the best that can be had.

"Wednesday night the entertainment features of the Convention will close with a moonlight excursion on the bay.

After this round of nautical and historical pleasures the delegates to the sixty-second session of the International Typographical Union should be fit to tackle any typographical problem and solve it wisely and for keeps."

* * *

"Whereas the Congress of the United States has now under consideration a project to establish a postal telegraph system; and

"Whereas, it is a matter that seriously concerns all printers, inasmuch as the present system of telegraphic communication, being controlled by a monopoly in the interests of a few, is so managed as to prevent the establishment of any more newspapers, thus lessening the channels of information and preventing the free and untrammeled diffusion of knowledge that should characterize a republican government, founded upon the principles of free speech and a free press: Therefore, be it

"Resolved, That Columbia Typographical Union No. 101, earnestly request Congress to enact into a law the proposition to establish a postal telegraph system, so that the channels of telegraphic communication may be open to all and that there may be no hindrance to the extension of a profession which has done so much to enlighten, civilize, and improve the condition of the world.

"Resolved, That copies of the above preamble and resolution, duly attested, be transmitted to the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House of Representatives, with a request that they lay the same before their respective bodies."

A friend has sent me the above with the request that it appear in the Bits, and at the same time I am asked when it was passed by Columbia Typographical Union. I am glad to give it space as showing the activity at an early time of our local in a question which is still of great interest to the printers' craft and the public in general. I think it was passed by No. 101 in 1868 or 1869.

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

Alonzo G. Anthony, compositor.

David A. Atkins, temporary unskilled laborer.

William J. Collins, messenger, reinstatement.

Ray D. Davis, temporary clerk.

Joseph M. Fant, temporary unskilled laborer.

Miss Catherine A. Kaufman, temporary skilled laborer.

Mrs. Amelia G. Linton, skilled laborer, transferred from the Bureau of Engraving and Printing.

Mrs. Edith M. Murray, temporary skilled laborer.

John H. Thomas, temporary unskilled laborer.

Charles L. Travers, temporary unskilled laborer.

William W. Wallace, machinist's helper, reinstatement.

Charles Williams, temporary unskilled laborer.

Miss Mayme D. Wilson, temporary skilled laborer.

Separations.

Francis N. Crowley, temporary messenger boy, resigned.

John L. Kelly, Monotype Keyboard Operator, resigned.

Conrad Rupp, skilled laborer.

Milford Schiller, temporary messenger boy.

Transfers, Etc.

David Altman, clerk, from $1,000 per annum to $1,100 per annum, office foreman of printing.

Charles B. Tanner, clerk, from $1,000 per annum to $1,100 pe rannum, office of superintendent of work.

Charles H. Cooksey, clerk, from $1,000 per annum to $1,200 per annum, office of superintendent of work.

Harold L. Keys, from skilled laborer, 25 cents an hour, to oiler, 30 cents an hour, Engineer Section.

Loxlie V. Adams, from pressman, 55 cents an hour, to in charge of section, 70 cents an hour, presswork division.

Henry A. Ludwig, from helper, 50 cents an hour, to officeman, $1,400 per annum, building division.

Herbert S. Tolson, skilled laborer, 25 cents an hour, forwarding and finishing section, to elevator conductor, 30 cents an hour, electrical section.

Sidney C. Sommers, from temporary compositor, 50 cents an hour, to probationary compositor, 50 cents an hour.

Loyd Garrison, temporary compositor, 50 cents an hour, to probationary compositor, 50 cents an hour.

AMERICAN LUNCH
VIRGINIA THEATRE
Stag Hotel
JOHN J. NOONAN.

Parker, Bridget & Co.
"The Avenue at Ninth"
Featuring Extra Value
$15
Suits for Spring

Up-to-date Tailor Made Suits
$22.50 AND UP.
B. LANDSMAN
STRICTLY UNION
Cleaning, Pressing, Dyeing, Altering and Repairing.
Call For and Deliver.
PHONE LINCOLN 2477.
901 E. Cap. St. Wash., D. C.

New Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits for Hire

WILNER'S
Spring and Summer Suitings
The Latest Novelties of the Season . . . $18.50

EVERY UNION MAN OUGHT TO TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THIS OFFER

Not only do we save you $10.00 on every suit you buy, but our workmanship has proven to stand up, to hold its shape, curl nor wrinkle until the garment will last, and we guarantee to last you fully three years.

We are the FIRST and ONLY Union Custom Tailors in this City.

Order Your Suit From
JOS. A. WILNER & COMPANY
COR. 8th and G STREETS NORTHWEST

CORBY'S YEAST
Leaves nothing to guess-work.
Its purity and strength are uniform.
Every baker knows what that means.
Send for samples.
THE CORBY COMPANY
STATION K. WASHINGTON, D. C.

Building Trades Headquarters Sixth and G Sts. N. W
Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rent
WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES TOBACCO.
COSTELLO BROS

THE PLATE PRINTER
Official Organ Plate Printers International Union.
P. J. RYAN, Editor. CHAS. T. SMITH, Assoc. Editor.
Subscription $1.00 Per Year
Telephone 4528 Wash. Loan & Trust Bldg.

Representative Houses
OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

BANKS

THE NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burglar-proof vaults, acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth and New York Avenue

THE WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee, etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK
A Bank for the Working People. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account
Ninth and G streets N. W.

UNION SAVINGS BANK. Commercial Accounts. Three per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts. The Oldest Savings Bank in Washington.

MICHAEL T. GREENE
Liquors and Cigars. 639 D St. N. W.

STONER'S BAR AND RESTAURANT
The, G. Stoner. 206 Seventh St. S. W.

J. CHAS. McGUIRE'S BUFFET
Federal Seal Whiskey. 519 Ninth St. N. W.

O'KEEFE'S BUFFET
P. J. O'Keefe, Prop. 904 Pa. Ave. N. W.

GLAVIN'S BUFFET
ED. J. GLAVIN 309 G Street Northwest

OXFORD BUFFET
J. F. SCHRINER 730 14th Street N. W.

FRANK'S BUFFET
Fourth and G Sts., N. W. Phone M. 5572

DAVID WALSH'S BUFFET
407 10th Street N. W.

E. E. FARLEY'S BUFFET
415 13th Street N. W.

J. J. O'DONNELL'S BUFFET
333 Penn. Avenue S. E.

HARRY'S BUFFET
631 Penn. Ave. S. E. Phone Lin. 1843

MACHINIST
G. W. FORSBERG, Formerly with Forsberg and Murray, Elevate Boilers. Eighth and Water Streets S. W. Phone Main 751 and 742

GROCER AND COFFEE ROASTER
SOMERSET R. WATERS, 1342 Seventh Street N. W.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

RALSTON AND RICHARDSON, Bond Building, Fourteenth Stree and New York Avenue.

FRANK FULLER Room 421, Munsey Building, Phone Main 1826.

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.

THE SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (INC.) SODA WATER SYRUPS, Etc., 1066 Wisconsin Avenue Northwest.

PHOTO SUPPLIES

E. J. PULLMAN, Developing and Finishing for Amateurs Specialty 420 Ninth Street N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS

MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Avenue Northwest. Our Specialty Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

FIRE INSURANCE

FIREMAN'S INSURANCE COMPANY, Seventh Street and Louisiana Avenue.

DRY GOODS

WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings Hoisery, a specialty, 806-808 H Street N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

UNDERTAKERS

J. WILLIAM LEE
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY
332 Penna. Avenue N. W.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.

THE W. H. BUTLER COMPANY, 607 and 609 C Street N. W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT

NATIONAL MORTAR COMPANY, First and M Street, Northeas
COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING COMPANY, 3036 K Street.

DRUGGISTS

CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth Street and Virginia Avenue S. E.

DAY & CO
5th and G Sts. N. W. 14th and P Sts. N. W
20th St. and Rhode Island Ave. N. E.

QUIGLEY, Druggist, Twenty-first and G Streets N. W.

A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner Seventh and P Streets N. W.

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1
Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.

M. J. DUNNIGAN, President.....2007 14 Street N.W.
JOHN G. WOLFE, Vice-President. 1023 N. J. Ave. N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W.

TRUSTEES

Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E.
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E.
Thos. L. Nevins.....504 Maine Avenue S. W.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe.....1023 N. J. Ave. N. W
J. McElfresh.....
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E.
A. Tenley.....964 Florida Ave. N. W.
M. Sullivan.....5631-2 15 St. S. E.

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.

Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ARBITRRATION COMMITTEE.

M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W.
M. A. Wolfe.....418 F St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. E.
Joseph Harding.....210 13 St. S. W.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....2006 2nd St. N. W
R. Pumphrey.....223 Q St. N. W.
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W.
Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. W.

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave.
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Cap. St.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L St. S. W.

DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.

John Wolfe.....1023 N. J Avenue N. W.
William Pollard.....522 14 St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

Washington District Council of Carpenters
Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

J. G. O'DONNELL, President, L. U. 132, 127 Sixth Street N. E.
E. B. BYRNE, Secretary, L. U. 132, 425 G Street N. W.
F. A. SHOESMITH, Treasurer, L. U. 2563, 5209 Georgia Avenue N. W.
R. H. BURDETTE, Trustee, L. U. 132, 1207 L Street N. W.
H. S. HOLLOHAN, Trustee, L. U. 132, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
H. PAGE, Trustee, L. U. 2563, 336½ Thirteenth Street N. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, L. U. 132, 519 M Street S. W.
ROBERT ADAM, L. U. 2563, 1511 Vermont Avenue N. W.
FRED HOOK, L. U. 2563, 1528 Eighth Street N. W.
WM. MACKIE, L. U. 2563, 216 Seaton Place N. E.

BUSINESS AGENT.
GEO. MYERS, 425 G Street N. W.

GEO. D. HORNING,
N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.
LOAN OFFICE

DO YOU KNOW THAT

Cockroaches may carry disease?

Pneumonia is a communicable disease?

The breast fed baby has the best chance?

Tuberculosis and poverty go hand in hand?

Health first is the highest form of safety first?

Physical fitness is preparedness against disease?

The hand that carries food to the mouth can also carry disease germs?

The U. S. Public Health Service will send a booklet on flies and disease, gratis to all applicants?

CLEAN HANDS.

Disease germs lead a hand to mouth existence. If the human race would learn to keep the unwashed hand away from the mouth many human diseases would be greatly diminished. We handle infectious matter more or less constantly and we continually carry the hands to the mouth. If the hand has recently been in contact with infectious matter the germs of disease may in this way be introduced into the body. Many persons wet their fingers with saliva before counting money, turning the pages of a book, or performing similar acts. In this case the process is reversed, the infection being carried to the object handled, there to await carriage to the mouth of some other careless person. In view of these facts, the U. S. Public Health Service has formulated the following simple rules of personal hygiene and recommends their adoption by every person in the United States:

WASH THE HANDS IMMEDIATELY—

Before eating,
Before handling, preparing or serving food,
After using the toilet.
After attending the sick, and
After handling anything dirty.

OLD AGE AND DEPENDENCE.

It is estimated that there are now about 23,000,000 families in the United States, and only 25 per cent of the number own their own houses.—News Item No. 1.

Of persons more than 65 years old, 97 per cent are dependent on relatives, friends or charity.—News Item No. 2.

Yet when they married all the persons indicated above had an ambition to own their own homes, and to be independent in old age.

Why did they fail?

Some very good people say it is because most of us squander our money for drink, dress, candy, gum and the movies. Only lately we were all admonished to imitate the thrift of Patrick Muldoon, Philadelphia, supposedly bachelor, who during thirty-five years never earned more than $30 a month, and yet has saved $7,200.

"It looks like enough for my old age," says Muldoon. "I haven't fooled away much."

Evidently not. Figure out for yourself how much Muldoon spent of his $360 a year. Certainly he did not fool away many pennies on a wife, family and home.

And after you have finished figuring, eat, drink, and take your children to the movies.

We spend $13,000,000 annually for gum. But it isn't our gum bill which leaves us bankrupt after sixty-five.

Our lack of thrift is in the rents we pay under our present system of landlordism—when we might find a better way.

Our greatest luxury is our toleration of the prices fixed by gentlemen's agreements, butter boards, packers' associations, transportation combinations and other bunches of exploiters.

And just so long as we keep our minds on saving the gum money we will never find out exactly why Johnny's shoes cost so much. We will never discover why we must live in a flat instead of that ideal dream cottage with a vegetable garden in the back yard and a rambler rose over the porch.

What we squander most in this country is brains!

We fool away our mental equipment on details of petty economy when we ought to apply it to ways and means of handling our exploiters.—Cleveland Press.

UNITY IS ADVISED FOR ACTION—ORGANIZATION IS THE POWER.

Training is unity, power is organization, concentration is authority.

To the movement of organized labor there is due the fact that workers are receiving now a more considerable return for the product of their labor than they have ever gained and, it must be repeatedly asserted, this condition is due to the exercise of the functions of trades unionism.

Intelligent workers must deal with the circumstances of the day. Organized workers will never rest in any effort nor will they stop at any spot within fair proceeding to obtain and to secure more advantages for toilers.

Organization is the key to improvement of conditions.

As duly set forth by the American Federation of Labor, organization has been undertaken for the purpose of making unity to remedy the wrongs that affect the lives of all who toil and it is the effective method which brings to labor the assurance of justice.

In order to secure the greatest possible measure of industrial peace, fair dealing by employers and employes is commended.

When one big man is straight all other men will try to do what is right.

Employers have long dictated to employes the terms and conditions of labor and in many cases they have been led to believe that they have a right over their employes' lives.

No worker may know life and understand himself before he is united with those who pursue labor for mundane and excellent advantage.—Trade Union News.

Where's the chivalry of the South when Southern gentlemen won't vote to protect innocent girls and babes from exploitation by Northern capitalists?

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, F. S. Radman, 732 Gresham Place N. W.

Bakery Salemen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secre- Wednesdays of each month at Moose Hall, tary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sunday in each month, Painter's Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N. W.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Edward Fuhrman, 24 Quincy Place, N. W.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets every Sunday, 3 p. m., Jonadab Hall, 628 Louisiana avenue northwest. Secretary, A. Messenio, 514 Tenth street n. w.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 48: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E street southeast.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G Street N. W.

Brotherhood of Railway Carmen of America, Local Union No. 313: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Streets N. E. Secretary, C. F. Cross, 924 K Street N. E. Meeting nights first and third Tuesdays.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles Hall, Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 1424 W St. N. W., Apt. 22.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhan, 737 10th St. s. e.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wassaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Twelfth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, $800 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Paperhangers Hall, 430 Ninth Street N. W., second and fourth Thursdays of the month. Secretary, Edw. B. Finch, 33 P Street N. E.

Engineers, Housing No. 77: Meets every Friday, at 8:00 p. m. Hall, S. E. Cor. Tenth and Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, F. J. Nichols, 616 Fourth street northeast.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and B Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hisle, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Watchmen's Union No. 14964: Secretary, Jas. H. Reed, Cor. Sec., 1228 B street southwest.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Avenue S. E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 Twelfth St. N. E.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, Wm. W. Keeler, 148 Eleventh St. S. E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday at 1204 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, E. H. Fulton, 1120 E St. S. E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, H. Gundershein, 728 Columbia Road.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third 2665. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Bus. Agt.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 922 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Phone, Main 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets second Sunday and fourth Friday in each month. Secretary, Albert Bridges 210 L st. s. e.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 420: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m. Secretary, J. A. Whitecar, 2209 Minnesota Ave. S. E.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas. B. Cameron, Bethesda, Md.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary W. H. Amiss, 1008 Monroe St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month. Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 320 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressman, No. 1: Meets fourth Saturday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. E. Blakely, 3527 O St. N. W.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custodian and Janitor, 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, W. P. Cannon, 408 Twelfth St. S. E.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe. 326 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. F. Hickman, 518 Sixth St. N. W.

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Mrs. H. B. Tritipoe, 1737 Willard street N. W., Apt. 20.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10.30 a. m. and 8.30 p. m. Secretary, G. W. Calderhead, Ouray Building, Room 312.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle, 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 750 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Friday, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas. P. Glover, Twentieth and Bryant Sts. N. E.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: International Secretary-Treasurer, Jas. E. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G St. N. W. Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth St. N. W.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

J. G. O'DONNELL, President, 122 Sixth St. N. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, Vice-President, 519 M St. S. W.
THOS. W. WOLTZ, Recording Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
G. H. F. DAVIS, Treasurer, 439 Second St. S. E.
W. I. STRATTON, Conductor, 617 Sixth St. N. W.
A. F. MOIRSETTE, Warden, 425 G St. N. W
GEO. MYERS, Business Agent, 425 G St. N. W.

TRUSTEES.

F. J. NOLTE, 24 Eighth Street N. E.
WM. T. BAUM, 472 I Street N. W.
A. P. TAYLOR, 622 I Street N. E.

DELEGATES TO THE DISTRICT COUNCIL.

R. H. BURDETTE, 1207 L Street N. W.
C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
E. B. BYRNE, 425 G Street N. W.
ROBERT REICHARD, 1720 35th Street N. W.
J. H. RYAN, 1101 Eleventh Street S. E.

DELEGATES TO THE CENTRAL LABOR UNION.

C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
R. H. BURDETTE, 816 K Street N. W.
W. S. HOLLOHAN, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
W. T. BAUM, 474 I Street S. W.
MARK REILEY, 1127 B Street S. E.

RELIEF COMMITTEE.

M. REILLY, 1127 B Street S. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
H. M. BEVILL, Brentwood, Md.
J. T. CLIFT, 4115 Seventh Street N. W.
M.A. FOLEY, 118 Seaton Street N. E.

MILL COMMITTEE.

F. E. KETTNER, 3016 Cambridge St. N. W.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
O. A. CARTER, Rosslyn, Va.

DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

G. H. F. DAVIS, 439 Second Street S. E.

Clothes, Hats and Shoes

The Bieber-Kaufman Co.
901-909 Eighth St. S. E.
Down by the Navy Yard
Washington, D. C.

PHONE MAIN 6079.
Reno Lunch
W. H. WOODCOCK, Proprietor.
625 PA. AVE. N. W.
HOME COOKED FOODS
NEVER CLOSED

CORBY'S DELICIOUS CAKE
10c PER HALF LB.
AT ALL GROCERS

The only strictly
UNION TAILORING
house in the city
M. STEIN & CO.
TAILORS
Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

THE MILTON SCHOOL
Oxford Bldg., 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.
Stenography
Typewriting
English
Spanish
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO BEGINNERS
Now in larger quarters in the Oxford Building, 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.

Saks & Company
MEN'S and BOYS' OUTFITTERS
Pa. Ave. & 7th St. Wash., D. C.
Economy Floor
(Fourth Floor.)
MEN'S, YOUNG MEN'S AND BOYS' SUITS
$7.50, $10 & $12.50
All
Overalls. Union Made Clothing

MEALS—Special Rates to Union Men—LUNCHES
THE ELITE CAFE
W. A. MORAN, Prop.
636 North Capitol Street

LIST OF LIQUOR DEALERS WHO HAVE SIGNED "THE AGREEMENT."

Allen, Paul.....2 N st. n. e.
Allen, John J...807 N. C. Cap st. n. e.
Beirkle, Leopold, - 1245 H st. n. e.
Castelli, Vincent, 502-504 Ninth st.n.w.
Clark, C. H.....510 9th st. n. w.
Colonial Beach Boat Co.
Costello, Bros.....604 G st. n. w.
Crowley, James J.....702 E st. n. w.
Daly, T. J.....34 H st. n. e.
Daye, Wm. T.....1218 Wisc. ave.
Doyle, Wm. T....1314 Wisc. ave. n. w.
Duffy, James A. -901 1-2 E st. n. w.
Egloff, Julius.....200 3rd st. s. e.
Wm. R. Fosbender, 406 Ninth st. n w.
Franey, F. A.....711½ 9th st. n. w.
Frank, Mrs. M. E. - 319 G st. n. w.
Ganey, M.....615 7th st. s. w.
Glavin, Edwin.....309 G st. n. w.
Hannan, Mrs. E.....531 7th st. s. w.
Hanlon, Timothy.....822 H st. n. e.
Kearney, R. H.....901½ E st. n. w.
Kelliher, J. D.....1258 7th st. s. w.
Killeen, John F.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Louis Hodges, - - 407 9th st n. w.
Lynagh, Peter J.....523 7th st. s. w.
Lynch, John.....417 9th st. n. w.
McCarthy, Dennis J., Evans building.
McCarthy, F. J.....910 4½ st. s. w.
McDonald, F. J.....643 Pa. ave. s. e.
McGuire, J. Chas., 519 Ninth st. n. w.
McHough, Martin....1105 H st. n. e.
Milton Schmidt, - 702 7th st. n. w.
O'Connor, D. J.....100 G st. n. w.
O'Connor, Patrick F...6'7 D st. n. w.
O'Connor, James.....1429 N. Cap. st.
O'Day, John T. - 921 Ninth st. n. w.
O'Donnell, James J...333 Pa. ave. s. e.
Peter White, - - - 905 D st. n. w.
Raftery, Thomas.....406 H st. n. e.
Raftery, Patrick.....225 11th st. n. e.
Roland, J. H.....511 9th st. n. w.
Scanlon, Daniel,.....103 H st. n. w.
Schroter, Conrad....3258 M st. n. w.
Schltz, Mary T.....607 G st. n. w.
Sheehan, John J., 701 North Cap. st.
Solon, Mary A., - 1003 7th st. e.
Stern, M. M.....601 7th st. n. w.
Stanton, Frank J.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Sullivan, John J., 1351 35th st. n. w.
The Casino, Frank Farenkamp (Chesapeake Beach).
Victor Buffet Co., Inc., 7th and G n. w.
Wassman, Henry, 705 Seventh st. n. w.
Wiedeman, Joseph....629 E st. n. w.
William J. O'Leary, 733 North Cap. st.
Wininghe, Harry 631 Pa. ave. s. e.

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

UNION OPERATOR
LOCAL No. 224 WASH. D.C.
I.A.T.S.E.
AFFILIATED WITH CENTRAL LABOR UNION & A.F. of L.

American, 1st st. and R. . ave.n.w.
Apollo, - - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Aragon Airdome, Md. Ave. 8 & 9, N.E.
Arcade (Theatre and Park, 14th and Park Road.
Auditorium, 13th st. and N. Y. ave.n.w.
Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Central Park, - 9th St. G & H N.W.
Chelsia Theatre, 19th and M sts. n. w.
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N. W.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Eastern, - - 8th St. bet. F & G S. E.
Elite Theatre, 14th and R. I. ave. n. w.
Empire, - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Favorite. H St. North Capitol & First
Garden Theatre, 423 Ninth st. n. w.
Garden Theatre, - Hopewell, Va.
Gayety Theatre, - 513 9th st. n. w.
Georgia - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
Home Theater, C bet. 12th & 13th n. e.
Leader - - - - 509 Ninth St. N. W.
Liberty Theatre, N. Capitol & P St.
"M" Street Theatre, M St. near 32nd
Maycroft Park, H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Meaders, - - - 8th & G Sts. S. E.
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15, N.W.
Orpheum, - - 4th and C st. n. e.
Peerless Park, - 3105 Ga. ave. n. w.
Plaza Theatre - 434 9th st. n. w.
Pleasant Hrr. Park, 12 and C N. E.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Proctor Park, - - Anacostia, D. C.
Randolpr Park, 1st and Randolph n. w.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
R. I. Theatre, 7th and R. I. Ave. N.W.
Savoy, - - - - 14th and Col. Road.
Schuetzen Park, Ga. ave. and Kenyon
Senate, Pa. Ave. bet. 3d & 4th, S. E.
Standard Park, Bates, near N. Cap. St.
Strand, - - - - - - Ninth and D.
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N. E.
Stanton Park, - - - - 219 4th N. E.
Starlight Park, 4 1-2 and K st. n. w.
Surprise Theatre - Alexandria, Va.
The Grand, - - - Hopewell, Va.
The Richmond, - - Alexandria, Va.
Truxton Park, N. Capitol & Fla. Ave.
Twilight Park, Pa. Ave. 13 & 14, S. E.
Victoria Theatre, 7th & E Sts. S. W.
Welcome, - - 4 1-2 and K st. s. w.
Zenith, - - 8th St. bet. G & H, S. E.

CHESAPEAKE BEACH
ON THE BAY

Many new attractions, including Monster Derby built over the water. New standard bowling alleys on Board Walk.
Free Dancing.
Numerous amusements for young and old.
ROUND TRIP: SUNDAYS and HOLIDAYS, 50c.
All Other Days, Including Saturdays, 25c.
TRAIN LEAVES DAILY EXCEPT SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS: 9.15, 10.00, 11.30 A. M., 2.30 AND 6.30 P. M.
SATURDAYS: 9.15, 10.00, 11.30 A. M., 2.00, 2.30, 3.25, 5.30 AND 8.00 P. M.
SUNDAYS: 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 A. M., 2.00, 3.20, 4.45 AND 8.00 P. M.

WELLER'S TEETHINF, DIARRHOEA and ANODYNE CORDIAL
The Best Remedy for
BABIES AND YOUNG CHILDREN
Who Suffer with
Fever, Cold, Colic, Teething, Diarrhoea, Peevishness, Lack of Sleep, Etc.
WELLER'S DRUG STORE
Eighth and Eye Sts. S. E. 36th and M N. W.

STORAGE PACKING FREIGHT HAULING
Merchants Transfer
AND
Storage Company
920-922 E Street Northwest
Phone Main 6900
SHIPPING MOVING HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

When in Doubt, Buy of
HOUSE & HERRMANN
FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.
N.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W

FIREPROOF
CONSTRUCTION
Hammett Fire Proofing Company
301-302-303 Wilkins Bldg.
Phone Main 3337.

PHONE NORTH 2349
DONOVAN'S
FINE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS
2003 14th St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
Meets Every Monday Night
Typographica Temple
423-425 G St. N. W.
Secretary s Address: 1325 E. Capitol St.
Telephone: Lincoln 3955

OFFICERS

N. A. JAMES.....President
HUGH DIGNEY.....Vice-President
JOHN B. COLPOYS, Secretary, 1325 E. Capitol St.
JOSEPH E. TOONE.....Financial Secretary
WM. H. SCHAEFER.....Treasurer
JOSEPH C. CLARK.....Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES: Wm. Zell, Chas. Callan, J. L. Considine.

COMMITTEES

Executive: Hugh Digney (chairman), E. L. Tucker, Jno. B. Colpoys, Luke F. Ludlow, Jos. E. Toone, John Hartley, Robt. Jones.
Legislation: Jno. B. Colpoys (chairman), Jno. H. Lorch, Hubert Newsom, N. P. Alifas, D. J. O'Leary.
Adjustment: Robt. Jones (chairman), Hubert Newsom, B. O'Leary, Bell Spellbring, John G. Schmidt.
Contract: Jno. Hartley (chairman), J. L. Considine, F. M. Kirby, W. H. Schaeffer, Hugh Digney.
Laws: Harry Oehler (chairman), N. A. James, Dan'l Hassett.
Resolutions: W. W. Keeler (chairman), J. H. Conroy, J. M. Foster.
Organization: Jos. E. Toone (chairman), Frank Nolte, Joseph Clark, Elmer Harding, Wm. Whyte.
Auditing: Jos. Crowley (chairman), C. K. Kreichbaum, Joseph Foster.
Credentials: Harry M. Sears (chairman), M. J. Costella, Thos. E. Blakeley.
Label: W. C. Hurfurth.
Press: Jno. B. Colpoys (chairman), W. D. Clark, Chas. Heuter.
Delegates to Baltimore: W. N. Huttel (chairman), William Baum, Daniel Hassett.
Delegates to Alexandria: John J. Fucell, Charles Wright.

The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I. P. E. U.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXI. NO. 8 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, AUGUST 18, 1916. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

RESTRICTION FOES ANSWERED BY BORAH

Because of United States Senator Borah's recent threat that he would offer the immigration restriction bill, now pending in the senate, as an amendment to the child labor bill, he has received numberless protests against connecting these two measures.

Although the Idaho senator favors child labor, has voted for it and defende dthe bill just passed, he has answered these protests in the same vigorous spirit of the objectors, as the following, signed by him, illustrates:

"My dear Madam—I have your telegram in which you state: 'Please remember that women are watching the child labor legislation.' I am greatly pleased to hear this. I trust your view and your sympathies will be broad enough also to include not only the child which is working in the factory but also the child which may be forced upon the streets to beg or to commit crime or to starve. It would be an act of folly worthy of people of limited and narrow views if we should pass a law which would provide for the taking of the child out of the factory, a law which I very much favor, but at the same time leave our immigration laws in such condition that after the war shall have closed, or even before, foreign immigrants may force the parents of that child out of their position so that they can neither educate it nor clothe it nor withhold it from vagrancy upon the streets. I am in favor of child legislation. I am also in favor of the immigration bill so that the parents of children of this country may have a decent wage and such a standard of living that they will be able to take care of and educate their children. I sincerely hope that some of our friends in favor of child labor legislation do not dwell so close to the large shipping interests as to obscure their views as to the necessity of immigration legislation."

In answer to another protest, Senator Borah replied:

"Thousands and hundreds of thousands of immigrants will come here (after the present war) to reduce the price of labor and lower the standard of living and deprive the working people of this country of that competency which will enable them to take care of their families and educate their children. I have been astonishen that men like yourself do not seem to realize that the child labor bill and the immigration bill are kindred measures, serving one and the same cause, to-wit, the children of the country and the citizenship of the country.

"I am not at all disturbed by the criticism of a few narrow gauged or sinister controlled people who exploit their love for the child by advocating child labor laws and who exemplify their devotion to the almighty dollar by opposing immigration laws."

TRADE UNIONS PLEDGE SUPPORT TO RAIL MEN.

Fraternal greetings and pledges of sympathy and support to the four railroad brotherhoods is the greeting of the American Federation of Labor, expressed by President Gompers in the following letter to the secretaries of these organizations:

"During our recent meeting, which was held the week beginning July 24, the executive council directed that fraternal greetings from them should be sent to the officers of the railway brotherhoods and through them to the great rank and file of the railway organizations, and that we express to all hearty commendation and indorsement of your movement for the inauguration of the eight-hour day for all those employed in the railway train service.

"It is our most earnest hope that the railway companies may be induced to take a broad-minded and humanitarian view of your demand. When the railway companies understand the full meaning of the eight-hour day and realize the material, moral and social advantages that will inevitably result from its establishment, they cannot refuse to concede to the workers the boon of the eight-hour day and concede without imposing upon the workers the necessity of cessation of work in order to establish your demand.

"But, regardless of whether your purpose is secured by the voluntary agreement of the railway companies or whether it is necessary for the railway men to strike to obtain this just and necessary protection, the American Federation of Labor pledges to the brotherhoods its support and sympathy in the effort to accomplish that which is fundamental for the protection and betterment of the railway men.

"I take it that you will keep me fully advised as to the situation, and with any varying of its phases."

PRINTERS' INCREASE BLOCKED.

Congressman Mann, Republican house leader, blocked an attempt to raise wages of compositors and bookbinders in the government printing office, which has been passed by the senate. When the bill was called up for consideration Congressman Mann objected, thus forcing it off the unanimous consent calendar. Unionists are now fearful that this matter will not be reached again during the present session of congress.

WILLIAM H. SCHAEFER, Treasurer Central Labor Union.

AT THE recent election of officers in the Central Labor Union a most responsible position was filled in the election of William H. Schaefer to the office of Treasurer. Delegate Schaefer is one of the oldest delegates in point of service among the representatives to that body, he having been elected by the Beer Wagon Drivers of which he was a member for more than the past twelve years. He has taken an active interest in the labor movement for the past twenty years, and has filled the most responsible positions of trust in his own organization. He distinguished himself in the recent unpleasant strike of the Brewery Workers, as all of the funds, both local and national that was used to pay strike benefits, passed through his hands—in all amounting to about $89,000—and when his accounts were audited they balanced to a penny. He is now the Secretary of the consolidated locals of Beer Wagon Drivers, Bottlers and Brewery Workmen, they having amalgamated under one local known as Brewery Workers Local 48. The Central Labor Union and the whole labor movement of the District are to be congratulated on so wise a choice for the office which he now occupies.

P. O. EMPLOYES MAKE GAINS.

The postal appropriation bill, passed by congress, contains a number of remedial features and wage increases for clerks, carriers, printers and laborers. Thousands of clerks and carriers will receive annual raises under the salary classification law, and 12 printers can be promoted to $1,200 and 900 clerks to $1,300. Post office laborers will hereafter receive $840 annually, the lower salary grades having been abolished, and the postmaster general is ordered to restore demoted collectors to their former salary grades. This action sustains the position taken by President Gompers when these men were reduced from $1,200 to $1,000. The A. F. of L. executive protested in person to the postmaster general without avail and the fight was then taken to congress.

The obnoxious 150-day limitation placed by the department upon employes incapacitated by sickness has been repealed. Under this rule employes, when unable to report for work within150 days, or who had recovered from an illness extending over that period, were dropped from the rolls. Congress heeded the request of the organized employes and extended the time limit to one year. Clerks and carriers will hereafter be assured release from toil upon the principal holidays.

"Thanks to the ardent support of the American Federation of Labor the postal workers have made notable progress during the present session of congress," said Thos. F. Flaherty, secretary of the National Federation of Post Office Clerks. "Due to our affiliation with the trade union movement, members of congress are at last realizing that we are wage earners—not pampered political pets—and our requests are treated with greater consideration than formerly. Ever since we affiliated to the American Federation of Labor in 1906 we have made progress and we are still going ahead."

Business men should inquire of this office as to the legality of publications purported to be the product of the Central Labor Union and not wait until they have been stung before making a howl and blackguarding the trade union movement for it.

CHILD LABOR BILL PASSED BY SENATE

Last Tuesday the senate passed the federal child labor bill by a vote of 52 to 12. Two of the Pennsylvania senators—Penrose and Oliver—were the only northern senators who voted against the bill. The other ten were; Bryan and Fletcher, Florida; Bankhead, Alabama; Overman and Simmons, North Carolina; Smith and Tillman, South Carolina; Williams, Mississippi.

The bill provides, in effect, that products in which the labor of children under 14 years of age is employed, shall be denied interstate commerce. In the case of products of mine and quarries, the age limit is raised to 16 years. The bill passed the house February 2, 1916.

While the bill was under discussion in the senate Senator Overman of North Carolina voiced the opposition when he declared that if the bill is constitutional "there will be an absolute absorption of the police powers of the sovereign commomwealths and there will be no barrier in the way of centralization of all power in Washington, to which goal we are now rapidly drifting."

Senator Vardaman of Mississippi disagreed with his southern colleagues. He said "the constitution is usually the refuge of the statesman whose interests or preconceived notions are to be subserved or supported by the invocation of the terms of that instrument." He said that he has observed that the constitution "has never stood in the way very long of the enactment of any measure which public sentiment demanded should be enacted for the good of mankind." In an eloquent manner the Mississippi law-maker swept aside the argument of constitutional pleaders and urged that the question be viewed from man's higher impulses.

"This bill deals with immortal stuff," he cried. "Its effect upon the affairs of today are of inconsequential concern when we consider the larger issues of the future. The salvation of the child is the hope of the race—the source of strength and life of the republic—the highest function of a great government. The temporary moral welfare of society depends upon it, the glory of our civilization draws life and inspiration from it, and the attainment of the individual of the infinite consummation in the realm of eternity is impossible without it."

By implication Senator Tillman gave organized labor credit for being the real power behind anti-child labor agitation. He declared that "the congress of the United States trembles every time the labor unions frown." He said he believed in organized labor, "but unless labor is restrained by real leaders and persuaded to act reasonably and justly instead of being fondled and slobbered over by vote seekers and demagogues, as is done now, I shudder to think what may happen." He further declared that "capital, with its brutal, cynical disregard for humanity, started the conflict, and labor, in self defense, organized for the struggle," and that "if the fight must go on, I am for labor, because capital started the trouble." After thus proving that he was independent of capitalists and trade unionists, Senator Tillman voted against the bill.

Immediately after the bill was passed the senate ordered the appointment of a conference committee to meet with a like committee from the house of representatives to agree on several changes made by the senate.

AGITATION BEATS DOWN OLD FORMS AND CUSTOMS.

The American Federation of Labor holds that persistent agitation and education develops such a public opinion that old forms and customs will be finally overthrown.

This position has been indorsed by the congress of the United States which has just passed a federal child labor bill, disregarding contrary opinions held by former national lawmakers.

On February 6, 1907, the house judiciary committee made the following report:

"In the opinion of your committee there is no question as to the entire want of power on the part of congress to exercise jurisdiction and authority over the subject of woman and child labor. In fact, it is not a debatable question. It would be a reflection upon the intelligence of congress to so legislate. It would be casting an unwelcome burden upon the supreme court to so legislate."

During the discussion of the bill, last week, Senator Overman said that the 1907 judiciary committee of the senate was of the same opinion.

FARM LOAN BOARD ORGANIZES.

Organization of the farm loan board which is to administer the rural credits system was perfected last week. In a brief speech Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo, who is ex officio member and chairman, sai dthis was the first legislatio nto provide financial aid for farmers on long time and easy terms since the foundation of the government.

Labor is still being prostituted by porch-climbers in Washington.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - Editor
Wm. H. Anglin - - - - - Associate Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF MUTUAL PROTECTION AND FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., AUGUST 18, 1916.

"A PUBLIC NUISANCE?"

Men are known either by praises bestowed, or criticisms heaped upon them, with due consideration of the source from whence each comes.

During the past week it behooved the present Senator from Illinois, the Hon. Lawrence Y. Sherman, to use his senatorial prerogative to relieve himself of the spleen which must have been annoying and worrisome to himself, when he referred to Sam Gompers as "A Public Nuisance" in an excoriation of the methods pursued by President Gompers.

It is perhaps well for Sam Gompers that he does not have to depend upon Senator Sherman for an indorsement of either the work he has performed or the character which we know he possesses, and it is not our purpose at this time to even attempt with words to convey the real worth of Mr. Gompers, but in passing let us say that his life's work in the cause of HUMANITY speaks for itself, and will be a lasting testimonial to posterity.

Long after the name of Lawrence Y. Sherman will have been forgotten, and remain only in the archives of dust and dirt, the name of Samuel Gompers will be respected and revered as one who lived and died in the cause of his fellowman.

If Samuel Gompers is "A Public Nuisance" let us have more "Public Nuisances" and the world will be the better for it.

HUMAN OR INHUMAN?

Senator Sherman, of Illinois, in his unwarranted attack upon the grand old man of labor, Samuel Gompers, gives the American people a practical demonstration that a United States Senator, after all, is or can be a very ordinary human being, possessed of similar faculties; having the same desires, antipathies, and—by no means least—disposition of men less fortunate and in the humbler walks of life.

The learned Senator, as well as others, are fast awakening to the fact that with labor lies the balance of power when a selection of party is to be made to conduct the affairs of state; therefore labor being favorable to Democracy on account of recognition given them in the party's platform causes the Republicans to feel peeved.

Time was when ward heelers and political high-binders could assuade the men of labor by intimidation and coercive methods. That time is gone. Labor comes into its own as far as realizing its strength in numbers, and no United States Senator is going to inject venom by innuendo in any fair-minded union man by attacking Gompers or his promise to deliver the labor vote, if a promise of that kind was ever made.

Time was when a political henchman could ask the average laboring man: "Are you going to allow Gompers to vote you his way?" and he would immediately swell with a righteous wrath and go out upon a war-path that would make a Comanche tribe look sick. But this mild dose fails to fraught the frenzy it did in days of old. The men of labor has been made an ass of quite too often to permit the language of even Senator Sherman to deter them from helping to "Reward their friends and rebuke their enemies."

The Democratic administration has been too full of good things effecting the interests of the men who toil for Gompers, as its head, to do other than proffer full cooperation, and in so doing we rest serene in that peace of mind of knowing he is looking for nothing at the hands of any political party or any one else ,except those things that effect the best interests of the masses—the people of whom he is concerned without fee or hope of reward.

Can Senator Sherman say as much.

And still the issue is, We want control of the government.

In the field of diplomacy, the United States has no superior.

It is a condition of prosperity that can take care of the country in war or in peace.

The Smith-Lever agricultural education law lifts "the last load of illiteracy from the American youth" by "encouraging agricultural education and domestic schools."

A legislative enactment is being sought by Democratic members of Congress is to pension aged letter carriers and other time-worn servants of the Government. The laborer is being generously looked after by the only party in the country that has ever been effective in his interest.

The increase in deposits in national banks in the State of New York alone, from April 8, 1912, to May 1, 1916, amounts to $1,353,582,000 net. Such prosperity to the Empire State cannot be of the Fool's Paradise order, but should be of so lasting a character as to mean a permanent increase in the commonwealth's assets.

Exercising the same degree of judgment used by the man who butted his head against a stone wall, Representative Sloan, of Nebraska, a Republican, stood in the House the other day and declared the Democratic currency law, which has enabled the country to weather successfully the most devastating war in human history, a failure.

PNEUMOGASTRICISMS

BY BILLY ANGLIN

We once heard a lecture on "nerve" in a dissecting room.

I was not the only "dead one" there.

He said the body was nothing but one long nerve.

He said that life was a continuous exercise that stimulated that nerve into action.

He had a couple to show us that looked like a pair of shoe laces.

If you haven't got one go out and get one.

If you do, get a good one—a wise one.

You see the function of the nerve is to tell the brain every time you touch anything, or anybody touches you.

Some nerves that belong to people with champagne appetites and beer incomes don't tell the brain that you have been touched until time to collect.

But if the nerve didn't tip it off, the brain would be sluggish.

The brain has got to stand in with the nerve or it won't know what's going on.

If you want to touch anybody all you need is your nerve.

Suppose the finger touches a red-hot stove, this nerve telegraphs the brain: "Hello, brain, this stove is too hot."

Then the brain gets the muscle over long distance and says: "Say, Muscle, lift that finger, it's getting burnt."

The finger, you know, hasn't any sense at all.

It don't know enough to raise itself from a red-hot stove.

If the nerve didn't butt-in and put the brain wise, the fool finger would stay there all day.

Your fingers are absolutely foolish—they're liable to go most anywhere.

Sometimes your fingers make your brain so mad.

You see, the doctor says that when your finger gets burnt it is not the finger that hurts. It's your brain that suffers.

The finger cares nothing about the brain.

But the brain wouldn't feel any pain if the nerve kept its mouth shut.

We'd never suffer at all if our nerve would only keep quiet.

After this if you burn your hand, salve your brain.

If you are going to learn to fly, leave your brain in the aerdome and if you fall it won't hurt.

No matter what part of the body is struck by an object it's the brain that hurts.

I remember I got into an argument with a fellow once, and when I turned my back to him he gave me an awful kick in the brain.

GROUCH REMOVERS.

The Easton Journal.

"The war has done one good thing," says Mrs. Pankhurst. "It has brought man and woman together." We thought we had noticed something of the kind.

"And did you reveal everything to your husband?" asked Mrs. McGusher of the bride on her home-coming.

"Well, yes," blushingly replied the young lady. "Everything but my thoughts."

"I am always afraid of finding a man under the bed," said the maiden.

"Rubbish," said the woman who knew. "A man can't do any harm there."

All lovers are plagiarists—the only original lover was Adam.

We suppose the present lavish display of female calves is accounted for by the fact that women are kittle kattle.

If you sup with the devil you want a long spoon, and if you sup with a pretty girl you'll get a long bill.

The conductorette stood on the hurricane deck of a storm-tossed Holborn bus, her skrits were short, puttees were long, but she didn't care a cuss. The hardened old flirt surveyed her charms and admired her beautiful lines, but when he gave tongue to the thoughts in his head, she gaves the list of fines. And he was done, poor beggar.

She does not know why the shopman sniggered. It was over a complaint about chocolates. "These are not at all the same as the last I had." "Excuse me, ma'am, but they are made by the same process." "That is no reason," she said testily. "You and I are not alike." And she departed—leaving it at that.

ESTABLISHED 1865 — 51 YEARS IN BUSINESS

CHRISTIAN XANDER'S

Maichless Stock of 40 California Wines

Includes the Highest Grade Sauternes, Clarets, Sweet Wines, Hocks

909 7th Street, Northwest. — No Branch Houses. Phone M. 274

MEATS — GROCERIES — FISH

Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the

OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.

930 La. Ave. N. W. — 1111 H Street N. E.
8th & E Sts. S. E. — 1632 N. Capitol Street
31st & M Sts. N. W. — 3418-20 Ga. Ave. N. W.
7th & Q Sts. N. W. — 14th & U Streets N. W.
1778 U Street, N.W. — 7th and B Streets N. E.
7th & H Street N. E. — 3113 14th Street, N. W.
726 7th St. N. W. — 1440 P St. N. W.
2002-2004 Ga. Ave. N. W.

POULTRY — BREAD — PRODUCE

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF THE UNITED BREWERY WORKMEN OF AMERICA
Union MADE Beer — Ale AND Porter
COPYRIGHT & TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1903
THIS IS OUR LABEL.

VOTE
Against Prohibition
DEMAND
Personal Liberty
IN CHOOSING WHAT YOU WILL DRINK
ASK FOR THIS LABEL WHEN PURCHASING BEER, ALE OR PORTER.
As A Guarantee That It Is Union Made.

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK
Northwest Corner FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST
LOOK FOR THE CLOCKS
4 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts
COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

40-MILE MOONLIGHT on Mondays During July and August
Adults 25c, Children 15c.

COLONIAL BEACH
IDEAL SUMMER RESORT—70 Miles from Washington—4-HOUR TRIP.
Good Hotels, Cafes and Stores—Bathing, Boating and all Amusements

STEAMER ST. JOHNS
Fastest and Most Palatial Steamer on the Potomac
Fare, returning same day....Adults 50c, Children 25c
Fare, stop-over ticket.....Adults $1.00, Children 50c
SEE PAPERS FOR SCHEDULE — WHARF: FOOT OF SEVENTH ST.

LYCEUM THEATRE wishes to make friends with all organized workers. I am with you.
HARRY TURBERVILLE, Jr., Manager.

BOOT & SHOE WORKERS UNION — UNION STAMP — Factory

Named Shoes are Frequently Made in Non-Union Factories

DO NOT BUY ANY SHOE

No matter what its name, unless it bears a plain and readable impression of this Union Stamp. All shoes without the Union Stamp are always Non-Union. Do not accept any excuse for absence of the Union Stamp

Boot and Shoe Workers' Union, 246 Summer St., Boston, Mass.
JOHN F. TOBIN President. — CHAS. L. BAINE, Sec.-Treas.

WASHINGTON BREWERY CO.

IMPERIAL EXPORT

A really fine beer

WIENER BEER (Light) — CONGRESS BREW (Dark)
— ALE —
Arlington Brewing Co.
— PORTER —
Tel. West 129 — ROSSLYN, VA.

To the Heart of Leisureland

where woods are cool, streams alluring, vacations ideal. Between New York City (with Albany and Troy the gateways) and

Lake George, the Adirondacks, Lake Chaplain, the North and West

The logical route is "The Luxurious Way"—Largest and most magnificent river steamships in the world—Daily Service. Send for free copy of Beautiful "Searchlight Magazine"

HUDSON NAVIGATION COMPANY
Pier 32, North River —"THE SEARCHLIGHT ROUTE."— New York

Closed at 5 P. M.
Saturday at 1 P. M.

Water Coolers

That Are Sanitary
And Serviceable

A good water cooler is essential in warm weather. One that is sanitary and keeps the water cool without a large consumption of ice. The best coolers are found in our Housefurnishing Department..

XX CENTURY BOTTLE WATER COOLERS

An inverted bottle of water feeds the supply through a porcelain jar, around which ice is placed, and drawn from the spigot without coming in contact with the ice.

Price, Cooler and Bottle, with strong Iron Stand.....$10.00 up.
4-gal. Fiber Water Coolers.....$2.00
5-gal. Fiber Water Coolers.....$2.20
Flemish Stone Water Coolers, $1.25 up.
Oak Case Porcelained Steel Lined Water Coolers.....$5.75 up.
Steel Case Porcelain Lined Water Coolers .....$5.50 up.
Nickel Water Coolers.....$18.00 up.
Steel Case Coolers, with inner porcelain jars to separate the ice from the drinking water.....$9.00 up.
Oak Water Cooler Stand.....$3.50 up.

Dulin & Martin Co.
Pottery, Porcelain, China, Glass, Silver, &c.
1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St.

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY

Equitable Life Insurance Co.
of the District of Columbia

THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Issues Ordinary and Industrial

Wm. A. Bennett, 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.

EQUITABLE BLD'G. 816 14th ST., N. W.

Black's Alderney and Green Meadow Dairy
Pasteurized and Tubercoline Tested Milk.
Phone N. 1670. Union Dairies.

LANSBURGH & BRO.

"DRY GOODS ONLY"

The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City

420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

Bell Brand Union-Made
COLLARS and SHIRTS
LARGE ASSORTMENT
T. HOLLANDER
North Capitol and H Streets

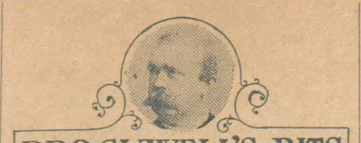
Takoma Bread
Fresh Three Times Daily
AT ALL GROCERS
Havenner Baking Company
Established 1815

Phone Main 3871

WM. H. HOWLIN
OURAY BUILDING, 801 G ST. N. W.
(Room 404)

Engrossing Resolutions, Diplomas, Charters and Fancy Pen Work of all descriptions.

CELTIC CLUB WHISKEY
Our Specialty
Never Changes. Accept No Substitute
Once Tried You'll Always Use It.
Ports and Sherries for family use, Quarts, 50 and 75 cents. All makes of Beer. Leading brands of Cigars. Ales and Porters on draught the year round.
D. J. O'CONNOR
New Jersey Ave. and G Sts. N.W



BROCKWELL'S BITS

BY W. N. BROCKWELL

Columbia Union will hold its monthly meeting on Sunday, August 20, and it's going to be a mighty interesting session, for a great many convention delegates and visitors from the Baltimore convention of the International Typographical Union will be with us.

* * *

Miss Mary Blore, one of Columbia Union's widely known members, was the victim of a painful accident while at work in the Government Printing Office a few days ago. Due to a fall, she sustained a severe cut in the head, and after first-aid treatment by Dr. Manning it was deemed best to send her to Garfield Hospital, where, I am glad to know, she is improving and will soon be able to be out—which will be good news to her many friends.

* * *

Most of the printer ball players and visitors who went from this city to Indianapolis to the tournament of the Union Printers National Baseball League have returned. All report a very pleasant time. As the Washington club was a loser at the meet, a few people are seeking explanations of the slump, but if such things were easy to explain—and they are not—what good would it do? Such postmortems are always unprofitable and sometimes real unpleasant. So let the printer boys cheer up and wait for better luck next year.

* * *

Frank W. Kern, a well-known member of Columbia Typographical Union, died at his home in this city on Saturday morning, August 12, 1916, after an illness lasting but one week, the cause of death being kidney and liver trouble, complicated by pneumonia.

Mr. Kern was born at Oregon, Ill., on June 30, 1865, and learned the trade of printer in the office of the Gazette, at Sandwich, Ill. Besides other work in that vicinity, he was for three years editor and proprietor of the Free Press, at Sandwich, Ill., a successful weekly paper which is still published. He was also for several years in the Railway Mail Service. Coming here from his then home at Dixon, Ill., in the spring of 1900, he went to work in the Government Printing Office, where for a while he was employed as a compositor, later becoming a proof reader, at which work he was engaged at the time of the commencement of his last illness, being a member of the day proof room chapel there.

He is survived by his wife (formerly Miss Marion Booth, to whom he was married in this city about ten years ago), a brother and sister, and his aged parents.

Funeral services were held on Monday, August 14, 1916, in charge of Federal Lodge of Masons (he being a member of a Blue Lodge at his old home and of the Shrine and Commandery here), and the religious services being conducted by Rev. Dr. Talmadge, of Mount Pleasant Congregational Church. Many friends were present at the obsequies, which occurred at the home, 3570 Eleventh Street Northwest, and a profusion of beautiful flowers expressed the sympathy of numerous friends.

While living in this city Mr. Kern had made a large number of friends, and these were much shocked and grieved at his sudden passing away. He was a strong unionist, an amiable companion and fellow-worker, a loyal friend, and an upright man. To those who are so sorely stricken by this blow the writer offers his sincere sympathy, knowing that such is general among all who knew Mr. Kern.

* * *

The people who came from the Baltimore convention of the International Typographical Union to spend a day as Columbia Typographical Union's guests were royally treated, and all went back to the convention city declaring Tuesday, August 15, to be a red-letter day. The weather was ideal, reunions of old friends numerous, fraternity and unionism filled the air, and it is no exaggeration to say that everybody was happy. Many hundreds—delegates and visitors, along with a goodly number of Baltimore craftsmen—constituted the party.

* * *

Under the caption "Men we are glad to see," the Baltimore Sun has this to say, which I feel will be pleasant reading for union men in general and printers in particular:

"Baltimore has several reasons for being specially glad to welcome the members of the International Typographical Union, which begins its sixty-second annual convention in this city today. One is that this city is closely connected with the modern development of the printer's art by the fact that it was the place where the linotype was born. Another is that a former Baltimorean, the late William B. Prescott, who has been called 'the father of the union,' was largely instrumental, by his breadth, culture, and vision, in raising and strengthening the policies and standards of the organization and in augmenting its influence for good. Another reason for the interest which we feel in these guests is that their organization is an exceedingly representative and far-reaching one, and touches the world of thought and public sentiment at many important points. In a way, it serves to keep alive certain relations between the family of nations, even at a time when the sword is mightier than the pen, and forms in every country the nucleus of an army of reason to which we may look for help in the final adjustment of international problems.

"The International Typographical Union has the characteristics of our National Typographical Union—unusual intelligence, broad public spirit, and high ideals. Organized primarily, as all labor unions have been, for self-protection, our American printers have long been remarkable, as a rule, for their fairness, their conservatism, and their comparative freedom from the narrowness of class selfishness. They occupy the very front rank in labor organizations, and if all others were dominated by the same spirit, conflicts between employers and employes would be rare indeed.

"Men like these should be able to exert a tremendous power not only on their own profession, but on the course of human affairs in every land in which they are represented. They belong to the brains as well as to the mechanics of that most powerful of contemporary agencies, the press, and Baltimore is heartily glad to see them because they are part of the picked corps of modern intelligence and progress."

LEATHER WORKERS STRIKE.

Chicago—Travelers' Goods and Leather Novelty Workers' Union has called a strike in every shop in this city. Employers refused to renew the old agreement or to sign a new one. The union demands eight hours, small wage increases and some consideration for the unorganized boys and girls employed in this industry. These latter joined with their fellows in the strike. About 1,100 employes are affected.

A SUGGESTION.

When schools have been provided for
  children in the streets,
When the little ones no more are
  made to toil;
When sweatshops are no longer and
  the race has been made stronger,
When the law does not defend the
  grafter's spoil;
When aid is freely given to the needy,
  worthy poor,
When recompense is made for every
  hurt;
When the time is resurrected that a
  woman unprotected,
May not find her path obstructed by
  a flirt;
When the shift of fifteen hours in the
  factory and shop,
Whereby hope and light and joys
  are made remote,
Has been completely ended; when the
  helpless are befriended—
Then the women will not care about
  the vote.

From Judge.

AMERICAN LUNCH
VIRGINIA THEATRE
Stag Hotel
JOHN J. NOONAN.

Parker, Bridget & Co.
"The Avenue at Ninth"
Featuring
Extra Value
$15
Suits for Spring

Up-to-date Tailor Made Suits
$22.50 AND UP.
B. LANDSMAN
STRICTLY UNION
Cleaning, Pressing, Dyeing, Altering and Repairing.
Call For and Deliver.
PHONE LINCOLN 2477.
901 E. Cap. St. Wash., D. C.

New Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits for Hire

WILNER'S

Spring and Summer Suitings

The Latest Novelties of the Season . . . $18.50

EVERY UNION MAN OUGHT TO TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THIS OFFER

Not only do we save you $10.00 on every suit you buy, but our workmanship has proven to stand up, to hold its shape, curl nor wrinkle until the garment will last, and we guarantee to last you fully three years.

We are the FIRST and ONLY Union Custom Tailors in this City.

Order Your Suit From

JOS. A. WILNER & COMPANY
COR. 8th and G STREETS NORTHWEST

CORBY'S YEAST
Leaves nothing to guess-work.
Its purity and strength are uniform.
Every baker knows what that means.
Send for samples.
THE CORBY COMPANY
STATION K. WASHINGTON, D. C.

Building Trades Headquarters Sixth and G Sts. N. W
Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rent
WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES TOBACCO.
COSTELLO BROS

THE PLATE PRINTER
Official Organ Plate Printers International Union.
P. J. RYAN, Editor. CHAS. T. SMITH, Assoc. Editor.
Subscription $1.00 Per Year
Telephone 4528 Wash. Loan & Trust Bldg.

Representative Houses
OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

BANKS

THE NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burglar-proof vaults, acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth and New York Avenue

THE WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee, etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK
A Bank for the Working People. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account
Ninth and G streets N. W.

UNION SAVINGS BANK. Commercial Accounts. Three per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts. The Oldest Savings Bank in Washington.

MICHAEL T. GREENE
Liquors and Cigars. 639 D St. N. W.

STONER'S BAR AND RESTAURANT
The, G. Stoner. 206 Seventh St.S. W.

J. CHAS. McGUIRE'S BUFFET
Federal Seal Whiskey. 519 Ninth St. N. W.

O'KEEFE'S BUFFET
P. J. O'Keefe, Prop. 904 Pa. Ave N. W.

GLAVIN'S BUFFET
ED. J. GLAVIN 309 G Street Northwest

OXFORD BUFFET
J. F. SCHRINER 730 14th Street N. W.

FRANK'S BUFFET
Fourth and G Sts., N. W. Phone M. 5572

DAVID WALSH'S BUFFET
407 10th Street N. W.

E. E. FARLEY'S BUFFET
415 13th Street N. W.

J. J. O'DONNELL'S BUFFET
333 Penn. Avenue S. E.

HARRY'S BUFFET
631 Penn. Ave. S. E. Phone Lin. 1843

MACHINIST
G. W. FORSBERG, Formerly with Forsberg and Murray, Elevate Boilers. Eighth and Water Streets S. W. Phone Main 751 and 742

GROCER AND COFFEE ROASTER
SOMERSET R. WATERS, 1342 Seventh Street N. W.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
RALSTON AND RICHARDSON, Bond Building, Fourteenth Stree and New York Avenue.
FRANK FULLER Room 421. Munsey Building, Phone Main 1826.

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.
THE SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (INC.) SODA WATER SYRUPS, Etc., 1066 Wisconsin Avenue Northwest.

PHOTO SUPPLIES
E. J. PULLMAN, Developing and Finishing for Amateurs Specialty 420 Ninth Street N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS
MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Avenue Northwest. Our Specialty Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

FIRE INSURANCE
FIREMAN'S INSURANCE COMPANY, Seventh Street and Louisian Avenue.

DRY GOODS
WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings Hoisery, a specialty, 806-808 H Street N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

UNDERTAKERS
J. WILLIAM LEE
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY
332 Penna. Avenue N. W.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.
THE W. H. BUTLER COMPANY, 607 and 609 C Street N W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT
NATIONAL MORTAR COMPANY, First and M Street, Northeas
COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING COMPANY, 3036 K Street.

DRUGGISTS
CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth Street and Virginia Avenue S. E.

DAY & CO
5th and G Sts. N. W. 14th and P Sts. N. W
20th St. and Rhode Island Ave. N. E.

QUIGLEY, Druggist, Twenty-first and G Streets N. W.

A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner Seventh and P Streets N. W.

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1
Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.

M. J. DUNNIGAN, President.....2007 14 Street N.W.
JOHN G. WOLFE, Vice-President.1023 N. J. Ave. N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W.

TRUSTEES

Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E.
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E.
Thos. L. Nevins.....504 Maine Avenue S. W.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe,.....1023 N. J. Ave. N. W
J. McElfresh,.....
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E.
A. Tenley.....964 Florida Ave. N. W.
M. Sullivan.....5631-2 15 St. S. E.

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.

Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ARBITRRATION COMMITTEE.

M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W.
M. A. Wolfe,.....418 F St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. E.
Joseph Harding.....210 13 St. S. W.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....2006 2nd St. N. W
R. Pumphrey.....223 Q St. N. W.
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W.
Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. W.

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave.
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Cap. St.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L St. S. W.

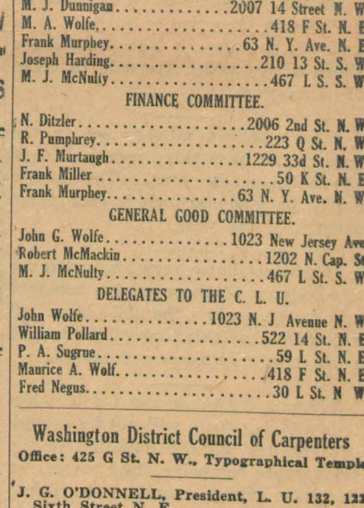
DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.

John Wolfe.....1023 N. J Avenue N. W.
William Pollard.....522 14 St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
Fred Negus.....30 L St. N W.

Washington District Council of Carpenters
Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

J. G. O'DONNELL, President, L. U. 132, 122 Sixth Street N. E.
E. B. BYRNE, Secretary, L. U. 132, 425 G Street N. W.
F. A. SHOESMITH, Treasurer, L. U. 2563, 5209 Georgia Avenue N. W.
R. H. BURDETTE, Trustee, L. U. 132, 1207 L Street N. W.
H. S. HOLLOHAN, Trustee, L. U. 132, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
H. PAGE, Trustee, L. U. 2563, 336½ Thirteenth Street N. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, L. U. 132, 519 M Street S. W.
ROBERT ADAM, L. U. 2563, 1511 Vermont Avenue N. W.
FRED HOOK, L. U. 2563, 1528 Eighth Street N. W.
WM. MACKIE, L. U. 2563, 216 Seaton Place N. E.

BUSINESS AGENT.
GEO. MYERS, 425 G Street N. W.



GEO. D. HORNING,
N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.
LOAN OFFICE

PASTIME PARAGRAPHS

BY CYCLE

Congress has struck a galloping gait.

The next legal rest day is Labor Day.

Some people seem to be made to order and some to be ordered.

The farmer grows the crops and the middle man and retailers grow the price.

What's in a name? There is a brand of chewing tobacco known as "Fame."

We all know what the strict partisan means when he says "May the best man win."

Come to think about it, this is not the first time that "sharks" have visited the seashore.

If child labor did not yield a profit to the employer the question of state rights would not cut such a figure.

Have you noticed how very quiet it is whenever Messrs. Roosevelt and Bryan announce a recess from talking?

The threatened shortage in supply of white paper is lending a dignity to the back alley dealer in "R-a-g-s—r-a-g-s-!

It would go a long way toward establishing confidence if the "friends of labor" were not so forgetful of pre-election promises.

If they should ever establish an undersea base of supplies for the submarine, by all that's fair the name should be "McGinty."

There is apparently a great falling off in the number of snake stories this year, especially in those sections which recently went "dry."

In charitable giving the left hand is not supposed to know what the right hand doeth, but the two are such near neighbors that the secret often leaks out.

In sections where there has been an advance in the price of haircuts it is noticed that there is less demand for those things which are said to make the hair grow.

"Don't believe all you see in the papers the next three months," says the Schenectady Star. The advice might be made to include each three months of the year.

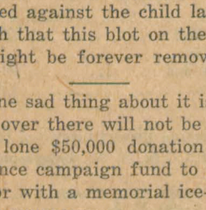
It will not be so very long until the descendants of those twelve senators who voted against the child labor bill will wish that this blot on the family name might be forever removed.

The one sad thing about it is, when it is all over there will not be enough of that lone $50,000 donation to the temperance campaign fund to present the donor with a memorial ice-pitcher or lemon-squeezer.

A gentleman from Virginia, on his way to New York last week, stopped over in Washington to divulge a secret cure for infantile paralysis, hydrophobia, cancer, and kindred ailments. His mental balance was looked into—and he did not go to New York.

Women who are clamoring for the right to vote and are demanding a "yes" or "no" answer from candidates, seem to forget that, as suitors, men have sometimes waited long when a definite answer was required, and after waiting have often suffered disappointment. Women are funny.

We have been asked for an opinion as to which party is most likely to win the Presidency this year. Fearing that we might be misunderstood if the information was given in words, we have decided to present the following diagram, which is intended to show the exact position of the party most likely to win the coveted price. Keep your money; no charge.



History repeats itself. In Loncoln's time, also, when matters of State perplexed and civil strife stirred and rent this nation as never before, there were those in high places and professedly loyal who sought to arouse prejudice by attacking the President for what was then styled temporizing or lack of aggressiveness. But while these were crying "Crucify him," Lincoln went forward as one appointed to his task, while the common people took heed of his trials and swept aside all opposition to his re-election.

GETTING BACK THE COMMA.

"Give us back the dear old comma,"
Pleads a writer in The Times,
"For it made our daily reading
Sound more like the tuneful chimes."
But she blames the poor old typo
For a crime that is not his,
When she lays her weeping stricture
On the portals of his "biz."

No one mourns a passing birthright
More than does the dear old "print,"
Who was wont to use the comma
Without fear, and without stint.
But today it's "Follow copy,"
And the printer doesn't write
Things he prints, and that's the reason
What he prints is such a sight.

If, perchance, a word is missing,
And the printer works his brain,
Ten to one the "reader's" delete
Will remove that word again;
For the "reader's" under orders
Which he dare not disobey;
He, perforce, must "follow copy,"
Be that copy as it may.

So if you would have your comma—
And your hyphen—point and dash—
Placed so that your daily reading
Won't resemble so much hash,
You must train the copy-writers
To amend their careless ways,
Or return unto the printer
All his rights of other days.

—C. DUNDAS DRAKE, in N. Y. Times.

UNION PRINTERS VISIT CAPITAL.

Delegates to the convention of the International Typographical Union and their ladies, numbering more than 1,300, came to Washington Tuesday for a sight-seeing tour, followed by an elaborate program arranged by local printers in the Elks Club, in H street, Tuesday night.

The party arrived in the morning on twenty-four special cars, and returned to Baltimore late that night for the reconvening of the convention Wednesday morning.

Tuesday was official Washington Day on the convention program, there being no business meetings. The party of sightseers included the majority of those in attendance at the convention.

The program in the Capital included luncheon in the Elks Club, sight-seeing and in the evening a vaudeville show on the roof garden and dancing in the main hall of the club.

Frank D. Sieffert was chairman of the local committee of fifty on entertainment. Cornelius Ford, public printer, was an honorary member of this committee.

John O. Cole, Frank H. Hambright, T. J. McDonough and H. H. Harrison are the Washington official delegates to the convention. About 150 printers and members of their families from this city are in attendance at the meetings in Baltimore.

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

Joe Smith, William T. Turner, John C. Sterling, temporary unskilled laborers.

Roland H. Spence, Robert E. Wine, William E. Lewis, probational messenger boys.

Benjamin F. Stewart, helper, reinstated.

Robert A. Corbin, temporary skilled laborer.

Otto R. Schellin, probational compositor.

Separations.

Kathryn M. Jaquette, temporary skilled laborer.

Harry A. Spellman, temporary messenger boy, resigned.

Miss Kathryn C. Cooney, press feeder, resigned.

William C. Krause, compositor (temporary).

Joseph M. Fant, temporary unskilled laborer, resigned.

John Tuite, compositor, resigned.

Transfers, Etc.

William A. Stewart, emergency linotype operator 60c per hour, to probational appointment as linotype operator 60c per hour, linotype section.

William A. Jones, skilled laborer, $626 per annum, office of superintendent of documents, to elevator conductor 30 cents per hour, electrical section.

Gregory J. Bussink, temporary messenger boy 15c per hour, office of superintendent of buildings, to probational messenger boy 15 cents per hour, buildings division.

Paul G. Wrenn, skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour, to helper, 30 cents per hour, electrical section.

Edward G. Beck, temporary linotype operator 60 cents per hour, probational linotype operator 60 cents per hour, linotype section.

Charles M. Flanagan, emergency linotype operator 60 cents per hour, to probational appointment as linotype operator 60 cents per hour, linotype section.

MACHINISTS' STRIKE ENDS.

Allentown, Pa.—Machinists employed by the International Motor Company have settled their strike, which was caused by the discharge of six active members of this union. The settlement involves the establishment of theeight-hour day in the near future.

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, F. S. Radman, 732 Gresham Place N. W.

Bakery Salemen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at Moose Hall, Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sunday in each month, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N. W.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Edward Fuhrman, 24 Quincy Place, N. W.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets every Sunday, 3 p. m., Jonadab Hall, 623 Louisiana avenue northwest. Secretary, A. Messenio, 514 Tenth street n. w.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 48: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E street southeast.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G Street N. W.

Brotherhood of Railway Carmen of America, Local Union No. 313: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Streets N. E. Secretary, C. F. Cross, 924 K Street N. E. Meeting nights first and third Tuesdays.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles Hall, Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 1424 W St. N. W., Apt. 22.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhan, 737 10th St. s. e.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wassaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Twelfth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3800 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Paperhangers Hall, 430 Ninth Street N. W., second and fourth Thursdays of the month. Secretary, Edw. B. Finch, 33 P Street N. E.

Engineers, Hoisting No. 77: Meets every Friday, at 8:00 p. m. Hall, S. E. Cor. Tenth and Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, F. J. Nichols, 616 Fourth street northeast.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and B Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hisle, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Watchmen's Union No. 14964: Secretary, Jas. H. Reed, Cor. Sec., 1228 B street southwest.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Avenue S. E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 Twelfth St. N. E.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, Wm. W. Keeler, 148 Eleventh St. S. E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday at 1204 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, E. H. Fulton, 1120 E St. S. E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, H. Gundershein, 728 Columbia Road.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third 2665. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Bus. Agt.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month. 922 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Phone Main 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets second Sunday and fourth Friday in each month. Secretary, Albert Bridges 210 L st. s. e.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 420: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m. Secretary, J. A. Whitecar, 2209 Minnesota Ave. S. E.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas. B. Cameron, Bethesda, Md.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary W. H. Amiss, 1008 Monroe St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month. Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 820 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressman, No. 1: Meets fourth Saturday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. E. Blakely, 3527 O St. N. W.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custodian and Janitor, 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, W. P. Cannon, 408 Twelfth St. S. E.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe. 326 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. F. Hickman, 518 Sixth St. N. W.

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Mrs. H. B. Tritipoe, 1737 Willard street N. W., Apt. 20.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10.30 a. m. and 8.30 p. m. Secretary, G. W. Calderhead, Ouray Building, Room 312.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle, 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 750 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Friday, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas. P. Glover, Twentieth and Bryant Sts. N. E.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: International Secretary-Treasurer, Jas. E. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G St. N. W. Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth St. N. W.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.

CHESAPEAKE BEACH
ON THE BAY

Many new attractions, including Monster Derby built over the water. New standard bowling alleys on Board Walk.
Free Dancing.
Numerous amusements for young and old.
ROUND TRIP: SUNDAYS and HOLIDAYS, 50c.
All Other Days, Including Saturdays, 25c.
TRAIN LEAVES DAILY EXCEPT SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS: 9.15, 10.00, 11.30 A. M., 2.30 AND 6.30 P. M.
SATURDAYS: 9.15, 10.00, 11.30 A. M., 2.00, 2.30, 3.25, 5.30 AND 8.00 P. M.
SUNDAYS: 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 A. M., 2.00, 3.20, 4.45 AND 8.00 P. M.

FRENCH STEAM LAUNDRY
A BRANCH HERE
We doubt if there is a better laundry in the country than the FRENCH STEAM LAUNDRY. By best, we mean the quality of work done and the care exercised to guard the interests of patrons. We have become one of their authorized agents, and before accepting the agency, satisfied ourselves as to the superior excellence of this laundry's services.
WELLER'S DRUG STORE
Eighth and Eye Sts. S. E. 36th and M N. W.

STORAGE PACKING FREIGHT HAULING
Merchants Transfer
AND
Storage Company
920-922 E Street Northwest
Phone Main 6900
SHIPPING MOVING HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

When in Doubt, Buy of
HOUSE & HERRMANN
FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.
N.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W

FIREPROOF
CONSTRUCTION
Hammett Fire Proofing Company
301-302-303 Wilkins Bldg.
Phone Main 3337.

PHONE NORTH 2349
DONOVAN'S
FINE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS
2008 14th St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

J. G. O'DONNELL, President, 122 Sixth St. N. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, Vice-President, 519 M St. S. W.
THOS. W. WOLTZ, Recording Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
G. H. F. DAVIS, Treasurer, 439 Second St. S. E.
W. I. STRATTON, Conductor, 617 Sixth St. N. W.
A. F. MOIRSETTE, Warden, 425 G St. N. W.
GEO. MYERS, Business Agent, 425 G St. N. W.

TRUSTEES.
F. J. NOLTE, 24 Eighth Street N. E.
WM. T. BAUM, 472 I Street N. W.
A. P. TAYLOR, 622 I Street N. E.

DELEGATES TO THE DISTRICT COUNCIL.
R. H. BURDETTE, 1207 L Street N. W.
C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
E. B. BYRNE, 425 G Street N. W.
ROBERT REICHARD, 1720 35th Street N. W.
J. H. RYAN, 1101 Eleventh Street S. E.

DELEGATES TO THE CENTRAL LABOR UNION.
C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
R. H. BURDETTE, 816 K Street N. W.
W. S. HOLLOHAN, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
W. T. BAUM, 474 I Street S. W.
MARK REILEY, 1127 B Street S. E.

RELIEF COMMITTEE.
M. REILLY, 1127 B Street S. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
H. M. BEVILL, Brentwood, Md.
J. T. CLIFT, 4115 Seventh Street N. W.
M.A. FOLEY, 118 Seaton Street N. E.

MILL COMMITTEE.
F. E. KETTNER, 3016 Cambridge St. N. W
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
O. A. CARTER, Rosslyn, Va.

DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE
G. H. F. DAVIS, 439 Second Street S. E.

Clothes, Hats and Shoes
The Bieber-Kaufman Co.
901-909 Eighth St. S. E.
Down by the Navy Yard
Washington, D. C.

PHONE MAIN 6079.
Reno Lunch
W. H. WOODCOCK, Proprietor.
625 PA. AVE. N. W.
HOME COOKED FOODS
NEVER CLOSED

GORBY'S DELICIOUS CAKE
10c PER HALF LB.
AT ALL GROCERS

The only strictly
UNION TAILORING
house in the city
M. STEIN & CO.
TAILORS
Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

THE MILTON SCHOOL
Oxford Bldg., 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.
Stenography
Typewriting
English
Spanish
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO BEGINNERS
Now in larger quarters in the Oxford Building, 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Meets Every Monday Night
Typographica Temple
423-425 G St. N. W.
Secretary s Address: 1325 E. Capitol St.
Telephone: Lincoln 3955

OFFICERS

N. A. JAMES ..... President
HUGH DIGNEY ..... Vice-President
JOHN B. COLPOYS, Secretary, 1325 E. Capitol St.
JOSEPH E. TOONE ..... Financial Secretary
WM. H. SCHAEFER ..... Treasurer
JOSEPH C. CLARK ..... Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES: Wm. Zell, Chas. Callan, J. L. Considine.

COMMITTEES

Executive—Hugh Digney (chairman), N. A. James, John B. Colpoys, J. E. Toone, W. N. Huttel, John R. Hartley.
Legislative—Robert Jones (chairman), John H. Lorch, N. P. Alifas, H. R. Alcon, E. W. Oyster.
Adjustment—W. N. Huttel (chairman), Jere McCarthy, J. A. McDonald, Ben Spellbring, John G. Schmidt.
Contract—John R. Hartley (chairman), W. H. Schaefer, Hubert Newsom, C. H. Adams, A. J. Ginnelly.
Laws—Dan Hassett (chairman), J. H. Wells, D. J. O'Leary.
Resolutions—J. L. Considine (chairman), Zep S. Pollock, A. J. Kinnell.
Organization—J. E. Toone (chairman), Mary Burkhead, Henry Miller, J. H. Wilson, H. A. Ranier.
Auditing—Mary Ganzhorn (chairman), Marguerite Stewart, E. Wood.
Credentials—M. J. Costella (chairman), J. H. Swain, S. T. Ford.
Lable—E. T. Good,
Press—John B. Colpoys (chairman, N. A. Sprague, R. O'Leary.
Delegates to Baltimore—J. E. Toone (chairman) J. M. Foster, William Zell.
Delegates to Alexandria—H. F. Oehler (chairman). Chas. Allison, L. A. Sterne.

Saks & Company
MEN'S and BOYS' OUTFITTERS
Pa. Ave. & 7th St. Wash., D. C.
Specialists in Apparel for Men and Boys.

MEALS—Special Rates to Union Men—LUNCHES
THE ELITE CAFE
W. A. MORAN, Prop.
636 North Capitol Street

LIST OF LIQUOR DEALERS WHO HAVE SIGNED "THE AGREEMENT."

Allen, Paul.....2 N st. n. e.
Allen, John J...807 N. C. Cap st. n. e.
Beirkle, Leopold, - 1245 H st. n. e.
Castelli, Vincent, 502-504 Ninth st.n.w.
Clark, C. H.....510 9th st. n. w.
Colonial Beach Boat Co.
Costello, Bros.....604 G st. n. w.
Crowley, James J.....702 E st. n. w.
Daly, T. J.....34 H st. n. e.
Daye, Wm. T.....1218 Wisc. ave.
Doyle, Wm. T....1314 Wisc. ave. n. w.
Duffy, James A. -901 1-2 E st. n. w.
Egloff, Julius.....200 3rd st. s. e.
Wm. R. Fosbender, 406 Ninth st. n w.
Franey, F. A.....711½ 9th st. n. w.
Frank, Mrs. M. E. - 319 G st. n. w.
Ganey, M.....615 7th st. s. w.
Glavin, Edwin.....309 G st. n. w.
Hannan, Mrs. E.....531 7th st. s. w.
Hanlon, Timothy.....822 H st. n. e.
Kearney, R. H.....901½ E st. n. w.
Kelliher, J. D.....1258 7th st. s. w.
Killeen, John F.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Louis Hodges, - - 407 9th st n. w.
Lynagh, Peter J.....523 7th st. s. w.
Lynch, John.....417 9th st. n. w.
McCarthy, Dennis J., Evans building.
McCarthy, F. J.....910 4½ st. s. w.
McDonald, F. J.....643 Pa. ave. s. e.
McGuire, J. Chas., 519 Ninth st. n. w.
McHough, Martin....1105 H st. n. e.
Milton Schmidt, - 702 7th st. n. w.
O'Connor, D. J.....100 G st. n. w.
O'Connor, Patrick F...6'7 D st. n. w.
O'Connor, James.....1429 N. Cap. st.
O'Day, John T. - 921 Ninth st. n. w.
O'Donnell, James J...333 Pa. ave. s. e.
Peter White, - - - 905 D st. n. w.
Raftery, Thomas.....406 H st. n. e.
Raftery, Patrick.....225 11th st. n. e.
Roland, J. H.....511 9th st. n. w.
Scanlon, Daniel,.....103 H st. n. w.
Schroter, Conrad....3258 M st. n. w.
Schltz, Mary T.....607 G st. n. w.
Sheehan, John J., 701 North Cap. st.
Solon, Mary A., - 1003 7th st. e.
Stern, M. M.....601 7th st. n. w.
Stanton, Frank J.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Sullivan, David, 12th and E st. n. w.
Sullivan, John J., 1351 35th st. n. w.
The Casino, Frank Farenkamp (Chesapeake Beach).
Victor Buffet Co., Inc., 7th and G n. w.
Walsh, David, - - 407 10th st. n. w.
Wassman, Henry, 705 Seventh st. n. w.
Wiedeman, Joseph....629 E st. n. w.
William J. O'Leary, 733 North Cap. st.
Wininghер, Harry 631 Pa. ave. s. e.
Wolf, Frank, - 512 12th st. n. w.

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

UNION OPERATOR
LOCAL No. 224 WASH. D.C.
AFFILIATED WITH CENTRAL LABOR UNION & A.F. of L.

American, 1st st. and R. . ave.n.w.
Apollo, - - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Aragon Airdome, Md. Ave. 8 & 9, N.E.
Arcade (Theatre and Park, 14th and Park Road.
Auditorium, 13th st. and N. Y. ave.n.w.
Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Central Park, - 9th St. G & H N.W.
Chelsia Theatre, 19th and M sts. n. w.
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N. W.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Eastern, - - 8th St. bet. F & G S. E.
Elite Theatre, 14th and R. I. ave. n. w.
Empire, - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Favorite. H St. North Capitol & First
Garden Theatre, 423 Ninth st. n. w.
Garden Theatre, - Hopewell, Va.
Gayety Theatre, - 513 9th st. n. w.
Georgia - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
Home Theater, C bet. 12th & 13th n. e.
Leader - - - 509 Ninth St. N. W.
Liberty Theatre, N. Capitol & P St.
"M" Street Theatre, M St. near 32nd
Maycroft Park, H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Meaders, - - - 8th & G Sts. S. E.
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15, N.W.
Orpheum, - - 4th and C st. n. e.
Peerless Park, - 3105 Ga. ave. n. w.
Plaza Theatre - 434 9th st. n. w.
Pleasant Hrr. Park, 12 and C N. E.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Proctor Park, - - Anacostia, D. C.
Randolpr Park, 1st and Randolph n. w.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
R. I. Theatre, 7th and R. I. Ave. N.W.
Savoy, - - - 14th and Col. Road.
Schuetzen Park, Ga. ave. and Kenyon
Senate, Pa. Ave. bet. 3d & 4th, S. E.
Standard Park, Bates, near N. Cap. St.
Strand, - - - - - Ninth and D.
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N. E.
Stanton Park, - - - 219 4th N. E.
Starlight Park, 4 1-2 and K st. n. w.
Surprise Theatre - Alexandria, Va.
The Grand, - - - Hopewell, Va.
The Richmond, - - Alexandria, Va.
Truxton Park, N. Capitol & Fla. Ave.
Twilight Park, Pa. Ave. 13 & 14, S. E.
Victoria Theatre, 7th & E Sts. S. W.
Welcome, - - 4 1-2 and K st. s. w.
Zenith, - - 8th St. bet. G & H, S. E.

The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I. P. E. U.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXI. NO. 9 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, AUGUST 25, 1916. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

ON BOARD THE SOUTHLAND TO I. T. U. CONVENTION

BY GEO. M. RAMSEY.

The party which boarded the Southland on the evening of August 10, to accept the invitation of Norfolk Typographical Union to be their guests on the way to attend the Baltimore Convention, consisted of about 80 members of Columbia Union, their wives and friends, under the able management of Mr. T. C. Parsons, who had made all the arrangements so complete that there was not the slightest hitch, everything being provided for the comfort of all.

Arriving at Norfolk the Washington party was received by President David I. Campbell and his committee of arrangements and escorted to the Hotel Lorraine and served with a substantial breakfast to the accompaniment of music by an orchestra and some very good vocalization. The party then boarded a steamer furnished by the Board of Trade of Norfolk and taken to the navy yard at Portsmouth, where they were accorded the privilege of boarding one of the interned German vessels, being received cordially by the officers and crew, and were then taken through the Dutch village, built by the sailors of the interned vessels from refuse gathered in the vicinity, laid out with streets and avenues, and consisting of two score or more miniature buildings, representing churches, taverns, castles, beer gardens, windmills, etc., many of the little yards surrounding the buildings laid out with flower beds and covered with vines and the walks marked with shells and ornamental stones. Broods of chickens, ducks, and geese, and pigs, goats, and sheep were seen in the village, showing that the German sailors are of a frugal turn as well.

In the afternoon the Washington party was taken to Ocean View, the favorite summer resort of Norfolk, where many of them indulged in the fine bathing there and then were entertained with one of those famous Virginia shore dinners for which the Ocean View Hotel is noted which ended with music and a number of good speeches by members of Norfolk Union and a particularly happy one by the President of the Norfolk Chamber of Commerce; the President of Richmond Typographical Union also responded as did also several members of the Washington party, and the dinner was concluded with every one regretting that the time to say good-bye to our hosts of Norfolk had arrived.

President Campbell had provided transportation for the Washington and Norfolk people on the fine steamer Florida of the Old Bay Line, and at 6.30 Friday evening we boarded her, and after a most delightful all-night ride on Chesapeake Bay we arrived bright and early Saturday morning at the convention city, and found that suitable arrangements had been made for the accommodation and comfort of the entire party.

The get-together festivities at the Hotel Emerson on Saturday evening was an event to be long remembered, the members of Baltimore Union, their families and friends being present in full force, the large hotel being crowded to its full capacity, the vocal and oratorical entertainment being first-class, music provided by a splendid orchestra and the Big Six Band, ending at midnight with everybody convinced that Baltimore would make good her promise that the 1916 convention would equal any of its predecessors in the social features at least.

Sunday morning the delegates and visitors boarded the steamer Louise, one of Baltimore's best boats for excursion purposes, and were taken down Chesapeake Bay, everything being provided for the party's comfort, both liquid and solid, Big Six Band furnishing excellent music, and an orchestra providing music for the dancing, and numerous professional singers and dancers giving a good program of entertainment. On the return trip a stop was made at Tolchester Beach, one of the famous bay resorts, where those who desired had opportunity to enjoy the excellent surf bathing, the party reaching Baltimore in time for a good rest prior to the opening of the convention.

Headed by Big Six Band the delegates and visitors to the convention made quite an imposing appearance as they paraded through the streets of Baltimore on Monday morning from the Emerson Hotel to the Convention Hall, the route being through Fayette street to Gay, to Baltimore street, to Howard Street, and through the latter to the meeting place, a stop being made a each of the newspaper offices, which the band serenaded, and the parade being greeted all along the line with applause by the citizens who lined the sidewalks. After the adjournment of the first session the delegates and visitors were taken by trolley to a summer resort on Back River, about ten miles from Baltimore, where they were served with a crab feast in the best Maryland style, with all the accessories for an enjoyable time, including dancing, boxing exhibitions, etc., the festivities ending in time for everybody to get back in time to make preparation for the trip to Washington, which was the programme for Tuesday.

SOME NOTES OF THE CONVENTION.

William Carroll, of Providence, and M. W. Walton, of Scranton, both of who mwere delegates to New York in 1885, were at Baltimore, and each had a son occupying a seat as a delegate to the convention.

President Scott makes an excellent presiding officer, being prompt, decisive, and fair. In fact he gives evidence of making one of the most popular presidents the I. T. U. has had.

Jesse Newman, delegate from San Francisco, says George Tracy is again a candidate for Congress with good prospects of election.

John F. Dalton, delegate from Big Six, is the son of Hugh Dalton, former president of No. 6, and one of the grand old men of the organization.

T. N. Surguy, of Columbia Union, was a visitor to Baltimore and renewed many old acquaintances. He joined Cincinnati Union in 1856 and has a continuous membership of over 60 years.

One of the greatest pleasures for an old-timer in attending a convention is renewing acquaintances with the "exes" of long ago. Of those with whom I served in the convention of 1885-6-7, who I met at Baltimore, were J. F. Busche, of New Haven; Mike Walton, of Scranton; Billy Caroll, of Providence; Tom Renshaw, of Detroit; James Leonard, of New Orleans; Eugene Madden, of Philadelphia; Richard Faulkner, of Newark, N. J.; Johnny Hackney, of Baltimore; A. B. Adair, of Chicago; Lew Shepard, of Grand Rapids; Eugene Merz, of Cincinnati, and many more.

David Baird, of New York, auditor-elect of the I. T. U., had as his guests at the convention, two sisters from way out in Wyoming.

L. C. Hay, for years foreman of the job room of the G. P. O., was greeting many old friends of the days when he was first vice-president of the I. T. U.

John W. Ellett, of San Antonio Union No. 172, had the most unique card among the delegates, which was especially sought by a number of the ladies.

Mrs. Charles M. Carter, of New York, was the popular woman of the convention, as she always is. It takes a good many lines of type to tell the offices she has held and the printer gatherings she has attended, but she is a thorough trades-unionist, and always welcome.

Thomas J. Sullivan, 45 years foreman of the Chicago Tribune, was in attendance, accompanied by his daughter. He was warmly greeted by a number of men who had not met him for many years, all of whom certify that he was one of the fairest and most efficient men who ever foremanized over a composing room.

Joe Easton's little daughter Irene was the mascot of the Washington party, and the little Miss was a general favorite.

Al Reid, representing Manila Union, had a very unique card.

Charles Hertenstein, of St. Louis, former vice-president of the I. T. U., on September 1 will assume the presidency of the Civil Service Commission, of St. Louis, a most important and useful position, and for which he is well qualified. Martin Witter, ex-president of the I. T. U., has been city registrar of St. Louis for several years.

Leon H. Rouse, president of New York Union No. 6, made a very good impression at the convention, giving every indication of being the man for the job.

C. P. Harwood, of Richmond, besides being president of that Union, is president of the Virginia State Typographical Union, and secretary of the Virginia Federation of Labor, and an able assistant of Dave Campbell, of Norfolk, in organization work throughout the South.

Dan McCarthy, of the G. P. O., had much pleasure in the greetings of old friends in 1886 when he was a delegate to Pittsburgh.

FIGHTING FOR RIGHT TO UNITE.

Menominee, Mich.—The Menominee (Mich.), and Marinette (Wis.), Trades and Labor Council is defending the right of workers in the twin cities to join labor unions. Last spring a "labor forward" movement resulted in the establishment of nearly a score of unions in this vicinity, besides strengthening unions already established.

Employers organized the Menominee River Manufacturers' association to re-establish the "good old days," when men were compelled to work from 11 to 13 hours for $1.40, and women received $3.50 a week. Nearly 2,000 unionists are locked out. Gunmen and strikebreakers are in both cities and unionists are being arrested without due process of law in an effort to break their spirit.

HUGHES' LABOR RECORD

Mr. THOMAS H. NICHOLS, 636 East Main Street, Alliance, Ohio.

Dear Sir and Brother: Your letter of recent date, asking for the record of Hon. Charles E. Hughes, nominee of the Republican Party, in regard to Labor matters and particularly as to the famous Danbury Hatters' case, was received.

The Danbury Hatters' case has an historical place in Labor's struggle for freedom. It was in the course of the trial of this case that the workers of our country finally succeeded in securing a declaration from the highest court of the land as to the application of anti-trust legislation to associations of wage-earners.

The decision of the court in this case involved a principle of fundamental importance to workers. It was the same principle involved in the abuse of the writ of injunction which, under the perversion of judges, who had no understanding of industrial conditions and the labor of human beings, had been transformed into an agency at the service of employers who wished to restrict the industrial freedom of their employes and to prevent their using legitimate methods of securing their demands and promoting their welfare.

The theory upon which courts have held that antitrust legislation applied to associations of wage-earners and that injunctions could be used to regulate industrial relations, which are personal relations, was the assumption that the labor of a human being was an article or a commodity and, therefore, property. This assumption recognizes no distinction between the creative labor power of a human being which is inseparable from his living body and the article which he produces.

In 1908 the Supreme Court of the United States rendered a decision in the Hatters' case when the initial appeal was made.

In 1914 the United States Supreme Court delivered its final decision in the case and sustained the contentions of the lawyers of the Anti-boycott Association which instigated suit against the Hatters in the name of D. E. Loewe Company, hat manufacturers of Danbury, Connecticut.

The court sustained the position that the Sherman Anti-trust law applied to the personal attributes and normal activities of human beings. It held to the theory that there was no distinction between the labor power of human beings on the one hand and articles or commodities on the other—articles or commodities which men sought to control and manipulate through trusts. This decision threatened the very existence of voluntary associated effort—the effort of organized workers to carry out the normal purposes for which they were organized; that is, to improve standards of life and work, wages, hours and conditions of employment. Such activities of the workers were, by the decision of the Supreme Court of the United States, regarded as liable to all the civil and criminal penal ties under the anti-trust laws of the United States. In other words, the Sherman Anti-trust law, enacted to curb the cupidity and machinations of the combinations of wealthy owners, was to be applied to the voluntary organization of the workers instituted for beneficent purposes and the welfare of human beings.

The decision in this case, which is known as Lawlor vs. Loewe, declared that the damages in the case were $80,000 which, under the provisions of the Sherman Anti-trust Act were tripled, and together with the costs of the case and the interest, made a total sum of over $300,000, which the Danbury hatters must pay D. E. Loewe & Company.

Mr. Charles E. Hughes was a Justice of the United States Supreme Court at the time this decision was rendered, and he concurred in the decision.

The last decision in this case, although it is brief, reaffirms all that the court declared in its 1908 opinion.

There is another opinion of the United States Supreme Court, written by Justice Hughes, which throws light upon his attitude upon this principle, which is of fundamental importance to the workers of the country. It is his opinion in the case of Truax vs. Reich, a case which involves the constitutionality of the Arizona anti-alien law. Under that law all employers of Arizona who employed more than five workers were forbidden to employ less than 80 per cent who were qualified electors or native born citizens of the United States. In that decision Justice Hughes took the position that the injunctive process applies to personal relations.

Justice Hughes made more definite his indorsement of the theory that injunctions apply to personal relations.

Mr. Hughes has taken an unequivocal position. He endorses the abuse of the writ of injunction against which wage-earners have vigorously protested, and which they have tried to correct by remedial legislation in order that they might enjoy the rights and opportunities of free citizens.

The above is accurately the information which you asked and I take it will be of importance to you, as well as to the working people and liberty-loving citizens all over the country and enabling them to understand the mental attitude of Mr. Hughes who is now a candidate for the Presidency of the United States.

With best wishes and hoping to hear from you frequently, I am,

Fraternally yours,

(Signed.) SAMUEL GOMPERS,

President, American Federation of Labor.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - Editor
Wm. H. Anglin - - - - - Associate Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF ALLIED PRINTING TRADES COUNCIL WASHINGTON 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., AUGUST 25, 1916.

THERE ARE OTHERS!

The United States Senate seems to be an institution where human endeavor aspires to things veritable, illustrious, ideal, and the dignity there made a profound impression upon us in the days that are passed.

Within the last two weeks we have witnessed the condescension of one Senator Sherman, who grew so violent on last Saturday in a personal vituperation of labor's grand old man, Sam Gompers, that a colleague rose to a point of information and asked the President of the Senate if the language was parliamentary, to which the president pro tempore, being one of the same political faith, replied it was agreeable to him.

The world loves a good loser—everybody despises a piker. The cheer of the home has been deftly tempered by many a "good thing" going wrong. In politics there is not much difference to other kind of games, and when the "sure thing" breaks through the barrier, as Mr. Hughes did in San Francisco, where the hotel at which he stopped employed scab waiters, Mr. Sherman realizes very naturally that his party is fast becoming an "also ran" and incidentally their money is "running for Sweeney."

The same illustration may be drawn of the animal that refuses to "break"—the same as Mr. Hughes did when one of the receiving committee in a western town politely told him that they cared nothing about the Democrats; they knew what they were doing and had done during the three years in which they have held the reins of government; but, the question was, WHAT ARE YOU GOING TO DO, IF ELECTED? In this instance the G. O. P. was again "left standing at the post," and we have no very vivid recollection of it having thus far budged one iota.

Of course, Senator Sherman is nursing a grouch, and we are very proud of him—that is, his ability to depart from the circle of the realm, fire a few submarines at an honest man's character and then duck the chagrin of mediocre men of whom it would be none the less unbecoming.

What is being said of Mr. Gompers by Senator Sherman, however, is not for Gompers personally, but for you and I collectively. He, unfortunately, happens to be the subterfuge for these things to be said of that is meant for the organized toilers of America, and the acquiescence of his colleagues in his unseemly harangue bears testimony of the viciousness of the attack upon organized labor by the Republican party.

We do not, could not, expect the Democratic Senators to do other than listen with a great deal of pleasure when this mint of immodesty begins to mold numberless voters for Mr. Wilson. He is certainly coining democrats as well as phrases in addition to placing upon his candidate, Mr. Hughes, a handicap, which impost is already proving troublesome in the heavy going.

Sam Gompers may be a "skunk," but there are others. He may be everything known in the limited (?) category of epithets possessed by Senator Sherman, and then some; but when that period of existence puts in its appearance for Sam Gompers to fold his arms in that sweet sleep that knows no waking here; when the legions of labor pays tribute to the last of his earthly career; when the millions of organized workers whose humble homes and happy children—beneficiaries of that tireless effort in behalf of humanity—can lift their eyes to a high heaven and with one accord proclaim down the eternal ages of time that: HE WAS NOT A CHARACTER ASSASSIN.

By the way, what is that Mexico issue? Be explicit.

It's the shining face, not the woeful countenance, that people like.

The American people are not going to play with dynamite.

Mexico needs money, but even more, it needs wise guidance.

He kept us out of war; he has given prosperity to the country. Answer, if you can.

When it comes to the retort direct, Mr. Bryan is right trere with many goods.

It is well to be a silent vociferator—vociferating as to minor things, silent as to greater ones.

The United States is the most powerful nation in the world in the matter of staple exports.

Just when we had about decided that the country was never in so fine a fix, here comes along someone to show that we are on the toboggan slide and headed for hell.

The party that has made prosperity during a war, the like of which the world never saw before, can maintain that prosperity when peace finally comes.

"America first and America efficient," fell flat as the campaign slogan of the party which attempted to purloin it.

There will be no more bank-made money stringencies, no more money corners, no more gold suspensions, no more locking up the coin of the realm.

PICTURE OPERATORS GREAT AID TO SUCCESS OF THE MOTION PICTURE BUSINESS

We have all heard the common expression, "Mushroom Growth," which is applied to things which spring up quickly. This expression can be aptly applied to the Motion Picture Business which has proven to be, next to the automobile industry, the greatest that this country has seen in the past ten years and which seems to have no limitations. Various reasons can be advanced for this phenomenal growth into which millions of capital has been invested from the smallest village to the largest city in the country and has been a means of furnishing more people with some degree of happiness and pleasure than anything that has ever been before them from the youngest to the oldest member of the family.

One of the prime factors in the success of this business and lost sight of by a great many people is the "man behind the machine," known as the "Picture Operator." Upon him falls the work of either producing and bringing out all that is best in a picture, thereby sending the patrons of a theatre away satisfied, or by having an inexperienced man at the machine who cannot bring out that which is best in a picture, thereby not only spoiling the show, but sending the patrons away vowing never to go to that theatre again. Like in all lines of business today, we find that the most efficient and painstaking operator is the one who is a member of the Picture Operators Union, and the reason for this is easily explained. At the meetings of the union, each new machine that comes out, or improvements made to the old ones, are taken up and discussed, so that each member can familiarize himself with the new improvements, and in some instances practical demonstrations have taken place with an expert present to explain and answer any question that may arise in connection with the machine. This is, or should be, a reason why every proprietor of a picture theatre should have the man whom he employs as an operator, a member of the union; but this is not the only good that a union of operators does for this business. They have a business agent who visits the various theatres and on short notice competent operators are furnished where vacancies may occur and each member is under discipline of the union to render faithful service to his employer. The picture business has also profited by the assistance that the picture operators, in their combination with other branches of organized labor, in preventing unwise and freak legislation that has been introduced and directed against this business. So we say in conclusion that the Motion Picture Business without the organized Picture Operator would not be the success it is today, and we believe that their service is, as it should be, appreciated by the Motion Picture Houses.

PROSECUTORS NEED NO AID.

San Francisco, Aug. 19.—The "law and order" committee of the chamber of commerce received a cold reception at the hands of Police Judges Sullivan and Brady in the cases of union pickets who were charged with violence. In both instances the assistant district attorney assured the judges he did not ask the "law and order" attorneys to help him.

The court ruled:

"The assistant district attorney is entirely competent to take care of the duties of prosecuting, and outside interference, except by his own motion, will not be tolerated in this court."

The pickets were discharged.

PEONAGE ORDINANCE FAILS.

Tampa, Fla., Aug. 19.—Low wage and long hour employers are squealing over the failure of city authorities to enforce a law prohibiting, by heavy licences, the operation of labor agents. Negroes are leaving the city and lumbermen and employers in the turpentine industry are demanding that the Tampa police stop the exodus. Some unionists suggest that if men are paid a living wage there will be no trouble to supply the labor demand.

WAITERS WIN STRIKE.

Rochester, N. Y., Aug. 19.—Organized waiters and cooks won their strike against the larger hotels in this city and nearby summer resorts. Better working conditions and higher wages have been secured. President Flore, of the international union, together with Buffalo and Cleveland union officials, assisted the strikers, who were told that solidarity made union shop agreements possible in these two lake cities.

PAPER MAKERS RAISE WAGES.

Marinette, Wis., Aug. 19.—Paper makers have won a two months' strike and reduced the 11 and 13 hour day for tour workers to eight hours and the 10 hour day for day workers to nine hours. Wages are increased 30 cents a day and arrangements for settling future grievances is agreed to. The adjustment of this strike is a blow at the lock-out policy of organized manufacturers.

COURTS CRAMP LIBERTY.

New York, N. Y.—In a special article published in a local paper, Samuel Seabury, associate judge of the court of appeals, declares that courts have given the word "liberty" a different meaning from that intended by the authors of the fourteenth amendment to the federal constitution.

"After the civil war," he says, "the fourteenth amendment was adopted primarily to secure the rights of the freed slaves, and this amendment was, of course, applied to the states as well as to the federal government. This amendment has been held to include corporations as well as natural persons, and the term 'liberty,' as used in the fourteenth amendment has been given the widest possible interpretation with the result that a great deal of beneficial legislation ardently desired by the people has been annulled.

"A long list of really good laws have been lost because the courts have held that they violated that 'liberty' which is a creature of judicial interpretation and not what was intended by the framers of the constitution.

"The courts must recognize that much of the modern social and labor legislation which seems nominally to offend against individual liberty is, in fact, designed to secure a wider and truer freedom than has ever before been known to man."

ESTABLISHED 1865 — 51 YEARS IN BUSINESS

CHRISTIAN XANDER'S

Highest Grade French and California Brandies

For Medicinal Use

909 7th Street, Northwest. — No Branch Houses. Phone M. 274

MEATS — GROCERIES — FISH

Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the

OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.

930 La. Ave. N. W. — 1111 H Street N. E.
8th & E Sts. S. E. — 1632 N. Capitol Street
31st & M Sts. N. W. — 3418-20 Ga. Ave. N. W.
7th & Q Sts. N. W. — 14th & U Streets N. W.
1778 U Street, N. W. — 7th and B Streets N. E.
7th & H Street N. E. — 3113 14th Street, N. W.
726 7th St. N. W. — 1440 P St. N. W.
2002-2004 Ga. Ave. N. W.

POULTRY — BREAD — PRODUCE

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF THE UNITED BREWERY WORKMEN OF AMERICA
Union MADE Beer — Ale AND Porter
COPYRIGHT & TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1903
THIS IS OUR LABEL.

VOTE
Against Prohibition
DEMAND
Personal Liberty
IN CHOOSING WHAT YOU WILL DRINK
ASK FOR THIS LABEL WHEN PURCHASING BEER, ALE OR PORTER.
As A Guarantee That It Is Union Made.

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK
Northwest Corner FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST
LOOK FOR THE CLOCKS
4 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts
COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

40-MILE MOONLIGHT on Mondays During July and August
Adults 25c, Children 15c.
COLONIAL BEACH
IDEAL SUMMER RESORT—70 Miles from Washington—4-HOUR TRIP.
Good Hotels, Cafes and Stores—Bathing, Boating and all Amusements
STEAMER ST. JOHNS
Fastest and Most Palatial Steamer on the Potomac
Fare, returning same day....Adults 50c, Children 25c
Fare, stop-over ticket.....Adults $1.00, Children 50c
SEE PAPERS FOR SCHEDULE — WHARF: FOOT OF SEVENTH ST.

LYCEUM THEATRE wishes to make friends with all organized workers. I am with you.
HARRY TURBERVILLE, Jr., Manager.

BOOT & SHOE WORKERS UNION — UNION STAMP — Factory

Named Shoes are Frequently Made in Non-Union Factories

DO NOT BUY ANY SHOE

No matter what its name, unless it bears a plain and readable impression of this Union Stamp. All shoes without the Union Stamp are always Non-Union. Do not accept any excuse for absence of the Union Stamp

Boot and Shoe Workers' Union, 246 Summer St., Boston, Mass.
JOHN F. TOBIN President. — CHAS. L. BAINE, Sec.-Treas.

WASHINGTON BREWERY CO.
IMPERIAL EXPORT
A really fine beer

WIENER BEER (Light) — CONGRESS BREW (Dark)
— ALE —
Arlington Brewing Co.
— PORTER —
Tel. West 129 — ROSSLYN, VA.

To the Heart of Leisureland

where woods are cool, streams alluring, vacations ideal. Between New York City (with Albany and Troy the gateways) and

Lake George, the Adirondacks, Lake Chaplain, the North and West

The logical route is "The Luxurious Way"—Largest and most magnificent river steamships in the world—Daily Service. Send for free copy of Beautiful "Searchlight Magazine"

HUDSON NAVIGATION COMPANY
Pier 32, North River —"THE SEARCHLIGHT ROUTE."— New York

Closed at 5 P. M.
Saturday at 1 P. M.

Water Coolers

That Are Sanitary And Serviceable

A good water cooler is essential in warm weather. One that is sanitary and keeps the water cool without a large consumption of ice. The best coolers are found in our Housefurnishing Department..

XX CENTURY BOTTLE WATER COOLERS

An inverted bottle of water feeds the supply through a porcelain jar, around which ice is placed, and drawn from the spigot without coming in contact with the ice.

Price, Cooler and Bottle, with strong Iron Stand.....$10.00 up.
4-gal. Fiber Water Coolers.....$2.00
5-gal. Fiber Water Coolers.....$2.20
Flemish Stone Water Coolers, $1.25 up.
Oak Case Porcelained Steel Lined Water Coolers.....$5.75 up.
Steel Case Porcelain Lined Water Coolers.....$5.50 up.
Nickel Water Coolers.....$18.00 up.
Steel Case Coolers, with inner porcelain jars to separate the ice from the drinking water.....$9.00 up.
Oak Water Cooler Stand.....$3.50 up.

Dulin & Martin Co.
Pottery, Porcelain, China, Glass, Silver, &c.
1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St.

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY

Equitable Life Insurance Co.
of the District of Columbia
THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.
Issues Ordinary and Industrial
Wm. A. Bennett, 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.
EQUITABLE BLD'G. 816 14th ST., N. W.

Black's Alderney and Green Meadow Dairy
Pasteurized and Tubercoline Tested Milk.
Phone N. 1670. Union Dairies.

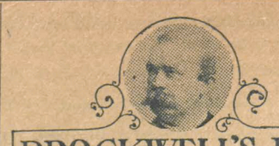
LANSBURGH & BRO.
"DRY GOODS ONLY"
The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City
420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

Bell Brand Union-Made
COLLARS and SHIRTS
LARGE ASSORTMENT
T. HOLLANDER
North Capitol and H Streets

Takoma Bread
Fresh Three Times Daily
AT ALL GROCERS
Havenner Baking Company
Established 1815

Phone Main 3871
WM. H. HOWLIN
OURAY BUILDING, 801 G ST. N. W.
(Room 404)
Engrossing Resolutions, Diplomas, Charters and Fancy Pen Work of all descriptions.

CELTIC CLUB WHISKEY
Our Specialty
Never Changes. Accept No Substitute
Once Tried You'll Always Use It.
Ports and Sherries for family use, Quarts, 50 and 75 cents. All makes of Beer. Leading brands of Cigars. Ales and Porters on draught the year round.
D. J. O'CONNOR
New Jersey Ave. and G Sts. N.W



BROCKWELL'S BITS

BY W. N. BROCKWELL

The papers of Washington a few days since printed the story of the death, at Atlantic City, of Isaac Baggot Jones, saying also that "Mr. Jones was at one time owner of the Benning race track. By trade he was a printer." I am told that Mr. Jones was one of the printers brought by Mr. Wendell from his home-town plant when he became Public Printer, and that he was one (and probably the last) survivor of that force. He was 78 years of age at the time of his death and had been out of the printing business for many years. He was reputed to be quite wealthy.

* * *

A friend writing from a city in the never yet landed as a regularshrdlu Northwest tells me of the remarkable cases of two printers there. One has been in an office 12 years with his name on the ad slipboard and has never yet landed as a regular. The other has been on the same office slipboard for operator six years and is still without a regular job. Such patience, (or is that the proper word?) certainly deserves better luck—and more justice.

* * *

Due to a shocking accident (being hit by an automobile), William S. Cady, a well-known employee of the Monotype hand section of the Government Printing Office, lost his life on Saturday, August 19, 1916, in this city. Mr. Cady, who was 61 years of age, came here from Kentucky about 15 years ago, and had been continuously employed in the Printery since that time. He is survived by his wife and several grown children—a daughter and four sons—and these have the sympathy of many friends in such a severe affliction. In addition to his membership in Columbia Union, Mr. Cady was a member of the Knights of Columbus and the Catholic Knights of America.

* * *

Back in the days when William L. Mattocks was quite a youngster—and that is not so many years ago, either, for "Bill" is yet far from the old-man class—the desire to travel and see the world (were I a "hack" writer I'd say the "wanderlust," but as I believe it wrong to overwork anything, even a word, I'll refrain) came strongly into his virile young mind, and so he fared out from the New Mexico printshop where he had been practicing the art which sometimes leads to the title of journeymen printer.

Southward the gentle William took his way, and by various methods of travel he finally landed one evening in Wichita, Kans., or it might have been in some Oklahoma town; but anyway, there was a paper in the burg called the Eagle, in the composing room whereof the young roadster "showed up" for work and duty "caught on," much to his delight and the recoupment of his flattened wallet—if he owned such an article in those days.

Everything run well for Bill that first night; his "string" was a big one and his proofs were so good that many of his "takes" were not even passed to him. But the second night in that Eagle plant spelled terror and disgust for him. The sheet had about three columns on cotton, and the first four or five takes Bill got (so he now reckons) had the word in them somewhere in the neighborhood of fifty times. Though he is now one of Uncle Sam's crack proof readers, and rarely has to go to the book to find the spelling of a word, he was not so fortunate and well versed in wordology in that long-ago time. Cotton didn't grow in Bill's native place, and while piling up primer on the ancient weekly there he was concerned only with words of common usage in that vicinity. The first time Mattocks struck the word "cotton" on the eventful night in question—that was before typewriting machines had penetrated the Southwest, and the manuscript was very bad—he paused, his type hand in the air and his mouth half open to ask his side partner how to spell the word; but the foolish pride which goes with youth got the best of his judgment—and he paused some more. Then he put it "c-o-t-t-e-n" about ten times in that take, but when the next take had the word scattered all over it he got in doubt, and resolved to make it "c-o-t-t-i-n." In the three or four takes following he stuck to "cottin."

When the cotton-story galleys arrived in the composing room Bill Mattocks was well toward the blue-funk stage, and I hardly need tell you that the balance of the force was in a wild uproar of laughter. Of course the unfortunate William "took the gaff" as best he could and industriously corrected his proofs. However, his language was unprintable—for which I blame him not. I am told he is now chaplin of the Spanish War Veteran Camp of which he is a shining member, but it is indeed fortunate that none of the people who elected him to that pious post had knowledge of his performance in cussology the night the Eagle had so much copy about cotton.

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

Charles F. Cannon, skilled laborer, reinstated.

Herbert E. James, linotype operator, reinstated.

Ralph W. Alderman, monotype keyboard operator, reinstated.

Edward P. Hayes, clerk, transferred from U. S. Naval Academy.

Alonzo B. Thompson, temporary pressman.

William F. Borger, temporary pressman.

Henry T. McConvey, temporary compositor.

Walter G. Trouland, temporary electrician.

Edward C. Holmes, probational linotype operator.

Charles J. Anderson, probational linotype operator.

Joseph H. Phillips, temporary compositor.

George F. Mellis, temporary pressman.

Alpheus Sholl, temporary compositor.

Frank Bates, temporary compositor.

John E. Wayson, temporary compositor.

Separations.

Samuel W. Taylor, temporary compositor.

Frank A. Goebel, caster helper, resigned.

Howard D. Criswell, messenger boy, resigned.

Mrs. Virginia Hobbs, pressfeeder, resigned.

William A. Schmitt, messenger boy, resigned.

Edward A. Kennedy, messenger boy, resigned.

John M. Johnson, temporary skilled laborer, resigned.

Jacob Cohen, temporary messenger boy, resigned.

John W. Moore, elevator conductor, resigned.

Jerome Hartnett, machinist's helper.

Transfers, Etc.

Bernard M. Mulvihill, messenger boy $420 per annum, office of superintendent of documents, to messenger boy $500 per annum, office of superintendent of documents.

William T. Windsor, messenger boy $375 per annum, to messenger boy $420 per annum, office of superintendent of documents.

Eugene W. Blackford, messenger boy $500 per annum, to skilled laborer $626 per annum, office of superintendent of documents.

Miss Mary E. McGrath, temporary skilled laborer 25 cents per hour to probational skilled laborer 25 cents per hour, office of superintendent of documents.

Leo F. Spaight, temporary messenger boy 15 cents per hour, presswork division, to probational messenger boy $375 per annum, office of superintendent of documents.

Albert N. Scott, temporary compositor 50 cents per hour, to probational compositor at 50 cents per hour linotype section.

J. Manning Kingsbury, skilled laborer 25 cents per hour, presswork division, to counter 35 cents per hour, cutting and packing section.

AMERICAN LUNCH
VIRGINIA THEATRE
Stag Hotel
JOHN J. NOONAN.

Parker, Bridget & Co.
"The Avenue at Ninth"
Featuring Extra Value
$15
Suits for Spring

Up-to-date Tailor Made Suits
$22.50 AND UP.
B. LANDSMAN
STRICTLY UNION
Cleaning, Pressing, Dyeing, Altering and Repairing.
Call For and Deliver.
PHONE LINCOLN 2477.
901 E. Cap. St. Wash., D. C.

New Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits for Hire

WILNER'S
ADVANCED FALL STYLES

The Latest Novelties of the Season . . . $18.50

EVERY UNION MAN OUGHT TO TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THIS OFFER

Not only do we save you $10.00 on every suit you buy, but our workmanship has proven to stand up, to hold its shape, curl nor wrinkle until the garment will last, and we guarantee to last you fully three years.

We are the FIRST and ONLY Union Custom Tailors in this City.

Order Your Suit From

JOS. A. WILNER & COMPANY
COR. 8th and G STREETS NORTHWEST

CORBY'S YEAST
Leaves nothing to guess-work.
Its purity and strength are uniform.
Every baker knows what that means.
Send for samples.
THE CORBY COMPANY
STATION K. WASHINGTON, D. C.

Building Trades Headquarters Sixth and G Sts. N. W
Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rent
WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES TOBACCO.
COSTELLO BROS

THE PLATE PRINTER
Official Organ Plate Printers International Union.
P. J. RYAN, Editor. CHAS. T. SMITH, Assoc. Editor.
Subscription $1.00 Per Year
Telephone 4528 Wash. Loan & Trust Bldg.

Representative Houses
OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

BANKS

THE NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burgler-proof vaults, acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth and New York Avenue

THE WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee, etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK
A Bank for the Working People. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account
Ninth and G streets N. W.

UNION SAVINGS BANK. Commercial Accounts. Three per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts. The Oldest Savings Bank in Washington.

MICHAEL T. GREENE
Liquors and Cigars. 639 D St. N. W.

STONER'S BAR AND RESTAURANT
The, G. Stoner. 206 Seventh St.S. W.

J. CHAS. McGUIRE'S BUFFET
Federal Seal Whiskey. 519 Ninth St. N. W.

O'KEEFE'S BUFFET
P. J. O'Keefe, Prop. 904 Pa. Ave. N. W.

GLAVIN'S BUFFET
ED. J. GLAVIN 309 G Street Northwest

OXFORD BUFFET
J. F. SCHRINER 730 14th Street N. W.

FRANK'S BUFFET
Fourth and G Sts., N. W. Phone M. 5572

DAVID WALSH'S BUFFET
407 10th Street N. W.

E. E. FARLEY'S BUFFET
415 13th Street N. W.

J. J. O'DONNELL'S BUFFET
333 Penn. Avenue S. E.

HARRY'S BUFFET
631 Penn. Ave. S. E. Phone Lin. 1843

MACHINIST
G. W. FORSBERG, Formerly with Forsberg and Murray, Elevate Boilers. Eighth and Water Streets S. W. Phone Main 751 and 742

GROCER AND COFFEE ROASTER
SOMERSET R. WATERS, 1342 Seventh Street N. W.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
RALSTON AND RICHARDSON, Bond Building, Fourteenth Stree and New York Avenue.
FRANK FULLER Room 421, Munsey Building, Phone Main 1826.

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.
THE SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (INC.) SODA WATER SYRUPS, Etc., 1066 Wisconsin Avenue Northwest.

PHOTO SUPPLIES
E. J. PULLMAN, Developing and Finishing for Amateurs Specialty 420 Ninth Street N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS
MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Avenue Northwest. Our Specialty Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

FIRE INSURANCE
FIREMAN'S INSURANCE COMPANY, Seventh Street and Louisiana Avenue.

DRY GOODS
WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings Hosiery, a specialty, 806-808 H Street N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

UNDERTAKERS
J. WILLIAM LEE
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY
332 Penna. Avenue N. W.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.
THE W. H. BUTLER COMPANY, 607 and 609 C Street N. W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT
NATIONAL MORTAR COMPANY, First and M Street, Northeast
COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING COMPANY, 3036 K Street.

DRUGGISTS
CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth Street and Virginia Avenue S. E.
DAY & CO
5th and G Sts. N. W. 14th and P Sts. N. W
20th St. and Rhode Island Ave. N. E.
QUIGLEY, Druggist, Twenty-first and G Streets N. W.
A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner Seventh and P Streets N. W.

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1
Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.

M. J. DUNNIGAN, President.....2007 14 Street N.W.
JOHN G. WOLFE, Vice-President.1023 N. J. Ave. N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W.

TRUSTEES

Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E.
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E.
Thos. L. Nevins.....504 Maine Avenue S. W.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe,.....1023 N. J. Ave. N. W
J. McElfresh,.....
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E.
A. Tenley.....964 Florida Ave. N. W.
M. Sullivan.....5631-2 15 St. S. E.

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.

Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ARBITRATION COMMITTEE.

M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W.
M. A. Wolfe,.....418 F St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. E.
Joseph Harding.....210 13 St. S. W.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....2006 2nd St. N. W
R. Pumphrey.....223 Q St. N. W.
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W.
Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. W.

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave.
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Cap. St.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L St. S. W.

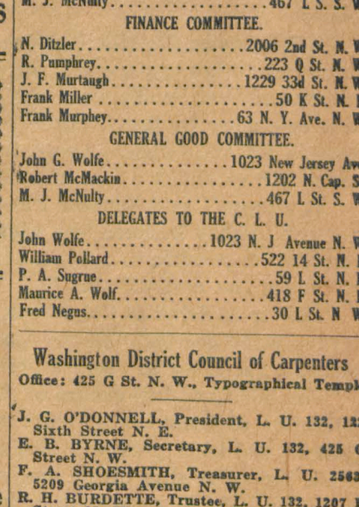
DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.

John Wolfe.....1023 N. J Avenue N. W.
William Pollard.....522 14 St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

Washington District Council of Carpenters
Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

J. G. O'DONNELL, President, L. U. 132, 132 Sixth Street N. E.
E. B. BYRNE, Secretary, L. U. 132, 425 G Street N. W.
F. A. SHOESMITH, Treasurer, L. U. 2563, 5209 Georgia Avenue N. W.
R. H. BURDETTE, Trustee, L. U. 132, 1207 L Street N. W.
H. S. HOLLOHAN, Trustee, L. U. 132, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
H. PAGE, Trustee, L. U. 2563, 3361½ Thirteenth Street N. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, L. U. 132, 519 M Street S. W.
ROBERT ADAM, L. U. 2563, 1511 Vermont Avenue N. W.
FRED HOOK, L. U. 2563, 1528 Eighth Street N. W.
WM. MACKIE, L. U. 2563, 216 Seaton Place N. E.

BUSINESS AGENT.
GEO. MYERS, 425 G Street N. W.



GEO. D. HORNING,
N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.
LOAN OFFICE

AROUND THE NAVY YARD

BY W. W. KEELER.

Thursday, August 22nd, was one of the great days among all the workmen throughout the Yard, for the reason that they finally realized that they were gradually rising to the level of other government employees in the District of Columbia, inasmuch as it was for them that the President signed the Naval appropriation bill carrying with it an amendment providing for thirty days annual leave without forfeiture of pay. The bill as enacted into law reads, as follows:

"Provided, That each and every employee of the Navy Yards, Naval Stations, and Arsenals is hereby granted thirty days leave of absence each year without forfeiture of pay during such leave.

"Provided, That it shall be lawful to allow pro rata leave only to those serving twelve consecutive months or more.

"Provided, That in all cases the heads of the Divisions shall have discretion as to the time when the leave can best be allowed.

"Provided, That not more than thirty days leave shall be allowed any such employee in one year.

"Provided further, That this provision shall not be construed to deprive employees of any sick leave, or legal holidays to which they may now be entitled to under existing law."

It was also the day when Capt. G. H. Glennon, Commandant of the Navy Yard, was promoted to the rank of Rear Admiral. The entire force congratulates Rear Admiral Glennon, and in doing so they are sincere, for there was never a commandant at the local yard who enjoyed the high esteem of the body of workmen employed throughout the entire yard more than does Rear Admiral Glennon, and it is hoped that his stay with us will be for an extended period.

Great success was experienced in the organization of the Blacksmiths and Blacksmith Helpers. Having only been in existence for two months, they can boast of a 100 per cent organization with a progressive corps of officers.

Brother O'Leary, business agent for the Electrical Workers, has paid several visits to the yard recently, endeavoring to organize the Electrical Workers in the yard, and from indications he has met with success, as it is expected the entire force will enroll in Local 26.

The election of officers for Columbia Lodge No. 174, International Association of Machinists will take place at the next meeting, which will be held September 6th. Considerable interest is manifested, and it is expected that there will be quite a number of aspirants for all the offices.

G. W. Gates, president of the Blacksmiths' Local, has been acting Leading Man for the past month and over, and it is possible that he will be retained in that position permanently, for he is giving thorough satisfaction, both to his fellow-workmen and the Government.

PACIFIC MAIL NOT INJURED

It is claimed that truth rarely overtakes the "short and ugly word," but this does not apply to the charge that the seamen's law drove the Pacific Mail Steamship company off the Pacific ocean.

United States Senator Fletcher is the latest to deny this claim of seamen's law opponents. In addressing the senate last week he showed that Pacific Mail sold its vessels at high figures to parties operating on the Atlantic coast and has now secured other vessels for the Oriental trade, because it fears that the government will establish a line of vessels.

"It alleges," said Senator Fletcher, "that it has decided to reverse its policy because 'the gigantic leaps in freight rates have rendered it possible to operate at a profit in spite of the injurious effects of the seamen's law.'

"This is as false as the reason they gave when they quit their trans-Pacific service, namely, that the seamen's law made it impossible for them to operate profitably.

"The falsity of this excuse or claim is proved not only by the resumption of their trans-Pacific sailings but by the fact that the poorest and least profitable ship in the former fleet of the Pacific Mail, the steamship China, was taken over by a small American company, which, notwithstanding the greatly increased cost of operating only one ship, has continued the China in the trans-Pacific service, under the American flag, with great profit. It was reported that the new owners paid for the China with the profits from the first two voyages in the same service which the Pacific Mail had abandoned.

"All the circumstances tend to show and those in position to know assert, that the Pacific Mail discontinued their trans-Pacific service at a time when they were able to sell their steamers for what they supposed were fancy figures, for no other reason than that it enabled the interests that controlled them to make very effective political capital of it; and they are now resuming the service not because of high freight rates—trans-Pacific freight rates are now actually lower than they were when the Pacific Mail discontinued their sailings—but because of the government shipping bill, which is about to pass Congress, and their fear that as a result of this bill a line of government ships would enter the trade they had abandoned."

EFFICIENCY NEEDED HERE.

Business organizations have been so busy urging the federal government to establish the sweating plan of production, known as the Taylor system, that they have entirely overlooked their own affairs and the federal trade commission states that "there is a tendency among retail merchants to conduct their business without an adequate system for determining their costs."

The commission also states that it "has found that an amazing number of manufacturers, particularly the smaller ones, have no adequate system for determining their costs and price their goods arbitrarily. It is evident that there must be improvement in this direction before competition can be placed upon a sound economic basis."

The commission has mapped out a system whereby the American manufacture can estimate such costs as building expense, labor, salaries, officers' salaries, commissions, advertising, insurance, taxes, depreciation, repairs, delivery expenses, discount on sales, reserve for bad dbts and miscllaneous expense.

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, F. S. Radman, 732 Gresham Place N. W.

Bakery Salesmen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secre- Wednesdays of each month at Moose Hall, tary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sunday in each month, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N. W.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Edward Fuhrman, 24 Quincy Place, N. W.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets every Sunday, 3 p. m., Jonadab Hall, 623 Louisiana avenue northwest. Secretary, A. Messenio, 514 Tenth street n. w.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 48: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E street southeast.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G Street N. W.

Brotherhood of Railway Carmen of America, Local Union No. 313: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Streets N. E. Secretary, C. F. Cross, 924 K Street N. E. Meeting nights first and third Tuesdays.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles Hall, Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 1424 W St. N. W., Apt. 22.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhan, 787 10th St. s. e.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wassaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Twelfth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3800 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Paperhangers Hall, 430 Ninth Street N. W., second and fourth Thursdays of the month. Secretary, Edw. B. Finch, 33 P Street N. E.

Engineers, Hoisting No. 77: Meets every Friday, at 3:00 p. m. Hall, S. E. Cor. Tenth and Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, F. J. Nichols, 616 Fourth street northeast.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and B Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hisle, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Watchmen's Union No. 14964: Secretary, Jas. H. Reed, Cor. Sec., 1228 B street southwest.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Avenue S. E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 Twelfth St. N. E.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, Wm. W. Keeler, 148 Eleventh St. S. E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday at 1204 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, E. H. Fulton, 1120 E St. S. E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, H. Gundershein, 728 Columbia Road.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third 2665. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Bus. Agt.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 922 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Phone Main 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets second Sunday and fourth Friday in each month. Secretary, Albert Bridges 210 L st. s. e.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 420: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m. Secretary, J. A. Whitecar, 2209 Minnesota Ave. S. E.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas. B. Cameron, Bethesda, Md.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary W. H. Amiss, 1008 Monroe St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 820 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressman, No. 1: Meets fourth Saturday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. E. Blakely, 3527 O St. N. W.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custodian and Janitor, 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, W. P. Cannon, 408 Twelfth St. S. E.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe. 326 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. F. Hickman, 518 Sixth St. N. W.

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Mrs. H. B. Tritipoe, 1737 Willard street N. W., Apt. 20.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10.30 a. m. and 8.30 p. m. Secretary, G. W. Calderhead, Ouray Building, Room 312.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle, 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Mouse Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 750 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 417 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Friday. Typographical Temple. Secretary, **Chas. P.** Glover, Twentieth and Bryant Sts. N. E.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters International Secretary-Treasurer, Jas. E. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G St. N. W. Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth St. N. W.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

J. G. O'DONNELL, President, 122 Sixth St. N. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, Vice-President, 519 M St. S. W.
THOS. W. WOLTZ, Recording Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
G. H. F. DAVIS, Treasurer, 439 Second St.S. E.
W. I. STRATTON, Conductor, 617 Sixth St. N. W.
A. F. MOIRSETTE, Warden, 425 G St. N. W.
GEO. MYERS, Business Agent, 425 G St. N. W.

TRUSTEES.

F. J. NOLTE, 24 Eighth Street N. E.
WM. T. BAUM, 472 I Street N. W.
A. P. TAYLOR, 622 I Street N. E.

DELEGATES TO THE DISTRICT COUNCIL.

R. H. BURDETTE, 1207 L Street N. W.
C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
E. B. BYRNE, 425 G Street N. W.
ROBERT REICHARD, 1720 35th Street N. W.
J. H. RYAN, 1101 Eleventh Street S. E.

DELEGATES TO THE CENTRAL LABOR UNION.

C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
R. H. BURDETTE, 816 K Street N. W.
W. S. HOLLOHAN, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
W. T. BAUM, 474 I Street S. W.
MARK REILEY, 1127 B Street S. E.

RELIEF COMMITTEE.

M. REILLY, 1127 B Street S. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
H. M. BEVILL, Brentwood, Md.
J. T. CLIFT, 4115 Seventh Street N. W.
M.A. FOLEY, 118 Senton Street N. E.

MILL COMMITTEE.

F. E. KETTNER, 3016 Cambridge St. N. W
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
O. A. CARTER, Rosslyn, Va.

DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE
G. H. F. DAVIS, 439 Second Street S. E.

Clothes, Hats and Shoes

The Bieber-Kaufman Co.
901-909 Eighth St. S. E.
Down by the Navy Yard
Washington, D. C.

PHONE MAIN 6079.

Reno Lunch
W. H. WOODCOCK, Proprietor.
625 PA. AVE. N. W.
HOME COOKED FOODS
NEVER CLOSED

CORBY'S DELICIOUS CAKE
10c PER HALF LB.
AT ALL GROCERS

The only strictly
UNION TAILORING
house in the city
M. STEIN & CO.
TAILORS
Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

THE MILTON SCHOOL
Oxford Bldg., 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.
Stenography
Typewriting
English
Spanish
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO BEGINNERS
Now in larger quarters in the Oxford Building, 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.

Saks & Company
MEN'S and BOYS' OUTFITTERS
Pa. Ave. & 7th St. Wash., D. C.
Specialists in Apparel for Men and Boys.

MEALS—Special Rates to Union Men—LUNCHES
THE ELITE CAFE
W. A. MORAN, Prop.
636 North Capitol Street

LIST OF LIQUOR DEALERS WHO HAVE SIGNED "THE AGREEMENT."

Allen, Paul.....2 N st. n. e.
Allen, John J...807 N. C. Cap st. n. e.
Beirkle, Leopold, - 1245 H st. n. e.
Castelli, Vincent, 502-504 Ninth st.n.w.
Clark, C. H.....510 9th st. n. w.
Colonial Beach Boat Co.
Costello, Bros.....604 G st. n. w.
Crowley, James J.....702 E st. n. w.
Daly, T. J.....34 H st. n. e.
Daye, Wm. T.....1218 Wisc. ave.
Doyle, Wm. T....1314 Wisc. ave. n. w.
Duffy, James A. -901 1-2 E st. n. w.
Egloff, Julius.....200 3rd st. s. e.
Wm. R. Fosbender, 406 Ninth st. n w.
Franey, F. A.....711½ 9th st. n. w.
Frank, Mrs. M. E. - 319 G st. n. w.
Ganey, M.....615 7th st. s. w.
Glavin, Edwin.....309 G st. n. w.
Hannan, Mrs. E.....531 7th st. s. w.
Hanlon, Timothy.....822 H st. n. e.
Kearney, R. H.....901½ E st. n. w.
Kelliher, J. D.....1258 7th st. s. w.
Killeen, John F.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Louis Hodges, - - 407 9th st n. w.
Lynagh, Peter J.....523 7th st. s. w.
Lynch, John.....417 9th st. n. w.
McCarthy, Dennis J., Evans building.
McCarthy, F. J.....910 4½ st. s. w.
McDonald, F. J.....643 Pa. ave. s. e.
McGuire, J. Chas., 519 Ninth st. n. w.
McHough, Martin....1105 H st. n. e.
Milton Schmidt, - 702 7th st. n. w.
O'Connor, D. J.....100 G st. n. w.
O'Connor, Patrick F...6'7 D st. n. w.
O'Connor, James.....1429 N. Cap. st.
O'Day, John T. - 921 Ninth st. n. w.
O'Donnell, James J...333 Pa. ave. s. e.
Peter White, - - - 905 D st. n. w.
Raftery, Thomas.....406 H st. n. e.
Raftery, Patrick.....225 11th st. n. e.
Roland, J. H.....511 9th st. n. w.
Scanlon, Daniel,.....103 H st. n. w.
Schroter, Conrad....3258 M st. n. w.
Schltz, Mary T.....607 G st. n. w.
Sheehan, John J., 701 North Cap. st.
Solon, Mary A., - 1003 7th st. e.
Stern, M. M.....601 7th st. n. w.
Stanton, Frank J.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Sullivan, David, 12th and E st. n. w.
Sullivan, John J., 1351 35th st. n. w.
The Casino, Frank Farenkamp (Chesapeake Beach).
Victor Buffet Co., Inc., 7th and G n. w.
Walsh, David, - - 407 10th st. n. w.
Wassman, Henry, 705 Seventh st. n. w.
Wiedeman, Joseph....629 E st. n. w.
William J. O'Leary, 733 North Cap. st.
Wininghер, Harry 631 Pa. ave. s. e.
Wolf, Frank, - 512 12th st. n. w.

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

American, 1st st. and R. . ave.n.w.
Apollo, - - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Aragon Airdome, Md. Ave. 8 & 9, N.E.
Arcade (Theatre and Park, 14th and Park Road.
Auditorium, 13th st. and N. Y. ave.n.w.
Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Central Park, - 9th St. G & H N.W.
Chelsia Theatre, 19th and M sts. n. w.
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N. W.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Eastern, - - 8th St. bet. F & G S. E.
Elite Theatre, 14th and R. I. ave. n. w.
Empire, - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Favorite. H St. North Capitol & First
Garden Theatre, 423 Ninth st. n. w.
Garden Theatre, - Hopewell, Va.
Gayety Theatre, - 513 9th st. n. w.
Georgia - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
Home Theater, C bet. 12th & 13th n. e.
Leader - - - 509 Ninth St. N. W.
Liberty Theatre, N. Capitol & P St.
"M" Street Theatre. M St. near 32nd
Maycroft Park, H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Meaders, - - - 8th & G Sts. S. E.
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15. N.W.
Orpheum, - - 4th and C st. n. e.
Peerless Park, - 3105 Ga. ave. n. w.
Plaza Theatre - 434 9th st. n. w.
Pleasant Hrr. Park, 12 and C N. E.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Proctor Park, - - Anacostia, D. C.
Randolpr Park, 1st and Randolph n. w.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
R. I. Theatre, 7th and R. I. Ave. N. W.
Savoy, - - - 14th and Col. Road.
Schuetzen Park, Ga. ave. and Kenyon
Senate, Pa. Ave. bet. 3d & 4th, S. E.
Standard Park, Bates, near N. Cap. St.
Strand, - - - - - Ninth and D.
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N. E.
Stanton Park. - - - 219 4th N. E.
Starlight Park, 4 1-2 and K st. n. w.
Surprise Theatre - Alexandria, Va.
The Grand, - - - Hopewell, Va.
The Richmond, - - Alexandria, Va.
Truxton Park, N. Capitol & Fla. Ave.
Twilight Park, Pa. Ave. 13 & 14, S. E.
Victoria Theatre, 7th & E Sts. S. W.
Welcome, - - 4 1-2 and K st. s. w.
Zenith, - - 8th St. bet. G & H, S. E.

CHESAPEAKE BEACH
ON THE BAY

Many new attractions, including Monster Derby built over the water. New standard bowling alleys on Board Walk.
Free Dancing.
Numerous amusements for young and old.
ROUND TRIP: SUNDAYS and HOLIDAYS, 50c.
All Other Days, Including Saturdays, 25c.
TRAIN LEAVES DAILY EXCEPT SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS: 9.15, 10.00, 11.30 A. M., 2.30 AND 6.30 P. M.
SATURDAYS: 9.15, 10.00, 11.30 A. M., 2.00, 2.30, 3.25, 5.30 AND 8.00 P. M.
SUNDAYS: 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 A. M., 2.00, 3.20, 4.45 AND 8.00 P. M.

IF YOUR DOG
has anything the matter with him, tell us. We have an excellent line of Dog Remedies.
WELLER'S DRUG STORE
Eighth and Eye Sts. S. E. 36th and M N. W.

STORAGE PACKING FREIGHT HAULING
Merchants Transfer
— AND —
Storage Company
920-922 E Street Northwest
Phone Main 6900
SHIPPING MOVING HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

When in Doubt, Buy of
HOUSE & HERRMANN
FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.
N.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W

FIREPROOF
CONSTRUCTION
Hammett Fire Proofing Company
301-302-303 Wilkins Bldg.
Phone Main 3337.

PHONE NORTH 2349
DONOVAN'S
FINE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS
2008 14th St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
Meets Every Monday Night
Typographica Temple
423-425 G St. N. W.
Secretary s Address: 1325 E. Capitol St.
Telephone: Lincoln 3955

OFFICERS

N. A. JAMES .....President
HUGH DIGNEY .....Vice-President
JOHN B. COLPOYS, Secretary, 1325 E. Capitol St.
JOSEPH E. TOONE.....Financial Secretary
WM. H. SCHAEFFER.....Treasurer
JOSEPH C. CLARK.....Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES: Wm. Zell, Mary Ganzhorn, J. L. Considine.

COMMITTEES

Executive—Hugh Digney (chairman), N. A. James, John B. Colpoys, J. E. Toone, W. N. Huttel, John R. Hartley.
Legislative—Robert Jones (chairman), John H. Lorch, N. P. Alifas, H. R. Alcon, E. W. Oyster.
Adjustment—W. N. Huttel (chairman), Jere McCarthy, J. A. McDonald, Ben Spellbring, John G. Schmidt.
Contract—John R. Hartley (chairman), W. H. Schaefer, Hubert Newsom, C. H. Adams, A. J. Ginnelly.
Laws—Dan Hassett (chairman), J. H. Wells, D. J. O'Leary.
Resolutions—J. L. Considine (chairman), Zep S. Pollock, A. J. Kinnell.
Organization—J. E. Toone (chairman), Mary Burkhead, Henry Miller, J. H. Wilson, H. A. Ranier.
Auditing—Mary Ganzhorn (chairman), Marguerite Stewart, E. Wood.
Credentials—M. J. Costella (chairman), J. H. Swain, S. T. Ford.
Lable—E. T. Good.
Press—John B. Colpoys (chairman, N. A. Sprague, R. O'Leary.
Delegates to Baltimore—J. E. Toone (chairman) J. M. Foster, William Zell.
Delegates to Alexandria—H. F. Oehler (chairman). Chas. Allison, L. A. Sterne.

The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

U.P.E.U. READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXI. NO. 10 WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 1, 1916. ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

SAMUEL GOMPERS REPLIES TO SENATOR SHERMAN

Sometime ago, in the Senate of the United States, Senator Lawrence Y. Sherman, of Illinois, took occasion to digress from his remarks on the Merchant Marine Bill to make an unprovoked attack upon President Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor. The vituperous, bitter language which Senator Sherman used was such as has rarely been heard in the United States Congress.

In the course of his remarks, the Senator challenged Mr. Gompers to answer him like a man. Mr. Gompers accepted the Senator's challenge saying that he would meet him in any public forum, whether in Washington or in the metropolis of Illinois, but Senator Sherman neglected to reply and remained silent until Mr. Gompers' acceptance was brought to his attention in the United States Senate.

He then refused to meet Mr. Gompers until he had been elected a Senator and gave as his reason that he was not on an equal footing wit hMr. Gompers, politically, socially, ethically, or economically.

As the attack on Mr. Gompers was in reality an attack on the American Labor Movement, Mr. Gompers, as the President, wished to reply to Senator Sherman in Washington and replied to a non-partisan Assembly, particularly the Labor Assembly.

He was invited to address a mass meeting at the Typographical Temple, Wednesday, August the 30th.

In his reply, President Gompers explained that he could not use the language employed by Senator Sherman, but nevertheless he would try to make clear the reason for Senator Sherman's venomous attack.

Senator Sherman had accused Mr. Gompers of being a political dictator of the labor movement and had charged him with being a Democrat.

Mr. Gompers said, as a matter of fact he belonged to no political party. His first vote had been cast for General Grant, but he had always maintained his right to vote for whichever party promised to do the most for labor. The President of the American Federation of Labor does not carry the labor vote in his pocket. There are no more independent voters in the country than the Trade Unionists, but Trade Unionists have learned to use their ballots for their own protection and for the promotion of labor, freedom and humanity. This, said Mr. Gompers, is the true cause of Senator Sherman's discontent. He has not found me pliant and usable in furthering his political aspirations. He has found that he cannot use his senatorial influence to defeat fundamental principles of human welfare and retain the good will of wage-earners.

Mr. Gompers declared that Senator Sherman found him a nuisance because he interfered with the schemes and purposes of those who wanted to hold wage-earners in oppression. He declared that from the standpoint of Senator Sherman he probably was a nuisance and that he hoped to continue to be a nuisance, to Senator Sherman and all those of his kind who considered the wage-earners as inferiors.

Senator Sherman believes that he is superior to the men and women who work and give service, without which service Senator Sherman and the whole civilized society could not last for twenty-four hours.

In reply to Senator Sherman's statement, that Mr. Gompers ought to be glad that he was not indicted with the Dynamiters of Indianapolis and that Mr. Gompers had set up a tribunal of his own bfeore which he had tried and acquitted these men previous to their trial in the Federal Court, Mr. Gompers sai dthat the labor movement believed the Structural Iron Workers when they declared themselves innocent. All of the circumstances and the procedure confirmed that idea. There is nothing remarkable or unusual. No, it is unfortunately not unusual for labor men to be railroaded to the penitentiary. When they declared themselves innocent, we did what we could to help them.

The money that was collected to secure for these men a fair trial was contributed voluntarily by the men and women of labor because they believed the men were being persecuted. Wage-earners know only too well the mechanisms that predatory wealth can level against the labor movement, as when the Structural Iron Workers declared themselves innocent, we believed them. When they pleaded guilty there was nothing else for us to do. We abandoned our whole plan and we believed them.

Mr. Gompers declared that there was no more reason for his being glad that he had escaped indictment with these men than there was for Senator Sherman to be glad that he had not been in-e dicted with the bank defrauders, trust speculators, and other buccaneers in the commercial field. Mr. Gompers declared that the charges and insinuations employed by Senator Sherman were calculated to appeal to the prejudice and were repugnant to the honest men who believed in fair play.

President Gompers told the story that explains why he has never held public office. More than forty years ago about a half dozen labor men in and around New York, who had been in the habit of meeting together frequently realizing the disadvantage to the labor movement because so many men were leaving the economic organizations for political offices, business or business concerns, solemnly pledged themselves that under no circumstances would they enter into any field whether political, financial or business, that would lead them away from the devotion to the cause of organized labor. They pledged themselves not to accept either elective or appointive office under the government that carried with it remuneration. That little group of men remained true to that pledge and have been the power in the labor movement.

Mr. Gompers then enumerated various offices and positions that have been tendered him by both the Republican and Democratic parties. These ranged from State Senator up to a position in the President's Cabinet.

Mr. Gompers declared that if life and health were given him, Senator Sherman would hear from him again for he could not run away. Senator Sherman had raised the issue—not Mr. Gompers. Senator Sherman will find, as many a public man has found, that he cannot escape from the labor movement and that whatever he does, he must bear the inevitable consequences.

Men of labor resent the unwarrantable, malicious and slanderous attack from Senator Sherman. He will learn it direct from them. Mr. Gompers promised that Senator Sherman would have further cause, from his viewpoint, to regard Mr. Gompers as his nuisance.

LAST CHANCE TO VISIT BEACH PLATE RPINTERS EXCURSION

The last chance to enjoy the delights of Washington's most popular resort, Chesapeake Beach, will be afforded the many lovers of this resort on a week from the coming Saturday, September 9, when the Plate Printers journey there on their annual excursion.

Only those who had the good fortune to attend affairs conducted by these "Princes of Good Fellowship" will know what they miss in case they do not go. They never do things by halves and if you have never been with them before do not fail to go on this occasion. All sorts of amusements for young and old have been provided for and suitable prizes well worth competing for are offered for each event. The committee in charge have worked harder to make this event the best that was ever pulled off, and in order to do this they have had to work like Trojans. Steel plate engraved invitations have been extended to a few of the more fortunate and they are indeed very acceptable. Special trains will run on this day to bring the crowds that are sure to attend and every one that will be taken down will be sure to be returned at a seasonable hour. Special trains will run from Chesapeake Junction shortly after the departments close on this day so either have the family out at the junction, saving you a seat, or else have them go down on an early train with the basket filled with good old friend chicken, and all that goes with them, and let them have the table out under the trees all set waiting for you when yon get off the train. As this is the last call of the season be sure to be amongst those present.

COMPENSATION BILL APPROVED BY SENATE.

The senate, last Saturday, passed the McGillicuddy-Kearn workmen's compensation bill without a roll call vote. While it was being considered, Senator Cnmmins attempted to have the administration of the law placed in the federal department of labor, instead of a commission of three persons to be appointed by the president. This was defeated on a roll call vote, 28 to 20.

The house approved this bill last month by a vote of 286 to 3.

The passage of this measure marks the end of a long campaign by the American Federation of Labor to extend the present federal act,which applies only to those engaged in hazardous occupations, to all of the 400,000 employes of the government. This legislation was first urged by the A. F. of L. and eight years ago a bill was introduced at the request of organized labor.

The bill just passed provides that in case of death the widow shall receive 35 per cent of the monthly pay and 10 per cent additional for each dependent child under 18, same to continue until death of remarriage. In case of injury, benefits shall be at the rate of two-thirds the wages lost during disability, with a maximum of $66.67 a month, and not less than $33.33, unless the employes wage is less than that amount, in which case he shall receive full pay.

SHIP STRIKE SETTLED.

Wilmington, Del.—The Boilermakers' union has won its strike against the Harlan & Hollingsworth Corporation, shipbuilders. The work week was formerly 54 hours and the strikers demanded a 48-hour week. The agreement provides for 48 hours for piece-workers and 54 hours with increased pay for day workers.

It is the first period of continued nation-wide prosperity in which the productive energy of America has shared to even a greater extent than capital. Labor was always first to feel the biting economy of capitalistic-made panics but the Wilson administration has ended money-made panics. Does labor want a change?

LABOR DAY CELEBRATION OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

Chesapeake Beach, Monday, September 4, 1916

N. A. JAMES, Chairman

The Merchants of Washington have Donated the following prizes:

FIRST RACE—(60 yards for Boys under 16):
1st prize, Hat, donated by Fredericks, 813 Seventh st. n. w.
2nd prize, Necktie, donated by Eiseman, 617 Seventh st. n. w.

SECOND RACE—(50 yards for Girls under 16):
1st price, Shirtwaist, donated by Abronson, Seventh and L n. w.
2nd prize, Umbrella, donated by Harry Kaufman, 1316 Seventh st. n. w.

THIRD RACE—75 yards for Card Men of any Union, Affiliated with the C. L. U.):
1st prize, Pair Walk-Over Shoes, $4.00, Bieber-Kaufman, Eighth and I sts s. e.
2nd prize, One Box Cigars (Pure Grit), Dan Courtney, First and G sts. n. w.

FOURTH RACE—(50 yards for Married Ladies):
1st prize, Pair $4.00 Shoes, donated by Berberich, 1116 Seventh st. n. w.
2nd prize, One Pair Ladies Yachting Oxfords, Wm. Hahn & Co., Seventh and K sts. n. w.

FIFTH RACE—(50 yards Three Legged Race for boys under 16):
1st prize, Pair Link Cuff Buttons, donated by Chas. Schwartz & Sons, 708 Seventh st. n. w.
Henry Frank & Sons, 401 Seventh st. n. w.
2nd prize, Baseball and Mitt, donated by Spalding & Bro., 613 Fourteenth st. n. w.
Walford's, 909 Pennsylvania ave. n. w.

SIXTH RACE—(50 yards Egg Race for Ladies):
1st prize, Ladies Hand Bag, donated by Mintz, 938 F st. n. w.
2nd prize, Ladies Belt Buckle, donated by Desio, 926 F st. n. w.

SEVENTH RACE—(60 yards Fat Men's Race):
1st prize, $3.00 Fall Hat, donated by Parker-Bridget Co., Ninth and Pennsylvania ave. n. w.
2nd prize, Box Cigars, donated by Pete Maloney, 400 H st. n. e.

EIGHTH RACE—(50 yards Shoe Race for Boys):
1st prize, $3.00 Pair Shoes, Family Shoe store.
2nd prize, Steel Fishing Rod, Atlas, 927 D st. n. w.

NINTH—(Baseball Throwing Contest for Ladies):
1st prize, $3.00 Jardiniere, P. J. Nee, 745 Seventh st. n. w.
2nd prize, Umbrella, George & Co., 910 Seventh st. n. w.

TENTH—(50 yards Leap Frog Race open to all):
1st prize, Half Doz. Bottles Choice Wines, Costello Bros., Sixth and G sts. n. w.
2nd prize, Dress Shirt, Herman's, 738 Seventh st. n. w.

ELEVENTH—(100-yard Dash, open to all):
1st prize, Travelling Bag, Saks & Co., Seventh and Pa. ave. n. w.
2nd prize, Gents' Umbrella, Grosner's, 1013 Pa. ave. n. w.

FEATURE—(Special Bowling Contest for Ladies, members of families connected with organized labor, 6 o'clock sharp):
1st prize, Handsome Loving Cup, donated by Geo. N. Spier, 310 Ninth st. n. w.
2nd prize, Solid Gold La Valliere and Chain, donated by Kahn Optical Co., 625 Seventh st. n. w.

RACES AT 2:30 P. M.

COMMITTEES:

Labor Day—N. A. James (chairman), Jos. E. Toone, Daniel Hassett, Jos. Clark, Mary Ganzhorn, Wm. Ginnelly, Wm. W. Keeler, Mary Burkhead, Miss Willy, Hugh Digney.

Reception—W. W. Keeler (chairman), J. B. Colpoys, Robert Jones, Hubert Newsom, J. H. Lorch.

Dance—Mary Ganzhorn (chairman), Miss Stuart, J. L. Considine, R. H. Alcorn, Ben Spellbring.

Law and Order—Hugh Digney (chairman), W. E. Zell, D. J. Buie, C. H. Adams, D. M. Ritnour, A. J. Birmingham, C. Cooper, H. Fiddesop, H. A. Deal.

Ticket—N. A. James (chairman), Mary Burkhead, Miss Willy, J. E. Toone, J. C. Clark.

Athletic—Dan Hassett (chairman), A. J. McMahon, R. S. Jones, R. H. Alcorn, B. A. Spellbring, W. N. Huttel, W. W. Keeler, J. L. Considine, J. M. McDonald.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - Editor
Wm. H. Anglin - - - - - Associate Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR TRADE AND LABOR UNION COUNCIL WASHINGTON & FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., SEPTEMBER 1, 1916.

INTERFERING WITH THE NATION'S COMMERCE?

Some gentleman on the Hill thinks that suitable legislation should be immediately adopted that would prevent labor unions from striking where it would interfere with the nation's commerce. Had we, by accident of birth, been listed with the high-brows instead of the laboring element, we, too, perhaps, would think likewise. But as one of the common herd, and having been taught by the present administration that labor is not a commodity, we fail to see where any other course could be pursued than to let men sell or refrain from selling their labor to whom they please. The controversy arose over the railroad strike, and the claims of the magnates that the earnings of the roads would not justify granting the hours and increase asked for by the men. Why? Because the stocks of all corporations in this country are so heavily watered that the earnings seem comparatively small. Why not enact legislation that declares dividends on actual investment. Why? Because the object of watering stock in the main is to have a few blocks on hand with which to salve a certain element when legislation derogatory to their interests are imminent. Take any representative of the people who have died in Washington in past years; inventory their holdings and see how much street car, gas, telephone, and electric holdings they had. Where did they get it? You mean, How did they get it? Of course we don't know.

"Interfering with the nation's commerce" has been sounded so often it has become repulsive to fair-minded men—we mean those men who furnish the rank and file and become soldiers to protect the interests of predatory wealth.

To protect the nation's commerce! For this reason all of Europe is at war today. For this reason wars of the past have been accredited. For this reason wars are to come in the future, and we predict a continuation of internal strife right here if that is to be made the basis of congressional enactment.

When men who toil give their lives to protect the nation's commerce, they are simply paving the way to corner the wheat or other commodity, whereby the family of the man at the front fast grow to be paupers and perish for the want of those things the soldier of the family would conserve.

Patriotism is all right. It's fine. It's a good thing. But a man that is hungry and growing continually poorer fails to enthuse while millions pile up for corporate interests he is protecting with his life.

The toiler of America is patriotic, but not a patriot through his ability to use high-sounding words from the house top. He is patriotic from a sense of pride, duty, honor—those things that abound in greatness only in the humbler walks of life.

Be reasonable, men, for the laboring man is equal to the occasion—knows best when, what and how to do, and can best handle their own affairs. It has been their life's study and successes of the past warrant future action.

Congressional enactment to draft men for railroad operations or other cause in case of strikes or lockouts would necessitate an amendment to the constitution. The voice of labor will be heard on that matter when the proposition is put up to a referendum.

Cut down the watered stock, pay dividends on real holdings and every corporation in America can reduce hours and increase wage—and the toiler won't be receiving it in one hand and paying it out with the other in increased prices on necessities of life.

To show that the employees of railroads are justified in their demands we print the following:

BUILDING EMPLOYEES.

	Per hour.
Brcklayers, portable and hoisting engineers, inside wiremen, plasterers, plumbers and gasfitters, steamfitters, stonemasons and tile layers	75.0 cents.
Lathers and marble setters	71.9 cents.
Carpenters, painters and slate and tile roofers	70.0 cents.
Elevator constructors	68.8 cents.
Structural iron workers	68.0 cents.
Composition roofers	65.0 cents.
Laborers in tunnels, wells and caissons	57.5 cents.
Laborers on windlass, trench and scaffold work	50.0 cents.
Plaster laborers	50.0 cents.
Composition roofer's helpers	45.0 cents.
Elevator constructor's helpers and tile layers helpers	43.8 cents.
Marble setter helpers	42.5 cents.
Excavating laborers, hodcarriers and steamfitter's helpers	40.0 cents.

RAILWAY EMPLOYEES.

Locomotive engineers in Chicago railroad yards	42.5 to 44.0 cents.
Switching foremen	38.0 cents.
Switchmen	35.0 cents.
Locomotive firemen in Chicago railroad yards	27 to 27.5 cents.

Lost, strayed, stolen or discarded: one Mexican issue.

Wait until you can read the two speeches of acceptance side by side and you'll get an even better measure of the fitness of the rival candidates.

Three quarters of a billion increase in the savings deposits in the tight little state of New Jersey is labor's share of the earned increment during a Democratic administration. In every other state it's the same thing.

Four years ago the business of this country was sadly lacking in banking and credit facilities abroad. To-day American banks are open in many foreign centers and our commerce has already felt their great value.

PNEUMOGASTRICISMS

BY BILLY ANGLIN

Hell is full of good wishers.

Some Americans get tangled up through their whiskers.

I pity the poor devil whose only God is Roosevelt—or Bryan.

A pumpkin is a specie of squash that grows on a gourd vine.

"What page is your lesson on for today, Thelma?" "Eleventy-one."

The professional thief can prove an alibi for every minute of his life.

Cicero must have been a good man—his works read well in most languages.

What has become of Carranza? Maybe he got tangled up in his whiskers.

An optimist is one who stands out for the Nationals winning the pennant next year.

Greece, Switzerland and Hyattsville are about the only three countries at peace with the world.

It would appear from press reports about the European war that a great deal of barnstorming is going on.

If man must marry get a Miss with a little money out at legal rates and the honeymoon won't be of such short duration.

If Mr. Hitchcock is supporting anybody for president this year he is not carrying any enthusiasm as excess baggage.

Gasolene is used for all kinds of domestic purposes except flavoring the soup, which invariably falls to the lot of Carrie.

At the present writing it would seem that a real funeral of Villa would receive an enthusiastic indorsement of all concerned.

The best kind of tongue is that which forgets the gossip it hears and refuses to peddle anything but sunshine and good cheer.

Roumania says the quicker she gets in and defeats the central powers the quicker the war will come to a close. We never thought of that.

It will soon be time for us to hear four or five prescriptions in regard to what ails us, delivered in the saccharine language of the stump.

'Tis said that while Mr. Hughes is making a campaign speech each whisker stands erect and throws off sparks faster than an emery wheel.

This Thanksgiving dinner eating at home by the boys on the border is a mild way of putting in three years as a regular on the installment plan.

There are so few people in this old world that are afraid of tainted money that Carnegie and Rockefeller both had to resort to a fountain pen.

The mission of Grape Nuts to provide brains for people overlooked in the draw caused its manufacturer to occupy a premature resting place on the brow of a hill.

A toast is a condensed form of impromptu eloquence which sometimes becomes so condensed that it tapers off into space in a frantic effort to locate the right word.

What has become of the old-fashioned cook book that dealt largely with abstruse subjects—making a soup bone last from Sunday noon till the following Tuesday?

The pessimist is never satisfied with anything except some forecast of impending evil, which he is able to detect with the naked eye at a great distance from the scene of action.

Why don't the girls use a short piece of ribbon wound around the limb in a graceful spiral coil—giving the wearer a striking aspect of an energized barber pole for stockings?

Swings at all resorts on Labor Day will afford ample opportunity to turn into a pale green tint, and retire noiselessly to a hitching post and hang on with a pained and expectant look.

About the most unpopular thing a minister can do is to object to having the collection taken by some earnest brother who lopes from the evening service into the arms of a poker game.

This is the season for that moist and industrious ailment introduced by a series of syncopated sneezes, accompanied by extreme lassitude everywhere except in the nose and the territory abutting thereon. It attacks early in the week, just after the last handkerchief has gone to the laundry and hangs on until pried loose by a hard frost. This mournful ailment known as hay fever comes once a year. If it came oftener the drawn cotton work of Mexicans as a substitute for hemstitched handkerchiefs would have to work overtime.

A study in international trade balances: For the United States, a favorable balance of $200,000,000 per month; for the United Kingdom, an unfavorable balance of $150,000,000 per month—which expresses the difference between peace and war.

ESTABLISHED 1865 — 51 YEARS IN BUSINESS

Ideal Claret Punches with
CHRISTIAN XANDER'S
Famous Virgin a Clarets, $2.75, $3.25, $4.75 doz.
909 7th Street, Northwest. — No Branch Houses. Phone M. 274

MEATS — GROCERIES — FISH

Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the

OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.

930 La. Ave. N. W. — 1111 H Street N. E.
8th & E Sts. S. E. — 1632 N. Capitol Street
31st & M Sts. N. W. — 3418-20 Ga. Ave. N. W.
7th & Q Sts. N. W. — 14th & U Streets N. W.
1778 U Street, N. W. — 7th and B Streets N. E.
7th & H Street N. E. — 3113 14th Street, N. W.
726 7th St. N. W. — 1440 P St. N. W.
2002-2004 Ga. Ave. N. W.

POULTRY — BREAD — PRODUCE

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF THE UNITED BREWERY WORKMEN OF AMERICA
Union MADE Beer — Ale AND Porter
COPYRIGHT & TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1903
THIS IS OUR LABEL.

VOTE
Against Prohibition
DEMAND
Personal Liberty
IN CHOOSING WHAT YOU WILL DRINK
ASK FOR THIS LABEL WHEN PURCHASING BEER, ALE OR PORTER.
As A Guarantee That It Is Union Made.

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK
Northwest Corner FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST
LOOK FOR THE CLOCKS
4 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts
COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

40-MILE MOONLIGHT on Mondays During July and August
Adults 25c, Children 15c.
COLONIAL BEACH
IDEAL SUMMER RESORT—70 Miles from Washington—4-HOUR TRIP.
Good Hotels, Cafes and Stores—Bathing, Boating and all Amusements
STEAMER ST. JOHNS
Fastest and Most Palatial Steamer on the Potomac
Fare, returning same day....Adults 50c, Children 25c
Fare, stop-over ticket.....Adults $1.00, Children 50c
SEE PAPERS FOR SCHEDULE — WHARF: FOOT OF SEVENTH ST.

THIS SPACE FOR SALE

WASHINGTON'S LARGEST PRINTING PLANT DEVOTED TO COMMERCIAL WORK
THE LAW REPORTER PRINTING COMPANY
COMMERCIAL PRINTERS AND STATIONERS
518-520 FIFTH STREET N.W.
WASHINGTON, D. C.
TELEPHONE MAIN 828 — TELEPHONE MAIN 829
F. B. CROWN, MANAGER

BOOT & SHOE WORKERS UNION — UNION STAMP — Factory
Named Shoes are Frequently Made in Non-Union Factories
DO NOT BUY ANY SHOE
No matter what its name, unless it bears a plain and readable impression of this Union Stamp. All shoes without the Union Stamp are always Non-Union. Do not accept any excuse for absence of the Union Stamp
Boot and Shoe Workers' Union, 246 Summer St., Boston, Mass.
JOHN F. TOBIN President. — CHAS. L. BAINE, Sec.-Treas.

WASHINGTON BREWERY CO.
IMPERIAL EXPORT
A really fine beer

WIENER BEER (Light) — CONGRESS BREW (Dark)
— ALE —
Arlington Brewing Co.
— PORTER —
Tel. West 129 — ROSSLYN, VA.

To the Heart of Leisureland
where woods are cool, streams alluring, vacations ideal. Between New York City (with Albany and Troy the gateways) and
Lake George, the Adirondacks, Lake Chaplain, the North and West
The logical route is "The Luxurious Way"—Largest and most magnificent river steamships in the world—Daily Service. Send for free copy of Beautiful "Searchlight Magazine"
HUDSON NAVIGATION COMPANY
Pier 32, North River —"THE SEARCHLIGHT ROUTE."— New York

Closed at 5 P. M.
Saturday at 1 P. M.

Water Coolers

That Are Sanitary And Serviceable

A good water cooler is essential in warm weather. One that is sanitary and keeps the water cool without a large consumption of ice. The best coolers are found in our Housefurnishing Department..

XX CENTURY BOTTLE WATER COOLERS

An inverted bottle of water feeds the supply through a porcelain jar, around which ice is placed, and drawn from the spigot without coming in contact with the ice.

Price, Cooler and Bottle, with strong Iron Stand.....$10.00 up.
4-gal. Fiber Water Coolers.....$2.00
5-gal. Fiber Water Coolers.....$2.20
Flemish Stone Water Coolers, $1.25 up.
Oak Case Porcelained Steel Lined Water Coolers.....$5.75 up.
Steel Case Porcelain Lined Water Coolers .....$5.50 up.
Nickel Water Coolers.....$18.00 up.
Steel Case Coolers, with inner porcelain jars to separate the ice from the drinking water.....$9.00 up.
Oak Water Cooler Stand.....$3.50 up.

Dulin & Martin Co.
Pottery, Porcelain, China, Glass. Silver, &c.
1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St.

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY

Equitable Life Insurance Co.
of the District of Columbia

THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Issues Ordinary and Industrial

Wm. A. Bennett, 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.

EQUITABLE BLD'G. 816 14th ST., N. W.

Black's Alderney and Green Meadow Dairy
Pasteurized and Tubercoline Tested Milk.
Phone N. 1670. Union Dairies.

LANSBURGH & BRO.

"DRY GOODS ONLY"

The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City

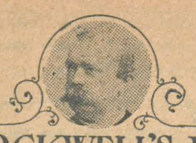
420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

Bell Brand Union-Made
COLLARS and SHIRTS
LARGE ASSORTMENT
T. HOLLANDER
North Capitol and H Streets

Takoma Bread
Fresh Three Times Daily
AT ALL GROCERS
Havenner Baking Company
Established 1815

Phone Main 3871
WM. H. HOWLIN
OURAY BUILDING, 801 G ST. N. W.
(Room 404)
Engrossing Resolutions, Diplomas, Charters and Fancy Pen Work of all descriptions.

CELTIC CLUB WHISKEY
Our Specialty
Never Changes. Accept No Substitute
Once Tried You'll Always Use It.
Ports and Sherries for family use, Quarts, 50 and 75 cents. All makes of Beer. Leading brands of Cigars. Ales and Porters on draught the year round.
D. J. O'CONNOR
New Jersey Ave. and G Sts. N.W



BROCKWELL'S BITS

BY W.N BROCKWELL

"S. J. Triplett, of St. Cloud, one of the best known and most popular newspaper men in Florida, is offering his home for sale for $12,500. How a newspaper man acquired a $12,500 home is a matter that should be investigated.—Daytona (Fla.) Journal."

The above item, handed me by a friend, relates to a printer formerly well known in Washington, where he was a worker in the Government Printing Office for several years. Triplett—be it known that the "S. J." is for "Stonewall Jackson"—has had a varied experience as printer and newspaper man, and has made his mark in many places as a militant "squareman." Few of his old cronies here or elsewhere ever considered him as one who could accumulate such wealth as the item indicates—in fact, several of them have privately declared that it is a typographical error, and should be $12.50 instead of $12,500. However, they are not jealous of Trip. But it is just as well not to make the investigation suggested in the clipping. There are sometimes mighty big poker games down Florida way, when the nabobs of the North invade the "Land of Flowers," and Trip is one of those Southern gents who take great delight in properly trimming the "Yank" in any way, especially at cards—and he is noted for holding what he himself terms "a darn good hand." Twelve thousand five hundred! a mere bagatelle if Stonewall J. gets the proper assortment of suckers.

* * *

John R. Morrison, ill for the past five or six weeks, is reported as making good headway toward recovery. James M. Maloney has been away from his desk for a week or more due to a trying illness. H. A. Nothnagel, sick for the past three months, is improving. For several weeks he has been an inmate of Johns Hopkins Hospital in Baltimore. E. M. Wheat, due to a fall which caused a dislocated hip, is at Sibley Hospital.

All of these gentlemen are connected with the proof room of the Government Printing Office, and their fellow-workers there, along with many friends elsewhere, extend them sympathy and trust that may soon be well.

* * *

To my friend David J. Roberts, of Uncle Sam's Printery, I am indebted for many souvenirs of the late Baltimore convention of the I. T. U. That meet, though so near to me, was one which I could not attend, much to my regret; but David was an able and thoughtful substitute, and there, like several other conventions he has attended, few things got away from the keen-eyed Welshman. His courtesy is much appreciated.

* * *

I am much pleased to note the return of Miss Mary Bore to her duties in the hand section of the G. P. O. Reference was made herein two weeks ago to the fact that she was the victim of an accident while at work which necessitated her stay at a hospital for several days. She is now completely recovered.

* * *

Milton L. Leffler, a member of the staff of readers at the Government Printing Office, is back from a two weeks' vacation which he thoroughly enjoyed. He was one of a pleasant party of six in an automobile trip covering many points in New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, and Maryland. Atlantic City, the Delaware Water Gap, Goshen (N. Y.), and many other places furnished enjoyment to the tourists, and all returned improved in health and gay of spirit.

* * *

A. D. Roberds, who set type on Specifications in the Government Printing Office some years ago, is publisher of the Evening News, Habana, Cuba. The News is the only daily paper printed entirely in the English language now published on the island. It is well printed, and its generous advertising gives evidence that its owner is prospering.

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

William H. Hunter, caster helper, reinstated.

Mrs. Inez L. Jackson, temporary skilled laborer.

Misses Helen B Barrett, Mary M. Stephenson, Margaret M. Harold, Nora C. Lemmer, Maude L. Wagner, Olive C. Madella, Madeline C. Simpson, temporary skilled laborers.

Neville R. Waters, Benjamin H. Sykes, Harry G. Bauer, Chester B. Schuyler, David A. Harmon, Joseph F. Fleming, Revy M. Jackson, Clarence S. Elliott, temporary skilled laborers.

Eugene Sparrow, Eugene Brown, John B. Robinson, Lawrence A. Gray, John T. Hamilton, Mack Peacock, temporary unskilled laborers.

Surry D. Shockley, Benjamin A. Ratterree, probational linotype operators.

Frank B. Helm, J. Raymond Ward, temporary pressmen.

Joseph I. Keefer, William C. Jordon, James P. Hunter, Samuel H. Bates, Joseph B. O'Neal, temporary compositors.

John J. Casey, Marbury T. Kidwell, probational messenger boys.

Separations.

Joseph A. Berkeley, temporary compositor.

Miss Pearl Leimbach, folder, resigned.

Charles B. Fort, emergency linotype operator.

Otto L. Erdman, temporary skilled laborer.

Miss Addie R. Turner, temporary skilled laborer, resigned.

Elzie S. Hoffman, skilled laborer, resigned.

John A. Johnson, unskilled laborer, resigned.

Transfers, Etc.

Everett M. Stone, emergency linotype operator, 60 cents per hour linotye section to probational linotype operator at 60 cents per hour, linotype section.

Misses Bessie W. Fuge, Catherine A. Kaufman, Edith F. McIlveen, temporary skilled laborers, office of superintendent of documents to press division.

Ralph D. Boyd, temporary messenger boy at 15 cents per hour, office of superintendent of work to probational messenger boy at $375 per annum, office of superintenden tof documents.

PASTIME PARAGRAPHS

BY CYCLE

THE OLD-FASHIONED BONNET.

What has become of that old-fashioned bonnet,
Which covered the face with exquisite grace
And had no frills put upon it?
Has it been sent with the old arm chair
To the attic or discarded place?
And must we admit that hats are more fit
Just because of their ease to embrace?

The old-fashioned bonnet of grandmother's time
Was worn to market, to "meetin'" and all.
It was minus of feather and used to all weather
And was hung on a peg in the hall.

Chorus:
The old-fashioned bonnet, the time-honored bonnet—
The old checkered bonnet, which hung in the hall.

Just subbing this week. The good poet is now on leave.

Soon we will know the number slain by the duel of words in far off Maine.

If General Sherman had said that war is August weather in Washington, he would have stated the truth; but Sherman was a man of few words.

Mr. F. C. Roberts, Chief of the Labor Bureau at Porto Rico, entered upon his voyage home on the 26th of August, and should arrive to be with his Washington friends on Labor Day.

Postals received from John E. Hogan, chairman of the Specifications chapel, locate that gentleman at Mt. Gilead, Va. One of these postals represent Hogan standing guard over a fish which he caught, and which occupies all the space in a large row-bot at the landing, where a multitude of people are congregated to express their amazement. Hogan concludes by saying "Have just sent for the wagon." We are glad that Brother Hogan took the precaution to secure a photograph of his "catch."

CASINO THEATRE TO RE-OPEN.

This popular theatre will again show motio npicture features, beginning Monday, September 4th. The management has shown its fairness to organized labor by signing up with the Picture Operators.

AMERICAN PROTECTIVE No. 15037

The new organization of colored laborers has formed with Samuel Smith, President, Geo. Clarke, vice-president, J. Carter treasurer. The delegats to th Central body are Samuel Smith, Richard Taylor, A. A. Spencer and W. Green.

Parker, Bridget & Co.
"The Avenue at Ninth"
Featuring
Extra Value
$15
Suits for Spring

New Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits for Hire

WILNER'S
ADVANCED FALL STYLES

The Latest Novelties of the Season . . . $18.50

EVERY UNION MAN OUGHT TO TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THIS OFFER

Not only do we save you $10.00 on every suit you buy, but our workmanship has proven to stand up, to hold its shape, curl nor wrinkle until the garment will last, and we guarantee to last you fully three years.

We are the FIRST and ONLY Union Custom Tailors in this City.

Order Your Suit From

JOS. A. WILNER & COMPANY
COR. 8th and G STREETS NORTHWEST

CORBY'S YEAST
Leaves nothing to guess-work.
Its purity and strength are uniform.
Every baker knows what that means.
Send for samples.
THE CORBY COMPANY
STATION K. WASHINGTON, D. C.

Building Trades Headquarters Sixth and G Sts. N. W
Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rent
WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES, TOBACCO.
COSTELLO BROS

THE PLATE PRINTER
Official Organ Plate Printers International Union.
P. J. RYAN, Editor. CHAS. T. SMITH, Assoc. Editor.
Subscription $1.00 Per Year
Telephone 4528 Wash. Loan & Trust Bldg.

Representative Houses
OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

BANKS

THE NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burgler-proof vaults, acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth and New York Avenue

THE WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee. etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK
A Bank for the Working People. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account
Ninth and G streets N. W.

UNION SAVINGS BANK. Commercial Accounts. Three per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts. The Oldest Savings Bank in Washington.

MICHAEL T. GREENE
Liquors and Cigars. 639 D St. N. W.

STONER'S BAR AND RESTAURANT
The, G. Stoner. 206 Seventh St.S. W.

J. CHAS. McGUIRE'S BUFFET
Federal Seal Whiskey. 519 Ninth St. N. W.

O'KEEFE'S BUFFET
P. J. O'Keefe, Prop. 904 Pa. Ave. N. W.

GLAVIN'S BUFFET
ED. J. GLAVIN 309 G Street Northwest

OXFORD BUFFET
J. F. SCHRINER 730 14th Street N. W.

FRANK'S BUFFET
Fourth and G Sts., N. W. Phone M. 5572

DAVID WALSH'S BUFFET
407 10th Street N. W.

E. E. FARLEY'S BUFFET
415 13th Street N. W.

J. J. O'DONNELL'S BUFFET
333 Penn. Avenue S. E.

HARRY'S BUFFET
631 Penn. Ave. S. E. Phone Lin. 1843

MACHINIST
G. W. FORSBERG, Formerly with Forsberg and Murray, Elevate Boilers. Eighth and Water Streets S. W. Phone Main 751 and 742

GROCER AND COFFEE ROADTER
SOMERSET R. WATERS. 1342 Seventh Street N. W

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
RALSTON AND RICHARDSON, Bond Building, Fourteenth Stree and New York Avenue.
FRANK FULLER Room 421. Munsey Building, Phone Main 1826.

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.
THE SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (INC.) SODA WATER SYRUPS, Etc., 1066 Wisconsin Avenue Northwest.

PHOTO SUPPLIES
E. J. PULLMAN, Developing and Finishing for Amateurs Specialty 420 Ninth Street N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS
MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Avenue Northwest. Our Specialty Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

FIRE INSURANCE
FIREMAN'S INSURANCE COMPANY, Seventh Street and Louisian Avenue.

DRY GOODS
WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings Hoisery, a specialty, 806-808 H Street N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

UNDERTAKERS
J. WILLIAM LEE
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY
332 Penna. Avene N. W.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.
THE W. H. BUTLER COMPANY, 607 and 609 C Street N W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT
NATIONAL MORTAR COMPANY, First and M Street, Northeas
COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING COMPANY, 3036 K Street.

DRUGGISTS
CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth Street and Virginia Avenue S. E.
DAY & CO
5th and G Sts. N. W. 14th and P Sts. N. W
20th St. and Rhode Island Ave. N. E.
QUIGLEY, Druggist, Twenty-first and G Streets N. W.
A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner Seventh and P Streets N. W

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1
Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.
M. J. DUNNIGAN, President.....2007 14 Street N.W.
JOHN G. WOLFE, Vice-President.1023 N. J. Ave. N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W.

TRUSTEES
Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E.
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E.
Thos. L. Nevins.....504 Maine Avenue S. W.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.
John G. Wolfe,.....1023 N. J. Ave. N. W
J. McElfresh,.....
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E.
A. Tenley.....964 Florida Ave. N. W.
M. Sullivan.....5631-2 15 St. S. E.

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.
Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ARBITRATION COMMITTEE.
M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W.
M. A. Wolfe,.....418 F St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. E.
Joseph Harding.....210 13 St. S. W.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W

FINANCE COMMITTEE.
N. Ditzler.....2006 2nd St. N. W
R. Pumphrey.....223 Q St. N. W.
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W.
Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. W.

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.
John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave.
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Cap. St.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L St. S. W.

DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.
John Wolfe.....1023 N. J Avenue N. W.
William Pollard.....522 14 St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
Fred Negus.....30 L St. N W.

Washington District Council of Carpenters
Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

J. G. O'DONNELL, President, L. U. 132, 123 Sixth Street N. E.
E. B. BYRNE, Secretary, L. U. 132, 425 G Street N. W.
F. A. SHOESMITH, Treasurer, L. U. 2563, 5209 Georgia Avenue N. W.
R. H. BURDETTE, Trustee, L. U. 132, 1207 L Street N. W.
H. S. HOLLOHAN, Trustee, L. U. 132, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
H. PAGE, Trustee, L. U. 2563, 336½ Thirteenth Street N. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, L. U. 132, 519 M Street S. W.
ROBERT ADAM, L. U. 2563, 1511 Vermont Avenue N. W.
FRED HOOK, L. U. 2563, 1528 Eighth Street N. W.
WM. MACKIE, L. U. 2563, 216 Seaton Place N. E.

BUSINESS AGENT.
GEO. MYERS, 425 G Street N. W.

GEO. D. HORNING,
N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.
LOAN OFFICE

A BIT OF ALLSORTS

BY GEO. M. RAMSEY.

The souvenir of the Baltimore convention typographically is a beautiful publication, surpassing, I think, any similar production. From a literary view the work is especially interesting and also a departure from the rule of such publications; in fact it is just such a book as was to be expected with George P. Nichols in charge of it. There is evidence, too, that the profession "ad." solicitor was not engaged, the supply house and kindred dealers being but slimly represented. Another handsome thing Nichols did was using the bust of Billy Prescott as the medallion of the souvenir badge. Prescott was a member of No. 12 at the time of his death and a more fitting tribute could hardly have been paid to his memory.

Frank Ward has returned to the main office from a detail of two weeks at the State Branch, called there to help out during the absence of Frank Hatley.

A member of the Big Six Band was troubled for his roll and he put up the usual scream of the New Yorker: "What do you think of a guy from the Big Town getting flipped in a one-horse town like this?" and a cynic remarked: "It is just what we always expect!" and a smile was on everybody's face but the "gay's."

Edgar J. (Jakey) Dwight has returned from a vacation of three weeks at his home in Springfield, where he was called by the illness of a younger brother; a short visit to New York, a day in Newark where he dined with John Macksey, and a week at Atlantic City.

Henry Jaeger, who worked as a pressman in the G. P. O. and downtown several years, and was secretary of Washington Pressmen's Union for two terms, now has the agency of the Chas. Eneu Johnson Ink Co. in Baltimore, and is making good.

Charlie Yeakle, who labored in the G. P. O. for several sessions, is in precarious health, and Johnny Hooper raised quite a respectable sum for him among Washington friends.

James Sullivan, a prominent New York newspaper man, on sailing for Europe recently was a recipient of an anonymous package, with instructions not to open until the three-mile limit was passed. Charley Leeds is in receipt of a communication from Mr. Sullivan, saying that the scrapbook of doings in and about Carlisle, Pa., from the days when they were boys up to now, was just about the most acceptable thing he could have received to while away the voyage with, but he could not understand the three-mile limit restriction.

In the lobby of the Emerson Hotel in Baltimore one night during the convention Thomas E. Sullivan, forty-five years foreman of the Chicago Tribune, was the center of a group comprising Mike Colbert, secretary of Chicago Union; John McVicar, ex-president of the I. T. U.; Tom Renshaw, of Detroit; Billy Carroll, of Providence, and others, and reminiscences of Chicago in the eighties was the topic, especially those of the quaint characters who traveled the road, where who should show up but "Louee" O'Neil, story-teller, knocker-bar-none, a little late getting in, but always welcome, and then the fun began.

Mrs. C. C. Thompson, Mrs. Ed. Thomas, and Mrs. Harry Humble were members of "Spadge" Parsons party on the Norfolk trip.

The Intertype representative at Baltimore, Mr. Coumbe, is a rare mimic and one of the best of story tellers. Charly Willy says Coumbe's great popularity is due to his gift as a story-teller, but Coumbe says it is due to the fact that he always tells the truth; never exaggerates.

Frank Cannon is making good as a representative on the road for the Monotype: says he is treated royally by his employers and likes the business. He had as his guest here in Washington during convention week a cousin from Boston, also a traveler, who was most attentive to Washington visitors at the baseball meet in Boston some years ago and who were glad of the opportunity to reciprocate while he was here.

Clerks in the Departments are kicking over the amount of extra work they have to do these days without any extra compensation—and I don't blame them. The new employees of the G. P. O. suffered much injustice until they recognized the value of organization and got busy. My advice to the clerks is to perfect their union and then go to Congress and they will learn that many things can be done by cooperation that cannot be done individually.

Ed. Burkholder is in possession of the gold-headed cane which was presented to Harvey G. Ellis at the Pittsburgh Convention of the I. T. U. in 1866, given to him by Mrs. Ellis after Harvey's death, and which he highly prizes.

James A. Healey and his most estimable wife met many of their former Richmond friends at Norfolk and Baltimore.

Percy Lowd believes the best use an automobile can be put to is to give your friends a lift at every opportunity, and his machine is seldom without a number of passengers.

Barney Acker is making preparations for astonishing the denizens of Kingston, N. Y., with a selection of haberdashery from the swellest marts of Georgetown.

Tommy Crowley, of Cincinnati, did not reach the convention late owing to the illness of his niece; but while in Washington he found time to visit his old friend, D. DeWitt C. Chadwick and review some of the days of yore when "Chad." was secretary of No. 3.

AROUND THE NAVY-YARD

BY W. W. KEELER.

The legislative committee of Columbia Lodge No. 174, International Associations of Machinists, consisting of S. G. McAlister, J. F. McGuire, N. P. Alifas, J. T. Donnelly, S. J. Martin, F. A. DeGroot and R. M. Carnahan, have, during the past year rendered such service to their organization and the workmen of the yard that should bring them endless renown. Some of the concessions which have been received largely through their untiring efforts, are the thirty days annual leave, improved sanitary conditions in the shops, securing for yard, which was in danger of being let to unfair firms, assisting in securing an appropriation for the erection of another gun shop, which is provided for in the 1917 Naval appropriation bill, and numerous complaints have been settled without recourse to authority higher than the officials of the local yard, and it is hoped the committee will remain intact during the coming administration, for their training and efficiency have made their services indispensable to 174.

The Helpers Local Union have at their last meeting admitted 14 members into their organization. They have adopted the slogan of a "Solid Yard," and all indications point that way.

Thos. E. Carroll, Gen. Organizer for the I. A. of M., former president of Columbia Lodge No. 174 and former delegate to the Central Labor Union, was in the city several days during the past week. Tom is a grand success in the organizing field, having organized the machinists in localities where it was thought to be impossible, he also has conducted several strikes, which in most instances have resulted in victory for the workmen.

F. A. DeGroot, vice-president of 174, I. A. of M., and John Roth, past president of the same organization, have been promoted to Leadingmen on the mid-night shift in the west gun carriage shop recently. We are pleased to learn that service in the labor movement is no longer a barrier to promotion, but rather an asset, as it should be.

The Navy Yard Bowling League have re-organized for another successful year. J. F. Morgan has been elected president, the other officers will be announced later. They anticipate considerable rivalry for the honors this season, as some of the leading bowlers of the city have enrolled on the different teams. It is hoped that all of the shops will be entered in the League.

W. R. Adams of the planning division, a long time trustee of 174 I. A. of M., met with a serious accident while on an auto trip on Sunday. The car went down over an embankment on the road near Frederick, Md., and great damage was done to the car as well. Brother Adams was taken to the hospital at Frederick where he is being cared for, and indications are that he will recover, although his injuries are of such a nature as will require close attention for some time.

LABOR DAY ORATORS.

These A.F. of L. officials will deliver Labor day addresses this year at the following places:

President Gompers, Lewiston, Me.

V.-President Duncan, Westerly, R. I.

V.-President O'Connell, Cleveland, O.

V.-President Duffy, probably at Indianapolis, Ind.

V.-President Green, Murphysboro, Ill.

Secretary Morrison, Sunday evening, Erie, Pa., under auspices of trade union movement; Monday, Covington, Ky.

Treasurer Lennon, Kokomo, Ind.

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, F. S. Radman, 732 Gresham Place N. W.

Bakery Salemen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sunday in each month, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N. W.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Edward Fuhrman, 24 Quincy Place, N. W.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets every Sunday, 3 p. m., Jonadab Hall, 628 Louisiana avenue northwest. Secretary, A. Messenio, 514 Tenth street n. w.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 48: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E street southeast.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G Street N. W.

Brotherhood of Railway Carmen of America, Local Union No. 313: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Streets N. E. Secretary, C. F. Cross, 924 K Street N. E. Meeting nights first and third Tuesdays.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles Hall, Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 1424 W St. N. W., Apt. 22.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhan, 737 10th St. s. e.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wassaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Twelfth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3800 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Paperhangers Hall, 430 Ninth Street N. W., second and fourth Thursdays of the month. Secretary, Edw. B. Finch, 33 P Street N. E.

Engineers, Hoisting No. 77: Meets every Friday, at 3:00 p. m. Hall, S. E. Cor. Tenth and Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, F. J. Nichols, 616 Fourth street northeast.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and B Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hisle, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Watchmen's Union No. 14964: Secretary, Jas. H. Reed, Cor. Sec., 1228 B street southwest.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 618 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Avenue S. E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 Twelfth St. N. E.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, Wm. W. Keeler, 148 Eleventh St. S. E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday at 1204 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, E. H. Fulton, 1120 E St. S. E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, H. Gundershein, 728 Columbia Road.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third 2665. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Bus. Agt.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 922 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Phone Main 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets second Sunday and fourth Friday in each month. Secretary, Albert Bridges 210 L st. s. e.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 420: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m. Secretary, J. A. Whitecar, 2209 Minnesota Ave. S. E.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas. B. Cameron, Bethesda, Md.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary W. H. Amiss, 1008 Monroe St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month. Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 820 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressman, No. 1: Meets fourth Saturday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. E. Blakely, 3527 O St. N. W.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custodian and Janitor, 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, W. P. Cannon, 408 Twelfth St. S. E.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe. 326 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. F. Hickman, 518 Sixth St. N. W.

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Mrs. H. B. Tritipoe, 1737 Willard street N. W., Apt. 20.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10.30 a. m. and 8.30 p. m. Secretary, G. W. Calderhead, Ouray Building, Room 312.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle, 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 750 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Friday, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas. P. Glover, Twentieth and Bryant Sts. N. E.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: International Secretary-Treasurer, Jas. E. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G St. N. W. Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth St. N. W.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.

CHESAPEAKE BEACH

ON THE BAY

Many new attractions, including Monster Derby built over the water. New standard bowling alleys on Board Walk.

Free Dancing.

Numerous amusements for young and old.

ROUND TRIP: SUNDAYS and HOLIDAYS, 50c.

All Other Days, Including Saturdays, 25c.

TRAIN LEAVES DAILY EXCEPT SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS: 9.15, 10.00, 11.30 A. M., 2.30 AND 6.30 P. M.
SATURDAYS: 9.15, 10.00, 11.30 A. M., 2.00, 2.30, 3.25, 5.30 AND 8.00 P. M.
SUNDAYS: 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 A. M., 2.00, 3.20, 4.45 AND 8.00 P. M.

Ask your doctor what he thinks of our prescription service.
If you have forgotten your drug store wants, phone us when you get home. We deliver promptly.
WELLER'S NO-FAIL BLACK HAIR-DYE
Dyes faded, gray or red hair to any desired shade of brown or black. The most effective ahir dye yet devised. Guaranteed by maker, F. P. Weller.

WELLER'S DRUG STORE
Eighth and Eye Sts. S. E. 36th and M N. W.

STORAGE PACKING FREIGHT HAULING
Merchants Transfer
— AND —
Storage Company
920-922 E Street Northwest
Phone Main 6900
SHIPPING MOVING HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

When in Doubt, Buy of
HOUSE & HERRMANN
FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.
N.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W

FIREPROOF CONSTRUCTION
Hammett Fire Proofing Company
301-302-303 Wilkins Bldg.
Phone Main 3337.

PHONE NORTH 2349
DONOVAN'S
FINE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS
2008 14th St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

J. G. O'DONNELL, President, 122 Sixth St. N. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, Vice-President, 519 M St. S. W.
THOS. W. WOLTZ, Recording Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
G. H. F. DAVIS, Treasurer, 439 Second St. S. E.
W. I. STRATTON, Conductor, 617 Sixth St. N. W.
A. F. MOIRSETTE, Warden, 425 G St. N. W.
GEO. MYERS, Business Agent, 425 G St. N. W.

TRUSTEES.

F. J. NOLTE, 24 Eighth Street N. E.
WM. T. BAUM, 472 I Street N. W.
A. P. TAYLOR, 622 I Street N. E.

DELEGATES TO THE DISTRICT COUNCIL

R. H. BURDETTE, 1207 L Street N. W.
C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
E. B. BYRNE, 425 G Street N. W.
ROBERT REICHARD, 1720 35th Street N. W.
J. H. RYAN, 1101 Eleventh Street S. E.

DELEGATES TO THE CENTRAL LABOR UNION.

C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
R. H. BURDETTE, 816 K Street N. W.
W. S. HOLLOHAN, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
W. T. BAUM, 474 I Street S. W.
MARK REILEY, 1127 B Street S. E.

RELIEF COMMITTEE.

M. REILLY, 1127 B Street S. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
H. M. BEVILL, Brentwood, Md.
J. T. CLIFT, 4115 Seventh Street N. W.
M.A. FOLEY, 118 Seaton Street N. E.

MILL COMMITTEE.

F. E. KETTNER, 3016 Cambridge St. N. W.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
O. A. CARTER, Rosslyn, Va.

DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

G. H. F. DAVIS, 439 Second Street S. E.

Clothes, Hats and Shoes
The Bieber-Kaufman Co.
901-909 Eighth St. S. E.
Down by the Navy Yard
Washington, D. C.

PHONE MAIN 6079.
Reno Lunch
W. H. WOODCOCK, Proprietor.
625 PA. AVE. N. W.
HOME COOKED FOODS
NEVER CLOSED

CORBY'S DELICIOUS CAKE
10c PER HALF LB.
AT ALL GROCERS

The only strictly
UNION TAILORING
house in the city
M. STEIN & CO.
TAILORS
Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

THE MILTON SCHOOL
Oxford Bldg., 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.
Stenography
Typewriting
English
Spanish
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO BEGINNERS
Now in larger quarters in the Oxford Building, 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Meets Every Monday Night

Typographica Temple
423-425 G St. N. W.

Secretary s Address: 1325 E. Capitol St.
Telephone: Lincoln 3955

OFFICERS

N. A. JAMES ..... President
HUGH DIGNEY ..... Vice-President
JOHN B. COLPOYS, Secretary, 1325 E. Capitol St.
JOSEPH E. TOONE ..... Financial Secretary
WM. H. SCHAEFER ..... Treasurer
JOSEPH C. CLARK ..... Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES: Wm. Zell, Mary Ganzhorn, J. L. Considine

COMMITTEES

Executive—Hugh Digney (chairman), N. A. James, John B. Colpoys, J. E. Toone, W. N. Huttel, John R. Hartley.

Legislative—Robert Jones (chairman), John H. Lorch, N. P. Alifas, H. R. Alcorn, E. W. Oyster.

Adjustment—W. N. Huttel (chairman), Jere McCarthy, J. A. McDonald, Ben Spellbring, John G. Schmidt.

Contract—John R. Hartley (chairman), W. H. Schaefer, Hubert Newsom, C. H. Adams, A. J. Ginnelly.

Laws—Dan Hassett (chairman), J. H. Wells, D. J. O'Leary.

Resolutions—J. L. Considine (chairman), Zep S. Pollock, A. J. Kinnell.

Organization—J. E. Toone (chairman), Mary Burkhead, Henry Miller, J. H. Wilson, H. A. Ranier.

Auditing—Mary Ganzhorn (chairman), Marguerite Stewart, E. Wood.

Credentials—M. J. Costella (chairman), J. H. Swain, S. T. Ford.

Lable—E. T. Good,

Press—John B. Colpoys (chairman, N. A. Sprague, B. O'Leary.

Delegates to Baltimore—J. E. Toone (chairman) J. M. Foster, William Zell.

Delegates to Alexandria—H. F. Oehler (chairman). Chas. Allison, L. A. Sterne.

Saks & Company
MEN'S and BOYS' OUTFITTERS
Pa. Ave. & 7th St. Wash., D. C.
Specialists in Apparel for Men and Boys.

AMERICAN LUNCH
VIRGINIA THEATRE
Stag Hotel
JOHN J. NOONAN.

LIST OF LIQUOR DEALERS WHO HAVE SIGNED "THE AGREEMENT."

Allen, Paul.....2 N st. n. e.
Allen, John J...807 N. C. Cap st. n. e.
Beirkle, Leopold, - 1245 H st. n. e.
Boyle, William J., 601 Mass. ave n. w.
Castelli, Vincent, 502-504 Ninth st. n. w.
Clark, C. H.....510 9th st. n. w.
Colonial Beach Boat Co.
Costello, Bros.....604 G st. n. w.
Crowley, James J.....702 E st. n. w.
Daly, T. J.....34 H st. n. e.
Daye, Wm. T.....1218 Wisc. ave.
Doyle, Wm. T....1314 Wisc. ave. n. w.
Duffy, James A. -901 1-2 E st. n. w.
Wm. R. Fosbender, 406 Ninth st. n w.
Franey, F. A.....711½ 9th st. n. w.
Frank, Mrs. M. E. - 319 G st. n. w.
Ganey, M.....615 7th st. s. w.
Glavin, Edwin.....309 G st. n. w.
Hannan, Mrs. E.....531 7th st. s. w.
Hanlon, Timothy.....822 H st. n. e.
Kelliher, J. D.....1258 7th st. s. w.
Killeen, John F.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Louis Hodges, - - 407 9th st n. w.
Lynagh, Peter J.....523 7th st. s. w.
Lynch, John.....417 9th st. n. w.
McCarthy, Dennis J., Evans building.
McCarthy, F. J.....910 4½ st. s. w.
McDonald, F. J.....643 Pa. ave. s. e.
McGuire, J. Chas., 519 Ninth st. n. w.
McHough, Martin....1105 H st. n. e.
Milton Schmidt, - 702 7th st. n. w.
O'Connor, D. J.....100 G st. n. w.
O'Connor, Patrick F., 617 D st. n. w.
O'Connor, James.....1429 N. Cap. st.
O'Day, John T. - 921 Ninth st. n. w.
O'Donnell, James J...333 Pa. ave. s. e.
Peter White, - - - 905 D st. n. w.
Raftery, Thomas.....406 H st. n. e.
Raftery, Patrick.....225 11th st. n. e.
Roland, J. H.....511 9th st. n. w.
Scanlon, Daniel,.....103 H st. n. w.
Schroter, Conrad....3258 M st. n. w.
Schltz, Mary T.....607 G st. n. w.
Sheehan, John J., 701 North Cap. st.
Solon, Mary A., - 1003 7th st. e.
Stern, M. M.....601 7th st. n. w.
Stanton, Frank J.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Sullivan, David, 12th and E st. n. w.
Sullivan, John J., 1351 35th st. n. w.
The Casino, Frank Farenkamp (Chesapeake Beach).
Victor Buffet Co., Inc., 7th and G n. w.
Walsh, David, - - 407 10th st. n. w.
Wassman, Henry, 705 Seventh st. n. w.
Wiedeman, Joseph....629 E st. n. w.
William J. O'Leary, 733 North Cap. st.
Wininger, Harry 631 Pa. ave. s. e.
Wolf, Frank, - 512 12th st. n. w.

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

UNION OPERATOR — LOCAL No. 224 — WASH. D. C. — I.A.T.S.E. — AFFILIATED WITH CENTRAL LABOR UNION & A.F. of L.

American, 1st st. and R. . ave.n.w.
Apollo, - - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Aragon Airdome, Md. Ave. 8 & 9, N.E.
Arcade (Theatre and Park, 14th and Park Road.
Auditorium, 13th st. and N. Y. ave.n.w.
Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Central Park, - 9th St. G & H N.W.
Chelsia Theatre, 19th and M sts. n. w.
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N. W.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Eastern, - - 8th St. bet. F & G S. E.
Elite Theatre, 14th and R. I. ave. n. w.
Empire, - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Favorite, H St. North Capitol & First
Garden Theatre, 423 Ninth st. n. w.
Garden Theatre, - Hopewell, Va.
Gayety Theatre, - 513 9th st. n. w.
Georgia - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
Home Theater, C bet. 12th & 13th n. e.
Leader - - - 509 Ninth St. N. W.
Liberty Theatre, N. Capitol & P St.
"M" Street Theatre, M St. near 32nd
Maycroft Park, H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Meaders, - - - 8th & G Sts. S. E.
Mid City, - 7th, bet. N and O st. n. w.
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15, N.W.
Orpheum, - - 4th and C st. n. e.
Peerless Park, - 3105 Ga. ave. n. w.
Plaza Theatre - 434 9th st. n. w.
Pleasant Hrr. Park, 12 and C N. E.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Proctor Park, - - Anacostia, D. C.
Randolpr Park, 1st and Randolph n. w.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
R. I. Theatre, 7th and R. I. Ave. N. W.
Savoy, - - - 14th and Col. Road.
Schuetzen Park, Ga. ave. and Kenyon
Senate, Pa. Ave. bet. 3d & 4th, S. E.
Standard Park, Bates, near N. Cap. St.
Strand, - - - - - Ninth and D.
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N. E.
Stanton Park, - - - 219 4th N. E.
Starlight Park, 4 1-2 and K st. n. w.
Surprise Theatre - Alexandria, Va.
The Grand, - - - Hopewell, Va.
The Richmond, - - Alexandria, Va.
Truxton Park, N. Capitol & Fla. Ave.
Twilight Park, Pa. Ave. 13 & 14, S. E.
Victoria Theatre, 7th & E Sts. S. W.
Welcome, - - 4 1-2 and K st. s. w.
Zenith, - - 8th St. bet. G & H, S. E.

The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I. P. E. U.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXI. NO. 11 WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1916. ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

HOLD ON McDUFF--- ONE DAY IS "ENUF"

The Painters Local of Washington made their demands upon the Boss Painters last Friday for $4.50 per day.

A great many objected, whereupon the men promptly struck their jobs and reported to their local.

One day was enough for the Boss Painters—as soon as they saw the determination of the men they yielded to their demands and the men returnd to work Tusday morning.

Much credit is deserved by Hugh Digney, business agent of the Painters, who engineered this feat.

The Paperhangers of Washington received their $4.50 per day without a struggle.

This makes the third large organization, including the United Brotherhood of Carpenters, who have received substantial gains without a strike, of any consequence, which speaks well for the business ability and the confidence reposed in their respective agents by the different organizations.

CHILD LABOR AMENDMENT IS ACCEPTED BY HOUSE.

The house of representatives has accepted the senate's amendment to the federal child labor bill, which was recently passed by both branches of congress.

As passed by the house, the bill barred from interstate commerce the particular products of child labor in whole or in part. The senate objected to this clause on the ground that it would cause endless investigations and disputes on the question of what portion of the product was manufactured by children. The senate changed this section and it now provides that wherever children are shown to be employed by a manufacturer under the prohibited conditions, within one month of the offer of shipment of the product of such factory, same shall be denied interstate commerce privileges.

Congressmen Lewis, a member of the labor group, told the house the senate amendment makes enforcement of this law easier.

"The difficulties in the way of obtaining evidence," he said, "of particularizing the special articles of the product of a mill which were sophisticated by child labor, in whole or in part, at once suggests themselves under the house treatment of the matter. The senate treatment eliminates those difficulties, because any shipment of any of its products within one month after child labor has been employed in the factory makes out a case, under the indictment, for the government. It need only prove that within one month of the objected shipment child labor was employed in the factory from which articles proceeded."

RIGHT TO QUIT WORK MUST NOT BE DENIED.

In a letter to the four railroad brotherhood executives, President Gompers calls attention to the action of the A. F. of L. executive council in extending fraternal greetings and support of the trade union movement to train service men in an effort to reduce hours.

Hints of compulsory arbitration, made by opponents of the railroad employes, is replied to by President Gompers:

"While a strike involves temporary inconveniences which affect many, free workers cannot be denied the right to quit work—the right to strike in furtherance of demands which concern their manhood and their interests.

"It is a fundamental principle of freedom that no one shall be forced into involuntary servitude, that is, to work against his will. This fundamental principle must be maintained at all hazards. It must not be minimized under any guise, whether compulsory arbitration or in the name of public welfare.

"The welfare of the whole nation, the maintenance of our republican form of government and our institutions of freedom depend upon this fundamental—the right of a free man to control himself and his labor power.

"It is the sincere desire of the American Federation of Labor that the railway brotherhoods shall secure the eight-hour work day, an accomplishment which will mean opportunities for better living and for better citizenship."

HOGS VERSUS CHILDREN.

Jacksonville, Fla.—United States Senator Bryan of this state opposed the child labor bill on the ground that it invades "state's rights," and Dixie, a weekly newspaper published in this city, says:

"State's rights is a bugaboo used only at times by near-statesmen when it serves their purpose.

"When hog cholera measures are considered they want the government as a whole to act as protector of the hog.

"But when a governmental question is proposed to protect the American child from the poisoned atmosphere of the unsanitary factories they cry 'Invading the rights of states.'

"Do they consider the hog superior and of more importance than the child?"

THE PEOPLE KNOW

President Wilson will make no swing around the states. His speech of acceptance will be made at his summer home and may be supplemented from time to time by appropriate short addresses. These will enable the people to keep in sufficiently close touch with his views upon issues that may arise or plans that may be devised or conditions that may develop.

This plan of campaigning is in keeping with the lofty dignity of his high office. Besides, the great masses of the people of the country are already familiar with the achievements of his administration—their purposes and their already developed results.

For four years he has been the central figure of American politics. The fierce light of publicity all that while has beaten upon him and his acts. Publicity has been given to his every utterance, to his every deed. If he has made blunders, the people have had abundant opportunity to know and consider them. If he has been guilty of inconsistencies, he has avowed them, and they, as well as his avowals, have been given to the world. If he has rendered loyal and unceasing service, that has been shown.

If he has taken seriously and with all his energy to the sacred task entrusted to him four years ago, the voters know it. If he has burned midnight oil in his study of the tremendous and unforseen problems which have confronted him as they have confronted no other president, that, too, is known.

If he has at times differed with his party leaders, the public has been promptly advised. If he has kept the faith, the public knows it. If he has shown patience and tact and statesmanship, no speeches from him are needed to enlighten the country.

If he has been bold when boldness was demanded, diplomatic when greater results could be secured by diplomacy than by impetuosity, they who are to decide the coming contest, know it.

If he has kept the country out of a war, the tragedies of which no man could overestimate, they know it.

If he has fortified the country by a vast scheme of preparedness, they know it.

If he has maintained his country's honor, unsullied and above reproach and its respect acknowledged by the world, they know it.

If he has been callous to the attacks of political enemies or captious critics for self or party advancement, they know it.

If he has shown his own and the country's sympathies with those who must suffer from the raging conflicts that are holding such a prosperity as no nation in all history has achieved, they know it. If by the legislation he has espoused, he has helped all classes of our people, those who labor and those who loaf, has given equality in all honest endeavor to the former and stimulus to energy to the latter, they know it.

If the nation today is rallying to loftier ideals than ever before successfully appealed to it, they know it.

Therefore, and in all confidence of a vote of approval by the country, he is resting his case upon his deeds, the character he has shown, the policies he has advocated; and will leave the use of words to those who are his opponents in this campaign.

SENATE PASSES SHIP BILL.

The senate has passed the bill authorizing the government to purchase or build merchant ships "for the purpose of encouraging developing and creating a naval auxiliary and naval reserve and merchant marine to meet the requirements of the United States." The bill was approved by the house last spring and will now go to conference because of several senate amendments. Under the bill a shipping board is created and $59,000,000 appropriated, to be raised by the sale of Panama canal bonds.

ARMY BILL VETOED.

Last week President Wilson vetoed the army appropriation bill, with all of its provisions for preparedness, on the ground that the bill removes army officers who have been retired and who are receiving pensions, from liability to special service and the discipline that has heretofore controlled them. The president distinguished between former soldiers who are receiving a pension because of total incapacity and retired army officers whose experience would be of use in times of war, but who are exempt under the provisions of the act. The bill was immediately reintroduced with the former clause included.

Fortunate this government which, in peace, with malice towards none, without envy, without any desire in the direction of aggression, looks across the wide ocean upon a shattered continent and only figures ho wit can best contribute after the war is ended, in sympathy, in deeds, towards the healing of wounds, the building up of the spirits of those people and strengthening them in the effort to overcome the disasters which have befallen them. And in this work our people will know no German, no Frenchman, no Italian, no Russian, no Briton in hostility, but all as fellow human beings in misfortune.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION CELEBRATES LABOR DAY

Four thousand members of organized labor, their friends and families, journeyed to Chesapeake Beach, Washington's most popular resort, last Monday and closed the season, practically in a blaze of glory.

The Central Labor Union is to be congratulated upon its Labor Day Committee, with N. A. James as chairman, for the successful manner in which everything was worked—not a hitch was made during the day, which was ideal.

This popular resort is fast growing in favor with Washington's best people, furnishing as it does ideal bathing, boating, crabbing, fishing, and amusements of varied kinds, and if the increased patronage of the Central Body continues to grow on this day, it will be only a short time before the problem of handling the crowds will become serious.

The service of the Chsapeake Beach road for the past season has been the best ever given and they are continually improving their equipment to meet future emergencies.

JOB CONSIDERED, NOT MAN.

Representatives of the four railroad brotherhoods explain how railroads have juggled figures to show alleged high earnings of train service employes.

These workers show that the high rates credited to passenger conductors is made possible by the following system:

A conductor on a fast train will run 300 miles in eight hours, and after eight hours' rest will make the return trip. After traveling 600 miles in 24 hours he lays off for 36 or 48 hours to recuperate and the run is taken by another conductor. In computing the earnings of the first conductor the railroad multiplies the amount he earns in this one day by the number of working days in the year, and claims this is his yearly wage rate, when, in fact, it is the rate for the job and not for the individual.

The same system of figure juggling has been used in the case of other train service men.

MANAGERS PLEA IS NOT SUPPORTED BY FACTS.

In a statement signed by executives of the four railroad brotherhoods it is shown that the plea of railroad managers that "we stand for the principle of arbitration" and that "it is essentially the common right of every citizen, of whatever station in life, to be heard, to have his day in court," is mere words, which the workers refer to as "this new-born and loudly proclaimed belief."

To prove their point the brotherhood executives list 64 properties controlled by the managers, which thy debar from present negotiations. "In addition t othese," the statement continues, "are a large number of quasi-independent properties, largely dominated by the same financial powers, which we have vainly demanded should be included.

"It might be pertinent at this time to refer to the fact that the conference committee of managers and their supporters have excluded the army of colored brakemen and firemen employed on the southern railways from all benefits that might be granted in these negotiations or from all arbitrations that might arise. Are they or are they not entitled to their 'day in court?'

"Likewise the white firemen employed on those lines where the negro predominates. Why is he excluded from the benefits of this beneficent plan of arbitration?

"Also, the hostlers on 18 of the leading properties that are represented by the conference committee; if arbitration is so desirable, why will these companies not grant that boon to those men?

"The extreme solicitude on the part of the railway presidents for the 80 per cent of unorganized employes and their rights become farcical when it is known that on a large number of those lines it is a dischargeable offense on any of their railways for that 80 per cent to take steps toward organizing for the purpose of bettering their wages or working conditions. These unorganized employes realize better than any one else can that their only hope for better wages, shorter hours or better working conditions lies in their being established by organized labor."

TO AID MEXICAN WORKERS.

President Gompers has forwarded a letter to all national unions, and western state and central bodies for lists of unions having Mexican workers and for other information that will be helpful to the A. F. of L. in its efforts to inform these workers of the Mexican situation and to show them the necessity for identifying themselves with the organized labor movement and cooperating for the welfare of the workers of both countries. Special literature has been prepared for this educational campaign, which is intended to solidify the workers of both the United States and Mexico.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - Editor
Wm. H. Anglin - - - - - Associate Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF [Allied Printing Trades Council] FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., SEPTEMBER 8, 1916.

PROSPERITY.

Prosperity spells the same way nowadays in one state that it does in every other.

That is not, has not, always been the case.

The time was when wealth was riotous in one section of the country while mortgages constituted the main assets of the populace of another.

There was a time when the manufacturing area was prosperous and those who tilled the fields and browsed their cattle upon the hillsides were very poor.

In this good era, however, as suggested above, there are no wealth zones and poverty to be found. Wealth is more evenly distributed in the land than ever before and there is a far greater abundance of it.

While the shuttles are whirring in the East, threshing machines and the binders are busy in the Golden West, and the songs of the negro in the cotton fields of the South tell of bounties there from Nature's generous lap.

The anvil's ring of the modest smithy finds its echo in the throbbing machinery of factories, and the miner's pick digs wealth from earth's hidden recesses to his contentment and advancement.

No state has been overlooked in the general efflux of prosperity.

There is from every direction a demand for production, and production requires labor which is assured its proper compensation.

Take one state, for instance.

In the heart of the country, Ohio is located. It is peculiarly adapted for illustration of this catholicity of God's blessings. It is a manufacturing state. It is also an agricultural state. In it are oil wells and coal mines and it grows broad forests of timber.

Recently a census was taken of the manufactories of Ohio just completed by the Census Bureau of the Department of Commerce. This census shows for a five-year period a much more than normal advancement.

The advance is along lines diversified and substantial, and demonstrating, if that be necessary, that the commercial rank of Ohio high among the states, is resting on solid foundation.

In what the government officials regard as the order of their importance from a percentage standpoint, the increases are set forth as follows: Salaries, 45.9; salaried employes, 34.9; wages, 29.9; capital, 29; primary horsepower, 26.5; value of products, 24; value added by manufacture, 24.2; materials, 28.8; wage earners, 14.8; number of establishments, 3.4.

In capital invested there was the huge total of $1,677,552,000, marking a gain over five years ago of $376,819,000, or 29 per cent. The cost of materials used in manufacture jumped 23.8 per cent, reaching a total of $1,020,782,000. The value of the finished products reached the total of $1,782,808,000, or an increase of 24 per cent.

Of much interest is the fact that salaries and wages jumped 33.6 per cent, the increase running well over $100,000,000, and amounting to the total of $424,189,000. There was an increase in the number of salaried employes of more than 21,000. The number of wage earners hovered around the 500,000 mark, the maximum for any one month being $534,537.

The steady forward progress of Ohio is gratifying. In it is nothing of the mushroom variety. It is progress lasting in its character—gradual but sure. The story is by no means covered in terms of trade opportunity and employment. For with it goes the assurance that none of the sisterhood of states offers more than Ohio in the way of happiness, security and contentment.

If such prosperity, such development, is but a Fool's Paradise the people of Ohio will not be so convinced. They believe it to be the genuine article and that in spite of the alarm bell ringers and disaster predictors of any old party.

A diagnosis of a great many people would find them suffering from acute political melancholia.

While the civilized world has been shaken to its foundation, the grand old ship of state has weathered the tempestuous sea.

A New York banking firm has just made a loan to the French government of $25,000,000. Such is this Fool's Paradise.

The N. Y. "Telegraph" has discovered that a "California volcano hurls mud 500 feet." That beats some politician's records about 3 inches.

The campaign committee of Robert Bacon, who is a candidate for United States Senator from New York, reads like a roster of the New York Stock Exchange.

Exports of manufactures under Wilson's administration have reached $2,600,000,000 in a single year, which is the world record. Despite these enormous sales in foreign markets in free competition with the world, Mr. Hughes argues that American manufacturers are not able to even to hold the home market, unless he and Penrose erect a tariff wall. This means that he has gone back to the old "home market" argument of a generation ago, and would give up a two-billion-dollar export trade and hustle our "infant industries" into a cyclone cellar to escape a campaign windstorm.

PNEUMOGASTRICISMS

BY BILLY ANGLIN

What is a Monotype operator?
He is a public benefactor, that is, he makes work for everybody.

What is a Mengenthaler operator?
He is something like a doctor, but being unable to bury his mistakes, corrects them.

What is a printer?
A printer is one who starts out in life as a devil, and carries his laurels to the grave.

What is pi?
Pi is something your wife wishes had happened to your mortal form as soon as the first edition is out.

What does a printer get paid for?
For what he knows, and that is why they have all got a bundle of bills as big as a tooth-pick.

What is meant by series?
All of the same face. Too much light or too much dark spoils many a good job in printing as well as drinking.

What style type do printers fancy most?
Gothics. Not as black, however, as some people's future, but about as shady as their past.

Do all printers marry?
Invariably. You never saw a single printer in your life. They are always assembled.

Why do printers marry?
Because the very nature of their work is to get a form to press.

Is marriage a failure among printers?
As well as every one else.

Recently it was my good fortune to address a number of ladies upon this one subject, "Is marriage a failure?" And on my way back to the city there was a lady who had been one of the audience, and as she lifted her pallid face, with a smile that carrid the radiance of that self-conscious contentment of eternity, she asked: "Bill, were you ever really in love."

I explained to the good lady that I remembered distinctly having had the measles and the mumps, but I did not recollect having ever had a genuine case of love. I explained to her that in those things specific science had made wonderful strides, and that Darwin was even backed by histology in regards to the same corpuscles, globules, and molecules being found in lower animal life, and particularly the protoplasm of plans as pertains to the perpetuity of the human race, but that no trace had ever been found o fa germ that the malignant and infectious love disease might be attributed. Whereupon she gently inquired, "And at what period of your existence did you get married?" And I told her I thought it was about the time the college by Carnegie discovered the diabolical hookworm.

Pants are made for men and not women. Women are made for men and not pants. When a man pants for a woman, and a woman pants for a man, they are a pair of pants. Such pants do not last. Pants are like molasses—they are thinner in hot weather and thicker in cold. Men are often mistaken in pants; such mistakes are breeches of promise. There has been much discussion as to whether pants are singular or plural. Seems to me when men wear pants it is plural, and when they don't wear pants it is singular. Men go on a tear in their pants and it is all right; but when the pants go on a tear it is all wrong. If you want to make pants last make the coat first.

Don't go to the expense of buying a gun to blow out your brains, take a pinch of snuff and sneeze.

Many a man is sent to St. Elizabeth whom his wife has made a cannedtomatomaniac.

"How did you come to fall in?" "I didn't come to fall in, I come to fish!"

Brooks—Alright, Bill, I'll send the buffet around just as soon as you settle up your account.

Bill—Never mind; I can't wait that long.

POULTRY NEWS—Now is the time to lay in your coal.

The quick pulsation of a loving heart is often discovered to be an Ingersoll watch.

Is Verdun? Not yet.

Who wouldn't be a patriot for two uniforms, food furnished and 2,400 bones a year?

'Tis said the move to Mexico was made just to give the boys a real touch of sure enough action. If it was, the lesson is lasting little long.

Villa is in 40 miles of the border. The nearer the approach to the border, the nearer is his approach to hell.

We haven't missed the boys half as much as we will miss the belly-aching after they return.

The low descending sun imparted its last frugal blister at Chesapeake Beach Labor Day.

The Boys are coming back—but when?

Wonder if Senator Sherman is an ally of the Sherman of warfame. Talks like the family anyway.

General Sherman, Senator Sherman, Father Sherman—what a mixture?

Everybody perspired in unison in the woods on Labor Day.

ESTABLISHED 1865 — 51 YEARS IN BUSINESS

Ideal Claret Punches with
CHRISTIAN XANDER'S
Famous Virgin a Clarets, $2.75, $3.25, $4.75 doz.
909 7th Street, Northwest. — No Branch Houses — Phone M. 274

MEATS — GROCERIES — FISH

Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the

OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.

930 La. Ave. N. W. — 1111 H Street N. E.
8th & E Sts. S. E. — 1632 N. Capitol Street
31st & M Sts. N. W. — 3418-20 Ga. Ave. N. W.
7th & Q Sts. N. W. — 14th & U Streets N. W.
1778 U Street, N. W. — 7th and B Streets N. E.
7th & H Street N. E. — 3113 14th Street, N. W.
726 7th St. N. W. — 1440 P St. N. W.
2002-2004 Ga. Ave. N. W.

POULTRY — BREAD — PRODUCE

INTERNATIONAL UNION of the UNITED BREWERY WORKMEN OF AMERICA
Union MADE Beer — Ale AND Porter
COPYRIGHT & TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1903
THIS IS OUR LABEL.

VOTE
Against Prohibition
DEMAND
Personal Liberty
IN CHOOSING WHAT YOU WILL DRINK
ASK FOR THIS LABEL WHEN PURCHASING BEER, ALE OR PORTER.
As A Guarantee That It Is Union Made

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK
Northwest Corner FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST
LOOK FOR THE CLOCKS
4 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts
COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

40-MILE MOONLIGHT on Mondays During July and August
Adults 25c, Children 15c.
COLONIAL BEACH
IDEAL SUMMER RESORT—70 Miles from Washington—4-HOUR TRIP.
Good Hotels, Cafes and Stores—Bathing, Boating and all Amusements
STEAMER ST. JOHNS
Fastest and Most Palatial Steamer on the Potomac
Fare, returning same day....Adults 50c, Children 25c
Fare, stop-over ticket.....Adults $1.00, Children 50c
SEE PAPERS FOR SCHEDULE — WHARF: FOOT OF SEVENTH ST.

THIS SPACE FOR SALE

BOOT & SHOE WORKERS UNION — UNION STAMP — Factory

Named Shoes are Frequently Made in Non-Union Factories
DO NOT BUY ANY SHOE
No matter what its name, unless it bears a plain and readable impression of this Union Stamp. All shoes without the Union Stamp are always Non-Union. Do not accept any excuse for absence of the Union Stamp
Boot and Shoe Workers' Union, 246 Summer St., Boston, Mass.
JOHN F. TOBIN President. — CHAS. L. BAINE, Sec.-Treas.

WASHINGTON BREWERY CO.
IMPERIAL EXPORT
A really fine beer

WIENER BEER (Light) — CONGRESS BREW (Dark)
— ALE —
Arlington Brewing Co.
— PORTER —
Tel. West 129 — ROSSLYN, VA.

To the Heart of Leisureland
where woods are cool, streams alluring, vacations ideal. Between New York City (with Albany and Troy the gateways) and
Lake George, the Adirondacks, Lake Chaplain, the North and West
The logical route is "The Luxurious Way"—Largest and most magnificent river steamships in the world—Daily Service. Send for free copy of Beautiful "Searchlight Magazine"
HUDSON NAVIGATION COMPANY
Pier 32, North River —"THE SEARCHLIGHT ROUTE."— New York

Closed at 5 P. M.
Saturday at 1 P. M.

Water Coolers

That Are Sanitary And Serviceable

A good water cooler is essential in warm weather. One that is sanitary and keeps the water cool without a large consumption of ice. The best coolers are found in our Housefurnishing Department..

XX CENTURY BOTTLE WATER COOLERS

An inverted bottle of water feeds the supply through a porcelain jar, around which ice is placed, and drawn from the spigot without coming in contact with the ice.

Price, Cooler and Bottle, with strong Iron Stand.....$10.00 up.
4-gal. Fiber Water Coolers.....$2.00
5-gal. Fiber Water Coolers.....$2.20
Flemish Stone Water Coolers, $1.25 up.
Oak Case Porcelained Steel Lined Water Coolers.....$5.75 up.
Steel Case Porcelain Lined Water Coolers .....$5.50 up.
Nickel Water Coolers.....$18.00 up.
Steel Case Coolers, with inner porcelain jars to separate the ice from the drinking water.....$9.00 up.
Oak Water Cooler Stand.....$3.50 up.

Dulin & Martin Co.
Pottery, Porcelain, China, Glass, Silver, &c.
1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St.

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY

Equitable Life Insurance Co.
of the District of Columbia

THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Issues Ordinary and Industrial

Wm. A. Bennett, 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.

EQUITABLE BLD'G. 816 14th ST., N. W.

Black's Alderney and Green Meadow Dairy
Pasteurized and Tubercoline Tested Milk.
Phone N. 1670. Union Dairies.

LANSBURGH & BRO.

"DRY GOODS ONLY"

The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City

420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

Bell Brand Union-Made
COLLARS and SHIRTS
LARGE ASSORTMENT
T. HOLLANDER
North Capitol and H Streets

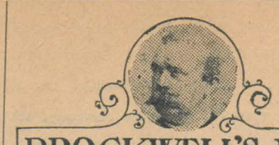
Takoma Bread
Fresh Three Times Daily
AT ALL GROCERS
Havenner Baking Company
Established 1815

Phone Main 3871

WM. H. HOWLIN
OURAY BUILDING, 801 G ST. N. W.
(Room 404)

Engrossing Resolutions, Diplomas, Charters and Fancy Pen Work of all descriptions.

CELTIC CLUB WHISKEY
Our Specialty
Never Changes. Accept No Substitute
Once Tried You'll Always Use It.
Ports and Sherries for family use, Quarts, 50 and 75 cents. All makes of Beer. Leading brands of Cigars. Ales and Porters on draught the year round.
D. J. O'CONNOR
New Jersey Ave. and G Sts. N.W



BROCKWELL'S BITS

BY W.N BROCKWELL

If Labor Day was not celebrated with more than usual fervor this year the workers overlooked something. The past twelve months were certainly rich in substantial gains for the toilers. May the next year be still more fruitful in the good work.

* * *

James A. Scott, one of Columbia Union's oldest members, is back from a two months vacation, and has resumed his place in the proof room of the Printery. Every year this venerable man makes a trip to far-off Iowa, and spends his vacation among friends in a farming community there. He is almost 85 years of age and still hale and hearty.

* * *

With the closing days of Congress work in the National Printery has certainly been of the strenuous variety. The "best force in the world" has been equal to the emergency. Which is why the Public Printer and other high officials of the great workshop are proud of the personnel of the institution.

* * *

Government Printing Office Council of the National Union meets at Typographical Temple on Monday next, at 8 p. m. All members can find pleasure and profit by attending.

* * *

F. C. Roberts, labor commissioner for Porto Rico, is in Washington. Mr. Roberts is one of the most widely known members of Columbia Union, and has served the organization in many capacities, notably twice as delegate and two terms as president. He speaks interestingly of his work in Porto Rico and the people there, and those acquainted with conditions in the island believe that his efforts have been very successful in the interest of those who toil. Mrs. Roberts accompanies her husband. They will remain in the United States till about the middle of November, I am told. Mr. Roberts is enjoying excellent health.

* * *

A friend chided me some a few days ago for my failure to have a certain item in the August number of the Typographical Journal, to which I send a monthly letter of printer notes from Washington. The item was there, but in a much abbreviated form. My friend (as well as others who read the Journal items) should remember that at the distance of Indianapolis from Washington the editorial blue pencil has a stunning advantage.

* * *

"Bob" Smythe, referred to in the subjoined special to a Richmond paper, will be well remembered by many members of Columbia Union, of which he was a militant member for several years prior to becoming a successful newspaper man in Virginia:

"Harrisonburg, Va., August 28.—Another suit for $10,000 damages for libel has been instituted against R. B. Smythe, editor of the Daily Independent of Harrisonburg. This was instituted by former Senator George B. Keezell, who already had preferred charges of criminal libel against Smythe. At the same time H. W. Bertram also entered suit for $10,000. Keezell and Bertram are the principal owners of the Daily News-Record. The criminal libel case will come up in court on September 12.

"R. B. Smythe came to Harrisonburg from Washington, D. C., in 1899, and established the Daily News, which in 1913 was consolidated with the Daily Record. Smythe lost control of the paper through litigation, and last April started the Daily Independent."

AND NOW HE'S A BENEDICK!

Ere this news greets the reader one George F. Stringer, erstwhile member of the single-blessedness troupe, will have passed through the temple of Hymen into the land of the Benedicks.

The ceremony took place Saturday morning, September 2, in the parsonage of the Central Presbyterian church, the Rev. James H. Taylor officiating.

Mr. Stringer is a member of Columbia Typographical Union No. 101, and also a player on the ball team of the Athletic Association of said union, while the happy bride is Miss Nettie Beuchert, of 430 K street northwest.

A honeymoon trip to Atlantic City had been planned, but owing to the impending railroad strike a trip to Baltimore via the water route was substituted.

On their return to the city Mr. and Mrs. Stringer will be at home to their friends at 436 K street northwest.

The young couple have the best wishes of a host of friends for their future happines and prosperity.

"MONTY."

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

Alfred L. Nuhn, probational compositor.

Joseph Goldstein, probationary messenger boy.

Miss Mary E. Winston, temporary skilled laborer.

Charles B. Fort and Arthur C. Reinhardt, probational linotype operators.

Theodore E. Mullican, temporary electrician.

Howell H. Golson, probational linotype operator.

Separations.

Charles A. Harris, William B. Wolfe, John F. Gleason, Raymond T. Williams, Reuben A. Scarborough, Elmer S. Kyler, James E. Clifton, James J. Kaplan, Thomas A. Hassett, temporary skilled laborers.

Mrs. Evangeline S. Enman, bander, resigned.

Frank Bates, temporary compositor, resigned.

Richard Williams, unskilled laborer, resigned.

Norman C. Stow, laborer, resigned.

William B. Gorman, temporary messenger boy.

Ralph D. Boyd, William E. Lewis, William G. Coe, probational messenger boys, resigned.

Miss Margaret M. Harold, Miss Rose E. Stoll, Harrison B. Beagers, temporary skilled laborers, resigned.

Jonas Vernon, unskilled laborer, resigned.

Howard V. Mills, stereotyper, resigned.

Transfers.

David C. Serrin, helper, 30 cents per hour to helper 35 cents per hour, Carpenter and paint shop section.

George H. Albertson, Edwin T. Atkinson, Horatio Barnum, Richard H. Campbell, George Johnson, jr., John W. Sherman, James Willis, compositors, transferred from Hand section (day) to Monotype section (day).

Charles C. Smith, skilled laborer, transferred from Hand section (day) to Monotype section (day).

Miss Estelle A. Hunt, clerk at $840 to clerk at $900 per annum office of the Accountant.

Benedict E. Finotti, clerk $900 per annum to clerk $1,000 per annum, office of the Accountant.

Mis Catherine Sweeney, machine operator at 27½ cents per hour, ruling and sewing section to clerk at $840 per annum office of the accountant.

William L. Ruffan, skilled laborer 25 cents per hour, presswork division (day) to elevator conductor 30 cents per hour electrical section.

THREATS CAN'T STOP UNION.

Lima, Ohio.—When the Cigarmakers' Union began an organizing campaign at the factories of the Deisel-Wemmer Company, the superintendent began to make speeches to the 1,600 employes. At his first effort he sternly declared:

"We know that a lot of you people are joining the union, and I want to tell you that we will let our tobacco rot in the warehouse before we raise the wages of a single employe one penny and we will close these shops down forever rather than be dictated to by the union."

Then the meeting adjourned and about 700 of the $4 a week girls and low wage men joined the union.

At the next meeting the superintendent gave forth the glad tidings that the company had concluded to raise wages.

BARBERS INCREASE WAGES.

New York—About 6,000 barbers in the southern section of this city, known a s"down town," have won a two days' strike and increased wages $1 a week. Officers of the Journeymen Barbers' International Union are assisting in an organizing campaign that will include other sections of New York.

Allentown, Pa.—Journeymen Barbers' Union is enforcing its new $14 weekly minimum wage. Every shop in the city but two has accepted these rates.

St. Louis, Mo.—Journeymen Barbers' Union has prepared a new wage scale which provides for a minimum of $14 a week and 60 per cent of receipts over $22. The work day is to be limited to 12 consecutive hours, including time off for meals.

Parker, Bridget & Co.
"The Avenue at Ninth"
Featuring
Extra Value
$15
Suits for Spring

New Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits for Hire

WILNER'S
ADVANCED FALL STYLES

The Latest Novelties of the Season . . . $18.50

EVERY UNION MAN OUGHT TO TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THIS OFFER

Not only do we save you $10.00 on every suit you buy, but our workmanship has proven to stand up, to hold its shape, curl nor wrinkle until the garment will last, and we guarantee to last you fully three years.

We are the FIRST and ONLY Union Custom Tailors in this City.

Order Your Suit From
JOS. A. WILNER & COMPANY
COR. 8th and G STREETS NORTHWEST

CORBY'S YEAST
Leaves nothing to guess-work.
Its purity and strength are uniform.
Every baker knows what that means.
Send for samples.
THE CORBY COMPANY
STATION K. WASHINGTON, D. C.

Building Trades Headquarters Sixth and G Sts. N. W
Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rates
WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES, TOBACCO. COSTELLO BROS

THE PLATE PRINTER
Official Organ Plate Printers International Union.
P. J. RYAN, Editor. CHAS. T. SMITH, Assoc. Editor.
Subscription $1.00 Per Year
Telephone 4528 Wash. Loan & Trust Bldg.

Representative Houses
OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

BANKS

THE NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burgler-proof vaults, acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth and New York Avenue

THE WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee. etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK
A Bank for the Working People. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account
Ninth and G streets N. W.

UNION SAVINGS BANK. Commercial Accounts. Three per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts. The Oldest Savings Bank in Washington.

MICHAEL T. GREENE
Liquors and Cigars. 639 D St. N. W.

STONER'S BAR AND RESTAURANT
The, G. Stoner. 206 Seventh St.S. W.

J. CHAS. McGUIRE'S BUFFET
Federal Seal Whiskey. 519 Ninth St. N. W.

O'KEEFE'S BUFFET
P. J. O'Keefe, Prop. 904 Pa. Ave. N. W.

GLAVIN'S BUFFET
ED. J. GLAVIN 309 G Street Northwest

OXFORD BUFFET
J. F. SCHRINER 730 14th Street N. W.

FRANK'S BUFFET
Fourth and G Sts., N. W. Phone M. 5572

DAVID WALSH'S BUFFET
407 10th Street N. W.

E. E. FARLEY'S BUFFET
415 13th Street N. W.

J. J. O'DONNELL'S BUFFET
333 Penn. Avenue S. E.

HARRY'S BUFFET
631 Penn. Ave. S. E. Phone Lin. 1843

MACHINIST
G. W. FORSBERG, Formerly with Forsberg and Murray, Elevate Boilers. Eighth and Water Streets S. W. Phone Main 751 and 742

GROCER AND COFFEE ROASTER
SOMERSET R. WATERS, 1342 Seventh Street N. W

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
RALSTON AND RICHARDSON, Bond Building, Fourteenth Stree and New York Avenue.
FRANK FULLER Room 421. Munsey Building, Phone Main 1826.

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.
THE SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (INC.) SODA WATER SYRUPS, Etc., 1066 Wisconsin Avenue Northwest.

PHOTO SUPPLIES
E. J. PULLMAN, Developing and Finishing for Amateurs Specialty 420 Ninth Street N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS
MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Avenue Northwest. Our Specialty Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

FIRE INSURANCE
FIREMAN'S INSURANCE COMPANY, Seventh Street and Louisiana Avenue.

DRY GOODS
WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings Hoisery, a specialty, 806-808 H Street N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

UNDERTAKERS
J. WILLIAM LEE
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY
332 Penna. Avene N. W.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.
THE W. H. BUTLER COMPANY, 607 and 609 C Street N. W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT
NATIONAL MORTAR COMPANY, First and M Street, Northeas
COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING COMPANY, 3036 K Street.

DRUGGISTS
CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth Street and Virginia Avenue S. E.
DAY & CO
5th and G Sts. N. W. 14th and P Sts. N. W
20th St. and Rhode Island Ave. N. E.
QUIGLEY, Druggist, Twenty-first and G Streets N. W.
A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner Seventh and P Streets N. W

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1
Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.
M. J. DUNNIGAN, President.....2007 14 Street N.W.
JOHN G. WOLFE, Vice-President.1023 N. J. Ave. N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W.

TRUSTEES
Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E.
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E.
Thos. L. Nevins.....504 Maine Avenue S. W.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.
John G. Wolfe.....1023 N. J. Ave. N. W
J. McElfresh,.....
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E.
A. Tenley.....964 Florida Ave. N. W.
M. Sullivan.....5631-2 15 St. S. E.

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.
Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ARBITRRATION COMMITTEE.
M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W.
M. A. Wolfe,.....418 F St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. E.
Joseph Harding.....210 13 St. S. W.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W

FINANCE COMMITTEE.
N. Ditzler.....2006 2nd St. N. W
R. Pumphrey.....223 Q St. N. W.
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W.
Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. W.

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.
John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave.
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Cap. St.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L St. S. W.

DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.
John Wolfe.....1023 N. J Avenue N. W.
William Pollard.....522 14 St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

Washington District Council of Carpenters
Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

J. G. O'DONNELL, President, L. U. 132, 123 Sixth Street N. E.
E. B. BYRNE, Secretary, L. U. 132, 425 G Street N. W.
F. A. SHOESMITH, Treasurer, L. U. 2563, 5209 Georgia Avenue N. W.
R. H. BURDETTE, Trustee, L. U. 132, 1207 L Street N. W.
H. S. HOLLOHAN, Trustee, L. U. 132, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
H. PAGE, Trustee, L. U. 2563, 336½ Thirteenth Street N. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, L. U. 132, 519 M Street S. W.
ROBERT ADAM, L. U. 2563, 1511 Vermont Avenue N. W.
FRED HOOK, L. U. 2563, 1528 Eighth Street N. W.
WM. MACKIE, L. U. 2563, 216 Seaton Place N. E.

BUSINESS AGENT.
GEO. MYERS, 425 G Street N. W.

GEO. D. HORNING,
N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.
LOAN OFFICE

DO YOU KNOW THAT

Sickness lowers earning capacity?

Low wages favor high disease rates?

Disease is the nation's greatest burden?

A female fly lays an average of 120 eggs at a time?

Sunlight and sanitation, not silks and satins, make better babies?

One million two hundred thousand Americans die each year, it is estimated?

Heart disease, pneumonia and tuberculosis cause more than 30 per cent of deaths?

The U. S. Public Health Service is the nation's first line of defense against disease?

DO YOU—

Wash your face carefully and then use a common roller towel?

Believe in national preparedness and then fail to keep yourself physically fit?

Swat the fly and then maintain a pile of garbage in the back yard?

Go to the drug store to buy a tooth brush and then handle the entire stock to see if the bristles are right?

8-HOUR DAY FAVORED BY PRESIDENT WILSON.

"This is the first signed agreement with a labor organization in the history of the labor movement of Delaware."

In the controversy between railroad managers and their train service employes, who ask for eight hours at present pay and extra pay for overtime, President Wilson, after hearing both sides, said that "the eight-hour day now undoubtedly has the sanction of the judgment of society in its favor and should be adopted as a basis for wages even where the actual work to be done cannot be completed within eight hours."

This statement means, in effect, that the principle of the eight-hour day is so thoroughly accepted that it should no longer be considered a question for arbitration.

The ruling has enraged the railroad managers and penny-a-liners,who charge the president with rejecting the principle of arbitration, entirely overlooking the fact that he heard both sides and that he favors arbitration on the question of overtime and related questions.

Opponents of the president's position also ignore this statement by him:

"The railroads which have already adopted the eight-hour day do not seem to be at any serious disadvantage in respect to their cost of operation, as compared with the railroads that have retained a 10-hour day, and calculations as to the cost of the change must, if made now, be made without regard to any possible administration economics or readjustments."

It is further recommended that investigators be appointed to observe and report to congress on the workings of this plan, but no recommendations should be made to the end that "it should be entirely open to either or both parties to the present controversy to give notice of a termination of the present agreements with a view of instituting inquiries into suggested readjustment of pay or practice."

ILLITERATE ALIENS INCREASING IN U. S.

The unmber of aliens in this country over 21 years of age who have taken no steps to become citizens increased from 900,000 in 1900 to 2,600,000 in 1910, according to Senator Dillingham in a speech last week in the senate. He said that the latter figures exceed the presidential vote of 15 western states and that it is both wise and necessary for a literacy test to be applied to this increasing number of immigrants.

"What does it mean," he asked, "to have in this country 2,600,000 alien-born men—I am not speaking of women or children—who, as late as 1910, had not taken a single step toward becoming American citizens, but who, under our naturalization laws, were substantially all entitled to become citizens of the United States? What does it mean to have 2, 600,000 men who are aliens, who are liable to come into full citizenship almost immediately? Do you realize that the vast volume of male aliens amounts in number to one-seventh of all the votes cast in the presidential election of 1912? The possibilities suggested by the presence in this country of such a vast number of prospective, and to a large extent uneducated, voters can only be understood when I state that the entire presidential vote of California, Oregon, Washington, Montana, Idaho, Wyoming, Nevada, Utah, Colorado, Arizona, New Mexico, North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, and Kansas in the election of 1912 amounted to only 2,280,000; and yet we had substantially that number of alien-born men in the United States on that date all ready to become citizens of the United States."

Senator Dillingham was a member of the immigration commission, appointed by congress to investigate this question. He stated that agents of the commission came in contact with 86,000 persons in the iron and steel industry and found that the average wage of these 86,000 persons was $326 a year.

PASS PHILIPPINE BILL.

Both houses of congress have agreed on the Philippine bill which pledges independence to those islands as soon as a stable government can be established.

Manuel Quezon, Philippine delegate to the house of representatives, said the new law is "a signal victory for the cause of human liberty and a very decisive step toward the complete emancipation of the Filipino people."

"We are bent upon convincing the American people," he said, "within the next year or two that a staple government can be established in the islands. Then, having fulfilled the condition imposed, independence will be forthcoming."

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, F. S. Radman, 732 Gresham Place N. W.

Bakery Salemen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secretary Wednesdays of each month at Moose Hall, tary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sunday in each month, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N. W.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Edward Fuhrman, 24 Quincy Place, N. W.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets every Sunday, 8 p. m., Jonadab Hall, 623 Louisiana avenue northwest. Secretary, A. Messenio, 514 Tenth street n. w.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 48: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E street southeast.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, G. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G Street N. W.

Brotherhood of Railway Carmen of America, Local Union No. 313: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Streets N. E. Secretary, C. F. Cross, 924 K Street N. E. Meeting nights first and third Tuesdays.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles Hall, Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 1424 W St. N. W., Apt. 22.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhan, 787 10th St. s. e.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wassaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Twelfth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3808 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Paperhangers Hall, 430 Ninth Street N. W., second and fourth Thursdays of the month. Secretary, Edw. B. Finch, 33 P Street N. E.

Engineers, Hoisting No. 77: Meets every Friday, at 8:00 p. m. Hall, S. E. Cor. Tenth and Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, F. J. Nichols, 616 Fourth street northeast.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and B Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hiale, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Watchmen's Union No. 14964: Secretary, Jas. H. Reed, Cor. Sec., 1228 B street southwest.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Avenue S. E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 Twelfth St. N. E.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, Wm. W. Keeler, 148 Eleventh St. S. E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday at 1204 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, E. H. Fulton, 1120 E St. S. E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, H. Gundershein, 728 Columbia Road.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third 2665. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Bus. Agt.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 922 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Phone Main 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets second Sunday and fourth Friday in each month. Secretary, Albert Bridges 210 L st. s. e.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 420: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m. Secretary, J. A. Whitecar, 2209 Minnesota Ave. S. E.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas. B. Cameron, Bethesda, Md.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary W. H. Amiss, 1008 Monroe St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month. Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 820 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressman, No. 1: Meets fourth Saturday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. E. Blakely, 3527 O St. N. W.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custodian and Janitor, 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, W. P. Cannon, 408 Twelfth St. S. E.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe. 826 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. F. Hickman, 518 Sixth St. N. W.

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Mrs. H. B. Tritipoe, 1737 Willard street N. W., Apt. 20.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10.30 a. m. and 8.30 p. m. Secretary, G. W. Calderhead, Ouray Building, Room 812.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle, 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 750 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Friday, Typographical Temple. Secretary, L. Gantt, 57-A Bates Street.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: International Secretary-Treasurer, Jas. E. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G St. N. W. Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth St. N. W.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

J. G. O'DONNELL, President, 122 Sixth St. N. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, Vice-President, 519 M St. S. W.
THOS. W. WOLTZ, Recording Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
G. H. F. DAVIS, Treasurer, 439 Second St.S. E.
W. I. STRATTON, Conductor, 617 Sixth St. N. W.
A. F. MOIRSETTE, Warden, 425 G St. N. W.
GEO. MYERS, Business Agent, 425 G St. N. W.

TRUSTEES.

F. J. NOLTE, 24 Eighth Street N. E.
WM. T. BAUM, 472 I Street N. W.
A. P. TAYLOR, 622 I Street N. E.

DELEGATES TO THE DISTRICT COUNCIL.

R. H. BURDETTE, 1207 L Street N. W.
C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
E. B. BYRNE, 425 G Street N. W.
ROBERT REICHARD, 1720 35th Street N. W.
J. H. RYAN, 1101 Eleventh Street S. E.

DELEGATES TO THE CENTRAL LABOR UNION.

C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
R. H. BURDETTE, 816 K Street N. W.
W. S. HOLLOHAN, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
W. T. BAUM, 474 I Street S. W.
MARK REILEY, 1127 B Street S. E.

RELIEF COMMITTEE.

M. REILLY, 1127 B Street S. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
H. M. BEVILL, Brentwood, Md.
J. T. CLIFT, 4115 Seventh Street N. W.
M.A. FOLEY, 118 Seaton Street N. E.

MILL COMMITTEE.

F. E. KETTNER, 3016 Cambridge St. N. W.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
O. A. CARTER, Rosslyn, Va.

DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

G. H. F. DAVIS, 439 Second Street S. E.

Clothes, Hats and Shoes

The Bieber-Kaufman Co.
901-909 Eighth St. S. E.
Down by the Navy Yard
Washington, D. C.

PHONE MAIN 6079.

Reno Lunch
W. H. WOODCOCK, Proprietor.
625 PA. AVE. N. W.
HOME COOKED FOODS
NEVER CLOSED

CORBY'S DELICIOUS CAKE
10c PER HALF LB.
AT ALL GROCERS

The only strictly
UNION TAILORING
house in the city
M. STEIN & CO.
TAILORS
Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

THE MILTON SCHOOL
Oxford Bldg., 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.
Stenography
Typewriting
English
Spanish
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO BEGINNERS
Now in larger quarters in the Oxford Building, 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
Meets Every Monday Night
Typographica Temple
423-425 G St. N. W.
Secretary s Address: 1325 E. Capitol St.
Telephone: Lincoln 3955

OFFICERS

N. A. JAMES ..... President
HUGH DIGNEY ..... Vice-President
JOHN B. COLPOYS, Secretary, 1325 E. Capitol St.
JOSEPH E. TOONE ..... Financial Secretary
WM. H. SCHAEFER ..... Treasurer
JOSEPH C. CLARK ..... Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES: Wm. Zell, Mary Ganzhorn, J. L. Considine

COMMITTEES

Executive—Hugh Digney (chairman), N. A. James, John B. Colpoys, J. E. Toone, W. N. Huttel, John R. Hartley.

Legislative—Robert Jones (chairman), John H. Lorch, N. P. Alifas, H. R. Alcorn, E. W. Oyster.

Adjustment—W. N. Huttel (chairman), Jere McCarthy, J. A. McDonald, Ben Spellbring, John G. Schmidt.

Contract—John R. Hartley (chairman), W. H. Schaefer, Hubert Newsom, C. H. Adams, A. J. Ginnelly.

Laws—Dan Hassett (chairman), J. H. Wells, D. J. O'Leary.

Resolutions—J. L. Considine (chairman), Zep S. Pollock, A. J. Kinnell.

Organization—J. E. Toone (chairman), Mary Burkhead, Henry Miller, J. H. Wilson, H. A. Ranier.

Auditing—Mary Ganzhorn (chairman), Marguerite Stewart, E. Wood.

Credentials—M. J. Costella (chairman), J. H. Swain, S. T. Ford.

Lable—E. T. Good.

Press—John B. Colpoys (chairman, N. A. Sprague, B. O'Leary.

Delegates to Baltimore—J. E. Toone (chairman) J. M. Foster, William Zell.

Delegates to Alexandria—H. F. Oehler (chairman). Chas. Allison, L. A. Sterne.

Saks & Company
MEN'S and BOYS' OUTFITTERS
Pa. Ave. & 7th St. Wash., D. C.
Specialists in Apparel for Men and Boys.

AMERICAN LUNCH
VIRGINIA THEATRE
Stag Hotel
JOHN J. NOONAN.

LIST OF LIQUOR DEALERS WHO HAVE SIGNED "THE AGREEMENT."

Allen, Paul.....2 N st. n. e.
Allen, John J...807 N. C. Cap st. n. e.
Beirkle, Leopold, - 1245 H st. n. e.
Boyle, William J., 601 Mass. ave n. w.
Castelli, Vincent, 502-504 Ninth st.n.w.
Clark, C. H.....510 9th st. n. w.
Colonial Beach Boat Co.
Costello, Bros.....604 G st. n. w.
Crowley, James J.....702 E st. n. w.
Daly, T. J.....34 H st. n. e.
Daye, Wm. T.....1218 Wisc. ave.
Doyle, Wm. T....1314 Wisc. ave. n. w.
Duffy, James A. -901 1-2 E st. n. w.
Wm. R. Fosbender, 406 Ninth st. n w.
Franey, F. A.....711½ 9th st. n. w.
Frank, Mrs. M. E. - 319 G st. n. w.
Ganey, M.....615 7th st. s. w.
Glavin, Edwin.....309 G st. n. w.
Hannan, Mrs. E.....531 7th st. s. w.
Hanlon, Timothy.....822 H st. n. e.
Kelliher, J. D.....1258 7th st. s. w.
Killeen, John F.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Louis Hodges, - - 407 9th st n. w.
Lynagh, Peter J.....523 7th st. s. w.
Lynch, John.....417 9th st. n. w.
McCarthy, Dennis J., Evans building.
McCarthy, F. J.....910 4½ st. s. w.
McDonald, F. J.....643 Pa. ave. s. e.
McGuire, J. Chas., 519 Ninth st. n. w.
McHough, Martin....1105 H st. n. e.
Milton Schmidt, - 702 7th st. n. w.
O'Connor, D. J.....100 G st. n. w.
O'Connor, Patrick F., 617 D st. n. w.
O'Connor, James.....1429 N. Cap. st.
O'Day, John T. - 921 Ninth st. n. w.
O'Donnell, James J...333 Pa. ave. s. e.
Peter White, - - - 905 D st. n. w.
Raftery, Thomas.....406 H st. n. e.
Raftery, Patrick.....225 11th st. n. e.
Roland, J. H.....511 9th st. n. w.
Scanlon, Daniel,.....103 H st. n. w.
Schroter, Conrad....3258 M st. n. w.
Schltz, Mary T.....607 G st. n. w.
Sheehan, John J., 701 North Cap. st.
Solon, Mary A., - 1003 7th st. e.
Stern, M. M.....601 7th st. n. w.
Stanton, Frank J.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Sullivan, David, 12th and E st. n. w.
Sullivan, John J., 1351 35th st. n. w.
The Casino, Frank Farenkamp (Chesapeake Beach).
Victor Buffet Co., Inc., 7th and G n. w.
Walsh, David, - - 407 10th st. n. w.
Wassman, Henry, 705 Seventh st. n. w.
Wiedeman, Joseph....629 E st. n. w.
William J. O'Leary, 733 North Cap. st.
Wininghер, Harry 631 Pa. ave. s. e.
Wolf, Frank, - 512 12th st. n. w.

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

UNION OPERATOR — LOCAL No. 224 — WASH. D. C. — I. A. T. S. E. — AFFILIATED WITH CENTRAL LABOR UNION & A. F. of L.

American, 1st st. and R. . ave.n.w.
Apollo, - - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Aragon Airdome, Md. Ave. 8 & 9, N.E.
Arcade (Theatre and Park, 14th and Park Road.
Auditorium, 13th st. and N. Y. ave.n.w.
Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Central Park, - 9th St. G & H N.W.
Chelsia Theatre, 19th and M sts. n. w.
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N. W.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Eastern, - - 8th St. bet. F & G S. E.
Elite Theatre, 14th and R. I. ave. n. w.
Empire, - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Favorite, H St. North Capitol & First
Garden Theatre, 423 Ninth st. n. w.
Garden Theatre, - Hopewell, Va.
Gayety Theatre, - 513 9th st. n. w.
Georgia - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
Home Theater, C bet. 12th & 13th n. e.
Leader - - - 509 Ninth St. N. W.
Liberty Theatre, N. Capitol & P St.
"M" Street Theatre, M St. near 32nd
Maycroft Park, H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Meaders, - - - 8th & G Sts. S. E.
Mid City, - 7th, bet. N and O st. n. w.
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15, N.W.
Orpheum, - - 4th and C st. n. e.
Peerless Park, - 3105 Ga. ave. n. w.
Plaza Theatre - 434 9th st. n. w.
Pleasant Hrr. Park, 12 and C N. E.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Proctor Park, - - Anacostia, D. C.
Randolpr Park, 1st and Randolph n. w.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
R. I. Theatre, 7th and R. I. Ave. N. W.
Savoy, - - - 14th and Col. Road.
Schuetzen Park, Ga. ave. and Kenyon
Senate, Pa. Ave. bet. 3d & 4th, S. E.
Standard Park, Bates, near N. Cap. St.
Strand, - - - - - Ninth and D.
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N. E.
Stanton Park, - - - 219 4th N. E.
Starlight Park, 4 1-2 and K st. n. w.
Surprise Theatre - Alexandria, Va.
The Grand, - - - Hopewell, Va.
The Richmond, - - Alexandria, Va.
Truxton Park, N. Capitol & Fla. Ave.
Twilight Park, Pa. Ave. 13 & 14, S. E.
Victoria Theatre, 7th & E Sts. S. W.
Welcome, - - 4 1-2 and K st. s. w.
Zenith, - - 8th St. bet. G & H, S. E.

CHESAPEAKE BEACH
ON THE BAY

Many new attractions, including Monster Derby built over the water. New standard bowling alleys on Board Walk.
Free Dancing.
Numerous amusements for young and old.
ROUND TRIP: SUNDAYS and HOLIDAYS, 50c.
All Other Days, Including Saturdays, 25c.
TRAIN LEAVES DAILY EXCEPT SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS: 9.15, 10.00, 11.30 A. M., 2.30 AND 6.30 P. M.
SATURDAYS: 9.15, 10.00, 11.30 A. M., 2.00, 2.30, 3.25, 5.30 AND 8.00 P. M.
SUNDAYS: 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 A. M., 2.00, 3.20, 4.45 AND 8.00 P. M.

IF YOU
Are particular about what you buy in drugs and drug store goods we would like to have YOU call at our store. It's particular customers who help us make a reputation.
Our prescription business is our pride. We've worked hard to build it up. We give it our increasing care. Our motto is accuracy and purity.
WELLER'S DRUG STORE
Eighth and Eye Sts. S. E. 36th and M N. W.

When in Doubt, Buy of
HOUSE & HERRMANN
FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.
N.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W

STORAGE PACKING FREIGHT HAULING
Merchants Transfer
— AND —
Storage Company
920-922 E Street Northwest
Phone Main 6900
SHIPPING MOVING HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

FIREPROOF CONSTRUCTION
Hammett Fire Proofing Company
301-302-303 Wilkins Bldg.
Phone Main 3337.

PHONE NORTH 2349
DONOVAN'S
FINE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS
2008 14th St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I.P.E.U. READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXI. NO. 12 WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 15, 1916. ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

PRESIDENT A. F. OF L. FURNISHES RECORD OF BOTH CANDIDATES

Mr. H. O. McCLURG, Secretary Labor's Volunteer Cooperative Citizenship and Educational Committee, P. O. Box 479, Birmingham, Alabama.

Dear Sir and Brother: Your favors of July 17 and July 26 addresed to Mr. Frank Morrison, Secretary of the American Federation of Labor, have been turned over to us for reply. In your favor of July 17 you ask:

"Will you kindly give us the labor record of the candidates who are offering for the Presidency of the United States. Our committee investigates the record of all men who offer for public office in which Labor is interested. These records are all compiled and then given to the membership of organized Labor without comment whatever, allowing the members to select according to the record that the various candidates have made themselves."

Replying to the above query and statement, we feel that it is due you and the members of your organization to say that in our opinion you have taken the correct attitude and if you maintain your service on a rigid non-partisan basis, such as you describe, you will find that the influence of your organization will always prove helpful to the best interests of all the people.

The legislative record of the Honorable Woodrow Wilson, Democratic nominee for President in regard to labor measures that have come before him for action during his incumbency in the office of President, since March 4, 1913, is as follows.

President Wilson's Record.

One of the first acts of the President—on March 4, 1913—was to appoint a member in good standing of the trade union movement, Honorable William B. Wilson, a member and former Secretary of the United Mine Workers of America, Secretary of the Department of Labor, thereby making him a member of the President's Cabinet. This is the first instance in the history of the United States where the President of the United States selected a bona fide good standing member of the organized labor movement to become a member of his Cabinet.

At the request of the Executive Council of the American Federation of Labor President Wilson appointed, on September 10, 1913, representatives of the American Federation of Labor and the Railroad Brotherhoods as members of the Industrial Relations Commission, Mr. James O'Connell, Vice-President of the American Federation of Labor; Mr. John B. Lennon, Treasurer of the American Federation of Labor, and Mr. Austin B. Garretson, Grand Chief Conductor of the Order of Railroad Conductors.

On October 15, 1914—President Wilson approved the law which takes the organizations of Labor and the Farmers' organizations from the purview of the Antitrust Act; limits the use and prevents the abuse of the writ of injunction in labor disputes; defines and restricts punishment for alleged contempts of injunction writs and provides jury trials in contempt cases.

On June 23, 1913—The law prohibiting the Department of Justice from using antitrust appropriation funds to prosecute Labor and Farmers' Organizations under the Antitrust Act, was approved.

On August 1, 1914—the same was again approved.

On March 3, 1915—the same was approved.

On March 4, 1915—the President approved the Seamen's law, which abolishes involuntary servitude, provides better treatment of seamen and improves the life-saving provisions on vessels at sea.

On July 15, 1913—the old conciliation, mediation and arbitration act was repealed, and the new law enacted with permanent officials appointed to administer it in behalf of railroad employes engaged in operationg service.

On February 24, 1914—the Eight-hour law was enacted for women and child workers of the District of Columbia. (Decided Constitutional March 13, 1915, by the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia.)

On October 20, 1914—the Eight hour provision was approved for employes under the Alaska Coal Land Act.

On March 12, 1914—the law providing for the public construction of the Alaska railroad.

On May 8, 1914—Industrial Education provided with appropriations for farmers and rural residents under the Agricultural Extension Act.

On March 4, 1915—the Taylor System, stop-watch and speeding-up methods in the United States arsenals prohibited.

On March 3, 1915—Taylor System, stop-watch and speeding-up methods in the United States Navy Yards, gun factories and torpedo stations prohibited.

On March 9, 1914—Piecework was prohibited in the Post Office Department, Washington, D. C.

On March 3, 1915—Public construction of battleships, transports and other vessels in U. S. Navy Yards extended. Repairs to vessels of the Navy to be made in governmental instead of private yards. Steadier work assured to employes of government navy yards.

On March 3, 1915—Licensed officers, such as masters, mates and pilots, guaranteed right to quit, and protected when reporting defects of their vessels to government inspectors.

On March 3, 1915—Bureau of Mines Act extended and strengthened. Ten new experiment stations and seven new safety stations provided.

On May 28, 1913—Senatorial investigation of industrial dispute in the coal fields of West Virginia, whereby peace was restored; the eight-hour day secured; check weighmen provided, and 10 per cent increase in wages gained—right of organization guaranteed and other improved working conditions included.

On March 9, 1914—Compensation for Injuries Act extended to Post Office employes.

On March 4, 1915—Post Office Employes—annual promotion maintained, notwithstanding the Postmaster General's efforts to substitute biennial for annual promotions.

On March 4, 1915—Eight-hour law for Post Office clerks and carriers retained, notwithstanding the effort of the Postmaster General to change radically.

On March 4, 1915—Letter Carriers' salaries restored, notwithstanding the effort of the Postmaster General to reduce the pay of letter carriers, known as collectors, from $1,200 to $1,000 per year.

On March 4, 1915—Locomotive boiler inspection act extended to cover locomotive engines and tenders.

On March 4, 1915—Leave of absence with pay to employes of Government Printing Office extended from 26 to 30 days per year.

On January 28, 1914—Special Congressional investigation of industrial disputes in the Colorado coal fields and the Michigan copper region, wherein all of the complaints and charges made by the men of Labor against the mining companies and the alliance of these companies with the political and military powers of the states were officially verified and substantiated.

On March 3, 1915—An additional annual appropriation of $240,000 for the years 1914-15 was provided for the payroll of the metal trades mechanics employed at the Washington, D. C. Navy Yard. This was equivalent to a 7.81 per cent increase in wages.

On December 17, 1914—The statutory enactment of an income tax in conformity with the recent United States constitutional amendment.

On July 16, 1914—An additional appropriation of $139,000 for the work of the Children's Bureau.

On July 16, 1914—More adequate provisions for the Department of Labor to carry on its work.

On June 15, 1914—Prevented a reduction in wages and installation and collection of rents for employes on the Panama Canal Zone.

On May 4, 1916—The President approved the amendment to the Hours of Service Act (the sixteen-hour law for railroad men), containing a minimum and maximum penalty for violation of same by railroad companies.

On May 10, 1916—The President approved the Legislative Appropriations Bill after the objectionable Borland Amendment, which was for the purpose of lengthening the workday of Government employes without extra compensation and without arranging for overtime rates, had been stricken from the bill.

On July 1, 1916—the President approved the Sundry Civil Appropriation Bill which carries with it the Anti-Taylor System proviso.

On July 6, 1916—President Wilson approved the Fortifications' Bill which carries with it the important provision which prohibits the use of the inhuman Taylor System in government workshops.

On July 17, 1916—An act to provide capital for agricultural development, to create standard forms of investment based upon farm mortgage, to equalize rates of interest upon farm loans, to furnish a market for United States bonds, to create Government depositaries and financial agents for the United States, and for other purposes.

On July 28, 1916—The Post Office Appropriation Bill was approved. This bill contains provisions improving the conditions of letter carriers, clerks and other Post Office employes.

There are several other important labor measures upon the calendars of both houses, which, if passed, it is confidently expected he will also approve.

On July 4, 1916, on the occasion of the dedication of the American Federation of Labor office building in Washington, D. C., President Wilson delivered an inspiring address from which I quote in part, as follows:

"No man ought to suffer injustice in America. No man ought in America to fail to see the deep dictates of humanity.

"Mr. Gompers was referring just now to the sixth section of the Clayton Antitrust law, the section in which the obvious is stated, namely, that a man's labor is not a commodity, but a part of his life, and that, therefore, the courts must not treat it as if it were a commodity, but must treat it as if it were a part of his life. I am sorry that there were any judges in the United States who had to be told that. It is so obvious that it seems to me that that section of the Clayton Act were a return to the primer of human libeerty; but if judges have to have the primer opened before them I am willing to open it."

Students of history may search wide and deep, they may spend many years of keen research and nowhere in the pages of American history will they find a clearer and more definite pronouncement in behalf of real, human liberty than the above expression by President Woodrow Wilson on July 4, 1916.

Justice Hughes' Record.

You also ask for the record of the Honorable Charles Evans Hughes, Republican nominee for President, as to labor measures, and particularly as to the Danbury Hatters' Case.

The Danbury Hatters' Case has an historical place in Labor's struggle for freedom. It was in the course of the trial of this case that the workers of our country finally succeeded in securing a declaration from the highest court of the land as to the application of anittrust legislation to associations of wage-earners.

The decision of the court in this case involved a principle of fundamental importance to workers. It was the same principle involved in the abuse of the writ of injunction which, under the perversion by judges, who had no understanding of industrial conditions and the labor of human beings, had been transformed into an agency at the service of employers who wished to restrict the industrial freedom of their employes and to prevent their using legitimate methods of securing their demands and promoting their welfare.

The theory upon which courts have held that Antitrust legislation applied to associations of wage-earners and that injunctions could be used to regulate industrial relations, which are personal relations, was the assumption that the labor of a human being was an article or a commodity and, therefore, property. This assumption recognizes no distinction between the creative labor power of a human being which is inseparable from his living body and the articles which he produces.

In 1908 the Supreme Court of the United States rendered a decision in the Hatters' Case when the initial appeal was made.

In 1914 the United States Supreme Court delivered their final decision in the case and sustained the contentions of the lawyers of the Anti-Boycott Association which investigated that suit against the Hatters in the name of the D. E. Loewe Company, hat manufacturers of Danbury, Connecticut.

The court sustained the position that the Sherman Antitrust law applied to the personal attributes and normal activities of human beings. They held to the theory that there was no distinction between the labor power of human beings on the one hand and articles or commodities on the other—articles or commodities which men sought to control and manipulate through trusts. This decision threatened the very existence of voluntary associated effort—the effort of the organized workers to carry out the normal purposes for which they were organized; that is, to improve standards of life and work, wages, hours and conditions of employment. Such activities of the workers were, by the decision of the Supreme Court of the United States, regarded as liable to all the civil and criminal penalties under the Antitrust laws of the United States. In other words, the Sherman Antitrust law, enacted to curb the stupidity and machinations of the combinations of wealthy owners, was to be applied to the voluntary organization of the workers instituted for beneficent purposes and the welfare of human beings.

The decision in this case, which is known as Loewe vs. Lawlor, declared that the damages in the case were $80,000 which, under the provisions of the Sherman Antitrust Act were tripled, and together with the costs of the case and the interest, made a total sum of over $300,000, which the Danbury Hatters must pay to D. E. Loewe and Company.

Mr. Charles Evans Hughes was a Justice of the United States Supreme Court at the time this decision was rendered, and he concurred in the decision.

The last decision in this case, although it is brief, reaffirms all that the court declared in their 1908 opinion.

There is another opinion of the United States Supreme Court, written by Justice Hughes, which throws light upon his attitude upon this principle, which is of fundamental importance to the workers of the country. It is his opinion in the case of Truax vs. Raich, a case which involved the constitutionality of the Arizona anti-alien law. Under that law all employers of Arizona who employed more than five workers were forbidden to employ less than 80 per cent who were qualified electors or native-born citizens of the United States. In that decision Justice Hughes took the position that the injunctive process applied to personal relations.

Justice Hughes on that occasion and in that decision made more definite his endorsement of the theory that injunctions apply to personal relations.

Mr. Hughes has taken an unequivocal position. He endorses the abuse of the writ of injunction against which wage-earners have vigorously protested, and which they have tried to correct by remedial legislation in order that they might enjoy the rights and opportunities of free citizens.

The above is accurately the information for which you asked and we take it that it will be of importance to you, as well as to the working people and liberty-loving citizens all over the country, in enabling them to understand the mental attitude and the action of both President Woodrow Wilson and Honorable Charles Evans Hughes who are now candidates for the Presidency of the United States.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - Editor
Wm. H. Anglin - - - - - Associate Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR TRADE AND LABOR UNION WASHINGTON 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., SEPTEMBER 15, 1916.

NOW OR NEVER!

With all the countries of Europe crushing out lives with modern methods of warfare—they are simply doing mechanically what the capitalists of America are doing industrially.

The past is filled with a record of dissappointments to men who toil, who have stood idly by and seen the holocaust of disaster disappear before they made their demands—and, lo, the tide was stemmed.

The laboring element has benefited materially by past experiences and past experiences have proven that **you must get yours while the getting is good;** therefore it is now or never.

True, the seeming industrial strife waged amongst us during the past year has been annoying to commercial pursuits, but the supply falling so far short of demand, the enormous prices charged, the profits accrued and the insistent demands upon the producer to speed up, has awakened the laboring class of America to the fact that something is being done, and as they are the ones doing it no fairminded man should be unwilling to share the spoils.

The fairminded man, however, at the head of a commercial enterprise—we know of no such thing. And this statement is buased upon the fact that the men invariably have had to whip them into line in almost every instance where living conditions were asked for. And, incidentally, it takes the organized man to do that little stunt.

The United States has had, practically, four years of abnormal prosperity, and bids fair to be a world power when the smoke of battle has cleared away in Europe.

We would like to see it such, and in a position to hold its place in the affairs of nations. In order for it to do that it must PREPARE. No better preparation can be made than good conditions, increased wages, shorter hours for those who toil.

Despite all argument to the contrary, a careful computation of increased wages compared with the increased cost of living commodities can't help but convey even to the mind of the illiterate the truth of the statement that **the more we make, the less we get.**

It therefore remains for an equalization somewhere. It is bound to come, sooner or later, for the trades unionists of this continent; and while we hope that all strikes will be a declaration of determination rather than a declaration to destroy, we know the frailties of human nature.

Thus far we have been fairly successful, but it will be no surprise to us to see some mogul that believes himself bigger than the trades unionist movement, and through selfishness, coupled with an over abundance of pig-headedness, precipitate a calamity in the way of an industrial war.

The clouds are threatening New York at this moment.

Yet the time for the demand of labor is now—NOW OR NEVER!

RAILROADS STILL CRY "WOLF."

"Wolf, wolf," is the cry of railroads because Congress has passed the eight-hour law for railroad employes engaged in interstate commerce.

"The railroads have cried 'wolf' for so long when anybody has tried to regulate them that they don't get much of a rise any more," said Congressman Adamson, author of the new law, and chairman of the House Interstate and Foreign Commerce Committee.

No law, intended to protect life and limb, was ever passed by Congress, but the railroads cried "wolf." The same cry was heard when Congress created the present interstate commerce commission.

ALIENS TO LEARN ENGLISH.

The federal bureau of education has launched its nation-wide campaign to induce the 3,000,000 non-English speaking immigrants in this country to attend night school and learn the language of their new land. Letters explaining this work have been forwarded representative men and women in every activity and an effort will be made to enlist trade union, educational and business organizations and private associations. It is intended to appoint co-operating subcommittees in the principal immigrant communities.

In a recent speech in the United States Senate, Senator Dillingham stated that the number of non-English speaking immigrants has increased from 900,000 in 1900 to 2,800,000 in 1910, and that this condition constitutes a menace to American institutions.

SAME OLD "BILL" WILSON.

Hon. W. B. Wilson, secretary of labor, was a speaker at the mass meeting called by the local Central Labor Union and at which President Gompers was invited to reply to Senator Sherman.

The cabinet official again proved he is still "Bill" Wilson, and the same trade unionist of old. He recounted his 30 years' acquaintance with President Gompers, and said his position in the present circumstances was like the old lady who heard her boy was engaged in a fight. She grabbed a broom, saying: "I can't do much, but I can at least show which side I'm on."

The trades unionist movement is one that requires a lot of preaching, and it sometimes look like a shame to dull the point of a perfectly good gimlet.

HEALTH NEWS.

What profiteth a man that he gain the whole world yet lose his health?

Naturalists say that long ago the prehistoric waters were infested with a species of enormous shark which finally became extinct by reason of the working of its voracious appetite. Thus Nature eliminates the over-fed.

The desire for ease of life and plentiful diet is universal and is the great stimulus of man and animals alike. When man becomes greedy and takes more ease and food and drink than is his share, Nature discards him.

In the race for power and place, for ease of circumstance and relief from the stimulus of hunger, the modern man is apt to forget that unless he is careful of his body he will soon be made to suffer for the infraction of Nature's inexorable physical law. With the loss in body tone comes an equal loss in mental acuity and the brain which for a time was able to operate despite the complaints of an over-fed, under-exercised, self-poisoned body, stops working.

Statisticians have discovered that the mortality rate of persons in the United States over 45 years of age is increasing. The strenuous life of today is not alone responsible for this. Lack of health-giving exercise, superfluity of diet, lack of restoring sleep, over-stimulation, the high pressure of the race for power, wealth and position, plus physical neglect—these bring early decay. The goal is reached, wealth is amassed, honor, position and power are just being grasped when the apple of accomplishment turns to the ashes of dissolution. The brilliant mind becomes clouded, the steady hand is no longer accurate, the eye which once gazed fearlessly on the whole world is dimmed and it is not long before the final break-up occurs. All of this was entirely preventable.

Other things being equal, it is the man who leads the well-balanced life who lasts the longest, whose work to the last is uniformly the best, he who neither over-works or over-plays, neither over-eats, over-drinks, over-sleeps, he who maintains a standard of simple healthy diet in moderation, who offsets mental work with physical recreation, who is as honest with his own body as he is with his own business. When success comes to such an one his physical and mental condition is such that he can enjoy in peace of mind and contentment of body the fruits of his labors.

The regulations of U. S. Public Health Service state: "It is the duty of officers to maintain their physical as well as their professional fitness. To this end they shall be allowed time for recreation and study whenever their official duties will permit." If the government regards it as essential that its sanitary experts shall be safeguarded in this way, is it not equally important to every citizen that he similarly maintain a high standard of physical integrity?

DECORATE A. F. OF L. HOME.

C. W. Bowerman, secretary parliamentary committee British Trade Union Congress, has forwarded President Gompers a photograph of the piece of marble sculpture, entitled "The Triumph of Labor," which will be installed in the new American Federation of Labor building as a fraternal expression by English trade unionists. The work will be enclosed in a frame of English oak, with a gilt bronze band of laurel surrounding. The size of the marble will be 6 x 3 feet.

Secretary Bowerman writes:

"The central figure is symbolic of the triumph and is standing upon an octopus with tentacles lopped and dying, slain by the noble aims and objects achieved by labor. Behind this figure is a great procession without beginning or end. On one side are the earliest types of workers—husbandmen and tillers of the earth—and on the other the modern workers. Laborers, agriculture, miners and various other trades are represented. In the background, ships, cranes, etc."

GAINS IN COLORADO.

Writing in the American Federationist, current issue, Secretary-Treasurer Anderson, of the Colorado State Federation of Labor, says:

"Colorado, the home of Rockefeller's benevolent paternalism and trying-out place of other fads and experiments that affect the welfare of the working people (among which might be mentioned the industrial commission law, inflicted on us by the last legislature, can, in spite of all these afflictions, report a year of industrial activity and growth for the family of labor organizations, not dreamed of by the most optimistic of our membership."

Secretary-Treasurer Anderson says several large anti-union corporations have increased wages of employes, "not out of their love for them, but because of expediency.

"In connection with this voluntary increase," continues the unionist, "it might be well to mention that it is easy to give, and just as easy to take away, and without an organization to protect their rights they have no assurance how long they will be the recipients of their masters' generosity. In the plan of the Rockefeller 'union' any method to make or enforce a demand for an increase of wages, or better working conditions, is very conspicuous by its absence."

CHILD LABOR BILL IS SIGNED.

President Wilson has signed the federal child labor bill and organized labor records another advance in its fight against this evil. Under the new law it will be illegal to ship out of a state any product made in whole or in part by a factory employing children under 14 years of age, or the product of any mine or quarry which employs children under 16 years of age.

In signing the bill the president said:

"I want to say with what real emotion I sign this bill, because I know how long the struggle has been to secure legislation of this sort and what it is going to mean to the health and to the vigor of the country, and to the happiness of those whom it affects. It is with genuine pride that I play my part in completing this legislation. I congratulate the country and felicitate myself."

The law will release from southern mills children who must now be provided with school facilities and whose parents must be paid a sufficient wage to keep them in comfort. Agitation for these conditions devolves upon the organized workers, as does the demand that 14-year-old children in any state are not equipped, either mentally or physically, for a factory life which weakens future generations.

ESTABLISHED 1865 — 51 YEARS IN BUSINESS
CHRISTIAN XANDER'S
Imperial Dry Gin
THE WORLD'S BEST, 75c A FULL QUART.
909 7th Street, Northwest. — No Branch Houses. Phone M. 274

MEATS — GROCERIES — FISH
Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the
OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.
930 La. Ave. N. W. — 1111 H Street N. E.
8th & E Sts. S. E. — 1632 N. Capitol Street
31st & M Sts. N. W. — 3418-20 Ga. Ave. N. W.
7th & Q Sts. N. W. — 14th & U Streets N. W.
1778 U Street, N.W. — 7th and B Streets N. E.
7th & H Street N. E. — 3113 14th Street, N. W.
726 7th St. N. W. — 1440 P St. N. W.
2002-2004 Ga. Ave. N. W.
POULTRY — BREAD — PRODUCE

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF THE UNITED BREWERY WORKMEN
Union MADE Beer — Ale AND Porter
OF AMERICA
COPYRIGHT & TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1903
THIS IS OUR LABEL.

VOTE
Against Prohibition
DEMAND
Personal Liberty
IN CHOOSING WHAT YOU WILL DRINK
ASK FOR THIS LABEL WHEN PURCHASING BEER, ALE OR PORTER.
As A Guarantee That It Is Union Made.

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK
Northwest Corner FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST
LOOK FOR THE CLOCKS
4 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts
COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

THIS SPACE FOR SALE

WASHINGTON'S LARGEST PRINTING PLANT DEVOTED TO COMMERCIAL WORK
THE LAW REPORTER PRINTING COMPANY
COMMERCIAL PRINTERS AND STATIONERS
518-520 FIFTH STREET N.W.
WASHINGTON, D. C.
TELEPHONE MAIN 828
F. B. CROWN, MANAGER

BOOT & SHOE WORKERS UNION — UNION STAMP — Factory
Named Shoes are Frequently Made in Non-Union Factories
DO NOT BUY ANY SHOE
No matter what its name, unless it bears a plain and readable impression of this Union Stamp. All shoes without the Union Stamp are always Non-Union. Do not accept any excuse for absence of the Union Stamp
Boot and Shoe Workers' Union, 246 Summer St., Boston, Mass.
JOHN F. TOBIN President. — CHAS. L. BAINE, Sec.-Treas.

WASHINGTON BREWERY CO.
IMPERIAL EXPORT
A really fine beer

WIENER BEER (Light) — CONGRESS BREW (Dark)
— ALE —
Arlington Brewing Co.
— PORTER —
Tel. West 129 — ROSSLYN, VA.

A VERY LARGE LINE OF HAIR BRUSHES
All Shapes, Colors, and Prices.
Quite equal to the best assortment in the city; leastwise, sufficiently large from which to make a satisfactory selection, at
WELLER'S DRUG STORE
Eighth and Eye Sts. S. E. — 36th and M N. W.

STORAGE — PACKING — FREIGHT HAULING
Merchants Transfer
— AND —
Storage Company
920-922 E Street Northwest
Phone Main 6900
SHIPPING — MOVING — HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

When in Doubt, Buy of
HOUSE & HERRMANN
FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.
N.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W

FIREPROOF CONSTRUCTION
Hammett Fire Proofing Company
301-302-303 Wilkins Bldg.
Phone Main 3337.

PHONE NORTH 2349
DONOVAN'S
FINE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS
2003 14th St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

Sanitary

Paper Towels
Paper rinking Cups
Paper Napkins

—For Lunchrooms.
—For Stores, Public
—Buildings, Offices, Etc.

Best quality round-shaped 5-oz., 7-oz., and 12-oz., Drinking Cups, in sealed cartons of 100—a supply sufficient to fill the glass-covered, nickel-base dispensing machine—appropriate for office or any public use.

Special low prices in 1,000 lots.

PAPER TOWELS

Fine absorbent tissue in towel rolls of 150 towels—sealed packages, 25 cents per roll.

Sanitary glass and nickel containers, including a special size of 60 capacity for office use.

Dulin & Martin Co.
Pottery, Porcelain, China, Glass, Silver, &c.
1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St.

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY

Equitable Life Insurance Co.
of the District of Columbia

THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Issues Ordinary and Industrial

Wm. A. Bennett, 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.

EQUITABLE BLD'G. 816 14th ST., N. W.

Black's Alderney and Green Meadow Dairy
Pasteurized and Tubercoline Tested Milk.
Phone N. 1670. Union Dairies.

LANSBURGH & BRO.

"DRY GOODS ONLY"

The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City

420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

Bell Brand Union-Made
COLLARS and SHIRTS
LARGE ASSORTMENT
T. HOLLANDER
North Capitol and H Streets

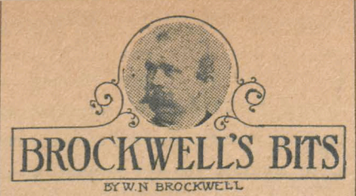
Takoma Bread
Fresh Three Times Daily
AT ALL GROCERS
Havenner Baking Company
Established 1815

Phone Main 3871

WM. H. HOWLIN
OURAY BUILDING, 801 G ST. N. W.
(Room 404)

Engrossing Resolutions, Diplomas, Charters and Fancy Pen Work of all descriptions.

CELTIC CLUB WHISKEY
Our Specialty
Never Changes. Accept No Substitute
Once Tried You'll Always Use It.
Ports and Sherries for family use, Quarts, 50 and 75 cents. All makes of Beer. Leading brands of Cigars. Ales and Porters on draught the year round.
D. J. O'CONNOR
New Jersey Ave. and G Sts. N.W



Sincere regret is expressed by all his friends in the Printing Office—and they are many—concerning the serious illness of Charles Stutsman, a well-known reader and editor there. Mr. Stutsman is at his home in Des Moines, Iowa, and only a faint hope is held out for his recovery.

* * *

The printerman is again triumphant. Not only is he a good "jiner," but he is also an easy winner in official contests—a fact pleasantly illustrated in the elevation of Daniel V. Chisholm, a well-known Washington printer, to the head of the Spanish War Veterans of the entire country. His election took place in Chicago, and I notice the names of several of his Washington boosters there who are away up in that line and who occasionally "make medicine" successfully in the affairs of Columbia Union. Brother Chisholm is well fitted to the position he has won, and he is receiving the congratulations of numerous friends here and elsewhere on his success.

* * *

Recently through the Government Printing Office there was taken a subscription for the benefit of the families of men formerly employed there who are now in the Army. The G. P. O. Voluntary Relief Association is the organization behind the scheme, and it strikes the writer as a worthy one. If Uncle Sam fails to take as good care of his soldiers and their families as he ought to, it becomes imperative for the individual to "chip in." The Association comprises representatives of all the trades employed in the Office, the officers being E. W. Morcock, president; E. A. Strudly, secretary; N. C. Sprague, treasurer. Latta O. Early is chairman of the relief committee, and I am told that much good work has already been done by him and his associates.

* * *

Columbia Typographical Union meets Sunday at 2 p. m.

* * *

What is believed to be something unique in advertising was shown to me last week. By way of explanation, the gentleman whose name appears in the cards reproduced below was fined $5 in the police court of a Southern town for intoxication. The local paper published this fact as an item of news, and the payer of the fine was highly indignant, saying that when he needed any more advertising he would attend to it himself. So, a few days later he called and paid for the insertion of this card:

> J. W. Shepherd is a common nuisance; he gets drunk every day. Respectfully,
> J. W. SHEPHERD.

The next week he followed the above with another notice, as follows:

> J. W. Shepherd is going to Lynchburg Tuesday to get drunk. Please take notice.
> J. W. SHEPHERD.

* * *

A friend has shown the Bits a copy of an old paper—The PriceCurrent—published every Saturday morning by N. Sardo, in Washington. It is dated August, 1866. It contains many interesting articles and advertisements—interesting by contrast with those of the present day. For instance, there are the notices of the two railroad lines to the north—the Baltimore and Ohio, with six trains a day for Baltimore, except Sunday, on which day there were only three; and the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore, with two trains for New York and four for Philadelphia every day except Sunday, on which day there was only one train. On the first page is printed a list of members of the Board of Trade of the District of Columbia, many of the names being those of business men of the present day.

Its subscription price was 50 cents per week, payable every four weeks, and each subscriber was entitled to an advertisement of eight lines (which was called a "square"), thus combining the advertising and subscription patronage, and it had no superior as an advertising medium, for (so states the publisher's announcement) "it is circulated in Alexandria, Warrenton, Fredericksburg, Petersburg, Lynchburg, and Richmond, in the State of Virginia, and in Wilmington, N. C., Atlanta, Ga., Macon, Ga., Charleston, S. C., Mobile, Ala., and other points South and Southwest."

The largest advertisement in the Price-Current gives notice of a grand national concert for the benefit of the Soldiers' and Sailors' National Orphans' Home Fund, 300,000 tickets to be sold at $1 each, $250,000 worth of prizes, including 5 houses, city lots, pianos, diamond rings, watches, etc., were to be distributed by chance, permission to hold such lottery having been obtained from the proper officer. A card of Jay Cooke & Co., dealers in Government bonds, etc., carries the mind back to the great panic which came several years later and which was precipitated by the failure of this same firm. Another advertisement announces that A. Rodier had leased Analostan Island and formally thrown open to visitors "this unrivaled summer resort."

The editorial columns contain timely paragraphs—the raising of cotton in Mexico by the Confederate colony there; an anecdote of George Washington; discovery of coal in Kansas; making of photographs by artificial light; etc.

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

Joseph F. Smith and Leon L. Leach, probational linotype operators.

Harry C. Arnold, bookbinder.

Mrs. Ruth G. Johnson, temporary skilled laborer.

Separations.

Joseph L. Neely and Windsor L. Bean, jr., temporary messenger boys, resigned.

Arthur L. Brent and Miss Frances C. Boone, temporary skilled laborers, resigned.

Maurice W. Roche, probational messenger boy, resigned.

William C. Farmer, caster helper, resigned.

Richard S. Dore, messenger boy, resigned.

Miss Blanche R. Seaton, temporary assistant telephone switchboard operator.

Transfers.

George B. Minor, skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour, Presswork Division, to Elevator Conductor, 30 cents per hour, Electrical Section.

Howard D. Thomas, temporary messenger boy, 15 cents per hour, to probational messenger boy at $375 per annum, O. S. D.

Mrs. Ella R. Oliphant, skilled laborer, transferred from Pamphlet Binding Section to Ruling and Sewing Section.

Miss Jese A. Buritt, skilled laborer 25 cents per hour, Pamphlet Binding Section, night, to folder 25 cents per hour, Pamphlet binding section, day.

Edward Ferneyhough, messenger boy $420 per annum to messenger boy $500, office of superintendent of documents.

Frank J. Corsa, messenger boy $375 per annum, to messenger boy $420 per annum, office of superintendent of documents.

John Moore, temporary skilled laborer, transferred from Electrical Section to Stores Division.

Curtis T. Hall, unskilled laborer, transferred from Stores Division to Electrical Section.

Miss Lulu Simpson, skilled laborer 25 cents per hour, Finishing and Forwarding Section to Machine operator, 27 1-2 cents per hour, Ruling and Sewing Section.

Mrs. Ada M. Mojonnier, skilled laborer 25 cents per hour, Pamphlet and Binding Section, day, to machine operator 27 1-2 cents per hour Pamphlet Binding Section.

Leroy Evans, temporary messenger boy, 15 cents per hour, to probational messenger boy, $375 per annum, office of superintendent of documents.

John S. Greene, bookbinder, and Alfred O. P. Grant, temporary bookbinder, transferred from Forwarding and Finishing Section to Pamphlet Binding Section, day.

Walter A. Clarke, messenger boy $500 per annum, to laborer $626 per annum, office of superintendent of documents.

Harry D. Keyser, bookbinder, 50 cents per hour to bookbinder in charge 60 cents per hour, Ruling and Sewing Section.

Fletcher M. Shipley, compositor, 50 cents per hour, Job Section, to make-up, 60 cents per hour Hand Section.

GAVE US A CALL.

Matt Hayes gave us a call on Wednesday, just to let us know that his destination would be in the Southland for the coming winter. Take it from us—now is the time to lay in your coal. When Matt leaves the northern clime for the sweet magnolia scented air of the south, it goes without saying that the rigors of this winter will be frigid.

Demand the union label when purchasing goods. In so doing you are creating a demand for label products as well as conveying the intelligence of where your sympathies lie.

Parker, Bridget & Co.
"The Avenue at Ninth"
Featuring
Extra Value
$15
Suits for Spring

New Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits for Hire

WILNER'S
ADVANCED FALL STYLES

The Latest Novelties of the Season . . . **$18.50**

EVERY UNION MAN OUGHT TO TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THIS OFFER

Not only do we save you $10.00 on every suit you buy, but our workmanship has proven to stand up, to hold its shape, curl nor wrinkle until the garment will last, and we guarantee to last you fully three years.

We are the FIRST and ONLY Union Custom Tailors in this City.

Order Your Suit From

JOS. A. WILNER & COMPANY
COR. 8th and G STREETS NORTHWEST

CORBY'S YEAST
Leaves nothing to guess-work.
Its purity and strength are uniform.
Every baker knows what that means.
Send for samples.
THE CORBY COMPANY
STATION K. WASHINGTON, D. C.

Building Trades Headquarters Sixth and G Sts. N. W
Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rent
WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES TOBACCO. COSTELLO BROS

THE PLATE PRINTER
Official Organ Plate Printers International Union.
P. J. RYAN, Editor. CHAS. T. SMITH, Assoc. Editor.
Subscription $1.00 Per Year
Telephone 4528 Wash. Loan & Trust Bldg.

Representative Houses
OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

BANKS

THE NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burgler-proof vaults, acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth and New York Avenue

THE WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee. etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK
A Bank for the Working People. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account
Ninth and G streets N. W.

UNION SAVINGS BANK. Commercial Accounts. Three per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts. The Oldest Savings Bank in Washington.

MICHAEL T. GREENE
Liquors and Cigars. 639 D St. N. W.

STONER'S BAR AND RESTAURANT
The, G. Stoner. 206 Seventh St.S. W.

J. CHAS. McGUIRE'S BUFFET
Federal Seal Whiskey. 519 Ninth St. N. W.

O'KEEFE'S BUFFET
P. J. O'Keefe, Prop. 904 Pa. Ave. N. W.

GLAVIN'S BUFFET
ED. J. GLAVIN 309 G Street Northwest

OXFORD BUFFET
J. F. SCHRINER 730 14th Street N. W.

FRANK'S BUFFET
Fourth and G Sts., N. W. Phone M. 5572

DAVID WALSH'S BUFFET
407 10th Street N. W.

E. E. FARLEY'S BUFFET
415 13th Street N. W.

J. J. O'DONNELL'S BUFFET
333 Penn. Avenue S. E.

HARRY'S BUFFET
631 Penn. Ave. S. E. Phone Lin. 1848

MACHINIST
G. W. FORSBERG, Formerly with Forsberg and Murray, Elevate Boilers. Eighth and Water Streets S. W. Phone Main 751 and 742

GROCER AND COFFEE ROASTER
O MERSET R. WATERS, 1342 Seventh Street N. W

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
RALSTON AND RICHARDSON, Bond Building, Fourteenth Stree and New York Avenue.
FRANK FULLER Room 421. Munsey Building, Phone Main 1826.

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.
THE SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (INC.) SODA WATER, SYRUPS, Etc., 1066 Wisconsin Avenue Northwest.

PHOTO SUPPLIES
E. J. PULLMAN, Developing and Finishing for Amateurs Specialty 420 Ninth Street N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS
MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Avenue Northwest. Our Specialty Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

FIRE INSURANCE
FIREMAN'S INSURANCE COMPANY, Seventh Street and Louisiana Avenue.

DRY GOODS
WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings Hoisery, a specialty, 806-808 H Street N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

UNDERTAKERS
J. WILLIAM LEE
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY
332 Penna. Avenue N. W.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.
THE W. H. BUTLER COMPANY, 607 and 609 C Street N. W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT
NATIONAL MORTAR COMPANY, First and M Street, Northeast
COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING COMPANY, 3036 K Street.

DRUGGISTS
CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth Street and Virginia Avenue S. E.

DAY & CO
5th and G Sts. N. W. 14th and P Sts. N. W
20th St. and Rhode Island Ave. N. E.

QUIGLEY, Druggist, Twenty-first and G Streets N. W.

A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner Seventh and P Streets N. W.

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1
Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.

M. J. DUNNIGAN, President.....2007 14 Street N.W.
JOHN G. WOLFE, Vice-President. 1023 N. J. Ave. N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W.

TRUSTEES

Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E.
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E.
Thos. L. Nevins.....504 Maine Avenue S. W.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe,.....1023 N. J. Ave. N. W
J. McElfresh,.....
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E.
A. Tenley.....964 Florida Ave. N. W.
M. Sullivan.....5631-2 15 St. S. E.

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.

Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ARBITRATION COMMITTEE.

M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W.
M. A. Wolfe,.....418 F St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. E.
Joseph Harding.....210 13 St. S. W.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....2006 2nd St. N. W
R. Pumphrey.....223 Q St. N. W.
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W.
Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. W.

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave.
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Cap. St.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L St. S. W.

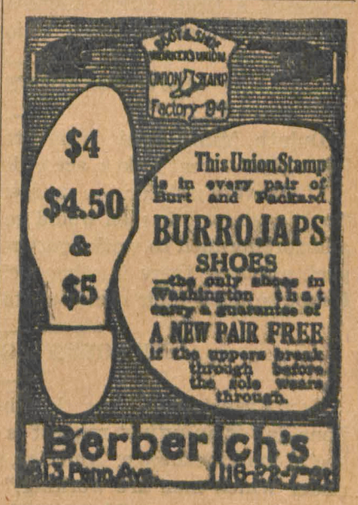
DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.

John Wolfe.....1023 N. J Avenue N. W.
William Pollard.....522 14 St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

Washington District Council of Carpenters
Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

J. G. O'DONNELL, President, L. U. 132, 123 Sixth Street N. E.
E. B. BYRNE, Secretary, L. U. 132, 425 G Street N. W.
F. A. SHOESMITH, Treasurer, L. U. 2563, 5209 Georgia Avenue N. W.
R. H. BURDETTE, Trustee, L. U. 132, 1207 L Street N. W.
H. S. HOLLOHAN, Trustee, L. U. 132, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
H. PAGE, Trustee, L. U. 2563, 336½ Thirteenth Street N. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, L. U. 132, 519 M Street S. W.
ROBERT ADAM, L. U. 2563, 1511 Vermont Avenue N. W.
FRED HOOK, L. U. 2563, 1528 Eighth Street N. W.
WM. MACKIE, L. U. 2563, 216 Seaton Place N. E.

BUSINESS AGENT.
GEO. MYERS, 425 G Street N. W.



GEO. D. HORNING,
N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.
LOAN OFFICE

HUGE PROFITS IN SHIPS.

The market pages of metropolitan newspapers tell a different story from that sung by ship owners, who assure the public that the seamen's law has wrecked the shipping industry.

In local papers the International Steel and Ship Building Company, a new organization, in placing its stock on the market, says:

"Large ship building orders at enormous profits are going begging, and the demand for ships is getting greater every day. Experts who have studied the situation agree that the ship building business will be extremely profitable for at least 15 years or longer.

"The general condition of the present ship building industry is aptly illustrated by a recent American deal in which a ship under construction contract for $700,000 was sold at $1,800,000 above the construction cost before it was launched.

"In other words, a ship costing $700,000 was sold for $2,500,000."

New York.—The annual statement of the Pacific Mail Steamship company shows that the year's profits amount to more than 21 per cent on both preferred and common stock. Recently the company sold several ships and said the seamen's law had driven the American flag off the Pacific ocean. Later it was discovered that high prices were responsible for the sale and since then the company has secured other vessels and re-entered the Pacific service.

TEACHERS LOST FIGHT.

Chicago.—The board of education has refused to reinstate the 67 teachers who were dismissed last June. Included in the list are officers of the teachers' federation and other teachers, whose rating is high and who were ousted without being permitted to reply to charges or defend themselves in any way. These dismissals are a part of the board's anti-union campaign.

The teachers will continue the fight in the courts. The board's action is referred to by organized labor as a lockout. Miss Margaret Haley, business agent of the teachers' federation, said:

"We will pay lockout benefits indefinitely. We have $9,000 as a started and we can raise $150,000 in the next fortnight."

The Chicago Tribune makes this comment on the board's action:

"Whatever the views any one man entertain as to the teachers' lederation itself, there can be little question that the method employed by the board in this affair was shocking to fundamental instincts of fair play as well as contrary to the merit principle in public service."

WAGE INCREASE ORDERED.

Brockton, Mass.—The state board of conciliation and arbitration has ordered wages of employes of the Brockton Gas Company increased. Most of these workers are members of the Stationary Firemen's Union and they threatened to strike unless wage increases were granted. A conference resulted in some of the men being given increases, but the company refused to advance the wages of all.

Under the decision, increases are ordered in every case, including those whose wages were raised a few months ago. Gas makers are increased from $2.75 a day, the conference price, to $3 a day; fire cleaners, from $2.50 to $2.75; coal passers, from $2.25 to $2.50, and various other minor operatives from $2.25 to $2.40 per day.

HIGH INTEREST FOR FARMERS.

Lansing, Mich.—At a public hearing held by the federal farm board, the claim was made that in a large section of this state a farm loan is almost an impossibility unless a great bonus is paid. Counting these bonuses, some of the witnesses said, the average interest is 15 per cent, and payments exceeding 20 per cent are common.

The federal farm board, which was created by the recently enacted farm credits bill, intends to reduce these interest charges and permit farmers to secure money at rates no higher than 6 per cent. It is believed this figure will be greatly reduced.

MORRISON IN KENTUCKY.

Covington, Ky.—In a labor day address in this city, A. F. of L. Secretary Frank Morrison said it was impossible to conceive that the social conscience of the millions of men in the armies of the fourteen nations now at war would not be quickened and that on the return of peace they will accept the debasing conditions of former years.

Labor Day in this city broke all records for numbers and enthusiasm, and a daily newspaper, in which the workers are interested, printed its first issue. The press was started by Governor Stanley. Secretary Morrison came here from Erie, Pa., where he delivered a trade union address the night before under the auspices of the Central Labor Union.

HOW SEAMEN'S LAW BENEFITS.

Duluth, Minn.—This is how the new seamen's law works at the head of the Great Lakes, according to the Labor World of this city:

"If it were not for the seamen's act it is hard to say just how far lake steamship men would go in making trips with short crews and forcing men to work overtime. With a heavy fine attached to such offenses, there is a beneficial effect, in that masters will attempt to keep their crews up to the required standard."

SUPPORTS EIGHT-HOUR DAY.

San Francisco.—"Any thinking man who says that an eight-hour day is an unjust request is a fool, an idiot or don't know the social consciousness of America, or is unacquainted with conditions under which men are working," was the emphatic declaration of Rev. Stidger, in an address to the Labor Council on the eight-hour strike of culinary workers in this city.

STATE UNIONISTS TO MEET.

Joplin, Mo.—The Missouri State Federation of Labor will hold its twenty-fifth annual convention in this city, beginning Sept. 18. Workmen's compensation will be one of the leading questions to be discussed by the delegates.

The public is pretty well posted on whose unfair—tell them the merchants who are fair.

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, F. S. Radman, 732 Gresham Place N. W.

Bakery Salemen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secre- Wednesdays of each month at Moose Hall, tary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sunday in each month, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N. W.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 317 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Edward Fuhrman, 24 Quincy Place, N. W.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets every Sunday, 8 p. m., Jonadab Hall, 623 Louisiana avenue northwest. Secretary, A. Messenio, 514 Tenth street n. w.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 48: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E street southeast.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G Street N. W.

Brotherhood of Railway Carmen of America, Local Union No. 313: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Streets N. E. Secretary, C. F. Cross, 924 K Street N. E. Meeting nights first and third Tuesdays.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles Hall, Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 1424 W St. N. W., Apt. 22.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhan, 737 10th St. s. e.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wassaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Twelfth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3800 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Paperhangers Hall, 430 Ninth Street N. W., second and fourth Thursdays of the month. Secretary, Edw. B. Finch, 33 P Street N. E.

Engineers, Hoisting No. 77: Meets every Friday, at 8:00 p. m. Hall, S. E. Cor. Tenth and Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, F. J. Nichols, 616 Fourth street northeast.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and B Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hisle, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Watchmen's Union No. 14964: Secretary, Jas. H. Reed, Cor. Sec., 1228 B street southwest.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Avenue S. E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 Twelfth St. N. E.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, Wm. W. Keeler, 148 Eleventh St. S. E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday at 1204 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, E. H. Fulton, 1120 E St. S. E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, H. Gundershein, 728 Columbia Road.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third 2665. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Bus. Agt.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 922 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Phone Main 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets second Sunday and fourth Friday in each month. Secretary, Albert Bridges 210 L st. s. e.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 420: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m. Secretary, J. A. Whitecar, 2209 Minnesota Ave. S. E.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas. B. Cameron, Bethesda, Md.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary W. H. Amiss, 1008 Monroe St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month. Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 820 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressman, No. 1: Meets fourth Saturday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. E. Blakely, 3527 O St. N. W.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 428-425 G St. N. W. Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custodian and Janitor, 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, W. P. Cannon, 408 Twelfth St. S. E.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe. 326 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. F. Hickman, 518 Sixth St. N. W.

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Mrs. H. B. Tritipoe, 1737 Willard street N. W., Apt. 20.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10.30 a. m. and 8.30 p. m. Secretary, G. W. Calderhead, Ouray Building, Room 312.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle, 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 750 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Friday, Typographical Temple. Secretary, L. Gantt, 57-A Bates Street.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: International Secretary-Treasurer, Jas. E. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G St. N. W. Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth St. N. W.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.

BOYCOTT NOT SO FUNNY.

Minneapolis—The manager of the Northern theater has sued the Moving Picture Operators' Union for $1,300 damages and asks for an injunction restraining these unionists from advertising his place as hostile to organized labor.

Low-wage employers are organized into a Citizens' Alliance and when the theatrical manager began operating his house on the non-union plan he was highly praised for his "independence." But patronage fell off and now he tells the court it is not the kind of advertising he expected.

RESIST WAGE REDUCTION.

Birmingham, Ala.—Girls employed by the American Bakeries-Candy company suspended work when their wages were reduced 25 per cent. Former rates were 4 cents for wrapping 48 loaves of bread. This was cut to 3 cents. The girls were unorganized when they struck, but have since formed a union.

MACHINISTS' GREAT GAIN.

Philadelphia—The Midvale Steel Works has granted the eight hour day to its mcahinists and these craftsmen, who called a general eight-hour strike last July, have scored a tremendous success, as the Midvale plant is one of the largest in the country.

BARBERS ORGANIZING.

New York—Since 6,000 down-town barbers have secured wage increases and better working conditions as the result of a short strike, barbers in other sections of the city are joining the union.

CAN'T STRIKE LAW OPPOSED.

Denver.—The Trades and Labor Assembly has unanimously sustained the State Federation of Labor in its condemnation of the state la wwhich makes it illegal for workers to strike before they have given 30 days' notice to the industrial commission. Local unionists will ask legislative candidates for their views on this question.

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

J. G. O'DONNELL, President, 122 Sixth St. N. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, Vice-President, 519 M St. S. W.
THOS. W. WOLTZ, Recording Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
G. H. F. DAVIS, Treasurer, 439 Second St.S. E.
W. I. STRATTON, Conductor, 617 Sixth St. N. W.
A. F. MOIRSETTE, Warden, 425 G St. N. W.
GEO. MYERS, Business Agent, 425 G St. N. W.

TRUSTEES.

F. J. NOLTE, 24 Eighth Street N. E.
WM. T. BAUM, 472 I Street N. W.
A. P. TAYLOR, 622 I Street N. E.

DELEGATES TO THE DISTRICT COUNCIL.

R. H. BURDETTE, 1207 L Street N. W.
C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
E. B. BYRNE, 425 G Street N. W.
ROBERT REICHARD, 1720 35th Street N. W.
J. H. RYAN, 1101 Eleventh Street S. E.

DELEGATES TO THE CENTRAL LABOR UNION.

C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
R. H. BURDETTE, 816 K Street N. W.
W. S. HOLLOHAN, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
W. T. BAUM, 474 I Street S. W.
MARK REILEY, 1127 B Street S. E.

RELIEF COMMITTEE.

M. REILLY, 1127 B Street S. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
H. M. BEVILL, Brentwood, Md.
J. T. CLIFT, 4115 Seventh Street N. W.
M.A. FOLEY, 118 Seaton Street N. E.

MILL COMMITTEE.

F. E. KETTNER, 3016 Cambridge St. N. W
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
O. A. CARTER, Rosslyn, Va.

DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

G. H. F. DAVIS, 439 Second Street S. E.

Clothes, Hats and Shoes

The Bieber-Kaufman Co.
901-909 Eighth St. S. E.
Down by the Navy Yard
Washington, D. C.

PHONE MAIN 6079.
Reno Lunch
W. H. WOODCOCK, Proprietor.
625 PA. AVE. N. W.
HOME COOKED FOODS
NEVER CLOSED

CORBY'S DELICIOUS CAKE
10c PER HALF LB.
AT ALL GROCERS

The only strictly
UNION TAILORING
house in the city
M. STEIN & CO.
TAILORS
Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

THE MILTON SCHOOL
Oxford Bldg., 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.
Stenography
Typewriting
English
Spanish
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO BEGINNERS
Now in larger quarters in the Oxford Building, 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
Meets Every Monday Night
Typographica Temple
423-425 G St. N. W.
Secretary s Address: 1325 E. Capitol St.
Telephone: Lincoln 3955

OFFICERS

N. A. JAMES ..... President
HUGH DIGNEY ..... Vice-President
JOHN B. COLPOYS, Secretary, 1325 E. Capitol St.
JOSEPH E. TOONE ..... Financial Secretary
WM. H. SCHAEFER ..... Treasurer
JOSEPH C. CLARK ..... Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES: Wm. Zell, Mary Ganzhorn, J. L. Considine

COMMITTEES

Executive—Hugh Digney (chairman), N. A. James, John B. Colpoys, J. E. Toone, W. N. Huttel, John R. Hartley.

Legislative—Robert Jones (chairman), John H. Lorch, N. P. Alifas, H. R. Alcorn, E. W. Oyster.

Adjustment—W. N. Huttel (chairman), Jere McCarthy, J. A. McDonald, Ben Spellbring, John G. Schmidt.

Contract—John R. Hartley (chairman), W. H. Schaefer, Hubert Newsom, C. H. Adams, A. J. Ginnelly.

Laws—Dan Hassett (chairman), J. H. Wells, D. J. O'Leary.

Resolutions—J. L. Considine (chairman), Zep S. Pollock, A. J. Kinnell.

Organization—J. E. Toone (chairman), Mary Burkhead, Henry Miller, J. H. Wilson, H. A. Ranier.

Auditing—Mary Ganzhorn (chairman), Marguerite Stewart, E. Wood.

Credentials—M. J. Costella (chairman), J. H. Swain, S. T. Ford.

Lable—E. T. Good.

Press—John B. Colpoys (chairman, N. A. Sprague, B. O'Leary.

Delegates to Baltimore—J. E. Toone (chairman) J. M. Foster, William Zell.

Delegates to Alexandria—H. F. Oehler (chairman). Chas. Allison, L. A. Sterne.

Saks & Company
MEN'S and BOYS' OUTFITTERS
Pa. Ave. & 7th St. Wash., D. C.
Specialists in Apparel for Men and Boys.

AMERICAN LUNCH
VIRGINIA THEATRE
Stag Hotel
JOHN J. NOONAN.

LIST OF LIQUOR DEALERS WHO HAVE SIGNED "THE AGREEMENT."

Allen, Paul.....2 N st. n| e.
Allen, John J...807 N. C. Cap st. n. e.
Beirkle, Leopold, - 1245 H st. n. e.
Boyle, William J., 601 Mass. ave n. w.
Castelli, Vincent, 502-504 Ninth st.n.w.
Clark, C. H.....510 9th st. n. w.
Colonial Beach Boat Co.
Costello, Bros.....604 G st. n. w.
Crowley, James J.....702 E st. n. w.
Daly, T. J.....34 H st. n. e.
Daye, Wm. T.....1218 Wisc. ave.
Doyle, Wm. T....1314 Wisc. ave. n. w.
Duffy, James A. -901 1-2 E st. n. w.
Wm. R. Fosbender, 406 Ninth st. n w.
Franey, F. A.....711½ 9th st. n. w.
Frank, Mrs. M. E. - 319 G st. n. w.
Ganey, M.....615 7th st. s. w.
Glavin, Edwin.....309 G st. n. w.
Hannan, Mrs. E.....531 7th st. s. w.
Hanlon, Timothy.....822 H st. n. e.
Kelliher, J. D.....1258 7th st. s. w.
Killeen, John F.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Louis Hodges, - - 407 9th st n. w.
Lynagh, Peter J.....523 7th st. s. w.
Lynch, John.....417 9th st. n. w.
McCarthy, Dennis J., Evans building.
McCarthy, F. J.....910 4½ st. s. w.
McDonald, F. J.....643 Pa. ave. s. e.
McGuire, J. Chas., 519 Ninth st. n. w.
McHough, Martin....1105 H st. n. e.
Milton Schmidt, - 702 7th st. n. w.
O'Connor, D. J.....100 G st. n. w.
O'Connor, Patrick F., 617 D st. n. w.
O'Connor, James.....1429 N. Cap. st.
O'Day, John T. - 921 Ninth st. n. w.
O'Donnell, James J...333 Pa. ave. s. e.
Peter White, - - - 905 D st. n. w.
Raftery, Thomas.....406 H st. n. e.
Raftery, Patrick.....225 11th st. n. e.
Roland, J. H.....511 9th st. n. w.
Scanlon, Daniel,.....103 H st. n. w.
Schroter, Conrad....3258 M st. n. w.
Schltz, Mary T.....607 G st. n. w.
Sheehan, John J., 701 North Cap. st.
Solon, Mary A., - 1003 7th st. e.
Stern, M. M.....601 7th st. n. w.
Stanton, Frank J.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Sullivan, David, 12th and E st. n. w.
Sullivan, John J., 1351 35th st. n. w.
The Casino, Frank Farenkamp (Chesapeake Beach).
Victor Buffet Co., Inc., 7th and G n. w.
Walsh, David, - - 407 10th st. n. w.
Wassman, Henry, 705 Seventh st. n. w.
Wiedeman, Joseph....629 E st. n. w.
William J. O'Leary, 733 North Cap. st.
Wininghe, Harry 631 Pa. ave. s. e.
Wolf, Frank, - 512 12th st. n. w.

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

UNION OPERATOR — LOCAL No. 224 — WASH. D. C. — I. A. T. S. E. — AFFILIATED WITH CENTRAL LABOR UNION & A. F. of L.

American, 1st st. and R. . ave.n.w.
Apollo, - - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Aragon Airdome, Md. Ave. 8 & 9, N.E.
Arcade (Theatre and Park, 14th and Park Road.
Auditorium, 13th st. and N. Y. ave.n.w.
Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Central Park, - 9th St. G & H N.W.
Chelsia Theatre, 19th and M sts. n. w.
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N. W.
Crandall, - - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Eastern, - - 8th St. bet. F & G S. E.
Elite Theatre, 14th and R. I. ave. n. w.
Empire, - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Favorite, H St. North Capitol & First
Garden Theatre, 423 Ninth st. n. w.
Garden Theatre, - Hopewell, Va.
Gayety Theatre, - 513 9th st. n. w.
Georgia - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
Home Theater, C bet. 12th & 13th n. e.
Leader - - - 509 Ninth St. N. W.
Liberty Theatre, N. Capitol & P St.
"M" Street Theatre, M St. near 32nd
Maycroft Park, H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Meaders, - - - 8th & G Sts. S. E.
Mid City, - 7th, bet. N and O st. n. w.
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15, N.W.
Orpheum, - - 4th and C st. n. e.
Peerless Park, - 3105 Ga. ave. n. w.
Plaza Theatre - 434 9th st. n. w.
Pleasant Hrr. Park, 12 and C N. E.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Proctor Park, - - Anacostia, D. C.
Randolpr Park, 1st and Randolph n. w.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
R. I. Theatre, 7th and R. I. Ave. N. W.
Savoy, - - - 14th and Col. Road.
Schuetzen Park, Ga. ave. and Kenyon
Senate, Pa. Ave. bet. 3d & 4th, S. E.
Standard Park, Bates, near N. Cap. St.
Strand, - - - - - Ninth and D.
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N. E.
Stanton Park, - - - 219 4th N. E.
Starlight Park, 4 1-2 and K st. n. w.
Surprise Theatre - Alexandria, Va.
The Grand, - - - Hopewell, Va.
The Richmond, - - Alexandria, Va.
Truxton Park, N. Capitol & Fla. Ave.
Twilight Park, Pa. Ave. 13 & 14, S. E.
Victoria Theatre, 7th & E Sts. S. W.
Welcome, - - 4 1-2 and K st. s. w.
Zenith, - - 8th St. bet. G & H, S. E.

The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I. P. E. U.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXI. NO. 13 WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 22, 1916. ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

NEW YORK'S STREET CAR STRIKE

New York.—"The Street Railway men of New York City are now waging the greatest fight for trades unionism and industrial freedom that this year of great victories and trades unionism has produced throughout the nation—W. B. Fitzgerald, National Organizer for the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Employees, backed by the American Federation of Labor, and especially by the organized labor movement of Greater New York, has come to a clinch with the Interborough and allied Street Railways companies, backed by the Morgan and associated financial interests," says a report to the Committee on Industrial Relations, by Dante Barton, member of the Committee, who has investigated the strike.

"From Wall Street has gone forth the order that trades unionism in the City of New York and in the nation must be crushed," the report continues. "This is a national decree of the incorporated money power of the nation. The evidences are multiplying that all the forces in the United States that are lined up in the banking headquarters of New York have drawn together, or are drawing together for an industrial war on the workers who are seeking the opportunities of prosperity to free themselves from industrial servitude.

"The challenge was thrown down to labor here by the Interborough and the Morgan interests, as a climax to the declaration of war on organized labor in California, to the increasing efforts of the steel trust to beat down the organization of the workers in the Pittsburgh district, in Youngstown and in the Minnesota Mesaba Range. It came in response to the efforts of the National Association of Manufacturers to break up trades unionism, and finally it was thrown down in desperate resistance to the great victory for the eight hour day, won by the four Railroad Brotherhoods.

"The fight on the Street Railway employees and the Amalgamated was forced by the Interborough, and its controlled New York Railways Company, after those corporations had treacherously led its employees and the Amalgamated to believe that its hostility to them had ended. They violated, both legally and morally, the contractural pledge that had been given, that they could go about their legal and moral right of organization without hindrance or interference. Imposing on the good faith of the Amalgamated and its leaders, the officials and interlocked directorates of these corporations secretly imposed upon their employees a fake 'service contract,' which violated both the spirit and letter of their former pledge. When confronted with this fraudulent master and servant contract, the officials of the railways corporations coolly said that they would agree to nothing, except to have the fraud tested in a court of law, knowing that to establish the fraud in a legal trial would require two or three years, in each of many hundreds of cases.

"The thing was a palpable trick to drive self-respecting men into revolt, and when the revolt had come, as the corporations interests had designed that it should come, advantage was then taken of their own fraud, to issue the defiance to trades unionism, not only in the transportation business of New York City, but in all fields of organized labor.

"The organized labor movement of New York City has responded to the challenge in a way that assures victory for the trades union movement of the United States. A parade of the men who struck at the call of Organizer Fitzgerald, showed approximately ten thousand men in line. The strike order, which thus completely paralyzed the New York Railways and Interborough's transportation, except as professional strikebreakers could keep it in crippled service, was approved instantly by the labor federations of nation, State and City. When the Morgan interests arrogantly refused to arbitrate at the call of the Public Service Commission, all the trades allied in any way with the transportation business of New York, declared their purpose to stand with their brothers of the Amalgamated. Back of this immediate demonstration of labor's power and rights was the explicit warning, that the whole trades union movement of New York, embracing nearly one million workers, would refuse by all means at their command to permit the street railway men to be bullied back into industrial slavery.

"The immense corporation, the Interborough, that has precipitated the strike in New York City and put five million people to inconvenience and expense, and in danger of fatal accident, has the meanest record for financial corruption and imposition upon the public which feeds it, of any public service corporation in the whole United States. The public investigation made this year by a Legislative Committee of the State of New York, proved that the Interborough had given away millions of dollars of the public's moneys in the form of bonuses to officials (some of whom are now causing this strike), and in all the other devious ways known to immoral business. The record of public inquiry proved that the Interborough had put over a contract on the city which secured to it a guarantee of as good business in any year, as the corporation had had in the past years of its existence. The inquiry showed that the public business of rapid transit in a city of six million people had been subordinated to the private greed of profit takers, who had assumed practically no risk in developing transportation, and stood only to make profits.

"The wages paid to the men in this service, are less in the great majority of cases than every impartial authority declares is necessary for decent living in the metropolis. The hours of service violate every rule of good social economy, of health and of personal welfare. When the men, subjected to those completely inhuman conditions, sought the right that street railway workers in other cities of this country have sought and acquired, the Interborough brought the lash down upon them with a ferocity only equal to the greed with which it has from the beginning of its existence robbed the people. It immediately demanded 'police protection,' though the only violence even threatened was the violence which the corporation itself inflicted or threatened by the employment of strikebreakers, which have have justly been described as 'the lowest form of animal life.' Thousands of men, many of them the most vicious in the country, were brought in by a notorious strikebreaking agency. Several hundred of the most decent of these strikebreakers themselves struck from their humiliating employment. The right of the employees to picket the cars and shops of the Street Railway was denied as an incident to a trick of building wire cages around the front and rear ends of the cars, for no other purpose than to deceive the general public into the belief than the men running the cars were in danger of violence from the strikers and their sympathizers.

"The injury to the public perpetrated by the Street Railway corporations has included the killing of four passengers, and the serious injury of 103 other passengers. These fatal accidents were due to the employment by the corporations of incompetent strikebreakers and 'green' and reckless motormen and conductors. If such homicidal acts had been perpetrated by the strikers, there could be no question that they and their leaders would have been indicted for manslaughter. But the powerful corporation interests that assume to own or control the processes of law and order seem to be completely immune from any punishment for their acts. They even have the audacity to threaten to use the courts and the prosecuting machinery to indict and arrest labor leaders who are exercising the lawful right of collective action for self-defense.

"Among the union organizations that have been the quickest to come to the support of the street railway men are the Dock Workers and Longshoremen. It was concerning these workers that the present J. Pierrepont Morgan, who now has a controlling interest in the Street ailway corporations made his famous statement showing the complete indifference of such financiers to the rights of workers. When question by Frank P. Walsh, of the United States Commission on Industrial Relations whether he thought that ten dollars a week was enough for a dock worker, Mr. Morgan replied, 'If that is all he can get and he takes it, I guess it is enough!'

"This industrial controversy here in New York is still pending, in fact as Organizer Fitzgerald has said, it is just beginning, so far as its final and significant phases are concerned, but the ultimate issue can hardly be in question. The great mass of the people of New York are in sympathy with the strikers."

THE UNITED STATES PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE ASKS: DO YOU—

Maintain a polluted well and then complain about the undertaker's bill?

Think screening is too expensive and then blame your malaria on the climate?

Insist on sanitary cigar factories and then use a public cigar cutter?

Carry a fine handkerchief and then forget to cover your mouth when you cough?

TEAMSTERS SECURE CONTRACT.

St. Louis, Mo.—After a short strike the Furniture Drivers' Union secured a three years' union shop contract from the Furniture Movers' Association. A minimum wage is agreed to.

Duluth, Minn.—Coal wagon drivers in this city suspended work for 24 hours and then their employers agreed that a 20 per cent wage increase was not unreasonable.

CONVICTS MISTREATED.

Montgomery, Ala.—Governor Henderson has been furnished a copy of the evidence, together with the names of witnesses, in charges preferred by the Bibb County grand jury against J. D. Evans, the state's warden at the Lucile convict camp. He is charged with cruelty to convicts and with receiving money from them to aid them in obtaining paroles and pardons.

SATURDAY HALF-HOLIDAYS

Resolution adopted by the Board of Representatives of Federal Employes Union, A. F. of L., Washington, D. C., September 8, 1916.

"Whereas the employees in the Executive Departments at Washington are required to work seven hours or more each day except Sundays and public holidays in compliance with Section 7, Act of March 15, 1898 (30 Stats., 316).

Whereas it is provided by law (31 Stat., 1405, as amended by 32 Stat., 543), that from 12 o'clock noon, Saturday, is a legal holiday for all purposes within the District of Columbia.

Whereas the Honorable J. C. McReynolds, late Attorney General, now a Justice of the United States Supreme Court, in an opinion rendered in 1906, states, "That all Saturday afternoons are public holidays within the meaning of the statutes regulating the number of hours of labor to be required of clerks and employees of Executive Departments to the same extent and upon the same footing as Christmas day, July 4th, etc.," (25 Op. Atty. Gen. 40, see also 43 Ct. Cls. 191).

Whereas Saturday half-holidays are granted during the summer months when a large proportion of the employees are on vacations and the work is heavier than at any other season, because of the end of the fiscal year. These holidays do not interfere with the expeditious conduct of affairs during this unusually busy season, but tend toward greater efforts on the part of employees and produces more satisfactory results in work than if the holidays were not granted.

Whereas there has been an unusually large demand on all employees for the performance of overtime work during the past several months, and this condition apparently will continue indennitely. This overtime work has been done without objection and with no compensation or compensatory time therefor.

Whereas the custom of practically all modern commercial offices is to grant the Saturday half-holiday to its employees throughout the year.

Whereas it is understood that the President soon after his inauguration expressed surprise that the Departments were kept open and the employees required to work on Saturday afternoons, laughingly remarking that he intended to take his Saturday half-holiday anyhow.

Whereas several of the Executive Departments or Independent Bureaus do now grant Saturday half-holidays throughout the year; therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Federal Employees Union No. 14632, of the American Federation of Labor, composed of more than five thousand of the employees of the United States in the District of Columbia, earnestly requests that serious consideration be given to this their petition for Saturday half-holidays throughout the year and that favorable action be taken by the President on this petition.

H. M. McLARIN,
V. E. KEISER,
FLORENCE ETHERIDGE,
FRED A. QUINN,
J. C. DAVENPORT,
A. A. GLAZE,
Committee.

COMPENSATION BILL SIGNED.

President Wilson signed the Kern-McGillicuddy workmen's compensation act, which provides compensation for injuries and fatalities to the 400,000 employes of the federal government.

Former legislation covered but one-fourth of this number, or those engaged in hazardous occupations. A government commission is created to administer the new law. Three commissioners at $5,000 a year will be appointed by the president, and they will make such rules and regulations as are necessary for the enforcement of the act, and are empowered to make decisions.

The payments for disability, as specified in the act, are as follows:

Total disability, 66 2-3 per cent of the monthly pay during the continuance of the disability, not to exceed $66.67 a month, and not less than $33.33, unless the employe's monthly pay is less than $33.33, in which case the compensation is to be full pay.

Partial disability, 66 2-3 per cent of the difference between the monthly pay at the time of the injury and the monthly wage-earning capacity after the beginning of the partial disability, not to exceed $66.67 per month.

Medical, surgical and hospital services and supplies for a reasonable time and in a reasonable amount will be furnished to the injured employe by the government. The exact details of this provision are left to the commission.

POLISHERS STANDING FIRM.

Toledo, Ohio.—The Metal Polishers' Union has secured an eight-hour day from the Toledo Cooker company after an eight months' strike. The company manufactures aluminum cooking utensils.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - Editor
Wm. H. Anglin - - - - - Associate Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF ALLIED PRINTING TRADES LABEL AND WASHINGTON TRADES COUNCIL 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., SEPTEMBER 22, 1916.

HELD IN HIGH ESTEEM.

One of the most popular, efficient and highly esteemed secretaries in the nation's capitol—where there are more persons serving in a secretarial capacity than in any city of the country—is Hugh Kerwin, private secretary to Secretary of Labor William B. Wilson.

The duties required of a secretary to a member of the President's cabinet are such that he has to be a man of exceptional judgment, rare conception, and to sum the whole in one short sentence, a born diplomat. Such a person is Hugh Kerwin. Coming to Washington a few years ago to act as secretary to Mr. Wilson while he was a member of congress, his ability soon was recognized not only by Mr. Wilson whom he has served faithfully and well, but by other members of congress, both Democrats and Republicans, and on many occasions members of congress came to Hugh to get information on the many bills that came before the Committee of Labor, of which Mr. Wilson was chairman, and which was cheerfully given and in turn highly appreciated.

So it is with his present position, which is one of the most responsible in Washington, for the Department of Labor, with its vast and varied departments, one of the most important of which is Immigration, has more calls upon it by senators and congressmen than any other department in Washington, and on more than one occasion Hugh has received not only the praise for his efficiency but the hearty thanks from these members of congress for his courteous and prompt attentions. He is also very popular with the newspaper men of Washington and many a story has been written and sent to the home papers, the basis of which had been furnished by Hugh. As the Department of Labor has come to be the Mecca of labor officials visiting Washington, many of them seek information pertaining to their craft and many more of them to renew acquaintances of years' standing with Secretary Wilson, Hugh has had an opportunity to become personally acquainted with the heads of many of the largest labor organizations in the country, and many a letter has been sent to Hugh after these officials reached home, for the many courtesies which he extended. We hope there are better and higher things in store for Hugh Kerwin, for he deserves all the success that can attend any man in this life.

Next year——

"Somme Armies Rest"—Some Don't.

Justifiable homicide—"Shoots RICH young wife."

Something for New Yorkers to talk about—"Carmen."

If they didn't use yeast maybe the bread wouldn't raise.

Be careful with that word "allies." Don't add another l.

Don't tickle a Missouri mule's hind foot—it's dangerous.

Too bad these candidates have to be notified they're running for office.

The bigger the machine the less noise it makes. Human in that respect.

Two murders and two suicides in a single day is going some for Washington.

If you can't get a whole loaf take a half and the Master Bakers will be pleased.

If the price of loaves are increased we hope it won't be worked out in short division.

Hughes demands rights of U. S. lives and property. Seems he's determined to get it all.

Hughes says the 8-hour law is a "Force Bill." Hope he doesn't contaminate it with gripe nuts.

Thirty per cent. of the minted gold of the world is now in the United States, and more is daily coming.

Will some one in the class please give the definition of fur—tell what it is? "Yes'm; an awful long way."

"Big Bohemian Dam Bursts" reads a headline; and we feel truly grateful that the "Big Bohemian" came first.

The Nations seem to be right there, alternating from second to third place and vice versa—from the bottom.

A man with a wooden leg got the prize for dancing at a ball in Boston. Now for another Congressional investigation.

In a single week the Wilson administration gave the country the child-labor law which set free 150,000 child laborers, and the 8-hour law affecting 400,000 trainmen directly, and ultimately the entire 2,000,000.

PNEUMOGASTRICISMS

BY BILLY ANGLIN

Once there lived a man. He was a member of several organizations—fraternal, beneficial and union. His sterling worth was appreciated by all; so much so that every time there was anything to be done he was the one selected to do it.

In the National Union, he attended their meetings, he enjoyed the get-together spirit of its members and afterwards he was seen plodding his way through the busy marts of commercialism, on his way to make assurance doubly sure that all would come out right to some family in distress.

He was an Odd Fellow, the chief tenets of which is to relieve the distressed, educate the orphan and bury the dead. He was an Odd Fellow and lived up to those tenets.

He was a union man—a member of Columbia Typographical Union—and if a committee was to be appointed, a duty to perform, a burial to attend, a family to be relieved, a widow to be supported, fatherless and motherless children to be comforted, a subscription to be passed, it always fell to his lot to do that very thing.

He tried to be jovial—always reminiscent and ready to spread a ray of sunshine across the darkened pathway of any he might chance to meet—always willing to lift from the shoulders of others their load of sorrow and add it to his own fast growing impost.

He was grateful, above all things grateful, therefore possessed of a lovable disposition. His presence added a bright light to darkest gloom.

One day, however, one of his own boys was stricken with a dreadful malady—a disease from which there is no escape. It was his boy—the apple of his eye.

That boy was versed in matters that effected him, and the son and father were fast friends. The boy would tell him what future days had in store—the symptoms and the sufferings that were bound to come. The father grew tense in his anxiety to relieve the suffering of his own flesh, but, alas, there was no relief.

By degrees the boy finally succumbed. He passed the convulsive period of his affliction and found relief in a sweet sleep that knows no waking here.

The father suffered far more mentally than the boy suffered physically—yea, a thousand times more.

But ere the clots of earth had found a resting place on a new made mound this father was up and doing—on his way to a home left fatherless—on that never ending journey of giving relief to the distressed, burying the dead.

He began to falter. We saw the break. We felt that somebody must get to him. Yet when he came about us, his noble face, his charitable disposition, his loving nature, his meek temperament, his natural antipathy for the right, his disinclination for the wrong, all worked as a force to repel us from doing what we had resolved to do.

If ever he once thought that the cold calumny of business took precedence over our deep feeling of sympathy and love for him in his trying hours, he was mistaken. Never was there a more universal condolence than extended to Brocky when the dark clouds hung low and grew heavy. Many there were who choked, extended their hands and said nothing—realizing the meaningless of words at such a time.

Yet, who knows but down deep in his soul there was an aching void—a real desire to pour out the true sentiments of a soul broken in spirits by the distress encountered throughout all his days?

The fact remains that he wended his way back to nature. There in the afternoon's shade of God's own growth he heard the songbirds and he knew that was a different sound from the cry of anguish or pain. He felt the soft winds as they gently kissed a fervid brow, and he knew that was not the artificial atmosphere of the shop wherein he had toiled so many days. He looked into the waters and as they moved in rhythm to the ripple of the winds or the shrill notes of the songster, there was reflected a beckoning call to find rest beneath its placid bosom. He went.

Just what were his thoughts during that trying moment is left to the natural conjecture of human beings. However deliberately might have been his act, a good God cannot help but feel the griefs and sorrows of others that he has cheerfully burdened himself with for years is ample atonement for any act of indiscretion.

There was never a joy ride for Brocky. It was always a funeral procession.

The pall of gloom that rests upon every individual member of Columbia Union is there deservedly, for printers are the first to cry "there is a limit to human endurance;" but we did not think so with him. Therefore we, too, have contributed our little to his untimely ending.

In words we fail to find expression for our feelings. His column will be missed from among our issues, a contribution that he has made with a degree of regularity in strict accord with his well-known punctuality.

It is our prayer that W. N. Brockwell is resting in a flood of sunshine, and that we, too, when the time has come, may be ushered into the Great Beyond with that same child-like trust.

HEALTH NEWS.

It is so well recognized that certain occupations may involve serious dangers to young, growing persons that most states now have their child labor laws. Massachusetts, which has been a leader in legislation of this character, is now engaged in a systematic effort to collect information that may be of value in determining the need of changes in its present laws and regulations governing the employment of minors. At the request of the Massachusetts Board of Labor and Industries, Assistant Surgeon M. Victor Safford of the U. S. Public Health Service was detailed by the Federal Government to co-operate with the state authorities in a study of the effect of employment in various occupations on the health and physical development of children now permitted by law to work therein. A report of this study with respect to the cotton manufacturing industry of Massachusetts has just been published by the Federal Government as Public Health Bulletin No. 78, entitled "Influence of occupation on health during adolescence."

The physical condition of over 600 boys between the ages of 14 and 18 employed in this industry in different parts of the state received careful study. It was brought out that in Massachusetts boys between these ages for the most part do not remain long in the cotton mills. This fact and the strict regulations of the state, governing the employment of minors may not make some of the conclusions reached in this local investigation equally true elsewhere, but among the facts disclosed, the following may be mentioned:

A considerable proportion of the younger boys and also of those over sixteen were undersized and physically undeveloped for their ages, while those between fifteen and sixteen averaged larger than other class of boys of their age with which comparisons were made. This fact is explained by the accumulation in the mills of strong boys waiting to reach the age of sixteen to go into permanent "full time" occupations. The presence of a noteworthy proportion of undersized boys is not ascribed to the effects of the occupation but to the fact that the cotton mill offers one of the few chances of employment for undersized boys. Evidence of injurious effects of their work or working conditions, even of the temperature and humidity of the mills, on normal boys was seldom found, although further investigation of possible effects of atmospheric conditions is recommended.

ESTABLISHED 1865 — 51 YEARS IN BUSINESS

CHRISTIAN XANDER'S

Famous Blackberry Cordial

For bowel disorders. Highly recommended by physicians. 75c full qt.

909 7th Street, Northwest. — No Branch Houses Phone M. 27

MEATS — GROCERIES — FISH

Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the

OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.

930 La. Ave. N. W. — 1111 H Street N. E.
8th & E Sts. S. E. — 1632 N. Capitol Street
31st & M Sts. N. W. — 3418-20 Ga. Ave. N. W.
7th & Q Sts. N. W. — 14th & U Streets N. W.
1778 U Street, N. W. — 7th and B Streets N. E.
7th & H Street N. E. — 3118 14th Street, N. W.
726 7th St. N. W. — 1440 P St. N. W.
2002-2004 Ga. Ave. N. W.

POULTRY — BREAD — PRODUCE

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF THE UNITED BREWERY WORKMEN OF AMERICA
Union MADE Beer — Ale AND Porter
COPYRIGHT & TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1903
THIS IS OUR LABEL.

VOTE
Against Prohibition
DEMAND
Personal Liberty
IN CHOOSING WHAT YOU WILL DRINK
ASK FOR THIS LABEL WHEN PURCHASING BEER, ALE OR PORTER.
As A Guarantee That It Is Union Made.

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK
Northwest Corner FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST
LOOK FOR THE CLOCKS
4 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts
COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

THIS SPACE FOR SALE

BOOT & SHOE WORKERS UNION — UNION STAMP — Factory

Named Shoes are Frequently Made in Non-Union Factories

DO NOT BUY ANY SHOE

No matter what its name, unless it bears a plain and readable impression of this Union Stamp. All shoes without the Union Stamp are always Non-Union. Do not accept any excuse for absence of the Union Stamp

Boot and Shoe Workers' Union, 246 Summer St., Boston, Mass.
JOHN F. TOBIN President. — CHAS. L. BAINE, Sec.-Treas.

WASHINGTON BREWERY CO.

IMPERIAL EXPORT

A really fine beer

WIENER BEER (Light) — CONGRESS BREW (Dark)

— ALE —

Arlington Brewing Co.

— PORTER —

Tel. West 129 — ROSSLYN, VA.

A VERY LARGE LINE OF HAIR BRUSHES

All Shapes, Colors, and Prices.

Quite equal to the best assortment in the city; leastwise, sufficiently large from which to make a satisfactory selection, at

WELLER'S DRUG STORE
Eighth and Eye Sts. S. E. — 36th and M N. W.

STORAGE — PACKING — FREIGHT HAULING

Merchants Transfer — AND — Storage Company

920-922 E Street Northwest

Phone Main 6900

SHIPPING — MOVING — HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

When in Doubt, Buy of

HOUSE & HERRMANN

FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.

N.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W

FIREPROOF CONSTRUCTION

Hammett Fire Proofing Company
301-302-303 Wilkins Bldg.
Phone Main 3337.

PHONE NORTH 2349

DONOVAN'S

FINE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS

2003 14th St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

Sanitary

Paper Towels
Paper rinking Cups
Paper Napkins

—For Lunchrooms.
—For Stores, Public
—Buildings, Offices, Etc.

Best quality round-shaped 5-oz., 7-oz., and 12-oz., Drinking Cups, in sealed cartons of 100—a supply sufficient to fill the glass-covered, nickel-base dispensing machine—appropriate for office or any public use.

Special low prices in 1,000 lots.

PAPER TOWELS

Fine absorbent tissue in towel rolls of 150 towels—sealed packages, 25 cents per roll.

Sanitary glass and nickel containers, including a special size of 60 capacity for office use.

Dulin & Martin Co.

Pottery, Porcelain, China, Glass, Silver, &c.

1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St.

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY

Equitable Life Insurance Co.

of the District of Columbia

THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Issues Ordinary and Industrial

Wm. A. Bennett. 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.

EQUITABLE BLD'G. 816 14th ST., N. W.

Black's Alderney and Green Meadow Dairy

Pasteurized and Tubercoline Tested Milk.

Phone N. 1670. Union Dairies.

LANSBURGH & BRO.

"DRY GOODS ONLY"

The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City

420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

Bell Brand Union-Made

COLLARS and SHIRTS

LARGE ASSORTMENT

T. HOLLANDER

North Capitol and H Streets

Takoma Bread

Fresh Three Times Daily

AT ALL GROCERS

Havenner Baking Company

Established 1815

Phone Main 3871

WM. H. HOWLIN

OURAY BUILDING, 801 G ST. N. W.

(Room 404)

Engrossing Resolutions, Diplomas, Charters and Fancy Pen Work of all descriptions.

CELTIC CLUB WHISKEY

Our Specialty

Never Changes. Accept No Substitute
Once Tried You'll Always Use It.

Ports and Sherries for family use, Quarts, 50 and 75 cents. All makes of Beer. Leading brands of Cigars. Ales and Porters on draught the year round.

D. J. O'CONNOR

New Jersey Ave. and G Sts. N.W

WILLIAM NICHOLAS BROCKWELL.

Funeral service was held over the remains of William N. Brockwell at his late residence, 1259 Morse Street Northeast, at 3.30 o'clock Monday afternoon, under the auspices of Columbia Lodge, No. 10, I. O. O. F., and Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101. The pall bearers were selected from his lodge of Odd Fellows, the typographical union, and G. P. O. Council, National Union, three organizations of which he was an honored member. Interment was at Mount Olivet Cemetery. He is survived by his widow and three sons.

A large number of friends and former fellow workmen attended the funeral.

His remains were found in the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal, just over the line in Maryland, last Saturday morning. A note found with some of his clothing on the tow path the afternoon previous told where his body would be found. Cause, grief.

John, his oldest son, died on the 7th of July, and Brockwell mourned his loss and would not be comforted. Previous to the son's death it had been a bright world for the father; his love for the boy was a greater joy to him than all other earthly considerations; he was the pride of his heart; he loved him even as Jacob loved Joseph, even as David loved Absalom. When the son died, the light of the world went dark for the father, and after a brief time death also claimed him.

He was an enthusiastic trades-unionist, and had served Columbia Typographical Union in many capacities. For several years he had been chairman of the nominations committee, a most trying position—a position calling for infinite patience and sound judgment. He was especially solicitous of the wayward printer; he wanted to reclaim him; he always wanted to give him another chance; and as succeeding administrations of the union kept him in that position year after year the conclusion is rather insistent that his stewardship in that capacity left little to be desired.

In Odd Fellowship he was an earnest worker and loyal brother. He knew all the roads and trails of Jericho, and in traveling them sought to emulate the example of the Good Samaritan.

The lame and the halt and the blind will miss him, for they were his special charges. He sought out their habitations and went among them; and from a soul overflowing with kindness he gave them gentle sympathy, words of encouragement, and good cheer; and from a purse that was often lean he gave freely what he could afford. In fact, he was generally on God's side of the ledger, in that he gave more than he could afford.

Most printers in the Government service spend their annual leave on excursions, picnics, or outings at the seashore or in the mountains, but Brockwell spent most of his leave visiting the sick and burying the dead.

He was a doer of kindly deeds, an untiring worker for the relief of distressed fellow printers. He had the willingness, strength, and vitality to fight the battles of others, and faltered only when the time came to consider himself. We may not see his like again, for few there be who are willing and able to take up the burden where he laid it down.

His friends were legion, and in his sorrow there was no scant measure in the sympathy accorded him; but the vacant chair remained vacant, and he could not forget the son who went on before; he was stricken sore with a grief that would not down, and when he could bear it no longer the waters of the canal closed over him.

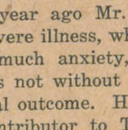
Of his last act friends will not judge harshly, for he fought manfully against it in all the days of ten weeks and in all the watches of all the nights of those weeks; sleep sometimes came to him from exhaustion, but he was dying all the time; and simultaneously with the gentle murmur of the waters that closed over him He who notes the fall of the sparrow perhaps also noted the glad acclaim of two souls that were reunited after a brief separation.

He was a noble, big-hearted, manly man, and to his bereaved family I tender my sincere sympathy, and I join his host of friends in the sorrow they feel at his loss.

At last Sunday's Union meeting a committee of ten members was appointed to attend the funeral; a committee was also appointed to draft suitable resolutions to be sent to the bereaved family, to the labor press, and to be engrossed and hung in the hall of Columbia Typographical Union. A floral offering was also ordered sent, after which the union adjourned out of respect to the memory of deceased.

JOE M. JOHNSON.

PASTIME PARAGRAPHS



BY CYCLE

The columns of The Trades Unionist would not furnish adequate space if all the friends were to express in the briefest possible way their regard for our late brother, William N. Brockwell. His friends were not confined to those of his particular vocation, as was evidenced by the many expressions which came spontaneously from the lips of all with the first news of his death. His loyalty and self-sacrificing devotion to the principles of trades unionism were unusual, in that he always recognized and emphasized this service in which he did most ex-fraternalism as a fundamental. It was cel; but he won friends in every walk of life, and truly it could be said: "None knew him but to praise." While he is no longer among us, he has bequeathed an example in good fellowship which should serve as an inspiration to those who are expected to complete the work which has made our brother a place in the hearts of those for whom he strove always to help and encourage.

That sorrow by the death of a son of much promise should have suggested this tragic ending of a life of proven usefulness is the sad lesson of the closing chapter, the full force and meaning of which will serve to bring forth pity and hallow the memory of a devoted father and friend.

Nearly a year ago Mr. Brockwell suffered a severe illness, which caused his friends much anxiety, and very likely he was not without misgivings as to the final outcome. He had been a weekly contributor to The Trades Unionist since the death of Mr. A. F. Bloomer. At this time he insisted that this consecutive service to the trades paper should not be interrupted, and the regular chapter of weekly greetings appeared as usual, much to the surprise of readers. No one would have guessed that the message came from a sick chamber or was penned by palsied hand or by one nerve racked by severe illness. There appeared in that particular chapter (November 19, 1915) a selection of poetry, by Sam Walter Foss, which impressed me greatly, as it seemed so much like a message Mr. Brockwell would leave to the world if the summons to him should finally come. Following is the poem:

MY UNKNOWN WAY.

Mayhap it stretches very far
Mayhap it winds from star to star;
Mayhap through worlds as yet unformed
Its never-ending journey runs—
Through worlds that now are whirling wraiths
Of formless mists between the suns.
I go—beyond my widest ken—
But shall not pass this way again.

So, as I go, and can not stay,
And never more shall pass this way,
I hope to sow the way with deeds
Whose seed shall bloom like May-time meads,
And flood my onward path with words
That thrill the day like singing birds;
That other travelers following on
May find a gleam and not a gloom;
May find their path in pleasant way,
A trail of music and of bloom.

5,000 DEMAND WAGE INCREASE.

Pittsfield, Mass.—The plant of the General Electric Company at this place is tied up because of a strike of 5,000 men and women who are asking for a 10 per cent wage increase and better working conditions. The company has imported large numbers of New York city detectives to "guard its property." As a side line, these thugs are attepmting to terrorize the strikers, which is the real purpose of the invasion.

Union Station Garage

Guaranteed work on all makes of cars, accessories, second-hand, tires. Storage, $5.00 up.

Phone, Lincoln 3379.

REAR No. 40 H STREET N. E.

Parker, Bridget & Co.

"The Avenue at Ninth"

Featuring
Extra Value
$15
Suits for Spring

New Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits for Hire

WILNER'S
ADVANCED FALL STYLES

The Latest Novelties of the Season . . . $18.50

EVERY UNION MAN OUGHT TO TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THIS OFFER

Not only do we save you $10.00 on every suit you buy, but our workmanship has proven to stand up, to hold its shape, curl nor wrinkle until the garment will last, and we guarantee to last you fully three years.

We are the FIRST and ONLY Union Custom Tailors in this City.

Order Your Suit From

JOS. A. WILNER & COMPANY

COR. 8th and G STREETS NORTHWEST

CORBY'S YEAST

Leaves nothing to guess-work.
Its purity and strength are uniform.
Every baker knows what that means.
Send for samples.

THE CORBY COMPANY

STATION K. WASHINGTON, D. C.

Building Trades Headquarters Sixth and G Sts. N. W

Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rent

WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES TOBACCO. COSTELLO BROS

THE PLATE PRINTER

Official Organ Plate Printers International Union.

P. J. RYAN, Editor. CHAS. T. SMITH, Assoc. Editor.

Subscription $1.00 Per Year

Telephone 4528 Wash. Loan & Trust Bldg.

Representative Houses
OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

BANKS

THE NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burglar-proof vaults, acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth and New York Avenue

THE WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee. etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK
A Bank for the Working People. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account
Ninth and G streets N. W.

UNION SAVINGS BANK. Commercial Accounts. Three per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts. The Oldest Savings Bank in Washington.

MICHAEL T. GREENE
Liquors and Cigars. 639 D St. N. W.

STONER'S BAR AND RESTAURANT
The, G. Stoner. 206 Seventh St.S. W.

J. CHAS. McGUIRE'S BUFFET
Federal Seal Whiskey. 519 Ninth St. N. W.

O'KEEFE'S BUFFET
P. J. O'Keefe, Prop. 904 Pa. Ave N. W.

GLAVIN'S BUFFET
ED. J. GLAVIN 309 G Street Northwest

OXFORD BUFFET
J. F. SCHRINER 730 14th Street N. W.

FRANK'S BUFFET
Fourth and G Sts., N. W. Phone M. 5572

DAVID WALSH'S BUFFET
407 10th Street N. W.

E. E. FARLEY'S BUFFET
415 13th Street N. W.

J. J. O'DONNELL'S BUFFET
333 Penn. Avenue S. E.

HARRY'S BUFFET
681 Penn. Ave. S. E. Phone Lin. 1843

MACHINIST
G. W. FORSBERG, Formerly with Forsberg and Murray, Elevate Boilers. Eighth and Water Streets S. W. Phone Main 751 and 74

GROCER AND COFFEE ROASTER
HERBERT R. WATERS, 1342 Seventh Street N. W.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
RALSTON AND RICHARDSON, Bond Building, Fourteenth Stree and New York Avenue.

FRANK FULLER Room 421. Munsey Building, Phone Main 1826.

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.
THE SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (INC.) SODA WATER SYRUPS, Etc., 1066 Wisconsin Avenue Northwest.

PHOTO SUPPLIES
E. J. PULLMAN, Developing and Finishing for Amateurs Specialty 420 Ninth Street N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS
MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Avenue Northwest. Our Specialty Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

FIRE INSURANCE
FIREMAN'S INSURANCE COMPANY, Seventh Street and Louisiana Avenue.

DRY GOODS
WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings Hoisery, a specialty, 806-808 H Street N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

UNDERTAKERS

J. WILLIAM LEE
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY
332 Penna. Avenue N. W.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.
THE W. H. BUTLER COMPANY. 607 and 609 C Street N W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT
NATIONAL MORTAR COMPANY. First and M Street, Northeast
COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING COMPANY. 3036 K Street.

DRUGGISTS
CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth Street and Virginia Avenue S. E.

DAY & CO
5th and G Sts. N. W. 14th and P Sts. N. W
20th St. and Rhode Island Ave. N. E.

QUIGLEY, Druggist, Twenty-first and G Streets N. W.

A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner Seventh and P Streets N. W.

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1
Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.

M. J. DUNNIGAN, President.....2007 14 Street N.W.
JOHN G. WOLFE, Vice-President.1023 N. J. Ave. N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W.

TRUSTEES

Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E.
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E.
Thos. L. Nevins.....504 Maine Avenue S. W.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe,.....1023 N. J. Ave. N. W
J. McElfresh,.....
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E.
A. Tenley.....964 Florida Ave. N. W.
M. Sullivan.....5631-2 15 St. S. E.

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.

Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ARBITRATION COMMITTEE.

M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W.
M. A. Wolfe.....418 F St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. E.
Joseph Harding.....210 13 St. S. W.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....2006 2nd St. N. W
R. Pumphrey.....223 Q St. N. W.
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W.
Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. W.

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave.
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Cap. St.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L St. S. W.

DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.

John Wolfe.....1023 N. J. Avenue N. W.
William Pollard.....522 14 St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
Fred Negus.....30 L St. N W.

Washington District Council of Carpenters

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

J. G. O'DONNELL, President, L. U. 132, 122 Sixth Street N. E.
E. B. BYRNE, Secretary, L. U. 132, 425 G Street N. W.
F. A. SHOESMITH, Treasurer, L. U. 2563, 5209 Georgia Avenue N. W.
R. H. BURDETTE, Trustee, L. U. 132, 1207 L Street N. W.
H. S. HOLLOHAN, Trustee, L. U. 132, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
H. PAGE, Trustee, L. U. 2563, 336½ Thirteenth Street N. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, L. U. 132, 519 M Street S. W.
ROBERT ADAM, L. U. 2563, 1511 Vermont Avenue N. W.
FRED HOOK, L. U. 2563, 1528 Eighth Street N. W.
WM. MACKIE, L. U. 2563, 216 Seaton Place N. E.

BUSINESS AGENT.
GEO. MYERS, 425 G Street N. W.

GEO. D. HORNING,

N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.

LOAN OFFICE

WHY LABOR SHOULD SUPPORT WILSON

James R. **Morrisey has issued a** statement at Peru, Indiana, giving his reasons for believing that labor should support President Wilson for re-election. Mr. Morrisey is Chairman, Indiana Co-operative Board of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, Order of Railway Conductors, Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen, and Chairman, Indiana Legislative Board, Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen, and Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen.

In answer to a large number of inquiries addressed to me as to which political party the wage-earners of the state should support, I beg to answer that the wage-earners should support the party which, in its fundamental policies and in its legislation, has done most to promote the welfare of the laboring classes.

In my opinion, that party serves best the whole country which, by its legislation, gives to all classes the opportunity to employ their talents and ability and to enjoy the fruits of their toil. In the attainment of the end, compared with the legislation of any other political party in recent years, the Democratic party, in its legislative achievements, stands pre-eminently the best friend of the wage-earning classes.

I make the assertion, backed by the specific enactments of a Democratic administration, which speak for themselves.

Since March 4, 1913, a Democratic congress has enacted **more than twenty-five laws directly in the interests of labor,** and chief among these laws, I mention the following specifically:

The trades dispute act "embracing the relation of labor organizations to the anti-trust laws of the country," the regulation of the issuance of injunctions and the guaranty of the right of trial by jury for alleged contempts committed out of the presence of the court, an act that determines once and for all that labor is not a commodity.

The **department of labor law,** creating a department with a secretary who shall be a member of the President's cabinet, the eight-hour law applying to work done by the government as well as work done for the government, including postal employes, dredge workers, miners of coal to be used by the government, a provision in the postoffice appropriation bill exempting postal employes from the operation of the gag rule applied by executive order issued by President Roosevelt and broadened by President Taft, now permitting postal employes to take their grievances to the congress without fear of dismissal from the postal service for so doing.

The **Industrial Commission bill** "to investigate the entire subject of industrial relations between employer and employe with a view of ascertaining the best methods of dealing with industrial disputes, so as to protect the rights of all persons concerned directly or indirectly; the federal reserve act providing a system of currency which takes the control of the money of the country out of the hands of Wall Street money kings and places it with the government, rendering it impossible for a few money sharks and manipulators of the money market to bring on financial panics, close factories, fill the railroad sidings with empty box cars and white lead thousands of idle locomotives, as they did in 1907, when there were more working people out of employment than in any other period in our country's history. This law alone is sufficient to account for the unexampled prosperity of the country at this time.

The income tax law which equalizes the burdens of the cost of government between the working people and those who have amassed a surplus; the **rural credits law,** which is a godsend to the farmers of the country; the **child labor law** recently enacted, which makes it unlawful to work children under fourteen years of age in mines, factories, etc., instead of keeping them in school where they may equip themselves for the larger affairs of life, and completely nullifying the sentiment of the old song entitled "Everybody Works But Father." This child labor law has been clamored for, begged for and prayed for by labor interests for years without success until Woodrow Wilson's administration was reached.

The **federal compensation law** for the compensation of government employes injured while engaged in the performance of their duties, which, in my opinion, is the best law of its kind ever enacted and should be, and no doubt will be, appreciated at its full worth by all federal employes.

President Woodrow Wilson has proven his worth to labor by the things he has stood for in the interest of the laboring class. His keeping the country out of war is one thing that should cause laboring people to flock to his support, even if he has done nothing more for them. It is the laboring people who have to face the guns of the enemy in time of war.

Another act where he has shown his attitude toward labor, is his stand for the **eight-hour day** for the railroad employes engaged in train and engine service, and in fact he advocates the eight-hour day for all classes of employment. Can labor consistently vote against Mr. Winson for Charles Evans Hughes? I hardly think so, for it would be voting against a certainty for an uncertainty.

Mr. Hughes has **not** told labor where he stands. Why, if he is so friendly toward labor, hasn't he said something for labor in the eight-hour movement of railroad employes? Not one word has he said and I believe there is a just reason why he has remained silent, for his record while governor of the State of New York he vetoed a bill passed by the legislature of New York giving women the same pay as men as teachers in the schools; he vetoed a bill for a two-cent passenger fare on the railroads of New York; he vetoed a bill cutting the fare from New York to its principal pleasure resorts, the one most attractive to, and within the reach of the poor people, Coney Island, and while judge of the United States Supreme Court, he concurred in the decision of that court in which they held the hatters' union and its members of Danbury, Mass., liable for $300,000 to D. A. Loewe & Co. for boycotting. They took the homes away from those poor people. He wrote the decision holding the Arizona anti-alien labor law unconstitutional. In these two cases Mr. Hughes has subscribed that he is in favor of injunctions in labor disputes without the trial by jury. With this evidence against Mr. Hughes, a person can judge where he stands and who he would be for if elected President of the United States.

I am not expressing my opinion as a partisan but from records which speak for themselves and as the conditions confront labor in Indiana. Are you going to turn your back on the party that has befriended you for the men who, when in power, did nothing for you? I can hardly think so.

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, F. S. Radman, 732 Gresham Place N. W.

Bakery Salesmen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at Moose Hall, Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secretary, Joseph Randios, 666 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sunday in each month, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N. W.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Edward Fuhrman, 24 Quincy Place, N. W.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets first and third Sunday of the month at the Secretary, T. Guiffre, 908 Pennsylvania avenue Moose Hall, Seventh and G Street Northwest. nue northwest.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 48: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E street southeast.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G Street N. W.

Brotherhood of Railway Carmen of America, Local Union No. 313: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Streets N. E. Secretary, C. F. Cross, 924 K Street N. E. Meeting nights first and third Tuesdays.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 55: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles Hall, Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 1424 W St. N. W., Apt. 22.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhan, 737 10th St. s. e.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wassaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Twelfth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3800 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Paperhangers Hall, 430 Ninth Street N. W., second and fourth Thursdays of the month. Secretary, Edw. B. Finch, 33 P Street N. E.

Engineers, Hoisting No. 77: Meets every Friday, at 8:00 p. m. Hall, S. E. Cor. Tenth and Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, F. J. Nichols, 616 Fourth street northeast.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and B Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hisle, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Watchmen's Union No. 14964: Secretary, Jas. H. Reed, Cor. Sec., 1228 B street southwest.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Avenue S. E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 Twelfth St. N. E.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, Wm. W. Keeler, 148 Eleventh St. S. E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday at 1204 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, E. H. Fulton, 1120 E St. S. E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, H. Gundershein, 728 Columbia Road.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third 2665. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Bus. Agt.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 922 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Phone Main 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets second Sunday and fourth Friday in each month. Secretary, Albert Bridges 210 L st. s. e.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 429: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m. Secretary, J. A. Whitecar, 2209 Minnesota Ave. S. E.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas. B. Cameron, Bethesda, Md.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary W. H. Amiss, 1008 Monroe St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 820 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressman, No. 1: Meets fourth Monday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. E. Blakely, 3527 O St. N. W.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custodian and Janitor, 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, W. P. Cannon, 408 Twelfth St. S. E.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe. 326 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. F. Hickman, 518 Sixth St. N. W.

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Mrs. H. B. Tritipoe, 1737 Willard street N. W., Apt. 20.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10.30 a. m. and 8.30 p. m. Secretary, G. W. Calderhead, Ouray Building, Room 312.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle, 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 750 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Friday, Typographical Temple. Secretary, L. Gantt, 57-A Bates Street.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters International Secretary-Treasurer, Jas. E. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G St. N. W. Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth St. N. W.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.

PRESIDENT WILSON RECEIVES THEIR INDORSEMENT.

President Wilson's administration has received the endorsement of labor men all over the United States. A group of working women in Chicago, Illinois, who are to cast their first presidential ballot this fall, formed a Working Women's Independent Woodrow Wilson League, September 9, 1916. They issue the following statement:

We, the undersigned working women, pledge our support to re-elect President Woodrow Wilson.

We pledge him our support:

Because of his splendid record during the past four years in a most critical period in the history of our nation.

Because he has stood with the common people as against the big business interests of the country.

Because he has placed human values above property values, and stands for human freedom.

Because of his record of labor legislation which was denied us during other administrations, particularly the enactment of the Child Labor Law and the Clayton Anti-Trust Act.

Because of his courageous stand for the eight-hour day in the recent railroad controversy.

Because we believe that by his action in this case he has advanced the cause of the shorter work-day to such an extent that we look to an early enactment of eight-hour legislation for women in the various states and by congress.

For these reasons we feel justified in calling upon the working women, regardless of party, to join in our campaign to work for the re-election of President Wilson.

(Signed.) Agnes Nestor, President International Glove Workers Union of America; President Chicago Women's Trade Union League; Mary Anderson, Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 94; Elizabeth Christman, Glove Workers Union No. 18; Catherine Finnegan, President Bindery Women's Union; Mary Haney, United Garment Workers of America, No. 33; Frances E. Harden, Teachers League, Chicago; Agnes Johnson, Boot and Shoe Workers Union No. 94; E. Beatrix Dauchy, Chicago Women's Trade Union League; Mary McEnerney, Bindery Women's Union, No. 30; Elizabeth Maloney, Organizer Waitresses Union.

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

J. G. O'DONNELL, President, 122 Sixth St. N. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, Vice-President, 519 M St. S. W.
THOS. W. WOLTZ, Recording Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
G. H. F. DAVIS, Treasurer, 439 Second St. S. E.
W. I. STRATTON, Conductor, 617 Sixth St. N. W.
A. F. MOIRSETTE, Warden, 425 G St. N. W
GEO. MYERS, Business Agent, 425 G St. N. W.

TRUSTEES.

F. J. NOLTE, 24 Eighth Street N. E.
WM. T. BAUM, 472 I Street N. W.
A. P. TAYLOR, 622 I Street N. E.

DELEGATES TO THE DISTRICT COUNCIL

R. H. BURDETTE, 1207 L Street N. W.
C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
E. B. BYRNE, 425 G Street N. W.
ROBERT REICHARD, 1720 35th Street N. W.
J. H. RYAN, 1101 Eleventh Street S. E.

DELEGATES TO THE CENTRAL LABOR UNION.

C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
R. H. BURDETTE, 816 K Street N. W.
W. S. HOLLOHAN, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
W. T. BAUM, 474 I Street S. W.
MARK REILEY, 1127 B Street S. E.

RELIEF COMMITTEE.

M. REILLY, 1127 B Street S. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
H. M. BEVILL, Brentwood, Md.
J. T. CLIFT, 4115 Seventh Street N. W.
M.A. FOLEY, 118 Seaton Street N. E.

MILL COMMITTEE.

F. E. KETTNER, 3016 Cambridge St. N. W
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
O. A. CARTER, Rosslyn, Va.

DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

G. H. F. DAVIS, 439 Second Street S. E.

Clothes, Hats and Shoes

The Bieber-Kaufman Co.
901-909 Eighth St. S. E.
Down by the Navy Yard
Washington, D. C.

PHONE MAIN 6079.
Reno Lunch
W. H. WOODCOCK, Proprietor.
625 PA. AVE. N. W.
HOME COOKED FOODS
NEVER CLOSED

CORBY'S DELICIOUS CAKE
10c PER HALF LB.
AT ALL GROCERS

The only strictly
UNION TAILORING
house in the city
M. STEIN & CO.
TAILORS
Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

THE MILTON SCHOOL
Oxford Bldg., 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.
Stenography
Typewriting
English
Spanish
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO BEGINNERS
Now in larger quarters in the Oxford Building, 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
Meets Every Monday Night
Typographica Temple
423-425 G St. N. W.
Secretary s Address: 1325 E. Capitol St.
Telephone: Lincoln 3955

OFFICERS

N. A. JAMES ..... President
HUGH DIGNEY ..... Vice-President
JOHN B. COLPOYS, Secretary, 1325 E. Capitol St.
JOSEPH E. TOONE ..... Financial Secretary
WM. H. SCHAEFFER ..... Treasurer
JOSEPH C. CLARK ..... Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES: Wm. Zell, Mary Ganzhorn, J. L. Considine

COMMITTEES

Executive—Hugh Digney (chairman), N. A. James, John B. Colpoys, J. E. Toone, W. N. Huttel, John R. Hartley.

Legislative—Robert Jones (chairman), John H. Lorch, N. P. Alifas, H. R. Alcorn, E. W. Oyster.

Adjustment—W. N. Huttel (chairman), Jere McCarthy, J. A. McDonald, Ben Spellbring, John G. Schmidt.

Contract—John R. Hartley (chairman), W. H. Schaefer, Hubert Newsom, C. H. Adams, A. J. Ginnelly.

Laws—Dan Hassett (chairman), J. H. Wells, D. J. O'Leary.

Resolutions—J. L. Considine (chairman), Zep S. Pollock, A. J. Kinnell.

Organization—J. E. Toone (chairman), Mary Burkhead, Henry Miller, J. H. Wilson, H. A. Ranier.

Auditing—Mary Ganzhorn (chairman), Marguerite Stewart, E. Wood.

Credentials—M. J. Costella (chairman), J. H. Swain, S. T. Ford.

Lable—E. T. Good.

Press—John B. Colpoys (chairman, N. A. Sprague, B. O'Leary.

Delegates to Baltimore—J. E. Toone (chairman) J. M. Foster, William Zell.

Delegates to Alexandria—H. F. Oehler (chairman). Chas. Allison, L. A. Sterne.

Saks & Company
MEN'S and BOYS' OUTFITTERS
Pa. Ave. & 7th St. Wash., D. C.
Specialists in Apparel for Men and Boys.

AMERICAN LUNCH
VIRGINIA a THEATRE
Stag Hotel
JOHN J. NOONAN.

LIST OF LIQUOR DEALERS WHO HAVE SIGNED "THE AGREEMENT."

Allen, Paul.....2 N st. n. e.
Allen, John J...807 N. C. Cap st. n. e.
Beirkle, Leopold, - 1245 H st. n. e.
Boyle, William J., 601 Mass. ave n. w.
Castelli, Vincent, 502-504 Ninth st.n.w.
Clark, C. H.....510 9th st. n. w.
Colonial Beach Boat Co.
Costello, Bros.....604 G st. n. w.
Crowley, James J.....702 E st. n. w.
Daly, T. J.....34 H st. n. e.
Daye, Wm. T.....1218 Wisc. ave.
Doyle, Wm. T....1314 Wisc. ave. n. w.
Duffy, James A. -901 1-2 E st. n. w.
Wm. R. Fosbender, 406 Ninth st. n w.
Franey, F. A.....711½ 9th st. n. w.
Frank, Mrs. M. E. - 319 G st. n. w.
Ganey, M.....615 7th st. s. w.
Glavin, Edwin.....309 G st. n. w.
Hannan, Mrs. E.....531 7th st. s. w.
Hanlon, Timothy.....822 H st. n. e.
Kelliher, J. D.....1258 7th st. s. w.
Killeen, John F.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Louis Hodges, - - 407 9th st n. w.
Lynagh, Peter J.....523 7th st. s. w.
Lynch, John.....417 9th st. n. w.
McCarthy, Dennis J., Evans building.
McCarthy, F. J.....910 4½ st. s. w.
McDonald, F. J.....643 Pa. ave. s. e.
McGuire, J. Chas., 519 Ninth st. n. w.
McHough, Martin....1105 H st. n. e.
Milton Schmidt, - 702 7th st. n. w.
O'Connor, D. J.....100 G st. n. w.
O'Connor, Patrick F., 617 D st. n. w.
O'Connor, James.....1429 N. Cap. st.
O'Day, John T. - 921 Ninth st. n. w.
O'Donnell, James J...333 Pa. ave. s. e.
Peter White, - - - 905 D st. n. w.
Raftery, Thomas.....406 H st. n. e.
Raftery, Patrick.....225 11th st. n. e.
Roland, J. H.....511 9th st. n. w.
Scanlon, Daniel,.....103 H st. n. w.
Schroter, Conrad....3258 M st. n. w.
Schltz, Mary T.....607 G st. n. w.
Sheehan, John J., 701 North Cap. st.
Solon, Mary A., - 1003 7th st. e.
Stern, M. M.....601 7th st. n. w.
Stanton, Frank J.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Sullivan, David, 12th and E st. n. w.
Sullivan, John J., 1351 35th st. n. w.
The Casino, Frank Farenkamp (Chesapeake Beach).
Victor Buffet Co., Inc., 7th and G n. w.
Walsh, David, - - 407 10th st. n. w.
Wassman, Henry, 705 Seventh st. n. w.
Wiedeman, Joseph....629 E st. n. w.
William J. O'Leary, 733 North Cap. st.
Wininger, Harry 631 Pa. ave. s. e.
Wolf, Frank, - 512 12th st. n. w.

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

UNION OPERATOR — LOCAL No. 224 — WASH. D.C. — I.A.T.S.E. — AFFILIATED WITH CENTRAL LABOR UNION & A.F. of L.

American, 1st st. and R. . ave.n.w.
Apollo, - - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Aragon Airdome, Md. Ave. 8 & 9, N.E.
Arcade (Theatre and Park, 14th and Park Road.
Auditorium, 13th st. and N. Y. ave.n.w.
Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Central Park, - 9th St. G & H N.W.
Chelsia Theatre, 19th and M sts. n. w.
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N. W.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Eastern, - - 8th St. bet. F & G S. E.
Elite Theatre, 14th and R. I. ave. n. w.
Empire, - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Favorite. H St. North Capitol & First
Garden Theatre, 423 Ninth st. n. w.
Garden Theatre, - Hopewell, Va.
Gayety Theatre, - 513 9th st. n. w.
Georgia - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
Home Theater, C bet. 12th & 13th n. e.
Leader - - - 509 Ninth St. N. W.
Liberty Theatre, N. Capitol & P St.
"M" Street Theatre. M St. near 32nd
Maycroft Park, H St. bet. 6 7, N.E.
Meaders, - - - 8th & G Sts. S. E.
Mid City, - 7th, bet. N and O st. n. w.
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15, N.W.
Orpheum, - - 4th and C st. n. e.
Peerless Park, - 3105 Ga. ave. n. w.
Plaza Theatre - 434 9th st. n. w.
Pleasant Hrr. Park, 12 and C N. E.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Proctor Park, - - Anacostia, D. C.
Randolpr Park, 1st and Randolph n. w.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
R. I. Theatre, 7th and R. I. Ave. N.W.
Savoy, - - - 14th and Col. Road.
Schuetzen Park, Ga. ave. and Kenyon
Senate, Pa. Ave. bet. 3d & 4th, S. E.
Standard Park, Bates, near N. Cap. St.
Strand, - - - - - Ninth and D.
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N. E.
Stanton Park, - - - 219 4th N. E.
Starlight Park, 4 1-2 and K st. n. w.
Surprise Theatre - Alexandria, Va.
The Grand, - - - Hopewell, Va.
The Richmond, - - Alexandria, Va.
Truxton Park, N. Capitol & Fla. Ave.
Twilight Park, Pa. Ave. 13 & 14, S. E.
Victoria Theatre, 7th & E Sts. S. W.
Welcome, - - 4 1-2 and K st. s. w.
Zenith, - - 8th St. bet. G & H, S. E.

The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I. P. E. U.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXI. NO. 14 WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 29, 1916. ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

CATS MAKING LAWS FOR MICE

When the land question was under consideration in the British parliament which consisted wholly of land owners, John Bright thus characterized the situation: "We are now in the parliament of the cats making laws for the mice." The same characterization applies exactly to the solution which Mr. John D. Rockefeller, Jr., has worked out for the labor problem. The industrial war which existed for months in the mines of the Colorado Fuel and Iron company stirred the conscience of John D. Rockefeller, Jr., who felt compelled to do something "to better the situation in Colorado." He has publicly announced that he preferred to lose every cent he had invested in Colorado rather than recognize the union and permit the mines to establish better conditions in accord with their own ideals.

As Mr. Rockefeller would not recant he was compelled to devise a new system. He secured the advice of professional humanitarians and then advertised that he had "solved" the labor problem and would establish industrial democracy. His plan provides for a maze of committees, each of which is assigned to deal with some matter that effects conditions of work. The miners are to "elect" representatives to serve on these committees. The committees meet with the represntatives of the company and consider all "grievances" that shall refer to them. An appeal may be taken from the decision of the committee and may be carried through a succession of committees. An "adjustment" may come after many committees and many months. Superficially, the plan provides for the adjustment of any complaint or misunderstanding that may arise. It provides everything for the workers except that which is essential for influence in industrial affairs—power.

Like the parliament of cats making law for the mice, Mr. John D. Rockefeller and his advisers have formulated a solution that protects employers. He presumes to say that the miners can secure justice and solve their problems without the power, and he pretends they can do this in dealing with the company, that is, backed by all the power of 26 Broadway. But the elaborate machinery of the Rockefeller labor solution (the cats) can not any longer deceive the mice. Already the report comes that the miners of Colorado want real unions—organizations affiliated with the United Mine Workers of America. A trade union, like any other organic institution, must be the result of natural growth. An artificial substitute, even though labeled "just as good" by the Rockefeller Publicity Department, will not replace the trade union organization that is the outgrowth of years of experience and a response to human needs.—Samuel Gompers, in American Federationist.

ENDORSES EIGHT-HOUR LAW.

San Francisco—Mr. Kelleher, the senior member of the firm of Kelleher & Brown, while discussing the eight-hour workday recently, said:

"We have operated now for nearly three years on the basis of an eight-hour workday. We abolished the piece-work system, together with a ceaseless daily period of toil, and our operatives are now paid weekly wages based on an eight-hour workday. The results have been very satisfactory. Old customers and patrons are even better pleased than they ever were before. Our mechanics and foremen are showing a quickening and increased accuracy, and all of our workers are demonstrating a greater productivity, which alone can come from that genuine interest and pleasant relationship between employer and employe that flows from mutually happy minds.

"We are so thoroughly satisfied with the eight-hour workday and the union's system of collective bargaining that rather than go back to the dreary drudgery of nine, ten, or more hours' grinding piecework we would quit the business."

FREE LAND IN UNITED STATES.

Secretary of the Interior Lane announces that there are 250,000,000 acres of public land in the United States to be taken over by homesteaders. In 25 states, from California to Michigan, and Florida to Washington, public domains are scattered and ready to be opened. All but 2,290,000 acres lie in the far west. Nevada, with 55,375,077 acres, contains the largest area. Uusurveyed land totals 92,000,000 acres. Of the 25 states containing public lands, Missouri has the least, 952 acres, in 16 counties. A summary of the land:

Alabama, 42,680; Arizona, 23,597,219; Arkansas, 402,219; California, 20,025,999; Colorado, 14,908,127; Florida, 135,387; Idaho, 15,501,561; Kansas, 56,018; Louisiana, 44,804; Michigan, 90,540; Minnesota, 798,804; Mississippi, 30,374; Missouri, 952; Montana, 16,649,725; Nebraska, 146,256; Nevada, 55,375,077; New Mexico, 26,338,379; North Dakota, 381,199; Oklahoma, 55,250; Oregon, 15,337,809; South Dakota, 2,382,588; Utah, 32,-968,837; Washington, 1,132,571; Wisconsin, 5,872; Wyoming, 25,528,492. Total, 254,945,589.

MILTON SNELLINGS, General President International Steam and Operating Engineers.

MILTON SNELLINGS, general president International Steam and Operating Engineers, has been for years their First Vice-President and General Organizer, as well as General Organizer for the A. F. of L. Mr. Snellings is to be congratulated upon his victory, which was clean-cut, and his many friends are pleased he has won the laurels so rightfully merited by years of constant effort and fidelity to duty.

OPPOSE CONTROLLED LABOR

Indianapolis—The United Mine Workers' Journal opposes legislation that would compel employes to work pending investigation of grievances. The Canadian industrial disputes investigation act, which prohibits strikes and lockouts in public utilities before a government board is appointed, is referred to as follows:

"Our experiences with the Canadian law has been that it is generally effective in curbing the workers from exercising their economic power through organized resistance, while it is utterly helpless to curb the employers when they seek to oppress, even by denying the fundamental rights of the workers.

"A case in point—the Vancouver Island strike; in spite of the fact that the board appointed under the trades dispute act fully justified the position of the miners, the managers refused to abide by the decision and were furnished every legal and extra legal aid to break the resistance of the workers.

"In cases where the decision of such an arbitrarily constituted board went against the workers, and they refused to abide by such decision, even the commonest safeguards, the right to free speech, free assembly, have been arbitrarily denied them, and the decision of the board held as a judgment in law, and eventually forced upon the workers.

"Above all, we hold that compulsory arbitration includes involuntary servitude, and any effort on the part of state or nation to enact a law which in effect would deny us our right to withhold our labor power, as individuals or collectively, must be regarded as a reversion to the time when a workingman was considered as the property of the owners of the land and of the industries, and must be resisted by the workers to the last ditch.

"A law that might specify only those who are engaged in interstate transportation could easily be amended to include those engaged in other industries, once the principle was established. To safeguard the liberties we have won through centuries of unceasing struggle, it behooves us to jealously guard against any attempt to enact a law for compulsory arbitration, for in the end, such law would include involuntary servitude."

THE PRINTING INDUSTRY.

A review of the printing and publishing industry of the United States in the years 1914 and 1909 is given by the United States bureau of census in its summary of results of the 1914 study of that industry. The five-year period showed increases in number of establishments and in the value of products.

According to the classification adopted, the industry is made up of three branches: (1) Establishments whose chief business is book and job printing; (2) establishments whose business is music printing; and (3) establishment engaged in printing and publishing newspapers and periodicals, some of the first-named doing job work also.

The number of establishments in this industry in 1914 aggregated 31,612, and the total value of their products amounted to $810,508,111. These figures represent increases of 6.2 per cent, and 22.3 per cent, respectively, as compared with those for 1909—29,757 establishments, with products valued at $662,591,959.

HE BLAMES THE GOVERNOR

Lansing, Mich.—Every charge brought against the United States Steel Corporation by the striking steel miners of northern Minnesota is sustained in a report just submitted to Governor Burnquist by his own State Labor Commissioner.

Miners have been exploited by the contract system, cheated, oppressed, forced to give bribes to their mine captains, arrested without warrant, given unfair trials, and subjected to "serious injustices" at the hands of the mine guards and police. This is the substance of the findings:

Mine guards employed by the company, deputized by Sheriff Meining without investigation, and supported by Governor Burnquist, are to blame for all disorder. The report says:

"We are not entirely in sympathy with the belief that vigorous measures were necessary to maintain peace and safety in this strike. We are entirely satisfied that the mine guards have exceeded their legal rights and duties and invaded the citizenship rights of the strikers; that such violation has been more chargeable to the mine guards and police than to the strikers; and that the public police departments have entirely exceeded the needs of the situation, and have perpetrated serious injustices upon the strikers.

"Nnmerous cases of arrest without warrant, and unfair trials in the justices' courts were brought to our attention. We will go into these cases in detail, as the federal men have promised a thorough investigation, but we are seriously impressed that the mine guards should have been compelled to remain on the property or disarm when they left it."

DESIRE AN INCREASE.

A committee representing various classes of workmen at the eastern navy yards and including those at the local yard, had a conference with Acting Secretary Roosevelt at the Navy Department with a view to the improvement of working conditions at the yards. A general increase of wages at all the yards to meet the increased cost of living was the main topic of discussion.

The men are said to have been encouraged by the recent success of the railroad employes in getting an eight-hour day to believe that the administration might be willing to readjust navy yard wages on a similarly liberal basis.

Specific request was made that the wage scale at the various yards for the calendar year 1917 be announced as early as December 1 instead of waiting till nearly the end of that month, as had been the practice in the past. The request probably will be granted.

A. F. OF L. POWER DEFINED.

Chicago—The Journeymen Tailors' union is conducting a referendum election for officers, and the Tailor, its official paper, says:

"From reading the communications published in the Tailor touching the election of delegates to the convention to the American Federation of Labor, we are led to the conclusion that a misunderstanding exists in the minds of the writers as to the scope and power of the convention of the A. F. of L.

"In the first place, the writers overlook the fact that the American Federation is a voluntary organization, drawn together by the realization of the necessity of closer unity of the working class, which would enable them to be of mutual assistance to each other.

"This coming together of the different groups composing the American Federation does not cause any one group to lose its autonomy or its identification. To do so would be at variance with the original intentions of the people who of their own free will come together with others to secure their friendship and assistance in the hour of need.

"No organization would think of going into the A. F. of L. knowing that by so doing they would be giving up the right to manage their own business as they saw fit. It is safe to predict that no union will ever do so.

"There is quite an analogy between the plan of organization of the United States and the American Federation of Labor.

"The national unions hold the relationship to the A. F. of L. that the states hold to the national government. The locals composing the national hold the same relationship to it that the different counties hold to the state. The United States cannot make a law contrary to the agreement made at the time the states formed a federation. Neither can the American Federation make a law that would abridge the rights of any national."

MOTHERS TO THANK WILSON.

New York.—A delegation of East Side mothers and their children will join social workers in a journey to the summer residence of President Wilson, Shadow Lawn, to thank him for the passage of social legislation during the session of the last Congress. The delegation of mothers goes with the express purpose of thanking him personally for the passage of the child labor law and to emphasize the importance of that law.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - Editor
Wm. H. Anglin - - - - - Associate Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., SEPTEMBER 29, 1916.

WILLIAM NICHOLAS BROCKWELL.

They say it was acute melancholia; I say it was a broken heart.

That subtile something that guides the mind along the road of reason failed to function, and gentle, kind, considerate Brockwell wandered from here to elsewhere—to that country whose borderland is ever and always just beyond our ken.

This lover of his kind, so prodigal in loosing blossoms of good deeds along life's fretful highway—cheery, helpful, happy—has wrapt the mantle of his couch about him and said good-bye.

Bill's life was a benison of benefits bestowed, an incense of eager interest for his fellows, a clarion call to men of heart to lend a hand.

Sorrow assails me—I can say no more.

F. A. K.

COL. H. F. J. DRAKE.

In the death of Col. H. F. J. Drake Columbia Union loses another splendid member.

Col. Drake, a veteran of the civil war, had been confined to his bed for three weeks preceding his death with heart trouble. During his long years of service in the Government Printing Office he has held several supervisory positions, his last assignment being in the proofroom of that office.

His body was taken to Elizabeth, N. J., for interment.

Among those fortunate enough to claim an acquaintanceship with Col Drake he will be missed. Missed because of that cheerfulness his presence always radiated, and the principles for which he stood. He was a faithful unionist, a loyal Democrat, a kind father, a just man. To his bereaved family we extend our sincerest sympathy.

GOOD SERVICE RENDERED.

Woodrow Wilson stands for free government, for honest government, for visible government—for the common rights of men and women, of business groups and organizations, of municipalities and states, of the United States and of the other nations of the world, whether they be weak of powerful. He has been free of the influence of special interests, whether brought to bear by money power within the United States or by the greatest military Power on earth. Proof lies in the long, explicit and wonderful record of his performance in the presidency. For that reason he was able to say in his speech accepting the Democratic nomination for President:

"I do not doubt that the people of the United States will wish the Democratic party to continue in control of the government. They are not in the habit of rejecting those who have actually served them for those who are making doubtful and conjectural promises of service. Least of all are they likely to substitute those who promised to render them particular services and proved false to that promise for those who have actually rendered those very services."

A FUNDAMENTAL BENEFIT.

Development of many of the nation's greatest agricultural states lying west of the Mississippi and south of the Ohio rivers is yet in its infancy. Vast acreages of fertile land which should be under cultivation are in jungle, swamps which should be drained are flooded, farmers who should have silos and efficient modern machinery to add to the volume and economy of production of vegetable and meat foodstuffs are without them, and the condition of farm buildings and farm premises constitute a steady loss to the farmer. The great hindrance has been lack of money for development, extortionate interest rates, and often merciless mortgage holders who have forced the farmer to sacrifice necessities to meet the obligations imposed by rates running as high as 10 per cent.

The Wilson administration, by enacting the Rural Credits law which will enable the farmer to borrow money at not to exceed 6 per cent and have forty years to pay it back, if he wants that long a time, is destined to speedily remedy backward agricultural conditions. From it there can be but one result—greater activity and improvements on the farm in all the states—not merely in favored communities—with money enough to meet all the farmers' needs and make needed improvements without necessity of resort to the loan sharks who shackeled the development of many farm communities.

The threatened railroad strike and the final method resorted to for its avoidance, has brought forth much unfavorable comment from the capitalistic press.

The spectacle of the "unholy alliance" between Colonel Roosevelt and the very men whom four years ago he denounced as "porch climbers," "second-story men," and as "grafters and crooks" continues to gain in interest and impressiveness.

When a body of men like the railroad brotherhood can tie up a whole nation as big as is the United States, there is something wrong, in the minds of the capitalists of the country; and while they would like to reclaim us from vice, they are not willing to train themselves to virtue, so we are willing to fight it out 50-50.

PNEUMOGASTRICISMS

BY BILLY ANGLIN

It takes a married man to sink into a pedal bass slumber.

When will elocutionists cease using everything but the alphabet?

Be careful with your dress—don't forget to put on good manners.

The government issues more paper money because its easier to burn.

By profession some men are lawyers, but they are kept busy in other walks of life.

This is the season of the year that produces a real desire to lie in bed—as elsewhere.

This election campaign has failed thus far in bringing out a single six-cylinder brain.

Time was when one could tell a chorus girl from all the rest, but now they are all calcimined.

Its about time some real genuine pre-election gore began to teem in a series of high voltage relays.

"Smoking allowed on the three rear seats" has filled many a willow plume with the scent of tobacco.

Never consider yourself slandered until you know for certain the other fellow has nothing on you.

No man that was taught to work by honest parents ever developed into a highwayman or common thief.

The moving picture does not decorate the stage with primeval rhetoric and other stuff that is not so prime.

What has become of the good old-time housewife who spent her autumn days chasing the predatory pinch bug?

There are no such thing now as a movable carpenter with the result that the plasterers can start in on schedule time.

It's a bad dream that leaves a man on the main street of his home town clad in his night dress and a deep purple blush.

Money will land a man among the leaders but the youth of today will soon discover he can buy everything but natural intelligence.

The trouble is that too many women associate too closely with the darning egg and flat iron to ever become real suffragettes.

Politics enables a man who hasn't earned an honest dime in six months to canter into a booth and save the country from disaster.

Go to work! Get busy! The day of hope—that some rich relative will die and leave an assortment of tontine life insurance—is gone.

We are fast reaching a period where the hopeful contractor who used to build a home by the day will wind up building it by the year.

The man who tries to fill to an inside straight open on both ends usually winds up the game of life by sitting with the referee in bankruptcy.

Economy is a good thing, but when a man will squeeze a Lincoln penny so hard he imagines he hears the Gettysburg address it is a doubtful asset.

Temper can hardly be told from inbred depravity or original sin. Better commit justifiable homicide than slay all good impulses by this form of human vice.

The mother seldom gets the best cut of the sirloin, but then she'll never look back with a shiver when the family physician throws up the sponge.

That Annapolis Socialist is not gaining much headway in getting Ralston and Mudd, of the Fifth Maryland District into a 3-cornered catch-as-catch-can debate.

While the farmer is in town four days in the week discussing national politics, it is some consolation to know that the temperature will not stifle a smokestack.

Literature affords light employment to a great many persons who would otherwise be obliged to mingle with manual labor or board around with their wife's relatives.

Custom used to permit a man implanting a chaste and roseate kiss upon the back of the hand of every woman he met, but this was done away with by the splatter of a single physique.

If a magazine has spicy illustrations, a lean heroine in a langurous pose and a very disconcerting dishabille, who cares whether its the four hundred or the rules of rhetoric that's punctured.

It used to be considered a Christian act to give either a man or a woman, with several bundles and a 43-pound infant, a seat in a street car, but there's nothing in religion or morals that justifies any such familiarity hereabouts.

Oh for a story that is not bounded on the north by a moonlight proposal, on the east by a childless home, on the west by an elopement with the crossing policeman and on the south by a bunch of flowers tagged "Rest in peace."

JACKSON H. RALSTON—A thin, compact gentleman who needs no additional storage capacity for his teeming thoughts. He is the one man who can talk intentionally for several hours without committing a solecism or injecting a split infinitive. By profession he is a lawyer, but his real business is to furnish the brains for one of the biggest and best legal firms in the United States. When not engaged in this pursuit he is busy showing some judge that labor is not a commodity or can't be injuncted, and he impresses the soundness of his arguments with a vocabulary of words, none less than six syllables, which causes the hearing to come to an abrupt ending and more time asked for by the court in order to digest what has already been enunciated, after which the court generally concludes he's right. As a representative of the people he will always be able to distinguish an aye from a nay upon questions that will effect the masses of his district. Come on, let's put him where he belongs.

ESTABLISHED 1865 — 51 YEARS IN BUSINESS

CHRISTIAN XANDER'S

Family Brand Best Rye Whiskey

Price 75 cents a full quart.

909 7th Street, Northwest. — No Branch Houses. Phone M. 274

MEATS — GROCERIES — FISH

Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the

OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.

930 La. Ave. N. W. — 1111 H Street N. E.
8th & E Sts. S. E. — 1632 N. Capitol Street
31st & M Sts. N. W. — 3418-20 Ga. Ave. N. W.
7th & Q Sts. N. W. — 14th & U Streets N. W.
1778 U Street, N.W. — 7th and B Streets N. E.
7th & H Street N. E. — 3113 14th Street, N. W.
726 7th St. N. W. — 1440 P St. N. W.
2002-2004 Ga. Ave. N. W.

POULTRY — BREAD — PRODUCE

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF THE UNITED BREWERY WORKMEN OF AMERICA
Union MADE Beer — Ale AND Porter
COPYRIGHT & TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1903
THIS IS OUR LABEL.

VOTE
Against Prohibition
DEMAND
Personal Liberty
IN CHOOSING WHAT YOU WILL DRINK
ASK FOR THIS LABEL WHEN PURCHASING BEER, ALE OR PORTER.
As A Guarantee That It Is Union Made.

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK
Northwest Corner FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST
LOOK FOR THE CLOCKS
4 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts
COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

THIS SPACE FOR SALE

BOOT & SHOE WORKERS UNION — UNION STAMP — Factory

Named Shoes are Frequently Made in Non-Union Factories

DO NOT BUY ANY SHOE

No matter what its name, unless it bears a plain and readable impression of this Union Stamp. All shoes without the Union Stamp are always Non-Union. Do not accept any excuse for absence of the Union Stamp

Boot and Shoe Workers' Union, 246 Summer St., Boston, Mass.

JOHN F. TOBIN President. — CHAS. L. BAINE, Sec.-Treas.

WASHINGTON BREWERY CO.

IMPERIAL EXPORT

A really fine beer

WIENER BEER (Light) — CONGRESS BREW (Dark)

— ALE —

Arlington Brewing Co.

— PORTER —

Tel. West 129 — ROSSLYN, VA.

Whenever

You see a man whose eyes are bright and step elastic, and who walks along as though he owned half the town, you can make up your mind that he has just got through taking

Weller's Tonic Hyphophosphites

the medicine that makes weak people strong; quiets the nerves; gives sound sleep; builds up the system; strengthens the lungs, and restores the appetite.

WELLER'S DRUG STORE

Eighth and Eye Sts. S. E. — 36th and M N. W.

STORAGE — PACKING — FREIGHT HAULING

Merchants Transfer

— AND —

Storage Company

920-922 E Street Northwest

Phone Main 6900

SHIPPING — MOVING — HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

When in Doubt, Buy of

HOUSE & HERRMANN

FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.

N.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W

FIREPROOF CONSTRUCTION

Hammett Fire Proofing Company
301-302-303 Wilkins Bldg.
Phone Main 3337.

PHONE NORTH 2349

DONOVAN'S

FINE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS

2008 14th St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

Sanitary

Paper Towels
Paper rinking Cups
Paper Napkins

—For Lunchrooms.
—For Stores, Public
—Buildings, Offices, Etc.

Best quality round-shaped 5-oz., 7-oz., and 12-oz., Drinking Cups, in sealed cartons of 100—a supply sufficient to fill the glass-covered, nickel-base dispensing machine—appropriate for office or any public use.

Special low prices in 1,000 lots.

PAPER TOWELS

Fine absorbent tissue in towel rolls of 150 towels—sealed packages, 25 cents per roll.

Sanitary glass and nickel containers, including a special size of 60 capacity for office use.

Dulin & Martin Co.
Pottery, Porcelain, China, Glass, Silver, &c.
1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St.

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY

Equitable Life Insurance Co.
of the District of Columbia

THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Issues Ordinary and Industrial

Wm. A. Bennett, 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.

EQUITABLE BLD'G. 816 14th ST., N. W.

Black's Alderney and Green Meadow Dairy
Pasteurized and Tubercoline Tested Milk.
Phone N. 1670. Union Dairies.

LANSBURGH & BRO.

"DRY GOODS ONLY"

The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City

420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

Bell Brand Union-Made
COLLARS and SHIRTS
LARGE ASSORTMENT
T. HOLLANDER
North Capitol and H Streets

Takoma Bread
Fresh Three Times Daily
AT ALL GROCERS
Havenner Baking Company
Established 1815

Phone Main 3871

WM. H. HOWLIN
OURAY BUILDING, 801 G ST. N. W.
(Room 404)

Engrossing Resolutions, Diplomas, Charters and Fancy Pen Work of all descriptions.

CELTIC CLUB WHISKEY
Our Specialty
Never Changes. Accept No Substitute
Once Tried You'll Always Use It.
Ports and Sherries for family use, Quarts, 50 and 75 cents. All makes of Beer. Leading brands of Cigars. Ales and Porters on draught the year round.
D. J. O'CONNOR
New Jersey Ave. and G Sts. N.W

PASTIME PARAGRAPHS

BY CYCLE

The campaign has reached the "I'llbetcha" stage.

The most tedious of all watchful waiting is at the barber-shop.

And, speaking of barbers, if more were mutes it might serve to expedite business.

In the passing of H. F. J. Drake a genial soul took flight to the life sublime.

It will be very appropriate to set apart one day for thanksgiving before Congress convenes.

Not all who complain that this is a cold uncharitable world have done their part to make it less so.

The advance in the price of coal is sufficient to remind us of what the operators did following arbitration.

Those desiring to contribute to the political campaign funds have been notified that the treasurer is now in.

Friends of Timekeeper Leeds are hoping that when he has another fiftieth anniversary he will let it be more generally known.

Venders of near beer must now pay a tax equal to that of the real thing, a compliment rather than a promotion.

In some quarters trade unionism is something that may be put on or taken off, to suit the purposes of personal advancement.

The reception accorded the "night owls" at the G. P. O., on their return to the various day sections, could not have been more cordial if they had just returned from a long term at Occoquan.

The traveling correspondents have the "sure" and "doubtful" states so balled up that about the best way to decide the election is to wait and see what the voters think about it.

Printers won the fight for an 8-hour day through months of waiting and self-sacrifice. It is a matter for congratulation if others can achieve the same results by a shorter route.

Three presses, removed from the main press room, have been installed on the fifth floor in the G. P. O. for printing of specifications. The change was suggested in the interest of economy in both time and labor.

The President and the 64th Congress are on record as favoring the 8-hour workday. Rapid strides are being made everywhere in the direction of better working conditions. Organization and the proper use of the ballot has made these things possible.

One day while the trouble was on between the Brotherhood of Engineers and the railroads, a group of printers were discussing the trials which then beset the President, when an impetuous son of Erin remarked: "Right you are, boys; I wouldn't have the damned office."

Mr. Thomas Billings, foreman of the Macon (Ga.) Telegraph, made a tour of the Government Printing Office on Monday. He came on here to pay a visit to his invalid mother and his brother Harry, but finds many old-time friends to give him the glad hand in remembrance of earlier associations. Tom, as he is familiarly known, severed his connection with the government service about fourteen years ago.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

A Statement of the Ownership, Management, Circulation, etc., of The Trades Unionist, published weekly at Washington, D. C., required by the Act of August 24, 1912.

Editor, Business Manager, Publisher and Managing Editor, John B. Colpoys, 604 5th Street N. W.

Known bondholders, mortgagees, and other security holders, holding one (1) per cent or more of total amount of bonds, mortgages, or other securities: None.

(Signed.) JOHN B. COLPOYS.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 26th day of September, 1916.

J. EDWIN GILES,
Notary Public, D. C.

(My commission expires January 7, 1917.)

ATTENTION, TRADES UNIONISTS.

This is to notify you that the Hand Volume issue of the Encyclopedia Brittanica is an unfair product, which report was made to the Central Labor Union by the delegates from the International Brotherhood of Bookbinders' Local.

WILLIAM N. BROCKWELL.

Pursuant to instructions given at a regular meeting of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101, held September 17, 1916, the committee appointed to draft and have engrossed suitable resolutions in respect to the memory of the late W. N. Brockwell, submitted the following:

Whereas William N. Brockwell departed this life September 15, 1916; and

Whereas, by his death, the family of deceased has been deprived of a loving husband and a kind and gentle father; and

Whereas he was an honorable and upright man, with the daily walk and conversation of a good citizen and a Christian gentleman, and the community and society lose a most worthy member; and

Whereas Columbia Typographical Union has lost a loyal and most energetic and earnest worker, one whose zeal for the welfare of the union rendered him a most dependable and useful co-laborer in the administration of its affairs as well as a most lovable companion for the membership thereof; and

Whereas his sunny, genial nature, his broad charity, his ever genuine sympathy for those in distress, and his readiness with heart and soul and purse to aid in the relief of those less fortunate than himself were traits which found for his memory an abiding place in the hearts of his friends and former fellow workmen: Therefore, be it

Resolved, That Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101, deeply deplores his demise and tenders to the bereaved family the sincere sympathy of its membership: Be it further

Resolved, That this preamble and resolutions be suitably engrossed and placed in the meeting hall of the union and that a copy thereof be sent to the family of deceased: And be it further

Resolved, That copies of the same be furnished to the Trades Unionist and the Typographical Journal for publication.

JOE M. JOHNSON.
E. C. GRUMLEY.
GEORGE GERBERICH.

HOW MANY KINGS DIED?

Europe two years in a sea of blood;
Cities and farms laid bare;
Nations wiped out by the grisly flood—
What of the monarchs' share?
Maimed and crazed are unnumbered slaves,
Loyal whate'er betide;
Millions of men in nameless graves,
But how many kings dave died?

Trenches and stenches and wholesale gore,
What do such mean to those
Who, in the saturine scheme of war,
Command, but avoid the blows?
Have they drunk of the devil's gall?
Are they of dust beside
Tommy and moujik and serf, et al.?
How many kings have died?

Helpless mother, fatherless child,
Agony, filth, despair;
Homes a mockery, girls defiled,
Ruin spread everywhere.
Not a point solved, not a single jot
Gained in the hate-swept tide!
Only a hemisphere plunged in rot,
And how many kings have died?
—(Guy Forester Lee, in the Chicago Herald.)

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

Ott. W. Herrman, probational bookbinder.

William H. Shreve, probational stereotyper.

William B. M. Smoot, unskilled laborer, reinstated.

Harry E. Libert, temporary compositor.

John L. Kelly, monotype keyboard operator, reinstated.

Evan F. Forbes, carpenter, transferred from Department of Agriculture.

Albert E. Hodges, Albert R. Edmonston, and Edward A. Hartnett, temporary painters.

The babbling brook, and the shady nook,
Are things of the long ago;
If now we'd look at them, gadzook,
We go to the picture show.

Union Station Garage
Guaranteed work on all makes of cars, accessories, second-hand, tires. Storage, $5.00 up.
Phone, Lincoln 3379.
REAR No. 40 H STREET N. E.

Parker, Bridget & Co.
"The Avenue at Ninth"
Featuring
Extra Value
$15
Suits for Spring

New Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits for Hire

WILNER'S
ADVANCED FALL STYLES

The Latest Novelties of the Season . . . **$18.50**

EVERY UNION MAN OUGHT TO TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THIS OFFER

Not only do we save you $10.00 on every suit you buy, but our workmanship has proven to stand up, to hold its shape, curl nor wrinkle until the garment will last, and we guarantee to last you fully three years.

We are the FIRST and ONLY Union Custom Tailors in this City.

Order Your Suit From

JOS. A. WILNER & COMPANY
COR. 8th and G STREETS NORTHWEST

CORBY'S YEAST
Leaves nothing to guess-work.
Its purity and strength are uniform.
Every baker knows what that means.
Send for samples.
THE CORBY COMPANY
STATION K. WASHINGTON, D. C.

Building Trades Headquarters
Sixth and G Sts. N. W
Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rent
WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES TOBACCO.
COSTELLO BROS

THE PLATE PRINTER
Official Organ Plate Printers International Union.
P. J. RYAN, Editor. CHAS. T. SMITH, Assoc. Editor.
Subscription $1.00 Per Year
Telephone 4528 Wash. Loan & Trust Bldg.

Representative Houses
OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

BANKS

THE NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burglar-proof vaults, acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth and New York Avenue

THE WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee, etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK
A Bank for the Working People. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account
Ninth and G streets N. W.

UNION SAVINGS BANK. Commercial Accounts. Three per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts. The Oldest Savings Bank in Washington.

MICHAEL T. GREENE
Liquors and Cigars. 639 D St. N. W.

STONER'S BAR AND RESTAURANT
The G. Stoner. 206 Seventh St.S. W.

J. CHAS. McGUIRE'S BUFFET
Federal Seal Whiskey. 519 Ninth St. N. W.

O'KEEFE'S BUFFET
P. J. O'Keefe, Prop. 904 Pa. Ave N. W.

GLAVIN'S BUFFET
ED. J. GLAVIN 309 G Street Northwest

OXFORD BUFFET
J. F. SCHRINER 730 14th Street N. W.

FRANK'S BUFFET
Fourth and G Sts., N. W. Phone M. 5572

DAVID WALSH'S BUFFET
407 10th Street N. W.

E. E. FARLEY'S BUFFET
415 13th Street N. W.

J. J. O'DONNELL'S BUFFET
333 Penn. Avenue S. E.

HARRY'S BUFFET
631 Penn. Ave. S. E. Phone Lin. 1848

MACHINIST
G. W. FORSBERG, Formerly with Forsberg and Murray, Elevate Boilers. Eighth and Water Streets S. W. Phone Main 751 and 747

GROCER AND COFFEE ROASTER
HERSKT R. WATERS, 1342 Seventh Street N. W

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
RALSTON AND RICHARDSON, Bond Building, Fourteenth Stree and New York Avenue.
FRANK FULLER Room 421, Munsey Building, Phone Main 1826.

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.
THE SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (INC.) SODA WATER SYRUPS, Etc., 1066 Wisconsin Avenue Northwest.

PHOTO SUPPLIES
E. J. PULLMAN, Developing and Finishing for Amateurs Specialty 420 Ninth Street N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS
MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Avenue Northwest. Our Specialty Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

FIRE INSURANCE
FIREMAN'S INSURANCE COMPANY, Seventh Street and Louisiana Avenue.

DRY GOODS
WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings Hoisery, a specialty, 806-808 H Street N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

UNDERTAKERS
J. WILLIAM LEE
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY
332 Penna. Avenue N. W

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.
THE W. H. BUTLER COMPANY, 607 and 609 C Street N W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT
NATIONAL MORTAR COMPANY. First and M Street, Northeast
COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING COMPANY. 3036 K Street.

DRUGGISTS
CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth Street and Virginia Avenue S. E.
DAY & CO
5th and G Sts. N. W. 14th and P Sts. N. W
20th St. and Rhode Island Ave. N. E.
QUIGLEY, Druggist, Twenty-first and G Streets N. W.
A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner Seventh and P Streets N. W

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1
Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.

M. J. DUNNIGAN, President.....2007 14 Street N.W.
JOHN G. WOLFE, Vice-President.1023 N. J. Ave. N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W.

TRUSTEES

Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E.
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E.
Thos. L. Nevins.....504 Maine Avenue S. W.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe,.....1023 N. J. Ave. N. W
J. McElfresh,.....
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E.
A. Tenley.....964 Florida Ave. N. W.
M. Sullivan.....5631-2 15 St. S. E.

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.

Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ARBITRRATION COMMITTEE.

M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W.
M. A. Wolfe,.....418 F St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. E.
Joseph Harding.....210 13 St. S. W.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....2006 2nd St. N. W
R. Pumphrey.....223 Q St. N. W.
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W.
Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. W.

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave.
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Cap. St.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L St. S. W.

DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.

John Wolfe.....1023 N. J Avenue N. W.
William Pollard.....522 14 St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

Washington District Council of Carpenters

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

J. G. O'DONNELL, President, L. U. 132, 122 Sixth Street N. E.
E. B. BYRNE, Secretary, L. U. 132, 425 G Street N. W.
F. A. SHOESMITH, Treasurer, L. U. 2563, 5209 Georgia Avenue N. W.
R. H. BURDETTE, Trustee, L. U. 132, 1207 L Street N. W.
H. S. HOLLOHAN, Trustee, L. U. 132, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
H. PAGE, Trustee, L. U. 2563, 336½ Thirteenth Street N. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, L. U. 132, 519 M Street S. W.
ROBERT ADAM, L. U. 2563, 1511 Vermont Avenue N. W.
FRED HOOK, L. U. 2563, 1528 Eighth Street N. W.
WM. MACKIE, L. U. 2563, 216 Seaton Place N. E.

BUSINESS AGENT.
GEO. MYERS, 425 G Street N. W.

GEO. D. HORNING,
N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.
LOAN OFFICE

SOUND ARGUMENT

To the Editor of the Trade Unionist:

Whether many of us know it or not, the labor movement is today on trial for its life. Can we act in unison, or must it be again recorded that in the domain of politics we are a rope of sand? Great exultation is expressed by a partisan press over the fact that, as they phrase it, in the Maine election President Gompers could not "deliver the goods." These catch words cover the base insinuation that he tried to barter the labor vote. Of all men, President Gompers is the most painfully aware that he has no power to do such a thing, even if he willed. His clean judgment and keen conscience, however, told him that it was expedient in the present political emergency for labor to stand by its friends, and he voiced that opinion as an individual belief. To organized labor it should be more than this. It should be an express call to duty by its organic head. A thing that can be kicked at one end and placated at the other is a subject for neither respect nor dread.

An attack on Gompers, in this crisis, is a covert attack on the whole labor movement, and, if successful, will mean the beginning of the end. The man who cannot sink partisanship in this emergency is himself an enemy of labor, even though he carries a union card.

The issue is clear. There is not a question of doubt as to what President Wilson has done to fortify the rights and enhance the opportunities of labor. We are not dealing with a narrow political partisan, but with a man broad in his Americanism, profound in historical knowledge and learned in the highest phases of modern political economy. The fear is that as a politician he has taken a step too far in advance of his times. President Wilson knows that unless labor shares in the emoluments and leisure that increased machinery and capitalization affords, there can be no permanent prosperity for the nation. And yet there are hundreds of men in our colleges who profess to be teachers of political economy that do not know this fundamental fact, but attack the President in his defense of the eight-hour movement. These peddlers of defunct ideas still think in the grooves established by Ricardo, and accepted by Karl Marx and others, that the doom of labor is to continually fall to a bare animal existence. This is the phantom paraded by Socialism. If it were true, we would welcome Socialism or any other alleged remedy. But it is not true. The success of capitalism itself depends on the making of healthy, intelligent and naturally industrious men and women. Long hours and enslaving labor can never effect this. It is to the interest of every capitalist to see to it that his neighbor, at least, does not depress the standard of wages or enslave labor by long hours of toil. The history of civilization is the history of the legislative enforcement of a shorter working day.

The other night I listened in the streets of Washington to a Socialist harangue. I was pleased to note that the speaker gave due credit to President Wilson and the last congress for its legislation in the interest of social betterment. He said they had done more in this direction than all other congresses combined. The logical outcome of such a statement would naturally be that the men who did this for labor should receive the support of labor. I was astonished to find that this was not the speaker's view, but that instead of seeking for amelioration we should at once seek to overturn the whole capitalistic system and confiscate its property. If such a thing were desirable, it could not be accomplished in two hundred years. In the meantime, these utopian dreamers would let their friends be sacrificed to the attacks of avowed enemies. If this is not insanity, what is it? At the end of the discourse, I was handed a copy of The New York Call, "devoted to the interests of working men,'" in which Allan L. Benson, Socialist candidate for president, made a most vicious and defamatory attack on President Wilson. He denounced him as being desirous of giving the working man "a bare living" and spoke of his "fraudulent prosperity" as "the prosperity of only a few." Our appropriations for preparedness were contrasted with the appropriations of other nations "the year preceding the war," to our manifest disadvantage. Yet these disingenuous special pleaders want to parade as the forerunners of a new moral dispensation. Beyond saying that Mr. Hughes is also "the candidate of the capitalistic class" he had no word of criticism. What does this mean? Does Benson not know that Hughes and Roosevelt denounce the present administration for its "inadequate preparedness"? Does he not know that Hughes stands for the infamy of labor injunctions? Does he not know that Hughes denounces the President for enforcing the eight-hour law upon the railroads? Or is he merely a paid tool of the Republican party to deflect the labor vote from Wilson? "Devoted to the interests of the working men!" Heaven preserve the working men from such devotion!

No man has a prophetic vision of what the far future may produce, and a rational regard for this limitation should confine his efforts to amelioration here and now. "I only ask for one step more." This is wisdom. To fortify those who have blazed the way for our next step should be our united endeavor. If we cannot unite in this, dissolution inevitably awaits us.

DAVID ECCLES.

DEMANDS THE UNION LABEL.

After an 18 years fight by adherents of the union label, the Independent Order of Rechabites passed a resolution in their Philadelphia convention that hereafter all printed matter for that organization must carry the printers' "joker."

CEMENT WORKERS GAIN.

Philadelphia.—Cement workers in this city are winning their strike for higher wages. About a score of contractors have signed agreements for 55 cents an hour and union recognition.

NEW WAGE SCALE IN FORCE.

San Francisco.—United Laborers' Union reports that all its members are employed and that all employers are now paying the new wage scale of three dollars per day for eight hours work.

CONDITIONS IMPROVING.

Fernie, B. C.—Conditions in this mining district are getting much better than heretofore. The union is being credited with forcing an increase all around that amounts to more than 7 1-2 per cent.

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, F. S. Radman, 732 Gresham Place N. W.

Bakery Salesmen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 997 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at Moose Hall, Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sunday in each month, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N. W.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Edward Fuhrman, 24 Quincy Place, N. W.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets first and third Sunday of the month at the Secretary, T. Guiffre, 908 Pennsylvania avenue Moose Hall, Seventh and G Street Northwest.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 48: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E street southeast.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G Street N. W.

Brotherhood of Railway Carmen of America, Local Union No. 313: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Streets N. E. Secretary, C. F. Cross, 924 K Street N. E. Meeting nights first and third Tuesdays.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles Hall, Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 1424 W St. N. W., Apt. 22.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhan, 737 10th St. s. e.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wassaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Twelfth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3800 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Paperhangers Hall, 430 Ninth Street N. W., second and fourth Thursdays of the month. Secretary, Edw. B. Finch, 33 P Street N. E.

Engineers, Hoisting No. 77: Meets every Friday, at 3:00 p. m. Hall, S. E. Cor. Tenth and Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, F. J. Nichols, 616 Fourth street northeast.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and B Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hisle, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Watchmen's Union No. 14964: Secretary, Jas. H. Reed, Cor. Sec., 1228 B street southwest.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

International Brotherhood of Teamsters, Chauffeurs, Stablemen and Helpers of America, Local Union No. 115: Meets the first and third Saturday night of each month, G. A. R. Building, 1412 Pa. ave. Secretary-Treasurer, Kirke C. Sipher, 26 P st. n. e.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Avenue S. E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 Twelfth St. N. E.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, Wm. W. Keeler, 148 Eleventh St. S. E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday at 1204 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, E. H. Fulton, 1120 E St. S. E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, H. Gundershein, 728 Columbia Road.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third 2665. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Bus. Agt.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 922 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Phone Main 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets second Sunday and fourth Friday in each month. Secretary, Albert Bridges 210 L st. s. e.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 420: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m. Secretary, J. A. Whitecar, 2209 Minnesota Ave. S. E.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas. B. Cameron, Bethesda, Md.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary W. H. Amiss, 1008 Monroe St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 820 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressman, No. 1: Meets fourth Monday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. E. Blakely, 3527 O St. N. W.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custodian and Janitor, 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, W. P. Cannon, 408 Twelfth St. S. E.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe. 326 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. F. Hickman, 518 Sixth St. N. W.

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants' Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Mrs. H. B. Tritipoe, 1737 Willard street N. W., Apt. 20.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10.30 a. m. and 8.30 p. m. Secretary, G. W. Calderhead, Ouray Building, Room 312.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. L. Trundle, 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 750 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Friday, Typographical Temple. Secretary, L. Gantt, 57-A Bates Street.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters International Secretary-Treasurer, Jas. E. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G St. N. W. Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth St. N. W.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.

DO YOU KNOW THAT

Smallpox is wholly preventable?

"Mouth breathing" makes children stupid?

Moderate exercise in the open air prolongs life?

Fish cannot live in foul water nor man in foul air?

It is dangerous to put anything into the mouth except food and drink?

Sanitary instruction is even more important than sanitary legislation?

The U. S. Public Health Service issues free bulletins on tuberculosis?

The continuous liberal use of alcoholic beverages lowers efficiency and menaces longevity?

NOLAN IS POPULAR.

San Francisco.—John I. Nolan, San Francisco's union labor congressman, has again been renominated at the primaries receiving both the Republican and Democratic nominations. Nolan is in a field all his own, for he frankly and fearlessly declared that he had never been and would not promise to be bound by any party ties—but that he would always be loyal to labor!

REACH AN AGREEMENT.

Baltimore, Md.—The employes of the Crown Cork and Seal company went on strike for three days when the company refused to concede an advance in wages demanded. Several conferencs followed with the representatives of the company which finally resulted in an agreement whereby an increase of 51 cents was agreed upon. The concession proved acceptable to all the people involved and work has been resumed.

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS
Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

J. G. O'DONNELL, President, 122 Sixth St. N. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, Vice-President, 519 M St. S. W.
THOS. W. WOLTZ, Recording Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
G. H. F. DAVIS, Treasurer, 439 Second St. S. E.
W. I. STRATTON, Conductor, 617 Sixth St. N. W.
A. F. MOIRSETTE, Warden, 425 G St. N. W
GEO. MYERS, Business Agent, 425 G St. N. W.

TRUSTEES.
F. J. NOLTE, 24 Eighth Street N. E.
WM. T. BAUM, 472 I Street N. W.
A. P. TAYLOR, 622 I Street N. E.

DELEGATES TO THE DISTRICT COUNCIL.
R. H. BURDETTE, 1207 L Street N. W.
C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
E. B. BYRNE, 425 G Street N. W.
ROBERT REICHARD, 1720 35th Street N. W.
J. H. RYAN, 1101 Eleventh Street S. E.

DELEGATES TO THE CENTRAL LABOR UNION.
C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
R. H. BURDETTE, 816 K Street N. W.
W. S. HOLLOHAN, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
W. T. BAUM, 474 I Street S. W.
MARK REILEY, 1127 B Street S. E.

RELIEF COMMITTEE.
M. REILLY, 1127 B Street S. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
H. M. BEVILL, Brentwood, Md.
J. T. CLIFT, 4115 Seventh Street N. W.
M.A. FOLEY, 118 Seaton Street N. E.

MILL COMMITTEE.
F. E. KETTNER, 3016 Cambridge St. N. W
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
O. A. CARTER, Rosslyn, Va.

DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE
G. H. F. DAVIS, 439 Second Street S. E.

Clothes, Hats and Shoes

The Bieber-Kaufman Co.
901-909 Eighth St. S. E.
Down by the Navy Yard
Washington, D. C.

PHONE MAIN 6079.
Reno Lunch
W. H. WOODCOCK, Proprietor.
625 PA. AVE. N. W.
HOME COOKED FOODS
NEVER CLOSED

GORBY'S DELICIOUS CAKE
10c PER HALF LB.
AT ALL GROCERS

The only strictly
UNION TAILORING
house in the city
M. STEIN & CO.
TAILORS
Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

THE MILTON SCHOOL
Oxford Bldg., 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.
Stenography
Typewriting
English
Spanish
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO BEGINNERS
Now in larger quarters in the Oxford Building, 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
Meets Every Monday Night
Typographica Temple
423-425 G St. N. W.
Secretary s Address: 1325 E. Capitol St.
Telephone: Lincoln 3955

OFFICERS

N. A. JAMES ..... President
HUGH DIGNEY ..... Vice-President
JOHN B. COLPOYS, Secretary, 1325 E. Capitol St.
JOSEPH E. TOONE ..... Financial Secretary
WM. H. SCHAEFER ..... Treasurer
JOSEPH C. CLARK ..... Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES: Wm. Zell, Mary Ganzhorn, J. L. Considine

COMMITTEES

Executive—Hugh Digney (chairman), N. A. James, John B. Colpoys, J. E. Toone, W. N. Huttel, John R. Hartley.

Legislative—Robert Jones (chairman), John H. Lorch, N. P. Alifas, H. R. Alcorn, E. W. Oyster.

Adjustment—W. N. Huttel (chairman), Jere McCarthy, J. A. McDonald, Ben Spellbring, John G. Schmidt.

Contract—John R. Hartley (chairman), W. H. Schaefer, Hubert Newsom, C. H. Adams, A. J. Ginnelly.

Laws—Dan Hassett (chairman), J. H. Wells, D. J. O'Leary.

Resolutions—J. L. Considine (chairman), Zep S. Pollock, A. J. Kinnell.

Organization—J. E. Toone (chairman), Mary Burkhead, Henry Miller, J. H. Wilson, H. A. Ranier.

Auditing—Mary Ganzhorn (chairman), Marguerite Stewart, E. Wood.

Credentials—M. J. Costella (chairman), J. H. Swain, S. T. Ford.

Lable—E. T. Good.

Press—John B. Colpoys (chairman, N. A. Sprague, B. O'Leary.

Delegates to Baltimore—J. E. Toone (chairman) J. M. Foster, William Zell.

Delegates to Alexandria—H. F. Oehler (chairman). Chas. Allison, L. A. Sterne.

Saks & Company
MEN'S and BOYS' OUTFITTERS
Pa. Ave. & 7th St. Wash., D. C.
Specialists in Apparel for Men and Boys.

AMERICAN LUNCH
VIRGINIA THEATRE
Stag Hotel
JOHN J. NOONAN.

LIST OF LIQUOR DEALERS WHO HAVE SIGNED "THE AGREEMENT."

Allen, Paul.....2 N st. n. e.
Allen, John J...807 N. C. Cap st. n. e.
Beirkle, Leopold, - 1245 H st. n. e.
Boyle, William J., 601 Mass. ave n. w.
Castelli, Vincent, 502-504 Ninth st.n.w.
Clark, C. H.....510 9th st. n. w.
Colonial Beach Boat Co.
Costello, Bros.....604 G st. n. w.
Crowley, James J.....702 E st. n. w.
Daly, T. J.....34 H st. n. e.
Daye, Wm. T.....1218 Wisc. ave.
Doyle, Wm. T....1314 Wisc. ave. n. w.
Duffy, James A. -901 1-2 E st. n. w.
Wm. R. Fosbender, 406 Ninth st. n w.
Franey, F. A.....711½ 9th st. n. w.
Frank, Mrs. M. E. - 319 G st. n. w.
Ganey, M.....615 7th st. s. w.
Glavin, Edwin.....309 G st. n. w.
Hannan, Mrs. E.....531 7th st. s. w.
Hanlon, Timothy.....822 H st. n. e.
Kelliher, J. D.....1258 7th st. s. w.
Killeen, John F.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Louis Hodges, - - 407 9th st n. w.
Lynagh, Peter J.....523 7th st. s. w.
Lynch, John.....417 9th st. n. w.
McCarthy, Dennis J., Evans building.
McCarthy, F. J.....910 4½ st. s. w.
McDonald, F. J.....643 Pa. ave. s. e.
McGuire, J. Chas., 519 Ninth st. n. w.
McHough, Martin....1105 H st. n. e.
Milton Schmidt, - 702 7th st. n. w.
O'Connor, D. J.....100 G st. n. w.
O'Connor, Patrick F., 617 D st. n. w.
O'Connor, James.....1429 N. Cap. st.
O'Day, John T. - 921 Ninth st. n. w.
O'Donnell, James J...333 Pa. ave. s. e.
Peter White, - - - 905 D st. n. w.
Raftery, Thomas.....406 H st. n. e.
Raftery, Patrick.....225 11th st. n. e.
Roland, J. H.....511 9th st. n. w.
Scanlon, Daniel,.....103 H st. n. w.
Schroter, Conrad....3258 M st. n. w.
Schltz, Mary T.....607 G st. n. w.
Sheehan, John J., 701 North Cap. st.
Solon, Mary A., - - 1003 7th st. e.
Stern, M. M.....601 7th st. n. w.
Stanton, Frank J.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Sullivan, David, 12th and E st. n. w.
Sullivan, John J., 1351 35th st. n. w.
The Casino, Frank Farenkamp (Chesapeake Beach).
Victor Buffet Co., Inc., 7th and G n. w.
Walsh, David, - - 407 10th st. n. w.
Wassman, Henry, 705 Seventh st. n. w.
Wiedeman, Joseph....629 E st. n. w.
William J. O'Leary, 733 North Cap. st.
Wininger, Harry 631 Pa. ave. s. e.
Wolf, Frank, - 512 12th st. n. w.

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

UNION OPERATOR — LOCAL No. 224 — WASH. D. C. — AFFILIATED WITH CENTRAL LABOR UNION & A. F. of L.

American, 1st st. and R. . ave.n.w.
Apollo, - - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Aragon Airdome, Md. Ave. 8 & 9, N.E.
Arcade (Theatre and Park, 14th and Park Road.
Auditorium, 13th st. and N. Y. ave.n.w.
Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Central Park, - 9th St. G & H N.W.
Chelsia Theatre, 19th and M sts. n. w.
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N. W.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Eastern, - - 8th St. bet. F & G S. E.
Elite Theatre, 14th and R. I. ave. n. w.
Empire, - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Fairyland, - 19th and L st. n. w.
Favorite, H St. North Capitol & First
Garden Theatre, 423 Ninth st. n. w.
Garden Theatre, - Hopewell, Va.
Gayety Theatre, - 513 9th st. n. w.
Georgia - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
Home Theater, C bet. 12th & 13th n. e.
Leader - - - 509 Ninth St. N. W.
Liberty Theatre, N. Capitol & P St.
"M" Street Theatre, M St. near 32nd
Maycroft Park, H St. bet. 6 7, N.E.
Meaders, - - - 8th & G Sts. S. E.
Mid City, - 7th, bet. N and O st. n. w.
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15, N.W.
Orpheum, - - 4th and C st. n. e.
Peerless Park, - 3105 Ga. ave. n. w.
Plaza Theatre - 434 9th st. n. w.
Pleasant Hrr. Park, 12 and C N. E.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Proctor Park, - - Anacostia, D. C.
Randolpr Park, 1st and Randolph n. w.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
R. I. Theatre, 7th and R. I. Ave. N. W.
Savoy, - - - 14th and Col. Road.
Schuetzen Park, Ga. ave. and Kenyon
Senate, Pa. Ave. bet. 3d & 4th, S. E.
Standard Park, Bates, near N. Cap. St.
Strand, - - - - - Ninth and D.
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N. E.
Stanton Park, - - - 219 4th N. E.
Starlight Park, 4 1-2 and K st. n. w.
Surprise Theatre - Alexandria, Va.
The Grand, - - - Hopewell, Va.
The Richmond, - - Alexandria, Va.
Truxton Park, N. Capitol & Fla. Ave.
Twilight Park, Pa. Ave. 13 & 14, S. E.
Victoria Theatre, 7th & E Sts. S. W.
Welcome, - - 4 1-2 and K st. s. w.
Zenith, - - 8th St. bet. G & H, S. E.

The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I. P. E. U.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXI. NO. 15 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1916. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

"RULE OF REASON"

Makes Some Difference When Application is Made to Labor

BY GRANT HAMILTON.

In the speeches of candidate Hughes he has emphatically declared himself as committed to the rule of reason where labor questions are involved. In approaching this declaration he severely criticised President Wilson for the position taken in behalf of the eight-hour day on the transportation lines of the country and asserted that "there was a great necessity for a reign of reason in this country." Pursuing his theme, he said: "Labor, least of all, can afford to surrender the rules of reason."

After delivering these expressions he lauded himself "as a friend of labor," and concluded: "I desire to say that the most vital interest in this country is in the settlement of controversies according to reason."

The record of Justice of the Supreme Court Hughes flatly and unequivocally contradicts the statements of Candidate Hughes.

When the United States Supreme Court rendered its decision in the Standard Oil case, involving the judicial interpretation of the Sherman anti-trust law, the "rule of reason" was read into the Sherman anti-trust law and the Standard Oil company judicially escaped the penalties provided for violations of that law. Corporation and vested interests were shielded from harm by the interpretation, or rather judicial amendment to the anti-trust law.

In 1914 the United States Supreme Court delivered its final decision in the Danbury Hatters' case, and Candidate Hughes was then Justice Hughes and participated and concurred in the decision rendered. Justice Hughes did not then apply his "rule of reason"to labor, as had formerly been applied by the same court when the Standard Oil company was involved, and offer a dissenting opinion based on the former action of the court.

On the contrary, Justice Hughes refused in the Danbury Hatters' case to apply the "rule of reason," and concurred in the decision which stripped the wage-earning hatters to the number of over one hundred, of their homes and their savings, the accumulations of their entire lives, and left them penniless and in want, simply because these men were organized and had exercised their natural and normal rights to maintain a decent standard of living, and in doing so were engaged in an industrial dispute with the D. E. Loewe company.

Neither can Candidate Hughes escape responsibility by the assertion that he did not write the decision, for Justice Harlan, some years ago stated, during the course of an address:

"Thus, you will observe, not only is the utmost care taken to make the opinion express the views of the court, but the final judgment rests, in every case decided, upon the examination by each member of the court of the records and briefs. Let me say that, during my entire service in the Supreme Court, I have not known a single instance in which the court has determined a case merely upon th report of one or more justices as to what was contained in the record and as to what questions were properly presented by it."

Therefore, Candidate Hughes cannot evade full responsibility for his attitude as expressed in the Danbury Hatters' decision.

LORCH ELECTED DELEGATE.

Quite a spirited contest took place at the Central Labor Union on last Monday night between John H. Lorch and James L. Considine for the honor of representing the C. L. U. at the A. F. of L. convention to be held at Baltimore, beginning the week of November 13 and lasting for two weeks. After the ballots were counted it was found that Lorch was the winner. John H. Lorch is one of the old war horses of the local labor movement having been the president of the Central Labor Union for more consecutive terms than any that ever had the proud distinction to fill this honored position. He has also been and is now one of the most active members of Stationary Engineers Local 99 and has been elected each year as its president for so long that we forget just when he was first elected. From his long connection with the local labor movement John will look after the interests in a faithful and capable manner.

CITY WILL PAY MORE WAGES.

Baltimore, Md.—Confronted with the ever-increasing demand for labor and the willingness on the part of private corporations to pay higher wages, the city will increase the wages of all men earning $2 a day to $2.25, beginning January 1 of next year. At the last weekly conference of department heads in the Mayor's reception room, the municipal executive dircted the heads of the various departments employing laborers to include in their estimate of appropriations for next year such an increase. The city has been sorely hit by the demand for labor.

"I AM AN AMERICAN"

Son of Civil War Veteran, in Vivid Prose Poem, Summons all Who Love America to Vote for Wilson.

I am an American. I hate war and I love peace and honor. My father fought in the Civil War for the cause he thought was right.

He died on the battlefield of Gettysburg.

He left a wodow and five small children.

As a child at my mother's knee, I have heard her, as the tears stole down her cheeks, describe the horrors and the miseries of the days of '61.

I have read the words of Sherman who said—"War is hell."

I try to picture the sorrow and woe of those stirring times and I see destruction and death in every city and state.

I hear the shrieks of mothers, the wails of sorrowing wives whom relentless Death made widows; the cries of children awaiting in vain the return of "Daddy."

I see a land once rich in grain become more devastated than if it were visited by the seven plagues of Egypt; a land once peaceful and prosperous, the most miserable country that the sun ever shone upon. **I HAVE EVERY REASON TO HATE WAR.**

My mind's eye sees the terrific struggle now being waged in Europe—For what, Who Can Answer?

I tremble—like all true Americans—at the thought of our land being engulfed in this maddening sea of slaughter.

I know our President has kept us out of this awful war and I lift my voice both day and night in grateful accents to Heaven for having raised up at this crucial period Woodrow Wilson who, like Washington and Lincoln, has been the savior of America.

I know that Wilson has preserved unsullied the glory of Columbia—that he has maintained peace without sacrificing honor.

No stain of shame has ever yet besmirched the pages of our history, nor has our flag ever trailed behind the war chariot of king or emperor; and I know that while Woodrow Wilson rules the country, this baost will proudly ring o'er hill and vale with no fear of a discordant echo.

I know that Wilson has endeavored in every honorable way to preserve neutrality with foreign powers, and that his policies and actions have been criticised by men who, like Caesar, would sacrifice country for ambition.

I know men. I know that Christ himself was crucified by his own chosen people because he tried to save them.

I know that Wilson is sorely pressed and in this hour of dire need asks true Americans to help him fight the moral battles of America. **AND THIS I SHALL DO.**

My country's flag waves from no lordly castle but flings its folds to the breeze of freedom—the proud emblem of the greatest nation the world has ever known.

THEREFORE

I want no change of administration at this hour of terrible uncertainty. I care not whether Wilson is a Republican or a Democratic leader.

He has gone through the crucible of criticism and slander and has come forth radiant like a mass of molten gold.

I know that on his shoulders rests a government dearer to him than life itself.

I know that at its integrity thousands of people at home are striking, while at it foreign eyes are glaring, and I know that Wilson has never faltered.

This ordeal with its attending sorrow and sadness occasioned by the ingratitude of some may have aged him, but it has added beauty and sublimity to his character and has not only humanized every instinct but has expanded and elevated him to the heights where the venomed darts of slander cannot wound him.

I believe in the words of the poet: "Great men grow greater by the lapse of time; we know those least whom we have seen the latest; and they 'mongst those who have grow sublime—who fought for Human Liberty are Greatest."

The man who has stood at the helm of state and has piloted us through the channel of danger out into the calm waters of peace, contentment and prosperity—**THAT MAN I SHALL STAND BY.**

That man is Woodrow Wilson.

I shall vote for him because **I AM AN AMERICAN.**

LABOR'S SLOGAN

"We will stand by our friends and administer a stinging rebuke to men or parties who are either indifferent, negligent or hostile, and wherever opportunity affords secure the election of honest, earnest trade unionists, with clear, unblemished, paid-up union cards in their possession."

Simple Problems in Figures

$3 \times 3 = 9 \qquad 5 + 2 = 7 \qquad 8 - 4 = 4$

THESE EXAMPLES ARE EASY OF SOLUTION, FOR THE NUMERALS HAVE FIXED VALUES AND ALWAYS CONVEY TO THE MIND A DEFINITE QUANTITY. **They are Simple Problems.**

Simple Problems in Facts

Problem No. 1

When Standard Oil Co. was found guilty of violation of Sherman Anti-trust Law by the Federal Courts, the United States Supreme Court read the "rule of reason" into the law and the oil company went scott free.

When the Supreme Court had before it the Danbury Hatter's case in 1914, the decision rendered by the court under the same law resulted in taking from over one hundred workmen their homes and savings bank accounts, leaving them penniless in their old age. Mr. Hughes concurred in this decision.

Apply "Simple Problems in Figures" in working out.

Problem No. 2

As governor of New York, Mr. Hughes vetoed Assembly Bill No. 466 providing for a full crew on freight trains of more than twenty cars. He also vetoed Senate Bill No. 1172 to "prohibit employment of non-residents of the state as armed strike-breakers by railroads and other corporations."

As candidate for President Mr. Hughes assails the action of Congress in declaring for the eight-hour day in the operation of the transportation lines of the country, and asserted in his Milwaukee, Wis., address that "all legislation passed during the past four years should be wiped off the books for the good of the country."

Apply "Simple Problems in Figures" in solving.

Problem No. 3

"Under wise leadership, with statesman-like guidance, with a sincere intention to promote the benefit of the community and to secure honorable progress, the mission of the labor organizations is one of the finest that any association of men could guard."—Governor Hughes.

As befitting the lofty sentiments above expressed, the record of the governor shows that he vetoed, in 1910, Assembly Bill No. 1296, which raised the pay of axemen and laborers on state highway and canal construction from $2.00 a day to $65.00 per month.

Apply "Simple Problems in Figures as above.

INCREASE FOR SHELL MALERS.

Wheeling, W. Va.—Shell makers, members of the Machinists' Union, had been negotiating for some time to secure an eight-hour day and increased wages with the Wheeling Mold and Foundry Co. No agreement having been reached, a strike followed, which lasted for a week, when a conference was held and a settlement reached. Under the provisions of the agreement the men will hereafter work eight hours a day and receive time and a half for overtime and double time for all holidays. Minimum wages are fixed at 38 cents per hour.

Laborers in the shell department are also included in the contract. They are to receive 25 cents an hour, nine-hour day, with time and a half for over time. Laborers, if found efficient, will be advanced to machines where vacancie soccur.

POTTERS SECURED ADVANCE.

Atlantic City.—After a three-day conference between the representatives of the United States Potters Association and the National Brotherhood of Operative Potters the manufacturers conceded most of the demands of the journeymen, and advanced the scale of prices for pressers 10 per cent; for mould workers, 20 per cent, and for kilnmen 10 per cent. In all, twenty-three demand for increases and adjustments were settled by the joint session. Hereafter disputed points will be submitted to joint arbitration boards instead of resorting to extreme measures which might unnecessarily embarrass the industry. This action was agreed to because of a number of unauthorized strikes recently.

LAKE SEAMEN GET RAISE.

Cleveland.—The Lake Carriers Association, through its executive committee, which met in this city last week, provided an increase in wages to boatswains, wheelsmen, watchmen, firemen, oilers, deckhands and coal passers in arranging the fall schedule of wages on the Great Lakes. The schedule for the others follows: Boatswains, $85 per month, firemen, oilers, wheelsmen, watchmen, $75; deckhands, $50; coal passers, $47.50. The increases are effective October 1.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - Editor
Wm. H. Anglin - - - - - Associate Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR TRADES AND LABOR COUNCIL WASHINGTON D.C. 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., OCTOBER 6, 1916.

EXPORT FIGURES EXPLODE TARIFF ISSUE

Startling expansion of American commerce with the countries not engaged in the European War is the big development brought out in the July summary of the U. S. Department of Commerce.

The new figures add overwhelmingly to the array of facts which refute the charge of politicians that America's present prosperity is "temporary war prosperity" which can only be continued by going back to a Republican tariff. These figures show that—

American exports to Europe for the first seven months of 1916 increased 38 per cent over last year.

American exports to the peaceful continents other than Europe increased during the same period 78 per cent and reached the vast total of $905,780,000.

In other words, our commerce with the neutral nations is growing at this time, and has been since January 1, twice as rapidly as our commerce with Europe.

During seven months from January to July 31, 1916, we have increased our exports to neutral continents over and above the record for the same period in 1912, as follows:

Our seven months exports to South America are $117,970,000, against $78,161,000 in 1912—a gain of over 50 per cent.

Our exports to the West Indies are $105,679,000, against only $50,000,000 for 1912—a jump of over 100 per cent.

Our exports in seven months to all North America—including Canada, Central American States, Mexico, and island countries—reach $482,749,000, against $317,324,000 in 1912, an increase of over 50 per cent.

Our exports to Asia in the same period reach the phenomenal total of $220,345,000, against only $73,724,000 in 1912—an increase of nearly 200 per cent.

And our exports to Africa and Oceania are $84,700,000, against $56,800,000 in 1912, which is approximately a 50 per cent gain.

Our domestic exports to non-belligerent continents, reaching $905,780,000 as stated above, are nearly three-fourths as great as the total exports to all the world including Europe during the corresponding period in 1912.

American-grown and American-made products have carried the flag of peace and prosperity to the neutral and non-belligerent continents washed by the seven seas of the globe, until this peace-born commerce has grown since the last administration by approximately $380,000,000, or 72 per cent, as the record of a seven-months trade.

For a complete calendar year, at the same rate, the growth would be $650,000,000 over the 1912 record—and not a ship-load of it entering a war-racked European port, or protected by a tariff wall.

"River Mystery Clears," still it looks like rain.

Too bad the season for short skirts is not long.

Lottery, love, life, little, large, long, all start with an l.

We admire the man who attempted to knock the "l" out of Kelly.

No danger of flat-foot with the present style of high-heel boots.

Smokeless tobacco was invented long before smokeless powder. Ask any chewer of the weed.

"Ultimatum to us by Carranza," reads a headline. We played him at Laurel the last time out.

"Russians Attacking on Volhynia Front." From the name we might take a throw at it ourselves.

Nicarauga has had an election (see daily papers. The natives may not kno wit, but it's nevertheless true.

We would seriously object to being a member of the official shoe lacers organization for the coming season.

Villa's spook seems to be prowling around in Mexico again. He's the livest dead one we've heard of for some time.

That bald spot of terra firma known as Mexico seems to be infected with several species of perdiculosis scapias.

Standard Oil naturally wants its candidate up to 100 per cent. standard, even if he has to be denatured, as it were.

The human counterparts of mountains are different in this: They do not shake hands, neither do they kick each other. T. R. and Taft does both.

If the United States is not lending aid to peace in Europe, we can't see why. The sooner warring nations are wiped out the sooner the war will be to an end.

We saw her; she was smiling; not at us; not at herself; it was just a sort of relief for the blushes hid beneath several furrows of paint and powder and rouge. She had on her first short skirt, with high laced shoes, and them stockings.

PNEUMOGASTRICISMS

BY BILLY ANGLIN

Down Here in Texas.
Sept. 29, 1916.

Dear Bill:

Forgive me for the good things I've said in the past about the eats, and accept the truth—it's awful!

Of course we don't dare say too much for friends of the officers regard common soldiers very little and keep them apprised of any kick on our part, with the result that we ofttimes encounter hard duty when least expected.

Say, Bill, did you ever eat goat—not limburger or skunk—just plain g-o-a-t?

Well, if you haven't you ought to tackle it. Don't say you wouldn't, for we have a few fellows who have said that same thing, but they did. There are times when men will do anything.

I have read the pirates' tale of being shipwrecked on undiscovered island, where the natives possessed cannabalistic tendencies, but believe me if ever one's thoughts became so depraved I would pray to a high heaven for the repose of his soul if I knew he had been driven to it by being fed goat.

Some of us have made application for nasal protectors at meal time, but the quartermaster doesn't carry them in stock owing to the fact that about all the liquid fire used in this campaign is consumed by us but not on the enemy.

We have lots of wild game down here—prairie pullets, rabbits, deer, minks, coyotes, skunks and goats—don't forget goats.

Of course the season is not open just yet for pilfering any of the above-named meats, which are evidently turned in by the quartermaster as so many pounds of meat on hoof, but the season will open up soon, I hope.

The game law does not apply to goats, however, for they are in season and well seasoned all the time, but I just don't like the flavor—that's all.

I rather relish a little garlic in the rice pudding, or onion juice and sweet milk mixed, but I do object to goat for breakfast.

Of course, you might think I'm trying to "kid" just because I don't like goat, but I'm not.

Some of the boys who like it—not many, however—swipe the helping from others—then there's a scrap because no man is going to allow another to get his goat, and get away with it.

But this soldier's life has got mine both ways.

If ever there were a set of brave boys it's our boys. They are standing for a whole lot—"suckling babes", etc.—then writing home that all is well. That's not patriotism; that's pride, and while they are doing that they are boosting another man's proposition who could accord them better treatment.

This game (not goat) is going to be over some day, if not before after election, and the truth will be known. We are keeping a diary of every incident, and we hope to have it published in order that some heretofore highly respected people might be truly made known.

Give my regards to all, and tell them our next pay-day in 1918 will be at home.

"Bo."

STRIKERS ASK $200,000

Bridgeport, Conn.—Under the same conspiracy law that gave basis for the suit of Bridgeport foundrymen against the Molders' Union and labor organizers, three of the strikers have instituted action for$200,000 damages against the Monumental Bronze Company and officials of the concern.

Two of the strikers allege they were assaulted in pursuanc of a conspiracy of the Monumental Bronze Company and Ellie N. Sperry, president; Charles Robinson, foreman; Frank Clancy, superintendent, and John Thompson, all employes of the concern. Each asks $50,000 damages. Two also allege fraudulent arrest, asking $50,000 each.

The action was instituted through the Molders' Union here after a conference between Organizer P. F. Duffy of the American Federation of Labor; William B. Rubin, of Milwaukee, and Attorney Vincent L. Keating, counsel for the three plaintiffs. It is taken in retaliation for the $200,000 suit brought by foundrymen against the labor organizers and the strikers and the arrests have been caused by the foundrymen.

Property of the Monumental Bronze Company, bank accounts of the corporation and Sperry in the First Bridgeport National Bank, savings of Robinson and Sperry in the City Savings Bank were attached this morning by a deputy sheriff, who tied up about $65,000 in all. No money belonging to Thompson and Clancy was found, and thy are being sought this afternoon with body writs.

John Skudlarck charges that he was assaulted, beaten, bruised and maltreated in pursuance of a conspiracy and confederation acting in behalf of the Monumental Bronze Company and the men mentioned, and that the defendants directed and caused the beating. The same is alleged by John Zaleeki, who further charges that he was haled to court after the beating at the instigation of the defendants, with malicious design to injure. John Brenan alleges he was also haled to court for the same reason.

Organizer Duffy, who is a defendant in the $200,000 suit brought by the foundrymen and conducted the strike, said today:

"These men were riding bicycles on a lonely road when the employes of the plant drove up in an automobile, allowed thugs to beat the riders, and then drove away. Subsequently they caused the arrest of the men they beat, charging them with having thrown stones. It was done to intimidate them."

THEIR BUSINESS INCREASING.

San Francisco, Cal.—The Garment Workers' Union reports that two new factories manufacturing mechanics clothing have recently located in San Francisco and are employing members of the Garment Workers' Union and are operating under strictly union conditions. One firm is Hamilton-Carhart, and the other is Larned-Carter. Both firms have factories in the East, but so great is the demand for union-made garments on the Pacific Coast that they determined to establish branch factories in San Francisco. Both firms voluntarily unionized their plants.

ESTABLISHED 1865 — 51 YEARS IN BUSINESS
CHRISTIAN XANDER'S
Famous Melliston
Will Cure that Cough. 75c a Bottle.
909 7th Street, Northwest. — No Branch Houses. Phone M. 274

MEATS — GROCERIES — FISH
Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the
OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.
930 La. Ave. N. W. — 1111 H Street N. E.
8th & E Sts. S. E. — 1632 N. Capitol Street
31st & M Sts. N. W. — 3418-20 Ga. Ave. N. W.
7th & Q Sts. N. W. — 14th & U Streets N. W.
1778 U Street, N.W. — 7th and B Streets N. E.
7th & H Street N. E. — 3113 14th Street, N. W.
726 7th St. N. W. — 1440 P St. N. W.
2002-2004 Ga. Ave. N. W.
POULTRY — BREAD — PRODUCE

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF THE UNITED BREWERY WORKMEN OF AMERICA
Union MADE Beer — Ale AND Porter
COPYRIGHT & TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1903
THIS IS OUR LABEL.

VOTE
Against Prohibition
DEMAND
Personal Liberty
IN CHOOSING WHAT YOU WILL DRINK
ASK FOR THIS LABEL WHEN PURCHASING BEER, ALE OR PORTER.
As A Guarantee That It Is Union Made.

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK
Northwest Corner FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST
LOOK FOR THE CLOCKS
4 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts
COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

THIS SPACE FOR SALE

BOOT & SHOE WORKERS UNION — UNION STAMP — Factory
Named Shoes are Frequently Made in Non-Union Factories
DO NOT BUY ANY SHOE
No matter what its name, unless it bears a plain and readable impression of this Union Stamp. All shoes without the Union Stamp are always Non-Union. Do not accept any excuse for absence of the Union Stamp
Boot and Shoe Workers' Union, 246 Summer St., Boston, Mass.
JOHN F. TOBIN President. — CHAS. L. BAINE, Sec.-Treas.

WASHINGTON BREWERY CO.
IMPERIAL EXPORT
A really fine beer

WIENER BEER (Light) — CONGRESS BREW (Dark)
— ALE —
Arlington Brewing Co.
— PORTER —
Tel. West 129 — ROSSLYN, VA.

NEVER LET THE GRIPPE GET HOLD OF YOU
Take "O. K. Capsules" for Grippe, sudden colds, and similar affections. Price 25c.
WELLER'S DRUG STORE
Eighth and Eye Sts. S. E. — 36th and M N. W.

When in Doubt, Buy of
HOUSE & HERRMANN
FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.
N.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W

STORAGE — PACKING — FREIGHT HAULING
Merchants Transfer
— AND —
Storage Company
920-922 E Street Northwest
Phone Main 6900
SHIPPING — MOVING — HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

FIREPROOF CONSTRUCTION
Hammett Fire Proofing Company
301-302-303 Wilkins Bldg.
Phone Main 3337.

PHONE NORTH 2349
DONOVAN'S
FINE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS
2003 14th St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

Sanitary

Paper Towels
Paper rinking Cups
Paper Napkins

—For Lunchrooms.
—For Stores, Public
—Buildings, Offices, Etc.

Best quality round-shaped 5-oz., 7-oz., and 12-oz., Drinking Cups, in sealed cartons of 100—a supply sufficient to fill the glass-covered, nickel-base dispensing machine—appropriate for office or any public use.

Special low prices in 1,000 lots.

PAPER TOWELS

Fine absorbent tissue in towel rolls of 150 towels—sealed packages, 25 cents per roll.

Sanitary glass and nickel containers, including a special size of 60 capacity for office use.

Dulin & Martin Co.
Pottery, Porcelain, China, Glass, Silver, &c.
1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St.

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY

Equitable Life Insurance Co.
of the District of Columbia

THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Issues Ordinary and Industrial

Wm. A. Bennett, 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.

EQUITABLE BLD'G. 816 14th ST., N. W.

Black's Alderney and Green Meadow Dairy
Pasteurized and Tubercoline Tested Milk.
Phone N. 1670. Union Dairies.

LANSBURGH & BRO.

"DRY GOODS ONLY"

The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City

420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

Bell Brand Union-Made
COLLARS and SHIRTS
LARGE ASSORTMENT
T. HOLLANDER
North Capitol and H Streets

Takoma Bread
Fresh Three Times Daily
AT ALL GROCERS
Havenner Baking Company
Established 1815

Phone Main 3871

WM. H. HOWLIN

OURAY BUILDING, 801 G ST. N. W.
(Room 404)

Engrossing Resolutions, Diplomas, Charters and Fancy Pen Work of all descriptions.

CELTIC CLUB WHISKEY
Our Specialty

Never Changes. Accept No Substitute
Once Tried You'll Always Use It.

Ports and Sherries for family use, Quarts, 50 and 75 cents. All makes of Beer. Leading brands of Cigars. Ales and Porters on draught the year round.

D. J. O'CONNOR
New Jersey Ave. and G Sts. N.W

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

Wilbur W. Blossom, Malcolm J. Annadale, William J. A. Connors, Frederick G. Calvert, and Paul S. Fogle, probational messenger boys.

Maurice Roche, Charles A. Harris, Charles H. C. Dickinson, Warren M. Gordon, and Victor J. Thompson, probational skilled laborers.

Victor Q. Giffin, probational linotype operator.

Separations.

Herman Adolph, Arthur G. Hamilton, Lawrence Hawkins, Miss Angela M. J. Sullivan, Mrs. Alice McD. Cross, Miss Edith C. Hodgson, Miss Loretta M. Creaghe, Edwin W. Frank, Ozias B. Livingston, Ernest E. Strobel, James H. McKnight, Miss Hattie Goldstein, Frank E. Nyman, and John Q. Nichols, jr., temporary skilled laborers.

John W. Stevens, Loring F. Waite, Melville S. Jones, and Harry E. Acher, temporary messenger boys, resigned.

Miss Virginia M. Offutt and William L. Smith, temporary skilled laborers, resigned.

Charles L. Rouse, skilled laborer, resigned.

Frank J. Mann, messenger boy, resigned.

Charles W. Potterton, temporary messenger boy.

Miss Violet E. Clarridge, assistant switchboard operator, resigned.

Randolph H. Page, proof reader, resigned.

J. Anthony Gallagher, helper, resigned.

Robert B. Galleher, emergency monotype keyboard operator.

Transfers, Etc.

George W. Giddens and George A. Reynolds, skilled laborers, transferred from press division (night) to press division (day).

Miss Alice G. Kelly and Miss Katherine M. Kelly, machine operators, transferred from pamphlet binding section (night) to ruling and sewing section.

Elijah Conyers, temporary unskilled laborer 25 cents per hour to permanent unskilled laborer 25 cents per hour, Metal Section.

John D. Gladden, temporary unskilled laborer 25 cents per hour to permanent unskilled laborer 25 cents per hour, Buildings Division.

Alphonzo Schley, temporary unskilled laborer 25 cents per hour to permanent unskilled laborer 25 cents per hour, Buildings Division.

Horace E. Barnett, skilled laborer, transferred from Hand Section to pamphlet binding section (day).

Frederick Graney, skilled laborer 25 cents per hour, pamphlet binding section to elevator conductor 30 cents per hour, electrical section.

Charles F. King, temporary skilled laborer 25 cents per hour to probational skilled laborer 25 cents per hour, Delivery section.

Miss Edna Parson, tabulator $2.80 per day, computing division to machine operator 27 1-2 cents per hour, ruling and sewing section.

WAGES ADVANCED.

Grass Valley, Cal.—The Empire, North Star, Golden Center, Allison Ranch, Brunswick, Sultana and Union Hills mines companies have announced that October 1 wages will be raised 25 cents a day. The minimum wage for miners will be $3.25 and for shovelers and carmen, $2.75 a day. More than 1,000 men are affected.

STONE CUTTERS WIN RAISE.

Boston, Mass.—As the result of a compromise agreement reached between the wage committee of Journeymen Stone Cutters' Union of North America and the members of the Natural and Artificial Stone Manufacturers' Association the strike of the 300 union stone cutters for increased wages and other betterments, has been called off.

The new agreement between the union and the employers gives the men in the shops 62 1-2 cents an hour for a 44-hour week and 65 cents an hour for work on buildings. The men were getting 56 1-4 cents an hour in the shops and were seeking 65 cents an hour in the shops and 70 cents an hour for for work on buildings. The strike involved all shops in Boston and within the 50-mile jurisdiction of this city controlled by the union.

SILK WORKERS GET MORE PAY.

Shamokin, Pa.—Twenty-five hundred employes of the Eagle silk mills here, Trevorton and Kulpmont, have been granted a 100 per cent wage increase along with other concessions.

WIN THE EIGHT-HOUR DAY.

Nashville, Tenn.—Machinists of this city have won in their strike for an eight-hour day, with pay at 45 cents an hour. Several shops held out against the demands of the union for several days, but finally surrendered. This does not include the machinists employed in the railroad shops located in Nashville.

PRICES UP 35 PER CENT.

In the last year the cost of living has increased approximately 35 per cent. according to the best figures obtainable by William C. Redfield, secretary of commerce. The advance, he explained, is not confined to the United States alone, but is world-wide, due, perhaps, to a thousand different things but primarily the European war. There is slight prospect for a drop until the waste and excessive consumption of foodstuffs, as well as other materials, is stopped.

WOMEN WIN AN INCREASE.

Wilmington, Del.—Two hundred and fifty of the women employes of F. Blumenthal & Co., morocco manufacturers, demanded an increase in wages. Their request was promptly and positively refused. A strike resulted. The firm finding that the women were determined to make a fight, called for a confernce. A satisfactory adjustment was reached whereby a substantial increase was conceded and the women returned to work.

JUTE MILLS ADVANCE PAY.

Paterson, N. J.—Five hundred workers in the Dolphin jute mills were granted an increase of 10 per cent in wages. The granting of this increase simultaneously with one announced at the same time by the Barbour Flax Spinning Company provides higher wages for nearly 2,000 mill workers of this city.

MOLDERS GET INCREASE.

Pottsville, Pa.—All molders at the Eastern steel mills in this city have received a 5 per cent advance in wages. This is the scond advance in wages made by this company within recent months.

EIGHT HOURS FOR TRAINMEN.

An eight-hour day for train crews and switch engine crews in the Panama Canal one has been established by Gov. Goethals by executive order. Exception is made in cases of emergency, when permission for overtime must be obtained from zone authorities.

RECOGNITION AND INCREASE.

Boston, Mass.—In a new three-year wage and working agreement, signed by President Matthew C. Brush for the Boston Elevated Railway Company, Vice President Thomas M. Pierson for the Order of Railroad Telegraphers, and the wage committee of the local union, the towermen in the employ of the "L" company have been granted an increase in wages.

GOVERNMENT RAILROAD OPEN.

The government's Alaskan railroad is now carrying coal from the famous Matanuska fields to tidewater at Anchorage, a distance of seventy-one miles.

The opening of these coal fields is regarded as a most important and valuable benefit to both Alaska and the Pacific Northwest. It means cheaper fuel for that general country, and it is confidently predicted that it will be followed by new industries and mining expansion.

WHADDE YE MEAN, TIRED?

"Won't you take my seat?" said the man in the street car as he lifted his hat to the pretty girl.

"No, thank you," she replied. "I've been skating all the afternoon and I'm tired of sitting down."—Puck.

NATURAL ENOUGH.

Indignant Customer—Grimes, why did you drop that steaming towel on my face?

Grimes—Because it was too hot to hold, sir.

AN APPROPRIATE NAME.

"I call my dog Oak."
"Why?"
"Because he has a rough bark."

BUTLER'S RHEUMATIC and GOUT REMEDY.
A KIDNEY AND HEART TONIC
Manufactured Since 1872 By
BUTLER & FIELD
Third and Indiana Ave. N. W.
Price 50c a bottle. 6 for $2.50
For Sale By Druggists.

Parker, Bridget & Co.
"The Avenue at Ninth"

Featuring
Extra Value
$15
Suits for Fall

New Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits for Hire

WILNER'S
ADVANCED FALL STYLES

The Latest Novelties of the Season . . . **$18.50**

EVERY UNION MAN OUGHT TO TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THIS OFFER

Not only do we save you $10.00 on every suit you buy, but our workmanship has proven to stand up, to hold its shape, curl nor wrinkle until the garment will last, and we guarantee to last you fully three years.

We are the FIRST and ONLY Union Custom Tailors in this City.

Order Your Suit From

JOS. A. WILNER & COMPANY
COR. 8th and G STREETS NORTHWEST

CORBY'S YEAST

Leaves nothing to guess-work.
Its purity and strength are uniform.
Every baker knows what that means.
Send for samples.

THE CORBY COMPANY
STATION K. WASHINGTON, D. C.

Building Trades Headquarters Sixth and G Sts. N. W
Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rent

WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES TOBACCO. COSTELLO BROS

THE PLATE PRINTER
Official Organ Plate Printers International Union.
P. J. RYAN, Editor. CHAS. T. SMITH, Assoc. Editor.
Subscription $1.00 Per Year
Telephone 4528 Wash. Loan & Trust Bldg.

Representative Houses
OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

BANKS

THE NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burglar-proof vaults, acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth and New York Avenue

THE WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee. etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK
A Bank for the Working People. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account
Ninth and G streets N. W.

UNION SAVINGS BANK. Commercial Accounts. Three per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts. The Oldest Savings Bank in Washington.

MICHAEL T. GREENE
Liquors and Cigars. 639 D St. N. W.

STONER'S BAR AND RESTAURANT
The, G. Stoner. 206 Seventh St.S. W.

J. CHAS. McGUIRE'S BUFFET
Federal Seal Whiskey. 519 Ninth St. N. W.

O'KEEFE'S BUFFET
P. J. O'Keefe, Prop. 904 Pa. Ave. N. W.

GLAVIN'S BUFFET
ED. J. GLAVIN 309 G Street Northwest

OXFORD BUFFET
J. F. SCHRINER 730 14th Street N. W.

FRANK'S BUFFET
Fourth and G Sts., N. W. Phone M. 5572

DAVID WALSH'S BUFFET
407 10th Street N. W.

E. E. FARLEY'S BUFFET
415 13th Street N. W.

J. J. O'DONNELL'S BUFFET
333 Penn. Avenue S. E.

HARRY'S BUFFET
631 Penn. Ave. S. E. Phone Lin. 1843

MACHINIST

C. W. FORSBERG, Formerly with Forsberg and Murray, Elevate Boilers. Eighth and Water Streets S. W. Phone Main 751 and 742

GROCER AND COFFEE ROASTER

SOMERSET R. WATERS, 1342 Seventh st. n.w.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

RALSTON AND RICHARDSON, Bond Building, Fourteenth Stree and New York Avenue.

FRANK FULLER Room 421, Munsey Building, Phone Main 1826.

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.

THE SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (INC.) SODA WATER SYRUPS, Etc., 1066 Wisconsin Avenue Northwest.

PHOTO SUPPLIES

E. J. PULLMAN, Developing and Finishing for Amateurs Specialty 420 Ninth Street N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS

MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Avenue Northwest. Our Specialty Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

FIRE INSURANCE

FIREMAN'S INSURANCE COMPANY, Seventh Street and Louisiana Avenue.

DRY GOODS

WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings Hosiery, a specialty, 806-808 H Street N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

UNDERTAKERS

J. WILLIAM LEE
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY
332 Penna. Avenue N. W.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.

THE W. H. BUTLER COMPANY, 607 and 609 C Street N W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT

NATIONAL MORTAR COMPANY, First and M Street, Northeast
COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING COMPANY, 3036 K Street.

DRUGGISTS

CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth Street and Virginia Avenue S. E.

DAY & CO
5th and G Sts. N. W. 14th and P Sts. N. W
20th St. and Rhode Island Ave. N. E.

QUIGLEY, Druggist, Twenty-first and G Streets N. W.

A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner Seventh and P Streets N. W.

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1
Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.

M. J. DUNNIGAN, President.....2007 14 Street N.W.
JOHN G. WOLFE, Vice-President.1023 N. J. Ave. N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W.

TRUSTEES

Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E.
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E.
Thos. L. Nevins.....504 Maine Avenue S. W.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe,.....1023 N. J. Ave. N. W
J. McElfresh,.....
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E.
A. Tenley.....964 Florida Ave. N. W.
M. Sullivan.....5631-2 15 St. S. E.

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.

Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ARBITRATION COMMITTEE.

M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W.
M. A. Wolfe,.....418 F St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. E.
Joseph Harding.....210 13 St. S. W.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....2006 2nd St. N. W
R. Pumphrey.....223 Q St. N. W.
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W.
Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. W.

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave.
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Cap. St.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L St. S. W.

DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.

John Wolfe.....1023 N. J Avenue N. W.
William Pollard.....522 14 St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

Washington District Council of Carpenters
Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

J. G. O'DONNELL, President, L. U. 132, 122 Sixth Street N. E.
E. B. BYRNE, Secretary, L. U. 132, 425 G Street N. W.
F. A. SHOESMITH, Treasurer, L. U. 2563, 5209 Georgia Avenue N. W.
R. H. BURDETTE, Trustee, L. U. 132, 1207 L Street N. W.
H. S. HOLLOHAN, Trustee, L. U. 132, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
H. PAGE, Trustee, L. U. 2563, 336½ Thirteenth Street N. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, L. U. 132, 519 M Street S. W.
ROBERT ADAM, L. U. 2563, 1511 Vermont Avenue N. W.
FRED HOOK, L. U. 2563, 1528 Eighth Street N. W.
WM. MACKIE, L. U. 2563, 216 Seaton Place N. E.

BUSINESS AGENT.
GEO. MYERS, 425 G Street N. W.

GEO. D. HORNING,

N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.

LOAN OFFICE

ECONOMY OF THE EIGHT-HOUR LAW.

The discussion and prominence recently given the eight-hour workday principle has given the world the benefit of many experinces that might otherwise have never been made public. Among many convincing statements setting forth the economic advantage of the shorter workday is the following by Arthur L. Sardy:

"From 1901 to 1905 I was Pacific Coast manager of the Armour Fertilizer Works, owned and operated by Armour and Company, of Chicago.

"When I took charge the laborers in the plant worked ten hours daily for $1.75. I raised this to $2, shortened the time to nine hours, then to eight hours without increasing the cost per ton.

"Furthermore, while my men were all Mexicans of small stature the cost of labor per ton in the California plant was no higher than in the southern plants where stalwart negroes worked ten hours for $1.25, and where the latest machinery was used, while our mixing was done with hand shovels and screens. This experience proves that increasing wages and shortening the hours of labor do not necessarily increase the cost per unit of work accomplished."

We reprint the statement of the Ford Motor Company upon "The Advantages of the Eight-Hour Workday Over the Nine and Ten." It is as follows:

"A certain group of men working nine hours under the old system assembled 750 radiators. The same group working eight hours under the new plan assembled 1,300 radiators. A group of men working nine hours under the old plan turned out 38 fenders. Under the new, working eight hours, the same men turned out 50 fenders. A group of 65 men working nine hours under the old system turned out 800 gas tanks. Under the new, working eight hours, the 60 men turned out 1,200. Hours were reduced, wages increased and cost went down."

In addition, it may not be uninteresting to recall a statement which Mr. Henry Ford made in Detroit, August 31, 1916, in a conference with Judge Henry Neil, father of the mothers' pension system. Mr. Ford said that if he had control of the railroads he would cut the freight rates to one-third the present rate, double the pay of the railroad workers, and by cutting out the iniquity of the railroad management, make more profits for the stockholders than are earned at present.

What happened in the Armour plant and the Ford Company has been duplicated in many others. Whatever element in the processes of production is expensive or demands particular consideration becomes the pivotal factor with reference to which other factors are adjusted. When the workers force consideration for the indispensable human labor power, when the workday, mechanical and material equipment, sanitary provisions and arrangements are all made to conserve human life.

When the workers have made human labor more costly than machinery, then the latest and best machines, the best management of matrials will be provided in order to secure the best results from the lesser hours of human labor.

Managerial skill can accomplish much but it is never invoked until workers present and force demands. The New York Times, in commenting upon the probable attitude of the railroads toward the eight-hour law, concedes this fact:

"Between now and January 1, when the eight-hour day law takes effect, the railroad men of the country will give a great deal of thought to their new problem. Officers in charge of operation will not depend entirely on the outcome of the work of the railroads' legal departments. They will consider the possibility that the eight-hour law will stand and will consider how it can be met. New incentive is given by this law to eliminate all waste time, for the crew which can complete its run of 100 miles or less within the eight hours would not get any more under the new rule than the old. Possibly there are many runs which are taking more than eight hours now which railroad ingenuity—and it is very great—can contrive to complete within that time. Possibly there are ways of coming much nearer to giving the members of the railroad unions an eight-hour day than they think possible or want."

A valuable and authentic contribution to the eight-hour day discussion is the announcement that the United States Navy Department announced on September 15 that the superdreadnaught battleship Arizona was completed on schedule time and that notwithstanding the eight-hour workday prevails in the government shipyards and that nine hours generally prevails in private shipyards, the cost of construction of the Arizona was $1,000,000 less than the lowest bid of the privately owned shipyards.

This fact is of significance with reference to both humanitarian welfare and economic progress—the eight-hour workday, now universally approved, would never have been established without the organized labor movement. It was the labor movement that advocated and fought for eight hours when the principle was considered neither reputable nor honest. It was the labor movement that bore the brunt of struggle and suffered, starved, sacrificed and fought that the shorter workday might eixst.

It is the labor movement that is back of every new advance for eight hours or for aught else, and it is the labor movement that alone can maintain the progress already achieved.—By Samuel Gompers, in American Federationist.

BAD HEALTH IN STEEL MILLS.

The United States Bureau of Mines, which has in the past been mainly interested in the reduction of deaths by accidents among men connected with the mining industries, has broadened its scope to include the health of the men, and has just issued a report on health conservation at steel mills. This report contains advice of direct value to every one of the 30,000,000 workers in the United States, and also to all employers of labor. Director Van H. Manning, of the Bureau of Mines, and Surg. J. A. Watkins, of the Public Health Service, co-operated on the report.

"The importance of the prevention of disease among workers can be realized from the fact that the average loss of time due to illness among approximately 30,000,000 workers in the United States, is nine days a year," says Surg. Watkins. "If medical attention be estimated at $1 a day, and earnings at $2 a day, this loss amounts to nearly $880,000,000 annually.

"The statement that a man whose health is below par has a working efficiency below par should need no explanation. Aside, then, from its humanitarian aspects, the prevention of conditions productive of ill health, is a plain business proposition.

"In the past, it has been customary for the attending physician of an industrial plant to confine his activities to the treatment of those injured or taken acutely ill while at work, and give only a part of his time to those duties. The physician should be a whole-time employe.

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, F. S. Radman, 732 Gresham Place N. W.

Bakery Salemen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at Moose Hall, Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sunday in each month, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N. W.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Edward Fuhrman, 24 Quincy Place, N. W.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets first and third Sunday of the month at the Secretary, T. Guiffre, 908 Pennsylvania ave-Moose Hall, Seventh and G Street Northwest. nue northwest.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 48: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E street southeast.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G Street N. W.

Brotherhood of Railway Carmen of America, Local Union No. 313: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Streets N. E. Secretary, C. F. Cross, 924 K Street N. E. Meeting nights first and third Tuesdays.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles Hall, Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 1424 W St. N. W., Apt. 22.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhan, 737 10th St. s. e.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wassaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Twelfth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3500 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Paperhangers Hall, 430 Ninth Street N. W., second and fourth Thursdays of the month. Secretary, Edw. B. Finch, 33 P Street N. E.

Engineers, Hoisting No. 77: Meets every Friday, at 8:00 p. m. Hall, S. E. Cor. Tenth and Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, F. J. Nichols, 616 Fourth street northeast.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and B Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hisle, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Watchmen's Union No. 14964: Secretary, Jas. H. Reed, Cor. Sec., 1228 B street southwest.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

International Brotherhood of Teamsters, Chauffeurs, Stablemen and Helpers of America, Local Union No. 115: Meets the first and third Saturday night of each month, G. A. R. Building, 1412 Pa. ave. Secretary-Treasurer, Kirke C. Sipher, 26 P st. n. e.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Avenue S. E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 Twelfth St. N. E.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, W. N. Huttel, 1430 A St. N. E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday at 1204 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, E. H. Fulton, 1120 E St. S. E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, H. Gundershein, 728 Columbia Road.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third 2665. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Bus. Agt.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 922 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Phone Main 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets second Sunday and fourth Friday in each month. Secretary, Albert Bridges 210 L st. s. e.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 420: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m. Secretary, J. A. Whitecar, 2209 Minnesota Ave. S. E.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas. B. Cameron, Bethesda, Md.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Robt. J. Barrett, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month. Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 320 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressman, No. 1: Meets fourth Monday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. E. Blakely, 3527 O St. N. W.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custodian and Janitor, 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, W. P. Cannon, 408 Twelfth St. S. E.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe. 326 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. F. Hickman, 518 Sixth St. N. W.

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Mrs. H. B. Tritipoe, 1737 Willard street N. W., Apt. 20.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10.30 a. m. and 8.30 p. m. Secretary, G. W. Calderhead, Ouray Building, Room 312.

The High School Teachers' Union of Washington, D. C., No. 8: Meets in the Music Room of the New Central High School at 3.30 p. m. the second Tuesday in the months of October, December, February, and May. Secretary, G. J. Jones, Central High School.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle, 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 750 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Friday, Typographical Temple. Secretary, L. Gantt, 57-A Bates Street.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters-International Secretary-Treasurer, Jas. E. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G St. N. W. Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth St. N. W.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.

DO YOU KNOW THAT

The full dinner pail is the enemy of tuberculosis?

Procrastination in sanitary reform is the thief of health?

The Constitution of the United States doesn't mention health?

America's typhoid fever bill is more than $270,000,000 a year?

Not everybody can achieve greatness but everybody can be clean?

Railway cars would be sanitary if it weren't for the people in them?

If you sow a hygienic habit you reap health—reap health and you attain longevity?

A book on "Exercise and Health" may be had free for the asking from the U. S. Public Health Service?

TO PROBE THE BREAD RISE.

Reports of actual increase in bread prices in various parts of the country reaching Washington has caused serious concern at the offices of the Federal Trade Commission.

The apparent certainty of a nation-wide advance in the price of the country's principal food made it clear that consideration of the problem by Federal authorities must be hastened, and it was stated that the members of the commission, now on vacation, would hurry back and that the commission would assemble immediately.

Agents of the commission, in co-operation with the Department of Justice, are preparing a survey of bread price conditions throughout the country to be submitted to the commission.

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

J. G. O'DONNELL, President, 122 Sixth St. N. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, Vice-President, 519 M St. S. W.
THOS. W. WOLTZ, Recording Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
G. H. F. DAVIS, Treasurer, 439 Second St. S. E.
W. I. STRATTON, Conductor, 617 Sixth St. N. W.
A. F. MOIRSETTE, Warden, 425 G St. N. W.
GEO. MYERS, Business Agent, 425 G St. N. W.

TRUSTEES.

F. J. NOLTE, 24 Eighth Street N. E.
WM. T. BAUM, 472 I Street N. W.
A. P. TAYLOR, 622 I Street N. E.

DELEGATES TO THE DISTRICT COUNCIL.

R. H. BURDETTE, 1207 L Street N. W.
C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
E. B. BYRNE, 425 G Street N. W.
ROBERT REICHARD, 1720 35th Street N. W.
J. H. RYAN, 1101 Eleventh Street S. E.

DELEGATES TO THE CENTRAL LABOR UNION.

C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
R. H. BURDETTE, 816 K Street N. W.
W. S. HOLLOHAN, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
W. T. BAUM, 474 I Street S. W.
MARK REILEY, 1127 B Street S. E.

RELIEF COMMITTEE.

M. REILLY, 1127 B Street S. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
H. M. BEVILL, Brentwood, Md.
J. T. CLIFT, 4115 Seventh Street N. W.
M.A. FOLEY, 118 Seaton Street N. E.

MILL COMMITTEE.

F. E. KETTNER, 3016 Cambridge St. N. W.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
O. A. CARTER, Rosslyn, Va.

DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

G. H. F. DAVIS, 439 Second Street S. E.

Clothes, Hats and Shoes

The Bieber-Kaufman Co.
901-909 Eighth St. S. E.
Down by the Navy Yard
Washington, D. C.

PHONE MAIN 6079.

Reno Lunch
W. H. WOODCOCK, Proprietor.
625 PA. AVE. N. W.
HOME COOKED FOODS
NEVER CLOSED

CORBY'S DELICIOUS CAKE
10c PER HALF LB.
AT ALL GROCERS

The only strictly
UNION TAILORING
house in the city
M. STEIN & CO.
TAILORS
Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

THE MILTON SCHOOL
Oxford Bldg., 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.
Stenography
Typewriting
English
Spanish
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO BEGINNERS
Now in larger quarters in the Oxford Building, 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
Meets Every Monday Night

Typographica Temple
423-425 G St. N. W.
Secretary s Address: 1325 E. Capitol St.
Telephone: Lincoln 3955

OFFICERS

N. A. JAMES ..... President
HUGH DIGNEY ..... Vice-President
JOHN B. COLPOYS, Secretary, 1325 E. Capitol St.
JOSEPH E. TOONE ..... Financial Secretary
WM. H. SCHAEFER ..... Treasurer
JOSEPH C. CLARK ..... Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES: Wm. Zell, Mary Ganzhorn, J. L. Considine

COMMITTEES

Executive—Hugh Digney (chairman), N. A. James, John B. Colpoys, J. E. Toone, W. N. Huttel, John R. Hartley.

Legislative—Robert Jones (chairman), John H. Lorch, N. P. Alifas, H. R. Alcorn, E. W. Oyster.

Adjustment—W. N. Huttel (chairman), Jere McCarthy, J. A. McDonald, Ben Spellbring, John G. Schmidt.

Contract—John R. Hartley (chairman), W. H. Schaefer, Hubert Newsom, C. H. Adams, A. J. Ginnelly.

Laws—Dan Hassett (chairman), J. H. Wells, D. J. O'Leary.

Resolutions—J. L. Considine (chairman), Zep S. Pollock, A. J. Kinnell.

Organization—J. E. Toone (chairman), Mary Burkhead, Henry Miller, J. H. Wilson, H. A. Ranier.

Auditing—Mary Ganzhorn (chairman), Marguerite Stewart, E. Wood.

Credentials—M. J. Costella (chairman), J. H. Swain, S. T. Ford.

Lable—E. T. Good.

Press—John B. Colpoys (chairman), N. A. Sprague, B. O'Leary.

Delegates to Baltimore—J. E. Toone (chairman) J. M. Foster, William Zell.

Delegates to Alexandria—H. F. Oehler (chairman). Chas. Allison, L. A. Sterne.

Saks & Company
MEN'S and BOYS' OUTFITTERS
Pa. Ave. & 7th St. Wash., D. C.
Specialists in Apparel for Men and Boys.

Union Station Garage
Guaranteed work on all makes of cars, accessories, second-hand, tires. Storage, $5.00 up.
Phone, Lincoln 3379.
REAR No. 40 H STREET N. E.

LIST OF LIQUOR DEALERS WHO HAVE SIGNED "THE AGREEMENT."

Allen, Paul.....2 N st. n. e.
Allen, John J...807 N. C. Cap st. n. e.
Beirkle, Leopold, - 1245 H st. n. e.
Boyle, William J., 601 Mass. ave n. w.
Castelli, Vincent, 502-504 Ninth st. n. w.
Clark, C. H.....510 9th st. n. w.
Colonial Beach Boat Co.
Costello, Bros.....604 G st. n. w.
Crowley, James J.....702 E st. n. w.
Daly, T. J.....34 H st. n. e.
Daye, Wm. T.....1218 Wisc. ave.
Doyle, Wm. T....1314 Wisc. ave. n. w.
Duffy, James A. -901 1-2 E st. n. w.
Wm. R. Fosbender, 406 Ninth st. n. w.
Franey, F. A.....711½ 9th st. n. w.
Frank, Mrs. M. E. - 319 G st. n. w.
Ganey, M.....615 7th st. s. w.
Glavin, Edwin.....309 G st. n. w.
Hannan, Mrs. E.....531 7th st. s. w.
Hanlon, Timothy.....822 H st. n. e.
Kelliher, J. D.....1258 7th st. s. w.
Killeen, John F.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Louis Hodges, - - 407 9th st n. w.
Lynagh, Peter J.....523 7th st. s. w.
Lynch, John.....417 9th st. n. w.
McCarthy, Dennis J., Evans building.
McCarthy, F. J.....910 4½ st. s. w.
McDonald, F. J.....643 Pa. ave. s. e.
McGinniss, H. J., 1001 N. Y. ave. n. w.
McGuire, J. Chas., 519 Ninth st. n. w.
McHough, Martin....1105 H st. n. e.
Milton Schmidt, - 702 7th st. n. w.
O'Connor, D. J.....100 G st. n. w.
O'Connor, Patrick F., 617 D st. n. w.
O'Connor, James.....1429 N. Cap. st.
O'Day, John T. - 921 Ninth st. n. w.
O'Donnell, James J...333 Pa. ave. s. e.
Peter White, - - - 905 D st. n. w.
Raftery, Thomas.....406 H st. n. e.
Raftery, Patrick.....225 11th st. n. e.
Roland, J. H.....511 9th st. n. w.
Scanlon, Daniel,.....103 H st. n. w.
Schroter, Conrad....3258 M st. n. w.
Schltz, Mary T.....607 G st. n. w.
Sheehan, John J., 701 North Cap. st.
Solon, Mary A., - 1003 7th st. e.
Stern, M. M.....601 7th st. n. w.
Stanton, Frank J.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Sullivan, David, 12th and E st. n. w.
Sullivan, John J., 1351 35th st. n. w.
The Casino, Frank Farenkamp (Chesapeake Beach).
Victor Buffet Co., Inc., 7th and G n. w.
Walsh, David, - - 407 10th st. n. w.
Wassman, Henry, 705 Seventh st. n. w.
Wiedeman, Joseph....629 E st. n. w.
William J. O'Leary, 733 North Cap. st.
Wininghер, Harry 631 Pa. ave. s. e.
Wolf, Frank, - 512 12th st. n. w.

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

UNION OPERATOR — LOCAL No. 224 — WASH. D. C. — I. A. T. S. E. — AFFILIATED WITH CENTRAL LABOR UNION & A. F. of L.

American, 1st st. and R. . ave. n. w.
Apollo, - - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N. E.
Auditorium, 13th st. and N. Y. ave. n. w.
Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S. E.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S. E.
Central Park, - 9th St. G & H N. W.
Chelsia Theatre, 19th and M sts. n. w.
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N. W.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Eastern, - - 8th St. bet. F & G S. E.
Elite Theatre, 14th and R. I. ave. n. w.
Empire, - - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Fairyland, - 19th and L st. n. w.
Favorite, H St. North Capitol & First
Garden Theatre, 423 Ninth st. n. w.
Gayety Theatre, - 513 9th st. n. w.
Georgia - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N. W.
Home Theater, C bet. 12th & 13th n. e.
Liberty Theatre, N. Capitol & P St.
"M" Street Theatre, M St. near 32nd
Maycroft Park, H St. bet. 6 & 7, N. E.
Meaders, - - - 8th & G Sts. S. E.
Mid City, - 7th, bet. N and O st. n. w.
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15, N. W.
Orpheum, - - 4th and C st. n. e.
Peerless Park, - 3105 Ga. ave. n. w.
Plaza Theatre - 434 9th st. n. w.
Pleasant Hrr. Park, 12 and C N. E.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Randolpr Park, 1st and Randolph n. w.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N. W.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N. W.
R. I. Theatre, 7th and R. I. Ave. N. W.
Savoy, - - - 14th and Col. Road.
Schuetzen Park, Ga. ave. and Kenyon
Standard Park, Bates, near N. Cap. St.
Strand, - - - - - Ninth and D.
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N. E.
Stanton Park, - - - 219 4th N. E.
Starlight Park, 4 1-2 and K st. n. w.
Surprise Theatre - Alexandria, Va.
The Strand, - - Hopewell, Va.
The Richmond, - - Alexandria, Va.
Truxton Park, N. Capitol & Fla. Ave.
Victoria Theatre, 7th & E Sts. S. W.

The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I. P. E. U.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXI. NO. 16 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1916. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

RAILROADS DESIRED STRIKE

Managers Checkmated, Proving Disappointment to Them.

BY GRANT HAMILTON.

The controversy between the railroad brotherhoods and the railway managers, which occupied general attention for a number of weeks, brought out more trenchantly than ever the lengths to which the managers of the railway corporations will go to accomplish their desires. The newspapers of the country, whose editorial utterances were almost wholly controlled through their advertising columns, assiduously endeavored to convince the readers of their journals that the railroads were actuated by a spirit of fairness in offering arbitration.

The railroads did not offer to submit all of the points at issue to a board of arbitration. Their offer contained such an array of exceptions as to amount virtually to no arbitration at all.

While the railroad brotherhoods, through their restricted press facilities, gave the details of the situation as it existed, yet a large volumn of the press never carried the statments issued by the brotherhoods.

The railroads were represented by a committee empowered to deal with the situation. During the many conferences between the representatives of the railroad brotherhoods and the railroads the latter refused to meet in any particular the demands of the brotherhoods. On the contrary, they insisted on applying their scheme of so-called "arbitration," which, in fact, was offered with the veiled purpose of promoting a strike, for the terms of their offer of "arbitration" were so manifestly unfair and eliminated entirely so many roads from arbitration at all, that the offer, even if accepted, would not have resulted in settling the controversy.

By the action of Congress the railroad managers were checkmated in their desire to bring about a nation-wide strike. Now these railroad managers, with the assistance of Candidate Hughes and those who are committed to his cause, are combining their efforts for the purpose of making an effort to convince the people that the principle of arbitration in industrial disputes has been destroyed. The railroad managers, true to their past history, are assisting in the campaign of destruction, for the history of their past has never been one of construction. Now for the real record:

There were 275 railroads involved in the controversy.

Seventy-five of these railroads absolutely and unequivocally refused to arbitrate any of the demands of the railroad brotherhoods.

One hundred and eighty-two railroads in their offer of arbitration specifically excluded negro firemen, negro brakemen and negro hostlers.

Eighteen railroads offered arbitration, but specifically excluded the white hostlers.

In other words, the offer of arbitration had a long string attached to it.

If any further evidence is wanted of the shiftiness and sharp practices of the railroad managers, it is only necessary to cite one instance.

Mr. Hale Holden of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad, the spokesman for the railroad managers in the recent controversy, locked out the freight-handlers upon the C. B. & Q. in Chicago because of their demand for changed condition. Immediately the freight-handlers offered to arbitrate their differences with the road. Mr. Hale Holden, as spokesman for the railroad managers in the railroad brotherhood controversy, and who so strongly advocated arbitration in that case, summarily refused to accept arbitration when the Chicago freight-handlers offered that medium to settle their controversy.

The attitude of President Rilpey of the Santa Fe Railroad, who asserts that he will not observe the Adamson law until the court of last resort compels him to do so, is merely a composite type of nearly all of the railroad managers of the country, some exceptions being noted.

The submission of the railroad controversy to Congress was practically an arbitration by a court of the people's representatives, which ought to signify to the "public-be-d—d" managers of the railroad corporations that if they continue to persist in their disregard of the economic and social welfare of the people of our country the people themselves will see to it that humanity shall be accorded justice.

MASS MEETING TONIGHT.

The public is invited to a mass meeting tonight in the National Rifles Armory, 9th and G streets northwest, held under the auspices of the Wilson Eight-Hour League. President Gompers and Secretary Morrison of the American Federation of Labor and other labor leaders of national reputation will make addresses. Ladies are invited.

BAKERS' CONDITIONS BAD.

Vancouver, British Columbia, October 13.—The Bakers' Union is protesting against unbearable working conditions. Demands have been made on the employers, who have refused to make any changes. A delegation of these workers told the city council that the shops were improperly ventilated, and that the heat and the humidity were terrific, and that the city ordinances were openly violated. The bakery inspector told the council that while the law provided for proper ventilation and heating and drainage of the shops, numerous loopholes in the act made its enforcement impossible.

The city fathers discussed the question in a serious manner, but did nothing. The bakers are hopeful of success—when they apply their economic power.

MACHINISTS ARE ENJOINED.

Philadelphia, October 13.—Judge Audenreid has granted the request for an anti-picketing injunction by the Niles-Bement Company, whose machinists are on strike for an eight-hour day.

Under this rule a machinist must consider the moods of Judge Audenreid when he asks a non-unionist to join in the movement for better conditoins.

BENEFITS U. S. EMPLOYEES.

The decision of Controller of the Treasury Warwick construing the provisions of the naval appropriation bill grants to the per diem employees of the navy yard the same annual leave of thirty days with pay which is given to the per annum employes.

The new law does not, however, affect sick leaves, and the per annum employes will therefore still be entitled to thirty days' sick leave, the per diem clerical force to fifteen days' sick leave, and the laborers and mechanics to no sick leave at all.

Controller Warwick further ruled that employees must be allowed the pro rata leave with pay due them at the time of their separation from the service.

COMPENSATION FOR ABSCESS.

Harrisburg, Pa., October 13.—That an employe can recover compensation for time lost by reason of an abscess, caused by conditions incident to his employment, is the ruling of the compensation board in the case of a carpenter who was building a fence last winter. The ground was frozen, and it was necessary for him to use a crowbar, and he sustained a bruise at the joint of the right finger. Later an abscess developed and an operation was necessary.

STATE FINDS WORK FOR 26,914.

Sacramento, Cal., October 13.—State public employment bureaus have secured positions for 26,914 men and women since February 1, when they were opened. These workers have earned approximately $4,000,000 in wages and have saved $54,000 in fees which they otherwise would have to pay to private agencies. Every kind of labor, from bootblack to superintendent, is included in the list.

LIBERTIES ARE ENDANGERED

Wage-Earners' Rights at Stake in This Year's Campaign.

BY JOHN P. WHITE.

As president of the largest labor organization in the world—the United Mine Workers, with 400,000 members—John P. White has given the Newspaper Enterprise Association a statement pointing out that the rights of the working man are at stake in this campaign and will be endangered by the election of Hughes.

Mr. White tells why wage-earners should look with grave fears on the success of the republican candidate. It is a significant and remarkable statement that should be read by every man interested in the welfare of working men and women.

Said Mr. White:

"For every working man and woman, the paramount issue in this campaign is the right of wage-earners to organize and act together for their own protection and advancement.

"Every big corporation and labor exploiter in the country intent on defeating organization and keeping their employes submissive and defenseless is working might and main for the election of Hughes. They know that he concurred in the Danbury Hatters' decision, and they count on him to repeat his performance whenever the issue of the right to organize comes before him.

"The Clayton act establishes the freedom of labor so far as it can be established by Congress. But the fight has only begun. Both Mr. Hughes and Col. Roosevelt have shown that they are not in sympathy with the purposes of that act. Mr. Roosevelt while President violently assailed a similar measure and the labor men who sponsored it. He could not tolerate any limitation on the power of judges to send workingmen to jail for long terms without trials for striking and thus interfering with the 'right' of an unfair employer to do business.

"Recently the United States Circuit Court of Appeals has handed down a decision at St. Paul intimating that in the belief of these judges a strike may be a conspiracy in restraint of trade, regardless of the Clayton act. The United States Supreme Court has yet to pass on labor's bill of rights, and there was never a time when labor had greater need of public officials at Washington who will give more than lip service to the ideals of freedom and democracy.

"When Confidential Agent Bowers, in charge of the Rockefeler mining interests in Colorado, wrote his chief in 1913: 'Now for 1916 and the campaign for the open shop,' he foresaw what has come to pass. From New York to San Francisco the powerful hostile interests to labor's emancipation have marshaled their forces for a smashing drive, on both the industrial and the political field, against the right of wage-earners to organize.

"Under the circumstances, with the issue clearly and sharply drawn, the wage-earner who does not see his duty clear before him must be blind indeed both to his own interests and to the interests of human freedom."

SHEET METAL WORKERS GAIN.

Hartford, Conn., October 13.—Sheet Metal Workers' Union has accepted the compromise offer of employers to raise wages from 47½ to 50 cents an hour.

—Ananias Was a Picker—

Did You Know That

The Railroad Managers, through their newspaper advertising and other avenues, falsified their real position? They led the public to believe they were devoted to "arbitration." Let's see:

Had a String on Offer

The Railroad Managers refused to include in their proposed "arbitration" seventy-five railroad corporations.

Embargo on Colored Men

The Railroad Managers refused to include the **Colored Brakemen, Firemen and Hostlers** in their proposed "arbitration," because the railroads employing negroes have never recognized that the colored man had any rights anyway.

Still Another Exception

ONLY EIGHTEEN Railroads offered "arbitration," and even in this offer the white hostlers were specifically excluded.

Offer Summed Up

TWO HUNDRED AND SEVENTY-FIVE Railroads were involved in the controversy.
SEVENTY-FIVE Railroads absolutely refused "arbitration" in any form.
ONE HUNDRED AND EIGHT-TWO Railroads excluded Negro firemen, brakemen and hostlers from the "arbitration" offer.
EIGHTEEN Railroads offered "arbitration" but specifically excluded white hostlers.

Candidate Hughes announces that he champions this sort of "arbitration"

Is Your Thinktank Workin'?

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR TRADES UNION AND LABOR COUNCIL WASHINGTON 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., OCTOBER 13, 1916.

MELON TO BE CUT.

"Armour and Company Will Cut a 400 Per Cent Melon at the Next Meeting of the Board of Directors"—news item.

The above shows very clearly one of the reasons why the cost of living is going so high these days, when a firm or corporation dealing in the necessities of life, such as Armour & Company does, can declare a dividend of 400 per cent after tremendous additions to the plants they own have all been made from the earnings of the company. It is also proposed to increase the capital stock from $20,000,000 to $100,000,000, or, in other words, put into it so much water as to decrease the ratio of per cent paid on the earnings, and in this way attempt to fool the people when they cry out against the enormous profits that a concern of this kind is now making on its actual capital invested.

We all know the enormous increase that has taken place in the past few years in the meats we consume, and, while the farmer and the laborer, engaged in the raising of cattle, and in the work incident to the marketing of cattle, have each received a slight increase in the same time, yet the increase paid to these two classes have not been near as much as the difference in the increased cost which we have to pay today over what we formerly paid. But now that this 400 per cent melon is to be cut after the money which also has been earned from the original investment has been re-invested, it does not require much mathematical figuring to place the blame of a large part of our increased cost of living where it rightfully belongs.

The time is not far distant, however, when laws must be enacted that will regulate corporations incorporated for more than $10,000,000, the same as is now done with the railroads through the Interstate Commerce Commission, and unless something of this kind is done, corporations such as Armour & Company will have such a strangle-hold as to make it almost next to impossible to do other than confiscate them and have them operated directly by the people.

AS OTHERS SEE IT.

"Hughes Finds Wilson Wanting." What makes it worse is that Hughes is wanting the same thing.—The Masses (New York).

The encouraging fact in the Democratic campaign is that the more the record of the Administration is studied the stronger the President looms in the eyes of his countrymen and women.—Brooklyn Citizen.

Our readers are aware that we think President Wilson was right in his handling of the railway situation. Whether he was right or wrong, after contrasting Hughes' and Wilson's speeches on the subject, many people will feel they would rather trust the country's welfare to a man like Wilson wrong than to a man like Hughes right.—Evansville Courier.

If the program of progressive legislation that has been enacted by the present Democratic administration under the leadership of Woodrow Wilson is to be continued, the only hope of the people is in the re-election of Mr. Wilson. It does not seem reasonable that the American voter who loves fair play and a square deal is going to turn back in the onward course of a freer and better business opportunity in this country and again shackle the many to toil for the benefit of the few.—St. Cloud (Mich.) Times.

Does the United States favor raising the standard of labor by adopting the eight-hour day wherever it is practicable? Woodrow Wilson says "Yes." Candidate Hughes says "No."

File your verdict November 7th.

This reunion of Bill and Theodore scheduled for next Tuesday somehow reminds us of our old friend Pat, who extended complete forgiveness to Casey while lying on his deathbed—with this qualification: "But moind ye now, Casey, if I git well this don't go."—Peoria (Ill.) Journal.

Two of the best pieces of legislation enacted by the present Congress were the child-labor law, which lifts the burden of factory toil from the shoulders of 150,000 little children in the United States, and the federal workmen's compensation law, affecting 480,000 government employes.

The time is coming when trade unionism must be recognized, and when that time comes the little despots like Theodore P. Shontz and John D. Rockefeller will be made to recognize unions. When organized capital refuses to do business with combinations of employees, it makes appeals to force all too likely.

WHAT WAR IS.

A grimly ludicrous attempt has been made by the Chicago "Tribune" to deny that President Wilson has kept the country out of war, by listing 67 killed and 172 wounded in what it calls President Wilson's "wars" in Mexico, Haiti and San Domingo, and impressively stating that the losses were greater than the American naval and marine losses in the Spanish-American war. Further, the "Tribune" declares that "even bloodier than Mr. Wilson's wars is Mr. Wilson's peace," citing the Lusitania and Mexican losses of civilians.

If it be the "Tribune's" purpose to argue Mr. Wilson into actually going into war, it can readily gain an idea of the REAL COST IN LIVES in modern war by noting in Canadian newspapers that the single operation of taking the village of Courcelette from the Germans in France cost the lives of 400 young men from the single city of Winnipeg, and then turn to a solid page of 1,500 casualties in the Montreal "Daily Star" for June 26, 1916. The headlines are eloquent of war's bloody grist:

"FIFTEEN HUNDRED CASUALTIES FROM OTTAWA

That's for Canada alone, mind you, a country less than a twelfth of the size of your own in population, yet for only one month—EIGHT THOUSAND!

But huge as this number seems, it pales in comparison with the grand totals for the first ten months of the war compiled by the French Ministry of War, as follows:

	Killed	Wounded
France	460,000	660,000
England	181,000	200,000
Belgium	49,000	49,000
Russia 1,250,000		1,680,000
Germany 1,630,000		1,880,000
Austria 1,610,000		1,865,000
Turkey	110,000	144,000
Total.....	5,290,000	6,478,000

"The losses of Serbia are not available, but as that country has suffered from plague in addition to war, they must be large * * * enough persons have been killed to populate a country like Sweden. In previous modern wars the number of wounded has been to the number of dead as four or five to one * * * many of the wounded have rejoined their regiments, but many are crippled for life. The sick who have been numerous in all the armies have not been listed here."

The foregoing is only for the first ten months of the war, and the war has now lasted 26 months or a period roughly two and a half times as long as the period covered by those stupendous figures which must since have been enormously multiplied. The German casualty lists to the end of June, 1916, as officially reported, total 3,112,637, without including the naval and colonial losses.

Yet in the face of millions upon millions of losses in killed and wounded in the European war, the "Tribune" would have its readers believe that President Wilson's peace has been "a peace even bloodier than his wars"—i. e., assuming for the accommodation of the "Tribune" that there have been any Wilson wars.

"REWARD YOUR FRIENDS; REBUKE YOUR ENEMIES."

Central Labor Union at Meeting Monday Night Unanimously Adopts Resolutions Indorsing Wilson Administration.

The Central Labor Union at its meeting on Monday night passed a resolution by a unanimous vote which showed how non-partisan this body is. The argument made in behalf of this resolution and why the same should be adopted was that on previous occasions Representatives and Senators who had proven themselves to be the friends of the working people were given indorsement for re-election because of their record irrespective of their political belief, and that as President Wilson had shown himself to be such an avowed friend he was doubly deserving of the support of the working people. The following is the resolution:

WHEREAS, the Administration of President Wilson has had as one of its chief policies the enactment of legislation intended to promote the general welfare of the laboring people throughout the United States and the shaping of its administrative acts to the same end; and

WHEREAS, the laboring people are especially grateful for the enactment of:

1. The Clayton Anti-Trust Act, which takes Organized Labor from out the purview of the Anti-Trust Laws, limiting the use and preventing certain abuses of the writ of injunction in labor disputes, granting trial by jury in contempt cases, and extending to Labor rights during labor disputes to which they were not theretofore entitled.

2. The Seamen's Act, which abolishes involuntary servitude and betters the conditions of employment for seamen as well as providing greater safety for the traveling public at sea.

3. The Child Labor Law, which prohibits the employment of children under age, thus protecting their health, advancing education, and improving our citizenship.

4. The Eight-Hour Law for railroad employees, which has given the greatest impetus to the universal adoption of the eight-hour work day that has ever been accomplished at one time.

5. The enactment of laws beneficial to government employees, such as the Compensation for Injuries Act, Anti-Stop Watch Taylor System legislation, increasing government manufacture and construction of vessels for the navy and many liberal conditions of employment, thus setting the example to private employers as to what a model employer of labor should do.

6. The enactment of a host of other measures too numerous to mention in a resolution of this scope in which labor has been primarily interested; and

WHEREAS, the utterances of the principal political opponent of President Woodrow Wilson and the well known views of his principal backers and supporters are such as to force us to entertain the gravest fear that much of the beneficial labor legislation enacted during the last four years will be nullified or wiped from the statute books, and that little further progress in the enactment of Labor legislation can be expected from that source; and

WHEREAS, any attitude of indifference or evidences of weakness on the part of Labor in its support of public officials who have rendered such valuable assistance as has the present Administration will be used by our enemies to bring Labor, and especially the portion which is organized, into disrepute and contempt, as a force in society which need not be reckoned with; therefore, be it

RESOLVED, That since the program above outlined in part has been enacted under the guidance and with the approval of President Woodrow Wilson, that the Washington Central Labor Union express its approval of the Administration of President Wilson and endorse his candidacy for re-election, and, be it further

RESOLVED, That every effort be made by this Organization as a body and by its delegates to urge laboring people to support the Wilson Administration, and that all affiliated locals be requested to co-operate to the same end; and, be it further

RESOLVED, That a copy of this resolution be sent to President Woodrow Wilson.

N. P. ALIFAS,
JOHN H. LORCH.

ESTABLISHED 1865 — 51 YEARS IN BUSINESS

CHRISTIAN XANDER'S

Famous Melliston

Will Cure that Cough. 75c a Bottle.

909 7th Street, Northwest. — No Branch Houses. Phone M. 274

MEATS — GROCERIES — FISH

Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the

OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.

930 La. Ave. N. W. — 1111 H Street N. E.
8th & E Sts. S. E. — 1632 N. Capitol Street
31st & M Sts. N. W. — 3418-20 Ga. Ave. N. W.
7th & Q Sts. N. W. — 14th & U Streets N. W.
1778 U Street, N.W. — 7th and B Streets N. E.
7th & H Street N. E. — 3113 14th Street, N. W.
726 7th St. N. W. — 1440 P St. N. W.
2002-2004 Ga. Ave. N. W.

POULTRY — BREAD — PRODUCE

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF THE UNITED BREWERY WORKMEN OF AMERICA — Union MADE Beer — Ale AND Porter — COPYRIGHT & TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1903

THIS IS OUR LABEL.

VOTE

Against Prohibition

DEMAND

Personal Liberty

IN CHOOSING WHAT YOU WILL DRINK

ASK FOR THIS LABEL WHEN PURCHASING BEER, ALE OR PORTER.

As A Guarantee That It Is Union Made.

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK

Northwest Corner FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST

LOOK FOR THE CLOCKS

4 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts

COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

THIS SPACE FOR SALE

WASHINGTON'S LARGEST PRINTING PLANT DEVOTED TO COMMERCIAL WORK

THE LAW REPORTER PRINTING COMPANY

COMMERCIAL PRINTERS AND STATIONERS

518-520 FIFTH STREET N.W. WASHINGTON, D. C.

TELEPHONE MAIN 828

F. B. CROWN, MANAGER

BOOT & SHOE WORKERS UNION — UNION STAMP — Factory

Named Shoes are Frequently Made in Non-Union Factories

DO NOT BUY ANY SHOE

No matter what its name, unless it bears a plain and readable impression of this Union Stamp. All shoes without the Union Stamp are always Non-Union. Do not accept any excuse for absence of the Union Stamp

Boot and Shoe Workers' Union, 246 Summer St., Boston, Mass.

JOHN F. TOBIN President. — CHAS. L. BAINE, Sec.-Treas.

WASHINGTON BREWERY CO.

IMPERIAL EXPORT

A really fine beer

WIENER BEER (Light) — CONGRESS BREW (Dark)

— ALE —

Arlington Brewing Co.

— PORTER —

Tel. West 129 — ROSSLYN, VA.

NEVER LET THE GRIPPE GET HOLD OF YOU

Take "O. K. Capsules" for Grippe, sudden colds, and similar affections. Price 25c.

WELLER'S DRUG STORE

Eighth and Eye Sts. S. E. — 36th and M N. W.

STORAGE — PACKING — FREIGHT HAULING

Merchants Transfer

— AND —

Storage Company

920-922 E Street Northwest

Phone Main 6900

SHIPPING — MOVING — HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

When in Doubt, Buy of

HOUSE & HERRMANN

FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.

N.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W

FIREPROOF CONSTRUCTION

Hammett Fire Proofing Company
301-302-303 Wilkins Bldg.
Phone Main 3337.

PHONE NORTH 2349

DONOVAN'S

FINE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS

2008 14th St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

Sanitary

Paper Towels
Paper rinking Cups
Paper Napkins

—For Lunchrooms.
—For Stores, Public
—Buildings, Offices, Etc.

Best quality round-shaped 5-oz., 7-oz., and 12-oz., Drinking Cups, in sealed cartons of 100—a supply sufficient to fill the glass-covered, nickel-base dispensing machine—appropriate for office or any public use.

Special low prices in 1,000 lots.

PAPER TOWELS

Fine absorbent tissue in towel rolls of 150 towels—sealed packages, 25 cents per roll.

Sanitary glass and nickel containers, including a special size of 60 capacity for office use.

Dulin & Martin Co.
Pottery, Porcelain, China, Glass, Silver, &c.
1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St.

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY

Equitable Life Insurance Co.
of the District of Columbia

THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Issues Ordinary and Industrial

Wm. A. Bennett, 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.

EQUITABLE BLD'G. 816 14th ST., N. W.

Black's Alderney and Green Meadow Dairy
Pasteurized and Tubercoline Tested Milk.
Phone N. 1670. Union Dairies.

LANSBURGH & BRO.

"DRY GOODS ONLY"

The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City

420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

Bell Brand Union-Made
COLLARS and SHIRTS
LARGE ASSORTMENT
T. HOLLANDER
North Capitol and H Streets

Takoma Bread
Fresh Three Times Daily
AT ALL GROCERS
Havenner Baking Company
Established 1815

Phone Main 3871
WM. H. HOWLIN
OURAY BUILDING, 801 G ST. N. W.
(Room 404)

Engrossing Resolutions, Diplomas, Charters and Fancy Pen Work of all descriptions.

CELTIC CLUB WHISKEY
Our Specialty
Never Changes. Accept No Substitute
Once Tried You'll Always Use It.
Ports and Sherries for family use, Quarts, 50 and 75 cents. All makes of Beer. Leading brands of Cigars. Ales and Porters on draught the year round.
D. J. O'CONNOR
New Jersey Ave. and G Sts. N.W

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

Frank E. Lanman, probational bookbinder.

Joseph H. Frazer, probationary messenger boy.

Joseph Landow, skilled laborer, reinstated.

Mrs. Martha C. Hawkins, transferred from auditor for the Post Office Department, Treasury Department (skilled laborer).

Gustavious Morris, Elmer S. Kyler, Louis F. Bush, George W. Fountain, William W. Holman, Reuben A. Scarborough, Clarence E. Hood and Henry O. Bryant, probational skilled laborers.

Separations.

Grover W. Roth, clerk, resigned.

Ray D. Davis, temporary clerk, resigned.

Norman C. Miller, skilled laborer, resigned.

George W. Giddens, skilled laborer (temporary).

Harry G. Bauer, temporary skilled laborer.

Elsie L. Taylor, Margaret M. Creager and Mary M. McNamee, temporary skilled laborers.

Transfers, Etc.

Roland H. Spence and Harvey H. Graves, messenger boys, $375 per annum, to messenger boys, $420 per annum, office of superintendent of documents.

John L. Mattingly, messenger boy, $420 per annum, to messenger boy, $500 per annum, office of superintendent of documents.

Henry A. Ludwig, officeman, $1,400 per annum, to draftsman, $1,400 per annum, buildings division.

Thomas S. Wills, skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour, pamphlet binding section, to elevator conductor, 30 cents per hour, electrical section.

Garfield C. Thompson, temporary skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour, to probational skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour, hand section.

Joseph F. Fleming, temporary skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour, to skilled laborer (probational) 25 cents per hour, stores division.

David A. Harmon, Clarence S. Elliott, Neville R. Waters, Chester B. Schuyler and Benjamin H. Sykes, temporary skilled laborers, 25 cents per hour, to probational skilled laborers, 25 cents per hour, press division.

MACHINISTS REDUCE HOURS.

Milwaukee, October 13.—After a two-month strike for shorter hours, machinists employed by the National Brake and Electric Company have returned to work. President Tell of the company assures the public there was no agreement made and that the strikers returned voluntarily. He also states that the present 55-hour work week "may be reduced to 52½ hours in the very near future."

Mr. Tell's reference to an agreement is not denied very strongly by the strikers, but Representative Adams of the Machinists' Union winks the other eye and hints of an understanding that was reached between the company and a committee of the strikers which was afterward ratified at a special meeting of these employes.

LONGSHOREMAN WIN STRIKE.

Erie, Pa., October 13.—After 10,000 tons of freight had been piled up on the Anchor line dock, as the result of a strike of longshoremen, officials of the Great Lakes Transit Corporation concluded to meet officers of the union and settle wage differences. After a five-hour conference the men returned to work and will hereafter be paid 30 cents an hour.

STAGE EMPLOYEES ADVANCE.

Philadelphia, October 13.—The local union of the International Alliance of Theatrical Stage Employees has secured a two-year contract with the large playhouses of this city. Conferences made possible recognition of the union and wage increases that totaled in some instances 40 per cent.

HAVE REJECTED COMPROMISE.

Pittsfield, Mass., October 13.—Striking employees of the General Electric Company have rejected an offer to raise wages 5 per cent and recognize shop committees. Several thousand men and women workers are demanding a 10 per cent increase.

COOKS AND WAITERS GAIN.

Springfield, Mass., October 13.—The new wage agreement of Cooks and Waiters' Union has been signed by 35 of the 45 hotels and restaurants in this city.

WAGE INCREASES FOR MINERS.

Butler, Pa., October 13.—Announcement is made that 2,500 coal miners in the Butler-Mercer field have been granted increases for all classes of work averaging 10 per cent.

PICTURE OPERATORS, No. 224.

The interest manifested in Local 224's welfare by our friends and their ceaseless assistance has been a large factor in our success which we greatly apreciate.

Local 224 has always endeavored to maintain the highest standard of efficiency in motion picture projection in the east, feeling that only by such measures can we maintain the goodwill of our friends and of the managers and the picture-loving public, and due appreciation of this effort on our part is well shown by a perusal of our "Signed Up" roster in another column of this paper.

Our executive board, at its meeting of October 9, had the pleasure of a visit by Brother John Ferguson, president Maryland State and District of Columbia Federation of Labor, and Brothers Huttle, secretary of Machinists' Local 174, and Oehler of the Bookbinders' Local No. 4. Their remarks and discussions were much to the point, and we hope to have them with us again in the near future.

B. A. SPELLBRING.

TO FIGHT INJUNCTIONS.

Chicago, October 13.—The executive board of the state federation of labor has decided upon a legislative conference on the third day of the annual convention, to be held in Quincy, starting October 16. It is intended to perfect plans to make more effective the state-wide fight against labor injunctions. Officers of the state federation of labor say that big business interests are making unusual efforts to concentrate their forces against the injunction-limitation bill and are secretly so manipulating the entire political situation as to materially lessen the chances for the passage of this bill at the coming session of the states legislature. It is stated that the passage of the Clayton law has driven the enemies of the working people from the federal courts and now they are finding refuge in state tribunals.

MILK WAGON DRIVERS WIN.

New York, October 13.—Striking milk wagon drivers and the Borden Milk Company have settled differences regarding the union shop. The company conceded the wage demands but refused to recognize the union. This was overcome by an agreement which provides that petitions will be circulated among the Borden drivers, and when more than 51 per cent sign their names they will be handed to the management, who will then recognize the union shop clause in the original demand.

The company also agrees to re-instate all strikers, who will be permitted to wear their buttons.

RAILROAD KEYMEN GAIN.

St. Louis, October 13.—President Perham of the Order of Railway Telegraphers reports that revised schedules on sixteen large lines have been secured during the past quarter. President Perham states that the membership is to be congratulated on this record of achievement. The latest gains have been made by Baltimore and Ohio Railroad telegraphers, who have secured an 8 per cent increase. The United States board of mediation and conciliation assisted in the negotiations.

WIREMEN WIN RECOGNITION.

Oklahoma City, Okla., October 13.—Electrical contractors in this city have accepted the new wage scale of Electrical Workers' Union No. 18. The union shop, increased wages and better working conditions have been secured.

UPHOLSTERERS HAVE GAINED.

Cincinnati, October 13.—The Upholsterers' Union reports that it has secured agreements with several shops in this city and expect all shops signed up within a short time. The new contract calls for increased wages and reduced hours.

BUTLER'S RHEUMATIC and GOUT REMEDY.
A KIDNEY AND HEART TONIC
Manufactured Since 1872 By
BUTLER & FIELD
Third and Indiana Ave. N. W.
Price 50c a bottle. 6 for $2.50
For Sale By Druggists.

Parker, Bridget & Co.
"The Avenue at Ninth"
Featuring
Extra Value
$15
Suits for Fall

New Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits for Hire

WILNER'S
ADVANCED FALL STYLES
The Latest Novelties of the Season . . . $18.50

EVERY UNION MAN OUGHT TO TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THIS OFFER

Not only do we save you $10.00 on every suit you buy, but our workmanship has proven to stand up, to hold its shape, curl nor wrinkle until the garment will last, and we guarantee to last you fully three years.

We are the FIRST and ONLY Union Custom Tailors in this City.

Order Your Suit From
JOS. A. WILNER & COMPANY
COR. 8th and G STREETS NORTHWEST

CORBY'S YEAST
Leaves nothing to guess-work.
Its purity and strength are uniform.
Every baker knows what that means.
Send for samples.
THE CORBY COMPANY
STATION K. WASHINGTON, D. C.

Building Trades Headquarters Sixth and G Sts. N. W
Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rent
WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES TOBACCO.
COSTELLO BROS

THE PLATE PRINTER
Official Organ Plate Printers International Union.
P. J. RYAN, Editor. CHAS. T. SMITH, Assoc. Editor.
Subscription $1.00 Per Year
Telephone 4528 Wash. Loan & Trust Bldg.

Representative Houses
OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

BANKS

THE NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burgler-proof vaults, acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth and New York Avenue

THE WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee, etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK
A Bank for the Working People. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account
Ninth and G streets N. W.

UNION SAVINGS BANK. Commercial Accounts. Three per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts. The Oldest Savings Bank in Washington.

MICHAEL T. GREENE
Liquors and Cigars. 639 D St. N. W.

STONER'S BAR AND RESTAURANT
The, G. Stoner. 206 Seventh St.S. W.

J. CHAS. McGUIRE'S BUFFET
Federal Seal Whiskey. 519 Ninth St. N. W.

O'KEEFE'S BUFFET
P. J. O'Keefe, Prop. 904 Pa. Ave. N. W.

GLAVIN'S BUFFET
ED. J. GLAVIN 309 G Street Northwest

OXFORD BUFFET
J. F. SCHRINER 730 14th Street N. W.

FRANK'S BUFFET
Fourth and G Sts., N. W. Phone M. 5572

DAVID WALSH'S BUFFET
407 10th Street N. W.

E. E. FARLEY'S BUFFET
415 13th Street N. W.

J. J. O'DONNELL'S BUFFET
333 Penn. Avenue S. E.

HARRY'S BUFFET
631 Penn. Ave. S. E. Phone Lin. 1848

MACHINIST
G. W. FORSBERG, Formerly with Forsberg and Murray, Elevate Boilers. Eighth and Water Streets S. W. Phone Main 751 and 747

GROCER AND COFFEE ROASTER
SOMERSET R. WATERS, 1342 Seventh st. n.w.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
RALSTON AND RICHARDSON, Bond Building, Fourteenth Stree and New York Avenue.
FRANK FULLER Room 421, Munsey Building, Phone Main 1826.

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.
THE SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (INC.) SODA WATER SYRUPS, Etc., 1066 Wisconsin Avenue Northwest.

PHOTO SUPPLIES
E. J. PULLMAN, Developing and Finishing for Amateurs Specialty 420 Ninth Street N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS
MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Avenue Northwest. Our Specialty Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

FIRE INSURANCE
FIREMAN'S INSURANCE COMPANY. Seventh Street and Louisiana Avenue.

DRY GOODS
WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings Hosiery, a specialty. 806-808 H Street N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

UNDERTAKERS
J. WILLIAM LEE
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY
332 Penna. Avenue N. W.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.
THE W. H. BUTLER COMPANY, 607 and 609 C Street N. W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT
NATIONAL MORTAR COMPANY, First and M Street, Northeast
COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING COMPANY. 3036 K Street.

DRUGGISTS
CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth Street and Virginia Avenue S. E.
DAY & CO
5th and G Sts. N. W. 14th and P Sts. N. W
20th St. and Rhode Island Ave. N. E.
QUIGLEY, Druggist, Twenty-first and G Streets N. W.
A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner Seventh and P Streets N. W

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1
Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.

M. J. DUNNIGAN, President.....2007 14 Street N.W.
JOHN G. WOLFE, Vice-President. 1023 N. J. Ave. N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W.

TRUSTEES

Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E.
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E.
Thos. L. Nevins.....504 Maine Avenue S. W.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe,.....1023 N. J. Ave. N. W
J. McElfresh,.....
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E.
A. Tenley.....964 Florida Ave. N. W.
M. Sullivan.....5631-2 15 St. S. E.

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.

Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ARBITRATION COMMITTEE.

M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W.
M. A. Wolfe,.....418 F St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. E.
Joseph Harding.....210 13 St. S. W.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....2006 2nd St. N. W
R. Pumphrey.....223 Q St. N. W.
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W.
Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. W.

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave.
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Cap. St.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L St. S. W.

DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.

John Wolfe.....1023 N. J Avenue N. W.
William Pollard.....522 14 St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
Fred Negus.....30 L St. N W.

Washington District Council of Carpenters
Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

J. G. O'DONNELL, President, L. U. 132, 122 Sixth Street N. E.
E. B. BYRNE, Secretary, L. U. 132, 425 G Street N. W.
F. A. SHOESMITH, Treasurer, L. U. 2563, 5209 Georgia Avenue N. W.
R. H. BURDETTE, Trustee, L. U. 132, 1207 L Street N. W.
H. S. HOLLOHAN, Trustee, L. U. 132, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
H. PAGE, Trustee, L. U. 2563, 336½ Thirteenth Street N. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, L. U. 132, 519 M Street S. W.
ROBERT ADAM, L. U. 2563, 1511 Vermont Avenue N. W.
FRED HOOK, L. U. 2563, 1528 Eighth Street N. W.
WM. MACKIE, L. U. 2563, 216 Seaton Place N. E.

BUSINESS AGENT.
GEO. MYERS, 425 G Street N. W.

GEO. D. HORNING,
N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.

LOAN OFFICE

NEW YORK CARPENTERS DISCIGPLINED BY UNION

Fort Worth, Tex., October 13.—Discipline, cold and hard, was used by the convention of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners against sixty-one local unions of that craft in Greater New York, who were found guilty of violating the laws of the brotherhood, of insubordination to legally constituted authority and of securing an injunction against officers of the brotherhood which debarred them from carrying out the constitution in New York City.

The case dates from last May, when these locals, through the New York Carpenters' District Council, ordered a strike to increase wages. Later President Hutcheson of the brotherhood secured a settlement, under authority granted him by the constitution, and which was rejected by the strikers, and who later secured an injunction against this official and associates. The suspended carpenters sent a large delegation to the biennial convention in this city to plead their case, which was considered by a committee elected by the convention.

This committee found that on April 20 General Secretary Frank Duffy notified the New Yorkers that the general executive board had considered their wage movement and had instructed him to notify them that if no agreement was reached before May 1, "our members must not be called on strike until the general president (Hutcheson) has an oportunity, through a representative, to bring about a settlement."

This letter was not read in the New York Carpenters' District Council until May 8, eight days after the strike occurred, and eighteen days after it had been forwarded from the general office at Indianapolis.

The committee's recommendations, which were concurred in by the convention, included an immediate withdrawal by the New York carpenters of all injunction proceedings and the rechartering of the suspended locals by the brotherhood and the creation of a new district council under supervision of the brotherhood's executive board. The recommendations also provided that the number of locals in New York City should not exceed twenty-five.

DOCKED FOR DODGING CARS.

East St. Louis, Ill., October 13.—Track laborers employed by the East St. Louis & Suburban Railway must either pay for dodging street cars or dispute the right of way of these conveyances.

The workday of the employes is ten hours, at 20 cents an hour. When they opened their last pay envelopes each man found pay for nine hours a day. They registered strong objection to what they believed was an oversight, but company officials produced an educated lead pencil to show that each man lost time aggregating one hour a day stepping out of the trenches every time a car passed.

Ten hours' time, minus one hour consumed in keeping from getting killed, leaves nine hours. Nine hours' work, nine hours' pay.

The employes refused to accept this stop watch system of mathematics and the company is trying to fill the place of fifty laborers on strike.

NEW EXCUSE FOR COAL RAISE.

Scranton, Pa., October 13.—A state commission, investigating the increased price of anthracite coal, struck pay dirt last week when W. A. May, a large coal operator, testified that the whole trouble could be placed at the door of the state workmen's compensation law. He hinted that employees deliberately risked their lives and limbs to secure a few dollars in benefits.

RAISE WAGES 20 PER CENT.

Indiana Harbor, Ind., October 13.—About 600 unorganized employees of the Standard Forging Company suspended work to secure higher wages. Trade unionists organized these workers, who then selected a committee to treat with the management. A general wage increase of 20 per cent was secured.

ACTIVE IN DALLAS, TEX.

Dallas, Tex., October 13.—Automobile, carriage and wagon makers have organized. There are about 200 men in this industry in Dallas.

Soda water dispensers have formed a union and applied for a charter.

The new job machine scale of Typographical Union is now in effect, and will run for five years. Several gains have been made by these workers.

STREET CAR EMPLOYEES GAIN.

Vancouver, British Columbia, October 13.—The local street car company has signed an agreement with the Street Car Men's unions of this city, Victoria and New Westminster.

CANADIAN UNIONISTS REPUDIATE COMPULSION

Compulsory arbitration advocates in the United States have had their main prop swept away by the Canadian Trades and Labor Congress calling for the repeal of the Lemieux act, which makes it illegal for workers employed in public utilities to strike until the government appoints an investigating commission.

The Canadian Congress is a delegate body, representing unions affiliated to the American Federation of Labor. Its purpose is to urge legislation on behalf of workers. It is the recognized spokesman for Canadian toilers.

Employers and newspapers on this side of the line are continually pointing to the Lemieux act as the "ideal solution" for differences between capitalists and laborers, but after a nine-year trial the Canadian trade unionists now denounce it as jug handled and so elastic that the employer can always escape its provisions; that workers are tied to their jobs and that the employers can use the time allotted by the law to defeat their demands.

During recent negotiations which threatened to end in a general railroad strike a Lemieux act was advocated in the United States. At the hearings before the Senate committee on interstate commerce President Gompers and the executives of the four brotherhoods acepted this challenge and declared the American workers were against this legislation.

Their defense of liberty has since been indorsed by trade unionists who have suffered under this legislation.

LEATHER WORKERS WIN.

Chicago, October 13.—Last summer employers of organized trunk, bag and suitcase makers told these workers they would put their union out of business and refused to have any dealings with the union committee. A strike followed and after seven weeks the employers changed their minds and signed an agreement with Local No. 12, Travelers' Goods and Leather Novelty Workers' International Union of America.

Officers of this union extend greetings to their brothers in Philadelphia, now on strike for better conditions, and ask that unionists help these strikers to standardize industry by removing this unfair competiion.

Philadelphia, October 13.—Striking bag and suitcase makers are standing together loyally despite assaults and intimidations by imported strike-breakers. Employers also are resorting to the time-worn custom of having the strikers arrested on trumped-up charges, on the theory that increasing court costs will discourage them.

FAVORS THE EIGHT-HOUR LAW.

Sturgeon Bay, Wis., October 13.—"Eight hours is all the service that one can render safely," said United States Senator La Follette, in discussing the railroad eight-hour law, passed by Congress recently.

"More than eight hours is exacted at a peril to the public. Congress was confronted not with a theory, but with a condition. The employes had demanded the eight-hour day. The railroads had violated the sixteen-hour law, and since the courts did not enforce the law, the employes demanded overtime as additional means to enforce it. The railroads refused the demands. The employes then said they would quit work. When you refuse to let a man quit work that moment you make him a slave."

WANT LABOR LAW AMENDED.

Worcester, Mass., October 13.—At the first convention of Massachusetts physicians and surgeons ever held in this state it was decided to urge an amendment to the workmen's compensation law that would permit injured workers to select their own doctor. The act now provides that medical attendance shall be supplied by the insurance associations interested.

It was also decided to take a more active part, as a body, in legislation affecting the health and welfare of the people, and a committee was appointed for this purpose.

COLORADO MINERS UNITING.

Louisville, Col., October 13.—At a mass meeting of miners the old spirit of trade unionism was again awakened. In other sections of northern Colorado these workers are reaffiliating with the United Mine Workers' Union.

IRON MOLDERS RAISE WAGES.

Springfield, Ohio, October 13.—Striking iron molders employed by the O. S. Kelly Company have increased wages 8 cents an hour.

CIGARMAKERS OUT ON STRIKE.

Tampa, Fla., October 13.—About 1,000 cigarmakers in five factories are on strike for higher wages.

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, F. S. Radman, 732 Gresham Place N. W.

Bakery Salemen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secre- Wednesdays of each month at Moose Hall, tary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sunday in each month, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N. W.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Edward Fuhrman, 24 Quincy Place, N. W.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets first and third Sunday of the month at the Secretary, T. Guiffre, 908 Pennsylvania ave- Moose Hall, Seventh and G Street Northwest. nue northwest.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 48: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E street southeast.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G Street N. W.

Brotherhood of Railway Carmen of America, Local Union No. 313: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Streets N. E. Secretary, C. F. Cross, 924 K Street N. E. Meeting nights first and third Tuesdays.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles Hall, Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 1424 W St. N. W., Apt. 22.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhan, 737 10th St. s. e.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wassaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Twelfth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3800 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Paperhangers Hall, 430 Ninth Street N. W., second and fourth Thursdays of the month. Secretary, Edw. B. Finch, 33 P Street N. E.

Engineers, Hoisting No. 77: Meets every Friday, at 8:00 p. m. Hall, S. E. Cor. Tenth and Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, F. J. Nichols, 616 Fourth street northeast.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and B Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hisle, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Watchmen's Union No. 14964: Secretary, Jas. H. Reed, Cor. Sec., 1228 B street southwest.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

International Brotherhood of Teamsters, Chauffeurs, Stablemen and Helpers of America, Local Union No. 115: Meets the first and third Saturday night of each month, G. A. R. Building, 1412 Pa. ave. Secretary-Treasurer, Kirke C. Sipher, 26 P st. n. e.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Avenue S. E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 Twelfth St. N. E.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, W. N. Huttel, 1430 A St. N. E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday at 1204 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, E. H. Fulton, 1120 E St. S. E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, H. Gundershein, 728 Columbia Road.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third 2665. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Bus. Agt.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 922 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Phone Main 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets second Sunday and fourth Friday in each month. Secretary, Albert Bridges 210 L st. s. e.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 420: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m. Secretary, J. A. Whitecar, 2209 Minnesota Ave. S. E.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas. B. Cameron, Bethesda, Md.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Robt. J. Barrett, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month. Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 820 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressman, No. 1: Meets fourth Monday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. E. Blakely, 3527 O St. N. W.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custodian and Janitor, 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, W. P. Cannon, 408 Twelfth St. S. E.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe. 326 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. F. Hickman, 513 Sixth St. N. W.

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Mrs. H. B. Tritipoe, 1737 Willard street N. W., Apt. 20.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10.30 a. m. and 5.30 p. m. Secretary, G. W. Calderhead, Ouray Building, Room 312.

The High School Teachers' Union of Washington, D. C., No. 8: Meets in the Music Room of the New Central High School at 3.30 p. m. the second Tuesday in the months of October, December, February, and May. Secretary, G. J. Jones, Central High School.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle, 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 750 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Friday, Typographical Temple. Secretary, L. Gantt, 57-A Bates Street.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: International Secretary-Treasurer, Jas. E. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G St. N. W. Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth St. N. W.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.

DENTAL PREPAREDNESS.

What is the most important attribute of a soldier?

Good feet?

No.

Good eyesight?

No.

Good brains?

No.

What then?

Good teeth.

A soldier may have good feet, good eyesight and good brains, but if he has bad teeth, he can't eat. If he can't eat he can't march near enough to the enemy to see him and use his brains to fight him.

How does a soldier get good teeth?

By having good teeth in childhood.

How do children keep good teeth?

Through being taught by their mother how to keep their teeth clean and having their teeth looked after while they are growing. This makes good teeth for future soldiers.

It would seem then as though the first patriotic duty of a mother was to keep her children's teeth in good condition.

It is.

The campaign is on; and so are the voters.—Philadelphia North American.

Germany's new submarines would be a great help in an invasion of Holland.—Brooklyn Eagle.

There must be moments nowadays when William Howard Taft wishes he was a democrat.—Charleston News and Courier.

Perhaps Japan's assurances of the integrity of China may be due to her determination to swallow it whole.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

J. G. O'DONNELL, President, 122 Sixth St. N. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, Vice-President, 519 M St. S. W.
THOS. W. WOLTZ, Recording Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
G. H. F. DAVIS, Treasurer, 439 Second St. S. E.
W. I. STRATTON, Conductor, 617 Sixth St. N. W.
A. F. MOIRSETTE, Warden, 425 G St. N. W
GEO. MYERS, Business Agent, 425 G St. N. W.

TRUSTEES.

F. J. NOLTE, 24 Eighth Street N. E.
WM. T. BAUM, 472 I Street N. W.
A. P. TAYLOR, 622 I Street N. E.

DELEGATES TO THE DISTRICT COUNCIL

R. H. BURDETTE, 1207 L Street N. W.
C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
E. B. BYRNE, 425 G Street N. W.
ROBERT REICHARD, 1720 35th Street N. W.
J. H. RYAN, 1101 Eleventh Street S. E.

DELEGATES TO THE CENTRAL LABOR UNION.

C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
R. H. BURDETTE, 816 K Street N. W.
W. S. HOLLOHAN, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
W. T. BAUM, 474 I Street S. W.
MARK REILEY, 1127 B Street S. E.

RELIEF COMMITTEE.

M. REILLY, 1127 B Street S. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
H. M. BEVILL, Brentwood, Md.
J. T. CLIFT, 4115 Seventh Street N. W.
M.A. FOLEY, 118 Seaton Street N. E.

MILL COMMITTEE.

F. E. KETTNER, 3016 Cambridge St. N. W
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
O. A. CARTER, Rosslyn, Va.

DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

G. H. F. DAVIS, 439 Second Street S. E.

Clothes, Hats and Shoes

The Bieber-Kaufman Co.
901-909 Eighth St. S. E.
Down by the Navy Yard
Washington, D. C.

PHONE MAIN 6079.

Reno Lunch
W. H. WOODCOCK, Proprietor.
625 PA. AVE. N. W.
HOME COOKED FOODS
NEVER CLOSED

GORBY'S DELICIOUS CAKE
10c PER HALF LB.
AT ALL GROCERS

The only strictly
UNION TAILORING
house in the city
M. STEIN & CO.
TAILORS
Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

THE MILTON SCHOOL
Oxford Bldg., 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.
Stenography
Typewriting
English
Spanish
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO BEGINNERS
Now in larger quarters in the Oxford Building, 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Meets Every Monday Night

Typographica Temple
423-425 G St. N. W.

Secretary s Address: 1325 E. Capitol St.
Telephone: Lincoln 3955

OFFICERS

N. A. JAMES ..... President
HUGH DIGNEY ..... Vice-President
JOHN B. COLPOYS, Secretary, 1325 E. Capitol St.
JOSEPH E. TOONE ..... Financial Secretary
WM. H. SCHAEFER ..... Treasurer
JOSEPH C. CLARK ..... Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES: Wm. Zell, Mary Ganzhorn, J. L. Considine

COMMITTEES

Executive—Hugh Digney (chairman), N. A. James, John B. Colpoys, J. E. Toone, W. N. Huttel, John R. Hartley.

Legislative—Robert Jones (chairman), John H. Lorch, N. P. Alifas, H. R. Alcorn, E. W. Oyster.

Adjustment—W. N. Huttel (chairman), Jere McCarthy, J. A. McDonald, Ben Spellbring, John G. Schmidt.

Contract—John R. Hartley (chairman), W. H. Schaefer, Hubert Newsom, C. H. Adams, A. J. Ginnelly.

Laws—Dan Hassett (chairman), J. H. Wells, D. J. O'Leary.

Resolutions—J. L. Considine (chairman), Zep S. Pollock, A. J. Kinnell.

Organization—J. E. Toone (chairman), Mary Burkhead, Henry Miller, J. H. Wilson, H. A. Ranier.

Auditing—Mary Ganzhorn (chairman), Marguerite Stewart, E. Wood.

Credentials—M. J. Costella (chairman), J. H. Swain, S. T. Ford.

Lable—E. T. Good.

Press—John B. Colpoys (chairman, N. A. Sprague, B. O'Leary.

Delegates to Baltimore—J. E. Toone (chairman) J. M. Foster, William Zell.

Delegates to Alexandria—H. F. Oehler (chairman). Chas. Allison, L. A. Sterne.

Saks & Company
MEN'S and BOYS' OUTFITTERS
Pa. Ave. & 7th St. Wash., D. C.
Specialists in Apparel for Men and Boys.

Union Station Garage
Guaranteed work on all makes of cars, accessories, second-hand, tires. Storage, $5.00 up.
Phone, Lincoln 3379.
REAR No. 40 H STREET N. E.

LIST OF LIQUOR DEALERS WHO HAVE SIGNED "THE AGREEMENT."

Allen, Paul.....2 N st. n. e.
Allen, John J...807 N. C. Cap st. n. e.
Beirkle, Leopold, - 1245 H st. n. e.
Boyle, William J., 601 Mass. ave n. w.
Castelli, Vincent, 502-504 Ninth st.n.w.
Clark, C. H.....510 9th st. n. w.
Colonial Beach Boat Co.
Costello, Bros.....604 G st. n. w.
Crowley, James J.....702 E st. n. w.
Daly, T. J.....34 H st. n. e.
Daye, Wm. T.....1218 Wisc. ave.
Doyle, Wm. T....1314 Wisc. ave. n. w.
Duffy, James A. -901 1-2 E st. n. w.
Wm. R. Fosbender, 406 Ninth st. n w.
Franey, F. A.....711½ 9th st. n. w.
Frank, Mrs. M. E. - 319 G st. n. w.
Ganey, M.....615 7th st. s. w.
Glavin, Edwin.....309 G st. n. w.
Hannan, Mrs. E.....531 7th st. s. w.
Hanlon, Timothy.....822 H st. n. e.
Kelliher, J. D.....1258 7th st. s. w.
Killeen, John F.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Louis Hodges, - - 407 9th st n. w.
Lynagh, Peter J.....523 7th st. s. w.
Lynch, John.....417 9th st. n. w.
McCarthy, Dennis J., Evans building.
McCarthy, F. J.....910 4½ st. s. w.
McDonald, F. J.....643 Pa. ave. s. e.
McGinniss, H. J., 1001 N. Y. ave. n. w.
McGuire, J. Chas., 519 Ninth st. n. w.
McHough, Martin....1105 H st. n. e.
Milton Schmidt, - 702 7th st. n. w.
O'Connor, D. J.....100 G st. n. w.
O'Connor, Patrick F., 617 D st. n. w.
O'Connor, James.....1429 N. Cap. st.
O'Day, John T. - 921 Ninth st. n. w.
O'Donnell, James J...333 Pa. ave. s. e.
Peter White, - - - 905 D st. n. w.
Raftery, Thomas.....406 H st. n. e.
Raftery, Patrick.....225 11th st. n. e.
Roland, J. H.....511 9th st. n. w.
Scanlon, Daniel,.....103 H st. n. w.
Schroter, Conrad....3258 M st. n. w.
Schltz, Mary T.....607 G st. n. w.
Sheehan, John J., 701 North Cap. st.
Solon, Mary A., - 1003 7th st. e.
Stern, M. M.....601 7th st. n. w.
Stanton, Frank J.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Sullivan, David, 12th and E st. n. w.
Sullivan, John J., 1351 35th st. n. w.
The Casino, Frank Farenkamp (Chesapeake Beach).
Victor Buffet Co., Inc., 7th and G n. w.
Walsh, David, - - 407 10th st. n. w.
Wassman, Henry, 705 Seventh st. n. w.
Wiedeman, Joseph....629 E st. n. w.
William J. O'Leary, 733 North Cap. st.
Winingher, Harry 631 Pa. ave. s. e.
Wolf, Frank, - 512 12th st. n. w.

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

UNION OPERATOR — LOCAL No. 224 — WASH. D.C. — AFFILIATED WITH CENTRAL LABOR UNION & A.F. of L.

American, 1st st. and R. . ave.n.w.
Apollo, - - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Auditorium, 13th st. and N. Y. ave.n.w.
Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Central Park, - 9th St. G & H N.W.
Chelsia Theatre, 19th and M sts. n. w.
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N. W.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Eastern, - - 8th St. bet. F & G S. E.
Elite Theatre, 14th and R. I. ave. n. w.
Empire, - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Fairyland, - 19th and L st. n. w.
Favorite, H St. North Capitol & First
Garden Theatre, 423 Ninth st. n. w.
Gayety Theatre, - 513 9th st. n. w.
Georgia - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
Home Theater, C bet. 12th & 13th n. e.
Liberty Theatre, N. Capitol & P St.
"M" Street Theatre, M St. near 32nd
Maycroft Park, H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Meaders, - - - 8th & G Sts. S. E.
Mid City, - 7th, bet. N and O st. n. w.
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Odeon - - 4th and Church Sts. N. W.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15. N.W.
Orpheum, - - - 4th and C st. n. e.
Peerless Park, - 3105 Ga. ave. n. w.
Plaza Theatre - 434 9th st. n. w.
Pleasant Hrr. Park, 12 and C N. E.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Randolpr Park, 1st and Randolph n. w.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
R. I. Theatre, 7th and R. I. Ave. N. W.
Savoy, - - - 14th and Col. Road.
Schuetzen Park, Ga. ave. and Kenyon
Standard Park, Bates, near N. Cap. St.
Strand, - - - - - Ninth and D.
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N. E.
Stanton Park, - - - 219 4th N. E.
Starlight Park, 4 1-2 and K st. n. w.
Surprise Theatre - Alexandria, Va.
The Strand, - - Hopewell, Va.
The Richmond, - - Alexandria, Va.
Truxton Park, N. Capitol & Fla. Ave.
Victoria Theatre, 7th & E Sts. S. W.
Virginia - - - 614 9th St. N. W.

The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I. P. E. U.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXI. NO. 17 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1916. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

RECORD SHOWS OTHER SIDE

Candidate Hughes Unfriendly to Labor, According to Acts.

BY GRANT HAMILTON.

On the recent tour of Candidate Hughes through the West he emphasized his position in regard to the Adamson Eight-hour law, and, in fact, on every other piece of legislation secured by labor through Congress during the last four years. In his Milwaukee speech, as reported by the Chicago Daily Tribune's special correspondent, he said, speaking of the legislation passed by the last two Congresses:

"The whole legislative accomplishment must be wiped off the books for the good of the country."

This statement, compared with his former attitude on labor questions, dovetails very nicely. While Governor of New York he forced a law through, taking away from the State legislature the supervising power over the management of State railroads and located it in a commission, to which he appointed fat-salaried lawyers.

He vetoed a bill providing for a full train crew on freight trains of more than twenty cars.

He vetoed a bill to compel the surface railways of Kings and Queens counties to provide vestibules on their cars in the winter months for the protection of employes and passengers.

He vetoed a bill prohibiting the employment of non-residents of the State as armed strike-breakers, by railroads and other corporations.

He vetoed the Wagner Assembly bill to establish a five-cent fare to Coney Island, the breathing place of New York's poor.

He also vetoed a bill to compel the street railway companies in Brooklyn to put vestibules on their street cars during the winter months.

He vetoed a bill providing for a raise in wages of axe men and laborers employed on State highway and canal construction work, the raise being from $2 a day to $65 a month.

He vetoed a bill which, if passed, would have given woman school teachers of New York City equal pay with men for equal work.

In addition to the acts recounted, Justice Hughes was on the United States Supreme bench in 1914 when the final decision in the Danbury Hatters' case was rendered against labor. Some time prior to this decision, the Standard Oil Company was before the United States Supreme Court charged with the violation of the same law that the Danbury Hatters were charged with violating. In the Standard Oil case the United States Supreme Court read into the Sherman Anti-trust law the "Rule of Reason." Undoubtedly, Justice Hughes was familiar with the action of the court in the Standard Oil case, because it produced a profound sensation throughout the country, but when the Danbury Hatters' case was before the Supreme Court and Mr. Hughes a member of that court he did not raise his voice in a dissenting opinion; no, not even make an attempt to invoke the "Rule of Reason" in their case.

With all these evidences before us, it is not difficult to determine as to what Governor Hughes, Justice Hughes and Candidate Hughes would do if clothed with the authority which goes with the mantle of the chief executive of this nation.

IRREVERENT EDITOR SCOFFS AT UPLIFTER.

San Francisco, October 20.—The "uplifter" and social worker, who strive to "help the poor," invariably shrink from the practical work-aday trade union that preaches independence and self-help, and opposes mental stupefication.

The editor of the San Francisco Bulletin appears to accept this viewpoint. Writing under the caption, "The Extravagance of the Poor," he makes this irreverent comment on one of our most sacred institutions:

"Wastefulness is the peculiar vice of the very poor—so one must conclude from certain sociological investigations whose results are reported from time to time. The less people have to spend the less wisely, it appears, they spend it. The poor ought to spend their modest incomes only for necessities. Their menus ought to be scientifically adjusted to produce the maximum of strength with the least possible expense, their clothing should be useful but not ornamental, and their amusements should be such as will keep them in a frame of mind barely cheerful enough to insure good health. If mere words to this effect seem an exaggeration consider the case of the Chicago social worker, who recently spent three weeks 'with a widow and five children in a three-room flat' and now announces that' she has solved the high cost of living problem for the poor.'"

TWO LABOR UNIONS ADMIT ORIENTALS

Walter B. Hilton of the Wheeling Majority is authority for the statement that two orientals have been granted membership by local unions in San Francisco.

The Blacksmiths' and Helpers' Union have welcomed a Japanese into their organization, and the Steam Fitters' Union has a Chinaman within its folds.

The Jap is said to be the first member of his race to carry a union card in this country. He is now employed in the Union Iron Works, San Francisco, and is reported to be one of the best skilled men in the employ of that company.

For variety of nationalities, the United Mine Workers probably lead, but they have yet to admit an oriental into their union. This, however, is not because they have been refused admission, but because, so far as can be ascertained, no Chinaman is employed in any coal mine in this country.

NEW METAL TRADES COUNCIL.

Charleston, S. C., October 20.—The boilermakers, plumbers and steamfitters, carpenters and blacksmiths compose the new metal trades council, just organized here. The men are all employed in the navy yard. By the formation of the council they are hopeful of securing better working conditions and more wages. A. J. Berres, secretary-treasurer of the Metal Trades Department of the American Federation of Labor, was present and obligated the officers of the new council. The officers are: W. A. St. George, president; C. A. White, vice president, and A. Flynn, secretary.

SHORTER WORKDAY MEANS EFFICIENCY

New York, October 20.—"The eight-hour day has increased our earnings by millions and made our men better off," said Henry Ford, in an interview with a local newspaper.

The automobile man declared without reserve in favor of the shorter workday, which has been persistently urged by organized labor.

"I'm going to spread the gospel of the eight-hour working day," he said, "by public display of actual figures and statistics taken from the books of my own business.

"When you get down to eight hours you observe a wonderful increase of efficiency. When we put it into effect our product simply skyrocketed in output. The men are full of efficiency, life, ginger. They feel this way: Well, here's eight hours of hustle. I'll hustle and earn my fair wage, and then I've got all the rest of the time to myself. I can improve myself. I'm not worn out, tied down. I'm a man."

"How about the railroads, Mr. Ford?" asked the interviewer. "They claim the eight-hour day would be impossible."

"They don't run their locomotives eight hours at a stretch, do they?" he retaliated. "Why do they work their men more? It is because there are more men than locomotives? Or because men are easier to get?"

At this point the motor-maker handed out a free tip to the railroad operators.

"Tell them to diminish the weight of their rolling stock. Use better, lighter steel. There's plenty of it, and it costs only a trifle more than the bad, heavy stuff they now use. They can cut the weight of their cars in half, carry more freight and passengers, make more money, use less fuel, and avoid wear and tear on their roadbeds. Why there is no greater waste in the United States today than the waste of weight in steel."

"But other manufacturers say," the interviewer suggested, "that it's all right for Ford to talk, but 'we couldn't make the eight-hour day and the $5 wage pay us.'"

"I've already said," replied the Detroit manufacturer, "that any business man who can't make the eight-hour day pay is not managing his business properly.

"The great trouble with this country is that labor has never properly shared in the profits it has earned for capital."

ROSICLAIRE STRIKE ENDS.

Springfield, Ill., October 20.—A satisfactory settlement of the labor troubles at Rosiclaire, Ill., has been made and a truce agreed to between the striking fluorspar miners and mine operators through the efforts of Adjt. Gen. Dicksen, according to John H. Walker, president of the Illinois Federation of Labor.

Walker said that he had received word that eighty striking miners, who he said had been driven from Rosiclaire, would be allowed to return, and that the mine operators will dismiss their guards.

CARPENTERS RAISE WAGES.

Port Arthur, Tex., October 20.—Carpenters' Union has successfully negotiated a new wage agreement with employers. Wages are increased 10 cents an nour and an additional 2½ cents increase will be granted the first of the year. Eight hours will constitute a day's work.

COAL MINERS TO DEMAND A 7-HOUR WORKING DAY

Bellaire, Ohio, October 20.—Demands for a seven-hour day will be made by coal miners of the country at coming wage conferences, according to John P. White, president of the United Mine Workers of America, speaking at the Miners' Day celebration held here. Such a move is necessary, he said, in order to conserve the economic and social welfare of members of the miners' organization and results from the increase in the use of mining machines.

President White reviewed the progress made by the miners' union, declaring that the men by their collective efforts have raised themselves practically from the condition of serfdom to that "of respect in the eyes of the whole community."

"The persecution of our people in some sections where our organization has engaged in industrial strife is without parallel," he added. "Particularly do I refer to the great strkes of Colorado, West Virginia and certain sections of Pennsylvania, but the steady entry of our movement into these citadels of opposition is bearing fruit and the opposition to the establishment of our union is gradually yielding to the enlightening influences of the organization and wage increases and reduction in hours of labor are being accomplished in the interest of these deserving fellow workers."

Thousands of miners from all parts of eastern Ohio attended the celebration and participated in a parade which preceded the address of President White. Other speakers were William Green, international secretary and treasurer of the United Mine Workers of America; John Walker, president of the Illinois State Federation of Labor, and John Moore, president of the organization of miners in Ohio.

HELD FOR SELLING JOBS.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., October 20.—Richard Jones, formerly a mine foreman at Exeter, who was arrested and charged with selling jobs to mine workers and whose case was quashed by order of the court, will have to face a jury during the November term of criminal court.

Jones was indicted by evidence furnished by Miss Emily Johnson, a settlement worker, who produced witnesses who swore they had paid for jobs. The case was listed for trial when attorneys for Jones asked that the indictment be quashed on the ground that there was nothing under the law to make the foreman liable. Judge Strauss upheld their contention. This decision opened the way for all mine bosses to sell jobs without fear of the law.

Realizing the danger, District Attorney Slattery appealed the case to the Supreme Court, which has overruled the lower courts and orders Jones to stand trial on the original indictment.

EIGHT HOURS IN SHIPYARD.

Portland, Ore., October 20.—An eight-hour day for employes of the Northwest Steel Company, Portland's shipbuilding plant, was announced today by J. R. Bowles, president of the concern. The eight-hour day carries with it no cut in pay, the men receiving the same wages they now get for nine hours. The change goes into effect on October 16.

The plant employes 650 men at present, and in six weeks will have 1,500 men at work.

INCREASE AND AGREEMENT.

Cincinnati, Ohio, October 20.—The bosses and Furniture and Piano Movers and Helpers Union of this city have just closed up negotiations for a three-year agreement that will insure peace. Under the agreemnt the members of the organization will receive a 15 per cent increase and a ten-hour day, with time and a half for overtime and Sundays and holidays.

Demand Pound of Flesh

THAT the wealth owners will use the power of government, if they can secure control of it, to wrest from the workers the righteous legislative achievements gained in the last four years is revealed in a speech delivered by Candidate Hughes in Milwaukee, Sept. 20, 1916:

"The whole Democratic **legislative accomplishment must** be wiped off the books for the good of the country," declared Mr. Hughes.—Chicago Daily Tribune, September 21, 1916.

Candidate Hughes Favors Repealing

Clayton Law — *Seamen's Law* — *Child Labor Law*

Income Tax on Wealth — *Federal Compensation Law* — *Tax on Munitions*

Eight hour law for railroad employes in operating service.
Eight hour law for women and children in District of Columbia.
Eight hour law for coal miners under Alaska Coal Land Act.
Eight hour law for construction of Alaska railroad.
(and countless other remedial labor laws)

Candidate Hughes Stands for

WAR WITH GERMANY

Why?

Ask the Money Changers
Ask Steel Trust
Ask Meat Trust

$

WAR ON MEXICO

Why?

Ask Standard Oil Co.
Ask Wall Street
Ask Munition Makers

$

By Their Talk Ye Learn Them

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF UNION LABEL TRADES AND LABOR COUNCIL WASHINGTON 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., OCTOBER 20, 1916.

LIMIT INJUNCTIONS AND REFORM JUDGES.

BY PRESIDENT GOMPERS, in American Federationist.

The fight of the trade union movement to remedy the abuse of the writ of injunction is part of the larger fight to which they are contributing—the humanization of the courts and of justice and the proper co-ordination of courts with other governmental agencies.

The courts of our country have sought to control the whole government. Not a few who have examined our national institutions carefully and impartially have declared that the United States Supreme Court is an institution without parallel in any country and dominates the whole government. That was not the purpose of those who instituted our republican government, but it has been the result of a development in which judges have carefully built up their power and now jealously defend that power against all who would dispute it.

Courts have no divine right of existence nor any divine right to exercise a specific function. Whatever power courts may have is power that has been delegated to them by the people. The way the people express their desire as to what shall be standards and rules of government is through constitution and legislation enacted by their representatives and occasionally declared by themselves.

This demonstrates a well-known governmental phenomenon—every governmental agency always seeks to extend its authority and scope of action, and when it has made any extension, even an extension by usurpation, it defends that extended function as a right.

Time and time again has it been necessary to struggle against tyranny and despotism on the part of agents of justice and to bring about reforms in the judiciary. Such a struggle was made back in England in the time of the Stewarts, and further back in the time of King Alfred, who attempted to reform the judiciary. It is recorded that judges in his day who would not conform to the regulations and the new concepts established for their guidance were "duly punished for their lack of understanding." The judges of the present day will have to conform with new concepts of human freedom or they, too, will have to learn their lesson.

Unremitting and vicious are the attempts of employers to defeat the efforts of wage-earners and to disrupt the organized labor movement. They have tried, through injunctions, to keep the workers powerless, forbidding them to do anything that might give them greater freedom or better conditions of life and work.

No more flagrant abuses of injunctions have existed than in Detroit, where injunctions have been issued against striking patternmakers and cigarmakers. The courts have attempted to forbid the patternmakers even to visit the homes of strike-breakers. They have arrested and punished men because they walked past the place of business of former employers. They have threatened girls of fourteen and sixteen with fines or imprisonment if they so much as discussed the strike with fellow workers. So overbearing and unreasonable has been the attitude of the courts that they evidently think workers belong to a lower class of animals to whom the right of free speech and free assembly do not apply.

Particularly since the enactment of the provisions of the Clayton law have the state courts extended this abuse of the writ of injunction that has developed and is one of the most serious things with which workers must contend. It is a problem that requires legislative relief and the enactment of state laws clearly establishing the rights of workers, defining the use of the writ of injunction and specifically regulating its application. Judges themselves will never reform this abuse.

The wise merchant will use the label on his printed matter.

Demand union-made cigars and assist the members of the Cigarmakers' International Union.

The destiny of labor depends upon labor itself. Your power lies in your own brains and bodies. You must work out your own salvation.—Frank P. Walsh.

Gasoline went down some weeks ago, and now milk and bread have gone up. When reports were out that gasoline was to soar to 40 cents a gallon, investigations were started and somehow or other the price was kept around a quarter. Now, will there be investigations made into the increased cost of bread and milk?

Secretary McAdoo has endorsed the half-day Saturday the year round proposition. It is a good step in the right direction, and, no doubt, his written approval, along with others from various public officials, will bring about the desired end. The Labor Department has seconded the motion, making the fifth government department to approve the Saturday half-day.

The San Francisco Chamber of Commerce openly boasts of having raised a million-dollar fund with which to fight the unions. It is gratifying to note that the mayor of Frisco, James Rolph, jr., though himself a multi-millionaire and a large employer of labor, has openly denounced the attack which is being made upon the unionists of the Golden Gate City and warns the members of the Chamber of Commerce that "labor unions have come to stay, because they are a necessity to modern civilization."

GOVERNMENT SAVES $1,000,000.

The superdreadnaught Arizona has just been completed at the New York navy yard. Navy Department officials are elated over the success which has marked the Arizona's construction by government workmen. Acting Secretary Roosevelt said the ship was not only finished on schedule time, but would save the government about $1,000,000, as compared with lowest estimates of private concerns.

The navy yard employees work eight hours and are paid the prevailing union rate.

INCREASE IN STREET CAR FARE THREATENED.

William F. Ham, vice president of the Washington Railway and Electric Company, in addressing a meeting recently of the American Electric Railway Association, section No. 4, declared that the time is not far distant when the street car fares of the District of Columbia will have to be increased. It is impossible, he stated, to furnish better street car services than the public is now getting in view of the constantly increasing costs of operation and maintenance. Equipment, labor and operating expenses, he said, are all higher than they were several years ago. He said that in some New England cities public service commissions have granted increased street car fares, in one case to 6 cents and in another case to 8 cents.

What are we to gather from his remarks? How soon are we to look for the increased street car fare? Will the public of the District of Columbia have to pay 6 or 8 cents?

The New York State Department of Labor announces that at present more workmen are employed in the factories of that state than at any time since records have been kept by the department.

Nineteen of the largest distributers in the city of New York have reached an agreement with the Dairymen's League, after a four-hour session, at which it was agreed to pay the producers 1 cent more per quart.

There is no investment that pays as big dividends as the money paid out in the maintenance of trades unions. There is not one ten years old that has not paid each of its members at least one thousand per cent per month on their investments during the past four years.

One day one of Ford's superintendents came to him with a story about the ingratitude of a Polish workman.

"'Pretty soft thing you've got, John,' said the superintendent, 'with Henry Ford giving you $5 a day.'

"'I don't owe nothing to Henry Ford,' snapped the Pole. 'I work for what I get. When he pay me $3 a day and work me ten hours, I make 300 bolts. Now I work eight hours a day and get $5 a day, I make 900 bolts.'

"Ford was delighted. 'That's the way I like to have them feel,' he cried. 'Man to man!'"

And again, regarding shorter hours and more pay:

"Number of motor cars made and shipped in February, 1913, by 16,000 men, working ten hours a day, 16,000.

"Number of motor cars made and shipped in February, 1914 (after the new plan went into effect), by 15,800, working eight hours a day, 26,000.

"This was not due to the introduction of new machinery or to improved methods of production; it must be credited almost entirely to shorter hours and more wages."

WORKERS VINDICATED BY RAILROADS.

Tremendous increases of earnings, both gross and net, are exhibited in the reports from the great trunk line railroads of America. It must be considered, naturally, that these accruments are profits for the companies.

Therefore it behooves us to support wage-earners in the employment of the railroads in their demand for better conditions, particularly in view of the fact that their contention that the railroads can afford to meet their demand is verified by statements containing the companies' own financial returns.

It has been asserted by organized railroad workers that all of the leading industries and trades, with the exception of the railroads, have recognized the fairness of the eight-hour working day, and that such a condition of improvement is to be adopted by the railroads with no greater inconvenience than attended its introduction in other spheres of employment.

Railroad companies in this country, it has been asserted, could not afford to accede to such betterment of conditions as demanded by their labor, for the reason that they could not afford to pay alleged increases of expenses.

During the past fiscal period of computation, it has been pointed out by published returns of railroad earnings, the companies have enjoyed the highest degree of prosperity in their history, which shows that they can afford not only to make interest and dividend payments, but also to extend fair treatment to their deserving employes.

A DUTY WE OWE THE CHILDREN.

A recent investigation made by the United States public health service in connection with studies of rural school children showed that 49.3 per cent had defective teeth, 21.1 per cent had two or more missing teeth, and only 16.9 per cent had had dental attention. Over 14 per cent never used a toothbrush, 58.2 per cent used one occasionally, and only 27.4 per cent used one daily Defective teeth reduce physical efficiency. Dirty, suppurating, snaggle-toothed mouths are responsible for many cases of heart disease, rheumatism and other chronic affections. The children are not responsible for the neglected state of their teeth. The ignorant and careless parent is to blame for this condition—a condition which hampers mental and physical growth and puts a permanent handicap on our future citizens. School teachers can and are doing much in inculcating habits of personal cleanliness on the rural school child, but this will fail of the highest accomplishment unless parents co-operate heartily and continuously. This is a duty which we owe our children.

ESTABLISHED 1865 — 51 YEARS IN BUSINESS

CHRISTIAN XANDER'S

Famous Melliston

Will Cure that Cough. 75c a Bottle.

909 7th Street, Northwest. — No Branch Houses. Phone M. 274

MEATS — GROCERIES — FISH

Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the

OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.

930 La. Ave. N. W. — 1111 H Street N. E.
8th & E Sts. S. E. — 1632 N. Capitol Street
31st & M Sts. N. W. — 3418-20 Ga. Ave. N. W.
7th & Q Sts. N. W. — 14th & U Streets N. W.
1778 U Street, N. W. — 7th and B Streets N. E.
7th & H Street N. E. — 3113 14th Street, N. W.
726 7th St. N. W. — 1440 P St. N. W.
2002-2004 Ga. Ave. N. W.

POULTRY — BREAD — PRODUCE

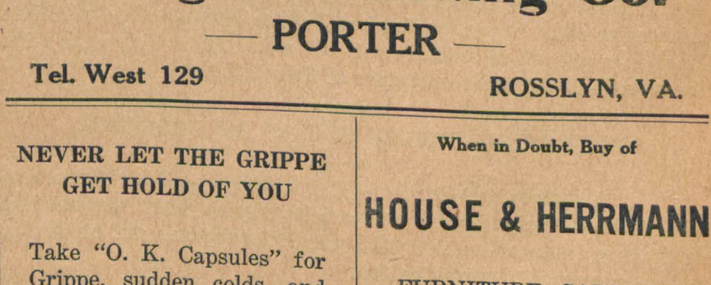
INTERNATIONAL UNION OF THE UNITED BREWERY WORKMEN OF AMERICA
Union MADE Beer — Ale AND Porter
COPYRIGHT & TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1903
THIS IS OUR LABEL.

VOTE
Against Prohibition
DEMAND
Personal Liberty
IN CHOOSING WHAT YOU WILL DRINK
ASK FOR THIS LABEL WHEN PURCHASING BEER, ALE OR PORTER.
As A Guarantee That It Is Union Made.

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK
Northwest Corner FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST
LOOK FOR THE CLOCKS
4 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts
COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

THIS SPACE FOR SALE

WASHINGTON'S LARGEST PRINTING PLANT DEVOTED TO COMMERCIAL WORK
THE LAW REPORTER PRINTING COMPANY
COMMERCIAL PRINTERS AND STATIONERS
518-520 FIFTH STREET N.W.
WASHINGTON, D. C.
TELEPHONE MAIN 828
F. B. CROWN, MANAGER



BOOT & SHOE WORKERS UNION — UNION STAMP — Factory

Named Shoes are Frequently Made in Non-Union Factories

DO NOT BUY ANY SHOE

No matter what its name, unless it bears a plain and readable impression of this Union Stamp. All shoes without the Union Stamp are always Non-Union. Do not accept any excuse for absence of the Union Stamp

Boot and Shoe Workers' Union, 246 Summer St., Boston, Mass.

JOHN F. TOBIN President. — CHAS. L. BAINE, Sec.-Treas.

WASHINGTON BREWERY CO.

IMPERIAL EXPORT

A really fine beer

WIENER BEER (Light) — CONGRESS BREW (Dark)

— ALE —

Arlington Brewing Co.

— PORTER —

Tel. West 129 — ROSSLYN, VA.

NEVER LET THE GRIPPE GET HOLD OF YOU

Take "O. K. Capsules" for Grippe, sudden colds, and similar affections. Price 25c.

WELLER'S DRUG STORE

Eighth and Eye Sts. S. E. — 36th and M N. W.

STORAGE — PACKING — FREIGHT HAULING

Merchants Transfer

— AND —

Storage Company

920-922 E Street Northwest

Phone Main 6900

SHIPPING — MOVING — HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

When in Doubt, Buy of

HOUSE & HERRMANN

FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.

N.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W

FIREPROOF CONSTRUCTION

Hammett Fire Proofing Company
301-302-303 Wilkins Bldg.
Phone Main 3337.

PHONE NORTH 2349

DONOVAN'S

FINE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS

2008 14th St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

Sanitary

Paper Towels
Paper rinking Cups
Paper Napkins

—For Lunchrooms.
—For Stores, Public
—Buildings, Offices, Etc.

Best quality round-shaped 5-oz., 7-oz., and 12-oz., Drinking Cups, in sealed cartons of 100—a supply sufficient to fill the glass-covered, nickel-base dispensing machine—appropriate for office or any public use.

Special low prices in 1,000 lots.

PAPER TOWELS

Fine absorbent tissue in towel rolls of 150 towels—sealed packages, 25 cents per roll.

Sanitary glass and nickel containers, including a special size of 60 capacity for office use.

Dulin & Martin Co.
Pottery, Porcelain, China, Glass, Silver, &c.
1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St.

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY

Equitable Life Insurance Co.
of the District of Columbia

THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Issues Ordinary and Industrial

Wm. A. Bennett, 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.

EQUITABLE BLD'G. 816 14th ST., N. W.

Black's Alderney and Green Meadow Dairy
Pasteurized and Tubercoline Tested Milk.
Phone N. 1670. Union Dairies.

LANSBURGH & BRO.

"DRY GOODS ONLY"

The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City

420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

Bell Brand Union-Made
COLLARS and SHIRTS
LARGE ASSORTMENT
T. HOLLANDER
North Capitol and H Streets

Takoma Bread
Fresh Three Times Daily
AT ALL GROCERS
Havenner Baking Company
Established 1815

Phone Main 3871

WM. H. HOWLIN
OURAY BUILDING, 801 G ST. N. W.
(Room 404)

Engrossing Resolutions, Diplomas, Charters and Fancy Pen Work of all descriptions.

CELTIC CLUB WHISKEY
Our Specialty
Never Changes. Accept No Substitute
Once Tried You'll Always Use It.
Ports and Sherries for family use, Quarts, 50 and 75 cents. All makes of Beer. Leading brands of Cigars. Ales and Porters on draught the year round.
D. J. O'CONNOR
New Jersey Ave. and G Sts. N.W

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

Robert F. Droney, Theodore Johnson, Maurice T. Turner and Ralph M. Suit, probationary messenger boys.

Frederic Gale, temporary painter.

James L. Cowgill, probationary clerk (stenographer and typewriter).

Separations.

Frank H. Murray, temporary painter, resigned.

Lawrence J. Rueth, linotype operator, resigned.

Joseph Landow and Arthur McKenny, skilled laborers, resigned.

John O. Nelson, Eugene T. Butler, Marcellus White and James M. Marshall, temporary skilled laborers.

Miss Mildred L. Kern and Miss Bessie I. Lindsay, temporary skilled laborers (female) resigned.

Transfers, Etc.

Frank E. Ruth, messenger boy, $420 per annum, office of accountant, to skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour, pamphlet binding section.

Patrick F. Ganey, messenger boy, $420 per annum, office of purchasing agent, to skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour, pamphlet binding section.

Mrs. Bessie B. Garrett, skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour, ruling and sewing section, to assistant telephone switchboard operator, $600 per annum, office of chief clerk.

Miss Louis Gray, skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour, ruling and sewing section, to tabulator, $2.80 per day, computing division.

Mrs. Clara C. Breen, skilled laborer, 25c per hour, pamphlet binding section, to machine operator, 27½ cents per hour.

MILLIONS LOST IN CAR STRIKE.

New York, October 20.—Officers of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company and the New York Railways Company last week acknowledged that the strike of their employees had already cost the companies $5,000,000, mainly because of double pay to strike-breakers, double overtime, payment to strike-breaking agencies, private detectives and other outlays of this character, not to mention the thieving of finks.

Have the newspapers and the "public" protested against this squandering of the peoples' money. Have these elements supported the strikers' demand for arbitration?

They have not.

RAILROAD SHOP MEN GAIN.

Du Bois, Pa., October 20.—More than 1,000 Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh railroad shopmen organized, but were almost immediately forced on strike because of discrimination. After a two-day suspension of work, the management agreed that all men would be reinstated in their former positions and that there would be no discrimination because of union affiliation. Wages were increased 15 per cent for day workers and 10 per cent for piece workers. Improved shop conditions were also agreed to. The shop men of the same road at Salamanca, N. Y., and Punxsutawney, Pa., were then organized. These workers were successful in securing the same agreement as at Du Bois.

THEIR APPEAL REJECTED.

Kelso, Wash., October 20.—The Employers' Association of this state appealed to the Grangers' Telephone Company for a contribution to aid it in an anti-union campaign, to aid it calls the non-union shop. In reply Manager Sparling of the company wrote:

"To start with, we don't care what your expenses are, and we trust that they are so large that it breaks the association, and we refuse to give one cent to such a movement. We do not believe in the non-union shop; we believe in unions and high wages to workingmen."

RAISE WAGES 40 CENTS A DAY.

Vancouver, British Columbia, October 20.—Electrical Workers' Union has won its strike against the British Columbia Electric Company and raises wages from $4.10 to $4.50 a day.

Because of business depression, about a year ago, the men accepted a wage reduction from $4.35 to $4.10 a day. Recently they refused to renew this contract and suspended work. The settlement includes recognition of the union shop.

STRIKE CONFERENCE IN VAIN.

San Francisco, October 20.—Conferences have failed to settle the shorter work day strike of organized restaurant employes. The hotel and restaurant proprietors insist on the non-union shop, and refuse to recognize the union. They promise, however, to maintain conditions that existed prior to the strike.

In other words, they will not recognize the union, but they will recognize conditions the unions made possible.

TAILORS GET AN INCREASE.

Youngstown, Ohio, October 20.—The Tailors Union of this city, 100 per cent strong, has just secured an increase in wages of from 10 to 15 per cent and full recognition of the union, the result of several friendly conferences with the boss tailors.

The Tailors Union of Sharon, Pa., some six miles distant, also negotiated a raise of 10 per cent and improvements in working conditions in the shops. The improvements noted are the result of the assistance of a general organizer of the Journeymen Tailors Union, who has been doing some missionary work in this section for the last two months.

EIGHT-HOUR LAW BOARD.

Announcement is made that the President has appointed the commission to investigate the workings of the railroad eight-hour law, passed by Congress last month. The appointees are Maj. Gen. Goethals, engineer in charge of the Panama Canal and governor of the canal zone; George Rublee, member of the Federal Trade Commission, and Edgar E. Clark, member Interstate Commerce Commission and former president of the Order of Railway Conductors.

While the law does not go into effect until January 1 it is stated that the President desires the members of the board to give a close study to the entire situation.

GUEST OF RICHMOND UNION.

Daniel McCullum, compositor in the hand section of the Government Printing Office, was the guest this week of Richmond (Va.) Typographical Union, No. 90, which is celebrating the anniversary of its fiftieth birthday. At the exercises Tuesday night, folowed by a ball, Mr. McCullum spoke of reminiscences of old times.

Mr. McCullum was president of that union for some years and for five years headed the Trade and Labor Council, the central body. At one time he was president of the State Federation of Labor of Virginia.

IRON PLANTS MAY CLOSE.

Allentown, Pa., October 20.—Owing to the scarcity of coke and the difficulty in getting it shipped to this region, there is grave danger that the furnaces of the Lehigh Valley will be compelled to suspend.

The Crane Iron Works at Catasauqua are ready to put another furnace into blast, but have barely enough fuel to keep in blast what are already lighted. Unless relief comes in the shape of coke the Thomas furnaces at Hokendauqua will be compelled to shut down and the other plants in this vicinity are in the same predicament.

GAIN $1.50 PER WEEK.

Canton, Ohio, October 20.—Negotiations covering several weeks by Canton Typographical Union, have resulted in a substantial wage increase for all members of the union. All printers working under the jurisdiction of the union will receive $1.50 per week more than heretofore. Original demands called for a flat rate of $24 per week for all newspaper and job men. Under the new agreement, which took effect October 1 and continues for one year, newspaper men receive $22.50 per week and job men $21.50.

PLUMBERS WIN AN ADVANCE.

Trenton, N. J., October 20.—The Plumbers, Steam and Gasfitters' Union secured the adoption of a new wage, giving them 62½ cents an hour, after negotiating with the bosses for a week. The new wage gives them $5 a day for eight hours. Nearly every employer in the city has agreed to the new conditions.

GEO. D. HORNING,
N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.
LOAN OFFICE

Parker, Bridget & Co.
"The Avenue at Ninth"
Featuring
Extra Value
$15
Suits for Fall

New Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits for Hire

WILNER'S
ADVANCED FALL STYLES

The Latest Novelties of the Season . . . **$18.50**

EVERY UNION MAN OUGHT TO TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THIS OFFER

Not only do we save you $10.00 on every suit you buy, but our workmanship has proven to stand up, to hold its shape, curl nor wrinkle until the garment will last, and we guarantee to last you fully three years.

We are the FIRST and ONLY Union Custom Tailors in this City.

Order Your Suit From

JOS. A. WILNER & COMPANY
COR. 8th and G STREETS NORTHWEST

CORBY'S YEAST
Leaves nothing to guess-work.
Its purity and strength are uniform.
Every baker knows what that means.
Send for samples.
THE CORBY COMPANY
STATION K. WASHINGTON, D. C.

Building Trades Headquarters Sixth and G Sts. N. W
Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rent
WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES TOBACCO.
COSTELLO BROS

THE PLATE PRINTER
Official Organ Plate Printers International Union.
P. J. RYAN, Editor. CHAS. T. SMITH, Assoc. Editor.
Subscription $1.00 Per Year
Telephone 4528 Wash. Loan & Trust Bldg.

Representative Houses
OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

BANKS

THE NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burglar-proof vaults, acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth and New York Avenue

THE WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee, etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK
A Bank for the Working People. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account
Ninth and G streets N. W.

UNION SAVINGS BANK. Commercial Accounts. Three per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts. The Oldest Savings Bank in Washington.

MICHAEL T. GREENE
Liquors and Cigars. 639 D St. N. W.

STONER'S BAR AND RESTAURANT
The, G. Stoner. 206 Seventh St.S. W.

J. CHAS. McGUIRE'S BUFFET
Federal Seal Whiskey. 519 Ninth St. N. W.

O'KEEFE'S BUFFET
P. J. O'Keefe, Prop. 904 Pa. Ave N. W.

GLAVIN'S BUFFET
ED. J. GLAVIN 309 G Street Northwest

OXFORD BUFFET
J. F. SCHRINER 730 14th Street N. W.

FRANK'S BUFFET
Fourth and G Sts., N. W. Phone M. 5572

DAVID WALSH'S BUFFET
407 10th Street N. W.

E. E. FARLEY'S BUFFET
415 13th Street N. W.

J. J. O'DONNELL'S BUFFET
333 Penn. Avenue S. E.

HARRY'S BUFFET
631 Penn. Ave. S. E. Phone Lin. 1843

MACHINIST
C. W. FORSBERG, Formerly with Forsberg and Murray, Elevator Boilers. Eighth and Water Streets S. W. Phone Main 751 and 742

GROCER AND COFFEE ROASTER
SOMERSET R. WATERS, 1342 Seventh st. n.w.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
RALSTON AND RICHARDSON, Bond Building, Fourteenth Stree and New York Avenue.
FRANK FULLER Room 421. Munsey Building, Phone Main 1826.

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.
THE SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (INC.) SODA WATER SYRUPS, Etc., 1066 Wisconsin Avenue Northwest.

PHOTO SUPPLIES
E. J. PULLMAN, Developing and Finishing for Amateurs Specialty 420 Ninth Street N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS
MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Avenue Northwest. Our Specialty Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

FIRE INSURANCE
FIREMAN'S INSURANCE COMPANY, Seventh Street and Louisiana Avenue.

DRY GOODS
WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings Hoisery, a specialty, 806-808 H Street N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

UNDERTAKERS
J. WILLIAM LEE
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY
332 Penna. Avenue N. W.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.
THE W. H. BUTLER COMPANY, 607 and 609 C Street N. W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT
NATIONAL MORTAR COMPANY. First and M Street, Northeast
COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING COMPANY. 3036 K Street.

DRUGGISTS
CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth Street and Virginia Avenue S. E.
DAY & CO
5th and G Sts. N. W. 14th and P Sts. N. W
20th St. and Rhode Island Ave. N. E.
QUIGLEY, Druggist, Twenty-first and G Streets N. W.
A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner Seventh and P Streets N. W.

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1
Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.

M. J. DUNNIGAN, President.....2007 14 Street N.W.
JOHN G. WOLFE, Vice-President. 1023 N. J. Ave. N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W.

TRUSTEES

Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E.
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E.
Thos. L. Nevins.....504 Maine Avenue S. W.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe,.....1023 N. J. Ave. N. W
J. McElfresh,.....
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E.
A. Tenley.....964 Florida Ave. N. W.
M. Sullivan.....5631-2 15 St. S. E.

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.

Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ARBITRRATION COMMITTEE.

M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W.
M. A. Wolfe,.....418 F St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. E.
Joseph Harding.....210 13 St. S. W.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....2006 2nd St. N. W
R. Pumphrey.....223 Q St. N. W.
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W.
Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. W.

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave.
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Cap. St.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L St. S. W.

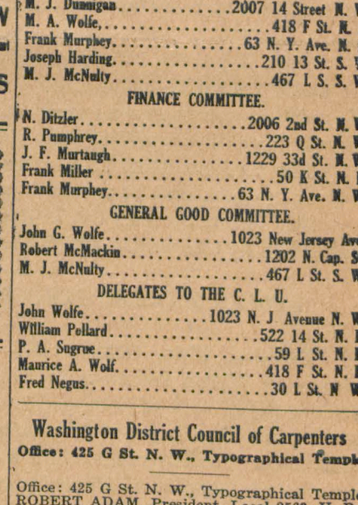
DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.

John Wolfe.....1023 N. J Avenue N. W.
William Pollard.....522 14 St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
Fred Negus.....30 L St. N W.

Washington District Council of Carpenters
Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple
ROBERT ADAM, President, Local 2563, U. B., 1511 Vermont Avenue N.W.
R. H. BURDETTE, Vice President, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
E. B. BYRNE, Secretary, Local 132, U. B., 425 G Street N.W.
F. A. SHOESMITH, Treasurer, Local 2563, U. B., 5209 Georgia Avenue N.W.
C. H. ADAMS, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 804 A Street N.E.
R. H. BURDETTE, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
H. PAGE, Trustee, Local 2563, U. B., 336½ 13th Street N.E.
ROBERT REICHARD, Local 132, U. B., 1720 34th Street N.W.
J. H. RYAN, Local 132, U. B., 1101 11th Street S.E.
FRED HOOK, Local 2563, U. B., 1528 8th Street N.W.
WILLIAM MACKIE, Local 2563, U. B., 216 Seaton Place N.E.

BUSINESS AGENT.
GEO. MYERS, 425 G Street N. W.



Union Station Garage

Guaranteed work on all makes of cars, accessories, second-hand, tires. Storage, $5 up.

Phone, Lincoln 3379.
REAR No. 40 H ST. N.E.

UNITED STATES JUDGE VIOLATES LAW.

Seattle, Wash., October 20.—The Seattle Municipal News is excited because President Furuseth of the International Seamen's Union advised striking longshoremen to ignore an injunction issued by a federal judge. This publication thunders about Furuseth's "mistake" and the necessity of obeying the law. Editor Ault of the Union Record accepts the challenge for law enforcement in this clear-cut reply:

"If any mistake has been made it has been in the act of the longshoremen in admitting the jurisdiction of the court in the first place, and voluntarily appearing to attempt to show cause why an injunction should not be granted. What Furuseth pointed out was that matters relating to work and wages and the actions of human beings were covered by the 'law,' and infractions of the law should be dealt with in courts of law. The plea for an injunction and the issuance of an injunction takes the matter out of the realm of law into that of 'equity,' which deals with matters of property.

"Furuseth contended, and rightly, that the courts of equity had no jurisdiction in the case; that it has arrogated to itself—of course in line with precedent, but none the less unjustly—authority over human beings and human rights and that its orders should be disregarded even if some members of the working class went to jail. He pointed out that the Clayton amendment to the anti-trust law had expressly provided that picketing being only one form of free speech, it was important that this right be preserved if it was necessary to violate the injunction in order to preserve free speech; that was a duty the workers owed themselves. They were violating no law but the arbitrary and illegal action of a judge."

EIGHT-HOUR DAY, SAME WAGES, FOR 20,000 WORKERS.

The Wholesale Clothiers Association of Chicago, employing 20,000 workmen, announced last week that it would reduce working time in its factories from 50 hours to 48 hours a week, but that pay would remain the same and that time and a half would be paid for overtime. Jacob Abt, the president of the association, said it would place more than $1,000,000 additional pay in the pockets of the employes this year because of the great amount of work contemplated. It was the third reduction in working hours in the last three years.

This action of the Chicago clothing manufacturers is in line with the general trend for an eight-hour day in all classes of employment. It comes as a result of the law adopted by Congress, upon recommendation of President Wilson, extending the eight-hour day to nearly a million men employed in railroad service.

The eight-hour day is not only conceded by society as a whole, but is now being voluntarily recognized by those who employ large numbers of workers.

OIL COMPANY REFUSES DEMANDS OF STRIKERS.

Bayonne, N. J., October 20.—The demands of the striking Standard Oil employes again were refused Wednesday, when a committee representing the strikers conferred with George Hennessy, superintendent of th Standard Oil Company's main plant.

Supt. Hennessy informed the committee, it was reported, that he would deal with them when they dropped their wage demands. He said the company was ready to grant or arbitrate the other demands regarding working conditions and rearrangement of hours.

The strikers want 20 per cent more for those receiving $3 a day or upward, and 30 per cent for those paid less than $3.

Mr. Hennessy said the company was willing to take the men back only at the wages which prevailed before the strike.

STOGIE MAKERS STRIKE FOR WAGE INCREASE.

Bellaire, Ohio, October 20.—About 300 stogie makers employed in fifteen factories in Bethesda, the stogie town about twenty miles west of here, are on strike. The stogie makers there are composed of boys, girls, women and men, and have never been organized. Recently they had a get-together movement and demanded an increase of 25 cents on the 1,000 stogies. This was refused by the manufacturers, and the strike resulted, it being the first strike to occur in that town. Just what the outcome of the strike will be cannot be foretold. However, there is a possibility that the stogie makers will affiliate themselves with the recognized union, in which case they are bound to win out.

BOOT AND SHOE INDUSTRY GROWS.

The value added by manufacture of boots and shoes increased 15.5 per cent in 1914, as compared with 1909, according to figures on the boot and shoe industry, taken in connection with the census of manufactures, published today by the bureau of the census. Other increases also were shown, including an increase of 2.2 per cent in the number of establishments; 36.7 per cent increase in wages; 14.8 per cent increase in the amount of materials used; 15.1 per cent in the value of the products.

PRINTING PRESSMEN ADVANCE.

Edmonton, Alberta, Canada, October 20.—After long negotiation Web Pressmen's Union has signed the following increased wage agreement with newspapers in this city:

Foremen, $30 a week; day journeymen, $22.50 for forty-eight hours; night journeymen, $27 for forty-two hours; apprentice on fly starting, $9 a week, with an increase of $1 weekly every six months.

TRADE IN CONFECTIONS GROWS.

General increase in the manufacture of confections between 1909 and 1914 is shown by figures in a bulletin just issued by the bureau of the census. The number of establishments increased 23 per cent in 1914, as compared with 1909; the number of persons engaged in the manufacture increased 19 per cent, wages increased 37 per cent, materials used increased 37 per cent and the value added by manufacture increased 30 per cent.

ALBANY STREET CAR STRIKE ENDS.

Albany, N. Y., October 20.—The strike which tied up trolley car service in Albany, Troy and near-by cities has been called off, the company agreeing to arbitrate all differences.

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, F. S. Radman, 134 7th Street N.E.

Bakery Salemen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secre- Wednesdays of each month at Moose Hall, tary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sunday in each month, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N. W.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Edward Fuhrman, 24 Quincy Place, N. W.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets first and third Sunday of the month at the Secretary, T. Guiffre, 908 Pennsylvania ave- Moose Hall, Seventh and G Street Northwest. nue northwest.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 48: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E street southeast.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G Street N. W.

Brotherhood of Railway Carmen of America, Local Union No. 313: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Streets N. E. Secretary, C. F. Cross, 924 K Street N. E. Meeting nights first and third Tuesdays.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles Hall, Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 1424 W St. N. W., Apt. 22.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhau, 737 10th St. s. e.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wassaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Twelfth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3800 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Paperhangers Hall, 430 Ninth Street N. W., second and fourth Thursdays of the month. Secretary, Edw. B. Finch, 33 P Street N. E.

Engineers, Hoisting No. 77: Meets every Friday, at 8:00 p. m. Hall, S. E. Cor. Tenth and Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, F. J. Nichols, 616 Fourth street northeast.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and B Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hisle, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Watchmen's Union No. 14964: Secretary, Jas. H. Reed, Cor. Sec., 1228 B street southwest.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

International Brotherhood of Teamsters, Chauffeurs, Stablemen and Helpers of America, Local Union No. 115: Meets the first and third Saturday night of each month, G. A. R. Building, 1412 Pa. ave. Secretary-Treasurer, Kirke C. Sipher, 26 P st. n. e.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Avenue S. E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 Twelfth St. N. E.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, W. N. Huttel, 1430 A St. N. E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday at 1204 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, E. H. Fulton, 1120 E St. S. E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, H. Gundershein, 728 Columbia Road.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third 2665. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Bus. Agt.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 922 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Phone Main 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets second Sunday and fourth Friday in each month. Secretary, Albert Bridges 210 L st. s. e.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 426: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m. Secretary, J. A. Whitecar, 2209 Minnesota Ave. S. E.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas. B. Cameron, Bethesda, Md.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Robt. J. Barrett, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month. Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 820 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressman, No. 1: Meets fourth Monday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. E. Blakely, 3527 O St. N. W.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custodian and Janitor, 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, W. P. Cannon, 408 Twelfth St. S. E.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe. 326 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. F. Hickman, 518 Sixth St. N. W.

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Mrs. H. B. Tritipoe, 1737 Willard street N. W., Apt. 20.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10.30 a. m. and 8.30 p. m. Secretary, G. W. Calderhead, Ouray Building, Room 312.

The High School Teachers' Union of Washington, D. C., No. 8: Meets in the Music Room of the New Central High School at 3.30 p. m. the second Tuesday in the months of October, December, February, and May. Secretary, G. J. Jones, Central High School.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle, 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 750 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Friday, Typographical Temple. Secretary, L. Gantt, 57-A Bates Street.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbytecian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters International Secretary-Treasurer, Jas. E. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G St. N. W. Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth St. N. W.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.

Your Union's Success Depends Upon Yourself

It cannot be expected that a local union will flourish, succeed and prosper of its own accord.

If not properly taken care of, it will gradually diminish in membership and influence, and finally die.

The past history of organized labor is strewn with the wrecks of unions that came into existence over night and went out in the same way. The work of organizing and reorganizing, over and over again, is a costly proposition; we have had our experience in that line, and know whereof we speak. We want an up-to-date, wide-awake, progressive organization. To have such, every member without exception must do his part.

To make your union a success you must:
Attend its meetings regularly;
Pay your dues regularly;
Support your officers;
Enforce your laws;
Conduct your meetings properly;
Do your duty willingly;
Be heard on all questions affecting the good and welfare of your union;
Assist and encourage your fellow member;
Give due consideration to the opinions of others;
Stand for right and justice at all times;
Reason together on all questions;
Avoid unnecessary wrangling and rag-chewing;
Stand by your colors;
Uplift the standard of labor;
Never be ashamed of membership in your union;
Let the history of your past be your guide for the future;
Remember your obligation at all times;
Remember, too, that organization is your only hope;
Never give up!

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS
Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

J. G. O'DONNELL, President, 122 Sixth St. N. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, Vice-President, 519 M St. S. W.
THOS. W. WOLTZ, Recording Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
G. H. F. DAVIS, Treasurer, 439 Second St.S. E.
W. I. STRATTON, Conductor, 617 Sixth St. N. W.
A. F. MOIRSETTE, Warden, 425 G St. N. W.
GEO. MYERS, Business Agent, 425 G St. N. W.

TRUSTEES.
F. J. NOLTE, 24 Eighth Street N. E.
WM. T. BAUM, 472 I Street N. W.
A. P. TAYLOR, 622 I Street N. E.

DELEGATES TO THE DISTRICT COUNCIL.
R. H. BURDETTE, 1207 L Street N. W.
C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
E. B. BYRNE, 425 G Street N. W.
ROBERT REICHARD, 1720 35th Street N. W.
J. H. RYAN, 1101 Eleventh Street S. E.

DELEGATES TO THE CENTRAL LABOR UNION.
C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
R. H. BURDETTE, 816 K Street N. W.
W. S. HOLLOHAN, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
W. T. BAUM, 474 I Street S. W.
MARK REILEY, 1127 B Street S. E.

RELIEF COMMITTEE.
M. REILLY, 1127 B Street S. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
H. M. BEVILL, Brentwood, Md.
J. T. CLIFT, 4115 Seventh Street N. W.
M.A. FOLEY, 118 Seaton Street N. E.

MILL COMMITTEE.
F. E. KETTNER, 3016 Cambridge St. N. W.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
O. A. CARTER, Rosslyn, Va.

DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE
G. H. F. DAVIS, 439 Second Street S. E.

Clothes, Hats and Shoes

The Bieber-Kaufman Co.
901-909 Eighth St. S. E.
Down by the Navy Yard
Washington, D. C.

PHONE MAIN 6079.
Reno Lunch
W. H. WOODCOCK, Proprietor.
625 PA. AVE. N. W.
HOME COOKED FOODS
NEVER CLOSED

CORBY'S DELICIOUS CAKE
10c PER HALF LB.
AT ALL GROCERS

The only strictly
UNION TAILORING
house in the city
M. STEIN & CO.
TAILORS
Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

THE MILTON SCHOOL
Oxford Bldg., 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.
Stenography
Typewriting
English
Spanish
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO BEGINNERS
Now in larger quarters in the Oxford Building, 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
Meets Every Monday Night
Typographica Temple
423-425 G St. N. W.
Secretary s Address: 1325 E. Capitol St.
Telephone: Lincoln 3955

OFFICERS
N. A. JAMES ..... President
HUGH DIGNEY ..... Vice-President
JOHN B. COLPOYS, Secretary, 1325 E. Capitol St.
JOSEPH E. TOONE ..... Financial Secretary
WM. H. SCHAEFER ..... Treasurer
JOSEPH C. CLARK ..... Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES: Wm. Zell, Mary Ganzhorn, J. L. Considine

COMMITTEES
Executive—Hugh Digney (chairman), N. A. James, John B. Colpoys, J. E. Toone, W. N. Huttel, John R. Hartley.
Legislative—Robert Jones (chairman), John H. Lorch, N. P. Alifas, H. R. Alcorn, E. W. Oyster.
Adjustment—W. N. Huttel (chairman), Jere McCarthy, J. A. McDonald, Ben Spellbring, John G. Schmidt.
Contract—John R. Hartley (chairman), W. H. Schaefer, Hubert Newsom, C. H. Adams, A. J. Ginnelly.
Laws—Dan Hassett (chairman), J. H. Wells, D. J. O'Leary.
Resolutions—J. L. Considine (chairman), Zep S. Pollock, A. J. Kinnell.
Organization—J. E. Toone (chairman), Mary Burkhead, Henry Miller, J. H. Wilson, H. A. Ranier.
Auditing—Mary Ganzhorn (chairman), Marguerite Stewart, E. Wood.
Credentials—M. J. Costella (chairman), J. H. Swain, S. T. Ford.
Lable—E. T. Good,
Press—John B. Colpoys (chairman, N. A. Sprague, B. O'Leary.
Delegates to Baltimore—J. E. Toone (chairman) J. M. Foster, William Zell.
Delegates to Alexandria—H. F. Oehler (chairman). Chas. Allison, L. A. Sterne.

Saks & Company
MEN'S and BOYS' OUTFITTERS
Pa. Ave. & 7th St. Wash., D. C.
Specialists in Apparel for Men and Boys.

BUTLER'S RHEUMATIC and GOUT REMEDY.
A KIDNEY AND HEART TONIC
Manufactured Since 1872 By
BUTLER & FIELD
Third and Indiana Ave. N. W.
Price 50c a bottle. 6 for $2.50
For Sale By Druggists.

LIST OF LIQUOR DEALERS WHO HAVE SIGNED "THE AGREEMENT."

Allen, Paul.....2 N st. n. e.
Allen, John J...807 N. C. Cap st. n. e.
Beirkle, Leopold, - 1245 H st. n. e.
Boyle, William J., 601 Mass. ave n. w.
Castelli, Vincent, 502-504 Ninth st.n.w.
Clark, C. H.....510 9th st. n. w.
Colonial Beach Boat Co.
Costello, Bros.....604 G st. n. w.
Crowley, James J.....702 E st. n. w.
Daly, T. J.....34 H st. n. e.
Daye, Wm. T.....1218 Wisc. ave.
Doyle, Wm. T....1314 Wisc. ave. n. w.
Duffy, James A. -901 1-2 E st. n. w.
Wm. R. Fosbender, 406 Ninth st. n w.
Franey, F. A.....711½ 9th st. n. w.
Frank, Mrs. M. E. - 319 G st. n. w.
Ganey, M.....615 7th st. s. w.
Glavin, Edwin.....309 G st. n. w.
Hannan, Mrs. E.....531 7th st. s. w.
Hanlon, Timothy.....822 H st. n. e.
Kelliher, J. D.....1258 7th st. s. w.
Killeen, John F.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Louis Hodges, - - 407 9th st n. w.
Lynagh, Peter J.....523 7th st. s. w.
Lynch, John.....417 9th st. n. w.
McCarthy, Dennis J., Evans building.
McCarthy, F. J.....910 4½ st. s. w.
McDonald, F. J.....643 Pa. ave. s. e.
McGinniss, H. J., 1001 N. Y. ave. n. w.
McGuire, J. Chas., 519 Ninth st. n. w.
McHough, Martin....1105 H st. n. e.
Milton Schmidt, - 702 7th st. n. w.
O'Connor, D. J.....100 G st. n. w.
O'Connor, Patrick F., 617 D st. n. w.
O'Connor, James.....1429 N. Cap. st.
O'Day, John T. - 921 Ninth st. n. w.
O'Donnell, James J...333 Pa. ave. s. e.
Peter White, - - - 905 D st. n. w.
Raftery, Thomas.....406 H st. n. e.
Raftery, Patrick.....225 11th st. n. e.
Roland, J. H.....511 9th st. n. w.
Scanlon, Daniel,.....103 H st. n. w.
Schroter, Conrad....3258 M st. n. w.
Schltz, Mary T.....607 G st. n. w.
Sheehan, John J., 701 North Cap. st.
Solon, Mary A., - 1003 7th st. e.
Stern, M. M.....601 7th st. n. w.
Stanton, Frank J.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Sullivan, David, 12th and E st. n. w.
Sullivan, John J., 1351 35th st. n. w.
The Casino, Frank Farenkamp (Chesapeake Beach).
Victor Buffet Co., Inc., 7th and G n. w.
Walsh, David, - - 407 10th st. n. w.
Wassman, Henry, 705 Seventh st. n. w.
Wiedeman, Joseph....629 E st. n. w.
William J. O'Leary, 733 North Cap. st.
Wininghe, Harry 631 Pa. ave. s. e.
Wolf, Frank, - 512 12th st. n. w.

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

UNION OPERATOR — LOCAL No. 224 — WASH. D. C. — I.A.T.S.E. — AFFILIATED WITH CENTRAL LABOR UNION & A.F. of L.

American, 1st st. and R. . ave.n.w.
Apollo, - - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Auditorium, 13th st. and N. Y. ave.n.w.
Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Casino - - - 7th and F Sts. N. W.
Central Park, - 9th St. G & H N.W.
Chelsia Theatre, 19th and M sts. n. w.
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N. W.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Eastern, - - 8th St. bet. F & G S. E.
Elite Theatre, 14th and R. I. ave. n. w.
Empire, - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Fairyland, - 19th and L st. n. w.
Favorite, H St. North Capitol & First
Garden Theatre, 423 Ninth st. n. w.
Gayety Theatre, - 513 9th st. n. w.
Georgia - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
Home Theater, C bet. 12th & 13th n. e.
Liberty Theatre, N. Capitol & P St.
Maryland - - - 624 9th St. N. W.
"M" Street Theatre, M St. near 32nd
Maycroft Park, H St. bet. 6 7, N.E.
Meaders, - - - 8th & G Sts. S. E.
Mid City, - 7th, bet. N and O st. n. w.
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Odeon - - 14th and Church Sts. N. W.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15, N.W.
Orpheum, - - 4th and C st. n. e.
Peerless Park, - 3105 Ga. ave. n. w.
Plaza Theatre - 434 9th st. n. w.
Pleasant Hrr. Park, 12 and C N. E.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Randolpr Park, 1st and Randolph n. w.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
R. I. Theatre, 7th and R. I. Ave. N. W.
Savoy, - - - 14th and Col. Road.
Schuetzen Park, Ga. ave. and Kenyon
Standard Park, Bates, near N. Cap. St.
Strand, - - - - - Ninth and D.
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N. E.
Stanton Park, - - - 219 4th N. E.
Starlight Park, 4 1-2 and K st. n. w.
Surprise Theatre - Alexandria, Va.
The Strand, - - Hopewell, Va.
The Richmond, - - Alexandria, Va.
Truxton Park, N. Capitol & Fla. Ave.
Victoria Theatre, 7th & F Sts. S. W.
Virginia - - - 614 9th St. N. W.

The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I. P. E. U.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXI. NO. 18 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 27, 1916. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

A. F. OF L. WARNS VOTERS

Labor Representation Committee Issues Call to Labor.

The Labor Representation Committee, consisting of President Gompers, Vice President O'Connell and Secretary Morrison of the A. F. of L., has issued a call to organized labor to consider the issues involved in the present political campaign at a regular or special meeting of their unions, and urges that all workers go to the polls on election day, November 7, and protect their interests.

The Labor Representation Committee was appointed by the executive council of the A. F. of L. in 1906, when the American Federation of Labor decided to more vigorously urge its non-partisan political policy—that trade unionists disregard political lines and reward their friends and punish their enemies.

The success of this policy has been unequaled in the history of the world's trade union movement, and the Labor Representation Committee, following its usual policy, presents the issues involved in this campaign and calls on all workers to go to the polls on November 7 and vote as their conscience directs, for labor, justice, freedom and humanity.

The call reads:

To the Officers of all Organized Labor:

Greeting: Never at any time within the last fifty years have the workers had more at stake in any political campaign than in the one that is to be decided in the election November 7.

During the present administration and particularly in this campaign there has been developed a clear-cut issue between the workers—the producers—and those who manipulate the products of the labor of others—the exploiters.

The issue is represented in the campaign by the conflicting interests represented by Labor and Wall Street. Labor represents the masses of the nation, their rights as human beings, the possibilities and the ideals of human development. Wall street represents the powers of greed and exploitation that have mercilessly used human beings in order to pile up vast unearned fortunes and to carry out their purposes of restricting the rights and opportunities for men to work and enjoy the products of their toil.

During the present administration the organized labor movement has been able to secure recognition for the rights of human beings and opportunity for all to participate in the affairs of the nation in a degree that has never before been accomplished.

The dignity of human life and the value of the co-operation of those whose work are necessary to the processes of industry and commerce have been given an important place in considering all problems that concern the nation. This recognition has taken the form of legislation necessary to protect the interests of wage-earners and in the ideals of humanity that have guided and directed national policies both at home and in our relations with other nations.

Though half of the world has been involved in a terriffic conflict and it seemed at times as though our nation must be drawn into the vortex of human slaughter, yet the chief executive of our land has been able to manage the affairs of the nation and the interests of our citizens so that without the horrors of war he has established and maintained protection of human life and human rights in the somewhat vague domain of international law. Without involving this nation in war, he has secured for us all of the protection and all of the benefits that would have accrued from a successful international war, and by diplomatic correspondence has achieved the victory of embodying concepts of humanity in international activity, at least in so far as America is concerned.

What has been true in the case of the European war is also true in the case with the relations between our country and Mexico. Mexico had been engaged in a convulsive effort to secure freedom and to shake off the despotic control of personal rule and spoilation to benefit those who have been granted special privileges. In their vague uncertain efforts to free themselves, the people of Mexico may have made mistakes. Have the people of the United States always been free from error? Mexico is trying to work out its ideals of rights and justice.

The interests that have been seeking to plunge our country into war not only with European countries but also with Mexico are the interests that are represented by the most selfish and most conscienceless element of Wall Street. These elements have not stopped with an effort to use existing mistakes and wrongs as an excuse for war and have not hesitated to endeavor to create situations that brought the nation to the very brink of war. It was only by the determined resistance of the citizens who understood that an element of reasonableness was injected into the situation

(Continued on page 4.)

CHARTER IS ISSUED TO BRICKLAYERS' UNION

The American Federation of Labor has issued a charter to the Bricklayers, Masons and Plasterers' International Union of America.

While an agitation for affiliation has been conducted for years among the bricklayers, definite action was taken at their recent convention, held in Toronto, Canada, when the international executives were empowered to act.

In the charter application, signed by President Bowen and Secretary Dobson, it is stated that there are 912 local unions, with a membership of 70,000, affiliated to this international.

In a telegram to President Bowen of the bricklayers, dated October 12, President Gompers says:

"The charter for your international union has been issued today. I welcome your organization into the family of trade unions of America under the banner of the American Federation of Labor."

TEN PER CENT FOR MOLDERS.

Lancaster, Pa., October 27.—Announcement is made that the molders employed by the Carbon Steel Company have had their wages advanced 10 per cent. Several weeks ago an advance of 5 per cent was also given them by the company. Day laborers were also increased, about one hundred being affected.

OPPOSE BONUS SYSTEM.

Baltimore, October 27.—About 500 employes of the Poole Engineering and Machinery Company are on strike against the present system of giving bonuses and want an increase of 15 per cent in wages.

TRADE UNION MOVEMENT BOOMING IN CHESTER

Chester, Pa., October 27.—The spirit of trade unionism is becoming active and militant in this city and vicinity and new unions are being lined up by the active workers in a very encouraging way. Recently the plumbers re-organized, and they have already secured contracts with the bosses recognizing the union, granting increased wages and a lessening of the hours.

The barbers are also a new organization and have already commenced an agitation for a betterment of their conditions.

Following the formation of these unions there was an agitation started for the formation of a central labor body. Success has followed and an application has been made to the American Federation of Labor for a charter. The new body will be composed of nearly all the unions in Chester and vicinity, and good results are anticipated.

ELECTRICAL WORKERS' UNION.

Jackson, Mich., October 27.—As a result of the labor onward movement now in progress in this city and vicinity a new union of electrical workers has been formed composed of both inside and outside men. On its roster are the names of nearly all the electrical workers in Jackson and surrounding territory.

VICTORY FOR UPHOLSTERERS.

Baltimore, October 27.—After a strike lasting four weeks the Upholsterers' Union has finally won a substantial victory, all the firms signing the new wage increase and granting a reduction in hours.

ISSUE IS CLEARLY DEFINED

Question Resolves Itself Into "War or Peace."

BY GRANT HAMILTON.

Candidate Hughes comes out in the open. The American Federation of Labor is not only against war, but it has used its great influence for the purpose of preventing war. During the last four or five years there have been a number of situations created which indicated close proximity to the intervention of the United States in Mexico. On each of these occasions the influence of the general labor movement has co-operated with the Mexican labor movement for the purpose of exercising the influence of these two great national bodies against war. Up to the present moment the efforts of labor have been entirely successful.

President Wilson has indicated very clearly by his handling of delicate diplomatic situations and by his public utterances that he is opposed to war as long as there is a single avenue left to avert it. Ex-President Roosevelt is the chief jingo of Mr. Hughes' supporters, but Mr. Hughes failed to take any definite position upon the question of war until heckled by a Louisville (Kentucky) audience a few days ago. Candidate Hughes then declared that had he been President at the time the Lusitania was sunk by a submarine he would have broken off diplomatic relations; in other words, he would have declared war.

The issue now is clear. Mr. Hughes would seek any pretext as a sufficient basis to embroil this country in war, while President Wilson would exercise his great influence and bring into action every influence of government to avert an unjust war. Of all the great nations of the earth, America stands alone as being sane and composed. Under trying circumstances no man has shown such a broad grasp of world affairs or has been able to impress upon foreign governments his declarations as has the President of the United States.

The question therefore resolves itself into one of two things—war or peace; and the American people are soon to make their choice of which of the two they approve. The verdict of the American people is confidently awaited.

LABOR CRUCIFIED

CANDIDATE HUGHES, in 1914, as a member of the United States Supreme Court, concurred in and made unanimous the decision of that court in the Danbury Hatters' case.

THE Court, without Justice Hughes dissenting, confiscated the homes and savings bank accounts of over one hundred workmen—their accumulations of a lifetime—which left them penniless.

THE Court, without Justice Hughes dissenting, mulcted these workmen in three-fold damages amounting to over $300,000—turned them into the highways paupers and dependents.

WHAT for? Because these workmen refused to buy hats manufactured by the D. E. Lowe Company and urged their friends not to buy them. The court decided with the millionaires.

JUSTICE HUGHES believed and Candidate Hughes believes that employers have a property right in workmen and their patronage. He has proven his belief by definite action.

CANDIDATE HUGHES declares for the repeal of all labor laws passed by Congress during the last four years. Repeal Clayton Law and all workmen's homes and savings wil be in jeopardy.

USING the courts to suppress the inherent and natural rights of labor forms the basis of support Candidate Hughes is receiving from the wealth owners of the country.

WITH the appointing power lodged in hands friendly to grad-grind employers and vicious interests no prophetic wisdom is needed to predict future character of Federal Courts.

DON'T WOBBLE

CARPENTERS REMAIN LOYAL.

New York, October 27.—By a five-to-one vote the members of 63 local unions of the Brotherhood of Carpenters have voted to accept the recommendations of the special committee elected by the recent Fort Worth convention.

These unions were suspended because of their violation of laws in connection with their wage movement last summer. They then secured an injunction against General President Hutcheson of the brotherhood. At the Fort Worth convention, after a full investigation, the general officers were sustained and the New Yorkrs ordered to withdraw the injunction as the first requisite of reinstatement, which must be worked out under the direction of the general officers, who have been unyielding in their demand that the brotherhood's laws be complied with.

CIGAR MAKERS WIN INCREASE.

Tampa, Fla., October 27.—Striking cigar makers and representatives of nine factories have reached an agreement by which some 1,800 strikers will get 50 per cent of the wage increase they sought.

All the men returned to work except employes of two factories, who have not yet accepted the compromise.

The demand for higher pay involved only those employes working in factory departments where cigars are manufactured by the "mould process." The wage increases granted vary according to the different classes of "mould" cigars.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF TRADES UNION TRADES LABOR COUNCIL WASHINGTON 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., OCTOBER 27, 1916.

THE IDEAL TRADE UNIONIST.

Even if it cannot be said that the strength of a trade union, like that of a chain, is no greater than its weakest link, it is true, nevertheless, that the character and grit of each individual member are potent factors in the fighting force of the whole body.

A union of workers for economic emancipation may be large, numerically, and strong, financially, and yet fail when the tussle comes. Another may be comparatively small and weak, and yet, if composed of members who are all imbued with an intelligent understanding of what they are out for, and a tenacity of purpose to accomplish it, will often achieve their purpose, to the astonishment of critics and the discomfiture of the enemy.

Let it never be forgotten that a trade union is not a suite of offices, a president, a secretary, a membership card and a rule book. A trade union is a body of individual men or women, whose actions, conduct, outlook and determination are all making or marring the success of the movement all the time.

It is not enough even to pay your subscription regularly and to fulfil all the laws and covenants of the society you have joined. You may still be a slack member if you merely observe the letter of the nation and miss the spirit. We have known some men in trade unions who have been most scrupulous in their attention to small duties, have never missed a meeting, never been in arrears and never caused the slightest trouble. But when it came to giving any rational explanation of what they hoped to achieve by trade unionism they were nonplused.

On the other hand, we have members who (to hear them speak) were full of the most revolutionary ardor, and were just about to usher in the New Jerusalem with a flourish of trumpets (their own, as a rule), yet who were woefully deficient in their attendance and generally owed two or three months' subscriptions. May we be saved from both these classes!

A strong union—one capable of doing battle with the serried ranks of capitalism—is one which possesses not only a good bank balance—(strikes have been won on empty coffers before now) but strong, resolute members—members who take the trouble to understand the whole aim and policy of the working class movement. A strong union is one wherein is exhibited a nice balance of forces—aspiration urging on leadership, and diplomacy counselling the rank and file. This ideal is impossible in a body made up of men who think they have done all that is required of them when they have seen the secretary's initial ticked against their weekly three pence. The best members—the members we want behind us when we start to do battle with the enemy—are those who are not afraid of the drudgery (and often danger) of delegate duty; are steady proselyters—bringing outsiders into the fold like brands from the burning; are loyal to their fellows and their officers; are not afraid to put their finger on the weak places of the organization, yet who do not indulge in carping criticism at a crisis; and who, above all, are daily identifying themselves, body and soul, with the democratic uplift. With such a force we can go far. All types of workers, even in the most conservative trades, may find their level and sink their differences if this spirit is pursued. It is a high ideal, but it is the only one worth following if we want to create a union that shall be a power in the industrial world.—The Labor Call, Melbourne, Australia.

There is no time like the present. If you are going to do anything for unionism do it now.

Nothing is easier to understand than how we couldn't make the mistakes we see other people make.

The labor of a human being is not a commodity or article of commerce.—Act of Congress, October 15, 1914.

On good authority it is asserted that Candidate Hughes wears a "Loewe Danbury Hat" and under it carries its spirit.

The battle of trades unionism is a battle for the home, for manhood and womanhood and a higher standard of civilization.

The labor movement is a down-on-the-earth bread-and-butter proposition calculated to benefit the membership now as well as in the future.

Greed has never soothed a sorrow or eased a pain. In truth, it has been responsible for more sorrow and pain than any other one agency in the world.

Don't condemn the labor movement because you know of "objectionable features." Every man and every human institution has some imperfections.

EFFICIENCY—REAL AND BOGUS.

Efficiency is a good thing up to a point where it does not injure the worker. The most important thing in creation is the human being. The vast majority of human beings are workers. It therefore follows that any system that hurts the workers is a bad thing for the human race as a whole, even if the few profit thereby. The cunning of the law should not be permitted to dominate the industrial activities of the world to the detriment of the mass of the people. And this is just what is being attempted by the advocates of nearly all of the systems of alleged "scientific management."—Labor Clarion.

Don't let so-called "independence" prevent you from being unselfish. We are all dependent on some one or something. "No man stands alone." Get closer together.

A vote for Candidate Hughes is a vote to endorse his decision by which the Danbury hatters in their old age were robbed of their savings and the homes which sheltered them.

Is a justice of the Supreme Court whose decisions have always been against Labor likely to protect or promote the rights and interest of Labor if he were to become President?

When the human kind are taught that they must "work out their own salvation" instead of depending upon others to save them, we shall have a stronger race of men and women.

The greatest force for the betterment of the worker's condition lies in the worker himself. Not by independent effort, but by uniting with his fellow worker and presenting a solid front.

"The American labor movement is not partisan to a political party; it is partisan to a principle, the principle of equal rights and human freedom."—Denver convention of the A. F. of L., 1908.

There is no easy way. Freedom and rights come as a result of organization and struggle. They can be maintained only through organization, eternal vigilance, and, above all else, preparedness for defense.

The economic organization is the fundamental power. It is that which declares demands, secures their achievement and maintains standards. Be not deceived into putting all trust in other agencies. The union's the thing.

There is room in the organized labor movement for every man or woman who is honorably employed for wages. The unions owe it to themselves to see that the message of collective effort is carried to these people in every community and that they are given a hearty welcome to our ranks.

The Detroit Federation of Musicians, consisting of more than 800 members, voted at a recent meeting, by a majority of three to one, to stand publicly against the state-wide prohibition amendment, which will be voted upon at the coming general election.

It is just about as feasible to try to arrest the movement of the sun as to try to crush out unionism. It simply can't be done.

If fear paralyzes the intellect in man it must do the same, and even to a greater extent, in animals. Terrorize horse or dog by cruel treatment and naturally he becomes confused and knows not how to obey.

The labor movement has made marvelous progress in America during the past century and particularly since the establishment of the American Federation of Labor, but this progress has been due to the good sense and the loyalty of the men and women who make up the membership of our unions, and not to the waving of magic wands by fairy queens who would have us follow them.

The report of the public health service on tuberculosis in American cities provides valuable new data bearing on the disease in the statistics showing its relation to poor living conditions. The investigators found that one-sixth of all tuberculosis cases develop in cheap lodging houses, and one-fifth are traceable to occupational hazards and bad working conditions. The conclusion is that "the great factor underlying the entire problem is seemingly that of economic conditions."

ORGANIZATION IS POWER.

Let us continue to increase our strength and to fortify our position. Organized labor needs to control more industries and to exercise a greater power in commerce through the demand for union label goods. This will help us to oppose the products of poorly paid European labor in our markets, and will help us to control the competition of the poorly paid European laborer who may come to our shores after the war is over.—Ex.

TO THE NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC WOMEN OF AMERICA.

We must endorse Our President, or stand with those who knock him.
We should not sit with folded hands, while his enemies unfrock him.
We must do our level best, as Women, loyal, true.
We onl yneed a willing band, to help Our President through.

He's had all kinds of trouble, since our country shaped his Fate;
He has tried to do his duty, regardless of Republican hate;
He's wonderful; he's forceful; his pen is mighty, too;
He has kept our land still peaceful, though it has been hard to do.

The war-fiends who cry loudest, "Let's clean up Mexico,"
Are numbered with the rowdies and have no sons to go.
But every loving mother heart—in this fair land of Peace—
Can lay her down to sleep at night, in gentle, restful ease;

Nor feel the terror and the fright, of those across the sea,
Whose men-folk all are sacrificed, because they are not free.
We sure are glad those roaring guns are still so far away,
And overglad we still abide in the U. S. A.

Oh, may our gallant President still guide our Ship of State;
May he still uphold our Glorious Flag, and keep our country straight,
For he's a friend to Labor—and to the little child
Woodrow's a loyal neighbor, and a President worth while.

I feel quite sure our women—who have influence—can
Exert it over those they love—and trust their only man—
To cast his vote for Wilson—when November rolls around—
No matter how the Teddies rant, as they go from town to town.

Come let us work together, though here we have no vote;
But our voting time is coming, if Wilson guides our boat;
And we'll still have Peace and Prosperity, too,
As long as Old Glory waves red, white and blue.

(MRS.) SALLIE GRANT GATES.

ESTABLISHED 1865 — 51 YEARS IN BUSINESS

CHRISTIAN XANDER'S

Famous Melliston

Will Cure that Cough. 75c a Bottle.

909 7th Street, Northwest. — No Branch Houses. Phone M. 274

MEATS — GROCERIES — POULTRY — BREAD — PRODUCE

Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the

OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.

930 La. Ave. N. W. — 1111 H Street N. E.
8th & E Sts. S. E. — 1632 N. Capitol Street
31st & M Sts. N. W. — 3418-20 Ga. Ave. N. W.
7th & Q Sts. N. W. — 14th & U Streets N. W.
1778 U Street, N.W. — 7th and B Streets N. E.
7th & H Street N. E. — 3113 14th Street, N. W.
726 7th St. N. W. — 1440 P St. N. W.
2002-2004 Ga. Ave. N. W.

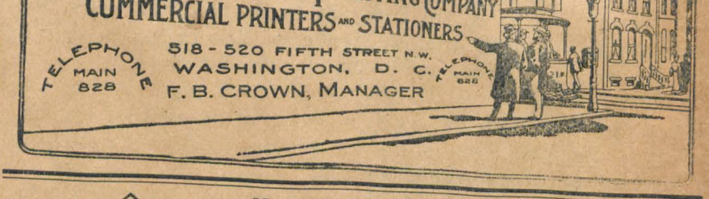
INTERNATIONAL UNION OF THE UNITED BREWERY WORKMEN OF AMERICA
Union MADE Beer — Ale AND Porter
COPYRIGHT & TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1903
THIS IS OUR LABEL.

VOTE
Against Prohibition
DEMAND
Personal Liberty
IN CHOOSING WHAT YOU WILL DRINK
ASK FOR THIS LABEL WHEN PURCHASING BEER, ALE OR PORTER.
As A Guarantee That It Is Union Made

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK
Northwest Corner FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST
LOOK FOR THE CLOCKS
4 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts
COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

THIS SPACE FOR SALE

WASHINGTON'S LARGEST PRINTING PLANT DEVOTED TO COMMERCIAL WORK
THE LAW REPORTER PRINTING COMPANY
COMMERCIAL PRINTERS AND STATIONERS
518-520 FIFTH STREET N.W.
WASHINGTON, D. C.
F. B. CROWN, MANAGER
TELEPHONE MAIN 828



BOOT & SHOE WORKERS UNION — UNION STAMP — Factory

Named Shoes are Frequently Made in Non-Union Factories

DO NOT BUY ANY SHOE

No matter what its name, unless it bears a plain and readable impression of this Union Stamp. All shoes without the Union Stamp are always Non-Union. Do not accept any excuse in absence of the Union Stamp

Boot and Shoe Workers' Union, 246 Summer St., Boston, Mass

JOHN F. TOBIN President. — CHAS. L. BAINE, Sec.-Treas.

WASHINGTON BREWERY CO.

IMPERIAL EXPORT

A really fine beer

WIENER BEER (Light) — CONGRESS BREW (Dark)

— ALE —

Arlington Brewing Co.

— PORTER —

Tel. West 129 — ROSSLYN, VA

ECZEMA

We recommend **Weller's All Healing Ointment** because it does its work well.

WELLER'S DRUG STORE
Eighth and Eye Sts. S. E. — 36th and M N. W.

STORAGE — PACKING — FREIGHT HAULING
Merchants Transfer
— AND —
Storage Company
920-922 E Street Northwest
Phone Main 6900
SHIPPING — MOVING — HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

When in Doubt, Buy of
HOUSE & HERRMANN
FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.
N.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W

FIREPROOF
CONSTRUCTION
Hammett Fire Proofing Company
301-302-303 Wilkins Bldg.
Phone Main 3337.

PHONE NORTH 2349
DONOVAN'S
FINE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS
2008 14th St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

Sanitary

Paper Towels
Paper rinking Cups
Paper Napkins

—For Lunchrooms.
—For Stores, Public
—Buildings, Offices, Etc.

Best quality round-shaped 5-oz., 7-oz., and 12-oz., Drinking Cups, in sealed cartons of 100—a supply sufficient to fill the glass-covered, nickel-base dispensing machine—appropriate for office or any public use.

Special low prices in 1,000 lots.

PAPER TOWELS

Fine absorbent tissue in towel rolls of 150 towels—sealed packages, 25 cents per roll.

Sanitary glass and nickel containers, including a special size of 60 capacity for office use.

Dulin & Martin Co.
Pottery, Porcelain, China, Glass, Silver, &c.
1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St.

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY

Equitable Life Insurance Co.
of the District of Columbia

THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Issues Ordinary and Industrial

Wm. A. Bennett. 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.

EQUITABLE BLD'G. 816 14th ST., N. W.

Black's Alderney and Green Meadow Dairy
Pasteurized and Tubercoline Tested Milk.
Phone N. 1670. Union Dairies.

LANSBURGH & BRO.

"DRY GOODS ONLY"

The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City

420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

Bell Brand Union-Made
COLLARS and SHIRTS
LARGE ASSORTMENT
T. HOLLANDER
North Capitol and H Streets

Takoma Bread
Fresh Three Times Daily
AT ALL GROCERS
Havenner Baking Company
Established 1815

Phone Main 3871

WM. H. HOWLIN

OURAY BUILDING, 801 G ST. N. W.
(Room 404)

Engrossing Resolutions, Diplomas, Charters and Fancy Pen Work of all descriptions.

CELTIC CLUB WHISKEY
Our Specialty

Never Changes. Accept No Substitute
Once Tried You'll Always Use It.

Ports and Sherries for family use, Quarts, 50 and 75 cents. All makes of Beer. Leading brands of Cigars. Ales and Porters on draught the year round.

D. J. O'CONNOR
New Jersey Ave. and G Sts. N.W

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

Thomas J. Fitzwilliam, Robert T. Bray, James H. Furbershaw, William R. McKenley, James L. Hatcher, William M. Baldwin, Mrs. Marion S. Kern, Harry J. Sullivan, Sam Hurwitz, Henry D. Whitcomb, Frank Bates, Oliver J. Moore, Roswell D. Morgan, Thomas N. Surguy, John J. Wade, William E. Dennison, William Williams, Robert E. Youart, John T. Barber, Joseph Silverberg, Edward W. Davison, Robert C. Crickard, Carl V. Eckdall, Paul A. Dwyer, George H. Blundell, Otto L. Erdman, James H. Gillespie and M. Fillmore Harrison, emergency compositors.

John T. Stewart, Joseph E. Horney, J. Frederick Roxbrough, Henry O. Nichel, jr.; Burton W. Doyle, William M. Stuart, David T. Lloyd, Charles B. Mace, Frank O. Hart, Garnett Denham and George H. Aschenbach, temporary compositors.

Ellwood Frey, elevator conductor.

Frank M. Doyle, temporary clerk.

Edward M. Nevils, foreman, linotype section, reinstated.

Carroll Harbaugh, compositor, reinstated.

Miss Kate L. Fenner, probationary monotype keyboard operator.

Christopher C. Howard, temporary fireman.

Separations.

James R. Perry, temporary messenger boy.

Nathan C. Hawley, compositor, resigned.

Andrew Truesdale, fireman, resigned.

Gustaf R. L. Dahlberg, helper, resigned.

Transfers, Etc.

Joseph E. Linzey, bookbinder, transferred from forwarding and finishing section to Library of Congress branch binding section.

Joseph H. Hurley, machine operator, transferred from pamphlet binding section (day) to forwarding and finishing section.

John E. O'Brien, skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour, press division, to helper, 30 cents per hour, stores division.

Reuben Brown, skilled laborer, transferred from hand section to State, War and Navy section.

Henry C. McLean, foreman, $2,250 per annum, to acting foreman, $2,250 per annum, linotype section (day).

Hugh Everett, assistant foreman, 80 cents per hour, to assistant foreman, 70 cents per hour, linotype section (night).

William S. Schinnerer, acting foreman, $2,250 per annum, to assistant foreman, 80 cents per hour, linotype section (night).

MILWAUKEE MACHINISTS GAIN.

Milwaukee, Wis., October 27.—Machinists in this city are winning their eight-hour strike, reports Emmett Adams, organizer of the International Association of Machinists. The strike started July 18, and involved 4,263 machine shop workers.

Settlements have been reached in 19 shops through conferences of the management with committees appointed by the union. Today eight shops, employing 110 men, are working 48 hours or less a week. Five shops, employing 1,439, are working 50 hours or less a week. The other shops, employing 3,000 men, are working 52½ hours a week. At the beginning of the campaign Milwaukee was known as a 55-hour a week town. The average wage increased from under 31 cents an hour to 34 5-8 cents an hour.

OHIO UNIONISTS MEET.

Toledo, Ohio, October 27.—"The best convention in the history of the federation," is the unanimous verdict of every delegate to the state federation of labor, which held its annual convention in this city last week.

Secretary-Treasurer Donnelly reported that 290 locals had affiliated during the year, making a total of 763 affiliations with nearly 400 accredited delegates. President Voll and other officers were re-elected and two additional vice presidents were created. The salary of Secretary Donnelly was increased.

ILLINOIS MINERS ARE OUT ON STRIKE

Chicago, October 27.—Secretary Olander of the Illinois State Federation of Labor, has issued a vigorous denial of a report from Springfield that the strike of Rosiclare (Illinois) miners has been adjusted.

"The statement is incorrect," says Olander. "The outrages of the gunmen have been checked by action of state authorities, but the mining company continues its fight against the union and the men are still on strike. Financial aid to support the families of the strikers is needed."

Rosiclare is located in Hardin county, in the extreme southern end of this state. There was not a labor organization in that county until the miners organized because of low wages, long hours and poor working conditions.

The twelve-hour workday was common, and dismissal followed a man's refusal to labor on Sunday. State laws, intended to safeguard the lives and health of miners, were disregarded, and these workers were compelled to stand in water while at work.

These conditions forced the men to unite. No trade unionist assisted them. The organization idea grew, but finally "company men" made their usual report and a large number of miners were discharged. The men then appointed a committee to confer with the management, which declared that if they did not like conditions they could quit. Under the circumstances their only alternative was strike. Guards and thugs were imported by the company and a reign of terror started. Several hundred people were driven from Hardin county by the gunmen, who have since been checked by the state authorities.

These miners produce spar, a mineral that is very important in industry, including war munitions. Practically all the spar in this country comes from Hardin county, and the owners of this mineral have reaped untold wealth.

As the stock of spar is being reduced because of the strike, officers of the Illinois State Federation of Labor, who are assisting the strikers, are confident that victory is assured if the strikers are given prompt financial assistance.

INJUNCTION INCLUDES ALL.

San Francisco, October 27.—Two members of the Bakers' Union believed they could "beat the injunction game," but Judge Hunt, who issued the order against picketing, ruled otherwise and fined the unionists $25 each. The workers insisted that the order did not extend to the Bakers' union, but the court said:

"To render a person amenable to an injunction, it is unnecessary that he should be a party to the suit wherein it is issued, or that he should actually be served with a copy thereof, so long as it appears that he knew the terms of said order at the time he ignored it."

The decision, while well known in court practice, will serve to convince workers that injunctions are issued for one specific purpose—against striking workers, and that it is folly to attempt to evade them instead of resisting this triumph of injustice.

LONG STRIKE ADJUSTED.

Woonsocket, R. I., October 27.—The strike of the weavers at the Prendergast mill at Bridgeton, which began April 18, ended when the strikers accepted a report from a committee which had a conference with the management of the mills.

The weavers demanded an increase in wages. Being refused a strike resulted. It is reported that the weavers will get an increase and the loom-fixers and other operatives will go to work under a new schedule with higher wages in every department. About 350 employes are affected.

GEO. D. HORNING,

N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.

LOAN OFFICE

Parker, Bridget & Co.
"The Avenue at Ninth"

Featuring
Extra Value
$15
Suits for Fall

New Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits for Hire

WILNER'S
ADVANCED FALL STYLES

The Latest Novelties of the Season . . . $18.50

EVERY UNION MAN OUGHT TO TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THIS OFFER

Not only do we save you $10.00 on every suit you buy, but our workmanship has proven to stand up, to hold its shape, curl nor wrinkle until the garment will last, and we guarantee to last you fully three years.

We are the FIRST and ONLY Union Custom Tailors in this City.

Order Your Suit From

JOS. A. WILNER & COMPANY
COR. 8th and G STREETS NORTHWEST

CORBY'S YEAST

Leaves nothing to guess-work.
Its purity and strength are uniform.
Every baker knows what that means.
Send for samples.

THE CORBY COMPANY
STATION K. WASHINGTON, D. C.

Building Trades Headquarters Sixth and G Sts. N. W
Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rent

WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES TOBACCO. COSTELLO BROS

THE PLATE PRINTER
Official Organ Plate Printers International Union.
P. J. RYAN, Editor. CHAS. T. SMITH, Assoc. Editor.
Subscription $1.00 Per Year
Telephone 4528 Wash. Loan & Trust Bldg.

Representative Houses
OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

BANKS

THE NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burgler-proof vaults, acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth and New York Avenue

THE WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee. etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK
A Bank for the Working People. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account
Ninth and G streets N. W.

UNION SAVINGS BANK. Commercial Accounts. Three per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts. The Oldest Savings Bank in Washington.

MICHAEL T. GREENE
Liquors and Cigars.. 639 D St. N. W.

STONER'S BAR AND RESTAURANT
The, G. Stoner. 206 Seventh St.S. W.

J. CHAS. McGUIRE'S BUFFET
Federal Seal Whiskey. 519 Ninth St. N. W.

O'KEEFE'S BUFFET
P. J. O'Keefe, Prop. 904 Pa. Ave N. W.

GLAVIN'S BUFFET
ED. J. GLAVIN 309 G Street Northwest

OXFORD BUFFET
J. F. SCHRINER 730 14th Street N. W.

FRANK'S BUFFET
Fourth and G Sts., N. W. Phone M. 5572

DAVID WALSH'S BUFFET
407 10th Street N. W.

E. E. FARLEY'S BUFFET
415 13th Street N. W.

J. J. O'DONNELL'S BUFFET
333 Penn. Avenue S. E.

HARRY'S BUFFET
631 Penn. Ave. S. E. Phone Lin. 1843

MACHINIST

G. W. FORSBERG, Formerly with Forsberg and Murray, Elevate Boilers. Eighth and Water Streets S. W. Phone Main 751 and 742

GROCER AND COFFEE ROASTER

SOMERSET R. WATERS, 1342 Seventh st. n.w.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

RALSTON AND RICHARDSON, Bond Building, Fourteenth Stree and New York Avenue.

FRANK FULLER Room 421. Munsey Building, Phone Main 1826.

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.

THE SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (INC.) SODA WATER SYRUPS, Etc., 1066 Wisconsin Avenue Northwest.

PHOTO SUPPLIES

E. J. PULLMAN. Developing and Finishing for Amateurs Specialty 420 Ninth Street N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS

MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Avenue Northwest. Our Specialty Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

FIRE INSURANCE

FIREMAN'S INSURANCE COMPANY, Seventh Street and Louisiana Avenue.

DRY GOODS

WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings Hoisery, a specialty, 806-808 H Street N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

UNDERTAKERS

J. WILLIAM LEE
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY
332 Penna. Avene N. W.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.

THE W. H. BUTLER COMPANY, 607 and 609 C Street N W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT

NATIONAL MORTAR COMPANY, First and M Street, Northeas
COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING COMPANY, 3036 K Street.

DRUGGISTS

CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth Stree and Virginia Avenue S. E.

DAY & CO
5th and G Sts. N. W. 14th and P Sts. N. W
20th St. and Rhode Island Ave. N. E.

QUIGLEY, Druggist, Twenty-first and G Streets N. W.

A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner Seventh and P Streets N. W

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1
Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.

M. J. DUNNIGAN, President.....2007 14 Street N.W.
JOHN G. WOLFE, Vice-President.1023 N. J. Ave. N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W.

TRUSTEES

Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E.
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E.
Thos. L. Nevins.....504 Maine Avenue S. W.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe,.....1023 N. J. Ave. N. W
J. McElfresh,.....
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E.
A. Tenley.....964 Florida Ave. N. W.
M. Sullivan.....5631-2 15 St. S. E.

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.

Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ARBITRATION COMMITTEE.

M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W.
M. A. Wolfe,.....418 F St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. E.
Joseph Harding.....210 13 St. S. W.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....2006 2nd St. N. W
R. Pumphrey.....223 Q St. N. W.
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W.
Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. W.

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Cap
M. J. McNulty.....467 L St. S

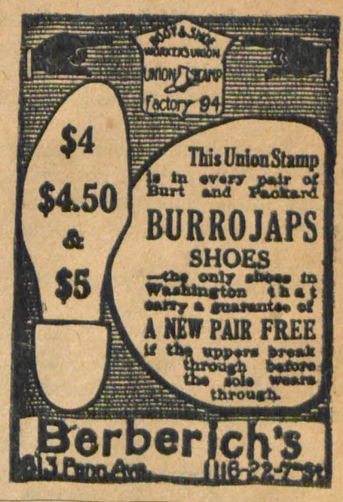
DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.

John Wolfe.....1023 N. J Avenue N. W.
William Pollard.....522 14 St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
Fred Negus.....30 L St. N W.

Washington District Council of Carpenters
Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple
ROBERT ADAM, President, Local 2563, U. B., 1511 Vermont Avenue N.W.
R. H. BURDETTE, Vice President, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
E. B. BYRNE, Secretary, Local 132, U. B., 425 G Street N.W.
F. A. SHOESMITH, Treasurer, Local 2563, U. B., 5209 Georgia Avenue N.W.
C. H. ADAMS, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 804 A Street N.E.
R. H. BURDETTE, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
H. PAGE, Trustee, Local 2563, U. B., 336½ 13th Street N.E.
ROBERT REICHARD, Local 132, U. B., 1720 34th Street N.W.
J. H. RYAN, Local 132, U. B., 1101 11th Street S.E.
FRED HOOK, Local 2563, U. B., 1528 8th Street N.W.
WILLIAM MACKIE, Local 2563, U. B., 216 Seaton Place N.E.

BUSINESS AGENT.
GEO. MYERS, 425 G Street N. W.



Union Station Garage

Guaranteed work on all makes of cars, accessories, second-hand, tires. Storage, $5 up.

Phone, Lincoln 3379.
REAR No. 40 H ST. N.E.

A. F. OF L. WARNS VOTERS

(Continued from page 1.)

and action prevented until the true facts could be discovered and the will of the masses of the citizens could prevent the evil purposes and designs.

So far as the internal affairs of our country are concerned, the organized labor movement, as the authorized representative of the wage-earners, has demanded for them the right of participation in all the affairs of the nation and has secured recognition of that demand to a degree never before realized. Men from among those who do the nation's work have occupied high places in the councils of the nation and have had a hearing and an influence when matters were under consideration that affected the interests and the welfare of the masses.

During the past four years there has been enacted by Congress and signed by President Wilson humanitarian protective legislation unprecedented in amount and scope. Legislative enactment has secured to wage-earners fundamental rights necessary for the very existence of the organizations of labor without which wage-earners would have nothing of freedom and no real opportunity for self-betterment. Not only have labor organizations been given the right to exist, but the activities necessary to make those organizations effective have been declared legitimate and not contrary to any law of the United States.

The American seamen, the last group of workers who could under law be compelled to perform compulsory service, have been made free men and given the right to quit their ships when in safe harbors.

After many years of effort a child labor law has been secured, due directly to the influence and intervention of President Wilson. The law is fundamental, for it protects the children—the future citizens of the country—and secures for them an opportunity to develop into manhood and womanhood without being stunted and dwarfed in mind and body by work unsuited to their development and strength.

Due to the initiative of President Wilson, the Congress extended the United States eight-hour law to include the workmen engaged in the operation of the railroad train service of the country and a great national strike was thus averted.

It is impossible to give the full list of remedial and protective legislation that carries its beneficent influences into the homes of millions of America's workers. We can only refer to that change in the spirit of the nation that is of more consequence than statutory enactment, with broader appreciation of the rights of humanity and the value of the human relationships necessary in the co-ordination which is the basis for industry and commerce. It is as if the national thought and the national spirit had been humanized and had become more sensitive, not only to injustice but to the rights and opportunities that ought to be accorded to all human beings. The issue is clear-cut.

On November 7th—election day—a decision will be made which will determine the future development of our country and the spirit of our national life for years to come.

As representatives of the organized labor movement, which is the militant protective organization of all the workers and which stands primarily for human rights, WE URGE THAT THE ISSUES BE CONSIDERED AT A REGULAR OR SPECIAL MEETING HELD BY YOUR ORGANIZATION.

The meeting should be a general one, and, if necessary, called specially for the purpose of seeing that those who have so much at stake should go to the polls to protect their interests.

There is no doubt that the interests of Wall street and their satellites all over the country are and will continue their activity to retain the special privileges and power that they have secretively and corruptly stolen from the people.

While property must be protected and respected, man—men, women and children, human beings—must have the first consideration.

Wage-earners cannot afford to lose their rights and opportunities through negligence and inaction.

Meet, discuss the great issues to be decided on election day, November 7th, and then go to the polls, cast your vote as your conscience directs for Labor, justice, freedom and humanity.

Fraternally yours,

SAMUEL GOMPERS,
President, A. F. of L.
JAMES O'CONNELL,
Vice President, A. F. of L.
FRANK MORRISON,
Secretary, A. F. of L.
Labor Representation Committee,
American Federation of Labor.

COLORADO MINERS UNITING.

Denver, Colo., October 27.—Six hundred coal miners in Weld county have become affiliated with the United Mine Workers, according to John McLennan, district president of the union. The men are employes of eleven mines, comprising the entire district around Frederick, Colo. The re-establishment of the union in that district followed a meeting recently held in Frederick, attended by 400 miners.

The men appointed a check weighman and a pit committee of three for each mine, in accordance with the provisions of the state mining laws. The appointments made were immediately ratified by the mine owners, and the men went to work.

WANTS UTILITY BOARDS TO SETTLE CAR STRIKES.

Atlantic City, N. J., October 27.—President Charles L. Henry, of the American Electric Railway Association predicts that public utility commissions will soon be empowered to settle differences between employers and men.

He said utility boards, fully empowered, would be best suited to adjust disputes, inasmuch as the members of the commission are thoroughly acquainted with conditions. Labor officials, he declared, are, in most part, fair, and he believed they would doubtless be satisfied with such decisions.

GROCERY CLERKS CHARTERED.

Peoria, Ill., October 27.—The grocery clerks have fallen in line and organized a union, composed of a large number of those employed at that calling.

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, F. S. Radman, 134 7th Street N.E.

Bakery Salesmen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secre- Wednesdays of each month at Moose Hall, tary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sunday in each month, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N. W.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. F. Miller, 19 Quincy Place northwest.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets first and third Sunday of the month at the Secretary, T. Guiffre, 908 Pennsylvania ave- Moose Hall, Seventh and G Street Northwest. nue northwest.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 48: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E street southeast.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G Street N. W.

Brotherhood of Railway Carmen of America, Local Union No. 513: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Streets N. E. Secretary, H. A. Chambers, 2113 4th N. E. Meeting nights first and third Tuesdays.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles Hall, Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 1424 W St. N. W., Apt. 22.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhau, 737 10th St. s. e.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wassaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Twelfth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nicholson, 3800 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Paperhangers Hall, 430 Ninth Street N. W., second and fourth Thursdays of the month. Secretary, Edw. B. Finch, 33 P Street N. E.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets every Friday, at 8:00 p.m. Hall, S. E. Cor. Tenth and Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, Jas. P. Lahey, 816 5th street northeast.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and B Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hisle, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Watchmen's Union No. 14964: Secretary, Jas. H. Reed, Cor. Sec., 1228 B street southwest.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

International Brotherhood of Teamsters, Chauffeurs, Stablemen and Helpers of America, Local Union No. 115: Meets the first and third Saturday night of each month, G. A. R. Building, 1412 Pa. ave. Secretary-Treasurer, Kirke C. Sipher, 26 P st. n. e.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Avenue S. E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 Twelfth St. N. E.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, W. N. Huttel, 1430 A St. N. E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday at 1204 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, E. H. Fulton, 1120 E St. S. E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, H. Gundershein, 728 Columbia Road.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third 2665. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Bus. Agt.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month. 922 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Phone Main 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets second Sunday and fourth Friday in each month. Secretary, Albert Bridges 210 L st. s. e.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 420: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m. Secretary, J. A. Whitecar, 2209 Minnesota Ave. S. E.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas. B. Cameron, Bethesda, Md.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Robt. J. Barrett, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month. Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 820 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressman, No. 1: Meets fourth Monday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. E. Blakely, 3527 O St. N. W.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custodian and Janiter, 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, W. P. Cannon, 408 Twelfth St. S. E.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe. 326 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. F. Hickman, 518 Sixth St. N. W.

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Mrs. H. B. Tritipoe, 1737 Willard street N. W., Apt. 20.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10.30 a. m. and 8.30 p. m. Secretary, G. W. Calderhead, Ouray Building, Room 312.

The High School Teachers' Union of Washington, D. C., No. 8: Meets in the Music Room of the New Central High School at 3.30 p. m. the second Tuesday in the months of October, December, February, and May. Secretary, G. J. Jones, Central High School.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundie, 1052 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2.30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 750 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Friday, Typographical Temple. Secretary, L. Gantt, 57-A Bates Street.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: **International Secretary-Treasurer, Jas. E. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.**

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G St. N. W. Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth St. N. W.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.

MILK WAGON DRIVERS GAIN.

Toronto, Ontario, October 27.—Milk wagon drivers have about concluded negotiations with large dairies in this city. The union is recognized, a $16 weekly minimum is agreed to, and drivers will not be responsible for debts. Employers also agree to one day a month and seven holidays a year, with pay.

PULP WORKERS WIN.

Appleton, Wis., October 27.—The Pulp and Sulphite Workers' Union has won its three-month strike against the Riverside mills. The company agrees to recognize the union, and there will be no discrimination against the organization.

BOILER MAKERS GET 45 CENTS.

Peoria, Ill., October 27.—Negotiations have been under way for some two weeks between the boiler makers and their employers over an increase in wages. The differences were finally amicably adjusted by the employers agreeing to pay in the future 45 cents an hour.

MINERS SECURE INCREASE.

Tacoma, Wash., October 27.—Organized miners in this state have accepted the employers' compromise which provides for a 5 per cent increase for day workers and 3 per cent for tonnage workers. Wage differences resulted in a suspension of work for about a week.

STRUCK TO GET RECOGNITION.

Oklahoma City, Okla., October 27.—After a strike of nine days on the lines of the Muskogee Electric Traction Company the manager has consented to recognize the representatives of a new union of Amalgamated Street Carmen's Union and reinstate all the men discharged for joining it. When it was discovered by the manager of the company that a union of the company's men was being formed he pursued the usual course of discharging all who were reported as being members. The men being forced to protect themselves sought an interview. That was refused, and a strike resulted.

A member of the state board of arbitration was then caled in. He got busy with the manager of the company, and after several conferences a settlement was reached that gives the union full recognition, the reinstatement of all discharged members and an agreement to arbitrate all differences in the future.

ELECTRICAL STRIKE ENDS.

Pittsfield, Mass., October 27.—The strike at the plant of the General Electric Company has been settled through compromise, and several thousand men and women workers have returned to work. It is stated that all demands involving working conditions have been granted and that wages are increased 5 per cent.

The jitney and bus drivers of Baltimore, Md., have just organized a new union that gives promise of being a success.

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

J. G. O'DONNELL, President, 122 Sixth St. N. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, Vice-President, 519 M St. S. W.
THOS. W. WOLTZ, Recording Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
G. H. F. DAVIS, Treasurer, 439 Second St.S. E.
W. I. STRATTON, Conductor, 617 Sixth St. N. W.
A. F. MOIRSETTE, Warden, 425 G St. N. W.
GEO. MYERS, Business Agent, 425 G St. N. W.

TRUSTEES.

F. J. NOLTE, 24 Eighth Street N. E.
WM. T. BAUM, 472 I Street N. W.
A. P. TAYLOR, 622 I Street N. E.

DELEGATES TO THE DISTRICT COUNCIL.

R. H. BURDETTE, 1207 L Street N. W.
C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
E. B. BYRNE, 425 G Street N. W.
ROBERT REICHARD, 1720 35th Street N. W.
J. H. RYAN, 1101 Eleventh Street S. E.

DELEGATES TO THE CENTRAL LABOR UNION.

C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
R. H. BURDETTE, 816 K Street N. W.
W. S. HOLLOHAN, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
W. T. BAUM, 474 I Street S. W.
MARK REILEY, 1127 B Street S. E.

RELIEF COMMITTEE.

M. REILLY, 1127 B Street S. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
H. M. BEVILL, Brentwood, Md.
J. T. CLIFT, 4115 Seventh Street N. W.
M.A. FOLEY, 118 Seaton Street N. E.

MILL COMMITTEE.

F. E. KETTNER, 3016 Cambridge St. N. W.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
O. A. CARTER, Rosslyn, Va.

DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

G. H. F. DAVIS, 439 Second Street S. E.

Clothes, Hats and Shoes

The Bieber-Kaufman Co.
901-909 Eighth St. S. E.
Down by the Navy Yard
Washington, D. C.

PHONE MAIN 6079.

Reno Lunch
W. H. WOODCOCK, Proprietor.
625 PA. AVE. N. W.
HOME COOKED FOODS
NEVER CLOSED

CORBY'S DELICIOUS CAKE
10c PER HALF LB.
AT ALL GROCERS

The only strictly
UNION TAILORING
house in the city
M. STEIN & CO.
TAILORS
Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

THE MILTON SCHOOL
Oxford Bldg., 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.
Stenography
Typewriting
English
Spanish
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO BEGINNERS
Now in larger quarters in the Oxford Building, 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
Meets Every Monday Night
Typographica Temple
423-425 G St. N. W.
Secretary s Address: 1325 E. Capitol St.
Telephone: Lincoln 3955

OFFICERS

N. A. JAMES ..... President
HUGH DIGNEY ..... Vice-President
JOHN B. COLPOYS, Secretary, 1325 E. Capitol St.
JOSEPH E. TOONE ..... Financial Secretary
WM. H. SCHAEFER ..... Treasurer
JOSEPH C. CLARK ..... Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES: Wm. Zell, Mary Ganzhorn, J. L. Considine

COMMITTEES

Executive—Hugh Digney (chairman), N. A. James, John B. Colpoys, J. E. Toone, W. N. Huttel, John R. Hartley.

Legislative—Robert Jones (chairman), John H. Lorch, N. P. Alifas, H. R. Alcorn, E. W. Oyster.

Adjustment—W. N. Huttel (chairman), Jere McCarthy, J. A. McDonald, Ben Spellbring, John G. Schmidt.

Contract—John R. Hartley (chairman), W. H. Schaefer, Hubert Newsom, C. H. Adams, A. J. Ginnelly.

Laws—Dan Hassett (chairman), J. H. Wells, D. J. O'Leary.

Resolutions—J. L. Considine (chairman), Zep S. Pollock, A. J. Kinnell.

Organization—J. E. Toone (chairman), Mary Burkhead, Henry Miller, J. H. Wilson, H. A. Ranier.

Auditing—Mary Ganzhorn (chairman), Marguerite Stewart, E. Wood.

Credentials—M. J. Costella (chairman), J. H. Swain, S. T. Ford.

Lable—E. T. Good.

Press—John B. Colpoys (chairman, N. A. Sprague, B. O'Leary.

Delegates to Baltimore—J. E. Toone (chairman) J. M. Foster, William Zell.

Delegates to Alexandria—H. F. Oehler (chairman), Chas. Allison, L. A. Sterne.

Saks & Company
MEN'S and BOYS' OUTFITTERS
Pa. Ave. & 7th St. Wash., D. C.
Specialists in Apparel for Men and Boys.

BUTLER'S RHEUMATIC and GOUT REMEDY.
A KIDNEY AND HEART TONIC
Manufactured Since 1872 By
BUTLER & FIELD
Third and Indiana Ave. N. W.
Price 50c a bottle. 6 for $2.50
For Sale By Druggists.

LIST OF LIQUOR DEALERS WHO HAVE SIGNED "THE AGREEMENT."

Allen, Paul.....2 N st. n. e.
Allen, John J...807 N. C. Cap st. n. e.
Beirkle, Leopold, - 1245 H st. n. e.
Boyle, William J., 601 Mass. ave n. w.
Castelli, Vincent, 502-504 Ninth st.n.w.
Clark, C. H.....510 9th st. n. w.
Colonial Beach Boat Co.
Costello, Bros.....604 G st. n. w.
Crowley, James J.....702 E st. n. w.
Daly, T. J.....34 H st. n. e.
Daye, Wm. T.....1218 Wisc. ave.
Doyle, Wm. T...1314 Wisc. ave. n. w.
Duffy, James A. -901 1-2 E st. n. w.
Wm. R. Fosbender, 406 Ninth st. n w.
Franey, F. A.....711½ 9th st. n. w.
Frank, Mrs. M. E. - 319 G st. n. w.
Ganey, M.....615 7th st. s. w.
Glavin, Edwin.....309 G st. n. w.
Hannan, Mrs. E.....531 7th st. s. w.
Hanlon, Timothy.....822 H st. n. e.
Kelliher, J. D.....1258 7th st. s. w.
Killeen, John F.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Louis Hodges, - - 407 9th st n. w.
Lynagh, Peter J.....523 7th st. s. w.
Lynch, John.....417 9th st. n. w.
McCarthy, Dennis J., Evans building.
McCarthy, F. J.....910 4½ st. s. w.
McDonald, F. J.....643 Pa. ave. s. e.
McGinniss, H. J., 1001 N. Y. ave. n. w.
McGuire, J. Chas., 519 Ninth st. n. w.
McHough, Martin....1105 H st. n. e.
Milton Schmidt, - 702 7th st. n. w.
O'Connor, D. J.....100 G st. n. w.
O'Connor, Patrick F., 617 D st. n. w.
O'Connor, James.....1429 N. Cap. st.
O'Day, John T. - 921 Ninth st. n. w.
O'Donnell, James J...333 Pa. ave. s. e.
Peter White, - - - 905 D st. n. w.
Raftery, Thomas.....406 H st. n. e.
Raftery, Patrick.....225 11th st. n. e.
Roland, J. H.....511 9th st. n. w.
Scanlon, Daniel,.....103 H st. n. w.
Schroter, Conrad....3258 M st. n. w.
Schltz, Mary T.....607 G st. n. w.
Sheehan, John J., 701 North Cap. st.
Solon, Mary A., - 1003 7th st. e.
Stern, M. M.....601 7th st. n. w.
Stanton, Frank J.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Sullivan, David, 12th and E st. n. w.
Sullivan, John J., 1351 35th st. n. w.
The Casino, Frank Farenkamp (Chesapeake Beach).
Victor Buffet Co., Inc., 7th and G n. w.
Walsh, David, - - 407 10th st. n. w.
Wassman, Henry, 705 Seventh st. n. w.
Wiedeman, Joseph....629 E st. n. w.
William J. O'Leary, 733 North Cap. st.
Wininger, Harry 631 Pa. ave. s. e.
Wolf, Frank, - 512 12th st. n. w.

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

UNION OPERATOR — LOCAL No. 224 — WASH. D.C. — I.A.T.S.E. — AFFILIATED WITH CENTRAL LABOR UNION & A.F. of L.

American, 1st st. and R. . ave.n.w
Apollo, - - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Auditorium, 13th st. and N. Y. ave.n.w
Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Casino - - - 7th and F Sts. N. W.
Central Park, - 9th St. G & H N W
Chelsia Theatre, 19th and M sts. n. w.
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N. W.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Eastern, - - 8th St. bet. F & G S. E.
Elite Theatre, 14th and R. I. ave. n. w.
Empire, - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Fairyland, - 19th and L st. n. w.
Favorite, H St. North Capitol & First
Garden Theatre, 423 Ninth st. n. w.
Gayety Theatre, - 513 9th st. n. w.
Georgia - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N. W.
Home Theater, C bet. 12th & 13th n. e.
Liberty Theatre, N. Capitol & I St.
Maryland - - - 624 9th St. N. W.
"M" Street Theatre, M St. near 32d
Maycroft Park, H St. bet. 6 & 7, N. E.
Meaders, - - - 8th & G Sts. S. E.
Mid City, - 7th, bet. N and O st. n. w.
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E S. E.
Odeon - - 14th and Church Sts. N. W.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15 N W.
Orpheum, - - 4th and C st. n. e.
Peerless Park, - 3105 Ga. ave. n. w.
Plaza Theatre - 434 9th st. n. w.
Pleasant Hrr. Park, 12 and C N E
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Randolpr Park, 1st and Randolph n. w.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N W.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd N W.
R I Theatre, 7th and R I Ave N W
Savoy, - - - 14th and Col. Road.
Schuetzen Park, Ga. ave. and Kenyon
Standard Park, Bates, near N Cap. St
Strand, - - - - - Ninth and D.
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N E.
Stanton Park, - 219 4th N E
Starlight Park, 4 1-2 and K st. n. w.
Surprise Theatre - Alexandria, Va.
The Strand, - - Hopewell, Va.
The Richmond, - - Alexandria, Va.
Truxton Park, N. Capitol & Fla. Ave.
Victoria Theatre, 7th & E Sts. S. W.
Virginia - - - 614 9th St. N. W.

The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I.P.E.U.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXI. NO. 19 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1916. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

LABOR WOULD BE IGNORED

Candidate Hughes, If Elected, Would Snub Workingman.

BY GRANT HAMILTON.

No other presidential campaign in the history of this country is comparable with the one just closing. The wealth owners and grad-grind employers for the first time in political history stand in their true colors in an effort to elect Candidate Hughes upon a platform constructed by the House of Have. The spectacle of Candidate Hughes demanding that all legislation passed by Congress during the last four years be wiped off the statute books indicates the consideration that labor would receive at his hands were he elected. No two Congresses in the entire history of this government passed so much needed remedial labor legislation as did the last two. To declare unreservedly that this legislation should be repealed is a direct and open bid for the support of those who own the wealth of the country and against those who produce it.

During the period in which I have been engaged in correspondence with local unions and the distribution of the records of the candidates, evidence of the feeling of labor men and unions against Candidate Hughes has been most striking. There are two factors which stand out pre-eminent above all others. These elements comprise the attitude of labor against war, and the record of Candidate Hughes in the Danbury Hatters decision by the United States Supreme Court. It is my judgment that the labor legislation enacted by Congress constitutes the groundwork of the friendliness of the trade unions for President Wilson, but undoubtedly, the efforts of the American Federation of Labor in cooperation with the Mexican trade unions and the avoidance of armed conflict with Mexico through those efforts, aided by the President, form the strongest link in the chain of circumstances which have brought the organizations of labor to a degree of unanimity never before reached on any political issue.

Trade unionists are not the champions of war, for it is they who are compelled to do the fighting, and also to bear the great burden which follows in its wake. Militarism has no supporters among the men and women of labor. Militarism interests all members of the family, and the wage-earner's wife and family are as strong in their convictions against war, if not stronger, than the wage-earner himself. It is therefore not difficult to discern the basis of the sentiment now prevailing among the workers.

This first cause is bulwarked by the decision rendered in the Danbury Hatters case by the United States Supreme Court, with Mr. Hughes a member of that court and concurring in the decision which took from the hatters their homes and savings. The experience that labor has had with the courts and with judges is one long story of abuse of the judicial power. Judges do not commend themselves to working people because of this general abuse. The laboring people take the position that Candidate Hughes, who concurred in decisions against labor while a member of the Supreme Court, is not very likely to promote the rights and interests of labor if he becomes President. No working man can vote for Candidate Hughes without endorsing his decision in the Danbury Hatters case, as the result of which workmen were robbed of their savings and the shacks which sheltered them. Advocates of war control property and wealth, and the Danbury Hatters decision emphasizes the control of the courts by wealth—with humanity forgotten.

The men and women of labor will demonstrate on November 7 in a most emphatic manner their disapproval of the theory that dollars should be considered paramount to humanity.

WOMEN MUNITION WORKERS TAKE PLACES OF MEN

Ottawa, Ontario, November 3.—Active work is being done by the national service board to supplant male labor for female wherever possible. Already nearly 1,500 women are engaged in the manufacture of munitions in this city. A similar number are also in the plants at Welland. They are engaged mostly in making fuses. Men who have been engaged on that work will be released on the ground that they are needed for military service. There is no doubt that if the innovation proves successful, as it is claimed it has, it will not be long before the same experiment will also be made across the border.

MILK WAGON DRIVERS GAIN.

St. Louis, Mo., November 3.—Striking Milk Wagon Drivers' Union is making good progress, and it is confident of winning a complete victory. Up to the present time twelve of the largest dairy concerns of the city have signed union contracts and agree to employ only union drivers. The agreement calls for a weekly wage of $16, with 5 per cent commission for retail trade and 2 per cent on wholesale trade.

UPHOLSTERERS AND TRIMMERS WANT AN EIGHT-HOUR DAY

Portland, Ore., November 3.—The eight-hour day is demanded by the Upholsterers and Trimmers' Union and the Mattress Makers' Union. Heretofore they have been working forty-nine and one-half to sixty hours per week. In addition to the shorter hours time and a half is insisted on. A satisfactory agreement has already been reached with a number of employers and the others are expected to reach an understanding with the representatives of the union. This is the first time the union has experienced any difficulty with employers. The industry is 100 per cent organized. A peculiarity of the situation is the fact that the Portland upholstering and mattress making firms encounter their strongest competition from San Francisco firms, where the wages paid is $4.50 for eight hours.

FEDERAL CONTROL URGED.

Philadelphia, November 3.—In a speech in this city, A. J. County, Pennsylvania railroad official, advocated federal control of railroads. In his opposition to the recent eight-hour movement of railroad employees, he indicated that these workers, also, should be "regulated" by the same commission that would regulate the issuance of stocks and bonds.

The speaker voiced his approval of "orderly government procedure," which he insisted should never be abolished. This statement is of especial interest when it is recalled that at the hearings before the United States Commission on Industrial Relations another official of the Pennsylvania railroad declared that this corporation had a perfect right to maintain private armies.

MEN AND WOMEN WORKERS PAID ON EQUAL BASIS

Long Branch, N. J., November 3.—Henry Ford has accepted the theory of equal pay for women, which has been so consistently urged by the trade union movement. The automobile manufacturer called on President Wilson this week and afterward issued the following statement:

"I had the pleasure to inform President Wilson this afternoon that I had established the women workers of my plant at Detroit and in the branch factories in other cities upon a pay equality with the men workers. I took this step following my conference with the President more than two weeks ago, and I did so because of the inspiring talk I had had with Mr. Wilson on the forward movement among womankind. This principle is now in operation, and I look forward with complete confidence to its vindication."

Upward of 1,500 women are employed in the Ford plants. Since October 10, Mr. Ford explained to the President, these women have been receiving a minimum wage of $5 a day.

ALUMINUM WORKERS GAIN.

East St. Louis, Ill., November 3.—The local plant of the Aluminum Ore Company has been organized after a short strike, and gains have been made by 2,500 employees. The management conferred with representatives of the machinists, electricians, pipefitters, sheet metal workers, carpenters, blacksmiths and other employees, and the following agreement was adopted:

All mechanics and helpers to receive $4.25 per day for eight hours' work, with time and one-half for overtime, Sundays and legal holidays.

Abolishment of tonnage or piecework for all operating departments, employees to receive a flat rate. These men to continue eight-hour-day work.

All employes to be paid during the time actually working, or on the company's time.

IS IT A "COLLECTIVE BARGAIN?"

Pittsburgh, Pa., November 3.—Uniform contracts in the sheet and tin plate industry in which there shall be no guarantees of prices against market declines is contemplated by the National Association of Sheet and Tin Plate Manufacturers, which includes in its membership many iron, steel and tin plate corporations in the United States.

The new contract contemplates an irrevocable sale and purchase, not subject to cancellation, postponement of delivery or price revision because of market conditions. Freights are to be paid in cash and not subject to discounts.

WANT A WAGE INCREASE.

Philadelphia, November 3.—Drivers employed by two large firms, to the number of 150, are on strike for a wage readjustment. They have been receiving $18 a week from April 1 to September 30, and $14 the remaining months. They are asking $16 a week during the winter season.

BOSTON CLERKS ACTIVE.

Boston, November 3.—Grocery and Provision Clerks' Union is conducting a vigorous organizing campaign, while managers are considering the union's new wage demands. The unionists have secured a list of over 5,000 clerks, it is stated, and are circularizing them with good results.

PLUMBERS WINNING STRIKE.

Lancaster, Pa., November 3.—Employing plumbers are signing the new wage scale and the prospects are apparently good that the strike that has been on for some time will soon result in complete success. The new working conditions call for an eight-hour day and 41 cents per hour.

STRIKING STREET CAR MEN ARE CALLED FOOLS

New York, November 3.—Striking street car men are circulating a decision made by Magistrate Kochendorfer of Long Island City in a case involving one of the strikers.

The strike was forced on the men when they discovered the companies had violated an agreement that the Union would not be interferred with and were compelling employees to sign individual contracts.

Magistrate Kochendorfer ignored the facts in the case and expressed his opinion of trade union officials and strikes in general in the following manner:

"In my opinion you are simply misguided fools, and if I could only have before me the strike agitators, who, by misrepresentations, led you poor, unfortunate men into financial ruin, I would deal with them as their cases warrant.

"It is unfortunate that we cannot have upon the statute books some law which makes it a crime for agitators, for a large salary, or other consideration, to go about among you laboring men and misrepresent matters to such an extent as to lead you to leave your employment.

"Now you have lost your jobs and are out of work. I do not know that you can go back with the railroad company again, and if you cannot—it is your own fault.

"It is about time you workingmen realized that strike agitators are not taking any real interest in the laboring men. It is about time you realized that. Every one else in the community realizes it. After you lose your jobs, and the strike is over, and you cannot go back, you do not find strike agitators standing on the street corners telling you how you can get work again. Their job is completed. They got you out. The strike is over and they go back to their families and you go out walking the streets looking for a job. It is about time you realized that."

New York, November 3.—The 11,000 striking street car men in this city have appealed to Gov. Whitman to use the power of his office "and personal influence to adjust the present difficulty with the street railway companies and this great army of men now on strike which will relieve the demoralization that is now existing on the traffic lines of Greater New York and vicinity."

The employees state that they are striking for the right of organization, the exercise of collective bargaining as recognized by the law of the land.

RAISE OF $1 A WEEK.

Millville, N. J., November 3.—The tending boys, shearers, helpers, engineers, firemen and laborers at the glass plants of Whitall-Tatum Company and Millville Bottle Works received notice that they had been granted an increase of $1 per week. The weekly wages of the tending boys will now be $10.90. This is the third increase voluntarily granted by the firms during the year, and will affect almost 1,000 employes.

The tending boys on the bottle-blowing machines will receive a guarantee of $9.90 per week and a bonus every two weeks for extra ware produced.

OPPOSE PRISON MADE GOODS.

Boston, November 3.—Teamsters' Union No. 149 has asked Mayor Curley to end the practice of the municipal purchasing department buying brooms manufactured in the house of correction of Middlesex county.

IN LINE WITH PROGRESS.

Binghamton, N. Y., November 3.—Announcement of an eight-hour day, effective November 1, has been posted in the shops of the International Time Recorder company at Endicott. The new schedule affects several hundred employees.

TRAGEDY OF DANBURY

OVER one hundred workmen in Danbury, Conn., owing little homes and having small savings bank accounts went on strike to better their lot in life. The American Boycott Association, a labor crushing combination, filed suit for damages against these men and attached their homes and savings. The lower courts decided, of course, in favor of wealth. The case finally came before the United States Supreme Court. The decision of that court stripped from these workmen their homes and savings to satisfy a three-fold judgment, and left them paupers after a lifetime of industry, frugality and economy.

HUGHES ACCESSORY

CANDIDATE HUGHES was a member of that court and did not raise his voice against this outrage, the greatest industrial tragedy of any age. Like every other member of the United States Supreme Court, Judge Hughes gave his consent and approval of legalized oppression of workingmen, and concurred in a punishment which rendered the efforts of their lives futile, while the same court and same judges have zealously guarded the wealth possessors. Candidate Hughes, in the face of this record, asks labor's support. The conscience of labor, stricken by his acts of the past, replies—

JUSTICE

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF TRADE AND LABOR COUNCIL WASHINGTON D.C. 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., NOVEMBER 3, 1916.

LABOR REFUSES TO BE TIED TO ITS WORK.

Various plans have been devised from time to time trying to insure peaceful relations between capital and labor. Numerous persons are trying to find a solution of the labor problem. Some try to do it by profit-sharing or bonus systems; others try to do it by welfare schemes, and still others try to do it by legislation.

For quite a number of years there have been various attempts made to enact laws providing for compulsory arbitration of industrial disputes. The effort has been to use the police power of the state to compel both employing corporations and their employees to continue their activities regardless of any differences they may have as to wages or conditions of work.

There are two fundamental troubles with this plan. In the first place, every man feels that his labor is his own property and no one, not even the state, can force him to part with it, for that would be in voluntary servitude or slavery. Therefore a law compelling a man to work is extremely repugnant to every man who is not a criminal or convict.

In the second place, under any specified form of compulsory arbitration law, the employer is in a position of commanding advantage. He hires the man and pays the wages; he also establishes the working conditions. He has the right to hire and discharge, and he can use that power to discriminate against any employees who are not amenable to any new regulations or working conditions he may wish to introduce.

Compulsory arbitration, therefore, amounts to an effort to compel the worker to labor, whether he wishes to or not, and under conditions in which he has no voice. If a man has a quart of beans to sell and does not like the price or terms of payment offered by a possible customer, he refuses to sell the beans. But under the compulsory arbitration statutes it is contemplated that man, the image of his Creator, shall be compelled to sell his labor power whether he wants to or not. The comparison is ridiculous.

The Dominion of Canada has adopted the compulsory idea to quite an extent, particularly as applied to public service corporations; but a recent occurrence shows that no law can be made strong enough to tie the hands of labor.

The street railway employees of Hull, in the Province of Quebec, have been for a considerable time asking for better wages and working conditions. The company pursued dilatory tactics and referred them to the statute. Finally, the employees repudiated the statute on the grounds that the company would not be obliged to abide by any award, and notified the company that if their demands were not agreed to within forty-eight hours they would go on strike and tie up the system. Whereupon the company signed an agreement recognizing the union and granting the increased wages and improved working conditions.

This is another instance going to show that there is no known method of tying the hands of labor, except such reasonable restriction on both sides as may come from a mutual agreement in which the principle of collective bargaining is recognized and expressed in a trade agreement between the employer upon the one side and the union upon the other, under the terms of which each respects the rights of the other and a method of settlement of all its differences of opinion is provided.—Butte (Mont.) Free Lance.

It is the clean outlook on life that brings happiness, not the knowledge of the dirt and degradation of its searing side.

If the masses of the people could realize the potency of organization on trade union lines, the influence it wields in the industrial field, the strength it imparts in the aspirations of the workers for better conditions, the opportunities it offers for education on economic and social problems, the prospects for the future would be most promising and the road to the goal be shortened by many years.

The trade union, with its persistent demand for a reasonable work day, a living wage, sanitary work shops and the abolition of child labor, is doing more to combat the ravages of tuberculosis than all the doctors and hospitals and sham philanthropists combined. Statistics show that every reduction in the hours of labor is always followed by a decrease in percentage of deaths from the dreaded white plague.

The labor movement has had to contend with all of the problems attending democracy—with all of the mistakes that inevitably result from unrestricted freedom. Though freedom and democracy may result in friction, in the adoption of ill-advised methods and standards, it is better that the workers should have freedom even to make mistakes than that they should be under the domination and direction of any outside authority though all-wise and "infallible."

At a recent lodge meeting a friend gave me a copy of "John Bull," a paper published in London, England. The editor, Horatio Bottomly, is mighty plain spoken. If he is untruthful he should be in jail. He makes the assertion that politicians, not militarists, are conducting the present great war and that the common people are the greatest sufferers. All of which should make the people of the United States thankful and proud that President Wilson is not a politician but a real executive!

LABOR GROUP IN CONGRESS COMMENDED.

The editor of the Farmers' Open Forum i nthe last issue commends the militant and progressive work done by the labor group in Congress, and is insistent on having the farmers' organizations elect similar representatives to work with the trade unions. He deals with the subject as follows:

"Samuel Gompers in a recent speech said there were seventeen members of Congress members of labor unions and that the labor group has proved a powerful factor in securing legislation in the interest of the advancement of labor. He might very properly have added that they constituted a group on which the farmers could always rely to support the farmers' legislative program.

"The success of the labor organization in securing direct representation in Congress with a membership large enough to secure right recognition of the interest of labor is an object lesson to organized farmers. The time is here when the organized farmers should make it a leading part of their national program to secure direct representation in Congress with a group large enough to attend to all the varied interests of agriculture. A group of farmer congressmen of from seventeen to fifty members of equal ability with the labor members, doing the same strong team work and showing the same loyalty to the farmer's cause that the labor members show to their cause, would be epoch-making in its effect on the advancement of agriculture. From now on let this be the goal to be steadily worked for.

"How did organized labor secure such a splendid direct representation in Congress? By adopting as its policy the militant non-partisanship we advocate for farmers and of which our special campaign numbers are evidence of the kind of non-partisanship we mean. For years the American Federation of Labor and its affiliated organizations have been militantly aggressive in supporting their friends in Congress and in showing up the record and helping to defeat their enemies. The candidates and the party which give the best support to labor measures as approved by the national body get the support of the organization, and, in steadily increasing measure, the labor vote. The consistency with which this policy has been pursued for a number of years past has convinced parties, and members of all parties, that the only way to get the labor vote is to pay close attention to labor demands. The result has been that in districts where organized labor is strong, labor candidates are looked upon kindly by the best element in all parties."

Every great cause must be based upon a principle that will command the enthusiasm and devotion of the masses of the workers; a principle that will arouse the conscience and stimulate the better qualities inherent in human nature; a principle worthy of support in every emergency in life—in times of prosperity and in times of distress. The trade union movement is the exponent and defender of the principles, which are of vital importance to the potential progress of the human family.

Belleville, Ill., November 3.—The Illinois Labor Press, the organ in this section of organized labor, endorses President Wilson as follows:

"The Illinois Labor Press has no dealings whatever in politics, taken in the sense that the newspapers affiliated with the respective parties deal with politics. However, we feel, deep down in our hearts, the same as every other laboring man feels, that President Woodrow Wilson has done everything possible for the laboring men of the country. We feel that his policy has been correct. We also feel that he has done everything within his power and ability to maintain the dignity of organized labor, and to preserve the equanimity of the laboring classes through proper legislation and businesslike management."

"IT MAKES A DIFFERENCE."

"The people of the United States are paying the owners of railroad bonds and stocks nearly a billion dollars a year in interest and dividends," writes Editor Coffey of the Nebraska Federationist.

"Sometimes it is a little more and sometimes it is a little less, but each year those who ride on the trains and those who use the flour, shoes and tin dippers that have been carried in freight cars pay this huge sum to the owners of the American railroads.

"The courts hold that the owners of railroad stock, legitimate and water, must receive a 'reasonable' per cent on the money invested in addition to fat and juicy salaries voted to themselves by themselves.

"A man or a set of men who engage in business must assume all the chances with no 'reasonable' per cent guaranteed to them by the courts. Business reverses, grasshoppers, lack of money with which to buy their wares—it makes no difference—if he fails or they fail to make both ends meet some other man or men will try their 'luck.'

"The farmer, he, too, must go it alone without any guarantee of a fat salary and a dividend on his 'investment.' If crop failure, drouth, chinch bugs, boll weevil, rust, lack of demand for his crops, or a too low price placed upon his crops by the board of trade—well, there is no court with a helping hand to say that he is entitled to a 'reasonable' per cent on his investment.

"But behold the laborer. He who must and does produce the larger per cent of all money which the courts so kindly say that owners of railroad stocks and bonds must receive, he who produces the larger amount of the money which passes over the counter of the business man and also that which reaches the pockets of the farmer—why, bless your soul, if he asks for a 'reasonable' per cent on his investment, meaning labor force, he is an agitator, a crank, an interloper, an undesirable citizen, and instead of being entitled to a reasonable per cent on his investment is a fit subject for restraint, and is enjoined from conversation with his fellow men—speak to, look at or visit those whom he would like to consider and call brothers."

BUILDING TRADES TO MEET.

President Williams of the American Federation of Labor Building Trades Department has issued the call for the tenth annual convention to convene in Baltimore, Monday, November 27. Meetings will be held at Moose Hall, 410 West Fayette street. The New Howard Hotel has been selected as the official headquarters.

STOGIE MAKERS WANT RAISE.

Wheeling, W. Va., November 3.—Stogie makers voted unanimously to demand an increase of $1 per thousand for rolling stogies. The demand includes the men employed in the entire district. The men are members of the Cigar Makers' Union. It is claimed that the stogie makers have had no increase for twelve years.

ESTABLISHED 1865 — 51 YEARS IN BUSINESS

CHRISTIAN XANDER'S

Famous Prepared Cocktails

Made of the Finest Ingredients. $1 a Bottle. Only at

909 7th Street, Northwest. — No Branch Houses. Phone M. 274

MEATS — GROCERIES — FISH

Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the

OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.

930 La. Ave. N. W. — 1111 H Street N. E.
8th & E Sts. S. E. — 1632 N. Capitol Street
31st & M Sts. N. W. — 3418-20 Ga. Ave. N. W.
7th & Q Sts. N. W. — 14th & U Streets N. W.
1778 U Street, N. W. — 7th and B Streets N. E.
7th & H Street N. E. — 3113 14th Street, N. W.
726 7th St. N. W. — 1440 P St. N. W.
2002-2004 Ga. Ave. N. W.

POULTRY — BREAD — PRODUCE

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF THE UNITED BREWERY WORKMEN OF AMERICA

Union MADE Beer — Ale AND Porter

COPYRIGHT & TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1903

THIS IS OUR LABEL.

VOTE

Against Prohibition

DEMAND

Personal Liberty

IN CHOOSING WHAT YOU WILL DRINK

ASK FOR THIS LABEL WHEN PURCHASING BEER, ALE OR PORTER.

As A Guarantee That It Is Union Made

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK

Northwest Corner FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST

LOOK FOR THE CLOCKS

4 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts

COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

THIS SPACE FOR SALE

BOOT & SHOE WORKERS UNION — UNION STAMP — Factory

Named Shoes are Frequently Made in Non-Union Factories

DO NOT BUY ANY SHOE

No matter what its name, unless it bears a plain and readable impression of this Union Stamp. All shoes without the Union Stamp are always Non-Union. Do not accept any excuse for absence of the Union Stamp

Boot and Shoe Workers' Union, 246 Summer St., Boston, Mass.

JOHN F. TOBIN President. — CHAS. L. BAINE, Sec.-Treas.

WASHINGTON BREWERY CO.

IMPERIAL EXPORT

A really fine beer

WIENER BEER (Light) — CONGRESS BREW (Dark)

— ALE —

Arlington Brewing Co.

— PORTER —

Tel. West 129 — ROSSLYN, VA.

CUTICLE BALSAM FOR CHAPPED HANDS, LIPS, Etc.

Weller's Cuticle Balsam is a skillful combination of the healing properties of benzoin, eucalyptus, etc. Can be used on the most delicate or sensitive skin on any and all occasions and leaves the skin soft, smooth and white.

WELLER'S DRUG STORE

Eighth and Eye Sts. S. E. — 36th and M N. W.

When in Doubt, Buy of

HOUSE & HERRMANN

FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.

N.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W

STORAGE — PACKING — FREIGHT HAULING

Merchants Transfer — AND — Storage Company

920-922 E Street Northwest

Phone Main 6900

SHIPPING — MOVING — HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

FIREPROOF CONSTRUCTION

Hammett Fire Proofing Company
301-302-303 Wilkins Bldg.
Phone Main 3337.

PHONE NORTH 2349

DONOVAN'S

FINE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS

2003 14th St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

EXCEPTIONAL VALUES IN ALUMINUM COOKING UTENSILS CHOICE, $1.00 EACH

Aluminum utensils for cooking are recognized as superior to all others. They last indefinitely, are not made useless if food should burn in them. They require less time for cooking. A kitchen can be equipped completely from our large variety of the various utensils.

As an inducement to housekeepers to try these high-grade cooking utensils we offer a variety of pieces for

CHOICE, $1.00

Including Double Cereal Cookers and sets of three useful size Sauce Pans.

Dulin & Martin Co.

Pottery, Porcelain, China, Glass, Silver, &c.

1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY

Equitable Life Insurance Co.

of the District of Columbia

THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Issues Ordinary and Industrial

Wm. A. Bennett, 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.

EQUITABLE BLD'G. 816 14th ST., N. W.

Black's Alderney and Green Meadow Dairy

Pasteurized and Tubercoline Tested Milk.

Phone N. 1670. Union Dairies.

LANSBURGH & BRO.

"DRY GOODS ONLY"

The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City

420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

Bell Brand Union-Made

COLLARS and SHIRTS

LARGE ASSORTMENT

T. HOLLANDER

North Capitol and H Streets

Takoma Bread

Fresh Three Times Daily

AT ALL GROCERS

Havenner Baking Company

Established 1815

Phone Main 3871

WM. H. HOWLIN

OURAY BUILDING, 801 G ST. N. W.

(Room 404)

Engrossing Resolutions, Diplomas, Charters and Fancy Pen Work of all descriptions.

CELTIC CLUB WHISKEY

Our Specialty

Never Changes. Accept No Substitute
Once Tried You'll Always Use It.

Ports and Sherries for family use, Quarts, 50 and 75 cents. All makes of Beer. Leading brands of Cigars. Ales and Porters on draught the year round.

D. J. O'CONNOR

New Jersey Ave. and G Sts. N.W

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

Charles W. Bussey and Bert E. Bothwell, probationary bookbinders.

Dodge D. Hemming, Henry E. Bartle and Miss Kathryn E. Mack, temporary compositors.

John H. Apperson and Rufus F. Whalen, temporary painters.

Wilbur W. MacDonald, emergency compositor.

Robert M. Miller, monotype machinist, reinstated.

Henry F. Finkenhoefer, emergency compositor.

Howard V. Mills, stereotyper, reinstated.

Miss Florence B. James, skilled laborer, transferred from Bureau of Engraving and Printing.

Separations.

Charles D. Watts, messenger, resigned.

James L. Hatcher, emergency compositor, resigned.

Mrs. Mary P. Simmons, skilled laborer.

Maurice Roche, probationary skilled laborer, resigned.

Robert I. Richardson, skilled laborer.

Clarence E. Hood, probationary skilled laborer, resigned.

Mrs. Loretta V. Mann and Miss Mattie K. Taylor, machine operators.

Transfers, Etc.

Mrs. Ella Kee, skilled laborer, ruling and sewing section, to pamphlet binding section.

Jordan C. Bergens, temporary unskilled laborer, buildings division, to engineer's section.

James H. Roy, unskilled laborer, engineer's section to buildings division.

Wilfred C. Aitkenhead, skilled laborer, ruling and sewing section, to pamphlet binding section.

Louis R. Lippincott, copy editor, 65 cents per hour, proof section (night) to assistant foreman, 80 cents per hour, monotype section (day).

WANT SUNDAY CLOSING.

San Francisco, November 3.—The barbers, employers as well as employees, are asking for a state regulation providing one complete day's rest in seven, and have selected Sunday as of most convenience to the general public. It has been the custom to keep the shops open seven days. The press and public have joined in the advocacy of the effort now being made to effect the change and it is believed it will be successful. Not often are employers and employed of one mind in the matter of legislation for their trade, and when this rarity occurs the general electors should be willing to assist them in any reasonable demands.

BRICK MAKERS RAISE WAGES.

Sebring, Ohio, November 3.—A strike at the Gem Clay Forming Company's plant has been settled, the workers securing a union shop agreement and wage increases of 25 cents a day, to take effect the first of the year. These workers are members of the Brick, Tile and Terra Cotta Workers' Alliance.

EIGHT HOURS AND INCREASE.

Niagara Falls, N. Y., November 3.—The boiler makers and helpers employed at the refineries have had their wages raised from 10 to 25 cents per day as the result of several conferences. In addition to the increase an eight-hour day has also been agreed upon.

CULINARY WORKERS GAINING.

San Francisco, Cal., November 3.—The California cafeteria, which has been closed for the past ten days, owing to a strike of the culinary workers, has reopened under strictly union conditions. This is the first downtown cafeteria to negotiate a working agreement with the culinary workers' unions since the strike was called on August 1.

INCREASE TO REPAIR MEN.

Pottsville, Pa., November 3.—A number of employees of the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company were surprised on receiving their pay envelopes to find wage increases amounting to 30 cents a day in some instances. The increase affects employees at the repair shops.

STREET CAR MEN STRIKE.

Jacksonville, Fla., November 3.—Street car men in this city are on strike for union recognition. They also demand that discharged unionists be reinstated and that an arbitration board be established to fix wages, hours and working conditions.

Hagerstown, Md., November 3.—Cumberland Valley railroad telegraph operators have just been notified of an increase in salaries of about 12 per cent. Minimum monthly salaries since the raise is $65; maximum, $110.

CASE APPEALED TO TEST CONTRACT LABOR LAW

San Francisco, November 3.—The question as to whether the United States contract labor laws apply to coastwise seamen is involved in a case that has just been appealed from the ninth circuit court of appeals to the United States Supreme Court, the suit in question having been brought by Paul Scharrenberg, editor of the Coast Seamen's Journal against the Robert Dollar Steamship Company for bringing Chinese seamen from Shanghai and employing them in the Pacific coast lumber trade.

In dismissing the suit the lower court held that the prohibition of the immigration of contract laborers applied not to seamen, "whose home is at sea," but to laborers who contemplate permanent residence in the United States. The decision of the Supreme Court in the case is awaited with much interest by ship owners and labor officials.

SETTLE THEIR DISPUTE.

San Francisco, November 3.—Operations were resumed at the San Francisco and Alamenda plants of the Union Iron Works and the Moore & Scott shipyards in Oakland, when 2,000 union men returned to work who had been on strike three days. Differences between the Boilermakers and Shipfitters' unions resulted in the suspension of work.

Union officials reached an agreement after conferences with Mayor James Rolph and officers of the Union Iron works. The Shipwright and Caulkers' Union and the Shipfitters' Union, heretofore independent organizations, agreed to affiliate to the American Federation of Labor.

SERIOUS FREIGHT TIE-UP.

Niagara Falls, Ontario, November 3.—As a result of the strike of the freight handlers on the Grand Trunk railroad, 178 carloads of freight is piled up in the Falls yard. The strike has been in progress now for several weeks. The men walked out when their demands for an increase from $2.20 to $2.50 a day was refused by the company. In place of the increase on the day's pay the company offered the men a tonnage rate, but the strikers refused to consider it. The company has been endeavoring to fill the places of the strikers, but so far have been able to secure only five men.

AIDING STREET CAR MEN.

New York, November 3.—William Zaranko, business agent for the House Wreckers' Union, has placed 450 striking car men as helpers to wreckers at $2.25 a day for eight hours. Men with nerve and ability can earn $4 a day. The wreckers' union is a recently organized body chartered by the American Federation of Labor.

NEW MEAT CUTTERS UNION.

Chattanooga, Tenn., November 3.—The progressive organizing campaign that has been actively engaging the attention of the workers in this city for some weeks past has been bringing good results. The newest union to be formed is the meat cutters. It has already secured a good membership and indications are bright for largely increasing it.

HEALTH FOR ALL POSSIBLE.

Cincinnati, November 3.—Health is possible for all, declared Dr. Rucker of the federal public health service before the convention of the American Public Health Association. The speaker said health is "purchaseable"—not from the standpoint of buying medicine, but through the purchase of food, clothing, housing and all that goes with them.

GEO. D. HORNING,

N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.

LOAN OFFICE

Parker, Bridget & Co.

"The Avenue at Ninth"

Featuring Extra Value

$15

Suits for Fall

New Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits for Hire

WILNER'S

ADVANCED FALL STYLES

The Latest Novelties of the Season . . . **$18.50**

EVERY UNION MAN OUGHT TO TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THIS OFFER

Not only do we save you $10.00 on every suit you buy, but our workmanship has proven to stand up, to hold its shape, curl nor wrinkle until the garment will last, and we guarantee to last you fully three years.

We are the FIRST and ONLY Union Custom Tailors in this City.

Order Your Suit From

JOS. A. WILNER & COMPANY

COR. 8th and G STREETS NORTHWEST

CORBY'S YEAST

Leaves nothing to guess-work.
Its purity and strength are uniform.
Every baker knows what that means.
Send for samples.

THE CORBY COMPANY

STATION K. WASHINGTON, D. C.

Building Trades Headquarters Sixth and G Sts. N. W

Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rates

WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES TOBACCO. COSTELLO BROS

THE PLATE PRINTER

Official Organ Plate Printers International Union.

P. J. RYAN, Editor. CHAS. T. SMITH, Assoc. Editor.

Subscription $1.00 Per Year

Telephone 4528 Wash. Loan & Trust Bldg.

Representative Houses

OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

BANKS

THE NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burgler-proof vaults, acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth and New York Avenue

THE WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee, etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK
A Bank for the Working People. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account
Ninth and G streets N. W.

UNION SAVINGS BANK. Commercial Accounts. Three per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts. The Oldest Savings Bank in Washington.

MICHAEL T. GREENE
Liquors and Cigars. 639 D St. N. W.

STONER'S BAR AND RESTAURANT
The, G. Stoner. 206 Seventh St.S. W.

J. CHAS. McGUIRE'S BUFFET
Federal Seal Whiskey. 519 Ninth St. N. W.

O'KEEFE'S BUFFET
P. J. O'Keefe, Prop. 904 Pa. Ave. N. W.

GLAVIN'S BUFFET
ED. J. GLAVIN 309 G Street Northwest

OXFORD BUFFET
J. F. SCHRINER 730 14th Street N. W.

FRANK'S BUFFET
Fourth and G Sts., N. W. Phone M. 5572

DAVID WALSH'S BUFFET
407 10th Street N. W.

E. E. FARLEY'S BUFFET
415 13th Street N. W.

J. J. O'DONNELL'S BUFFET
333 Penn. Avenue S. E.

HARRY'S BUFFET
631 Penn. Ave. S. E. Phone Lin. 1843

MACHINIST

G. W. FORSBERG. Formerly with Forsberg and Murray, Elevate Boilers. Eighth and Water Streets S. W. Phone Main 751 and 747

GROCER AND COFFEE ROASTER

SOMERSET R. WATERS, 1342 Seventh st. n.w.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

RALSTON & RICHARDSON, Evans Building, 1420 New York Avenue.

FRANK FULLER Room 421, Munsey Building, Phone Main 1826.

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.

THE SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (INC.) SODA WATER SYRUPS, Etc., 1066 Wisconsin Avenue Northwest.

PHOTO SUPPLIES

E. J. PULLMAN, Developing and Finishing for Amateurs Specialty 420 Ninth Street N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS

MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Avenue Northwest. Our Specialty Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

FIRE INSURANCE

FIREMAN'S INSURANCE COMPANY, Seventh Street and Louisiana Avenue.

DRY GOODS

WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings Hoisery, a specialty. 806-808 H Street N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

UNDERTAKERS

J. WILLIAM LEE
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY
332 Penna. Avenue N. W.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.

THE W. H. BUTLER COMPANY, 607 and 609 C Street N. W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT

NATIONAL MORTAR COMPANY, First and M Street, Northeast
COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING COMPANY, 3036 K Street.

DRUGGISTS

CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth Street and Virginia Avenue S. E.

DAY & CO
5th and G Sts. N. W. 14th and P Sts. N. W
20th St. and Rhode Island Ave. N. E.

QUIGLEY, Druggist, Twenty-first and G Streets N. W.

A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner Seventh and P Streets N. W

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1
Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.

M. J. DUNNIGAN, President.....2007 14 Street N.W
JOHN G. WOLFE, Vice-President. 1023 N. J. Ave. N.W
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N E
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W

TRUSTEES

Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E
Thos. L. Nevins.....504 Maine Avenue S. W.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe,.....1023 N. J. Ave. N. W
J. McElfresh,.....
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N E
A. Tenley.....964 Florida Ave. N. W.
M. Sullivan.....5631-2 15 St. S. E.

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.

Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ARBITRRATION COMMITTEE.

M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W.
M. A. Wolfe,.....418 F St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. E.
Joseph Harding.....210 13 St. S. W
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....2006 2nd St. N. W
R. Pumphrey.....223 Q St. N. W.
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W
Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. W.

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Cap
M. J. McNulty.....467 L St. S

DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.

John Wolfe.....1023 N. J Avenue N. W
William Pollard.....522 14 St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
Fred Negus.....30 L St. N W

Washington District Council of Carpenters
Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple
ROBERT ADAM, President, Local 2563, U. B., 1511 Vermont Avenue N.W.
R. H. BURDETTE, Vice President, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
E. B. BYRNE, Secretary, Local 132, U. B., 425 G Street N.W.
F. A. SHOESMITH, Treasurer, Local 2563, U. B., 5209 Georgia Avenue N.W.
C. H. ADAMS, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 804 A Street N.E.
R. H. BURDETTE, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
H. PAGE, Trustee, Local 2563, U. B., 336½ 13th Street N.E.
ROBERT REICHARD, Local 132, U. B., 1720 34th Street N.W.
J. H. RYAN, Local 132, U. B., 1101 11th Street S.E.
FRED HOOK, Local 2563, U. B., 1528 8th Street N.W.
WILLIAM MACKIE, Local 2563, U. B., 216 Seaton Place N.E.

BUSINESS AGENT.
GEO. MYERS, 425 G Street N. W.

Union Station Garage

Guaranteed work on all makes of cars, accessories, second-hand, tires. Storage, $5 up.

Phone, Lincoln 3379.

REAR No. 40 H ST. N.E.

EXPECTATIONS ARE FULFILLED

Mr. Wilson Has Earned Unstinted Support of Wage-Earners.

Troy, N. Y., November 3.—The only conspicuous representative of labor on whom Mr. Hughes has been able to rely in his effort to alienate wage-earners from President Wilson, today gave out a statement declaring for President Wilson's re-election. He is John M. O'Hanlon, editor of the Legislative Labor News of New York State, whose editorial endorsing Mr. Hughes' record as Governor, has been widely circulated by the Republican managers, and repeatedly read from the platform by Mr. Hughes himself.

Mr. O'Hanlon said:

"I have been supporting President Wilson for re-election, both in the columns of my paper and wherever I have had the opportunity to express my convictions orally, ever since he has accepted a re-nomination. Mr. Wilson has earned the unstinted support of every wage-earner of the country by the splendid program of humanitarian legislation he has championed and put into effect at the National Capital.

"The quoted article in the issue of the Legislative Labor News of October, 1910, giving credit to Governor Hughes for his approval of labor laws while Governor of this state is based on fact. A similar appreciation could have been issued of the work of Governor Woodrow Wilson of New Jersey. Since that period both have occupied national spheres of action. Mr. Wilson as President has fulfilled every expectation aroused by his career as Governor. Mr. Hughes has not. As a candidate for President Mr. Hughes has declared his opposition to the Wilson program of legislation and seized upon the eight-hour law for railroad men to emphasize that opposition. In discussing it he has attacked the sincerity and intelligence of organized labor and charged it with greed by declaring that it intimidated Congress into enacting a 'wage law' designed to create extra wages for more than eight hours' work. The chief object of the railroad men and all other workers is to prevent more than eight hours' work a day by exacting higher prices for extra hours.

"The entire labor movement of the State of New York almost without exception is in favor of the re-election of President Wilson. The record of his achievement in Congress is such that no wage earner, whether a member of organized labor or not, should fail to support him for re-election."

STILL DOING BUSINESS.

It will not be difficult for the average reader to recall the fact that the express companies have made strenuous pleas before congressional committees and in the press of the country that if the government established a parcel post system it would result in the confiscation of their property and that they would be compelled to abandon the express business. In view of that extraordinary claim the following is interesting:

A 400 per cent increase in operating income of nine interstate express companies during the fiscal year of 1916 over the fiscal year of 1913 was reported by the interstate commerce commission. The figures were 10,560,000, against $2,556,000. A total of $175,000,000 was collected during the year as express charges.

PROGRESS BY TEXTILE WORKERS.

In an enthusiastic letter to President Gompers, Secretary-Treasurer Conboy of the United Textile Workers' Union says that the convention of this organization, which closed at New York City last Saturday, was the most progressive in its history. "Progress and solidarity seemed to be the watchword of the whole convention," writes this unionist, who also states that for the first time in the history of the union "we will send our full quota of delegates to the A. F. of L. convention."

"WAS WELL WORTH WHILE."

San Francisco, November 3.—The strike of the boilermakers against the shipfitters, a dual organization, and its successful termination, has eliminated the last union of that class in this city and will result in harmonizing trade union interests. It was because of dual organizations that the boilermakers went on strike. It was not until these dual organizations agreed to get into their respective international unions, affiliated to the American Federation of Labor, that the strike was called off.

CARPENTERS CONCEDED MORE THAN DEMAND.

Toronto, Ontario, November 3.—Recently the carpenters here struck for 45 cents an hour as a minimum. They gained not only that battle, but have since been able to go employers one better. The contractors that held out against the men are now signing up at 50 cents. In many instances the men are being paid as high as 55 cents an hour.

PROTEST AGAINST 6-CENT TROLLEY FARES.

West Newberry, Mass., November 3.—The citizens are perfecting arrangements to establish a municipal jitney line as a protest against 6-cent fares on the trolleys, recently put in force. The busses are to connect Haverhill, West Newbury and Newburyport.

MACHINISTS END STRIKE.

Milwaukee, Wis., November 3.—The long-drawn-out battle between the Beaver Manufacturing Company and striking machinists has finally reached an adjustment. According to officials of the union the settlement is satisfactory to the men, and they have returned to work, the hours being fifty-two and a half per week.

BOSTON PRINTERS GET INCREASE.

Boston, November 3.—The Typographical Union has indorsed a wage agreement entered into by its committee and newspaper proprietors in this city. Wages are increased $2 a week.

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, F. S. Radman, 134 7th Street N.E.

Bakery Salesmen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secre- Wednesdays of each month at Moose Hall, tary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sunday in each month, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N. W.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. F. Miller, 19 Quincy Place northwest.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets first and third Sunday of the month at the Secretary, T. Guiffre, 908 Pennsylvania ave- Moose Hall, Seventh and G Street Northwest. nue northwest.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 48: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E street southeast.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G Street N. W.

Brotherhood of Railway Carmen of America, Local Union No. 313: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Streets N. E. Secretary, H. A. Chambers, 2113 4th N. E. Meeting nights first and third Tuesdays.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles Hall, Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 1424 W St. N. W., Apt. 22.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhau, 737 10th St. s. e.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wassaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Twelfth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3800 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Paperhangers Hall, 430 Ninth Street N. W., second and fourth Thursdays of the month. Secretary, Edw. B. Finch, 33 P Street N. E.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets every Friday, at 8:00 p.m. Hall, S. E. Cor. Tenth and Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, Jas. P. Lahey, 816 5th street northeast.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and B Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hisle, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Watchmen's Union No. 14964: Secretary, Jas. H. Reed, Cor. Sec., 1228 B street southwest.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

International Brotherhood of Teamsters, Chauffeurs, Stablemen and Helpers of America, Local Union No. 115: Meets the first and third Saturday night of each month, G. A. R. Building, 1412 Pa. ave. Secretary-Treasurer, Kirke C. Sipher, 26 P st. n. e.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Avenue S. E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 Twelfth St. N. E.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, W. N. Huttel, 1430 A St. N. E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday at 1204 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, E. H. Fulton, 1120 E St. S. E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser. 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, H. Gundershein, 728 Columbia Road.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third 2665. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Bus. Agt.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 922 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Phone Main 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets second Sunday and fourth Friday in each month. Secretary, Albert Bridges 210 L st. s. e.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 420: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m. Secretary, J. A. Whitecar, 2209 Minnesota Ave. S. E.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas. B. Cameron, Bethesda, Md.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Robt. J. Barrett, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 820 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressman, No. 1: Meets fourth Monday of each month; Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. E. Blakely, 3527 O St. N. W.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custodian and Janitor, 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, W. P. Cannon, 408 Twelfth St. S. E.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe. 326 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. F. Hickman, 518 Sixth St. N. W.

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Mrs. H. B. Tritipoe, 1737 Willard street N. W., Apt. 20.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10.30 a. m. and 8.30 p. m. Secretary, G. W. Calderhead, Ouray Building, Room 312.

The High School Teachers' Union of Washington, D. C., No. 8: Meets in the Music Room of the New Central High School at 3.30 p. m. the second Tuesday in the months of October, December, February, and May. Secretary, G. J. Jones, Central High School.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle, 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 750 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Friday, Typographical Temple. Secretary, L. Gantt, 57-A Bates Street.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters International Secretary-Treasurer, Jas. E. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G St. N. W. Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth St. N. W.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.

ELECTRICIANS ARE ON STRIKE.

Salt Lake City, Utah, November 3.—The Electrical Workers' Union presented a demand to the employers for recognition of the union, eight hours and a slight increase in wages. The request was refused and the men ceased work to enforce their demands. President Lanchett of the Intermountain Electric Company is attempting to secure strikebreakers to take the places of the men out. Practically every firm in the city is involved.

PRESSMEN GET AN INCREASE.

Denver, Col., November 3.—The Job Pressmen's Union has just concluded an agreement with the employing printers whereby an increase in wages amounting to $2 per week for journeymen and $1 for foremen will become operative November 1. The number of hours shall be forty-eight and overtime shall be paid for at the rate of price and one-half. The new agreement covers a two-year period.

REGAL SHOE FACTORY HAS SIGNED AGREEMENT.

Toronto, Ontario, November 3.—The Regal shoe factory of this city has signed a union agreement and will hereafter employ only union labor and be entitled to the use of the label. Recently more than fifty members were added. An encouraging feature is the fact that the women are taking a very active interest in missionary work among the female employees.

THEATER PROPRIETOR LOSES SUIT.

Fresno, Cal., November 3.—K. S. Cashin, proprietor of the Klassy Theater, who recently sued the Moving Picture Operators' Union for damages because of the boycott placed against his unfair house, has lost in a decision handed down by Judge H. Z. Austin in the superior court.

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS
Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

J. G. O'DONNELL, President, 122 Sixth St. N. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, Vice-President, 519 M St. S. W.
THOS. W. WOLTZ, Recording Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
G. H. F. DAVIS, Treasurer, 439 Second St. S. E.
W. I. STRATTON, Conductor, 617 Sixth St. N. W.
A. F. MOIRSETTE, Warden, 425 G St. N. W
GEO. MYERS, Business Agent, 425 G St. N. W.

TRUSTEES.
F. J. NOLTE, 24 Eighth Street N. E.
WM. T. BAUM, 472 I Street N. W.
A. P. TAYLOR, 622 I Street N. E.

DELEGATES TO THE DISTRICT COUNCIL
R. H. BURDETTE, 1207 L Street N. W.
C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
E. B. BYRNE, 425 G Street N. W.
ROBERT REICHARD, 1720 35th Street N. W.
J. H. RYAN, 1101 Eleventh Street S. E.

DELEGATES TO THE CENTRAL LABOR UNION.
C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
R. H. BURDETTE, 816 K Street N. W.
W. S. HOLLOHAN, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
W. T. BAUM, 474 I Street S. W.
MARK REILEY, 1127 B Street S. E.

RELIEF COMMITTEE.
M. REILLY, 1127 B Street S. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
H. M. BEVILL, Brentwood, Md.
J. T. CLIFT, 4115 Seventh Street N. W.
M.A. FOLEY, 118 Seaton Street N. E.

MILL COMMITTEE.
F. E. KETTNER, 3016 Cambridge St. N. W
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
O. A. CARTER, Rosslyn, Va.

DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE
G. H. F. DAVIS, 439 Second Street S. E.

Clothes, Hats and Shoes

The Bieber-Kaufman Co.
901-909 Eighth St. S. E.
Down by the Navy Yard
Washington, D. C.

PHONE MAIN 6079.

Reno Lunch
W. H. WOODCOCK, Proprietor.
625 PA. AVE. N. W.
HOME COOKED FOODS
NEVER CLOSED

CORBY'S DELICIOUS CAKE
10c PER HALF LB.
AT ALL GROCERS

The only strictly
UNION TAILORING
house in the city
M. STEIN & CO.
TAILORS
Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

THE MILTON SCHOOL
Oxford Bldg., 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.
Stenography
Typewriting
English
Spanish
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO BEGINNERS
Now in larger quarters in the Oxford Building, 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
Meets Every Monday Night
Typographica Temple
423-425 G St. N. W.
Secretary s Address: 1325 E. Capitol St.
Telephone: Lincoln 3955

OFFICERS
N. A. JAMES ..... President
HUGH DIGNEY ..... Vice-President
JOHN B. COLPOYS, Secretary, 1325 E. Capitol St.
JOSEPH E. TOONE.....Financial Secretary
WM. H. SCHAEFER.....Treasurer
JOSEPH C. CLARK..... Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES: Wm. Zell, Mary Ganzhorn, J. L. Considine

COMMITTEES
Executive—Hugh Digney (chairman), N. A. James, John B. Colpoys, J. E. Toone, W. N. Huttel, John R. Hartley.
Legislative—Robert Jones (chairman), John H. Lorch, N. P. Alifas, H. R. Alcorn, E. W. Oyster.
Adjustment—W. N. Huttel (chairman), Jere McCarthy, J. A. McDonald. Ben Spellbring, John G. Schmidt.
Contract—John R. Hartley (chairman), W. H. Schaefer, Hubert Newsom, C. H. Adams, A. J. Ginnelly.
Laws—Dan Hassett (chairman), J. H. Wells, D. J. O'Leary.
Resolutions—J. L. Considine (chairman), Zep S. Pollock, A. J. Kinnell.
Organization—J. E. Toone (chairman), Mary Burkhead, Henry Miller, J. H. Wilson, H. A. Ranier.
Auditing—Mary Ganzhorn (chairman), Marguerite Stewart, E. Wood.
Credentials—M. J. Costella (chairman), J. H. Swain, S. T. Ford.
Lable—E. T. Good,
Press—John B. Colpoys (chairman, N. A. Sprague, B. O'Leary.
Delegates to Baltimore—J. E. Toone (chairman) J. M. Foster, William Zell.
Delegates to Alexandria—H. F. Oehler (chairman). Chas. Allison, L. A. Sterne.

Saks & Company
MEN'S and BOYS' OUTFITTERS
Pa. Ave. & 7th St. Wash., D. C.
Specialists in Apparel for Men and Boys.

BUTLER'S RHEUMATIC and GOUT REMEDY.
A KIDNEY AND HEART TONIC
Manufactured Since 1872 By
BUTLER & FIELD
Third and Indiana Ave. N. W.
Price 50c a bottle. 6 for $2.50
For Sale By Druggists.

LIST OF LIQUOR DEALERS WHO HAVE SIGNED "THE AGREEMENT."

Allen, Paul.....2 N st. n| e.
Allen, John J...807 N. C. Cap st. n. e.
Beirkle, Leopold, - 1245 H st. n. e.
Boyle, William J., 601 Mass. ave n. w.
Castelli, Vincent, 502-504 Ninth st.n.w.
Clark, C. H.....510 9th st. n. w.
Colonial Beach Boat Co.
Costello, Bros.....604 G st. n. w.
Crowley, James J.....702 E st. n. w.
Daly, T. J.....34 H st. n. e.
Daye, Wm. T.....1218 Wisc. ave.
Doyle, Wm. T....1314 Wisc. ave. n. w.
Duffy, James A. -901 1-2 E st. n. w.
Wm. R. Fosbender, 406 Ninth st. n w.
Franey, F. A.....711½ 9th st. n. w.
Frank, Mrs. M. E. - 319 G st. n. w.
Ganey, M.....615 7th st. s. w.
Glavin, Edwin.....309 G st. n. w.
Hannan, Mrs. E.....531 7th st. s. w.
Hanlon, Timothy.....822 H st. n. e.
Kelliher, J. D.....1258 7th st. s. w.
Killeen, John F.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Louis Hodges, - - 407 9th st n. w.
Lynagh, Peter J.....523 7th st. s. w.
Lynch, John.....417 9th st. n. w.
McCarthy, Dennis J., Evans building.
McCarthy, F. J.....910 4½ st. s. w.
McDonald, F. J.....643 Pa. ave. s. e.
McGinniss, H. J., 1001 N. Y. ave. n. w.
McGuire, J. Chas., 519 Ninth st. n. w.
McHough, Martin....1105 H st. n. e.
Milton Schmidt, - 702 7th st. n. w.
O'Connor, D. J.....100 G st. n. w.
O'Connor, Patrick F., 617 D st. n. w.
O'Connor, James.....1429 N. Cap. st.
O'Day, John T. - 921 Ninth st. n. w.
O'Donnell, James J...333 Pa. ave. s. e.
Peter White, - - - 905 D st. n. w.
Raftery, Thomas.....406 H st. n. e.
Raftery, Patrick.....225 11th st. n. e.
Roland, J. H.....511 9th st. n. w.
Scanlon, Daniel,.....103 H st. n. w.
Schroter, Conrad....3258 M st. n. w.
Schltz, Mary T.....607 G st. n. w.
Sheehan, John J., 701 North Cap. st.
Solon, Mary A., - 1003 7th st. e.
Stern, M. M.....601 7th st. n. w.
Stanton, Frank J.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Sullivan, David, 12th and E st. n. w.
Sullivan, John J., 1351 35th st. n. w.
The Casino, Frank Farenkamp (Chesapeake Beach).
Victor Buffet Co., Inc., 7th and G n. w.
Walsh, David, - - 407 10th st. n. w.
Wassman, Henry, 705 Seventh st. n. w.
Wiedeman, Joseph....629 E st. n. w.
William J. O'Leary, 733 North Cap. st.
Wininghcr, Harry 631 Pa. ave. s. e..
Wolf, Frank, - 512 12th st. n. w.

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

UNION OPERATOR — LOCAL No. 224 — WASH. D.C. — I.A.T.S.E. — AFFILIATED WITH CENTRAL LABOR UNION & A.F. of L.

American, 1st st. and R. . ave.n.w.
Apollo, - - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Auditorium, 13th st. and N. Y. ave.n.w.
Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Casino - - - 7th and F Sts. N. W.
Central Park, - 9th St. G & H N.W.
Chelsia Theatre, 19th and M sts. n. w.
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N. W.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Eastern, - - 8th St. bet. F & G S. E.
Elite Theatre, 14th and R. I. ave. n. w.
Empire, - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Fairyland, - 19th and L st. n. w.
Favorite H St. North Capitol & First
Garden Theatre, 423 Ninth st. n. w.
Gayety Theatre, - 513 9th st. n. w.
Georgia - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
Home Theater, C bet. 12th & 13th n. e.
Liberty Theatre, N Capitol & P St.
Maryland - - - 624 9th St. N. W.
"M" Street Theatre, M St. near 32nd
Mayeroft Park, H St. bet. 6 7, N.E.
Meaders, - - - 8th & G Sts. S. E.
Mid City, - 7th, bet. N and O st. n. w.
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Odeon - - 14th and Church Sts. N. W.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15. N.W.
Orpheum, - - 4th and C st. n. e.
Peerless Park, - 3105 Ga. ave. n. w
Plaza Theatre - 434 9th st. n. w.
Pleasant Hrr. Park, 12 and C N. E.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Randolpr Park, 1st and Randolph n. w.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
R I. Theatre, 7th and R. I. Ave. N W.
Savoy, - - - 14th and Col. Road.
Schuetzen Park, Ga. ave. and Kenyon
Standard Park, Bates, near N. Cap. St.
Strand, - - - - - Ninth and D.
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N. E.
Stanton Park, - - - 219 4th N. E.
Starlight Park, 4 1-2 and K st. n. w.
Surprise Theatre - Alexandria. Va.
The Strand, - - Hopewell, Va.
The Richmond, - - Alexandria, Va.
Truxton Park, N. Capitol & Fla. Ave.
Victoria Theatre, 7th & F Sts. S. W.
Virginia - - - 614 9th St. N. W.

The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I.P.E.U.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXI. NO. 20 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 1916. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

A VICTORY FOR HUMANITY

Organized Labor, Almost to a Man, Supports Mr. Wilson.

The most exciting race for the presidency of these United States within the memory of the greatest number of our citizens was that which occurred last Tuesday. If there was ever a case of "in again, out again, gone again, back again," it was this one, for on last Tuesday night, according to the local press, it was all over but the shouting, and the people of this city went to bed with the thought that we were to have a change in administration, only to arise in the morning to be thrown into a doubt which has lasted up to less than twelve hours ago, when it has been decided that even though the victory is by a narrow margin, humanity has won the victory and Mr. Wilson has been elected President.

This is perhaps the first campaign where it can be truthfully stated, notwithstanding remarks to the contrary, where the organized labor of this country voted almost to a man for the victor. While we would all have liked to have seen the great industrial states show up to better advantage than what they did, the charge cannot be made that organized labor did not appreciate the legislation that has been enacted in their interest during the last three years, and by their votes show it. Now that it is all over let us all work for the common good of our country, and, in the words of the song, "Our Hats Are Off to You, Mr. Wilson."

OUR NEXT PRESIDENT.

WOODROW WILSON.

MEDIATORS SEEKING TO BRING ABOUT SETTLEMENT

New York, November 10.—Efforts are being made by John A. Moffitt and James A. Smyth, United States mediators, to bring about a conference between the representatives of the striking street car men and the officials of the street car companies, looking to a settlement of the strike. The mediators are acting under instructions of Secretary of Labor Wilson, who sent them to investigate, on request of Organizer Fitzgerald.

As yet little progress has been made by the mediators. Efforts were made to secure a conference with the representatives of the street car companies involved, but nothing definite has developed. The mediators are, however, said to be optimistic and hopeful of being able to bring the representatives of the men and the officials of the companies together.

Street car service is very badly crippled, and Organizer Fitzgerald claims that there are still 11,048 men on strike, and that only 110 have returned to work.

Governor Whitman refused to render any assistance when appealed to on behalf of the strikers. He answered by notifying Organizer Fitzgerald that he had referred his request to the Public Service Commission, and there the matter rests for the present.

After a conference with the mediators Organizer Fitzgerald denied a statement that terms of settlement had been made to him. He said that responsibility for further peace parlies was in the hands of the mediators. It is asserted that 1,500 of the strikers have found other employment, and that the remainder are still holding out.

BETTER WAGES FOR SHOPMEN.

Denison, Tex., November '0.—The Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway Company shopmen in the locomotive departments of the entire lines have been granted an increase in wages ranging from 1½ cents to 2½ cents an hour and better working conditions, it has been officially announced. The increase, it was stated, dates back to August 1. Fifteen hundred men are affected.

OUTPUT IS INCREASED BY SHORT WORK DAY

Cincinnati, November 10.—"The economic argument that industry can thrive only with a long day, and that any curtailment of it would be destructive, can be met very effectively by the fact that shortening the work period, even to eight hours, almost invariably increases the quantity and improves the quality of output." Thus did Dr. Frederick S. Lee, professor of physiology in Columbia University, New York, answer the question: "Is the eight-hour working day rational?" before the American Public Health Association's annual meeting here.

Dr. Lee, in discussing this matter, made it plain that he was not in any sense considering the political aspects of the eight-hour problem. "The eight-hour problem is primarily a problem of physiology; if the physiological effects of any kind of labor are bad, its conditions ought to be changed," said Dr. Lee. "This is fundamental, and should precede any consideration of the economic and social effects of a change of conditions. Since the middle of the nineteenth century the eight-hour day has been the goal of labor. It has gradually been gained, and is doubtless destined to become very widespread. The duration of daily hours should be determined by the physiological effects of the work, and, secondarily, by its economic and social features. Labor produces fatigue, and, when continued farther, exhaustion.

"In fatigue the physiological powers are weakened, and in exhaustion this may pass on to increased susceptibility to disease, neurasthenia, immorality, intemperance and even crime. Excessive industrial work is often responsible for these serious results."

NEWSIES HAVE A UNION.

Memphis, Tenn., November 10.—The newsboys have proven themselves pioneers among the workers for organized labor in Tennessee, a union of the newsies having been formed last week. The new Newsboys' Union started with a large charter membership, and includes more than half the boys in the city.

TEXTILE STRIKE ENDS IN VICTORY FOR WORKERS

Utica, N. Y., November 10.—The long strike of nearly 3,000 men and women textile workers has resulted in a 10 per cent wage increase and improved working conditions for these employees.

In addition to the 10 per cent wage increase, the union is given recognition through a committee; all those who were evicted will be moved back to their tenants; absolutely no discrimination; abolition of the objectionable card system, which was one of the worst abuses imposed on the workers; all workers to be reinstated in one week and back on their old jobs in four weeks. The suit brought by the corporation for $25,000 damages against members of the union will also be withdrawn.

Secretary-Treasurer Sarah A. Conboy of the United Textile Workers claims it is one of the greatest victories that organization has ever won. She adds: "Great credit is due the Utica Trades and Labor Assembly for their active and earnest interest in this matter."

The strikers are members of the United Textile Workers of America and were forced to suspend work when the New York Mills corporation refused to recognize their demands, treat with their union or submit differences to arbitration.

The corporation used the usual method of coercion, ejection from company houses and the importation of gunmen and thugs to intimidate the workers. One of the union's organizers was kidnapped and badly beaten by company thugs.

Attempts were made to break the strike through an appeal to national prejudice. The homes of these workers are the regulation company houses and rent for same was taken from the meager envelopes of operatives. Evictions in defiance of the customary notice provided by law were common.

Against these practices the textile workers struck, and for the first time showed their power through trade union methods.

MOLDERS WANT AN INCREASE.

Manchester, N. H., November 10.—The members of the Molders' Union have been on strike for two weeks as result of the employers refusing to advance wages 50 cents per day and recognize the union.

BIG INCREASE IN NUMBER OF CHARTERS ISSUED

During the period between July 15 and October 15 the American Federation of Labor has issued charters to 120 affiliated unions. This is the largest number that has probably ever been issued in a corresponding three months since its organization.

Of this number there were issued between July 15 and August 15 charters to the following unions: Two to central bodies, twenty-seven to trade unions and eight to federal unions.

From August 15 to September 15 the increase was: Five central bodies, thirty-three trade unions and twelve federal unions.

From September 15 to October 15 there were added ten central bodies, twenty-three trade unions and ten federal unions.

In adition to these charters were issued to the International Jewelry Workers' Union and the Bricklayers, Masons and Plasterers' International Union.

There is no diminution in the number of applications for charters coming in, and unless some unforeseen condition develops there is a strong probability that the number will increase rather than diminish for some time to come.

The fact seems to be pretty well fixed in the minds of many thousands of workers that there is no possible hope of maintaining the conditions now prevailing governing the shorter work day and wages outside a strong, militant union. That thought is irrevocably impressed on the minds of the workers and will, no doubt, impel them to seek such action as will lead to the only logical way of securing protection and curb the insatiable demands of employers for more profits and increased dividends—the organization of a strong union.

During the period of time under consideration the affiliated national and international unions have probably issued charters to an equal number of new unions.

MACHINISTS WIN EIGHT HOURS.

St. Louis, November 10.—The 600 machinists employed by the Emerson Electric Manufacturing Company have been granted the eight-hour day at the same rate of pay as was received for the longer hours. The agreement conceded to the Machinists' Union goes into effect on November 15.

PROGRAM IS MAPPED OUT

Baltimore Body Will Entertain Delegates to Convention.

Preparations are complete for the entertainment of the visiting delegates to the annual convention of the American Federation of Labor, which will be held in Baltimore, Md., starting Monday. Ample funds have been collected from the various local bodies to carry this convention through to success.

From present indications, President Ferguson of the Baltimore Federation of Labor and the Maryland State and District of Columbia Federation of Labor stated, this gathering will be the largest and most successful ever held by trade unionists. An elaborate program of festivities has been arranged for the visiting delegates, which includes oyster roasts, athletic carnivals, balls, smokers and theater parties.

The coming week will be one of entertainment. On Monday night the convention will be opened by a service to be given by Cardinal Gibbons and Bishop Murray. On Tuesday night a smoker will be given to the visiting delegates at Moose Hall, and on Wednesday night the Moving Picture Operators will hold a ball at the Lyric. There will be an entertainment at Hazazer's Hall on Thursday and on Saturday night an athletic carnival will be held at Albaugh's Theater. The week of entertainment will be brought to a close by a big oyster roast on Sunday, which will be given at Dixon's Park. It is expected that more than 2,000 unionists will attend this roast.

The wives and daughters of the visiting delegates will be taken care of. Committees of women appointed from local unions will see that they will not want for entertainment.

The Hotel Rennert has been selected as the headquarters of the officials of the A. F. of L.

The Label and Metal Trades Department of the Federation held its convention this week in Moose Hall. The convention of the Building Trades Department will start on November 27 and run for a week.

GIVEN IMPROVED SCHEDULE.

Winnipeg, Manitoba, November 10.—The new schedule which has been accepted and is now in force between the federated shopmen and the Canadian government railroads, which extends from Prince Island to Winnipeg, is as follows:

The minimum rates agreed upon in the various trades are: Machinists, 48 cents; boilermakers, 48 cents; blacksmiths, 51 cents; carmen, 40 cents; pipefitters, 42 cents; pattern makers, 46½ cents. These rates apply west of Cochurane. In the general rules or conditions there has been very general improvements, so marked, indeed, that the government lines men can claim to be a little ahead of the Canadian Pacific in their terms of employment.

BOYS AND GIRLS WIN STRIKE.

New York, November 10.—Eight hundred boys and girls employed in the necktie industry have been on strike for several days. An adjustment has been reached between representatives of the union they organized and the National Men's Neckwear Association, and the youngsters have returned to work, having secured a reduction in hours and increased wages. The hours hereafter will be fifty-four per week and time and a half for overtime. Minimum wages for all members of the union will be $6 per week.

RAISED 50 CENTS A THOUSAND.

Jackson, Mich., November 10.—Cigarmakers' Union has adopted a new scale of prices, which calls for 50 cents a thousand on all straight work and $1 for needle tucks, royal shapes and perfectos. The new scale went into effect Monday last.

400 MEMBERS OF BUILDING TRADE GET WAGE BOOST

Denver, Col., November 10.—With the signing of an agreement last week between the boss plaster contractors of Denver and Building Laborers Union No. 1 for a wage increase of 25 cents a day for that class of labor, the record gained by this hustling organization during the present year registers 50 cents per day for each member employed. There are about 400 members of the Building Laborers' Union, so that the increase gained for these workers through their organization is quite substantial. There are thirty-five plaster contractors of the city who signed the agreement.

The present schedule of wages fixed by the Building Laborers' Union is as follows: Brick carriers for bricklayers, $3.50 per day of eight hours; mortar carriers, for bricklayers, $3.75 per day; hod carriers for plasterers, $4.00 per day. This schedule represents an increase of 50 cents all along the line since the first of this year. The new agreement covering this schedule extends until January 1, 1918.

LAW TO FIT THE CASE.

Oklahoma City, November 10.—The theater strike in progress here for two months reached a crisis recently, when the city commissioners passed an ordinance prohibiting picketing in front of public buildings.

The penalty for violation is a fine of not less than $10 nor more than $50 and confinement for not exceeding thirty days, or both.

Commissioner Street and Mayor Overholser are both owners of theaters, Street's theater being affected by the strike.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., NOVEMBER 10, 1916.

ELECTION AFTERMATH.

Teddy says "Bully!" So say we.

New York was not the whole thing this time.

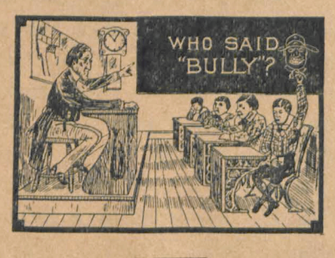
There's many a slip 'twixt the first and home base.

LABOR'S NON-PARTISAN ATTITUDE.

President Wilson will probably be assigned the arduous task of tossing the ball at the opening of the season here in 1917.

As the good Lincoln was reviled in his campaign for re-election, so was Mr. Wilson, but in each instance the people, who cannot be fooled all the time, came to the rescue.

THE SCHOOLMASTER PRESIDENT.



The political acrobats who climbed on the band-wagon (as they supposed) with the first returns on Tuesday night, fell off on Wednesday and landed "on the fence" Thursday. Now nervously awaiting developments.

WAVERERS WORTHLESS.

The power to decide firmly and quickly strikes at the very marrow of ability. The world is ever looking for the man who has this power, with whom action follows on the heels of decision. The vacillating, wavering man, the man who doesn't know his own mind, who is always reconsidering, waiting for more favorable moment to act, will never set the world on fire. He will never achieve important victories. It is the man of decision and quick action who carries things before him. The vacillating man, however able in other respects, is pushed aside in the race of life by the decisive, determined man, who knows what he wants to do and does it.

No reduced railroad rates were granted for the annual meeting of the A. F. of L. at Baltimore.

RESOLUTIONS UNANIMOUSLY ADOPTED BY THE CENTRAL LABOR UNION OF WASHINGTON, D. C., ON MONDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 2, 1916.

Whereas the law regulating the assessment of land and improvements provides "that hereafter all real estate in the District of Columbia subject to taxation, including improvements thereon, shall be assessed at not less than two-thirds of the true value thereof, and shall be taxed 1½ per cent of the assessed value"; and

Whereas under the present system of taxation the enormous increase of land values, due entirely to the growth of the community, is monopolized by a comparatively small number of the people; and

Whereas an assessment of 1½ per cent on the true land values in the District would produce sufficient revenue to meet the District's share of expenses for the upkeep and beautification of the National Capital; and

Whereas the effect of relieving improvements from taxation and raising the public revenues by a tax on land values would be to encourage the building of more and better homes and business houses, to take from the land its speculative and monopoly value, and thereby enable many more of our people to secure homes of their own or lower rents than under the present unjust and unscientific system of taxation: Therefore

Resolved, That the Central Labor Union of the District of Columbia is opposed to the present system of taxation and against the tax on personal property, but favors a tax on land values exclusive of improvements, on franchises, on banks, on incomes, on inheritances, and on such business as it may be deemed wise to tax for the public welfare.

Resolved, That it is the sense of the Central Labor Union that the law regulating the assessment of real estate in the District of Columbia should be so amended as to authorize and direct the removal of the present assessment on improvements at the rate of not less than 10 per cent each year until the tax thereon is entirely removed; and that the percentage of value removed from improvements each year be transferred to land values.

Resolved, That the Central Labor Union favors annual rather than biennial assessments of real estate, for the reason that many of the glaring inequalities which develop under the latter system could be remedied in one instead of two years.

DESPAIR HAS NO PLACE IN UNIONISM.

Is there any room in the trade union movement for the apostle of depressing effect? There surely is not, and the less teaching of this kind that we have the better it is for labor.

There are a few men and women in the ranks of organized labor who seem to thrive on preaching the gospel of despair. They never fail to tell you of the starvation of working men, women and children and the terrible wreck that is wrought upon humanity by those in control of the various forces of society. These men and women see no good in life. They do not hear the singing of the birds; they do not see the beautiful sunshine and enjoy the days that are made for humanity's sake.

The real trade unionist is a confirmed optimist, going about preaching the gospel of hope and as he goes through life, spreading flowers along the pathway. Far better, my friends, that we help one lone struggling being here than to let him to his fate and blame his as well as our own shortcomings upon the system of today.

And why shouldn't the trade unionist feel happy? There is no institution in America that has and is doing as much for downtrodden humanity as the trade union movement of our country, as exemplified by the American Federation of Labor. Over 2,000,000 men and women, yes, coming toward the three-million mark, doing everything they can, every minute they live, for the betterment of mankind. And the year 1916 has been a great one for organized labor. This giant of brawn and muscle is fast becoming that intellectual being that will break the chains of the past and bring about the enjoyment of the blessings of today through education and organization.

No ideal of the people is brought forth that is not championed by the trade union movement. No institution is so class-conscious as the trade unions which go to make up the great American labor movement.

On every side wages have been increased, hours shortened and some great fundamental finally worked out. And no organization affiliated with the American Federation of Labor has enjoyed greater blessings than the United Mine Workers of America. At the New York joint conference an advance in wages, giving our people millions of dollars, was secured. That great fundamental for which men have bled and died for on the industrial field and for which they have been driven back in defeat in the legislative halls of our country since the inception of the coal mining industry, was forever established on the entire North American continent. This wonderful victory established at the conference table without an industrial battle was surely one of the greatest in the annals of our organization.

Yet we did not stop in our onward march. For more than fifty years the anthracite miners have hoped and dreamed of the time when the eight-hour day would be theirs. In recent years two titanic industrial struggles took place in this field, but the miners were forced to stack their arms for the time being and await that great day. It finally came. When the great metropolitan newspapers were saying no, when the apostles of despair everywhere were decrying the efforts of those we trusted with the destiny of the anthracite miners. Yes, that day was ushered in, again at conference in New York, where the operators, swayed by the powerful argument and sound logic of the miners' representatives, were forced by intelligent reasoning to yield the eight-hour day.

With all these marvelous achievements of our grand and glorious movement there can be no room in the organization for the destroyer of confidence. No, my friends, the trade union movement is made up of workers, not shirkers, men and women with red blood in their veins who do not cry in despair over their failures of yesterday, but who have the courage to fight on for achievement today and for the victories of tomorrow.

At no time could you feel prouder of the fact that you are a trade unionist than today. This is the era of true unionism. Let us go on and on teaching the gospel of hope, strengthening our organization and making life better, brighter and sweeter.—Van Bittner, in United Mine Workers' Journal.

Carpenters of Columbia, S. C., recently received an advance of 5 cents per hour.

The Laundry Workers' International Union has a membership of 4,300 in eighty locals.

The Trade Union Liberty League has started a campaign to double its membership in Wisconsin.

The strike of 4,300 packing house employees in East St. Louis resulted in a victory for the workers.

A child born after the death of its father by industrial accident is entitled to compensation in Pennsylvania.

Carpenters and cabinet workers of Minneapolis have reduced their initiation fee and expect to take on 500 new members within the next thirty days. Unions are under way of shoe repairers, federal employees, jewelry workers and window washers.

The average total family income, including women and children, is between $700 and $800 a year in the United States, according to statistics given out by the American Society for Thrift.

There is no easy way. Freedom and rights come as a result of organization and struggle. They can be maintained only through organization, eternal vigilance, and, above all else, preparedness for defense.

The idea of men who pay the dues to keep up the union organizations being asked to work with those who will not organize, yet expect and do share in the advantages of unionism, is unworthy of passing consideration.

While organized labor has agitated for and secured shorter hours of labor, higher rates of wages, and has vastly improved the industrial conditions of the army of toilers, it has also championed those principles of reform that must inevitably evolve a wider and freer social atmosphere.

Every year that passes finds the hosts of labor ever combining in greater and greater force, with added power, as unity slowly develops among them. Open shop declarations, injunctions, anti-picketing ordinances and other like methods of the employers, only tends to help in the work of organization.

ESTABLISHED 1865 — 51 YEARS IN BUSINESS

CHRISTIAN XANDER'S

Famous Prepared Cocktails

Made of the Finest Ingredients. $1 a Bottle. Only at

909 7th Street, Northwest.

No Branch Houses. Phone M. 274

MEATS — GROCERIES — FISH

Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the

OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.

930 La. Ave. N. W. — 1111 H Street N. E.
8th & E Sts. S. E. — 1632 N. Capitol Street
31st & M Sts. N. W. — 3418-20 Ga. Ave. N. W.
7th & Q Sts. N. W. — 14th & U Streets N. W.
1778 U Street, N. W. — 7th and B Streets N. E.
7th & H Street N. E. — 3113 14th Street, N. W.
726 7th St. N. W. — 1440 P St. N. W.
2002-2004 Ga. Ave. N. W.

POULTRY — BREAD — PRODUCE

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF THE UNITED BREWERY WORKMEN OF AMERICA
Union Made Beer — Ale and Porter
COPYRIGHT & TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1903
THIS IS OUR LABEL.

VOTE
Against Prohibition
DEMAND
Personal Liberty
IN CHOOSING WHAT YOU WILL DRINK
ASK FOR THIS LABEL WHEN PURCHASING BEER, ALE OR PORTER.
As A Guarantee That It Is Union Made.

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK
Northwest Corner FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST
LOOK FOR THE CLOCKS
4 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts
COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

THIS SPACE FOR SALE

WASHINGTON BREWERY CO.

IMPERIAL EXPORT

A really fine beer

BANNER COUGH CURE

No matter what "Cough Cure" you may have tried or are trying, you have left a stone unturned if you have not tried BANNER. You are close to relief and cure when you start to take our Cough Syrup for all kinds of coughs, colds, hoarseness, etc. Prepared by F. P. Weller. Price 35 cents.

WELLER'S DRUG STORE
Eighth and Eye Sts. S. E. — 36th and M N. W.

STORAGE — PACKING — FREIGHT HAULING
Merchants Transfer — AND — Storage Company
920-922 E Street Northwest
Phone Main 6900
SHIPPING — MOVING — HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

PHONE MAIN 6079.
Reno Lunch
W. H. WOODCOCK, Proprietor.
625 PA. AVE. N. W.
HOME COOKED FOODS
NEVER CLOSED

CORBY'S DELICIOUS CAKE
10c PER HALF LB.
AT ALL GROCERS

When in Doubt, Buy of
HOUSE & HERRMANN
FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.
N.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W

FIREPROOF CONSTRUCTION
Hammett Fire Proofing Company
301-302-303 Wilkins Bldg.
Phone Main 3337.

PHONE NORTH 2349
DONOVAN'S
FINE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS
2003 14th St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

The only strictly
UNION TAILORING house in the city
M. STEIN & CO.
TAILORS
Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

THE MILTON SCHOOL
Oxford Bldg., 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.
Stenography
Typewriting
English
Spanish
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO BEGINNERS
Now in larger quarters in the Oxford Building, 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.

EXCEPTIONAL VALUES IN ALUMINUM COOKING UTENSILS CHOICE, $1.00 EACH

Aluminum utensils for cooking are recognized as superior to all others. They last indefinitely, are not made useless if food should burn in them. They require less time for cooking. A kitchen can be equipped completely from our large variety of the various utensils.

As an inducement to housekeepers to try these high-grade cooking utensils we offer a variety of pieces for

CHOICE, $1.00

Including Double Cereal Cookers and sets of three useful size Sauce Pans.

Dulin & Martin Co.

Pottery, Porcelain, China, Glass, Silver, &c.

1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St.

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY

Equitable Life Insurance Co.

of the District of Columbia

THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Issues Ordinary and Industrial

Wm. A. Bennett, 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.

EQUITABLE BLD'G. 816 14th ST., N. W.

Black's Alderney and Green Meadow Dairy

Pasteurized and Tubercoline Tested Milk.

Phone N. 1670. Union Dairies.

LANSBURGH & BRO.

"DRY GOODS ONLY"

The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City

420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

Bell Brand Union-Made

COLLARS and SHIRTS

LARGE ASSORTMENT

T. HOLLANDER

North Capitol and H Streets

Takoma Bread

Fresh Three Times Daily

AT ALL GROCERS

Havenner Baking Company

Established 1815

Phone Main 3871

WM. H. HOWLIN

OURAY BUILDING, 801 G ST. N. W.

(Room 404)

Engrossing Resolutions, Diplomas, Charters and Fancy Pen Work of all descriptions.

CELTIC CLUB WHISKEY

Our Specialty

Never Changes. Accept No Substitute
Once Tried You'll Always Use It.

Ports and Sherries for family use, Quarts, 50 and 75 cents. All makes of Beer. Leading brands of Cigars. Ales and Porters on draught the year round.

D. J. O'CONNOR

New Jersey Ave. and G Sts. N.W

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

Thomas H. Miller, Henry Thomas, James C. Johnson, Walter C. Duckett and Arthur Brooks, unskilled laborers, reinstated.

William W. Richardson and Paul A. Sebastian, messengers, reinstated.

Thomas J. Abrams and John A. McMurray, skilled laborers.

Frederick A. Hurt, helper, reinstated.

John E. Smith, monotype keyboard operator, reinstated.

Sumner E. Healy, messenger boy, reinstated.

William E. Smith, temporary skilled laborer.

Eugene A. Dandridge, oiler, reinstated.

Cornelius A. King, skilled laborer, reinstated.

Lawrence J. Rueth, linotype operator, reinstated.

Richard N. Carter, caster helper, reinstated.

James B. Lomack, elevator conductor, reinstated.

Charles S. Bastian, emergency compositor.

Lewis H. Wilson, temporary fireman.

Friedrich Strobel, probationary fireman.

Algie H. Caruthers, temporary compositor.

Separations.

Mrs. Bertha D. Brown, Miss Olive C. Madella, Mrs. Inez L. Jackson, Mrs. Ruth G. Johnson, Miss Alice B. Waddleton, Miss Mayme D. Wilson, Mrs. Edith M. Murray, Miss Mattie B. King, temporary skilled laborers.

William H. Webster, skilled laborer, resigned.

Archie Harrod, temporary skilled laborer, resigned.

Lewis Hobson, unskilled laborer.

Mrs. Mary H. Cook, matron.

Transfers, Etc.

Harold L. Keys, oiler, 30 cents per hour, to skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour, engineer's section.

Karl Lerch, messenger boy, transferred from linotype section (day) to office superintendent of work.

Theodore Johnson, probational messenger boy, transferred from office of superintendent of work to linotype section (day).

SHOPMEN GET AN INCREASE.

Denver, Col., November 10.—At the final conference held in this city between committees representing Division No. 1 of the Railroad Department of the American Federation of Labor and officials of the Denver & Rio Grande system, an agreement was reached as to wages and working conditions. The agreement also covers the shopmen employed by the Moffatt road. It provides for a general standardization of wages, with increases ranging from 1½ to 7½ cents per hour for the various departments of the shop employees. The unions benefiting by the increases are: Machinists, boilermakers, blacksmiths, pipefitters and railway carmen. The painters, not affiliated to the department, are also benefited.

WILL HAVE A WIDE EFFECT.

Peoria, Ill., November 10.—The circuit court has rendered a decision in the case of Edward L. Brown, a miner, against the Brewster & Evan Coal Company, it is believed will have a wide effect on other similar cases involving the application of the Illinois workmen's compensation act.

The decision of the court is to the effect that the compensation of Brown, who was injured and is suing under the provisions of the compensation act, be based on his gross earnings, instead of his net earnings. By net earnings is meant the earnings after the cost of powder, fuses and tools, which are charged to the miner, are deducted from his pay.

FEDERAL EMPLOYES' UNION.

Rock Island, Ill., November 10.—R. E. Peabody, a government employe of San Francisco, has just completed a Federal Employes' Union in this city. Those eligible to membership are civil service employees of the government except they be employed in the post office and in strictly craft occupations. Mr. Peabody is special representative of the national organization and is visiting many of the leading cities of the country. He recently formed new unions in Portland, Seattle, Tacoma, Spokane, Helena, Omaha, Sioux City, Minneapolis and St. Paul.

PRINTERS GET NEW SCALE.

Beaumont, Tex., November 10.—Typographical Union No. 339 has had under advisement the adoption and enforcement of a new job scale for some time. An agreement was finally reached whereby a slight increase will be added each year and continue until January 1, 1921. Commencing January 1 next $1 per week will be added; the second year $1.50, and the third year the same amount, making the total in the three years $4.

THIS TOWN DOESN'T KNOW WHAT A STRIKE MEANS

Warren, Pa., is probably a unique town in this country. While its workers in nearly every trade and industry are organized into strong unions, strikes are unknown there. Labor troubles, in the broad sense of that word, do not figure in the town's industrial activities.

It is, perhaps, the only town where employers are loudly asserting that it pays them to deal with the union, not to overwork their employes and to pay them fair wages.

The clerks recently desired to have the night shifts shortened, which had been about nine and a half hours. In other cities there might have been a strike or forced arbitration, or at least lengthy conferences with the bosses. In Warren it was done differently.

A committee met the merchants' association, the latter willingly receiving it. The union's demands were presented and explained, the matter was discussed while both sides were present, and within two days the merchants announced a reduction of hours, to go into effect within one week.

That is about the way things work in other trades. The union does not always get all it asks for. Often, when the employers are able to show that it would be impossible for them to grant the demands made, a satisfactory compromise is effected without even the thought of having recourse to a strike. It is collective bargaining in its truest sense.

Dissatisfaction has often arisen among the men, but always they have found the employers willing to meet them half way when their demands are reasonable, as they usually are.

HEALTH INSURANCE DATA.

Boston, November 10.—More than $6,000,000 a year is paid by the employers and employees in Massachusetts for some form of health insurance, according to figures in the possession of the special commission on social insurance. The greatest burden is the practice of passing the hat when a worker is injured or ill. At least $2,000,000 is collected annually in the factories and workshops of the state by that method.

The figures have come to the commission in response to a form letter sent out to manufacturers and trade organizations in all parts of the state. Replies have been received from more than 1,500 local labor organizations, while nearly all of the big manufacturing corporations in Massachusetts have also replied.

Those relating to the health insurance paid by the labor organizations reveal many interesting facts, among them being that of the workers, through their trade organizations, pay more than $1,500,000 each year for sick benefits.

The figures as they have been received have caused the commission to direct a great deal of its attention to this phase of the problem presented to it by the legislature, and, as a result, plans are being considered to hold hearings in every city of the state, at which health insurance, old-age pensions and unemployment will be the only matters discussed.

ELECTRICIANS GET INCREASE.

Victoria, British Columbia, November 10.—Electrical Workers' Union No. 230 has secured agreements with the British Columbia Electric Company and the British Columbia Telephone Company, which gives the members substantial increases. The companies, however, are rushing all work with the intention of precipitating a general lay-off. A committee of women is now visiting all parts of the work and suggesting places where women could do the work of men, in which case the men are discharged to make way for the women.

WANT EIGHT-HOUR SHIFTS.

Gloucester, N. J., November 10.—The workers in the employ of Hinde & Dauch Paper Manufacturing Company have tired of working two twelve-hour shifts and demand a reduction to three eight-hour turns. When the demand was presented, a representative of the company advised the committee that its request would be taken under consideration and an answer given in three days. Realizing that that would be playing into the hands of the company, they determined to force the issue and served notice that when the company had made up its mind to grant the demands to advise the committee, and they then left for their homes.

TWO NEW UNIONS ADDED.

Kansas City, Mo., November 10.—The latest additions to the list of unions in this city are the Jewelry Workers, chartered by the International Jewelry Workers' Union, and the Folding Paper Box Workers, chartered by the American Federation of Labor.

New Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits for Hire

WILNER'S

ADVANCED FALL STYLES

The Latest Novelties of the Season . . . $18.50

EVERY UNION MAN OUGHT TO TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THIS OFFER

Not only do we save you $10.00 on every suit you buy, but our workmanship has proven to stand up, to hold its shape, curl nor wrinkle until the garment will last, and we guarantee to last you fully three years.

We are the FIRST and ONLY Union Custom Tailors in this City.

Order Your Suit From

JOS. A. WILNER & COMPANY

COR. 8th and G STREETS NORTHWEST

CORBY'S YEAST

Leaves nothing to guess-work.
Its purity and strength are uniform.
Every baker knows what that means.
Send for samples.

THE CORBY COMPANY

STATION K. WASHINGTON, D. C.

Building Trades Headquarters Sixth and G Sts. N. W

Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rent

WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES, TOBACCO. COSTELLO BROS

THE PLATE PRINTER

Official Organ Plate Printers International Union.

P. J. RYAN, Editor. CHAS. T. SMITH, Assoc. Editor.

Subscription $1.00 Per Year

Telephone 4528 Wash. Loan & Trust Bldg.

Representative Houses

OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

BANKS

THE NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burgler-proof vaults, acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth and New York Avenue

THE WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK
A Bank for the Working People. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account
Ninth and G streets N. W.

UNION SAVINGS BANK. Commercial Accounts. Three per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts. The Oldest Savings Bank in Washington.

MICHAEL T. GREENE
Liquors and Cigars. 639 D St. N. W.

STONER'S BAR AND RESTAURANT
The, G. Stoner. 206 Seventh St.S. W.

J. CHAS. McGUIRE'S BUFFET
Federal Seal Whiskey. 519 Ninth St. N. W.

O'KEEFE'S BUFFET
P. J. O'Keefe, Prop. 904 Pa. Ave. N. W.

GLAVIN'S BUFFET
ED. J. GLAVIN 309 G Street Northwest

OXFORD BUFFET
J. F. SCHRINER 730 14th Street N. W.

FRANK'S BUFFET
Fourth and G Sts., N. W. Phone M. 5572

DAVID WALSH'S BUFFET
407 10th Street N. W.

E. E. FARLEY'S BUFFET
415 13th Street N. W.

J. J. O'DONNELL'S BUFFET
333 Penn. Avenue S. E.

HARRY'S BUFFET
631 Penn. Ave. S. E. Phone Lin. 1843

MACHINIST
G. W. FORSBERG, Formerly with Forsberg and Murray, Elevator Boilers. Eighth and Water Streets S. W. Phone Main 751 and 747

GROCER AND COFFEE ROASTER
SOMERSET R. WATERS, 1342 Seventh st. n.w.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
RALSTON & RICHARDSON, Evans Building, 1420 New York Avenue.
FRANK FULLER Room 421. Munsey Building. Phone Main 1826.

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.
THE SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (INC.) SODA WATER SYRUPS, Etc., 1066 Wisconsin Avenue Northwest.

PHOTO SUPPLIES
E. J. PULLMAN, Developing and Finishing for Amateurs Specialty 420 Ninth Street N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS
MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Avenue Northwest. Our Specialty Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

FIRE INSURANCE
FIREMAN'S INSURANCE COMPANY, Seventh Street and Louisiana Avenue.

DRY GOODS
WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings Hoisery, a specialty. 806-808 H Street N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

UNDERTAKERS
J. WILLIAM LEE
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY
332 Penna. Avenue N. W.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.
THE W. H. BUTLER COMPANY, 607 and 609 C Street N W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT
NATIONAL MORTAR COMPANY, First and M Street, Northeast
COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING COMPANY. 3036 K Street.

DRUGGISTS
CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth Street and Virginia Avenue S. E.
DAY & CO
5th and G Sts. N. W. 14th and P Sts. N. W
20th St. and Rhode Island Ave. N. E.
QUIGLEY, Druggist, Twenty-first and G Streets N. W.
A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner Seventh and P Streets N. W.

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1
Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.

M. J. DUNNIGAN, President.....2007 14 Street N.W.
JOHN G. WOLFE, Vice-President. 1023 N. J. Ave. N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W.

TRUSTEES

Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E.
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E.
Thos. L. Nevins.....504 Maine Avenue S. W.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe,.....1023 N. J. Ave. N. W
J. McElfresh,.....
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E.
A. Tenley.....964 Florida Ave. N. W.
M. Sullivan.....5631-2 15 St. S. E.

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.

Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ARBITRATION COMMITTEE.

M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W.
M. A. Wolfe,.....418 F St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. E.
Joseph Harding.....210 13 St. S. W.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....2006 2nd St. N. W
R. Pumphrey.....223 Q St. N. W.
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W.
Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. W.

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Cap
M. J. McNulty.....467 L St. S

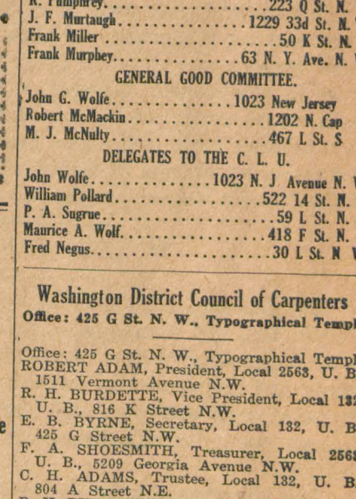
DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.

John Wolfe.....1023 N. J Avenue N. W.
William Pollard.....522 14 St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
Fred Negus.....30 L St. N W.

Washington District Council of Carpenters
Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple
ROBERT ADAM, President, Local 2563, U. B., 1511 Vermont Avenue N.W.
R. H. BURDETTE, Vice President, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
E. B. BYRNE, Secretary, Local 132, U. B., 425 G Street N.W.
F. A. SHOESMITH, Treasurer, Local 2563, U. B., 5209 Georgia Avenue N.W.
C. H. ADAMS, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 804 A Street N.E.
R. H. BURDETTE, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
H. PAGE, Trustee, Local 2563, U. B., 336½ 13th Street N.E.
ROBERT REICHARD, Local 132, U. B., 1720 34th Street N.W.
J. H. RYAN, Local 132, U. B., 1101 11th Street S.E.
FRED HOOK, Local 2563, U. B., 1528 8th Street N.W.
WILLIAM MACKIE, Local 2563, U. B., 216 Seaton Place N.E.

BUSINESS AGENT.
GEO. MYERS, 425 G Street N. W.



Union Station Garage

Guaranteed work on all makes of cars, accessories, second-hand, tires. Storage, $5 up.

Phone, Lincoln 3379.

REAR No. 40 H ST. N.E.

SECRETARY T. F. TRACY DEAD

Was Connected With A. F. OF L. Label Trades Department.

THOMAS F. TRACY.

On the eve of the convention of the Label Trades Department of the American Federation of Labor, death's grim reaper laid its hand on the secretary, Thomas F. Tracy, who died on Saturday, November 4. While his death will come with a shock to his many friends throughout the country, it was not unlooked for amongst his close friends in this city.

Tom Tracy, as he was familiarly known throughout this country in union labor circles, was one of the old war horses of the labor movement, and had been in active harness for more than a quarter of a century. He learned the trade of cigarmaker and early in life took an active interest in the Cigarmakers' Union, being elected to several conventions, and at the time of his death he was the second vice president of the international. He also represented his local in the Boston Central Labor Union for many years, and while a resident of Boston, his native city, he served in the lower branch of the city government for two terms. He left Boston several years ago, coming to Washington to act as a member of the legislative committee for the American Federation of Labor, and when the Label Trades Department was formed he was elected as secretary, which position he held up to the time of his death. He also was one of the delegates to the American Federation of Labor from the International Cigarmakers' Union.

The funeral took place from his late home, 18 Girard street northeast on Wednesday of this week, and several out-of-town labor leaders, as well as all those having their offices in this city, were in attendance. Several of the international officers wired local representatives to represent them at the funeral and to procure suitable floral pieces as a mark of respect. The offices of the American Federation of Labor were closed as a further mark of respect to his memory on the day of the funeral.

TO TEST ADAMSON LAW.

Omaha, Neb., November 11.—Suit has been filed by the Union Pacific Railroad Company in the federal court here to test the constitutionality of the eight-hour law recently passed by Congress, and known as the Adamson act. Thomas S. Allen, United States district attorney, and four Union Pacific trainmen, representing the different railroad brotherhoods, are made parties defendant.

The bill of complaint alleges that the law is unconstitutional, because it is not a proper regulation of interstate commerce, because it violates the guarantees of the fifth amendment to the federal Constitution and because it is unworkable as applied to existing conditions under which the trainmen are operating. The bill of complaint is a printed document of considerable size and contains copies of all the schedules under which the trainmen work.

MAXIMUM RATE OF PAY FOR D. C. LABORERS.

Revoking their order of March 23, 1915, classifying all laborers in the service of the district whose wages do not exceed $1.75 a day as "laborers," and those whose wages exceed that amount as "skilled laborers," the Commissioners, in order to bring about greater uniformity in the pay of laborers and mechanics, have established a maximum rate of compensation. Until now the rate has varied in various divisions. The change means a slight increase in some departments.

Under the new ruling the following maximum rates will be observed: Per diem laborers, $2; drivers of work wagons, $2; stable boss, $3.50; mechanics, $3.25 upward; blacksmiths, $4.50; bricklayers, $5; carpenters, $4.50; electricians, $4.50; machinists, $4.50; painters, $4; plasterers, $5; plumbers, $4.50; sheet metal workers, $4; steamfitters, $4.50.

MINES NOT RESPONSIBLE.

Pittsburgh, November 11.—Angered over the report that mining companies are responsible in a measure for the present shortage in coal, officials of the Alicia mine, which belongs to W. Harry Brown, has stated that for the most of November their mines had produced 2,259,090 bushels of coal. One hundred and sixty-five miners are employed there, and the October production is a record one for them. Many of the men are voluntarily working overtime, and miners are being sought to further increase the production. All mines in the Pittsburgh district are sure to be working every man they can obtain.

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, F. S. Radman, 134 7th Street N.E.

Bakery Salesmen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secre- Wednesdays of each month at Moose Hall, tary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sunday in each month, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N. W.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. F. Miller, 19 Quincy Place northwest.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets first and third Sunday of the month at the Secretary, T. Guiffre, 908 Pennsylvania ave- Moose Hall, Seventh and G Street Northwest. nue northwest.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 48: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E street southeast.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G Street N. W.

Brotherhood of Railway Carmen of America, Local Union No. 313: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Streets N. E. Secretary, H. A. Chambers, 2113 4th N. E. Meeting nights first and third Tuesdays.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles Hall, Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 1424 W St. N. W., Apt. 22.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhau, 737 10th St. s. e.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wassaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Twelfth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3809 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Paperhangers Hall, 430 Ninth Street N. W., second and fourth Thursdays of the month. Secretary, Edw. B. Finch, 33 P Street N. E.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets every Friday, at 8:00 p.m. Hall, S. E. Cor. Tenth and Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, Jas. P. Lahey, 816 5th street northeast.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and B Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hisle, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Watchmen's Union No. 14964: Secretary, Jas. H. Reed, Cor. Sec., 1228 B street southwest.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

International Brotherhood of Teamsters, Chauffeurs, Stablemen and Helpers of America, Local Union No. 115: Meets the first and third Saturday night of each month, G. A. R. Building, 1412 Pa. ave. Secretary-Treasurer, Kirke C. Sipher, 26 P st. n. e.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Avenue S. E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 Twelfth St. N. E.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, W. N. Huttel, 1430 A St. N. E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday at 1204 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, E. H. Fulton, 1120 E St. S. E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, H. Gundershein, 728 Columbia Road.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third 2665. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Bus. Agt.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month. 922 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Phone Main 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets second Sunday and fourth Friday in each month. Secretary, Albert Bridges 210 L st. s. e.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 420: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m. Secretary, J. A. Whitecar, 2209 Minnesota Ave. S. E.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas. B. Cameron, Bethesda, Md.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Robt. J. Barrett, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month. Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 820 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressman, No. 1: Meets fourth Monday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. E. Blakely, 3527 O St. N. W.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custodian and Janitor, 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, W. P. Cannon, 408 Twelfth St. S. E.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe. 326 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. F. Hickman, 518 Sixth St. N. W.

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Mrs. H. B. Tritipoe, 1737 Willard street N. W., Apt. 20.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10.30 a. m. and 8.30 p. m. Secretary, G. W. Calderhead, Ouray Building, Room 312.

The High School Teachers' Union of Washington, D. C., No. 8: Meets in the Music Room of the New Central High School at 3.30 p. m. the second Tuesday in the months of October, December, February, and May. Secretary, G. J. Jones, Central High School.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle, 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 750 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Friday, Typographical Temple. Secretary, L. Gantt, 57-A Bates Street.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters International Secretary-Treasurer, Jas. E. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G St. N. W. Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth St. N. W.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.

TOBACCO TRUST HAS STRIKE.

St. Louis, November 10.—The 1,500 employees of the Liggett & Myers Company, known as the tobacco trust, are on strike for a 10 per cent wage increase and the reinstatement of a number of the workers who were discharged for attempting to organize a union in the factory. There has been considerable dissatisfaction in the factory for months past and in order to get relief from the continued impositions practiced by the company's representatives and increased wages they attempted to form a union. When that fact was discovered the discharges followed. A large majority of the strikers are women and girls.

PAY INCREASE FOR CAR MEN.

Kansas City, Mo., November 10.—Motormen and conductors of the Kansas City Railways Company, the local street car organization, were told today that an increase of pay of approximately 7 per cent will be given them, starting November 16. The increase is from 1 to 2 cents an hour and the minimum monthly wage is raised from $45 to $55.

NO CARD, NO WORK.

Jackson, Mich., November 10.—The new Polishers' Union which has been organized less than two months has already secured a membership of 100 per cent, and the boys are much elated over their success. It's a case now of "no card, no work" in Jackson from now on.

MOLDERS ON STRIKE.

Birmingham, Ala., November 10.—The employes of the Caldwell & Watson foundry have gone on strike, refusing to continue work with a number of very objectionable nonunion men recently employed by that firm. Until the unfair molders are discharged the men refuse to return to work.

UPHOLSTERERS GET INCREASE.

Winnipeg, Manitoba, November 10.—The Upholsterers' Union has been doing some aggressive and successful work recently and the net results are apparent in the benefits secured. As a result, negotiations were conducted with employers and the scale has been advanced from 42½ to 55 cents per hour, the highest rate ever paid in this section.

CHAUFFEURS MAKE GAINS.

Kansas City, Mo., November 10.—Chauffeurs' Union No. 253 has put in force a new scale and secured the signatures of 95 per cent of all liverymen and undertakers in the city. The membership is nearly 300 and increasing each meeting.

ALL SHOPS NOW UNION.

Seattle, Wash., November 10.—The last nonunion firm in the city has just signed an agreement with the Bridge, Structural and Ornamental Iron Workers' Union. The union now claims to have every worker at that trade in the city a member.

EIGHT HOURS AND 30 PER CENT.

Startle, Minn., November 10.—Three hundred papermakers have won their two years' strike at the plant of the Watab Paper Company, according to George J. Schneider, representative of the Papermakers' Brotherhood. The men secured an eight-hour day, with an increase of 30 per cent in wages over the previous twelve-hour day pay. The papermakers voted to strike two years ago and have been out ever since.

The eight-hour work day and the union scale of wages is now in force all over Minnesota, announced Schneider, every paper mill in the state signing up with the union.

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

J. G. O'DONNELL, President, 122 Sixth St. N. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, Vice-President, 519 M St. S. W.
THOS. W. WOLTZ, Recording Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
G. H. F. DAVIS, Treasurer, 439 Second St. S. E.
W. I. STRATTON, Conductor, 617 Sixth St. N. W.
A. F. MOIRSETTE, Warden, 425 G St. N. W.
GEO. MYERS, Business Agent, 425 G St. N. W.

TRUSTEES.

F. J. NOLTE, 24 Eighth Street N. E.
WM. T. BAUM, 472 I Street N. W.
A. P. TAYLOR, 622 I Street N. E.

DELEGATES TO THE DISTRICT COUNCIL.

R. H. BURDETTE, 1207 L Street N. W.
C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
E. B. BYRNE, 425 G Street N. W.
ROBERT REICHARD, 1720 35th Street N. W.
J. H. RYAN, 1101 Eleventh Street S. E.

DELEGATES TO THE CENTRAL LABOR UNION.

C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
R. H. BURDETTE, 816 K Street N. W.
W. S. HOLLOHAN, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
W. T. BAUM, 474 I Street S. W.
MARK REILEY, 1127 B Street S. E.

RELIEF COMMITTEE.

M. REILLY, 1127 B Street S. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
H. M. BEVILL, Brentwood, Md.
J. T. CLIFT, 4115 Seventh Street N. W.
M.A. FOLEY, 118 Seaton Street N. E.

MILL COMMITTEE.

F. E. KETTNER, 3016 Cambridge St. N. W.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
O. A. CARTER, Rosslyn, Va.

DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE
G. H. F. DAVIS, 439 Second Street S. E.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Meets Every Monday Night

Typographica Temple
423-425 G St. N. W.

Secretary's Address: 1325 E. Capitol St.
Telephone: Lincoln 3955

OFFICERS

N. A. JAMES ..... President
HUGH DIGNEY ..... Vice-President
JOHN B. COLPOYS, Secretary, 1325 E. Capitol St.
JOSEPH E. TOONE ..... Financial Secretary
WM. H. SCHAEFER ..... Treasurer
JOSEPH C. CLARK ..... Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES: Wm. Zell, Mary Ganzhorn, J. L. Considine

COMMITTEES

Executive—Hugh Digney (chairman), N. A. James, John B. Colpoys, J. E. Toone, W. N. Huttel, John R. Hartley.

Legislative—Robert Jones (chairman), John H. Lorch, N. P. Alifas, H. R. Alcorn, E. W. Oyster.

Adjustment—W. N. Huttel (chairman), Jere McCarthy, J. A. McDonald, Ben Spellbring, John G. Schmidt.

Contract—John R. Hartley (chairman), W. H. Schaefer, Hubert Newsom, C. H. Adams, A. J. Ginnelly.

Laws—Dan Hassett (chairman), J. H. Wells, D. J. O'Leary.

Resolutions—J. L. Considine (chairman), Zep S. Pollock, A. J. Kinnell.

Organization—J. E. Toone (chairman), Mary Burkhead, Henry Miller, J. H. Wilson, H. A. Ranier.

Auditing—Mary Ganzhorn (chairman), Marguerite Stewart, E. Wood.

Credentials—M. J. Costella (chairman), J. H. Swain, S. T. Ford.

Lable—E. T. Good,

Press—John B. Colpoys (chairman, N. A. Sprague, B. O'Leary.

Delegates to Baltimore—J. E. Toone (chairman) J. M. Foster, William Zell.

Delegates to Alexandria—H. F. Oehler (chairman). Chas. Allison, L. A. Sterne.

Clothes, Hats and Shoes

The Bieber-Kaufman Co.
901-909 Eighth St. S. E.

Down by the Navy Yard

Washington, D. C.

GEO. D. HORNING,

N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.

LOAN OFFICE

Parker, Bridget & Co.
"The Avenue at Ninth"

Featuring
Extra Value
$15
Suits for Fall

Saks & Company
MEN'S and BOYS' OUTFITTERS
Pa. Ave. & 7th St. Wash., D. C.

Specialists in Apparel for Men and Boys.

BUTLER'S RHEUMATIC and GOUT REMEDY.
A KIDNEY AND HEART TONIC
Manufactured Since 1872 By
BUTLER & FIELD
Third and Indiana Ave. N. W.
Price 50c a bottle. 6 for $2.50
For Sale By Druggists.

LIST OF LIQUOR DEALERS WHO HAVE SIGNED "THE AGREEMENT."

Allen, Paul.....2 N st. n| e.
Allen, John J...807 N. C. Cap st. n. e.
Beirkle, Leopold, - 1245 H st. n. e.
Boyle, William J., 601 Mass. ave n. w.
Castelli, Vincent, 502-504 Ninth st.n.w.
Clark, C. H.....510 9th st. n. w.
Colonial Beach Boat Co.
Costello, Bros.....604 G st. n. w.
Crowley, James J.....702 E st. n. w.
Daly, T. J.....34 H st. n. e.
Daye, Wm. T.....1218 Wisc. ave.
Doyle, Wm. T....1314 Wisc. ave. n. w.
Duffy, James A. -901 1-2 E st. n. w.
Wm. R. Fosbender, 406 Ninth st. n w.
Franey, F. A.....711½ 9th st. n. w.
Frank, Mrs. M. E. - 319 G st. n. w.
Ganey, M.....615 7th st. s. w.
Glavin, Edwin.....309 G st. n. w.
Hannan, Mrs. E.....531 7th st. s. w.
Hanlon, Timothy.....822 H st. n. e.
Kelliher, J. D.....1258 7th st. s. w.
Killeen, John F.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Louis Hodges, - - 407 9th st n. w.
Lynagh, Peter J.....523 7th st. s. w.
Lynch, John.....417 9th st. n. w.
McCarthy, Dennis J., Evans building.
McCarthy, F. J.....910 4½ st. s. w.
McDonald, F. J.....643 Pa. ave. s. e.
McGinniss, H. J., 1001 N. Y. ave. n. w.
McGuire, J. Chas., 519 Ninth st. n. w.
McHough, Martin....1105 H st. n. e.
Milton Schmidt, - 702 7th st. n. w.
O'Connor, D. J.....100 G st. n. w.
O'Connor, Patrick F., 617 D st. n. w.
O'Connor, James.....1429 N. Cap. st.
O'Day, John T. - 921 Ninth st. n. w.
O'Donnell, James J...333 Pa. ave. s. e.
Peter White, - - - 905 D st. n. w.
Raftery, Thomas.....406 H st. n. e.
Raftery, Patrick.....225 11th st. n. e.
Roland, J. H.....511 9th st. n. w.
Scanlon, Daniel,.....103 H st. n. w.
Schroter, Conrad....3258 M st. n. w.
Schltz, Mary T.....607 G st. n. w.
Sheehan, John J., 701 North Cap. st.
Solon, Mary A., - 1003 7th st. e.
Stern, M. M.....601 7th st. n. w.
Stanton, Frank J.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Sullivan, David, 12th and E st. n. w.
Sullivan, John J., 1351 35th st. n. w.
The Casino, Frank Farenkamp (Chesapeake Beach).
Victor Buffet Co., Inc., 7th and G n. w.
Walsh, David, - - 407 10th st. n. w.
Wassman, Henry, 705 Seventh st. n. w.
Wiedeman, Joseph....629 E st. n. w.
William J. O'Leary, 733 North Cap. st.
Wininghler, Harry 631 Pa. ave. s. e.
Wolf, Frank, - 512 12th st. n. w.

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

UNION OPERATOR — LOCAL No. 224 — WASH. D. C. — AFFILIATED WITH CENTRAL LABOR UNION & A. F. of L.

American, 1st st. and R. . ave.n.w.
Apollo, - - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Auditorium, 13th st. and N. Y. ave.n.w.
Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Casino - - - 7th and F Sts. N. W.
Central Park, - 9th St. G & H N.W.
Chelsia Theatre, 19th and M sts. n. w.
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N. W.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Eastern, - - 8th St. bet. F & G S. E.
Elite Theatre, 14th and R. I. ave. n. w.
Empire, - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Fairyland, - 19th and L st. n. w.
Favorite, H St. North Capitol & First
Garden Theatre, 423 Ninth st. n. w.
Gayety Theatre, - 513 9th st. n. w.
Georgia - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
Home Theater, C bet. 12th & 13th n. e.
Liberty Theatre, N. Capitol & P St.
Maryland - - - 624 9th St. N. W.
"M" Street Theatre, M St. near 32nd
Maycroft Park, H St. bet. 6 7, N.E.
Meaders, - - - 8th & G Sts. S. E.
Mid City, - 7th, bet. N and O st. n. w.
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Odeon - - 14th and Church Sts. N. W.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15. N.W.
Orpheum, - - 4th and C st. n. e.
Peerless Park, - 3105 Ga. ave. n. w.
Plaza Theatre - 434 9th st. n. w.
Pleasant Hrr. Park, 12 and C N. E.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Randolpr Park, 1st and Randolph n. w.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
R. I. Theatre, 7th and R. I. Ave. N. W.
Savoy, - - - 14th and Col. Road.
Schuetzen Park, Ga. ave. and Kenyon
Standard Park, Bates, near N. Cap. St.
Strand, - - - - - Ninth and D.
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N. E.
Stanton Park, - - - 219 4th N. E.
Starlight Park, 4 1-2 and K st. n. w.
Surprise Theatre - Alexandria, Va.
The Strand, - - Hopewell, Va.
The Richmond, - - Alexandria, Va.
Truxton Park, N. Capitol & Fla. Ave.
Victoria Theatre, 7th & E Sts. S. W.
Virginia - - - 614 9th St. N. W.

The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXI. NO. 21 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 17, 1916. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

A. F. OF L. OPENS CONVENTION

Baltimore Royally Entertains the Delegates During the Week.

The eyes of the labor world were focused upon Baltimore on last Monday, when the thirty-sixth annual convention of the American Federation of Labor opened its sessions, to continue for at least two weeks.

Invocations by Cardinal Gibbons and Bishop John Gardner Murray, addresses of welcome by state and city officials and a rousing talk by William B. Wilson, Secretary of Labor in President Wilson's cabinet, prefaced the address of Mr. Gompers.

Tremendous applause greeted indirect reference to the election of Woodrow Wilson through the vote cast in the western states. This was made by Robert E. Lee, Mayor Preston's secretary, who presided as chairman of the morning's session.

Governor Harrington was the first speaker, and he advanced to the center of the platform to the strains of "Maryland, My Maryland." He told of the glories of the state and what has been done for the cause of humanity. He was followed by Aristides S. Goldsborough, who substituted with vigor for the absent Mayor and Acting Mayor John Hubert. Before Mr. Goldsborough spoke Miss Helena Peat won an ovation and a huge bunch of chrysanthemums by singing "Baltimore, Our Baltimore."

The presentation of the symbolic key of the city of Baltimore to the delegates was followed by the address of Secretary Wilson, who was heartily welcomed by shouts of "What's the matter with Bill? He's all right!" He characterized the labor movement as the most altruistic in the history of the world, and not self-seeking, as critics have said. He told of the hard fight of labor to have proper representation in the cabinet of the President of the United States.

John H. Ferguson, president of the Maryland State Federation, came after the Secretary. "Work for peace," said he, "though at times you must be ready to fight and keep your eyes on the time when happiness will exist for all."

Then came President Gompers and the applause for him which rocked the big room. He recalled the time when the labor movement was a mere scratch on the surface and when men looked at it askance.

"To belong to a trade union," Mr. Gompers explained, "was to do something which made a man a social outcast, to be looked at askance."

He next told of the slow, upward struggle, during which men worked for the good of their fellow-men and not, as was said, for their personal aggrandizement or pocketbook.

"The only protection that wage-earners have is the right to withhold their labor power—the right to strike. To deprive them of this protection in the name of industrial peace would only result in increasing their feeling of injustice and in converting governmental agencies and institutions into agencies that bind them powerless against employers, however rapacious and inhuman."

The first week of the convention is being devoted to entertaining the delegates and their wives, many of whom are present, and for the work of the committees. The second week will be the one when the actual work of the convention is accomplished. The Baltimore trades unionists have done themselves proud at the great and varied program that they have arranged for the delegates, and the following, for the first week, gives some idea of the hard work that has been accomplished to make the entertainment feature a success:

Monday, November 13—Convention opens in Garden Theater, 114 West Lexington street.

Tuesday afternoon, November 14—Sight-seeing tour.

Tuesday evening, November 14—Smoker, Moose Hall. Something doing from 8 o'clock on. Lady delegates and visitors cared for by local committee of ladies.

Wednesday evening, November 15—Grand ball at the Lyric, given in honor of the A. F. of L. convention by the Motion Picture Operators' Union of Baltimore.

Thursday, November 16—Get-Together night at Hazazer's Hall, the Brotherhood of Iron Shipbuilders being the hosts.

Friday evening, November 17—Theatrical performance at Maryland.

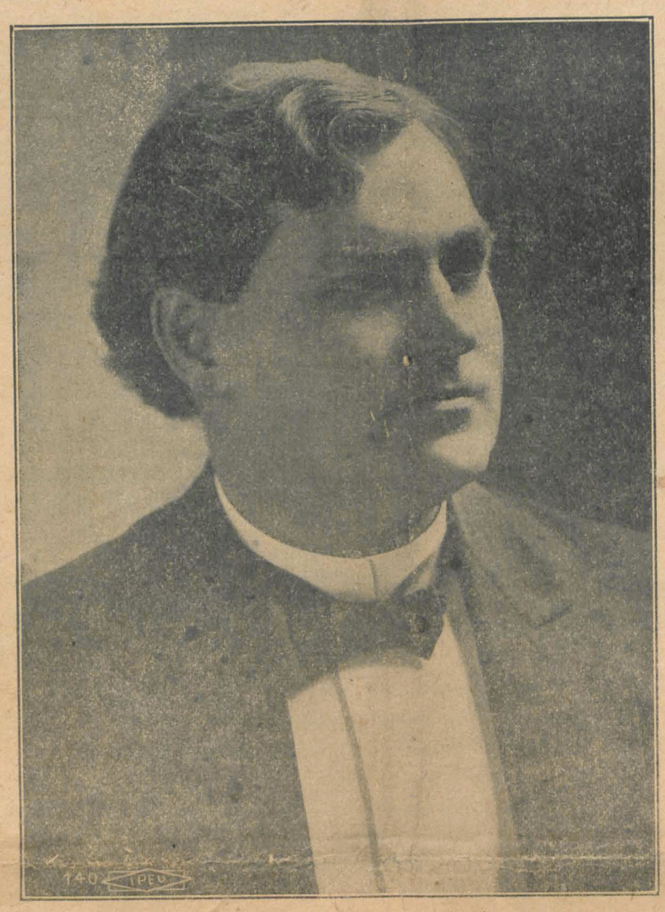
Saturday evening, November 18—Big boxing carnival, Albaugh's Lyceum Theater.

Sunday, November 19—All-day oyster roast, under auspices of Joint Board Brewery Union, Coopers Union No. 32 and Bottle Cap, Cork Stopper Workers Union.

There is talk being heard of opposition to the re-election of Secretary Frank Morrison on the part of J. W. Hays and a few sore heads. That their efforts will prove unavailing, owing to the popularity as well as a recognition of the ability of Secretary Morrison, appears to be the sentiment among most of the delegates.

Several delegates, as well as visitors from Washington, are in attendance at the sessions. Delegate Lorch from the Washington Central Labor Union has been placed on the important committee of Federal Local Unions, and considerable business comes before this committee affecting a number of members affiliated directly with the Federation. Miss Gertrude McNally is representing the woman employes of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing.

MAX HAYES' LATEST "VICTIM."



FRANK MORRISON,
Secretary of American Federation of Labor.

FRANK MORRISON ASSAILED

A. F. of L. Secretary Attacked by Max Hayes.

Because a New York dispatch quoted Frank Morrison, secretary of the American Federation of Labor, as saying that "the employes of the Steel Corporation and of the big packing plants throughout the United States are being organized," Max Hayes, editor of the Cleveland Citizen, attacks the A. F. of L. official, who is charged, together with "some of the voluble A. F. of L. organizers" with "tooting trumpets from the housetops."

The article shows that Max is the same old Max, and, despite the belief of a few trade unionists, the Cleveland editor has not abandoned his old policy of attacking trade union officials who refuse to subscribe to his doctrines.

We do not know whether Frank Morrison made the statement referred to or not, but the ease with which Hayes swallowed the story shows his real feeling toward the "hated capitalist press," especially when a trade unionist is involved. He affects a horror of what he terms "the plute press," except in instances like the present one.

If Max Hayes paid more attention to the trade union movement he would know of the work of the American Federation of Labor in the steel industry and the wage increases the past two years that have been forced from the steel trust as a result of trade union agitation among its unorganized workers.

And if our Cleveland friend followed the trade union movement as closely as he watches opportunities to find fault with A. F. of L. officials, he would know—as does every A. F. of L. official—that no matter what a trade union official said, the steel trust, through its spy system, knows the first move made by organized labor.

Hayes seems to believe that organized labor can "slip something over" on the steel trust, and because the Associated Press, which he has denounced so often, credits Frank Morrison with saying something that every unionist—and the steel trust—knows, he snarls as of yore against a man who has been elected unanimously secretary of the American Federation of Labor for twenty consecutive years.

When a "labor" editor talks of organizing the steel trust without the steel trust knowing anything of it, he is about ready for an examination by brain specialists.

If Max Hayes can't find anything or any one to attack but Frank Morrison, sterling trade unionist, we suggest that he discuss the government's weather predictions.

POST OFFICE CLERKS WANT THE EIGHT-HOUR DAY

New York, November 17.—In a letter to President Wilson, made public recently, Thomas F. Flaherty, secretary and treasurer of the National Federation of Post Office Clerks, entered a protest against working post office clerks more than eight hours a day. The letter calls the attention of the President to the fact that a law passed by Congress provided that clerks shall not be required to work more than eight hours a day within ten hours, and for working in excess of this are to be paid overtime in proportion to their salaries.

"This law contemplated that only in emergencies shall more than eight hours be required," Mr. Flaherty said in his letter. "Yet in many of the large post offices, notably New York, Chicago, Boston and Cleveland, the clerks are forced daily and nightly to work ten, eleven and even twelve hours."

WON SHORTER HOURS.

Hamilton, Ontario, November 17.—The strike of the structural iron workers at the Hamilton Bridge Works has been satisfactorily settled. A nine-hour day was involved and the company after considerable negotiation granted the demand. The men have been out since the first of September.

MINERS' WAGES BOOSTED.

Fairmont, W. Va., November 17.—Ten thousand bituminous coal miners in this region were today officially notified that their wages had been advanced 10 per cent, the increase to become operative at once.

NEW YORK STRIKES COST MORE THAN A MILLION

New York, November 17.—During September and October the strike of street railway employes caused the passenger revenue of the New York Railways Company, operators of surface trolley lines, to drop $1,047,420 below the amount derived from this source in the same period of 1915, according to a statement published by the company.

There were 23,689,919 fewer fares carried during that period than during the same two months of a year ago. A large proportion of this number used the subway and elevated lines, which showed an increase in receipts of nearly $1,000,000.

ADOPTED A NEW SCALE.

Philadelphia, November 17.—Typographical Union No. 2 adopted a new scale which became effective November 1 in the book and job offices and contains the following provisions: Day work shall not be less than $21 per week; night work not less than $23 per week for hand composition. Day machine operators shall receive $23 per week, and night operators, $25. All overtime shall be at the rate of time and one-half. The scale runs until November 1, 1917.

SCALE NOW $7 A DAY.

San Antonio, Tex., November 17.—The Plasterers' Union has notified the contractors that on and after the first day of November the day wage will be $7 per day. This is to place the San Antonio scale in keeping with the scale paid all over the state of Texas.

MILL MEN GET A 50-50 AWARD.

Denver, Col., November 17.—The state industrial commission has rendered a decision in the mill carpenters' demands for a wage increase which it alleges is equal to 5 cents an hour and an eight-hour day. The men interested declare the award to be a sort of a fifty-fifty decision.

The demand for an increase is denied, while the commission favors the eight-hour day, recommending that for the next six months the mill men work eight and a half hours for the present nine-hour pay, and then permanently establish the eight-hour day at the same rate of pay, which averages in the Denver mills about 40 cents per hour. The commission holds this will be equivalent to a wage increase of 12½ per cent.

The union has not yet determined whether it will accept the finding of the commission.

INCREASE FOR CAR MEN.

Kansas City, Mo., November 17.—Motormen and conductors of the Kansas City Railways Company, the local street car organization, were told that an increase of pay of approximately 7 per cent will be given them, starting November 16. The increase is from 1 to 2 cents an hour and the minimum monthly wage is raised from $45 to $55.

FIRED FOR JOINING A UNION.

Birmingham, Ala., November 17.—The bakery workers organized a union with a charter from the Bakers' and Confectionery Workers' International Union, and among those composing the new body were some employes of the American Baking Company, which also operates bakeries in the cities of Jacksonville, Fla.; Atlanta, Ga., and Chattanooga, Tenn. There are no unions in the three last-named cities. All employes of the American Baking Company were discharged as soon as the management was made aware of their membership in the union.

CARPENTERS TO GET $4 A DAY.

San Antonio, Tex., November 17.—Beginning with the first day of October, the union carpenters of this city have been receiving $4 for an eight-hour work day. The raise from $3.60 to $4 per day went into effect without any friction and all the union contractors readily agreed to pay the increased scale.

BARTENDERS SCALE ENFORCED.

Springfield, Ohio, November 17.—The new wage scale adopted by the Bartenders' Union is being enforced in all the cafes. It calls for an $18 minimum, and is a decided improvement over the indifferent rate that had been paid heretofore.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF UNITED TRADES AND LABOR COUNCIL OF WASHINGTON, D.C. & FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., NOVEMBER 17, 1916.

TRADE UNION HEALTH INSURANCE.

By SAMUEL GOMPERS, in American Federationist.

Every organization that assumes responsibility for sick and death benefits at once opens up even a larger problem. These benefits can be made less onerous financially by instituting preventive measures, the constructive side, or the preventive of disease. The chief agency for disease prevention is the dissemination of information. All too many of our people are ignorant of the fundamental facts of hygiene and disease prevention. There are in every trade special dangers to life; some of these are inherently a part of the process of production, and others can be readily eliminated by a little planning and forethought or the use of improved devices by employers.

If the workers themselves have sufficient information to make demands upon their employers, they can do much to create conditions that are conductive to good health. If they are sufficiently alert to their own interests to make demands upon public health authorities that these authorities supply them with necessary information as to industrial and physical hygiene, there will be readily available a considerable amount of literature on the subject that will go a long way toward eliminating the present general ignorance.

There is another matter that ought to be seriously considered by local unions. Benevolent employers and many associations interested in general health and hygiene have urged that the various companies employ health experts or company doctors. These men become the agents of the company, and while they are in a position to perform necessary and benignant work for workers, yet their function can be readily manipulated and made deleterious to the best interests of the wage-earners. It is not necessary to tell wage-earners the relationship that may exist between compulsory physical examination and discrimination in the matter of employment or furnishing reasons for dismissal. But the matter of physical examination of employes is of fundamental importance in informing these employes of incipient disease or physical weakness that may later develop into something serious. Physical examinations occurring at regular periods in addition to disclosing physical weakness, will develop valuable information throwing light upon industrial efficiency and its necessary relationship with good health and sound body, and upon occupational diseases.

The workers should have some kind of medical advice and supervision from health experts. In order to make this institution purely beneficial, the workers, through their trade unions, may employ such expert advice. Several plans are worth consideration. Large local unions could employ their own physician and pay him a fixed sum as retaining fee, with additional fees in case of sickness of members. These additional fees might be paid by the union or by the individuals as experience would indicate the wiser method. In smaller localities, one physician might be sufficient to serve a local central body. Arrangements might be made with some institute which has the services of the best equipped experts of the country, and because of the great numbers it serves, its benefits secured by individuals at small expense. In some trades in which the dangers to the health of workers are most hazardous, the union has for some time employed its own physician, and has assisted its members in preventing the development of disease. In order to make available to members of trade unions the best information on physical and industrial hygiene, it is recommended that all unions, at regular fixed periods, have their health advisers make talks to the union, giving them specific information upon matters relating to either physical or industrial hygiene. Such advice as this would go a long way to enlighten wage-earners how to take care of themselves; how to conserve their own bodies and power to produce, and thus enable them to ward off diseases.

Proposals to force upon the workers social insurance of a compulsory nature have now taken such shape that unless the wage-earners protect themselves and establish their own devices, they will find themselves overwhelmed by state regulation and administration. We urge that all trade organizations take up this matter for serious consideration and definite action in the near future.

We can't see any reason for fighting against women entering business and the trades. All that seems necessary is to insist on the same remuneration for women as men, under similar conditions, and this will hold things at normal.

The Union Label has its use and should be recognized as a useful symbol. Where you see the Union Label you know that the article has been manufactured under improved conditions, and that the wages paid are recognized as fair, if not fully what they should be.

To make The Trades Unionist of value in the organization work in this city, it is necessary that its editor get the news and print it in a way that it may prove helpful to the craft. Every man and woman interested in organized labor is invited to contribute news.

First steps in an attempt to solve the Japanese labor problem on the Pacific coast have been taken with the formation of nine Japanese labor unions to affiliate in a separate Japanese labor council in San Francisco. The movement will be extended throughout California, Oregon and Washington.

ASSAILS LABOR INJUNCTIONS.

Courts, judges and the law of precedent were assailed by John Frey of Cincinnati, editor of the Molders' Journal, in an address before the thirty-fourth annual convention of the Illinois State Federation of Labor. His address was an attack on the injunction as applied in labor disputes. The salient points were:

"It is my opinion that the organized employers, hostile to labor, have been involved in many illegal conspiracies against labor. They are always ready to cry 'Stop thief' to distract attention from their conspiracies and to crucify us in the public mind.

"It is a wonderful system of law and courts that we have in this country. There is a constitution for the union and a constitution for the separate states. Both the United States and the states have power. We allow the judges of the supreme courts to pass on laws that we ourselves make. If the laws do not suit the judges they declare them unconstitutional.

"We are governed by judges as much as by law. All efforts of good and bad men as legislators have been changed by the power the judges have assumed. Judges become the final law determining body and determine what shall and what shall not be done in cases which should be determined by the laws of the country. The judge-made law puts a millstone around the neck of labor and drags it down.

"You will never know what an injunction can do until it takes you by the neck, takes all rights away from you and throws you into jail. Cats make laws for the mice in the courtroom. One group is given the rights and is supported in being given the rights by the court, but labor is not given these and must suffer the punishments that the courts may inflict.

"In recent months we have been denied the right in Illinois to give financial support to men, or their families, on strike in Chicago. If we do we will be thrown into jail for contempt of court. In Illinois, Tennessee and West Virginia and other states where injunctions have been issued we cannot organize our men without being thrown into jail on the same charge. This action by the courts is an invasion of our most fundamental rights as American citizens."

International and Great Northern shopmen in Texas recently got a wage increase amounting to about $100,000 a year.

St. Louis Journeymen Barbers' Union has prepared a new wage scale, which provides for a minimum of $14 a week and 60 per cent of receipts over $22.

President Benjamin Schlesinger of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union was re-elected at the concluding session of the annual convention, held recently.

The Western Federation of Miners will hereafter be known as the International Union of Mine, Mill and Smelter Workers. The change of name was sanctioned by referendum vote.

Every boost for The Trades Unionist will be a boost for you and your own organization. This paper is ready and willing to do the publicity work that your union needs; you can help by contributing to its columns.

Chicago street car men have placed an assessment of $1 a month on each of the members of the union to aid the striking carmen of New York. The assessment will be paid as long as the New York strike lasts. It will amount to about $15,000 monthly.

How the plutocrats do hate Henry Ford. Henry's crime consists in giving his men a fair wage—which was much greater than his competitors were paying, or wished to pay. Now he has committed a second crime in giving women the same pay as men—when they perform the same labors. Still Henry's dividends are much higher than those paid by these carping competitors.

WON THEIR DEMANDS.

Jersey City, N. J., November 17.—The "strike and win" slogan with which 800 employes of the Crucible Steel Company walked out prevailed against the corporation's efforts to break the strike. In three days they returned to work, having gained their demand for 10 per cent more wages and the removal of an objectionable foreman.

DAYLIGHT MILK DELIVERIES.

Seattle, Wash., November 17.—After negotiations covering several months the milk dealers and the members of Milk Drivers' Union have finally reached an agreement that will permit of the drivers to make deliveries in daylight. There was no other question involved. San Francisco, Oakland, Boston and several other large cities are having deliveries made in the same way.

TEN PER CENT MORE PAY.

Peoria, Ill., November 17.—Electrical Workers' Union has signed up an agreement with the Central Illinois Light Company, which provides for an increase of 10 per cent and improved working conditions. The new agreement, which is already in effect, covers all linemen, trimmers, setters, maintenance men, trouble men and foremen of the line work.

INCREASE FOR CIGAR MAKERS.

Springfield, Ohio, November 17.—Following the adoption and enforcement of the new wage scale, all members of the Cigar Makers' Union were given an increase by the manufacturers, no difficulty being encountered in securing it. It is the first advance in wages for several years.

NEW UNION AUTO MAKERS.

Dallas, Tex., November 17.—A new Automobile, Carriage and Wagon Workers' Union has been organized here with a membership of more than 200. It is the first union of the kind in this section, and it is claimed that in the near future there will be few workers outside its folds, as the boys are enthusiastic and constantly on the job.

NEW BOTTLE BLOWERS' UNION.

Danville, Ill., November 17.—William Connolly, an executive officer of the Glass Bottle Blowers' Association, organized Branch 119, with a membership of all the blowers in the city. The trade is now very busy and the employers are experiencing difficulty in securing blowers to fill the orders now on the books.

GIVEN TEN YEARS.

San Francisco, November 17.—Homer Waters, a colored strikebreaker, who on June 18, the first day of the stevedores' strike on the water front, shot and killed Thomas Olson, a striking stevedore, was sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary at San Quentin by Judge Parker, sitting for Judge Dunne.

BARBERS SEEK INCREASE.

Paterson, N. J., November 17.—The barbers struck when the bosses refused to grant an increase in pay. Two hundred left their chairs. Several weeks ago they won their demand for shorter hours and half holiday each week. Twenty bosses have already conceded the demands and indications seem to be favorable for an early adjustment with those who are still holding out.

ESTABLISHED 1865 — 51 YEARS IN BUSINESS

CHRISTIAN XANDER'S

35 Foreign and Domestic Whiskies

Largest and Most Select Stock in the Country. Only at 909 7th Street, Northwest.

No Branch Houses. Phone M. 274

MEATS — GROCERIES — FISH

Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the

OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.

930 La. Ave. N. W. — 1111 H Street N. E.
8th & E Sts. S. E. — 1632 N. Capitol Street
31st & M Sts. N. W. — 3418-20 Ga. Ave. N. W.
7th & Q Sts. N. W. — 14th & U Streets N. W.
1778 U Street, N. W. — 7th and B Streets N. E.
7th & H Street N. E. — 3113 14th Street, N. W.
726 7th St. N. W. — 1440 P St. N. W.
2002-2004 Ga. Ave. N. W.

POULTRY — BREAD — PRODUCE

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF THE UNITED BREWERY WORKMEN OF AMERICA
Union MADE Beer — Ale AND Porter
COPYRIGHT & TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1903
THIS IS OUR LABEL.

VOTE Against Prohibition DEMAND Personal Liberty IN CHOOSING WHAT YOU WILL DRINK

ASK FOR THIS LABEL WHEN PURCHASING BEER, ALE OR PORTER.

As A Guarantee That It Is Union Made.

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK

Northwest Corner FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST

LOOK FOR THE CLOCKS

4 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts

COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

THIS SPACE FOR SALE

WASHINGTON'S LARGEST PRINTING PLANT DEVOTED TO COMMERCIAL WORK

THE LAW REPORTER PRINTING COMPANY

COMMERCIAL PRINTERS AND STATIONERS

518-520 FIFTH STREET N.W. WASHINGTON, D. C.

TELEPHONE MAIN 828 — F. B. CROWN, MANAGER — TELEPHONE MAIN 828

WASHINGTON BREWERY CO.

IMPERIAL EXPORT

A really fine beer

BANNER COUGH CURE

No matter what "Cough Cure" you may have tried or are trying, you have left a stone unturned if you have not tried BANNER. You are close to relief and cure when you start to take our Cough Syrup for all kinds of coughs, colds, hoarseness, etc. Prepared by F. P. Weller. Price 35 cents.

WELLER'S DRUG STORE

Eighth and Eye Sts. S. E. — 36th and M N. W.

When in Doubt, Buy of

HOUSE & HERRMANN

FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.

N.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W

STORAGE — PACKING — FREIGHT HAULING

Merchants Transfer — AND — Storage Company

920-922 E Street Northwest

Phone Main 6900

SHIPPING — MOVING — HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

FIREPROOF CONSTRUCTION

Hammett Fire Proofing Company
301-302-303 Wilkins Bldg.
Phone Main 3337.

PHONE MAIN 6079.

Reno Lunch

W. H. WOODCOCK, Proprietor.

625 PA. AVE. N. W.

HOME COOKED FOODS NEVER CLOSED

PHONE NORTH 2349

DONOVAN'S

FINE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS

2008 14th St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

CORBY'S DELICIOUS CAKE

10c PER HALF LB.

AT ALL GROCERS

The only strictly

UNION TAILORING house in the city

M. STEIN & CO.

TAILORS

Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

THE MILTON SCHOOL

Oxford Bldg., 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.

Stenography
Typewriting
English
Spanish

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO BEGINNERS

Now in larger quarters in the Oxford Building, 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.

Fall Display

—Of New Productions
—in China, Glass,
—Silverware, Etc.

The new fall goods have transformed our various departments, and housekeepers are invited to inspect recent arrivals in rich and attractive

China,
Lamps,
Electroliers,
Gas Portables,
Sterling Silverware,
Fine Plated Tableware,
Art Pottery,
Bric-a-Brac,
Rock Crystal,
Cut Glass,
Gold-Decorated Glassware,
Novelties, Etc.

—the most elegant displays with which we have entered the fall and winter season.

Housefurnishings of the Best at Lowest Consistent Prices.

Dulin & Martin Co.
1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St.

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY

Equitable Life Insurance Co.
of the District of Columbia

THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Issues Ordinary and Industrial

Wm. A. Bennett, 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.

EQUITABLE BLD'G. 816 14th ST., N. W.

Black's Alderney and Green Meadow Dairy
Pasteurized and Tubercoline Tested Milk.
Phone N. 1670. Union Dairies.

LANSBURGH & BRO.

"DRY GOODS ONLY"

The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City

420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

Bell Brand Union-Made
COLLARS and SHIRTS
LARGE ASSORTMENT
T. HOLLANDER
North Capitol and H Streets

Takoma Bread
Fresh Three Times Daily
AT ALL GROCERS
Havenner Baking Company
Established 1815

Phone Main 3871

WM. H. HOWLIN
OURAY BUILDING, 801 G ST. N. W.
(Room 404)

Engrossing Resolutions, Diplomas, Charters and Fancy Pen Work of all descriptions.

CELTIC CLUB WHISKEY
Our Specialty
Never Changes. Accept No Substitute
Once Tried You'll Always Use It.
Ports and Sherries for family use, Quarts, 50 and 75 cents. All makes of Beer. Leading brands of Cigars. Ales and Porters on draught the year round.
D. J. O'CONNOR
New Jersey Ave. and G Sts. N.W

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

Charles Silverman, probationary bookbinder.

Robert T. Stack, probationary bookbinder (machine operator).

Miss Minnie R. Downing, temporary assistant telephone switchboard operator.

James E. Jeffries, skilled laborer, reinstated.

James E. Jeffries, skilled laborer, reinstated.

Separations.

James P. O'Connor, Elizabeth V. Gilliam, Annie M. Jones, Mrs. Lumina N. Keets, Lillie M. Loughery, Mary M. McConnell, Marian K. McLane, Ione S. Mankin, Mrs. Annie B. Parks, May E. Smith, Ada I. Tollinger, Nellie A. Kenney, Mrs. Bertha L. Anderson, Helen L. Brandenberg, Margaret P. Cullen and Miss Olive E. Disney, temporary skilled laborers.

Eli M. Wheat, proofreader.

Gregory J. Bussink, probationary messenger boy, resigned.

John A. Held, painter.

PROGRESS IS MADE.

Bellingham, Wash., November 17.—State Factory Inspector C. M. Strand, in addressing a meeting of the Central Labor Council, gave these interesting facts regarding the progress made by the Washington Bureau of Labor recently:

He pointed out that in the sixteen years of former administrations there had been only forty-three complaints filed and twenty-nine convictions secured; that under the present administration there has been 370 criminal complaints and 244 convictions. Child labor law, 1913, sixty-five convictions; women's eight-hour law since April, 1913, 144 complaints, all convictions. Under the factory inspection law it was shown that 70 per cent of all accidents were due to lack of safeguards. Since the launching of the "safety first" movement more than 500 plants have safety committees; five inspectors have made 6,000 inspections. Minimum wage measure has become operative during this administration; under its provisions a living wage has been extended to 75 per cent of the regularly employed women workers of the state; that more than $6,000 had been collected in wages for the women without cost to the workers. In the past four months more than $8,000 has been collected in wages for workmen without any cost to them.

COMPENSATION REFUSED.

Harrisburg, Pa., November 17.—The state compensation board in a decision by Commissioner Leech in the case of Moore City against William Henderson & Co., Philadelphia, refuses to allow a claim, and makes the following ruling:

"An employe injured on the premises occupied by or under the control of the employer during the lunch hour, or when on his way home, or at any time or place when not actually engaged in furthering the employers' business or affairs, is not entitled to compensation, unless the accident was caused by the condition of the premises or the operation of the employer's business."

FEDERAL EMPLOYES' UNION.

Niagara Falls, N. Y., November 17.—A Federal Employes Union has been formed of the men working in the custom and immigration departments. It will be affiliated to the A. F. of L. There are a number of questions coming before the next session of Congress that will be of direct interest to all federal employes. Among these will be the employes' pension bill, the retirement bill and the minimum wage bill.

BUTTON STRIKE SETTLED.

Hazleton, Pa., November 17.—The button strike that has been on at the Nesquehoning colliery of the Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company for two weeks past has been settled. The men who refused to join the union will hereafter wear the monthly button. The closing down of the mine was due to the obstinacy of two brothers, who have caused trouble in the past, and the men determined to force the issue and secure the right kind of a settlement this time. The strikers have resumed work.

NEW SCALE AND $2 ADVANCE.

Hamilton, Ontario, November 17.—The Hamilton Printing Pressmen's Union has just signed an agreement for two years with the newspaper offices of this city, for an increase of $2 per week for pressmen in newspapers.

GIVEN A NINE-HOUR DAY.

St. Louis, November 17.—The Brown Shoe Company today notified its 6,000 employes that, effective next Monday, their work day would be nine hours, with the present ten-hour pay.

PATTERN MAKERS' VICTORY.

Detroit, Mich., November 17.—On February 1 all the job pattern shops in the city opened an attack on the Pattern Makers' Union, assisted by a number of other employers, who had banded themselves together for the purpose of destroying all the unions. The battle was inaugurated because the pattern makers made a demand for eight hours and minimum of 55 cents per hour. The struggle was bitterly contested. In order to weaken the strikers the employers applied to the courts and demanded and secured injunctions, making it almost prohibitive for the strikers to do any active work that would in any way hamper the employment of strikebreakers or strengthen their position. Many of the strikers were thrown into prison for violating the injunctions and expenses were piling up on the employers. They finally discovered it was becoming an expensive luxury they had not anticipated.

When the situation became very unpleasant for them they invited the strike leaders into a conference for the purpose of learning whether they were willing to obey the injunctions and cease picketing. It was soon discovered that the conference had been called for an entirely different purpose, and it was not long before the employers began to intimate that there might be a way of ending the strike.

Before the termination of the meeting an understanding had been reached. Each side promised to lay the plan before the association they were representing, and the result was that it proved acceptable. The ratification carried with it the eight-hour day and the same wage rate the men had been getting for the longer hours.

It was discovered by the bosses that court action against striking workmen may pay at times, but in this instance the endless litigation became rather expensive for some of the manufacturers and there were no results.

REFUSED TO WORK OVERTIME.

Norfolk, Va., November 17.—The draftsmen employed in the navy yard refused to work overtime. They had been working seven hours a day. They were requested to work three additional hours at the same rate of pay received for the seven hours. The men objected to pursuing such a course and when the seven hour limit had been reached ceased work. The manager in charge reduced wages 30 per cent when he learned of the action of the men. When that became known the men refused to return to work. The matter was then referred, as the manager said, to the Secretary of the Navy Department. Negotiations followed and in a short time the trouble was adjusted by Naval Constructor Watt agreeing to concede the just demands of the draftsmen. While the dispute was pending the machinists notified Mr. Watt that they would refuse to handle any blue prints drawn by new men while the dispute was pending.

MUST HOIST THE MINERS.

Hazleton, Pa., November 17.—Hoisting of men at the No. 8 slope of Hazleton No. 1 colliery of the Lehigh Valley Coal Company in this city must be continued, according to a decision made by Deputy Attorney General Hargest. The opinion was given to Chief Mine Inspector Roderick of this city and is the result of a case being taken up by the union miners of this district.

A hearing was held in the case at Harrisburg, in which the facts were submitted to the deputy. The opinion based on the findings of that hearing directs the chief of the mines to determine if persons had been regularly hoisted in that slope. In the event that they were, the Valley has no right to discontinue the hoisting of the men.

GRANTED AN INCREASE.

Gloucester City, N. J., November 17.—A substantial increase in wages has been won by the employes of the Hinde & Dauch Paper Manufacturing Company here, who are back at work after a short strike. The men are now getting 25 cents an hour, which is an increase of almost 8 cents an hour for the day shift of eleven hours and $3.25 for the night shift for which they formerly got $2.25. Their demand for the eight-hour shift was not granted.

PRINTERS GET A $3 INCREASE.

Cleveland, Ohio, November 17.—The Hungarian Typographical Union has secured the adoption of a new scale, which carries a flat increase of $3 per week in the minimum pay. The wages of hand men will be $22, $23 and $24 and machine operators $26, $27 and $28 per week. The scale will run for a period of one year. All employes receiving more than the old minimum are also automatically increased $3 a week.

New Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits for Hire

WILNER'S
ADVANCED FALL STYLES

The Latest Novelties of the Season . . . $18.50

EVERY UNION MAN OUGHT TO TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THIS OFFER

Not only do we save you $10.00 on every suit you buy, but our workmanship has proven to stand up, to hold its shape, curl nor wrinkle until the garment will last, and we guarantee to last you fully three years.

We are the FIRST and ONLY Union Custom Tailors in this City.

Order Your Suit From

JOS. A. WILNER & COMPANY
COR. 8th and G STREETS NORTHWEST

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1
Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.

M. J. DUNNIGAN, President.....2007 14 Street N.W.
JOHN G. WOLFE, Vice-President. 1023 N. J. Ave. N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W

TRUSTEES

Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E
Thos. L. Nevins.....504 Maine Avenue S. W

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe,.....1023 N. J. Ave. N. W
J. McElfresh,.....
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E
A. Tenley.....964 Florida Ave. N. W.
M. Sullivan.....5631-2 15 St. S. E.

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.

Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W

ARBITRATION COMMITTEE.

M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W.
M. A. Wolfe.....418 F St. N. E
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. E
Joseph Harding.....210 13 St. S. W
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....2006 2nd St. N. W
R. Pumphrey.....223 Q St. N. W
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W
Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. W

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Cap
M. J. McNulty.....467 L St. S

DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.

John Wolfe.....1023 N. J Avenue N. W.
William Pollard.....522 14 St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E
Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

Washington District Council of Carpenters
Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple
ROBERT ADAM, President, Local 2563, U. B., 1511 Vermont Avenue N.W.
R. H. BURDETTE, Vice President, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
E. B. BYRNE, Secretary, Local 132, U. B., 425 G Street N.W.
F. A. SHOESMITH, Treasurer, Local 2563, U. B., 5209 Georgia Avenue N.W.
C. H. ADAMS, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 804 A Street N.E.
R. H. BURDETTE, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
H. PAGE, Trustee, Local 2563, U. B., 336½ 13th Street N.E.
ROBERT REICHARD, Local 132, U. B., 1720 34th Street N.W.
J. H. RYAN, Local 132, U. B., 1101 11th Street S.E.
FRED HOOK, Local 2563, U. B., 1528 8th Street N.W.
WILLIAM MACKIE, Local 2563, U. B., 216 Seaton Place N.E.

BUSINESS AGENT.
GEO. MYERS, 425 G Street N. W.

Union Station Garage

Guaranteed work on all makes of cars, accessories, second-hand, tires. Storage, $5 up.

Phone, Lincoln 3379.

REAR No. 40 H ST. N.E.

THERE IS NO LABOR SHORTAGE.

New York, November 17.—The report of the local office of the State Bureau of Employment says that 1,601 persons received employment through its aid in October. Commenting on the statement of the Federal Reserve Board that New York manufacturers were unable to keep pace with their orders, the bureau maintains that it can furnish a sufficient number of skilled or unskilled workers to local employers provided the prevailing rate of wages is paid. It says many of the employers who assert they cannot obtain suitable workmen either do not pay the market price or else have not called upon the bureau.

CORBY'S YEAST

Leaves nothing to guess-work.
Its purity and strength are uniform.
Every baker knows what that means.
Send for samples.

THE CORBY COMPANY
STATION K. WASHINGTON, D. C.

Building Trades Headquarters Sixth and G Sts. N. W
Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rent

WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES TOBACCO. COSTELLO BROS

THE PLATE PRINTER
Official Organ Plate Printers International Union.
P. J. RYAN, Editor. CHAS. T. SMITH, Assoc. Editor.
Subscription $1.00 Per Year
Telephone 4528 Wash. Loan & Trust Bldg.

Representative Houses
OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

BANKS

THE NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY Capital, $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burglar-proof vaults, acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth and New York Avenue

THE WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK
A Bank for the Working People. Three per cent on savings One dollar opens an account
Ninth and G streets N. W.

UNION SAVINGS BANK. Commercial Accounts. Three per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts. The Oldest Savings Bank in Washington.

MICHAEL T. GREENE
Liquors and Cigars. 639 D St. N. W.

STONER'S BAR AND RESTAURANT
The, G. Stoner. 206 Seventh St.S. W.

J. CHAS. McGUIRE'S BUFFET
Federal Seal Whiskey. 519 Ninth St. N. W.

O'KEEFE'S BUFFET
P. J. O'Keefe, Prop. 904 Pa. A. N W

GLAVIN'S BUFFET
ED. J. GLAVIN 309 G Street Northwest

OXFORD BUFFET
J. F. SCHRINER 730 14th Street N. W.

FRANK'S BUFFET
Fourth and G Sts., N. W. Phone M. 5572

DAVID WALSH'S BUFFET
407 10th Street N. W.

E E. FARLEY'S BUFFET
415 13th Street N. W.

J. J. O'DONNELL'S BUFFET
333 Penn. Avenue S. E.

HARRY'S BUFFET
631 Penn. Ave. S. E. Phone Lin. 1848

MACHINIST
G. W. FORSBERG, Formerly with Forsberg and Murray, Elevate Boilers. Eighth and Water Streets S. W. Phone Main 751 and 742

GROCER AND COFFEE ROASTER
SOMERSET R. WATERS, 1342 Seventh st. n.w.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
RALSTON & RICHARDSON, Evans Building, 1420 New York Avenue.
FRANK FULLER Room 421, Munsey Building, Phone Main 1826.

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.
THE SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (INC.) SODA WATER, SYRUPS, Etc., 1066 Wisconsin Avenue Northwest.

PHOTO SUPPLIES
E. J. PULLMAN, Developing and Finishing for Amateurs Specialty 420 Ninth Street N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS
MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Avenue Northwest. Our Specialty Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

FIRE INSURANCE
FIREMAN'S INSURANCE COMPANY, Seventh Street and Louisiana Avenue.

DRY GOODS
WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings. Hosiery, a specialty. 806-808 H Street N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

UNDERTAKERS
J. WILLIAM LEE
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY
332 Penna. Avenue N. W.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.
THE W. H. BUTLER COMPANY, 607 and 609 C Street N W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT
NATIONAL MORTAR COMPANY, First and M Street, Northeast
COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING COMPANY. 3036 K Street.

DRUGGISTS
CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth Street and Virginia Avenue S. E.
DAY & CO
5th and G Sts. N. W. 14th and P Sts. N. W
20th St. and Rhode Island Ave. N. E.
QUIGLEY, Druggist, Twenty-first and G Streets N. W.
A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist Southwest Corner Seventh and P Streets N. W

Movie Operators' Success.

The Motion Picture Machine Operators' Union, Local 224, continues to gain ground. In a very large measure this success is due to the co-operation of our good friends in the general labor movement. We greatly appreciate their assistance, and are always ready to reciprocate. Equally important, however, to our continued success is the attitude of Local 224 toward the exhibitor.

Realizing that the real object of a labor union is: First, to obtain fair conditions for its members, and, second, to create with the employer a feeling that he cannot afford to even consider non-union labor, Local 224 seeks to imbue its membership with such a sense of fairness in both directions, that we find the exhibitor has come to realize that he is assured of a square deal when dealing with our business agent. A fitting testimonial to the success of Local 224's Golden Rule policy will be found in another column of this paper—our "Signed Up" roster. It is arranged alphabetically; can you find your favorite theater in it?

We are pleased to announce the addition of three new names to our roster: Eagle Gate Theatre, at the main entrance to Soldiers' Home; the Lyric Theatre, on 14th Street N. W., between Irving Street and Park Road, and the Penn Gardens Theatre, at 21st Street and Pa. Ave. The management of the Penn Gardens has also signed a Central Labor Union contract, which insures that the large new theater, which is to be build to replace the present theater in the near future, will be done entirely by union labor. Here's "Success" to our new friends.

Bye the way—the Movie Operators' Grand Danse has been set for March 2, 1917. We will remind you of it some more later on.

EIGHT-HOUR LAW UPHELD.

Milwaukee, Wis., November 17.—The validity of the city's eight-hour day ordinance, which provides that the work day for city employes, as well as for employes of contractors doing city work, shall not exceed eight hours, was upheld by the state supreme court at Madison. The ordinance went to the supreme court on an appeal from the district and municipal courts, in the case against Contractor Conrad Raulf.

Mr. Raulf was doing sewer construction work for the city on the South Side about a year ago and was arrested for violation of the ordinance, it having been shown that he employed men on the job for longer than eight-hour periods, as work days. He was found guilty in district court. He appealed to the municipal court, which also upheld the ordinance. He then took his case to the state supreme court.

Since Mr. Raulf's arrest for violating the ordinance, all city contractors have been living up to the ordinance, according to the city attorney's office, and no further trouble is anticipated.

STRIKE FOR INCREASED WAGES.

Ridgeway, Pa., November 17.—The 200 employes of the Eagle Valley tannery struck for a 20 per cent increase and a nine-hour day. The strike spread to several other industries, forcing them to close down.

The employes of the Grant tannery went on strike for nine hours' work and an increase in wages amounting to approximately 20 per cent. They were followed by about 50 per cent of the employes of the Ridgway Machine Company and 75 per cent of the employes of the Ridgway Brick Company. The laborers at the plant of the Hyde-Murphy Company went on strike.

The men at all the plants are demanding an increase in wages, claiming that they cannot live on their present wages on account of the high cost of living. Work of taking the hides out of soak, which are valued at approximately $100,000, was started at the Eagle Valley tannery. The hides will be salted, in which way they can be kept for about thirty days without spoiling.

FORCED TO PAY THE SCALE.

San Francisco, November 17.—Timothy Reardon, president of the Board of Public Works, cited Eaton & Smith, contractors, doing street work for the city, to appear before the board to answer a report made by John Kelly, deputy labor commissioner and former president of the San Francisco Labor Council, that the contractors were paying their laborers $2.50 a day instead of $3 a day. Eaton said it was a matter of principle; that he paid the non-union men $2.50 and the union men $3.

To this Reardon replied: "The principle of this board is that $3 a day is little enough for any man. Your principle is 50 cents more yourself and 50 cents less for the laborer."

Eaton promised to recompense those in his employ who had been getting only $2.50.

"LOOK WHO'S HERE."

By E. T. GOOD.

There are hundreds of union men in Washington who have made great sacrifices for their union or somebody's union—men with whom the principles of unionism are as sacred as their church ties, if they have any. They are not always the men we meet in the Central body, but oftentimes those who are quiet workers in their way in their locals, having rendered years of service to their fellowmen.

You know a host of such men and it is the intent of this column to print little stories of these men. Here's what we are asking you to do. Drop a line to E. T. Good, care of The Trades Unionist, or 6th floor Washington Post Building, giving the name of some one in your organization who has achieved much in your behalf as an organization, adding what his hobby may be: you will be helping the labor paper to be newsy and we want to hear about these men, anyway.

Of course, if we don't get letters from some of you union men—Steam Fitters, Plumbers, Painters, Retail Clerks, Plate Printers, Carpenters, Bricklayers, Bakers, Moving Picture Men, Printers, etc.—we'll go out and get a line on somebody, and we're not lazy, and our theory is we wouldn't have far to go.

Next week the story will be short—about a Pressman or a Printer, perhaps you know him. Read the "Look Who's Here" Column and give us a little co-operation.

PREPARING FOR BATTLE.

Boston, Mass., November 17.—The formation of the State Building Trades Council of Massachusetts, which was initiated early in the week, is a preparedness move to resist the attack that it is expected will be made by the State Metal Trades Association of New England employers. This association is charged with having been especially active in the several fights that have been made by the trades composing the metal industry to secure the eight-hour day during the last year. Building trades' representatives were present from Boston, Worcester, New Bedford, Lynn, Brockton and Fitchburg. Arthur M. Huddle of Boston was elected president and Walter F. Reed of Worcester secretary- treasurer.

The object of the new organization, as announced, is "to unite to fight the non-union shop movement of the employers and to unionize all products entering into the construction of buildings and labor employed on the same." It is believed that a coalition will attempt to be formed between the metal trades' employers and the contractors engaged in the building industry. In case such action should be attempted the building trades unions want to be prepared to meet it with a solid, compact body.

RETAIL CLERKS PROGRESSING.

New York, November 17.—President E. E. Baker of the Retail Clerks' International Protective Association, who has been in the city conducting an aggressive campaign of organization, reports good success. He reformed a new union in Yonkers. During his stay in the city he reports the addition of 1,500 members to the ten unions here and also the winning of a number of strikes. The hours of work have been reduced one and a half hours five days in the week and two on Saturday as a result of the work already done, and it is expected that further reductions will follow. Wage increases are reported to have been won of $4 and $5 per week.

President Barker said that he had received word from headquarters at Lafayette, Ind., that twenty-two charters had been granted by the International to new unions in different parts of the country during the month of October.

WOMEN WANT TO ASSIST.

Hazleton, Pa., November 17.—There is a movement on foot to organize a women's auxiliary of the United Mine Workers of America, and quite a number of influential women in District No. 9 are said to be interested in furthering the project. The women seem to think that they can be of great benefit to the mine workers' organization in solving vexed problems that so frequently come up, and in which they are vitally interested because it affects the home, themselves and their children, and again, because such an organization as they propose would give the social touch that now seems to be lacking.

LATHERS FORM A UNION.

Joplin, Mo., November 17.—The lathers of this city have formed a union which includes nearly all the journeymen working at the trade. Wages have heretofore had no fixed basis and were low as compared with the other building trades craftmen. The new union expects to regulate these defects in a short time.

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, F. S. Radman, 134 7th Street N.E.

Bakery Salemen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 997 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secre- Wednesdays of each month at Moose Hall, tary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sunday in each month, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N. W.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. F. Miller, 19 Quincy Place northwest.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets first and third Sunday of the month at the Secretary, T. Guiffre, 908 Pennsylvania ave- Moose Hall, Seventh and G Street Northwest. nue northwest.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 48: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E street southeast.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G Street N. W.

Brotherhood of Railway Carmen of America, Local Union No. 313: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Streets N. E. Secretary, H. A. Chambers, 2113 4th N. E. Meeting nights first and third Tuesdays.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles Hall, Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 1424 W St. N. W., Apt. 22.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhau, 787 10th St. s. e.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wassaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Twelfth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 2800 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Paperhangers Hall, 430 Ninth Street N. W., second and fourth Thursdays of the month. Secretary, Edw. B. Finch, 33 P Street N. E.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets every Friday, at 8:00 p.m. Hall, S. E. Cor. Tenth and Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, Jas. P. Lahey, 816 5th street northeast.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and B Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hisle, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Watchmen's Union No. 14964: Secretary, Jas. H. Reed, Cor. Sec., 1228 B street southwest.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, John T. Bowers, Twentieth and Twenty-first and L and M streets northwest.

International Brotherhood of Teamsters, Chauffeurs, Stablemen and Helpers of America, Local Union No. 115: Meets the first and third Saturday night of each month, G. A. R. Building, 1412 Pa. ave. Secretary-Treasurer, Kirke C. Sipher, 26 P st. n. e.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Avenue S. E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 Twelfth St. N. E.

Laundry Workers, Local No. 110: Meets first Friday in each month at Winslow's Hall, 12 and R streets northwest. Secretary, Moten Jefferson, 550 Twenty-fourth street northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, W. N. Huttel, 1430 A St. N. E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday at 1204 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, E. H. Fulton, 1120 E St. S. E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, H. Gundershein, 728 Columbia Road.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third 2665. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Bus. Agt.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month. 922 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Phone Main 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets second Sunday and fourth Friday in each month. Secretary, Albert Bridges 210 L st. s. e.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 420: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m. Secretary, J. A. Whitecar, 2209 Minnesota Ave. S. E.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas. B. Cameron, Bethesda, Md.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Robt. J. Barrett, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 820 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressman, No. 1: Meets fourth Monday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. E. Blakely, 3527 O St. N. W.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custodian and Janitor, 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, W. P. Cannon, 408 Twelfth St. S. E.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe. 326 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. F. Hickman, 518 Sixth St. N. W.

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Mrs. H. B. Tritipoe, 1737 Willard street N. W., Apt. 20.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10.30 a. m. and 8.30 p. m. Secretary, G. W. Calderhead, Room 412 Wash. Loan and Trust Building.

The High School Teachers' Union of Washington, D. C., No. 8: Meets in the Music Room of the New Central High School at 3.30 p. m. the second Tuesday in the months of October, December, February, and May. Secretary, G. J. Jones, Central High School.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle, 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seiboid, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. F. Richardson, 760 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Friday, Typographical Temple Secretary, L. Gantt, 57-A Bates Street.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: International Secretary-Treasurer, Jas. E. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G St. N. W. Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth St. N. W.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.

STRIKEBREAKERS DEPORTED.

Niagara Falls, Ontario, November 17.—Since the latter part of June the carpenters on the construction of a new roundhouse for the M. C. R. at Montrose, near here, by the Walbridge—Aldinger Company of Detroit, have been on strike.

After unsuccessfully trying to fill their places locally the firm imported carpenters and also laborers from Detroit.

This action was brought to the attention of the emigration department at Ottawa by the Carpenters' union, and after full inquiry the men were returned to Detroit by instructions of the department.

It is probable that action under the alien labor act will be taken by the Carpenters' union at Niagara Falls against this firm.

ANOTHER WAGE BOOST.

Denver, Col., November 17.—Commencing on the first of the month the carpenters were given another 2½ cents an hour increase in wages as a result of the agreement concluded last spring. The scale in this district is now 57½ cents per hour. Over 1,000 men will benefit by this advance in wages. The membership of the Carpenters' Union in this city is booming and nearly one hundred were obligated during September. A scarcity of carpenters is reported.

WANT TO PLACATE THEM.

Phoenixville, Pa., November 17.—Notices have been posted in the various departments of the Phoenix Iron Company announcing an increase of 10 per cent in wages, which goes into effect November 20. The men were becoming restless and some agitation was going on to make a demand for more money. That information reaching the management, it was decided to anticipate the proposed action of the employes and the notice was the result. Workers in that industry are becoming scarce and orders are urgent, and the company fearing the men might seek to form a union, determined to anticipate such a move and advance wages before it was too late. Approximately 2,500 men are employed.

MESSENGER BOYS WIN.

New York, November 17.—The messenger boys employed by the telegraph companies and the messenger service of the city struck for more pay and better regulation of working hours. After being on strike for three days the companies were compelled to make a settlement with the boys. There were about 2,000 involved in the strike. The boys had formed a union, and it was through their representative and the state mediators that a settlement was finally reached and they returned to work.

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

J. G. O'DONNELL, President, 122 Sixth St. N. E.
M. J. Deery, Vice-President, 2407 Girard St. N. E.
THOS. W. WOLTZ, Recording Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
G. H. F. DAVIS, Treasurer, 439 Second St.S. E.
W. I. STRATTON, Conductor, 617 Sixth St. N. W.
A. F. MOIRSETTE, Warden, 425 G St. N. W
GEO. MYERS, Business Agent, 425 G St. N. W.

TRUSTEES.

F. J. NOLTE, 24 Eighth Street N. E.
MARK REILEY, 1127 B St. S. E.
A. P. TAYLOR, 622 I Street N. E.

DELEGATES TO THE DISTRICT COUNCIL

R. H. BURDETTE, 1207 L Street N. W.
C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
E. B. BYRNE, 425 G Street N. W.
ROBERT REICHARD, 1720 35th Street N. W.
J. H. RYAN, 1101 Eleventh Street S. E.

DELEGATES TO THE CENTRAL LABOR UNION.

C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
R. H. BURDETTE, 816 K Street N. W.
W. S. HOLLOHAN, 814 Seventh Street N. E
C. A. SAUNDERS, 244 9th St. S. E.
LOUIS LUEBKERT, 1314 Kerney St. N. E.

RELIEF COMMITTEE.

THOS. P. O'DEA, 1149 4th St. N. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
H. M. BEVILL, Brentwood, Md.
J. T. CLIFT, 4115 Seventh Street N. W.
M.A. FOLEY, 118 Seaton Street N. E.

MILL COMMITTEE.

F. E. KETTNER, 3016 Cambridge St. N. W
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
O. A. CARTER, Rosslyn, Va.

DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

G. H. F. DAVIS, 439 Second Street S. E.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
Meets Every Monday Night
Typographica Temple
423-425 G St. N. W.
Secretary s Address: 1325 E. Capitol St.
Telephone: Lincoln 3955

OFFICERS

N. A. JAMES ..... President
HUGH DIGNEY ..... Vice-President
JOHN B. COLPOYS, Secretary, 1325 E. Capitol St.
JOSEPH E. TOONE ..... Financial Secretary
WM. H. SCHAEFER ..... Treasurer
JOSEPH C. CLARK ..... Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES: Wm. Zell, Mary Ganzhorn, J. L. Considine

COMMITTEES

Executive—Hugh Digney (chairman), N. A. James, John B. Colpoys, J. E. Toone, W. N. Huttel, John R. Hartley.

Legislative—Robert Jones (chairman), John H. Lorch, N. P. Alifas, H. R. Alcorn, E. W. Oyster.

Adjustment—W. N. Huttel (chairman), Jere McCarthy, J. A. McDonald, Ben Spellbring, John G. Schmidt.

Contract—John R. Hartley (chairman), W. H. Schaefer, Hubert Newsom, C. H. Adams, A. J. Ginnelly.

Laws—Dan Hassett (chairman), J. H. Wells, D. J. O'Leary.

Resolutions—J. L. Considine (chairman), Zep S. Pollock, A. J. Kinnell.

Organization—J. E. Toone (chairman), Mary Burkhead, Henry Miller, J. H. Wilson, H. A. Ranier.

Auditing—Mary Ganzhorn (chairman), Marguerite Stewart, E. Wood.

Credentials—M. J. Costella (chairman), J. H. Swain, S. T. Ford.

Lable—E. T. Good.

Press—John B. Colpoys (chairman, N. A. Sprague, B. O'Leary.

Delegates to Baltimore—J. E. Toone (chairman) J. M. Foster, William Zell.

Delegates to Alexandria—H. F. Oehler (chairman). Chas. Allison, L. A. Sterne.

Clothes, Hats and Shoes

The Bieber-Kaufman Co.
901-909 Eighth St. S. E.
Down by the Navy Yard
Washington, D. C.

GEO. D. HORNING,
N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.
LOAN OFFICE

Parker, Bridget & Co.
"The Avenue at Ninth"
Featuring
Extra Value
$15
Suits for Fall

HOW THEIR PROFITS INCREASE.

Reports from 124 out of 185 railways whose revenues exceed $1,000,000, issued by the Interstate Commerce Commission, show that their net revenue from railway operations for September ran up to $246,558,236, an increase of more than $40,000,000 over September of last year.

A complete report for July shows that all the roads of $1,000,000 revenue or more had a net revenue from railway operation of $107,558,005, a $20,000,000 increase over the previous July. The complete total railway operating revenues were $302,917,817 and total railway operating expenses $795,369,812.

Saks & Company
MEN'S and BOYS' OUTFITTERS
Pa. Ave. & 7th St. Wash., D. C.
Specialists in Apparel for Men and Boys.

BUTLER'S RHEUMATIC and GOUT REMEDY.
A KIDNEY AND HEART TONIC
Manufactured Since 1872 By
BUTLER & FIELD
Third and Indiana Ave. N. W.
Price 50c a bottle. 6 for $2.50
For Sale By Druggists.

LIST OF LIQUOR DEALERS WHO HAVE SIGNED "THE AGREEMENT."

Allen, Paul.....2 N st. n. e.
Allen, John J...807 N. C. Cap st. n. e.
Beirkle, Leopold, - 1245 H st. n. e.
Boyle, William J., 601 Mass. ave n. w.
Castelli, Vincent, 502-504 Ninth st.n.w.
Clark, C. H.....510 9th st. n. w.
Colonial Beach Boat Co.
Costello, Bros.....604 G st. n. w.
Crowley, James J.....702 E st. n. w.
Daly, T. J.....34 H st. n. e.
Daye, Wm. T.....1218 Wisc. ave.
Doyle, Wm. T...1314 Wisc. ave. n. w.
Duffy, James A. -901 1-2 E st. n. w.
Wm. R. Fosbender, 406 Ninth st. n w.
Franey, F. A.....711½ 9th st. n. w.
Frank, Mrs. M. E. - 319 G st. n. w.
Ganey, M.....615 7th st. s. w.
Glavin, Edwin.....309 G st. n. w.
Hannan, Mrs. E....531 7th st. s. w.
Hanlon, Timothy.....822 H st. n. e.
Kelliher, J. D.....1258 7th st. s. w.
Killeen, John F.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Louis Hodges, - - 407 9th st n. w.
Lynagh, Peter J.....523 7th st. s. w.
Lynch, John.....417 9th st. n. w.
McCarthy, F. J.....910 4½ st. s. w.
McCarthy, Jas. J.....1402 H st. n. e.
McDonald, F. J.....643 Pa. ave. s. e.
McGinniss, H. J., 1001 N. Y. ave. n. w.
McGuire, J. Chas., 519 Ninth st. n. w.
McHough, Martin....1105 H st. n. e.
Milton Schmidt, - 702 7th st. n. w.
O'Connor, D. J.....100 G st. n. w.
O'Connor, Patrick F., 617 D st. n. w.
O'Connor, James.....1429 N. Cap. st.
O'Day, John T. - 921 Ninth st. n. w.
O'Donnell, James J...333 Pa. ave. s. e.
Peter White, - - - 905 D st. n. w.
Raftery, Thomas.....406 H st. n. e.
Raftery, Patrick.....225 11th st. n. e.
Roland, J. H.....511 9th st. n. w.
Scanlon, Daniel.....103 H st. n. w.
Schroter, Conrad....3258 M st. n. w.
Schltz, Mary T.....607 G st. n. w.
Sheehan, John J., 701 North Cap. st.
Solon, Mary A., - 1003 7th st. e.
Stern, M. M.....601 7th st. n. w.
Stanton, Frank J.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Sullivan, David, 12th and E st. n. w.
Sullivan, John J., 1351 35th st. n. w.
The Casino, Frank Farenkamp (Chesapeake Beach).
Victor Buffet Co., Inc., 7th and G n. w.
Walsh, David, - - 407 10th st. n. w
Wassman, Henry, 705 Seventh st. n. w.
Wiedeman, Joseph....629 E st. n. w.
William J. O'Leary, 733 North Cap. st.
Wininger, Harry 631 Pa. ave. s. e.
Wolf, Frank, - 512 12th st. n. w.

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

UNION OPERATOR — LOCAL No. 224 — WASH. D. C. — AFFILIATED WITH CENTRAL LABOR UNION & A. F. of L.

American, 1st st. and R. . ave.n.w.
Apollo, - - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Auditorium, 13th st. and N. Y. ave.n.w.
Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Casino - - - 7th and F Sts. N. W.
Central Park, - 9th St. G & H N.W.
Chelsia Theatre, 19th and M sts. n. w.
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N. W.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Eagle Gate Theatre - Sol. Home Gate
Eastern, - - 8th St. bet. F & G S. E.
Elite Theatre, 14th and R. I. ave. n. w.
Empire, - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Fairyland, - 19th and L st. n. w.
Favorite, H St. North Capitol & First
Garden Theatre, 423 Ninth st. n. w.
Gayety Theatre, - 513 9th st. n. w.
Georgia - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
Home Theater, C bet. 12th & 13th n. e.
Liberty Theatre, N. Capitol & P St.
Lyric Theatre - - 14th near Park Rd.
Maryland - - - 624 9th St. N. W.
"M" Street Theatre, M St. near 32nd
Maycroft Park, H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Meaders, - - - 8th & G Sts. S. E.
Mid City, - 7th, bet. N and O st. n. w.
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E. S. E
Odeon - - 14th and Church Sts. N. W.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15, N.W.
Orpheum, - - 4th and C st. n. e.
Peerless Park, - 3105 Ga. ave. n. w.
Penn Gardens - - 21st St. & Pa. Ave.
Plaza Theatre - 434 9th st. n. w.
Pleasant Hrr. Park, 12 and C N. E.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Randolpr Park, 1st and Randolph n. w.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
R. I. Theatre, 7th and R. I. Ave. N W
Savoy, - - - 14th and Col. Road.
Schuetzen Park, Ga. ave. and Kenyon
Standard Park, Bates, near N. Cap. St.
Strand, - - - - - Ninth and D.
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N. E.
Stanton Park, - - 219 4th N. E.
Starlight Park, 4 1-2 and K st. n. w.
Surprise Theatre - Alexandria, Va.
The Strand, - - Hopewell, Va.
The Richmond, - - Alexandria, Va.
Truxton Park, N. Capitol & Fla. Ave.
Victoria Theatre, 7th & F Sts. S. W.
Virginia - - - 614 9th St. N. W.

The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I. P. E. U.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXI. NO. 22 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 24, 1916. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

MANY QUESTIONS DISCUSSED

A. F. of L. Delegates Now Hard at Work on Important Plans.

The second week of the convention of the American Federation of Labor found all the delegates down to hard work. The splendid entertainment features furnished by the trade unionists of Baltimore were brought to a close last Sunday, when the oyster roast given by the Brewery Workers was attended by almost every delegate to the convention as well as many visitors from Washington, and it was voted as the crowning event of a week of unparalleled convention entertainment.

Quite a mark of respect was extended on both sides when the entire delegation came to Washington last Saturday and were received in the east room of the White House by President Wilson, who shook hands with each delegate after felicitations by both of the presidents—Wilson and Gompers.

The thirty-sixth convention promises to go down in history as being the most important in every respect of any ever held. Questions of the greatest importance to the trade unionists were considered and plans made for their adoption. One of the most important events was the bringing together in bonds of closer harmony the big railroad brotherhoods, and from all signs it will not be long before these powerful organizations will be under the banner of the American Federation of Labor, when a new department will undoubtedly be formed to be known as the railroad division, which will add material strength to all those who earn their livelihood from the railroad corporations of the country.

Miss Gertrude McNally, representative from the women's union at the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, has been continually active at the sessions and her work speaks for itself.

The following resolutions, affecting the interests of the trade unionists of Washington, were among the many that have been passed during the recent sessions:

By Delegate Gertrude M. McNally of Federal Labor Union No. 12776:

Whereas, the rate of pay in the Bureau of Engraving and Printing to women machine operatives differs in certain branches; and

Whereas, the work done on one machine does not differ materially from that done on others; therefore, be it

Resolved, That we favor a minimum wage for all women machine operatives to be not less than $2.24 per diem, the rate now paid to most of these women; and be it further

Resolved, That the President and Executive Council of the American Federation of Labor be instructed to use every influence to bring about this result.

By Delegate Gertrude M. McNally of Federal Labor Union No. 12776:

Whereas, the wages of the women employed in the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, with but a few exceptions, have not been increased in several years; and

Whereas, the cost of living has greatly increased; therefore, be it

Resolved, That we favor an increase of at least 20 per cent in the wages of all women employes of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing who now receive less than $2.25 per diem; and be it further

Resolved, That the Legislative Committee of the American Federation of Labor be instructed to exert every effort to have legislation enacted that will bring about the desired result.

By Delegate John H. Lorch of the Washington Central Labor Union:

Whereas, the American Federation of Labor has gone on record as favoring pensions for government employes; and

Whereas, the Central Labor Union at its last meeting went on record in favor of pensions for government employes; therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Central Labor Union likewise go on record as favoring the passage of a law by Congress providing pensions for the public school teachers, the public school janitors and all other public school employes of the District of Columbia; and be it further

Resolved, That the Legislative Committee and the delegates to the American Federation of Labor convention be instructed to do their best to have same to become a law.

TANNERY WORKERS WIN.

Du Bois, Pa., November 24.—Tannery workers at this place have won their strike and secured a nine-hour day with ten hours' pay and increased wages. A. F. of L. Organizer Flynn assisted these workers.

GARMENT WORKERS ADVANCE.

Erie, Pa., November 24.—Members of the United Garment Workers' Union employed by the Standard Manufacturing Company have raised wages 5 per cent as a result of conferences. The increase affects cutters, operators and finishers.

GAINS THROUGH UNIONISM.

Albany, N. Y., November 24.—General Secretary-Treasurer Persion of the International Hod Carriers, Building and Common Laborers of America has issued an interesting statement on the gains made by this organization during the past year.

Reports of eighty-nine locals, outside of New York City, Chicago and Boston, show that wages have been raised $2,220,598. In a special report of gains in New York City, Chicago and Boston it is stated that fifteen locals have increased wages $3,659,398 during the past year. The eight-hour day is universal.

CARPENTERS VOTING IN GENERAL ELECTION

Members of Local Union No. 132, United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America, cast their ballots today for international officers for their organization, the polls remaining open from 4:30 p.m. until 9:30 p.m. International officers are elected for a term of two years.

George Myers, business agent of Local 132 is a candidate for member of the General Executive Board and his friends are doing some strenuous campaigning for him.

The Brotherhood of Carpenters has more than 200,000 members in the United States, Canada and Porto Rico. Voting by the various locals throughout the country has been going during the entire week, and judging by the great interest taken by the members one of the largest votes ever cast is looked for.

SHORTAGE OF COAL DUE TO RAILROADS, EXPERT DECLARES

Columbus, Ohio, November 24.—The shortage of coal and high price of same is the result of gross mismanagement and incompetence of railroads, says J. W. Dawson, president of the Kanawha Coal Association, Charleston, W. Va., in an interview published recently in a local paper.

The coal operator has just returned from an investigation of the coal shortage and the abnormal prices for coal that exist throughout Ohio, Indiana and Michigan. He said the present practice of railroads of charging shippers $1 a day for each day a car stands unloaded on a sidetrack, and for the road owning the car to pay 45 cents a day, places a premium of cars by every railroad in the country.

"If the interstate commerce commission, the state public service commission and the commerce bodies of all of these states would concentrate their efforts in requiring the largest railways to treat fairly the smaller railways, which serve the coal fields, and require all railways to pay each other not less than $1 per diem for foreign cars while on their tracks, and require them to move freight with some degree of promptness, the whole coal situation would be solved in ten days or two weeks.

"I notice the New York Central proposes to invest $15,000,000 in additional freight equipment, which is most absurd and should not be permitted until railways so improve their methods as to move the equipment they now have.

"If these suggestions were adopted the price of coal would be normal and every consumer would have all of the fuel required."

OPTICAL WORKERS STRIKE.

Southbridge, Mass., November 24.—A strike of 500 workers employed by the American Optical Company should dispel the illusion that this industry employs nothing but the highest skilled workers. Most of the strikers are Greeks, Rumanians, Albanians, Italians and Poles, and many of them cannot understand the English language. In the lens shop piece work is the rule and $1.25 and $1.00 is the average for a ten and twelve hour day.

STREET CAR MEN PROGRESS.

Fort Smith, Ark., November 24.—The local street car company has signed a one-year union shop contract with the Street Car Men's union. Wages are increased 8 per cent for employes in the operating department, car barns and powerhouse, and the company has accepted the check-off system for dues. This is the first wage demand since the union was organized, three years ago. The increase will total nearly $5,000 a year.

BALTIMORE TYPOS TO SEEK INCREASED SCALE

Baltimore Typographical Union, No. 12, has formulated a new scale of wages for the printers employed in the book and job offices in that city, and have asked the employing printers to meet them for a conference about the proposed scale. The main points of the new scale are:

Day scale (hand work)—From January 1, 1917, to December 31, 1919, inclusive, the wages of foremen shall be not less than $27 per week, and of assistant foremen, proofreaders, makers-up, hand compositors and such other employes (members of the union) as are not otherwise classified, $24 per week.

Machine scale—From January 1, 1917, to December 31, 1919, inclusive, operators of typesetting devices shall be paid not less than $4 per day for day work and not less than $4.50 per night for night work. The present scale expires on December 31, 1916.

TOBACCO FIRM IS HOSTILE TO TRADE UNIONS

Winston-Salem, N. C., November 24.—The R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Company is opposed to unions, but it recently increased wages of its organized machinists with the understanding that "it did not want anything to do with the union."

These workers, however, hint that if they were unorganized they would receive the same treatment accorded other employes.

This concern is a part of the American Tobacco Company. In a suit before the United States Supreme Court, in which the Reynolds Company was involved, Chief Justice White said:

"Considering, then, the undisputed facts which we have previously stated, it remains only to determine whether they establish that the acts, contracts, agreements, combinations, etc., which were assailed, were of such an unusual and wrongful character as to bring them within the prohibitions of the law. That they were in our opinion so overwhelmingly results from the undisputed facts that it seems only necessary to refer to the facts as we have stated them to demonstrate the correctness of this conclusion. Indeed, the history of the combination is so replete with the doing of acts which it was the obvious purpose of the statute to forbid, so demonstrative of the existence from the beginning of a purpose to acquire dominion and control of the tobacco trade, not by the mere exertion of the ordinary right to contract and to trade, but by methods devised in order to monopolize the trade by driving competitors out of business, which were ruthlessly carried out upon the assumption that to work upon the fears or play upon the cupidity of competitors would make success possible."

GAINS BY RAILWAY CLERKS.

New Orleans, November 24.—After a series of conferences between representatives of the Brotherhood of Railway Clerks and the Texas & Pacific Railroad, these workers have made unexpected gains that include every clerk from this city to El Paso, Tex. The new schedule provides: Pay for Sunday and holiday work; seniority rights in the filling of vacancies and promotions; pay and expenses where employes are called into court or are compelled to leave their homes; maximum work day of ten hours; grievances shall be taken up with brotherhood officials and in case an employe is exonerated of charges he shall receive full pay for time lost.

LABORERS RAISE WAGES.

Portsmouth, N. H., November 24.—Hod carriers and building laborers have raised wages from $2 for a nine-hour day to $2.50 and $2.80 for eight hours.

C. L. U. EXPRESSES VIEWS

Sentiments Given in Resolutions on High Cost of Living.

The Central Labor Union at its meeting on Monday night, besides going on record as being opposed to the sororities and fraternities among the pupils in our high schools after listening to an argument against these societies from Delegate Lamson of the High School Teachers' Union, also considered the ever-increasing high cost of living, and in the following resolution expressed their sentiments on this much perplexing question:

Whereas, the unprecedented advance which has recently taken place in the cost of living, particularly in the necessities of life, is causing great hardship among laboring people and others of moderate means; and

Whereas, there appears to be no natural reason for this increased cost of living such as droughts, floods or the lack of materials and facilities for the use of those engaged in productive labor; and

Whereas, many persons have been assigned by public-spirited citizens, as well as other interested parties, for this high cost of living, and many remedies have been suggested, but none of those reasons or remedies appear as yet to have been officially accepted as authoritative or conclusive by those intrusted with the power to enact and enforce legislation; therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Central Labor Union of Washington, D. C., urge upon the President of the United States and the House of Representatives the necessity of having a special congressional committee appointed whose duties it shall be to immediately inquire into the reasons for the present high cost of living and to recommend remedial legislation with the understanding that immediately upon the receipt by the House of Representatives of either a partial or complete report by this special committee, every effort shall be made to enact such legislation as will not only prevent the cost of living from further increasing, but which will effect a reduction therein; and be it further

Resolved, That the President of the United States and the Speaker of the House of Representatives be urged to initiate this inquiry at once, with a view, if possible, to have remedies suggested by January 1, 1917, and action taken as soon thereafter as possible during the same session of Congress; be it further

Resolved, That copies of this resolution be sent to the President of the United States and the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

(Signed.)
N. P. ALIFAS,
WM. N. HUTTEL,
WM. W. KEELER,
F. W. LEE,
GEO. I. LAIZURE,
Delegates Representing No. 174, I. A. of M.

Favorably reported:
R. S. JONES,
N. P. ALIFAS,
F. W. FOX,
Committee.

RUSSIA JAILS WORKINGMEN BY THE THOUSANDS

Thousands of workers have been arrested and jailed in Russia, particularly in Odessa, Moscow and Petrograd, because they opposed the continuation of the war, conscription measures, agitated against the high cost of living, or struck for more wages and better conditions. The authorities have exercised unusual vigilance to suppress the news of the arrests from filtering through the strict censorship that is being maintained.

The information came through a code message to officials of the Leather Workers Union here, which was smuggled through Switzerland. As an indication of how keenly the police are striving to check the growth of dissatisfaction, it may be pointed out that the office of the Novoe Vremya, a government reactionary newspaper, was searched for allegedly incriminating documents and several printers were detained on slight evidence.

In Warsaw one of the two councilmen elected on the socialist ticket has been arrested. His name was not contained in the code message.

PLUMBERS MAKE GAINS.

Leominster, Mass., November 24.—After a four-week strike the Plumbers Union secured a 50-cent wage increase, and six months later, 40 cents, together with a forty-four-hour week six months in the year.

Santa Barbara, Cal., November 24.—Plumbers and steamfitters in this city have raised wages without a strike. Thorough organization made the success of these workers possible.

CALIFORNIA STANDARD OIL CO. GRANTS EIGHT-HOUR DAY

San Francisco, November 24.—As soon as details can be perfected between 7,000 and 8,000 employes of the Standard Oil Company of California will enjoy the eight-hour work day with no decrease in pay.

In making the announcement K. R. Kingsbury, a director of the company, says that all classes of its labor, both skilled and unskilled, will be placed upon the eight-hour basis, and that it is equivalent to an increase in wages, inasmuch as many of the employes in the refineries, in the producing department and along the pipe lines have, by the very nature of their work, been called upon in the past to work more than eight hours a day in many instances.

The action of the Standard Oil Company of California provides the third recent triumph for the toiler and the eight-hour day basis.

The Standard Oil Company of California, coming close on the heels of the other concessions to labor in granting its thousands of employes a briefer working day is the largest corporation on the Pacific coast to take such important action.

WINDOW CLEANERS GAIN.

Newark, N. J., November 24.—Window Cleaners' Union No. 14647, affiliated to the A. F. of L., has won a two-week strike, and the following gains have been secured: Nine-hour day, pay for all rainy days, time and one-half for overtime, Sundays and holidays, and wage increases of from $1 to $3 a week.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF LABEL TRADES UNION COUNCIL WASHINGTON D.C. FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., NOVEMBER 24, 1916.

THE HIGH COST OF PAPER AND PRINTING.

Does the reader of The Trades Unionist—or of any newspaper or periodical, for that matter—know the cost of printing materials? Paper is worth double what it was a few years back and is very scarce, certain kinds being almost impossible to secure. This increase is attributed, asserts a prominent paper dealer, to the scarcity of the materials used in the manufacture of paper. Pulp is three times as much in cost as formerly, alum is worth more, and the imported dye used for whitening is almost a memory. Eight times the quantity of the domestic product is required to produce the same, or nearly the same, results as were obtained from the imported article. ..Ink, too, has keep pace with the upward trend in prices. Metal for setting the type has likewise jumped in price, as have repair parts of printing machinery. Therefore it behooves subscribers to be prompt in paying their dollar. A settlement by delinquents also would be appreciated.

Your union asks you to attend meetings. Do so, and do it with cheerfulness.

The Oklahoma coal strike has terminated and the 9,000 coal miners who walked out November 1 have returned to work.

Stereotypers and Electrotypers' International Union has a membership of 5,000, with 122 local unions affiliated therewith.

The railroads are determined in their fight against the Adamson eight-hour law. They will learn before long that the wage-earner is likewise determined.

Perhaps you have a friend who is not a member of a union and does not know what it means to belong to a trade union. He is the man you should bring into the fold.

Every trade unionist in San Francisco will contribute 20 cents a week to a general fund to be raised by labor council to combat the efforts of the chamber of commerce to establish the non-union shop in the city.

A new union of women workers has been formed in Denver with a charter membership of about twenty-five. It is composed of women employed in the drapery and carpet sewing departments of Denver's big department stores.

With a taste of what organization of its workers means and immediately following the Bayonne strike, Standard Oil has issued an order that hereafter all employes, both skilled and unskilled, will be put on an eight-hour day basis.

While organized labor has agitated for and secured shorter hours of labor, higher rates of wages, and has vastly improved the industrial conditions of the army of toilers, it has also championed those principles of reform that must inevitably evolve a wider and freer social atmosphere.

WHAT UNIONISM MEANS.

The masses are fast learning the lesson that the trades union movement is the only agency upon which they can rely to better their economic condition and raise their standard of livelihood in society as it is constituted at the present time. The labor unions have unmistakably demonstrated to wage-earners in all callings and professions that organization means to them higher wages, better jobs and more comfortable homes; that it means more money with which to buy from the business man, and thus create a better business for the community in which they reside. Trade unions have demonstrated that the organizations of labor means enthused life in the social and business affairs of the nation. This is a lesson that society as a whole is also beginning to learn, for there is no denying the fact that organized labor is viewed in a far different light by the general public today than it was, even as recently as a dozen or so years ago, and what is even more significant, public sentiment is being more and more swayed by the very principles that the unions persistently advocated many years back.

It is therefore small wonder that one hears of the organization of new unions in all sections of Canada and the United States, and the heavy increase in membership of the older trades bodies. From the very nature of things if the unions maintain the headway they have been making of late there can be no denying the fact that in the very near future they will be the dominating factor in the community.

To dam back this tide of beneficent effort is an impossibility. as each day sees it moving on with added momentum, its ranks growing stronger and its influence ever extending. For a hundred years every effort to arrest its progress has ended in failure; for a time its onward sweep may be retarded, only at last to see all barriers swept aside while the torrent sweeps onward with accelerated power.

The labor movement lives, and will continue to live, just as long as it battles for justice for the working class. Unionism and progress march hand in hand, and will succeed because the objective for which it strives is right and means so much for the welfare and liberty of the race.

The fight for the A. F. of L. convention of 1917 is on in earnest. Fort Worth, Tex., is striving hard to get the honor.

Secretary Morrison's report shows the receipts for the last fiscal year were $404,407.80, and the expenses $315,047.32, leaving a balance on hand of $89,360.48.

One hundred international and national unions report the issuing of 2,699 charters during the past year. These unions report a gain in membership during the year of 206,431.

The following four unions lead in death benefits paid: Street Railway Employes, $353,274.78; Carpenters, $314,977.18; Typographical Union, $274,822.31; Cigar Makers, $210,000.

During the past twelve months 480 charters were issued, three international unions, one state federation of labor, 299 trade unions, 101 federal labor unions and seventy-six central bodies.

Three hundred and ninety delegates are in attendance at the A. F. of L. convention. These represent ninety-three international and national unions, twenty-six state branches, sixty-three central bodies, thirty-eight local trades and federal labor unions and seven fraternal delegates.

Seventy-seven international and national unions reported 1,622 strikes during the year, involving 260,012 members. Of this number 126,183 members secured improved conditions. The total cost of these strikes, including financial donations from other unions, amounted to $2,862,799.24.

It is gratifying to note that the machinists secured the eight-hour day for 40,000 members and gained 3,000 members during the last year. More than $250,000 was spent in strike benefits.

The membership of the American Federation of Labor is 2,072,702. There are 111 national and international unions, 717 city central bodies, 21,111 local unions, 705 local trade and federal unions, forty-five state federations, 417 local department councils and five departments composing the A. F. of L.

LABOR'S BEST INVESTMENT.

Whenever you find a workingman who refuses to join the organization of his trade, with the query, "Why should I pay my money into your labor unions?" you can take it for granted that he is one creature who wants to get the benefit of all that which has been accomplished by organized labor without any personal effort or sacrifices, or else he has not sense enough to come in out of the rain.

The American trade unionists know that their labor organizations have brought them hundredfold, yes, thousandfold, in return for their investments, and if we analyze the proposition we find that the returns grow in proportion to our investments. As an illustration I take the brewery workers' organization.

In 1886, when the brewery workers (or rather the journeymen brewers) organized, they were probably the most exploited and mistreated workers of America, with the one exception of the bakery workers. The journeymen brewers' organization started out as a cheap dues-paying organization; the local dues were only 25 cents per month, of which 10 cents went to their national organization. The consequence was—no local treasury, and no more funds in the national treasury than to pay for the running expenses of the office.

The brewery proprietors like all other employers were naturally aware of the financial as well as of the numerical strength of the organization, and decided to exterminate the organization if possible, which they demonstrated by the general lock-out of 1888.

While the employers failed in the end, it nevertheless showed that if it would have been any other industry except the brewing industry the plan would have succeeded.

From 1886 until the time when the local dues were increased and the dues to the national organization raised from 10 to 25 cents per month, but very slow progress was made in bettering wages and reducing hours.

Since 1903 the dues to the international union as well as to the local union have been increased again, so that now the per capita tax to the international organization is 33 1-3 cents per member per month without any other except a $7 strike benefit to each member. This gives the organization the militant character and is responsible for our progress in the reduction of hours and the increase in wages. If you stop to think that the wages of the brewery workers twenty-five years ago was between $40 and $50 per month for twelve to fourteen hours per day, and that now the wages are from $18 to $28 per week for an almost universal eight-hour working day, you will come to the conclusion that the investment of these workingmen in the form of dues brought thousands upon thousands of per cent of interest to them.

If an organization carries benefit systems, such as death and sick benefits, and out-of-work benefits, this should not detract from the prime object of the labor organization, but should be carried on, on a separate and distinct basis. An organization with a cheap dues system which pays a death benefit, cannot be of any great help in the economic struggle of the workers of their trade. The confidence of the workers in their fights for better conditions depends a great deal upon the financial ability of the international organization to support them in case of an economic struggle. We see, in many instances, strikes inaugurated with no ability to support them financially by the international organization, and in most instances these strikes are the ones which result in a defeat for the workers.

I hope to see the time come when every labor organization in America will have a sufficient reserve fund to support its entire membership at least for one month's struggle. We have found that a good reserve fund is rather a preventive than an inducement for strikes.

While many members in the labor organizations look upon the accumulation of funds by the organization with distrust and disfavor, it is the only safeguard for the stability of the labor movement. I hope to see the day come when the labor organizations throughout the country will invest their money in banks of their own—in "Co-operative Labor Banks," where the workers can borrow in time of peace to develop homes, pay back in small installments, and are able to get support in time of war, instead of having the employers in control of their funds through arrangements with the banks.—Joseph Proebstle, secretary International Union of the United Brewery Workmen.

ESTABLISHED 1865 — 51 YEARS IN BUSINESS

CHRISTIAN XANDER'S

Family Brand Rye

75c a Full Quart. Only at

909 7th Street, Northwest.

No Branch Houses. Phone M. 274

MEATS — GROCERIES — FISH

Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the

OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.

930 La. Ave. N. W. — 1111 H Street N. E.
8th & E Sts. S. E. — 1632 N. Capitol Street
31st & M Sts. N. W. — 3418-20 Ga. Ave. N. W.
7th & Q Sts. N. W. — 14th & U Streets N. W.
1778 U Street, N. W. — 7th and B Streets N. E.
7th & H Street N. E. — 3113 14th Street, N. W.
726 7th St. N. W. — 1440 P St. N. W.
2002-2004 Ga. Ave. N. W.

POULTRY — BREAD — PRODUCE

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF THE UNITED BREWERY WORKMEN OF AMERICA
Union MADE Beer — Ale AND Porter
COPYRIGHT & TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1903
THIS IS OUR LABEL.

VOTE
Against Prohibition
DEMAND
Personal Liberty
IN CHOOSING WHAT YOU WILL DRINK
ASK FOR THIS LABEL WHEN PURCHASING BEER, ALE OR PORTER.
As A Guarantee That It Is Union Made.

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK
Northwest Corner FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST
LOOK FOR THE CLOCKS
4 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts
COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

THIS SPACE FOR SALE

WASHINGTON BREWERY CO.

IMPERIAL EXPORT

A really fine beer

We ask your patronage on the basis of quality, accuracy and fair dealing

We want this store to be your store. We can serve your every need in drugs and sundries.

Agent for the San Tox Remedies

WELLER'S DRUG STORE
Eighth and Eye Sts. S. E. — 36th and M N. W.

STORAGE — PACKING — FREIGHT HAULING
Merchants Transfer
— AND —
Storage Company
920-922 E Street Northwest
Phone Main 6900
SHIPPING — MOVING — HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

PHONE MAIN 6079.
Reno Lunch
W. H. WOODCOCK, Proprietor.
625 PA. AVE. N. W.
HOME COOKED FOODS
NEVER CLOSED

CORBY'S DELICIOUS CAKE
10c PER HALF LB.
AT ALL GROCERS

When in Doubt, Buy of
HOUSE & HERRMANN
FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.
N.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W

FIREPROOF
CONSTRUCTION
Hammett Fire Proofing Company
301-302-303 Wilkins Bldg.
Phone Main 3337.

PHONE NORTH 2349
DONOVAN'S
FINE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS
2008 14th St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

The only strictly
UNION TAILORING
house in the city
M. STEIN & CO.
TAILORS
Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

THE MILTON SCHOOL
Oxford Bldg., 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.
Stenography
Typewriting
English
Spanish
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO BEGINNERS
Now in larger quarters in the Oxford Building, 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.

Fall Display

—Of New Productions
—in China, Glass,
—Silverware, Etc.

The new fall goods have transformed our various departments, and housekeepers are invited to inspect recent arrivals in rich and attractive

China,
Lamps,
Electroliers,
Gas Portables,
Sterling Silverware,
Fine Plated Tableware,
Art Pottery,
Bric-a-Brac,
Rock Crystal,
Cut Glass,
Gold-Decorated Glassware,
Novelties, Etc.

—the most elegant displays with which we have entered the fall and winter season.

Housefurnishings of the Best at Lowest Consistent Prices.

Dulin & Martin Co.
1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St.

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY

Equitable Life Insurance Co.
of the District of Columbia

THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Issues Ordinary and Industrial

Wm. A. Bennett, 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.

EQUITABLE BLD'G. 816 14th ST., N. W.

Black's Alderney and Green Meadow Dairy
Pasteurized and Tubercoline Tested Milk.
Phone N. 1670. Union Dairies.

LANSBURGH & BRO.

"DRY GOODS ONLY"

The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City

420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

Bell Brand Union-Made
COLLARS and SHIRTS
LARGE ASSORTMENT
T. HOLLANDER
North Capitol and H Streets

Takoma Bread
Fresh Three Times Daily
AT ALL GROCERS
Havenner Baking Company
Established 1815

Phone Main 3871
WM. H. HOWLIN
OURAY BUILDING, 801 G ST. N. W.
(Room 404)
Engrossing Resolutions, Diplomas, Charters and Fancy Pen Work of all descriptions.

CELTIC CLUB WHISKEY
Our Specialty
Never Changes. Accept No Substitute
Once Tried You'll Always Use It.
Ports and Sherries for family use, Quarts, 50 and 75 cents. All makes of Beer. Leading brands of Cigars. Ales and Porters on draught the year round.
D. J. O'CONNOR
New Jersey Ave. and G Sts. N.W

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

Frank Nelson, temporary fireman.

Thomas S. Higgs, temporary painter.

Mrs. Sallie E. Fletcher, skilled laborer, reinstated.

W. Brooke Hunter, jr., messenger boy, reinstated.

Harry C. Wells, caster helper, reinstated.

Merrian C. Hayson, elevator conductor, reinstated.

Charles E. Monninger, monotype keyboard operator, reinstated.

Percival K. Parlett, jr., skilled laborer, reinstated.

Separations.

Charles S. Pryor, George Wilkerson, James M. Fulbright and Lawrence V. Quander, temporary skilled laborers.

Harry S. Wilson, stockkeeper, resigned.

Transfers, Etc.

Leslie N. Bontz, skilled laborer, $626 per annum, to messenger boy, $500 per annum, office superintendent of documents.

Charles R. Dutrow, messenger boy, $500 per annum, to messenger boy, $420 per annum, office superintendent of documents.

Harvey H. Graves and Hubbard Harris, messenger boys, $420 per annum, to messenger boys, $375 per annum, office superintendent of documents.

Henry A. Sweeney, messenger boy, $500 per annum, to messenger boy, $420 per annum, office superintendent of documents.

James C. Harkness, skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour, State, War and Navy section, to watchman, $720 per annum, watch force section.

Frederick G. Calvert, messenger boy, $375, office superintendent of documents (statutory) transferred to lump sum roll.

Miss Agnes J. Brosman, skilled laborer, $626 per annum, to stockkeeper, $720 per annum, office superintendent of documents.

Miss Lulu M. Ransdell, skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour, to machine operator, 27½ cents per hour, pamphlet binding section (day).

Wilbur W. Blossom, messenger boy, $375 per annum, office superintendent of documents (stat.) to messenger boy, 15 cents per hour, hand section.

Marsh A. Bodenhamer, proofreader, 60 cents per hour, proof section (night) to copy editor, 65 cents per hour, office superintendent of work (Legis. detail, Cong. Directory, Office of the Compiler).

James Williams, unskilled laborer, transferred from carpenter and paint shop section to buildings division.

Joseph A. Merryman, skilled laborer, transferred from monotype section to library printing section.

SEAMEN'S LAW PROTECTS.

Seattle, Wash., November 24.—Judge Neterer has notified ship owners that the seamen's law, which is so bitterly opposed by them, has "teeth," and they must abandon old practices in their treatment of seamen.

This decision was made in the case of a seaman who shipped from Australia for Puget sound. On arriving in this city he made complaint that he was brutally treated by the second mate and that the captain of the vessel permitted his subordinate to escape arrest.

The owner and captain of the vessel attempted to avoid responsibility by claiming that the seamen's law did not apply in this case as the complainant was not a citizen of the United States. To this claim the court replied:

"The fact that the libelant is not a citizen of the United States does not change his relation to the act, as engaging in the service as one of the crew of the American ship Blakely brought him within the protection and benefits of all of the laws passed by Congress on behalf of American seamen, and subject to all of their obligations and liabilities."

BONUS CLASSED AS WAGES.

Altoona, Pa., November 24.—A referee of the workmen's compensation board has ruled that a bonus to keep men on the job must be included as wages when computing benefits under the state compensation law. A workman was killed in an explosion at the plant of the Aetna Chemical Company. The work is dangerous and a portion of the high wages paid to hold men was referred to by the company as a "bonus."

TO VOTE ON JOINING A. F. OF L.

Boston, November 24.—At a special meeting of privates of the Boston fire department it was voted to hold a referendum on the question of affiliating to the American Federation of Labor. The same proposition was defeated by about fifty votes three years ago, and it is now claimed that these opponents realize what legislative advantages the firemen will obtain by a labor affiliation at the same dues they are now paying into a social club.

INTRODUCTION OF PRINTING IN SCHOOLS MEETS APPROVAL

The introduction of printing in the curriculum of the local schools, if conducted along practical lines with practical printers as instructors, will not be opposed by Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101, according to a report submitted at a meeting of that organization last Sunday by the committee which has been investigating the use of printing as a vocational study. The report deals principally with the plant which has been installed in the new Central High School.

It is planned to persuade the school officials to adopt a course of study thorough enough to enable the union to credit time on apprenticeship to boys finishing the course and also to open the plant at night for the benefit of apprentices now employed in local offices. If lack of funds should prevent the starting of a night school this year, it is stated, the union is prepared to provide a teacher at its own expense.

THANKS A. F. OF L.

Secretary Frank Morrison of the A. F. of L. has received the following letter from President Golden of the United Textile Workers of America:

"At the convention of the United Textile Workers of America, held in New York City, October 16 to 21, a resolution was unanimously passed instructing the secretary-treasurer to extend to President Gompers, Secretary Morrison and the executive council of the American Federation of Labor a hearty vote of thanks for their splendid assistance, both moral and financial, which they have given the United Textile Workers of America during the current year in aid of the campaign of organizing which has been so successfully waged among the unorganized textile workers of the country.

"As a result of the success of this campaign I only need to refer to the fact that we are now paying per capita tax on practically double the membership of one year ago, and we are still growing.

"Had it not been for the splendid assistance rendered by the American Federation of Labor, this healthy increase in membership would not have been possible."

BIG PROFITS OF PAPER MAKERS.

As a result of an investigation of news print paper prices the federal trade commission presents facts and figures to show that the present high price of this commodity is unwarranted. It is stated that during the first half of the present year, when prices were soaring to unprecedented figures, the average cost of producing news print paper in domestic mills was less than $1.65 per 100 pounds, or below the average cost in the past three years.

"It should be noted," the statement continues, "that the most important materials which advanced in price, sulphite and ground wood, were produced by most of the paper manufacturers without an increase in cost and not bought at market prices, while some other manufacturers were protected against the increase in prices by contracts. Some other materials which were purchased at advanced prices were very small factors in the total cost. Certain economies were also practiced in the use of expensive materials."

JOPLIN UNIONISTS ENJOINED.

Joplin, Mo., November 24.—Because of a dispute with a non-union plumbing contractor, trade unionists in this city, together with their official newspaer, the Joplin Labor Tribune, have been enjoined by Judge Blair of the circuit court from threatening or declaring a boycott or from "directly or indirectly" interferring with plaintiff or his employes "in any manner whatever."

According to the writ, the court will be sole judge of what constitutes intimidation and coercion, and can sentence these unionists to jail without a trial by jury, because they are endeavoring to better conditions and raise living standards.

If a man is charged with kidnapping or stealing a horse, however, Judge Blair would accord the accused constitutional guarantees without question.

R. R. WIRE MEN ADVANCE.

Decatur, Ill., November 24.—The Order of Railroad Telegraphers has secured a 10 per cent increase for its members employed by the Wabash railroad. The minimum rate is now $60 a month. Overtime rates are increased from 40 to 50 cents an hour and transportation to employes who have worked for the road five or more years, besides other concessions, have been secured.

New Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits for Hire

WILNER'S
ADVANCED FALL STYLES

The Latest Novelties of the Season . . . $18.50

EVERY UNION MAN OUGHT TO TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THIS OFFER

Not only do we save you $10.00 on every suit you buy, but our workmanship has proven to stand up, to hold its shape, curl nor wrinkle until the garment will last, and we guarantee to last you fully three years.

We are the FIRST and ONLY Union Custom Tailors in this City.

Order Your Suit From

JOS. A. WILNER & COMPANY
COR. 8th and G STREETS NORTHWEST

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1
Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.

M. J. DUNNIGAN, President.....2007 14 Street N.W.
JOHN G. WOLFE, Vice-President.1023 N. J. Ave. N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W

TRUSTEES

Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E.
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E.
Thos. L. Nevins.....504 Maine Avenue S. W.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe,.....1023 N. J. Ave. N. W
J. McElfresh,.....
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E.
A. Tenley.....964 Florida Ave. N. W.
M. Sullivan.....5631-2 15 St. S. E.

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.

Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ARBITRATION COMMITTEE.

M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W.
M. A. Wolfe,.....418 F St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. E.
Joseph Harding.....210 13 St. S. W.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....2006 2nd St. N. W
R. Pumphrey.....223 Q St. N. W.
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W.
Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. W.

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Cap
M. J. McNulty.....467 L St. S

DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.

John Wolfe.....1023 N. J Avenue N. W.
William Pollard.....522 14 St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
Fred Negus.....30 L St. N W

Washington District Council of Carpenters
Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Templ

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple
ROBERT ADAM, President, Local 2563, U. B., 1511 Vermont Avenue N.W.
R. H. BURDETTE, Vice President, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
E. B. BYRNE, Secretary, Local 132, U. B., 425 G Street N.W.
F. A. SHOESMITH, Treasurer, Local 2563, U. B., 5209 Georgia Avenue N.W.
C. H. ADAMS, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 804 A Street N.E.
R. H. BURDETTE, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
H. PAGE, Trustee, Local 2563, U. B., 336½ 13th Street N.E.
ROBERT REICHARD, Local 132, U. B., 1720 34th Street N.W.
J. H. RYAN, Local 132, U. B., 1101 11th Street S.E.
FRED HOOK, Local 2563, U. B., 1528 8th Street N.W.
WILLIAM MACKIE, Local 2563, U. B., 216 Seaton Place N.E.

BUSINESS AGENT.
GEO. MYERS, 425 G Street N. W.

Union Station Garage

Guaranteed work on all makes of cars, accessories, second-hand, tires. Storage, $5 up.
Phone, Lincoln 3379.
REAR No. 40 H ST. N.E.

Statement of the Ownership, Management, Circulation, Etc., Required by the Act of Congress of August 24, 1912,

Of The Trades Unionist published weekly at Washington, D. C., for October, 1916.

City of Washington, District of Columbia, ss.

Before me, a Notary Public in and for the State and county aforesaid, personally appeared John B. Colpoys, who, having been duly sworn according to law, deposes and says that he is the owner of The Trades Unionist, and that the following is, to the best of his knowledge and belief, a true statement of the ownership, management (and if a daily paper, the circulation), etc., of the aforesaid publication for the date shown in the above caption, required by the Act of August 24, 1912, embodied in section 443, Postal Laws and Regulations.

1. That the names and addresses of the publisher, editor, managing editor and business managers are: Publisher, editor, managing editor and business manager, John B. Colpoys, 604 5th St. N. W.

2. That the owners are: John B. Colpoys, 604 5th St. N. W.

3. That the known bondholders, mortgages and other security holders owning or holding 1 per cent or more of total amount of bonds, mortgages or other securities are: None.

(Signed.) JOHN B. COLPOYS,

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 26th day of September, 1916.

(Seal.) (Signed) J. EDWIN GILES,
(My commission expires Jan. 7, 1917.)

CORBY'S YEAST

Leaves nothing to guess-work.
Its purity and strength are uniform.
Every baker knows what that means.
Send for samples.

THE CORBY COMPANY
STATION K. WASHINGTON, D. C.

Building Trades Headquarters Sixth and G Sts. N. W
Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rent
WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES TOBACCO.
COSTELLO BROS

THE PLATE PRINTER
Official Organ Plate Printers International Union.
P. J. RYAN, Editor. CHAS. T. SMITH, Assoc. Editor.
Subscription $1.00 Per Year
Telephone 4528 Wash. Loan & Trust Bldg.

Representative Houses
OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

BANKS

THE NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burgler-proof vaults, acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth and New York Avenue

THE WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee. etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK
A Bank for the Working People. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account
Ninth and G streets N. W.

UNION SAVINGS BANK. Commercial Accounts. Three per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts. The Oldest Savings Bank in Washington.

MICHAEL T. GREENE
Liquors and Cigars. 639 D St. N. W.

STONER'S BAR AND RESTAURANT
The, G. Stoner. 206 Seventh St.S. W.

J. CHAS. McGUIRE'S BUFFET
Federal Seal Whiskey. 519 Ninth St. N. W.

O'KEEFE'S BUFFET
P. J. O'Keefe, Prop. 904 Pa. Ave N. W.

GLAVIN'S BUFFET
ED. J. GLAVIN 309 G Street Northwest

OXFORD BUFFET
J. F. SCHRINER 730 14th Street N. W.

FRANK'S BUFFET
Fourth and G Sts., N. W. Phone M. 5572

DAVID WALSH'S BUFFET
407 10th Street N. W.

E. E. FARLEY'S BUFFET
415 13th Street N. W.

J. J. O'DONNELL'S BUFFET
333 Penn. Avenue S. E.

HARRY'S BUFFET
631 Penn. Ave. S. E. Phone Lin. 1848

MACHINIST

G. W. FORSBERG, Formerly with Forsberg and Murray, Elevate Boilers. Eighth and Water Streets S. W. Phone Main 751 and 742

GROCER AND COFFEE ROASTER

SOMERSET R. WATERS, 1342 Seventh st. n.w.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

RALSTON & RICHARDSON, Evans Building, 1420 New York Avenue.

FRANK FULLER Room 421. Munsey Building, Phone Main 1826.

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.

THE SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (INC.) SODA WATER, SYRUPS, Etc., 1066 Wisconsin Avenue Northwest.

PHOTO SUPPLIES

E. J. PULLMAN, Developing and Finishing for Amateurs Specialty 420 Ninth Street N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS

MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Avenue Northwest. Our Specialty Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

FIRE INSURANCE

FIREMAN'S INSURANCE COMPANY, Seventh Street and Louisiana Avenue.

DRY GOODS

WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings. Hoisery, a specialty, 806-808 H Street N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

UNDERTAKERS

J. WILLIAM LEE
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY
332 Penna. Avenue N. W.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.

THE W. H. BUTLER COMPANY, 607 and 609 C Street N W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT

NATIONAL MORTAR COMPANY, First and M Street, Northeast
COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING COMPANY, 3036 K Street.

DRUGGISTS

CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth Street and Virginia Avenue S. E.

DAY & CO
5th and G Sts. N. W. 14th and P Sts. N. W
20th St. and Rhode Island Ave. N. E.

QUIGLEY, Druggist, Twenty-first and G Streets N. W.

A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner Seventh and Streets N. W

TRADE UNION METHODS SUCCEED IN PORTO RICO

Porto Rico workers have been benefited by affiliation to the American Federation of Labor, writes Organizer Santiago Iglesias of San Juan, Porto Rico to A. F. of L. headquarters.

"There has been a true and real awakening of the laborers in all the trades and different industries of San Juan," he says. "The spirit of the labor movement and organization is more intense than ever before in past history. It seems that the seed of unionism, sown for so many years, is now sprouting strongly and vigorously in this capital of the island and other important towns.

"The strikes that have broken forth in the middle of last August, up to this date, have been more frequent and numerous than at any other time in the history of the labor movement of the American Federation of Labor in Porto Rico. The coal workers, the longshoremen and the men employed at the wharves and railroad warehouses have risen to a man and gone on strike, and all their demands have met with success. Their victory has been encouraging, and has cast considerable credit on the various labor organizations that have been helping, encouraging and leading these important forward movements."

Organizer Iglesias also states that railroad shop employes of San Juan won a strike that secured higher wages, better working conditions and more liberty of action. Female employes of the Porto Rican-American Tobacco Company, to the number of 2,000, secured improved conditions as the result of a strike. The same is true of meat cutters and butchers.

Building craftsmen and employes in the metal trades are still on strike.

"All these strikes," continues Organizer Iglesias, "have been managed and helped along by the representatives of the American Federation of Labor, in whom the non-organized workers, who were the majority among the strikers, had their confidence and trust."

275 DISPUTES SETTLED BY DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Baltimore, November 24.—In an address to the annual convention of the American Federation of Labor William B. Wilson, ex-secretary of the United Mine Workers' Union and the present Secretary of Labor, said that of the 300 disputes between laborers and capitalists that had come before his department, 275 have been adjusted in a manner satisfactorily to both sides and before a strike had been reached.

"The greatest of all the functions of the Department of Labor," he said, "is that of having the hopes, aspirations and philosophy of the wage-workers of our country come into the councils of the President of the United States."

Secretary Wilson made it clear to the delegates that he is the same old rugged trade unionist as of yore, and has not wavered in his faith in organized labor because he happens to be a member of the President's official family. He said he was present "for the purpose of showing which side he is on."

GIRLS PAID LOW WAGES.

Fort Wayne, Ind., November 24.—The Worker, official newspaper of the local federation of labor, explodes the claim that this city offers unequalled advantages for female labor. It is stated that most of the factories are working ten hours and are exploiting the girls with a piece-work system. "A number of these plants," continues The Worker, "have a system of fines for this, that and the other violation of office-made rules, and these fines are deducted from the amounts actually earned by the girls at piece work. Conditions both morally and financially are rotten. There is one salvation for the woman wage-worker—organization. Tentative plans for several organizations of girls are now under way and Fort Wayne may yet be relieved of the onus of low wages."

SAFETY RULES URGED.

Tacoma, Wash., November 24.—The Electrical Workers Union has asked the state public service commission to pass a rule prohibiting work on lines carrying more than 5,000 volts, unless the wires are "dead."

The unionists say they are compelled to work on wires carrying 6,000 volts and that they want rules that will permit a greater degree of safety from electrocution.

OHIO IRON MOLDERS WINNING.

Springfield, Ohio, November 24.—Iron molders in this city are winning their strike for a nine-hour day and a $3.50 wage rate. Several firms are still unyielding, but the unionists declare they will stick until the companies tire of their expensive system of employing strikebreakers.

"LOOK WHO'S HERE."

By E. T. GOOD.

About twenty-five years ago down in Galveston, Tex., our good friend, Claude M. Ballard, a printer by trade, was a member of the Printers' Union of that city and at the time was just out of his teens, and he drew twenty dollars per week—a goodly sum for a kid in that western country.

Just seventeen years ago Claude decided he had seen enough of the woolly west, with its Mexican boundary, and he came to Washington, D. C., to go to work in the G. P. O., where he made many good and loyal friends.

Of course, Claude had always been pretty strong with the girls down in Texas, and after making himself firm at the G. P. O. he finally was married and during his ten years of service as a printer for Uncle Sam two little Ballards found their way into the Ballard home—both girls, bright, happy and healthy, and Claude therefore enjoys every moment of his home life.

A few years ago an office on printing was created in the forestry division of the Department of Agriculture, and our friend from Texas left the G. P. O. to become chief of the newly created office. Of course, on going into a position of this kind, since it was not necessary for Claude to continue paying dues into his union while not actively engaged at the craft, he forgot all about the union and dropped out—no, he did not. He keeps to this day a paid-up card in his pocket and has associated with him Mr. E. Burkholder, a proofreader, and another old-time G. P. O. man, Mr. E. L. House, the latter having charge of the work at present in Ogden, Utah. But Claude Ballard joys at seeing these men, like himself, carrying paid-up cards in the union.

Mr. Ballard is responsible for a union printing house here in Washington receiving something like $1,300 or $1,400 worth of printing on a publication previously printed in one of the more eastern states — not much, but he so arranged that bids were forthcoming on this work from only union houses.

Possibly no very great sacrifices have been made by this man for organized labor, nothing so much more than you or I would have done, but he's a good loyal scout for unionism. He lives northwest, so near the woods where the squirrels play that when the street car men were on strike he spent the biggest part of the day walking to his office and back again. He's what you call a "lifer" when it comes to being a sticker for the union.

FAVORS HALF HOLIDAY.

Admiral James H. Glennon, U. S. N., captain commandant of the navy yard and superintendent of the naval gun factory, is strongly in favor of the Saturday half-holiday for government employes for the entire year.

This proposal is being indorsed by many cabinet officials and other government authorities, and was urged by President Gompers.

"Personally I am strongly in favor of making the half-holiday a year-round institution," said Admiral Glennon. "I am sure it will create a better feeling and promote efficiency. It is not for me to recommend such a course to the President, but if my opinion is asked I will most certainly be in favor of extending the recreation period. If my recommendation can help along the cause I will gladly give it."

PROTECT WINDOW CLEANERS.

San Francisco, November 24.—The state industrial accident commission has issued tentative safety orders regarding window cleaning. Every phase of this calling is covered and window cleaners are prohibited from passing from window to window on the outside except where there is a projection from the face of the building at least twenty-four inches wide or except where a railing or handhold is provided or where the window ledge is less than twelve feet above the grade.

All movable ladders, except substantial stepladders, shall be provided with rough surface feet or other suitable means to prevent slipping.

A man shall be placed at the foot of ladders fifteen feet or more in length when same are being used.

GRANITE CUTTERS GAIN.

Ithaca, N. Y., November 24.—The Raymond Hoare firm has signed its first agreement with the Granite Cutters' International Association. The customary forty-four-hour week and a $4 minimum is accepted.

PRINTERS RAISE WAGES.

Erie, Pa., November 24.—Typographical Union No. 77 has signed a three-year agreement with employing printers. Wages in newspapers are increased $1 a week to October 1, 1917, and 50 cents a week increase for the years 1918 and 1919.

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, F. S. Radman, 134 7th Street N.E.

Bakery Salemen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 997 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at Moose Hall, Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sunday in each month, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N. W.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. F. Miller, 19 Quincy Place northwest.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets first and third Sunday of the month at the Secretary, T. Guiffre, 908 Pennsylvania ave. Moose Hall, Seventh and G Street Northwest. nue northwest.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 48: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E street southeast.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G Street N. W.

Brotherhood of Railway Carmen of America, Local Union No. 313: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Streets N. E. Secretary, H. A. Chambers, 2113 4th N. E. Meeting nights first and third Tuesdays.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles' Hall. Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 520 Rhode Island Ave. N. E.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhan, 737 10th St. s. e.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wassaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Twelfth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3800 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Paperhangers Hall, 430 Ninth Street N. W., second and fourth Thursdays of the month. Secretary, Edw. B. Finch, 33 P Street N. E.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets every Friday, at 8:00 p.m. Hall, S. E. Cor. Tenth and Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, Jas. P. Lahey, 816 5th street northeast.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and B Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hisle, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Watchmen's Union No. 14964: Secretary, Jas. H. Reed, Cor. Sec., 1228 B street southwest.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, John T. Bowers, Twentieth and Twenty-first and L and M streets northwest.

International Brotherhood of Teamsters, Chauffeurs, Stablemen and Helpers of America, Local Union No. 115: Meets the first and third Saturday night of each month, G. A. R. Building, 1412 Pa. ave. Secretary-Treasurer, Kirke C. Sipher, 26 P st. n. e.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Avenue S. E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 Twelfth St. N. E.

Laundry Workers, Local No. 110: Meets first Friday in each month at Winslow's Hall, 12 and R streets northwest. Secretary, Moten Jefferson, 550 Twenty-fourth street northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, W. N. Huttel, 1430 A St. N. E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday at 1204 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, E. H. Fulton, 1120 E St. S. E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. F. McDonnell.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third 2665. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Bus. Agt.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 922 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Phone Main 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets second Sunday and fourth Friday in each month. Secretary, Albert Bridges 210 L st. s. e.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 420: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m. Secretary, J. A. Whitecar, 2209 Minnesota Ave. S. E.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas. B. Cameron, Bethesda, Md.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Robt. J. Barrett, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month. Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 820 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressman, No. 1: Meets fourth Monday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. E. Blakely, 3527 O St. N. W.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custodian and Janiter, 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, W. P. Cannon, 408 Twelfth St. S. E.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe. 326 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. F. Hickman, 518 Sixth St. N. W.

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Mrs. H. B. Tritipoe, 1737 Willard street N. W., Apt. 20.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10.30 a. m. and 8.30 p. m. Secretary, G. W. Calderhead, Room 412 Wash. Loan and Trust Building.

The High School Teachers' Union of Washington, D. C., No. 8: Meets in the Music Room of the New Central High School at 3.30 p. m. the second Tuesday in the months of October, December, February, and May. Secretary, G. J. Jones, Central High School.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle, 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. F. Richardson, 750 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Friday, Typographical Temple. Secretary, L. Gantt, 57-A Bates Street.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: International Secretary-Treasurer, Jas. E. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G St. N. W. Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth St. N. W.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.

CREDIT GOES TO MUSICIANS' LOCAL.

Musicians' Local 161, A. C. Hayden, president, is to be thanked for the able performance given by its members last Saturday, when they led the 600 visiting delegates to the Baltimore A. F. of L. in their march from the A. F. of L. building, at 9th street and New York avenue, to the White House. As the delegates marched through the White House grounds to greet the President the band played the patriotic strands of "Dixie." Mr. Hayden's efforts were met with success and he is to be congratulated for his liberal donation.

In Salt Lake City three labor unionists were elected to the Utah state legislature by good majorities.

John W. Hays, secretary-treasurer of the International Typographical Union, has been elected president of the Label Trades Department of the American Federation of Labor.

San Francisco labor unionsts won several victories in the recent election. By a two-to-one majority a city ordinance establishing the eight-hour day with a minimum wage of $3 was enacted. The firemen's two-platoon system also carried by a good majority.

Organized labor in Ohio is particularly rejoiced over the election of James M. Cox as governor, which means that not only will all the progressive labor legislation now on the statute books be protected, but that others will be passed. The workmen's compensation and mothers' pension acts are safe from attacks for the next two years.

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

J. G. O'DONNELL, President, 122 Sixth St. N. E.
M. J. Deery, Vice-President, 2407 Girard St. N. E.
THOS. W. WOLTZ, Recording Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
G. H. F. DAVIS, Treasurer, 439 Second St. S. E.
W. I. STRATTON, Conductor, 617 Sixth St. N. W.
A. F. MOIRSETTE, Warden, 425 G St. N. W.
GEO. MYERS, Business Agent, 425 G St. N. W.

TRUSTEES.

F. J. NOLTE, 24 Eighth Street N. E.
MARK REILEY, 1127 B St. S. E.
A. P. TAYLOR, 622 I Street N. E.

DELEGATES TO THE DISTRICT COUNCIL.

R. H. BURDETTE, 1207 L Street N. W.
C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
E. B. BYRNE, 425 G Street N. W.
ROBERT REICHARD, 1720 35th Street N. W.
J. H. RYAN, 1101 Eleventh Street S. E.

DELEGATES TO THE CENTRAL LABOR UNION.

C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
R. H. BURDETTE, 816 K Street N. W.
W. S. HOLLOHAN, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
C. A. SAUNDERS, 244 9th St. S. E.
LOUIS LUEBKERT, 1314 Kerney St. N. E.

RELIEF COMMITTEE.

THOS. P. O'DEA, 1149 4th St. N. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
H. M. BEVILL, Brentwood, Md.
J. T. CLIFT, 4115 Seventh Street N. W.
M.A. FOLEY, 118 Seaton Street N. E.

MILL COMMITTEE.

F. E. KETTNER, 3016 Cambridge St. N. W.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
O. A. CARTER, Rosslyn, Va.

DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

G. H. F. DAVIS, 439 Second Street S. E.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Meets Every Monday Night

Typographica Temple
423-425 G St. N. W.

Secretary s Address: 1325 E. Capitol St.
Telephone: Lincoln 3955

OFFICERS

N. A. JAMES ..... President
HUGH DIGNEY ..... Vice-President
JOHN B. COLPOYS, Secretary, 1325 E. Capitol St.
JOSEPH E. TOONE ..... Financial Secretary
WM. H. SCHAEFER ..... Treasurer
JOSEPH C. CLARK ..... Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES: Wm. Zell, Mary Ganzhorn, J. L. Considine

COMMITTEES

Executive—Hugh Digney (chairman), N. A. James, John B. Colpoys, J. E. Toone, W. N. Huttel, John R. Hartley.

Legislative—Robert Jones (chairman), John H. Lorch, N. P. Alifas, H. R. Alcorn, E. W. Oyster.

Adjustment—W. N. Huttel (chairman), Jere McCarthy, J. A. McDonald, Ben Spellbring, John G. Schmidt.

Contract—John R. Hartley (chairman), W. H. Schaefer, Hubert Newsom, C. H. Adams, A. J. Ginnelly.

Laws—Dan Hassett (chairman), J. H. Wells, D. J. O'Leary.

Resolutions—J. L. Considine (chairman), Zep S. Pollock, A. J. Kinnell.

Organization—J. E. Toone (chairman), Mary Burkhead, Henry Miller, J. H. Wilson, H. A. Ranier.

Auditing—Mary Ganzhorn (chairman), Marguerite Stewart, E. Wood.

Credentials—M. J. Costella (chairman), J. H. Swain, S. T. Ford.

Lable—E. T. Good,

Press—John B. Colpoys (chairman, N. A. Sprague, B. O'Leary.

Delegates to Baltimore—J. E. Toone (chairman) J. M. Foster, William Zell.

Delegates to Alexandria—H. F. Oehler (chairman). Chas. Allison, L. A. Sterne.

Clothes, Hats and Shoes

The Bieber-Kaufman Co.

901-909 Eighth St. S. E.

Down by the Navy Yard

Washington, D. C.

GEO. D. HORNING,

N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.

LOAN OFFICE

Parker, Bridget & Co.

"The Avenue at Ninth"

Featuring
Extra Value
$15
Suits for Fall

DULUTH PRINTERS WIN AN INCREASE IN WAGES

Duluth, November 24.—Typographical Union, No. 136, has won its demand for an increase in wages, it was announced this week by Edward Grace, secretary-treasurer.

The typos are given an increase of $1.50 a week, day workers being raised from $23 to $24.50 a week, and night workers from $26 to $27.50 a week.

The increases were given by the two Duluth newspapers after a series of conferences and concessions from both sides.

Saks & Company

MEN'S and BOYS' OUTFITTERS
Pa. Ave. & 7th St. Wash., D. C.

Specialists in Apparel for Men and Boys.

BUTLER'S RHEUMATIC and GOUT REMEDY.

A KIDNEY AND HEART TONIC
Manufactured Since 1872 By
BUTLER & FIELD
Third and Indiana Ave. N. W.
Price 50c a bottle. 6 for $2.50
For Sale By Druggists.

LIST OF LIQUOR DEALERS WHO HAVE SIGNED "THE AGREEMENT."

Allen, Paul.....2 N st. n. e.
Allen, John J...807 N. C. Cap st. n. e.
Beirkle, Leopold, - 1245 H st. n. e.
Boyle, William J., 601 Mass. ave n. w.
Castelli, Vincent, 502-504 Ninth st. n. w.
Clark, C. H.....510 9th st. n. w.
Colonial Beach Boat Co.
Costello, Bros.....604 G st. n. w.
Crowley, James J.....702 E st. n. w.
Daly, T. J.....34 H st. n. e.
Daye, Wm. T.....1218 Wisc. ave.
Doyle, Wm. T....1314 Wisc. ave. n. w.
Duffy, James A. -901 1-2 E st. n. w.
Wm. R. Fosbender, 406 Ninth st. n. w.
Franey, F. A.....711½ 9th st. n. w.
Frank, Mrs. M. E. - 319 G st. n. w.
Ganey, M.....615 7th st. s. w.
Glavin, Edwin.....309 G st. n. w.
Hannan, Mrs. E.....531 7th st. s. w.
Hanlon, Timothy.....822 H st. n. e.
Kelliher, J. D.....1258 7th st. s. w.
Killeen, John F.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Louis Hodges, - - 407 9th st n. w.
Lynagh, Peter J.....523 7th st. s. w.
Lynch, John.....417 9th st. n. w.
McCarthy, F. J.....910 4½ st. s. w.
McCarthy, Jas. J.....1402 H st. n. e.
McDonald, F. J.....643 Pa. ave. s. e.
McGinniss, H. J., 1001 N. Y. ave. n. w.
McGuire, J. Chas., 519 Ninth st. n. w
McHough, Martin....1105 H st. n. e.
Milton Schmidt, - 702 7th st. n. w.
O'Connor, D. J.....100 G st. n. w.
O'Connor, Patrick F., 617 D st. n. w.
O'Connor, James.....1429 N. Cap. st.
O'Day, John T. - 921 Ninth st. n. w.
O'Donnell, James J...333 Pa. ave. s. e.
Peter White, - - - 905 D st. n. w.
Raftery, Thomas.....406 H st. n. e.
Raftery, Patrick.....225 11th st. n. e.
Roland, J. H.....511 9th st. n. w.
Scanlon, Daniel,.....103 H st. n. w.
Schroter, Conrad....3258 M st. n. w.
Schltz, Mary T.....607 G st. n. w.
Sheehan, John J., 701 North Cap. st.
Solon, Mary A., - 1003 7th st. e.
Stern, M. M.....601 7th st. n. w.
Stanton, Frank J.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Sullivan, David, 12th and E st. n. w.
Sullivan, John J., 1351 35th st. n. w.
The Casino, Frank Farenkamp (Chesapeake Beach).
Victor Buffet Co., Inc., 7th and G n. w.
Walsh, David, - - 407 10th st. n. w
Wassman, Henry, 705 Seventh st. n. w.
Wiedeman, Joseph....629 E st. n. w.
William J. O'Leary, 733 North Cap. st.
Wininghe, Harry 631 Pa. ave. s. e.
Wolf, Frank, - 512 12th st. n. w.

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

UNION OPERATOR — LOCAL No. 224 — WASH. D.C. — AFFILIATES WITH CENTRAL LABOR UNION & A.F. of L.

American, 1st st. and R. . ave.n.w.
Apollo, - - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Auditorium, 13th st. and N. Y. ave.n.w.
Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Casino - - - 7th and F Sts. N. W.
Central Park, - 9th St. G & H N.W.
Chelsia Theatre, 19th and M sts. n. w.
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N. W.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Eagle Gate Theatre - Sol. Home Gate
Eastern, - - 8th St. bet. F & G S. E.
Elite Theatre, 14th and R. I. ave. n. w.
Empire, - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Fairyland, - 19th and L st. n. w.
Favorite, H St. North Capitol & First
Garden Theatre, 423 Ninth st. n. w.
Gayety Theatre, - 513 9th st. n. w.
Georgia - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
Home Theater, C bet. 12th & 13th n. e.
Liberty Theatre, N. Capitol & P St.
Lyric Theatre - - 14th near Park Rd.
Maryland - - - 624 9th St. N. W.
"M" Street Theatre. M St. near 32nd
Maycroft Park, H St. bet. 6 7, N.E.
Meaders, - - - 8th & G Sts. S. E.
Mid City, - 7th, bet. N and O st. n. w.
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Odeon - - 14th and Church Sts. N. W.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15, N.W.
Orpheum, - - 4th and C st. n. e.
Peerless Park, - 3105 Ga. ave. n. w.
Penn Gardens - - 21st St. & Pa. Ave.
Plaza Theatre - 434 9th st. n. w.
Pleasant Hrr. Park, 12 and C N. E.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Randolpr Park, 1st and Randolph n. w.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
R. I. Theatre, 7th and R. I. Ave. N. W.
Savoy, - - - 14th and Col. Road.
Schuetzen Park, Ga. ave. and Kenyon
Standard Park, Bates, near N. Cap. St.
Strand, - - - - - Ninth and D.
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N. E.
Stanton Park, - - - 219 4th N. E.
Starlight Park, 4 1-2 and K st. n. w.
Surprise Theatre - Alexandria, Va.
The Strand, - - Hopewell, Va.
The Richmond, - - Alexandria, Va.
Truxton Park, N. Capitol & Fla. Ave.
Victoria Theatre, 7th & E Sts. S. W.
Virginia - - - 614 9th St. N. W.

The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I.P.E.U.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXI. NO. 23 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, DECEMBER 1, 1916. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

WISCONSIN SUPREME COURT UPHOLDS LABOR LAW

Madison, Wis., December 1.—The state supreme court has reversed itself in the case of the state versus the Lange Canning Company and now rules that the state industrial commission may determine what classes of labor are dangerous or prejudicial to the health, safety and welfare of women and how long they may be engaged in a specific occupation without detrimental consequences.

The court held a contrary opinion last May, when it ruled that that portion of the law was unconstitutional because it was a legislative function and the state legislature has no right to delegate its power to a commission.

The state asked the court to review the case, and this petition was supported by the state federation of labor. In its later decision the court withdrew its former ruling, but declined to mark the boundaries of the commission's authority on the ground that each order must be judged by itself. The court says that "the law should be upheld for the reason that the authority thus conferred invests the commission with no arbitrary and uncontrolled discretion, but directs them to ascertain the facts and to apply the rules of law thereto under the prescribed rules and conditions. Such action is not legislative, but has the prominence of executive and ministerial party within the requirements provided in the act.

In the earlier decision, on the question of the proper hours for part day and part night work, Justice Rosenberry ruled that since it was clearly the aim of the legislature to limit the hours of labor for women's work, no matter what part of the day these hours covered, "the limitation as to the amount of work done in any one day, meaning thereby the period from midnight to midnight, is limited to ten hours." This part of the former ruling is again upheld, the language of the latter ruling would seem to imply.

EIGHT-HOUR LAW VOID SAYS FEDERAL COURT

Kansas City, Mo., December 1.—In a recent decision Judge William C. Hook of the United States Circuit Court held that the Adamson railroad eight-hour law is unconstitutional and denied the government's plea that an injunction suit started by the Missouri, Oklahoma and Gulf Railroad be dismissed.

This road is in the hands of receivers, who were appointed by Judge Hook.

The case was presented to the court the day previous and Judge Hook acknowledged "it is far from being an agreeable duty for a judge to record a judicial conclusion without the care and deliberation essential to a conviction that he would stand to in every circumstance."

"Upon a consideration of the Adamson law and of what is said of its practical effect, and what was intended to be accomplished by it, the judgment is that, as the court construes the terms of the law, it cannot be sustained."

Judge Hook stated that while the government is not entitled to special consideration, its department of justice is entitled to every consideration in its plea for haste in settling the controversy. The court, therefore, issued the order in such form that an appeal goes direct to the United States Supreme Court, which convenes December 4 next. The government immediately notified Judge Hook that it would appeal from his decision.

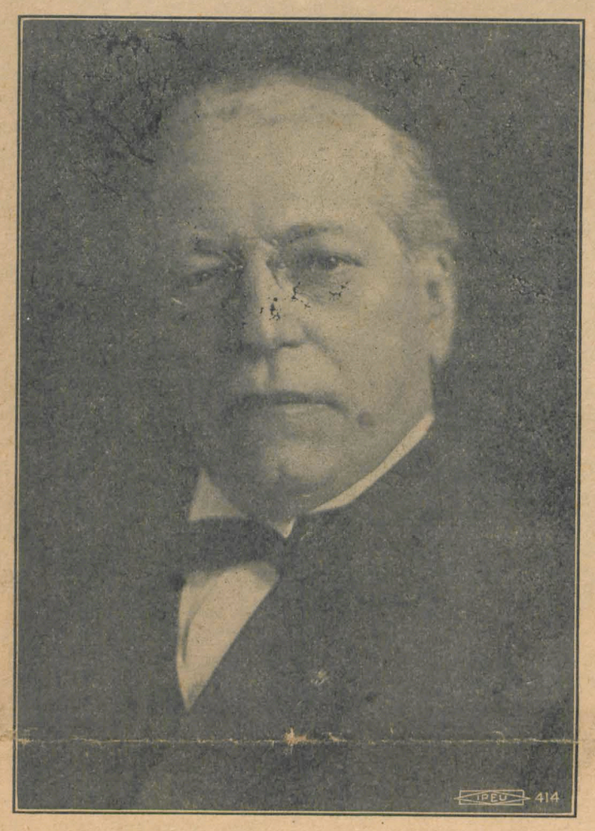
The Adamson law reads that same shall take effect January 1 next.

TO ORGANIZE NEGROES.

The A. F. of L. at its recent convention in Baltimore declared in favor of inaugurating a movement toward unionizing negroes in the south. The executive council is instructed to decide on the best methods to make this declaration effective.

AGAIN CHOSEN TO HEAD AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR

SECRETARY FRANK MORRISON.



PRESIDENT SAMUEL GOMPERS.

FRANK MORRISON RE-ELECTED; TRIUMPH FOR TRADE UNIONISM

While a trade union paper has no right to interfere with the internal affairs of any labor organization, this paper is glad that the attempt to defeat Frank Morrison for secretary of the American Federation of Labor died "a-bornin'" at the Baltimore convention.

The men who insisted on a change were President Scott of the International Typographical Union and his fellow delegates, Max Hayes, Hugh Stevenson and H. W. Dennett, together with President Tobin of the Brotherhood of Teamsters and Secretary Fischer of the Journeymen Barbers.

These unionists wanted to replace Secretary Morrison with Secretary-Treasurer John Hays of the International Typographical Union, who made an active canvass during the convention in his own behalf. Their objection to Morrison was: "Oh, because," and, "Give us a change." They received no encouragement, and they did not place their candidate before the convention. They attempted to arrange matters so John Hays would withdraw and have Max Hayes enter the race, in the hope that the latter would line up the socialistic influence. But Max declined with thanks.

These unionists should remember that the success of their organizations depends upon labor organized in other crafts, and these latter will never sanction mere "job hunting" that will replace a man whose years of experience has made him an almost indispensable part of the trade union movement.

Every one knows that Frank Morrison and the other I. T. U. delegates to the A. F. of L. convention are not in accord. The reason for this is none of our affair.

It is our affair, however, as it is the affair of every other trade unionist, when this long internal fight between the printers is carried into an A. F. of L. convention and an attempt made to defeat a man who cannot be reached through the referendum of his own organization, whose life has been devoted to the movement, and whose knowledge and experience would be lost to organized labor if a few "good fellows" had their way.

These men must remember that the labor movement is not a toy. If it is to voice the aspirations of the workers, if it is to maintain the attention of earnest, sober-minded men, alert to the forces against it, the unionist with nothing but a handshake to recommend him for an important office must be sat upon, as was done at the Baltimore convention when Morrison was elected unanimously and then cheered for five minutes by the delegates, many of whom, for the first time, awakened to his worth.

The convention not only elected him unanimously, but it unanimously adopted a committee's report which made this reference to him, while complimenting President Gompers and the A. F. of L. executive council:

"We, too, commend Secretary Morrison for his unquestioned loyalty and for unlimited devotion to our cause. Painstaking in the particular work devoted to his care, accurate in the manifold duties of his office, and imbued with a spirit of loyalty, unblemished and untarnished, we congratulate him upon the efficient response to our cause and our government."

A. F. OF L. CONVENTION CLOSES; ALL OFFICERS ARE RE-ELECTED

The thirty-sixth annual convention of the American Federation of Labor, which easily eclipses, in point of importance, all others that preceded it, adjourned in a blaze of glory last Saturday afternoon. Most of the delegates had made reservations for a quick get-away, and they were all loud in their praises of the hospitality of the Baltimore trade unionists who entertained them in royal fashion. Notwithstanding the campaign that was conducted—to use the words of some of the campaigners, "We are out to get Morrison's scalp"—in the end, with humiliating defeat staring them in the face, they saved their faces in the furnace room where they went to warm their feet, which had become so cold that they could hardly stand the suffering.

With bursts of eloquence that would be appreciated by all of the Patrick Henrys, the officers were all re-elected. When the time arrived for the election of officers President Gompers called John Mitchell to the chair.

Delegate Perkins, Cigar Makers, was recognized by the chair and placed in nomination for president for the ensuing year Samuel Gompers, of the Cigar Makers' International Union. The nomination was seconded by a number of delegates.

Delegate Woll, Photo-Engravers, moved that the secretary cast the ballot of the convention for the election of Samuel Gompers as president. The motion was seconded and carried. The secretary complied with the instructions of the convention, and Mr. Gompers was declared duly elected for the ensuing year.

PRESENTS BUST TO CONVENTION.

The convention was presented with a lifelike bust of Mr. Gompers, the work of Miss Kathleen Wheeler of Chicago, and Mr. Perkins in his presentation speech paid a glowing tribute to the president of the American Federation of Labor, saying: "Mr. Chairman and Fellow-Delegates: It is sometimes difficult for some of us to break into the limelight, but in my mind there is no question that some of us are striving to do the very best we possibly can to give to the great movement for which the American Federation of Labor stands the best that is in us. While some are more fortunate than others because of natural endowment and the spirit which moves them, there is no question that the name of Samuel Gompers, when the history of the labor movement is written, will be emblazoned on the pages of that history. There is no question that the memory of his achievements, of his fidelity to the great work of uplift will live in the minds and hearts and memories of all those who have been fortunate enough to have been associated with him. Living in his deeds we know his place in the hall of fame is secure. Still it is well that his features as well as his work be perpetuated so that the memory and the knowledge of his work may be an inspiration to those who shall

(Continued on page 4.)

STRIKE INJUNCTIONS SHOULD BE IGNORED

"Disregard strike injunctions, let the consequences be what they may," was the unanimous declaration of the convention of the American Federation of Labor, in Baltimore.

This position was taken mainly because of a recent decision by the Massachusetts surpreme court, which has been considered by the A. F. of L. executive council, and which was reported to the convention. The court reversed a state law prohibiting strike injunctions. The law declared that the right to labor is a personal right and not a property right.

The convention sustained the report of its committee that the executive council "further pursue the investigation of the case, and if there be any opportunity for a rehearing on appeal, that that procedure be authorized by the convention.

"Your committee would further recommend that it be the sense of this convention that it seems to be the settled purpose of interests antagonistic to the freedom of men and women who labor to persuade and then use the judiciary to misconstrue constitutional guarantees, and thereby nullify lgislative enactments so as to leave but one remedy, and we, therefore, recommend that any injunctions dealing with the relationship of employer and employe, and based upon the dictum, 'Labor Is Property,' be wholly and absolutely treated as usurpation and disregarded, let the consequences be what they may.

"Such a decision as that rendered by the supreme court of the state of Massachusetts has its roots in class interests; it is usurpation and tyranny.

"Freedom came to man because he believed that resistance to tyranny is obedience to God; as it came so it must be maintained.

"Kings could be and were disobeyed, and sometimes deposed. In cases of this kind judges must be disobeyed, and should be impeached."

TO ORGANIZE WAITERS.

A long-felt need in the local labor movement is to be accomplished if the proper assistance will be given to Robert Lyons, international organizer for the Hotel and Restaurant Employes' International Alliance and Bartenders' International League of America, who is in this city for the purpose of organizing the waiters and waitresses in the hotels and restaurants. Brother Lyons was at the Central Labor Union last Monday night, and gave a graphic account of the deplorable conditions under which these people have to work.

His mission in this city can be greatly aided and will be deeply appreciated if every trades unionist will give him a helping hand, and a few words spoken to the man or woman who serves you where you eat will accomplish wonders. Let every one connected with the movement in this city do a little agitating and the results will speak for themselves.

8-HOUR GIRLS THANK A. F. OF L.

Crown, Cork and Seal Operatives' Union No. 14204 of Baltimore wrote to the A. F. of L. convention as follows:

"Believing you would be interested in our success through the assistance of the A. F. of L., we desire to inform you that the 560 girls holding paid-up cards in this organization have obtained the eight-hour work day.

"We desire to thank the A. F. of L. for the interest taken in our behalf in not only assisting us to obtain the eight-hour work day as against the ten-hour day, but aiding us in the four years of our union to procure 40 per cent increase in wages. We feel proud of our advancement, or achievement, and therefore request this letter be made a part of the thirty-sixth annual convention of the A. F. of L. in order that others may read, become interested and go and do likewise."

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR TRADES UNION LABEL COUNCIL WASHINGTON 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., DECEMBER 1, 1916.

LOUIS F. POST'S TRIBUTE TO HENRY GEORGE, JR.

The death of this friend, whom I have loved from his youth up, closes another chapter in the world-wide work his father began.

"Seeing the want and misery, the ignorance and brutishness caused by unjust social institutions," his father set about to right them. This was the impulse that gave "Progress and Poverty" to the loving emotions and calm thought of a poverty-stricken world.

In the creation of that book, the son served, though a mere lad, as his father's trusted amanuensis; and at the printer's case he contributed his share to the setting of the type.

But the book was only a beginning. It merely charted the way that Henry George had set out upon.

That way had still to be traversed. It led along the lower levels of commonplace tax reforms. It tortuously climbed the steeps of unjust institutions, grounded in self-interest and prejudice, toward justice in property rights. It reached to the social summits of universal co-operation in universal equality.

On this pilgrimage the son was constantly at his father's side, in his father's confidence and at his father's service.

They came from California to New York: and in the east, as before in the west, they worked together.

They went together to Great Britain when Henry George aroused the people there as they had not been aroused before on social problems since the days of Long Will and John Ball.

In the campaign that Henry George made for Mayor of New York in 1886, carrying the banner of this social crusade, Henry George, jr., was his confidential secretary.

They worked together on The Standard, and when the father made his tour of the world he entrusted The Standard to the editorial and business care of the son.

In the second campaign that Henry George made for Mayor of New York, toward the climax of which he suddenly died, this son of his was again his coadjutor. And upon the father's death the son was chosen to succeed him as the leader of those who on that occasion were enlisted in the crusade that "Progress and Poverty" began.

As Henry George's body rested in its open grave at Greenwood, nineteen years ago, Henry George, jr., symbolized his consecration to the cause his father's work had vitalized by dropping the first handfuls of earth upon his father's coffin lid; and from that hour until his body refused longer to serve the uses of his soul, he was faithful—industriously, vigorously, thoughtfully faithful—to that symbolic vow.

This is not the place, at any rate this is not the time, to tell the story of Henry George jr.'s career in the crusade for social justice which has come everywhere to be identified with his father's memory and name. It is enough to note that as writer, lecturer, traveler, political campaigner in two countries, and Congressman, this crusade was his objective; not as a fetish making everything else invisible, but as a guiding purpose which gave to all things else their true proportions and perspective.

Nor is this the place or the time for praise. I write of my friend now because he has just died and I loved him. Our paths came together when he was less than twenty and I not many years less than twice as old. The way for our intimacy had been opened by a friendship which "Progress and Poverty" had already established between myself and his father; and that intimacy has continued unbroken for nearly double my own life, and many years more than double his.

We have shared hopes and exultations, doubts and depressions, joys and bereavements, wild expectations and sane reactions, some of them strictly personal but nearly all of them intimately related to the crusade in which we have had a common interest, a common outlook and largely a union of feeling and thought.

Perhaps, then, a word of appraisement may not be misplaced. Though it seem like eulogy, it is a well-weighed estimate. And I offer it not in praise, but as a true tribute to the memory of one who has for more than thirty years been to me as a younger brother and whose all too early death I deeply deplore.

His fidelity was like his father's. He was tireless in pursuit of the essentials of the cause to which he held himself consecrated. He was rational in the adaptation of means to ends for its promotion. He was bold without rashness and prudent without timidity in all his relations to it. Whatever his faults, those at least were among his virtues, along with a manifest sense of responsibility, a personal dignity, and an intensity of personal affection and loyalty which counted not a little in making his work for social righteousness effective.

I write of him as if he were dead. But that is only in deference to prevailing habits of speech, for I think of him as living.

His physical body is disintegrating, but shall we therefore say that he himself is dead? Many of us have at some time or other in our lives looked upon this change as death. Perhaps it was as well to do so, when human life now and hereafter were what they appeared to us to be. But with those clearer apprehensions that are so impressively stated in "Progress and Poverty," many of us can say now as its author did when in closing that book he confessed that "a faith that was dead revives."

We all live now in a world of concrete manifestations, of which our physical bodies are to each of us the most vital examples. But we also live now in a world of abstract realities, which our consciousness stubbornly refuses to ignore. How, then, can we rationally say that when our bodies disintegrate we ourselves dissolve into nothingness? Because we are dead to the physical world when our physical forms no longer serve us? That is no reason for assuming that we are non-existent in a spiritual world to which from infancy we have been growing accustomed.

The more reasonable inference is that with the loss of the physical body we become, not less spiritual to the point of non-existence, but inexplicably more spiritual—more truly and completely ourselves.

"Life absolutely and inevitably bounded by death" seemed intelligible to the author of "Progress and Poverty" only "as the avenue and vestibule to another life." So it is coming more and more to seem to the most of us—not mystically but rationally. In the death of the human body we do not believe that we witness the death of a soul over which there were rejoicings at its birth. We believe that we witness the coming of a soul to maturity. May we not as rationally rejoice over this as over its birth—even though we grieve as we return its physical embodiment to the earth from which it came?

At all events it seems to me unreasonable to think of my friend as having literally died. I think of him as having come more intimately into communion and useful co-operation than ever before with all who have lived for what he has lived for. I picture him as continuing his work with his father, to whose cause he was consecrated from boyhood. I picture him as working with Tolstoy, whose spirituality attracted him in his later years as it had his father before, and under whose influence he remained while his rational consciousness found physical expression.

Call it hope or call it superstitution, the fact remains that he has had a spiritual as well as a physical life. And the inference arises which will not be denied, that only his physical life is at an end. It must be that in a larger and freer environment his spiritual life goes on developing that unity of love and effort for just things which has formed the character that we identify as the man we knew.—The Public.

Perhaps we have but little, but just the same we are thankful for that much. conscious, however, of the fact that by united effort we shall have more in the time to come.

Don't forget that organization increases wages and shortens the working day, making work steadier.

Men will not and cannot work as vigorously for ten hours or even for nine hours as they will for eight. If you do not believe this statement investigate for yourself by simply observing.

THE SIN OF GLUTTONY.

Dog fanciers have long noted that when a house dog begins to get fat and wheezy it is pretty apt to be attacked by a stubborn skin disease. In such a case they cut down the diet and increase the open-air exercise, thus relieving the over-burdened body of poisonous substances.

The sin of gluttony is common, and therefore much condoned, but, like every other violation of nature's laws, has a penalty. Fat inefficiency, sluggish mentality, the reddened nose, the pimpled face, certain of the chronic skin eruptions, and much fatigue and nervousness are due to the abuse of the digestive apparatus. Rich, indigestible foods in large quantities, highly seasoned to stimulate the jaded palate, are forced into a body already rebellious from repletion. Exercise is largely limited to walking to and from the table and bodily deterioration proceeds rapidly. Many an overfed dyspeptic, suddenly draged by the stern hand of circumstances from a life of physical ease and plenty and forced to work out of doors suddenly discovers that his semi-invalidism has gone, that a chronic skin derangement of many years standing has disappeared and that a new vigor and zest of life has been given him.

Not every one can spend his whole time in the open air, but a certain amount of exercise and plain wholesome food in an amount not exceeding the body's needs can be had by almost every one. Simple moderate diet and exercise make for health. These are not faddish food theories: they are just plain common sense.

Delegates to the Building Trades Department of the American Federation of Labor are in convention at Baltimore this week.

The eight-hour day has proved a commercial success in many lines of industry. Have you heard of an enterprise that can truthfully point to the eight-hour day as a cause of failure?

Trade unionism does not antagonize labor-saving machinery. It welcomes all such innovations. It does believe, however, that such machinery was intended to be a blessing, and in order that it may not become a curse, a shorter workday is advocated, so that a gigantic proportion of labor shall not be displaced and thus become sufferers instead of recipients of some of the benefits gained by modern invention.

ORGANIED LABOR NOT A MENACE.

There are those in this enlightened country who speak of the menace of unionism. What does it menace? Why do men join unions? Is it because unionism is a trust, or is it because it is a necessity?

The union man is called upon to make sacrifices. He is not making for himself a monopoly. Every benefit he secures he shares with others.

Wherein is unionism a menace?

Does it menace the interests of labor? Dissolve all the unions of the country, and what would be the effect on labor? Should the standard of labor be improved or injured? Every increase of wages and every reduction of hours, and every safeguard of the worker, is due to organized effort.

Does it menace a home? It aims to keep the mother in the home and when woman must work to place her on a level with the man; to restore the child to the school out of the sweatshop and the street; to secure the head of the home the best possible wages and hours and conditions of labor; to provide for the family in case of sickness, accident, unemployment or death.

Does it menace society? What is more needed today than the social spirit? The union is the greatest existing generator of the social spirit. It teaches its members to stand together—to look not alone to their own affairs, but each to the affairs of others.

Unionism is a menace to nothing except the things that are a menace to human happiness and advancement.

ESTABLISHED 1865 — 51 YEARS IN BUSINESS

CHRISTIAN XANDER'S

Family Brand Rye

75c a Full Quart. Only at

909 7th Street, Northwest.

No Branch Houses. Phone M. 274

MEATS — GROCERIES — FISH

Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the

OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.

930 La. Ave. N. W. — 1111 H Street N. E.
8th & E Sts. S. E. — 1632 N. Capitol Street
31st & M Sts. N. W. — 3418-20 Ga. Ave. N. W.
7th & Q Sts. N. W. — 14th & U Streets N. W.
1778 U Street, N. W. — 7th and B Streets N. E.
7th & H Street N. E. — 3113 14th Street, N. W.
726 7th St. N. W. — 1440 P St. N. W.
2002-2004 Ga. Ave. N. W.

POULTRY — BREAD — PRODUCE

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF THE UNITED BREWERY WORKMEN OF AMERICA
Union MADE Beer — Ale AND Porter
COPYRIGHT & TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1903
THIS IS OUR LABEL.

VOTE
Against Prohibition
DEMAND
Personal Liberty
IN CHOOSING WHAT YOU WILL DRINK
ASK FOR THIS LABEL WHEN PURCHASING BEER, ALE OR PORTER.
As A Guarantee That It Is Union Made.

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK
Northwest Corner FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST
LOOK FOR THE CLOCKS
4 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts
COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

PENN GARDENS
21st and Penn Ave.
"ALWAYS WORTH WHILE"
IS FAIR TO
UNION LABOR
Penn Gardens Company is going to build the greatest Community Amusement Center in the East. You will be given an opportunity to share in the profits as well as the Patronage. This is on the Principal, that
"IN UNION THERE IS STRENGTH"

WASHINGTON BREWERY CO.
IMPERIAL EXPORT
A really fine beer

A GOOD SYRINGE
is really a great treasure in the home with a family. Worth a great deal more than it costs in dollars and cents. Get one now.
WELLER'S DRUG STORE
Eighth and Eye Sts. S. E. — 36th and M N. W.

STORAGE — PACKING — FREIGHT HAULING
Merchants Transfer — AND — Storage Company
920-922 E Street Northwest
Phone Main 6900
SHIPPING — MOVING — HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

PHONE MAIN 6079.
Reno Lunch
W. H. WOODCOCK, Proprietor.
625 PA. AVE. N. W.
HOME COOKED FOODS
NEVER CLOSED

CORBY'S DELICIOUS CAKE
10c PER HALF LB.
AT ALL GROCERS

When in Doubt, Buy of
HOUSE & HERRMANN
FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.
N.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W

FIREPROOF CONSTRUCTION
Hammett Fire Proofing Company
301-302-303 Wilkins Bldg.
Phone Main 3337.

PHONE NORTH 2349
DONOVAN'S
FINE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS
2003 14th St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

The only strictly
UNION TAILORING house in the city
M. STEIN & CO.
TAILORS
Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

THE MILTON SCHOOL
Oxford Bldg., 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.
Stenography
Typewriting
English
Spanish
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO BEGINNERS
Now in larger quarters in the Oxford Building, 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.

Fall Display

—Of New Productions
—in China, Glass,
—Silverware, Etc.

The new fall goods have transformed our various departments, and housekeepers are invited to inspect recent arrivals in rich and attractive

China,
Lamps,
Electroliers,
Gas Portables,
Sterling Silverware,
Fine Plated Tableware,
Art Pottery,
Bric-a-Brac,
Rock Crystal,
Cut Glass,
Gold-Decorated Glassware,
Novelties, Etc.

—the most elegant displays with which we have entered the fall and winter season.

Housefurnishings of the Best at Lowest Consistent Prices.

Dulin & Martin Co.
1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St.

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY

Equitable Life Insurance Co.
of the District of Columbia

THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Issues Ordinary and Industrial

Wm. A. Bennett, 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.

EQUITABLE BLD'G. 816 14th ST., N. W.

Black's Alderney and Green Meadow Dairy
Pasteurized and Tubercoline Tested Milk.
Phone N. 1670. Union Dairies.

LANSBURGH & BRO.

"DRY GOODS ONLY"

The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City

420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

Bell Brand Union-Made
COLLARS and SHIRTS
LARGE ASSORTMENT
T. HOLLANDER
North Capitol and H Streets

Takoma Bread
Fresh Three Times Daily
AT ALL GROCERS
Havenner Baking Company
Established 1815

Phone Main 3871

WM. H. HOWLIN
OURAY BUILDING, 801 G ST. N. W.
(Room 404)

Engrossing Resolutions, Diplomas, Charters and Fancy Pen Work of all descriptions.

CELTIC CLUB WHISKEY
Our Specialty
Never Changes. Accept No Substitute
Once Tried You'll Always Use It.
Ports and Sherries for family use, Quarts, 50 and 75 cents. All makes of Beer. Leading brands of Cigars. Ales and Porters on draught the year round.
D. J. O'CONNOR
New Jersey Ave. and G Sts. N.W

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

Charles W. Dean, probationary electrotype finisher.

Clarence V. Jolley, temporary painter.

Jesse H. Thomas, temporary unskilled laborer.

Joseph E. Donellan, temporary compositor.

James M. Fulbright, William H. Freeland, William J. Harrover, Jacob Z. Gehres, jr.; David Sterman, Edward A. Connors, Samuel J. Clinkscale, Walter F. Boswell, George F. Roye, John L. Gaither and Harry E. Waymire, probationary skilled laborers.

Separations.

James H. Gillespie and William R. McKenley, emergency compositors, resigned.

Thornton M. Hunt, unskilled laborer, resigned.

Arthur A. King, skilled laborer, temporary.

Henry J. Holtzclaw and Alfred F. Brass, temporary skilled laborers.

Miss Florence B. James, skilled laborer, resigned.

Mrs. Minna F. Wallace, machine operator.

Transfers, Etc.

John Slingland, skilled laborer, to linotype section.

Thomas H. Mumford, jr., and Patrick Quinn, electrotype molders; James E. Mulligan, electrotype finisher; Howard R. Leoffel, stereotyper apprentice, and George P. Gladden, unskilled laborer, transferred from foundry section (d) to foundry section (intermediate).

Oscar B. Bellinger, Charles H. Roeder, Charles E. Castle, Alfred A. Davis and Otto R. Schellin, compositors; Clarence H. Peake, machine helper; Sumner E. Healy, messenger boy; Victor J. Thompson and William H. Freeland, skilled laborers, transferred from linotype section (day) to linotype section (night).

James Y. Johnson, Guy A. Long, Fred Norris, John B. Foster, Irving W. Hitchcock, Edward L. May, Allen A. Maul, Harry C. Dobbs, George H. Pease, Edwin N. Warner, Hugh D. Jarrett, William O. Smith and Frank H. Long, linotype operators, transferred from linotype section (day) to linotype section (night).

Harry Johnson, electrotype finisher in charge, to assistant foreman at 80 per hour, foundry section (intermediate).

John M. Richards, electrotype molder, to electrotype molder in charge at 65 cents per hour, foundry section (intermediate).

Harry W. Arthur, compositor, linotype section (night) to proofreader, proof section (night).

WAGE INCREASE A "BLUFF."

Syracuse, N. Y., December 1.—The recent widely-heralded wage increases that meat packers voluntarily awarded their employes is commented on as follows by Secretary-Treasurer Homer D. Call of the Amalgamated Meat Cutters and Butcher Workmen:

"At the time the employers made the bluff of increasing wages of all employes 2½ cents per hour, we felt confident that it was only a play to the galleries, with no intention of continuing it.

"The following extract from one letter received practically explains the situation. The writer says:

" 'The announcement raise through the press of the country some time ago has never been secured here. Some few weeks ago, when twelve of the men in one of the largest firms signed a petition asking for it, they were immediately discharged.' "

Secretary-Treasurer Call declares that the wage announcement "was only a sop" thrown to employes to have them believe they would receive better treatment. "We are in a position to state," says the unionist, "that it has not been carried out in many localities and wherever it has been demanded has resulted in the discharge of the employes."

Butchers and meat cutters are urged to depend upon themselves and join the union of their craft, instead of depending upon the "generosity" of meat packers.

COLORADO MINERS UNITE.

Colorado Springs, Col., December 1.—President John McLennan of the state district, United Mine Workers' Union, has organized the miners employed at the Pike View mine. This property is the largest in El Paso county and its unionization was supposed to be practically impossible. It was the only mine in the county that operated with non-unionists during the recent strike.

EASTERN WIRE MEN STRIKE.

Waterbury, Conn., December 1.—Electrical Workers' Union is winning its demand for an eight-hour day, increased pay and the union shop. The New England Engineering Company, which does business throughout the state, is opposing the union and strikes are on in this city, New Haven, New London and Bridgeport.

"LOOK WHO'S HERE."

By E. T. GOOD.

When the Washington Times was purchased by Frank A. Munsey the morning issue of that paper was discontinued, as a consequence thereof a number of men were dispensed with.

Frank H. Pidcock, being one of the men to vacate his position, had to seek employment in other fields on account of scarcity of work in his special line. Being always willing to try anything once, he left for the New England states as a pickle salesman. While in Boston he accepted a job as a substitute pressman on the newspapers of that city.

Thinking he could better his condition he went to New York city, where he connected with the McClure newspaper syndicate. After working for that concern for several years he accepted a contract with the Goss Printing Press Co., to go to Buenos Aires, as an instructor in newspaper printing and half-tone color work.

While in South America he contracted several tropical fevers, causing him to leave that country. On his arrival in New York, after being away from the states for two years, he was sick and broke. However, his grit and nerve was still with him. After a visit to his home he determined to go west—no particular place as a destination.

He arrived in San Francisco when that town was down from the earthquake and fire. Finding the people cheerful and game to the limit, he was willing to make this city his temporary home. After being in San Francisco for several years, working as a pressman and real estate salesman, he began to feel the moss growing on his back. As a consequence the old desire for travel began to run through his veins. Therefore he pulled up stakes and started across the continent, with South Africa as his destination.

During his stop-over in Denver he accepted a position as pressman on one of the papers of that city. While in Denver he worked as a pressman and newspaper reporter. For the thrill of excitement he accepted the nomination as a candidate for the state legislature. During the campaign he spoke before organized labor bodies and from the soap box on the street corners. He was defeated, but, however, he considered the experience as a part of his education.

After traveling through all the western states he again arrived in San Francisco. The printing business being not the best, he accepted a position as book salesman in northern California and southern Oregon. While among the Indian farmers of that country he went broke and had to take the trail back to the coast. The only way he could get back to San Francisco was by boat. Not having the price he bargained to work his way on a lumber schooner. During a heavy storm the boat was badly battered, the crew facing shipwreck.

Back in San Francisco, he could not get work at his trade, so he accepted a job as dishwasher in a lunchroom.

After following that line of work for several weeks he procured a position as a stocks and bonds salesman in the country districts of California.

After a six-month trip in an automobile as a salesman he resigned his position to go back to his trade. While working as a pressman on the San Francisco Chronicle, the position which he now holds was presented. He accepted and came across the continent and became foreman of the pressroom of the Washington Post.

ACCEPT EMPLOYES' ADVICE.

New York, December 1.—The New York World publishes the following dispatch from Pittsburgh:

"The Pennsylvania Railroad is experimenting with short freight trains on the Monongahela division in order to find out how an eight-hour day will work. So far, by cutting a mile train or a half-mile train in two, enough time has been saved, the officials say, to indicate that runs may be made in eight hours, thus avoiding overtime."

The above would indicate that the efficiency plea of railroad employes is being tested, despite opposition of bankers, editors, stock-jobbing promoters and other "molders" of public opinion.

Railroad employes have continually insisted that the solution of the eight-hour problem was the thing the Pennsylvania railroad is now credited with doing.

DENY SEVEN-DAY WEEK.

New York, December 1.—One day's rest in seven must be given employes of the Lackawanna Steel Company under a ruling of the state industrial commission.

John Mitchell, chairman of the commission, said that the company had been given three weeks in which to file a schedule showing how it proposed to comply with the spirit and intent of the law. The commission will then pass upon the schedule.

The hearings were held in Buffalo and the company's inhuman proposal was opposed by trade unionists and other right thinking citizens.

New Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits for Hire

WILNER'S
ADVANCED FALL STYLES

The Latest Novelties of the Season . . . $18.50

EVERY UNION MAN OUGHT TO TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THIS OFFER

Not only do we save you $10.00 on every suit you buy, but our workmanship has proven to stand up, to hold its shape, curl nor wrinkle until the garment will last, and we guarantee to last you fully three years.

We are the FIRST and ONLY Union Custom Tailors in this City.

Order Your Suit From

JOS. A. WILNER & COMPANY
COR. 8th and G STREETS NORTHWEST

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1
Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.

M. J. DUNNIGAN, President.....2007 14 Street N.W.
JOHN G. WOLFE, Vice-President.1023 N. J. Ave. N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W.

TRUSTEES

Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E.
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E.
Thos. L. Nevins.....504 Maine Avenue S. W.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe,.....1023 N. J. Ave. N. W
J. McElfresh,.....
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E.
A. Tenley.....964 Florida Ave. N. W.
M. Sullivan.....5631-2 15 St. S. E.

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.

Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ARBITRRATION COMMITTEE.

M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W.
M. A. Wolfe,.....418 F St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. E.
Joseph Harding.....210 13 St. S. W.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....2006 2nd St. N. W
R. Pumphrey.....223 Q St. N. W.
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N.W.
Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. W.

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Cap
M. J. McNulty.....467 L St. S

DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.

John Wolfe.....1023 N. J. Avenue N. W.
William Pollard.....522 14 St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

Washington District Council of Carpenters
Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple
ROBERT ADAM, President, Local 2563, U. B., 1511 Vermont Avenue N.W.
R. H. BURDETTE, Vice President, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
E. B. BYRNE, Secretary, Local 132, U. B., 425 G Street N.W.
F. A. SHOESMITH, Treasurer, Local 2563, U. B., 5209 Georgia Avenue N.W.
C. H. ADAMS, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 804 A Street N.E.
R. H. BURDETTE, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
H. PAGE, Trustee, Local 2563, U. B., 336½ 13th Street N.E.
ROBERT REICHARD, Local 132, U. B., 1720 34th Street N.W.
J. H. RYAN, Local 132, U. B., 1101 11th Street S.E.
FRED HOOK, Local 2563, U. B., 1528 8th Street N.W.
WILLIAM MACKIE, Local 2563, U. B., 216 Seaton Place N.E.

BUSINESS AGENT.
GEO. MYERS, 425 G Street N. W.

Parker, Bridget & Co.
"The Avenue at Ninth"

Featuring
Extra Value
$15
Suits for Fall

SHIPBUILDING IN THE U. S.

The seamen's law is no longer a bogey man to ship owners, as the federal department of commerce states that 968 sailing, steam, gas and unrigged vessels, aggregating 405,894 gross tons, were built in the United States during the ten months ended November 1. In addition, there were constructed for foreigners thirty-six wooden vessels of 372 gross tons and eleven steel vessels of 25,418 gross tons. Of the total tonnage, 284,658 tons were steamcraft.

CORBY CAKE
At All Good Grocers
THE CORBY COMPANY
STATION K. WASHINGTON, D. C.

Building Trades Headquarters Sixth and G Sts. N. W
Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rent
WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES TOBACCO.
COSTELLO BROS

THE PLATE PRINTER
Official Organ Plate Printers International Union.
P. J. RYAN, Editor. CHAS. T. SMITH, Assoc. Editor.
Subscription $1.00 Per Year
Telephone 4528 Wash. Loan & Trust Bldg.

Representative Houses
OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

BANKS

NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burglar-proof vaults; acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth Street and New York Avenue.

WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee, etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK. A bank for the working people. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account. Ninth and G Sts. N. W.

UNION SAVINGS BANK. Commercial accounts. Three per cent interest on savings accounts. The oldest savings bank in Washington.

MICHAEL T. GREENE
Liquors and Cigars. 639 D St. N. W.

STONER'S BAR AND RESTAURANT
The, G. Stoner. 206 Seventh St.S. W.

J. CHAS. McGUIRE'S BUFFET
Federal Seal Whiskey. 519 Ninth St. N. W.

O'KEEFE'S BUFFET
P. J. O'Keefe, Prop. 904 Pa. Ave. N. W.

GLAVIN'S BUFFET
ED. J. GLAVIN 309 G Street Northwest

FRANK'S BUFFET
Fourth and G Sts. N. W. Phone M. 5572.

DAVID WALSH'S BUFFET
407 10th Street N. W.

E. E. FARLEY'S BUFFET
415 13th Street N. W.

J. J. O'DONNELL'S BUFFET
333 Penn. Avenue S. E.

HARRY'S BUFFET
631 Penn. Ave. S. E. Phone Lin. 1848

MACHINIST

G. W. FORSBERG, formerly with Forsberg & Murray, Elevators, Boilers. Eighth and Water Sts. S. W. Main 742.

GROCER AND COFFEE ROASTER

SOMERSET R. WATERS, 1342 7th St. N. W.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

RALSTON & RICHARDSON, Evans Building, 1420 New York Avenue.

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.

SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (Inc.), Soda Water, Syrups, etc. 1066 Wis. Ave. N. W.

PHOTO SUPPLIES

E. J. PULLMAN. Developing and Finishing for Amateurs a Specialty. 420 9th St. N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS

MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Ave. N. W. Our Specialty, Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

FIRE INSURANCE

FIREMEN'S INSURANCE COMPANY, Seventh Street and Louisiana Avenue.

DRY GOODS

WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings. Hosiery, a Specialty. 806-808 H St. N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

UNDERTAKERS

J. WILLIAM LEE
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY
332 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.

W. H. BUTLER CO., 607-9 C St. N. W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT

NATIONAL MORTAR CO., 1st and M N.E.
COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING CO., 3036 K Street.

DRUGGISTS

CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth St. and Virginia Ave. S. E.
DAY & CO. 5th and G Sts. N.W. 14th and P N.W., 20th and R. I. Ave. N.E.
QUIGLEY, Druggist, 21st and G Sts. N.W.
A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner 7th and P Streets N. W. N. 2372.

LONG-HOUR ALIENS CAN'T BE EDUCATED

Indianapolis, December 1.—The United Mine Workers' Journal expresses its approval of the attempt of the federal department of labor to educate the non-speaking immigrant, but takes occasion to again call attention to the necessity for trade unionism among these workers.

"We fully approve of any plan conceived with the intent to assimilate the foreign-speaking workers," says the editor, "but we also recognize that the greatest bar to the assimilation or the education of the foreign workers is the selfish interest of those who temporarily see profit in the division of the workers; who find in their ignorance of the language and of the standards of this land an opportunity to exploit, to maintain a rate of remuneration commensurate with the lower standard of living these immigrants were accustomed to in their old homes.

"We hold that the question of Americanization, of assimilation, is largely a question of better standards of living, of better opportunity for self-improvement offered by shorter work days, of the higher ambition, the brighter vision, made possible only with alleviation of economic pressure.

"The worker, foreign or native, who toils in the superheated mill for twelve hours each day, seven days each week, can have no such visions. His mind is as tired as his exhausted body; the proposed night school holds out no opportunity to him.

"By some means it must be brought home to those men that, first, they must find means through which they must alleviate their economic conditions, get from under the grievous burden, the bearing of which saps all their physical and mental powers.

"And that, of course, means that they must be first aroused toward self-alleviation through united action, united protest against the conditions that tend to make of them mere brute beasts, toward organization on the economic field—in labor unions.

"The labor union makes Americanization possible. With conditions such as can be secured only through intelligent co-operation on the economic field, the worker will find ways and means to self-education; without it, the best intended efforts to implant knowledge must fail to reach the overworked, underfed, exhausted worker."

TRADES UNIONISTS WIN.

Olympia, Wash., December 1.—The power of organized labor in this state was shown in the defeat of all referendum measures and a constitutional amendment at the recent election.

One proposal would destroy the direct legislation law by compelling all persons to sign petitions in the registration offices and before a registration officer. This would mean that before a farmer could sign a petition he would have to journey to his registration place and would end the practice of petitions being signed in factories.

The anti-picketing law was also defeated. This was passed by the last legislature, but the unionists demanded that it be submitted to a referendum before enforcement. The act made it unlawful to publish any facts concerning any labor difficulty. Picketing was not only prohibited, but it was a crime for any person to even carry a newspaper containing a statement of acts about any labor troubles.

This legislation was urged by the Manufacturers' Association.

OPPOSE "NO-STRIKE" LAW.

Denver, December 1.—Secretary-Treasurer Anderson of the state federation of labor urges Colorado trade unionists to prepare for the coming session of the state legislature and demand the repeal of the industrial commission law, which denies workers in any industry the right to strike before the commission investigates the dispute. This legislation is modeled after the Canadian industrial disputes act, which applies to public utilities. The repeal of this statute was declared to be of paramount interest to the workers of Colorado by the last convention of the state federation of labor.

Other legislation that will be urged includes the enactment of an anti-injunction law; a semi-monthly pay day to apply to employes of railroads; a firemen's pension law and the enactment of a public defender law.

UNIONISM BENEFITS NURSES.

Delegate Coen of the Hospital Nurses and Attendants' Union No. 14714 told the convention of the A. F. of L., in session in Baltimore last week, that trade union methods have reduced the work day in Illinois state institutions from thirteen and sixteen hours to eight hours. Other gains included equal pay for equal work where men and women were employed and a two weeks' anual vacation.

RIGHT TO ORGANIZE, FIRST.

Chicago, December 1.—"Our members must never lose sight of the fact that the first battle with the Western Union and Postal Telegraph companies will be to establish the right to organize," says the Commercial Telegraphers' Journal.

"This fight must be made before any satisfactory wage negotiations may be attempted, since only free men are capable of legislating for themselves. Men held in subjection may be objects of legislation, but they never participate in the deliberations.

"Ordinarily this first struggle is termed 'recognition of the union,' but recognition of the union is immaterial if the right to belong to an organization is no longer disputed.

"The usual form of testing the sincerity of the workers is to discharge some of the leaders of the movement. If everybody runs the moment the first gun is fired, the employer chuckled, because he staved off the inevitable once more. If, on the other hand, he finds that there is a solidarity behind the movement indicating earnestness, nerve and a willingness to fight for justice, a back-down on the employer's part usually follows and the right to organize is won.

"The Westion Union, for example, has played this game, time and again, during the past fifty years. Sometimes they have lost, usually they have won. They have won because to the telegraphers the game has always been new, and it will be so until the tactics of the opposition are understood."

SWITCHMEN WORK LONG HOURS

New York, December 1.—Testifying before a federal arbitration board, railroad switchmen cited instances where they had worked fourteen and fifteen hours a day and fell asleep after eating lunch, causing them to lose their jobs when they failed to return on time. One Michigan Central switchman, employed at Detroit, stated that by working three hours a day overtime he is able to bring his earnings to a basis where he can support his family. He asserted that some switching crews work sixteen hours a day, ten hours elapsing sometimes between lunch and the evening meal.

T. J. Hanrahan, yard conductor for the Nickel Plate railroad, at Cleveland, told the board that when the eight-hour plan was tried on that road it took seven additional crews to put it in force, but more cars were handled and at less cost than in previous years.

CO-OPS. PAY DIVIDENDS.

Gillespie, Ill., December 1.—The fourteenth quarterly report of the Gillespie Co-operative Society shows a dividend of 6 per cent to members on the basis of purchases amounting to $1,035.30; paid interest to members on their share and loan capital, $140.53; put back into the fund as undivided profits, $12.25; put in reserve fund, $300. Sales to members totaled $17,321.66, and to non-members, $873.26. Total resources amounted to $23,239.71.

A. F. OF L. CONVENTION CLOSES; ALL OFFICERS ARE RE-ELECTED

(Continued from page 1.)

come after us. But Mr. Gompers is a modest man.

"A sculptress of ability in Chicago, Miss Kathleen Wheeler, succeeded through the machinations of some of President Gomper's friends, in chloroforming him long enough to induce him to sit for her to make a bust of him. She labored faithfully and she has achieved success. It is now my great pleasure to present to this convention the result of her handiwork. (Turning to the president.) Mr. Samuel Gompers, I have the honor of introducing to you a lifelike bust of yourself in order that you may see yourself as others see you."

At the close of his address, Delegate Perkins unveiled a handsome bronze bust of President Gompers.

Chairman Mitchell then said: "Mr. Gompers, accept this gift, and permit me formally to notify you of your unanimous election as president of the American Federation of Labor for the ensuing year.

President Gomper's Reply.

President Gompers, in reply to Mr. Mitchell's remarks, said:

"I find it difficult to express what I feel at this time. My gratitude to you, my appreciation of your endorsement of that which I have tried to do, is more than I can tell you. After all, it is not the question of achievement, it is the question of what one tries to do, the spirit, and the purpose which prompted me to act, of that which I have endeavored to do and to say in order to be helpful to my fellow men, to interpret the spirit of the labor movement, to carry on the work as others have been compelled to lay it down, to try to help my fellows of today, so that they and I, when our time shall come to lay down our work, and to hand over the labor of our country and our time untarnished, that our labor movement may be in a bit better position for those who shall succeed us, that the burdens of labor shall be lighter than those that we bore when we entered into the struggle.

"If we can in our time contribute something to bring light into the work and into the lives of our fellow workers; if we can touch the spark that instills the spirit of independence and character in the men and women of labor; if we who are the successors of the struggling masses of the past, of the labor movement whose men and women have borne the scars of battle, and all the pains and pangs of the struggle for human justice and uplift, if this great labor movement of ours can but help to place one better opportunity in the hands of the toiling masses of our country and our time, if we can be helpful to our fellows across the sea in every country, in every clime to the farthest recesses of the world, if we can press home to all the world and upon all those who now, consciously or unconsciously, undertake to oppress and tyrannize over the workers and deny them the elements of justice and the opportunity for equality, if we can help the ushering in of a brighter and a better day, if we can understand the general concept of human justice and human freedom, if we can instill in the minds of all that the best and highest concepts and idealisms of freedom make for the utmost fraternity and unity of the peoples of our common country and of the whole civilized world, we shall have done something in the interest of labor, of the masses of humanity and for the perpetuation of our republic and the ideals and ideas upon which it is founded and to which it aspires. To be helpful, to be of some instrumentality, to be useful in that movement is one of the greatest heritages and opportunities that can come to any man, and I am proud, indeed, of the fact that my conscience is free, my mind unhampered and my consciousness unaffected. I know as the light has been given to me I have tried to serve my fellow men."

President Gompers again expressed his appreciation of the gift, and asked that it be considered a gift to the American Federation of Labor, and that some place be found for it in the A. F. of L. building.

Election of vice presidents resulted as follows: James Duncan of the Granite Cutters' International Association, first vice president; James O'Connell of the International Association of Machinists, second vice president; Denis A. Hayes of the Glass Bottle Blowers' Association, third vice president; Joseph F. Valentine of the Molders' Union of North America, fourth vice president; John R. Alpine of the United Association of Plumbers, Gasfitters, Steamfitters and Steamfitters' Helpers of North America, fifth vice president; H. B. Perham of the Order of Railroad Telegraphers, sixth vice president; Frank Duffy of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America, seventh vice president; William Green of the United Mine Workers of America, eighth vice president.

John B. Lennon of the Journeymen Tailors of North America was elected treasurer.

Delegate Berry, Printing Pressmen, nominated Frank Morrison for secretary. No other names being presented, the nominations were closed, and upon motion of Delegate Miller, Musicians, the president was instructed to cast the unanimous vote of the convention for Mr. Morrison.

Each of the officers, upon being declared elected, made a brief speech, in which he expressed his appreciation of the honor of the unanimous re-election.

Delegate John Golden, Textile Workers, and Delegate Frank Farrington, United Mine Workers, were elected delegates to the British Trades Union Congress.

Delegate Emanuel Kovelski, Hotel and Restaurant Employes, was elected as delegate to the Canadian Trades and Labor Congress.

Buffalo, N. Y., was chosen by the convention as the place in which to hold the 1917 convention of the A. F. of L.

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Mouday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, F. S. Radman, 134 7th Street N.E.

Bakery Salemen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 997 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secre- Wednesdays of each month at Moose Hall, tary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sunday in each month, Paperhangers' Hall, 480 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N. W.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. F. Miller, 19 Quincy Place northwest.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 439: Meets first and third Sunday of the month at the Secretary, T. Guiffre, 908 Pennsylvania ave- Moose Hall, Seventh and G Street Northwest. nue northwest.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 45: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E street southeast.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 45 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G Street N. W.

Brotherhood of Railway Carmen of America, Local Union No. 513: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Streets N. E. Secretary, H. A. Chambers, 2113 4th N. E. Meeting nights first and third Tuesdays.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles' Hall. Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 520 Rhode Island Ave. N. E.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 73: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhan, 787 10th St. s. e.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wassaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Twelfth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3808 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Paperhangers Hall, 480 Ninth Street N. W., second and fourth Thursdays of the month. Secretary, Edw. B. Finch, 38 P Street N. E.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets every Friday, at 8:00 p.m. Hall, S. E. Cor. Tenth and Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, Jas. P. Lahey, 816 5th street northeast.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and B Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hisle, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Watchmen's Union No. 14964: Secretary, Jas. H. Reed, Cor. Sec., 1228 B street southwest.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, John T. Bowers, Twentieth and Twenty-first and L and M streets northwest.

International Brotherhood of Teamsters, Chauffeurs, Stablemen and Helpers of America, Local Union No. 115: Meets the first and third Saturday night of each month, G. A. R. Building, 1412 Pa. ave. Secretary-Treasurer, Kirke C. Sipher, 26 P st. n. e.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Avenue S. E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 408 Twelfth St. N. E.

Laundry Workers, Local No. 110: Meets first Friday in each month at Winslow's Hall, 12 and R streets northwest. Secretary, Moten Jefferson, 550 Twenty-fourth street northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, W. N. Huttel, 1430 A St. N. E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday at 1204 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, E. H. Fulton, 1120 E St. S. E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 8: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. F. McDonnell.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third 2665. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Bus. Agt.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 922 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Phone Main 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets second Sunday and fourth Friday in each month. Secretary, Albert Bridges 210 L st. s. e.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 420: Meets every Friday, 480 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 480 Ninth St. N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Phote-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m. Secretary, J. A. Whitecar, 2209 Minnesota Ave. S. E.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas. B. Cameron, Bethesda, Md.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 480 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Robt. J. Barrett, 480 Ninth St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month. Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 820 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressman, No. 1: Meets fourth Monday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. E. Blakely, 3527 O St. N. W.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custodian and Janiter, 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, W. P. Cannon, 498 Twelfth St. S. E.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe. 326 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 480 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. F. Hickman, 518 Sixth St. N. W.

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Mrs. H. B. Tritipoe, 1737 Willard street N. W., Apt. 20.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10.30 a. m. and 8.30 p. m. Secretary, G. W. Calderhead, Room 412 Wash. Loan and Trust Building.

The High School Teachers' Union of Washington, D. C., No. 8: Meets in the Music Room of the New Central High School at 3.30 p. m. the second Tuesday in the months of October, December, February, and May. Secretary, G. J. Jones, Central High School.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle, 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 750 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 480 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14629: Meets first and third Friday, Typographical Temple. Secretary, L. Gantt, 57-A Bates Street.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: International Secretary-Treasurer, Jas. E. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G St. N. W. Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth St. N. W.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

J. G. O'DONNELL, President, 122 Sixth St. N. E.
M. J. Deery, Vice-President, 2407 Girard St. N. E.
THOS. W. WOLTZ, Recording Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
G. H. F. DAVIS, Treasurer, 439 Second St.S. E.
W. I. STRATTON, Conductor, 617 Sixth St. N. W.
A. F. MOIRSETTE, Warden, 425 G St. N. W.
GEO. MYERS, Business Agent, 425 G St. N. W.

TRUSTEES.

F. J. NOLTE, 24 Eighth Street N. E.
MARK REILEY, 1127 B St. S. E.
A. P. TAYLOR, 622 I Street N. E.

DELEGATES TO THE DISTRICT COUNCIL.

R. H. BURDETTE, 1207 L Street N. W.
C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
E. B. BYRNE, 425 G Street N. W.
ROBERT REICHARD, 1720 35th Street N. W.
J. H. RYAN, 1101 Eleventh Street S. E.

DELEGATES TO THE CENTRAL LABOR UNION.

C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
R. H. BURDETTE, 816 K Street N. W.
W. S. HOLLOHAN, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
C. A. SAUNDERS, 244 9th St. S. E.
LOUIS LUEBKERT, 1314 Kerney St. N. E.

RELIEF COMMITTEE.

THOS. P. O'DEA, 1149 4th St. N. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
H. M. BEVILL, Brentwood, Md.
J. T. CLIFT, 4115 Seventh Street N. W.
M.A. FOLEY, 118 Seaton Street N. E.

MILL COMMITTEE.

F. E. KETTNER, 3016 Cambridge St. N. W.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
O. A. CARTER, Rosslyn, Va.

DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

G. H. F. DAVIS, 439 Second Street S. E.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Meets Every Monday Night

Typographica Temple
423-425 G St. N. W.

Secretary s Address: 1325 E. Capitol St.
Telephone: Lincoln 3955

OFFICERS

N. A. JAMES ..... President
HUGH DIGNEY ..... Vice-President
JOHN B. COLPOYS, Secretary, 1325 E. Capitol St.
JOSEPH E. TOONE ..... Financial Secretary
WM. H. SCHAEFER ..... Treasurer
JOSEPH C. CLARK ..... Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES: Wm. Zell, Mary Ganzhorn, J. L. Considine

COMMITTEES

Executive—Hugh Digney (chairman), N. A. James, John B. Colpoys, J. E. Toone, W. N. Huttel, John R. Hartley.

Legislative—Robert Jones (chairman), John H. Lorch, N. P. Alifas, H. R. Alcorn, E. W. Oyster.

Adjustment—W. N. Huttel (chairman), Jere McCarthy, J. A. McDonald, Ben Spellbring, John G. Schmidt.

Contract—John R. Hartley (chairman), W. H. Schaefer, Hubert Newsom, C. H. Adams, A. J. Ginnelly.

Laws—Dan Hassett (chairman), J. H. Wells, D. J. O'Leary.

Resolutions—J. L. Considine (chairman), Zep S. Pollock, A. J. Kinnell.

Organization—J. E. Toone (chairman), Mary Burkhead, Henry Miller, J. H. Wilson, H. A. Ranier.

Auditing—Mary Ganzhorn (chairman), Marguerite Stewart, E. Wood.

Credentials—M. J. Costella (chairman), J. H. Swain, S. T. Ford.

Lable—E. T. Good.

Press—John B. Colpoys (chairman, N. A. Sprague, B. O'Leary.

Delegates to Baltimore—J. E. Toone (chairman) J. M. Foster, William Zell.

Delegates to Alexandria—H. F. Oehler (chairman). Chas. Allison, L. A. Sterne.

Clothes, Hats and Shoes

The Bieber-Kaufman Co.

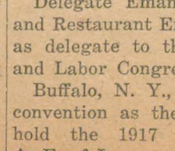
901-909 Eighth St. S. E.

Down by the Navy Yard

Washington, D. C.

GEO. D. HORNING,

N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.



LOAN OFFICE

Saks & Company

MEN'S and BOYS' OUTFITTERS
Pa. Ave. & 7th St. Wash., D. C.

Specialists in Apparel for Men and Boys.

BUTLER'S RHEUMATIC and GOUT REMEDY.

A KIDNEY AND HEART TONIC

Manufactured Since 1872 By

BUTLER & FIELD

Third and Indiana Ave. N. W.

Price 50c a bottle. 6 for $2.50

For Sale By Druggists.

LIST OF LIQUOR DEALERS WHO HAVE SIGNED "THE AGREEMENT."

Allen, Paul.....2 N st. n| e.
Allen, John J...807 N. C. Cap st. n. e.
Beirkle, Leopold, - 1245 H st. n. e.
Boyle, William J., 601 Mass. ave n. w.
Castelli, Vincent, 502-504 Ninth st.n.w.
Clark, C. H.....510 9th st. n. w.
Colonial Beach Boat Co.
Costello, Bros.....604 G st. n. w.
Crowley, James J.....702 E st. n. w.
Daly, T. J.....34 H st. n. e.
Daye, Wm. T.....1218 Wisc. ave.
Doyle, Wm. T....1314 Wisc. ave. n. w.
Duffy, James A. -901 1-2 E st. n. w.
Wm. R. Fosbender, 406 Ninth st. n w.
Franey, F. A.....711½ 9th st. n. w.
Frank, Mrs. M. E. - 319 G st. n. w.
Ganey, M.....615 7th st. s. w.
Glavin, Edwin.....309 G st. n. w.
Hannan, Mrs. E.....531 7th st. s. w.
Hanlon, Timothy.....822 H st. n. e.
Kelliher, J. D.....1258 7th st. s. w.
Killeen, John F.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Louis Hodges, - - 407 9th st n. w.
Lynagh, Peter J.....523 7th st. s. w.
Lynch, John.....417 9th st. n. w.
McCarthy, F. J.....910 4½ st. s. w.
McCarthy, Jas. J.....1402 H st. n. e.
McDonald, F. J.....643 Pa. ave. s. e.
McGinniss, H. J., 1001 N. Y. ave. n. w.
McGuire, J. Chas., 519 Ninth st. n. w.
McHough, Martin....1105 H st. n. e.
Milton Schmidt, - 702 7th st. n. w.
O'Connor, D. J.....100 G st. n. w.
O'Connor, Patrick F., 617 D st. n. w.
O'Connor, James.....1429 N. Cap. st.
O'Day, John T. - 921 Ninth st. n. w.
O'Donnell, James J...333 Pa. ave. s. e.
Peter White, - - 905 D st. n. w.
Raftery, Thomas.....406 H st. n. e.
Raftery, Patrick.....225 11th st. n. e.
Roland, J. H.....511 9th st. n. w.
Scanlon, Daniel,.....103 H st. n. w.
Schroter, Conrad....3258 M st. n. w.
Schltz, Mary T.....607 G st. n. w.
Sheehan, John J., 701 North Cap. st.
Solon, Mary A., - 1003 7th st. e.
Stern, M. M.....601 7th st. n. w.
Stanton, Frank J.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Sullivan, David, 12th and E st. n. w.
Sullivan, John J., 1351 35th st. n. w.
The Casino, Frank Farenkamp (Chesapeake Beach).
Victor Buffet Co., Inc., 7th and G n. w.
Walsh, David, - - 407 10th st. n. w.
Wassman, Henry, 705 Seventh st. n. w.
Wiedeman, Joseph....629 E st. n. w.
William J. O'Leary, 733 North Cap. st.
Wininghe, Harry 631 Pa. ave. s. e.
Wolf, Frank, - 512 12th st. n. w.

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

UNION OPERATOR — LOCAL No. 224 — WASH. D.C. — I.A.T.S.E. — SUPPLIES WITH CENTRAL LABOR UNION & A.F. of L.

American, 1st st. and R. . ave.n.w.
Apollo, - - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Auditorium, 13th st. and N. Y. ave.n.w.
Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Casino - - - 7th and F Sts. N. W.
Central Park, - 9th St. G & H N.W.
Chelsia Theatre, 19th and M sts. n. w.
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N. W.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Eagle Gate Theatre - Sol. Home Gate
Eastern, - - 8th St. bet. F & G S. E.
Elite Theatre, 14th and R. I. ave. n. w.
Empire, - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Fairyland, - 19th and L st. n. w.
Favorite. H St. North Capitol & First
Garden Theatre, 423 Ninth st. n. w.
Gayety Theatre, - 513 9th st. n. w.
Georgia - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
Home Theater, C bet. 12th & 13th n. e.
Liberty Theatre, N. Capitol & P St.
Lyric Theatre - - 14th near Park Rd.
Maryland - - - **624 9th St. N. W.**
"M" Street Theatre, M St. near 32nd
Maycroft Park, H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Meaders, - - - 8th & G Sts. S. E.
Mid City, - 7th, bet. N and O st. n. w.
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Odeon - - **14th and Church Sts. N. W.**
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15, N.W.
Orpheum, - - 4th and C st. n. e.
Peerless Park, - 3105 Ga. ave. n. w.
Penn Gardens - - 21st St. & Pa. Ave.
Plaza Theatre - 434 9th st. n. w.
Pleasant Hrr. Park, 12 and C N. E.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Randolpr Park, 1st and Randolph n. w.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
R. I. Theatre, 7th and R. I. Ave. N.W.
Savoy, - - - **14th and Col. Road.**
Schuetzen Park, Ga. ave. and Kenyon
Standard Park, Bates, near N. Cap. St.
Strand, - - - - - Ninth and D.
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N. E.
Stanton Park, - - - 219 4th N. E.
Starlight Park, 4 1-2 and K st. n. w.
Surprise Theatre - Alexandria, Va.
The Strand, - - Hopewell, Va.
The Richmond, - - Alexandria, Va.
Truxton Park, N. Capitol & Fla. Ave.
Victoria Theatre, 7th & E Sts. S. W.
Virginia - - - 614 9th St. N. W.

The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I. P. E. U.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXI. NO. 24 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1916. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

INDUSTRIAL MISHAPS BLAMED ON EMPLOYERS

Harrisburg, Pa., December 8.—Dr. J. W. Schereschewsky of the federal public health service, together with other health authorities, disagreed with mechanical experts before the fourth annual industrial and efficiency conference, that "four per cent of the industrial mishaps to workers could be remedied by better equipment, but the other accidents were due to the men."

A workingman toils in a poorly lighted room; his eyes become fatigued; there is an accident. Is that the fault of the man? asked these medical men.

Shop ventilation is poor; the workman is poisoned with foul air and becomes stupified; there is an accident—the fault of ventilation.

Sickness, said the doctors, was in most cases an industrial accident, generally due to poor working conditions. There are 30,000,000 workers in the country. Each one of them averaged nine days of preventable sickness a year, or 240,000,000 days wasted.

Foremen who took no thought of "teaming" men of the same physical strength, who paid no attention to lighting, who laughed when any one talked ventilation, were in charge of most of the plants. The foreman did not ascertain whether a man was mentally fitted for his task. He would hire an epileptic. He worked men until they dropped.

Millard B. King, director of industrial education in this state, advocated industrial training to avoid accidents. He believes that if the eye, the hand and the brain of children are trained, it will enable them to become acquainted with "the atmosphere of industry." He said safety lessons should also be taught, but agreed that his plan for lessening accidents would require more time than the plan favored by the medical men.

BOYCOTT IS RECOGNIZED.

Troy, N. Y., December 8.—The horrid boycott, formerly advocated only by trade unionists and denounced by every "law-abiding" citizen, is recognized by Mayor Burns of this city, who, in his capacity as chairman of the conference of mayors of this state, has issued a state-wide call for a boycott on eggs, because of high prices.

When organized workers took this position in regard to a certain headgear, manufactured in Danbury, their homes were confiscated, though the decision closed the White House door to a gentleman who is now practicing law in New York city.

UNION OFFICIAL DIES.

Pittsburgh, December 8.—First Vice President John J. Thorpe of the Amalgamated Street Car Men's Union, died at Hot Springs, Ark., because of a physical breakdown that was the result of his activities in the Indianapolis street car strike three years ago.

Deceased was business agent of local Street Car Men's Union No. 85. While the remains were being lowered into the grave every street car in the Pittsburgh district halted for half a minute while motormen and conductors stood with bared heads as a tribute to their departed fellow worker.

THREATEN RETAIL CLERKS.

Beaumont, Tex., December 8.—Because the Retail Clerks' Union is asking fellow unionists and sympathizers to not patronize two stores hostile to them, lawyers have notified the unionists if they continue to "interfere with the business" of their clients injunction proceedings will be started against them.

The clerks are continuing in the exercise of their constitutional right of free press and free speech, even though it reduces dividends of cheap labor and long-hour employers.

STATIONARY FIREMEN ELECT LOCAL OFFICERS

Local Union No. 63, International Brotherhood of Stationary Firemen, held their annual election of officers Wednesday night, in Costello's Hall, with the following result:

D. J. O'Leary, president; Carl Rothmund, first vice president; Albert G. Schlag, second vice president; James Gallagher, third vice president; M. J. Costella, recording secretary; N. A. James, financial and corresponding secretary and business agent; J. R. Hartley, treasurer; W. A. Smith, guide; Nick Barrett, inside guardian; Paxton Brown, outside guardian; Roy Nevitt, R. L. Tippett and C. F. Taylor, trustees; N. A. James, M. J. Costella, J. R. Hartley, D. J. O'Leary and R. L. Tippetts, delegates to Central Labor Union; N. A. James, delegate to the international convention.

ORGANIZATION STRONGER THAN EMPLOYERS' CONTRACTS

Chicago, December 8.—Editor Sweeney of The Tailor, official newspaper of the Journeymen Tailors' Union, places more importance on the power of organization than on employers' signatures to contracts.

"Any trade, well organized," he writes, "could enforce union conditions in any shop without a signed agreement, and if it is not well organized union conditions will not prevail.

"Some time ago we received a letter from a secretary of a local union. He stated that the union accepted the word of an employer in lieu of his signature. He said: 'We will see to it that he keeps his word.' By that he meant that the union would continue in a position to enforce union conditions in the shop. We have had no complaint from that union up to the present time and don't expect any so long as the union is well organized. Organization is of more importance than a signature to an agreement."

EMPLOYERS REJECT AWARD.

Hamilton, Ontario, December 8.—Machinists are still on strike to enforce a government award that machinists' hours be reduced in war munition factories in this city. This strike illustrates the impotency of the Canadian industrial disputes act, which has been condemned by Dominion trade unionists, but which is lauded by certain elements in the United States.

While the law originally applied only to public utilities, the Canadian government recently placed war munitions in the list of public utilities. When the machinists demanded a reduction of hours the government commission declared for a nine-hour day. This the employers have refused to accept, and now the workers are striking to enforce the award.

HOURS REDUCED IN IOWA.

Sioux City, Iowa, December 8.—Dyers, cleaners and pressers suspended work to enforce recognition of their union and to reduce hours from ten and twelve to nine. After a twenty-four-hour strike the employers granted all demands.

Hoisting engineers in this city have organized a union.

STREET CAR MEN ADVANCE.

Shawnee, Okla., December 8.—After a two-week strike the recently organized Street Car Men's Union secured a better agreement than the one originally presented to the company. Wage increases, a nine-hour day, improved working conditions and the union shop are the principal gains secured.

CIGARMAKERS DEMAND MORE.

Hamilton, Ontario, December 8.—About 300 union cigar makers are on strike. They are asking an increase.

FEDERAL LABOR UNION TO GIVE SECOND ANNUAL DANCE

Federal Labor Union No. 12776, the union of women employes of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, will give their second annual dance Monday evening, January 8, in Old Masonic Hall, 9th and F street northwest. Hayden's orchestra will furnish the music for the occasion.

NEW ORGANIZATION TO FIGHT ORGANIZED LABOR

New York, December 8.—The anti-union wolf has adopted a new garb—the National Industrial Conference Board, organized in this city recently, following the convention of the National Founders' Association. It is stated that the new organization has a membership of 15,000 "captains of industry," with $8,000,000,000 capital.

Some of the units in the new organization are:

National Council for Industrial Defense—John Kirby, jr., chairman; James A. Emery, general counsel.

National Founders' Association.

National Metal Trades' Association.

National Erectors' Association—Walter Drew, general counsel.

National Association of Manufacturers—George Pope, president.

The new organization will probably supersede the National Association of Manufacturers as spokesman for employers hostile to remedial legislation. The latter organization passed under a cloud from which it never emerged when a congressional committee in 1913 investigated its lobbying methods. In its report the committee said:

"We think it is offensive and outrageous that these associations should have their paid hirelings about this capitol buttonholing members of Congress striving to induce them to remain away from the chamber when a vote was being taken."

While the same influences that are behind the National Association of Manufacturers are behind the new organization it is clear that these anti-unionists have profited by the scorching they received at the hands of Congress during the Mulhall investigation. This is shown in the declaration of principles of the new organization, which are most lamblike and "brotherly," save this section; which may be read two ways:

"To oppose the passage of unsound and unfair laws and to urge the amendment or repeal of impracticable and unjust statutes."

The construction unionists place on this declaration is supported by a resolution passed by the National Founders' Association, which places the entire power and influence of the employing founders, manufacturers and shippers, behind the railroads in their fight to prevent the enforcement of the Adamson eight-hour law.

STOVE MOUNTERS GAIN.

Rochester, Pa., December 8.—The Olive Stove Works has reached an agreement with Stove Mounters and Range Workers' Union No. 97. Wages are increased 10 per cent and hereafter working hours will be eight and three-quarter hours five days a week and eight and one-half hours on Saturday.

Reading, Pa., December 8.—Stove Mounters' Union No. 42 has settled its differences with the Reading Stove Works. The union's grievance committee is recognized, and a nine-hour day and wage increases are agreed to.

BENEFITS FOR INJURED.

St. Paul, Minn., December 8.—During the period of two years and nine months ending October 1 last, there were 450 fatal accidents and 36,476 non-fatal accidents reported to the state department of labor. Of these 408 of the former and 33,498 of the latter came under the state compensation law and were paid benefits to the amount of $983,418.06.

CLERKS' MASS MEETING AT PYTHIAN TEMPLE TONIGHT

All store clerks are earnestly invited to attend the mass meeting to be held tonight at Pythian Temple, at 8 o'clock. Other wage-earners are demanding and receiving more money, so why should not the store clerks bend their efforts in this direction. This will be an opportunity to express your sentiments and to learn of the many advantages of organization.

Prominent speakers are scheduled to address the meeting, among them being Frank Morrison, secretary American Federation of Labor; Miss Florence Etheridge, treasurer Federal Employes' Union; Miss Nannie Daniels, president Bindery Women's Union; Miss Kate B. Smoot, past president Bindery Women's Union; Miss Zip Falk, secretary Consumers' League, and E. E. Baker, international president Retail Clerks' Union.

Mr. Baker is working hard in his endeavor to thoroughly organize the local store clerks, and should be given the co-operation of every stanch trade unionist.

TIPS GIVEN ON SUBJECT OF "HIRING AND FIRING"

Harrisburg, Pa., December 8.—Samuel S. Marquis of the Ford Automobile Company addressed the fourth annual industrial and efficiency conference on the subject of "hiring and firing" workers, and gave those people who utter catchy "efficiency" phrases something to think about.

He said the Ford plant has abandoned the plan of employing and dismissing men by wholesale, because the company found that it cost on an average $100 to break in a new man. Instead of hiring 52,000 men every twelve months to keep a force of 14,000 men intact, Ford was now employing some 40,000 men, discharging twenty-seven where he used to discharge 8,000, and employing 2,000 where he formerly employed twenty-five times as many.

"Make it for the workers' interest to work for your interest," said the speaker. "Men quit places because of long hours, low wages or because attention was not given to the matter of seeing that they had jobs that were suited to them, or because of the petty tyranny of underbosses. Foremen are not allowed to fire at the Ford works. They can discharge men from their departments. The man fired in one department generally finds a congenial place at last and then sticks."

TELEPHONE GIRLS STRIKE.

Toledo, Ohio, December 8.—Because four members of the newly organized Telephone Operators' Union were discharged, telephone girls employed by the Home Telephone Company suspended work. Later they were joined by the Electrical Workers' Union.

Officers of the Central Labor Union are assisting the strikers. The unionists ask that the question be arbitrated. Officers of the company plead that they do not understand the terms used by the unionists, and the latter reply that this is a feeble attempt to gain time that strikebreakers may be imported.

TO URGE LABOR LEGISLATION.

Austin, Tex., December 8.—Texas trade unionists are preparing for the next session of the state legislature, when they will urge the passage of numerous legislative proposals. The list includes an anti-injunction bill similar to the federal Clayton law, and which will regulate the use of the injunction writ in times of strike.

U. S. NAVY YARD WINS.

The Navy Department has rejected the bid of the Cramp Shipbuilding Company for two submarines and awarded the contract to the government navy yard at Mare Island. The Cramp bid was $1,195,000, and the navy yard bid was $968,105.

ADVANTAGES OF UNIONISM REALIZED BY MINERS

Denver, December 8.—When miners are organized the practice of operators who rob them through the medium of weighing coal is ended, because union miners demand their own checkweighmen.

The advantages of unionization were shown by Secretary Doyle of the Colorado district, United Mine Workers' Union, after his visit to a mine near Ludlow, which was organized last June. Before the union was formed the average weight of twenty-one cars of coal mined was 2,693 pounds per car. After the miners had organized and selected their own checkweighman the records show that the average weight of 288 cars was 3,184 pounds, or nearly a 500-pound gain on each car.

"When it is known that the cost to the small number of miners in this mine to support the checkweighman is only about 250 pounds of coal per day," said Secretary Doyle, "and that in a day's work of ten cars the miner gains 4,750 pounds after paying his portion of the checkweighman's wages, it can be seen what unionism means to these men."

VAST PROFITS ARE REALIZED IN THE COAL BUSINESS

Philadelphia, December 8.—President Wilson's recent statement before a convention of organized farmers in Washington that middlemen are responsible for high prices was recalled at a public hearing in this city which revealed high profits in the coal business. Officials of the G. B. Markle Coal Company, of Jeddo, told of 40 and 50 per cent dividends on small capital. Secretary-Treasurer Hindennach of the company acknowledged that on a capitalization of $1,000,000 the Markle concern was enabled to pay during the years 1913 to 1916 respective dividends of 32, 50, 40 and 40 per cent. He said the output was sold through the Lehigh Valley Coal Sales Company, the price being fixed by John Markle, president of the company, who lives in New York, and who, the witness admitted, is seldom in Pennsylvania. The coal was sold on a commission basis through the Lehigh Coal Sales Company under a thirty-year contract, which has four more years to run. Profits varying from 10 to 25 per cent was the rule of this company.

PORTO RICANS EXPLOITED.

San Juan, Porto Rico, December 8.—The trade union movement has warned the workers against leaving the island on verbal promise or contract. It is stated that a company is inducing Porto Rican workers to emigrate to Venezuela and then refuse to carry out its promises.

"It is the same old song, over and over again," says Justicia, official newspaper of Porto Rican trade unionists. "The traffickers of human flesh, or rather laborers' flesh fit only to be exploited, reap a golden harvest selling these laborers like mere cattle to the exploiters. They make all sorts of fine offers to induce them to quit their native country, and then, under the control of other corporations, these unfortunate laborers are turned over, lock, stock and barrel, to the most ignominious slavery, even more so than that which they are wont to experience in their own land."

R. R. PAYS FOR DELAY.

The United States Supreme Court has affirmed a judgment for $16,500 in favor of Nathaniel Stringer, brakeman, against the Vandalia railroad for injuries in 1905, when he jumped from a speeding locomotive in fear of a boiler explosion. The court added an additional $590 on the verdict under a federal law permitting such an allowance when cases are appealed for apparently no other purpose than to delay final settlement.

PHARISEES SCORED BY PRESIDENT SAMUEL GOMPERS

"Literal revolution!" "Wild orgie of unrest!" screams the Baltimore American in a recent editorial attack on President Gompers, who is charged with "attacking capital" because he voiced labor's sympathy with the railroad employes' eight-hour movement.

"In contrast with Mr. Gompers, who comes here to preach a doctrine of unexampled violence," says the American, "is to be placed Mr. Schwab, who came to Baltimore to make declaration of intent to provide industries for the city that will afford employment to 20,000 persons."

In his reply before the A. F. of L. convention to this attack, President Gompers scored "the Pharisees who stand in the way and try to drive us into the mire and miasma of misery and despair."

"You cannot fool us very much and you cannot frighten us at all," he said.

"Mr. Schwab, the president of the Bethlehem Steel Company, was indicted by the federal bureau of labor, with a political partisan of his own at its head, for being one of the worst taskmasters for his workers that existed in all our country. The indictment shows that in addition to paying low wages, the Bethlehem steel plant, of which Mr. Schwab is the president, operated twenty-four hours a day, in two shifts of twelve hours each, for seven days in the week and every day and week in the year.

"The publication of the report of the bureau of labor dealing with this wonderful, courageous, able and sacred gentleman, Mr. Charles Schwab, was due to the American Federation of Labor—and I am glad to have a part in it.

"It is good that the head writer, or the editorial writer, gave the editorial the caption he did, 'An Industrial Contrast.' I hope that so long as I may live, and Mr. Schwab shall pursue his present industrial course in dealing with the working people, that the contrast will be more accentuated every day.

"Mr. Schwab came to this city and was banquetted. Whether the banquet was provided by the money he had extorted from his underpaid and overworked employes, or whether some of the elite of Baltimore who expected to participate and to bask in the sunlight of Mr. Schwab when he establishes his plant in Baltimore, I do not know, but frequently baits of this character are held out by both sides.

"The sum total of our offense, and my own included, is the fact that we have stood true, we have rung true. We know our rights as sovereign citizens of this country, and there is no power or influence which can swerve us or shunt us off the track. We are going along mindful of our obligations and duties and assertive of the rights which are guaranteed us under the constitution and implied in the institutions of this republic."

LARGE RAIL DIVIDENDS.

New York, December 8.—While the Baltimore and Ohio railroad opposes an eight-hour day for its train service employes, its stockholders have fared well during the past fiscal year, according to a report just issued. The road has earned a surplus of $3,664,463, after paying the regular 4 per cent dividend on the preferred and 5 per cent on the common stocks. Gross revenues amounted to $111,668,680, an increase of 21 per cent over 1915, and $10,112,548 greater than the previous high record gross of 1913. Net revenues were $32,348,876, an increase of practically 16 per cent.

WAGE INCREASE TO 25,000.

Johnstown, Pa., December 8.—The Cambria Steel Company has granted a wage increase of ten per cent, affecting practically all of its 25,000 employes. Offers of higher wages elsewhere is said to have led the company to make the raise in order to hold its men.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF LABEL TRADES DEPARTMENT AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR WASHINGTON D.C. & FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., DECEMBER 8, 1916.

WHO OWNS THE UNITED STATES?

BY R. F. PETTIGREW.

Last week it was announced that John D. Rockefeller had actually finally succeeded in accumulating one billion dollars, thus making him the richest man that ever lived.

The American people know how he succeeded in accumulating this vast sum. He exploited the American people who had produced it.

The most thrifty of the American people do well if they succeed in saving $300 a year above all of their expenses, and they must be busy every day in the year in order to do that. To accumulate one billion of dollars at the rate of $300 a year—a dollar a day for three hundred working days—a man would have to live and labor three million three hundred and thirty-three thousand three hundred and thirty-three (3,333,333) years. He would have to be older than Methuselah. He would have had to start when the world was hot, no matter where he ended up.

But, if he was cunning and unscrupulous and followed Rockefeller's legal methods of despoiling his fellowmen, he could get the billion-dollar prize in fifty years.

One billion of dollars is equivalent to the earnings of one hundred thousand men for twenty years, provided they earned $500 apiece each year, and during all that time leaving nothing out for sickness, death or accident. The fact that Rockefeller could appropriate the earnings of his fellowmen, and the fact that he did do it is what has caused the social and economic unrest and universal protest against the existing system and the cry for justice.

This great and powerful force—the accumulated wealth of the United States—has taken over all the functions of government, Congress, the issue of money and banking and the army and the navy, and now they are clamoring to increase the army and the navy in order to have a band of mercenaries to do their bidding and protect their stolen property. They control the Supreme Court and they nominated Hughes as their candidate for President of the United States.

Immediately after the announcement that Rockefeller was worth a billion dollars, Armour and Swift announced a dividend upon their capital stock of thirty-three and one-third per cent, and each of these concerns increased their capital stock from twenty millions to one hundred millions.

It is safe to say that neither of these concerns had any capital stock for which they had paid a dollar. Their capital stock represented what they had appropriated from the people of this country. Their working capital is represented by bonds. The eighty millions of stock which they have since added is also nothing but water, and is issued so as to make the annual dividends appear smaller. The exploited people will object less to paying six or seven per cent on a hundred millions than to paying thirty-three and one-third per cent on twenty millions. It looks better in print.

How do Armour and Swift make their money? They are the great packers. They are in collusion. They fix the prices they pay the farmer for his hogs and cattle, and they fix the price they will charge the consumer for their product. They are simply robbing the producer and the consumer, and their robbery is represented in their great wealth which they did not produce but which they took from the people under the guise of law.

Has not what Lincoln feared already happened:

As a result of the war, corporations have been enthroned and an era of corruption in high places will follow, and the money power of the country will endeavor to prolong its reign by working upon the prejudices of the people until all wealth is aggregated in a few hands, and the republic is destroyed. I feel, at this moment, more anxiety for the safety of my country than ever before, even in the midst of war. God grant that my suspicions may prove groundless.

(Lincoln's letter to his personal friend Elkins of Illinois, 1864.)

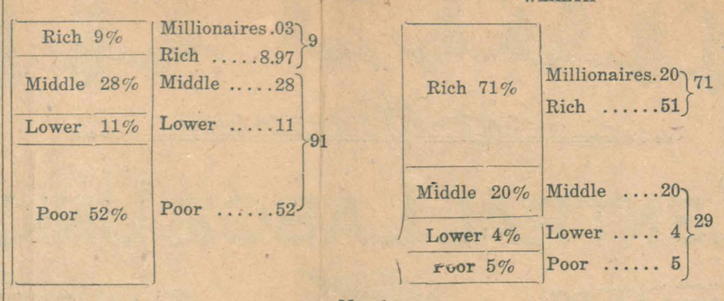
When the bill to take the census of 1890 was pending before Congress, I secured an amendment requiring the enumerators to ascertain the distribution of wealth through an inquiry into farms, homes and mortgages.

Using the figures thus secured by the enumerators of the census of 1890, on June 10, 1898, I delivered a speech in the Senate of the United States on the subject of the distribution of wealth in the United States and from the census of 1890, I showed that 52 per cent of the people of the United States owned $95 worth of property per capita, or $95 each of second-hand clothing and second-hand furniture, and that four thousand families owned twelve billions of the wealth, and that 6,604,000 families, or 52 per cent of the population, owned three billions of the wealth, or just five per cent.

Distribution of Wealth by Census 1890.

Class	Families	Pct.	Average Wealth	Aggregate Wealth	Pct.
Millionaires	4,000	0.03	$3,000,000	$12,000,000,000	20
Rich	1,139,000	8.97	27,000	30,600,000,000	51
Total rich	1,143,000	9	37,358	42,600,000,000	71
Middle	4,953,000	39	2,907	14,400,000,000	24
Poor	6,604,000	52	454	3,000,000,000	5
Grand total	12,700,000	100	4,725	60,000,000,000	100

Diagrams Showing, by Percentage, the Population and Wealth Distribution in the United States, According to Census 1890.



No. 1.

It will be seen from these tables, which were compiled from the census report of 1890, that 52 per cent of the people, or two per cent more than half of them, owned five per cent of the accumulated wealth of the United States. The report of the industrial commission of last year which thoroughly investigated the distribution of wealth in the United States discloses the fact that after twenty-six years the percentage of the people who own only five per cent of the wealth, had increased to 65 per cent of the population.

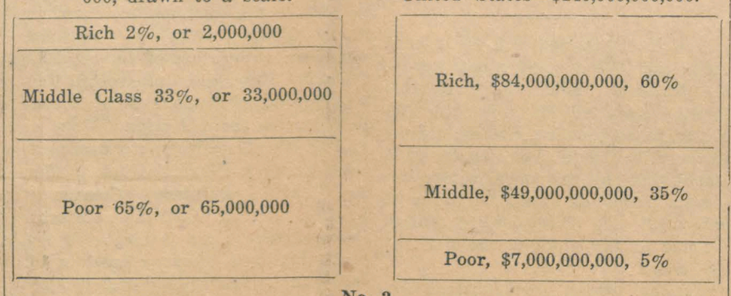
During this period, two millions of the hundred millions of our population had secured 60 per cent of the wealth, and here follows the tables showing the distribution of wealth in the United States in 1915:

Distribution of Wealth Report Industrial Commission, 1915.

Class	Number	Pct.	Average Wealth	Aggregate Wealth	Pct.
Rich	2,000,000	2	$42,000	$84,000,000,000	60
Middle	33,000,000	33	1,480	49,000,000,000	35
Poor	65,000,000	65	107	7,000,000,000	5
Grand total	100,000,000	100	1,400	140,000,000,000	100

This represents population, 100,000,000, drawn to a scale.

This represents the total wealth of the United States—$140,000,000,000.



No. 2.

I wish a careful examination of these tables. You will see that 65 per cent of the people own 5 per cent of the wealth and that 2 per cent of the population, the little black line at the top of the diagram, own sixty per cent of the wealth. They did not produce the wealth. It was all produced by the 65 per cent of the population who have nothing. They were able to do it because they owned the government and the courts, and enacted the laws which made it possible. They have done it through manipulation, combination and exploitation. They have done it through corporations. They have done it because they own the railroads and the banks and all the public utilities, and used them all—all of these great, important public-service institutions in order to gather the products of everybody's toil into their hands. In other words, they have stolen what others produced.

You ask me what is the remedy. The remedy is clear and plain—the same remedy you apply when a man breaks into your strong box and takes your money. You capture him and take the stolen property away from him. It is the duty of the 65 per cent of our population who produced all the wealth to reach over and take back the 60 per cent of the wealth which the two million exploiters have taken from them, and appropriate it to the general welfare, not divide it, but appropriate it to the good of all, as all produced it and therefore the mass of the people are entitled to it.

Take over the railroads, take over the banks and the issue of money, and the public-utility concerns, and take over the title of the lands that have no value except the value the community has given them, and then use all of this property for the general welfare of the community. This is not confiscation nor robbery; it is restitution.—The Public.

No doubt about it—Greece is certainly the goat.

United Brotherhood of Carpenters are hard at work tabulating the recent vote for international officers.

Impressive memorial services were held by Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101, last Sunday in Typographical Temple.

Stockings must be made shorter in order to effect a saving in materials or hosiery prices will make further advances, warns C. P. Carter of Philadelphia, secretary of the National Association of Hosiery Manufacturers. If the stockings are shortened the skirts in all probability will be made longer, so in either case the price will have to advance.

UNIONISM DEFENDED.

"My interest in the labor question comes, first of all, from my interest in history. I have traced the onward sweep of the industrial revolution, with its factory system, division of labor, steam and electricity, giant machines of iron and steel, tumultuous cities with their smoke and their whirl, and have seen it overthrow manhood, womanhood, childhood in its mad and selfish rush. I have seen it bend the pliant backs of little children in filthy mines; I have seen it chain female sufferers in underground passages. I have seen it sever limbs, put out eyes, destroy reason, steal opportunity for joy and learning, and spiritual enlargement, and have seen it take life by the thousands. I have seen good men and great—Owen, Peel, Oastler, Fielding, Ashley—appeal to the conscience of the world; not to speak of Rev. Browning, Dickens and Charles Kingsley. I have seen the era of humanitarian factory legislation—human legislation—enter. I have seen the rise and legalization of labor's own organization for the probation of its interest and have rejoiced in it and its achievements. I find myself in substantial accord with its general purposes and many of its specific aims. I bid it God-speed in its future, and only ask it to be wise, considerate and good-natured, for its own good and for that of the community."—Dr. D. R. Anderson, Professor of History and Political Science, Richmond (Va.) College.

ESTABLISHED 1865 — 51 YEARS IN BUSINESS

CHRISTIAN XANDER'S

Family Brand Rye

75c a Full Quart. Only at

909 7th Street, Northwest.

No Branch Houses. Phone M. 274

MEATS — GROCERIES — FISH

Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the

OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.

930 La. Ave. N. W. — 1111 H Street N. E.
8th & E Sts. S. E. — 1632 N. Capitol Street
31st & M Sts. N. W. — 3418-20 Ga. Ave. N. W.
7th & Q Sts. N. W. — 14th & U Streets N. W.
1778 U Street, N.W. — 7th and B Streets N. E.
7th & H Street N. E. — 3113 14th Street, N. W.
726 7th St. N. W. — 1440 P St. N. W.
2002-2004 Ga. Ave. N. W.

POULTRY — BREAD — PRODUCE

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF THE UNITED BREWERY WORKMEN OF AMERICA
Union MADE Beer — Ale AND Porter
COPYRIGHT & TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1903
THIS IS OUR LABEL.

VOTE
Against Prohibition
DEMAND
Personal Liberty
IN CHOOSING WHAT YOU WILL DRINK
ASK FOR THIS LABEL WHEN PURCHASING BEER, ALE OR PORTER.
As A Guarantee That It Is Union Made

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK
Northwest Corner FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST
LOOK FOR THE CLOCKS
4 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts
COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

PENN GARDENS
21ST AND Penn Ave
ALWAYS WORTH WHILE
IS FAIR TO
UNION LABOR
Penn Gardens Company is going to build the greatest Community Amusement Center in the East. You will be given an opportunity to share in the profits as well as the Patronage. This is on the Principle, that
"IN UNION THERE IS STRENGTH"

WASHINGTON BREWERY CO.
IMPERIAL EXPORT
A really fine beer

POST CARDS—
Nothing expresses sentiment more fully than post cards. There are cards for every occasion. Send your friends Local View Cards, Fine Easter Cards, Birthday Cards, Motto Cards, Souvenir Cards, etc. Come in and look through our assortment as often as you wish. Prices are low.

WELLER'S DRUG STORE
Eighth and Eye Sts. S. E. — 36th and M N. W.

STORAGE — PACKING — FREIGHT HAULING
Merchants Transfer — AND — Storage Company
920-922 E Street Northwest
Phone Main 6900
SHIPPING — MOVING — HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

PHONE MAIN 6079.
Reno Lunch
W. H. WOODCOCK, Proprietor.
625 PA. AVE. N. W.
HOME COOKED FOODS
NEVER CLOSED

CORBY'S DELICIOUS CAKE
10c PER HALF LB.
AT ALL GROCERS

When in Doubt, Buy of
HOUSE & HERRMANN
FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.
N.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W

FIREPROOF CONSTRUCTION
Hammett Fire Proofing Company
301-302-303 Wilkins Bldg.
Phone Main 3337.

PHONE NORTH 2349
DONOVAN'S
FINE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS
2003 14th St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

The only strictly
UNION TAILORING house in the city
M. STEIN & CO.
TAILORS
Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

THE MILTON SCHOOL
Oxford Bldg., 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.
Stenography
Typewriting
English
Spanish
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO BEGINNERS
Now in larger quarters in the Oxford Building, 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.

Fall Display

—Of New Productions
—in China, Glass,
—Silverware, Etc.

The new fall goods have transformed our various departments, and housekeepers are invited to inspect recent arrivals in rich and attractive

China,
Lamps,
Electroliers,
Gas Portables,
Sterling Silverware,
Fine Plated Tableware,
Art Pottery,
Bric-a-Brac,
Rock Crystal,
Cut Glass,
Gold-Decorated Glassware,
Novelties, Etc.

—the most elegant displays with which we have entered the fall and winter season.

Housefurnishings of the Best at Lowest Consistent Prices.

Dulin & Martin Co.
1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St.

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY

Equitable Life Insurance Co.
of the District of Columbia

THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Issues Ordinary and Industrial

Wm. A. Bennett, 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.

EQUITABLE BLD'G. 816 14th ST., N. W.

Black's Alderney and Green Meadow Dairy
Pasteurized and Tubercoline Tested Milk.
Phone N. 1670. Union Dairies.

LANSBURGH & BRO.

"DRY GOODS ONLY"

The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City

420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

Bell Brand Union-Made
COLLARS and SHIRTS
LARGE ASSORTMENT
T. HOLLANDER
North Capitol and H Streets

Takoma Bread
Fresh Three Times Daily
AT ALL GROCERS
Havenner Baking Company
Established 1815

Phone Main 3871

WM. H. HOWLIN
OURAY BUILDING, 801 G ST. N. W.
(Room 404)

Engrossing Resolutions, Diplomas, Charters and Fancy Pen Work of all descriptions.

CELTIC CLUB WHISKEY
Our Specialty
Never Changes. Accept No Substitute
Once Tried You'll Always Use It.
Ports and Sherries for family use, Quarts, 50 and 75 cents. All makes of Beer. Leading brands of Cigars. Ales and Porters on draught the year round.
D. J. O'CONNOR
New Jersey Ave. and G Sts. N.W

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

James E. Russell, temporary unskilled laborer.

Jerry F. Harper, Harry R. Bohanan, Maurice A. McDonnell, Floyd F. Thompson, William E. Gibson, John H. Rollman, James H. Tayman, Adelbert H. Lee, Ira C. Shade, Thomas H. Thayer, Emile A. Pessagno, Elmer P. Hardy, Leo Simmons, Oliver C. Prosser, Arthur W. Exline, Alphonsus W. Schwabel, probationary skilled laborers.

Frank A. Goebel, caster helper, reinstated.

Separations.

Miss Julia W. Riley, machine operator.

John T. Roberts, compositor, resigned.

Phalam J. Jordan and Harry J. Robinson, temporary skilled laborers.

Transfers, Etc.

Lemuel Mont, Luther W. Jones, Frank Addison, John A. Crumpton, temporary unskilled laborers, 25 cents per hour, to permanent unskilled laborers, 25 cents per hour, stores division.

Robert W. McGrath, messenger, 25 cents per hour, to 30 cents per hour, office of superintendent of work.

Ernest T. Prosise, skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour, ruling and sewing section, to assistant messenger, $720 per annum, office of superintendent of documents.

Leslie N. Bontz, messenger boy, $500 per annum, to skilled laborer, $626 per annum, office of superintendent of documents.

Hubbard Harris, messenger boy, $375 per annum, to $420 per annum, office of superintendent of documents.

Charles R. Dutrow, messenger boy, $420 per annum, to $500 per annum, office of superintendent of documents.

CALIFORNIA AT THE BAT.

The outlook wasn't brilliant for the
Democrats that night;
New York had gone Republican and
Wall street claimed the fight.
They thought it was a landslide and
the horns began to toot—
If New York went Republican the
West MUST follow suit.

A straggling few got up to go in deep
despair. The rest
Clung to the hope that ever springs
within the human breast.
They thought if only Illinois with her
brave suffragettes
Should swing in line for Wilson they
would soon be cashing bets.

But when New Jersey threw 'em
down the Democrats were blue;
Then Illinois declared for Hughes—
and Indiana, too;
Upon that stricken multitude grim
melancholy sat,
For California's chance was slim for
getting to the bat.

Then Colorado singled, to the wonderment of all,
And Kansas and Ohio knocked the
cover off the ball;
Nebraska nicked the pellet and the
clouds began to lift,
For Hughes was now depending on
the "Minnesota Shift."

Then from five million throats and
more there rose a lusty yell;
It rumbled through the valley and it
echoed in the dell.
It pounded on the mountain and recoiled upon the flat,
For mighty California was coming to
the bat.

Ten million eyes were on her as the
votes came rolling in;
Five million tongues were rooting for
the President to win.
Ten million hands applauded as the
tickers ticked the news,
And it was plainly evident the stuff
was off with Hughes.

"Fraud!" cried the maddened millionaires and echoes answered,
"Fraud!"
But one scornful look from Wilson
and the plutocrats were awed:
They saw his face grow stern and
cold, they saw his muscles strain,
And they knew that Mr. Wilson would
be President again.

The sneer has fled from Hughes' lips,
his whiskers curl with hate;
He knocks with cruel violence his
hammer on the plate.
And now the votes are totaled up, and
now they let 'em go,
And now his hopes are shattered by
old California's blow.

Oh, somewhere in this favored land
the sun is shining bright,
And somewhere there are people who
are shouting with delight;
And somewhere bands are playing
and the children romp and shout,
But there is no joy in Wall street—
California slammed it out.

"LOOK WHO'S HERE."

By E. T. GOOD.

Perhaps one of the most interesting trades in the world is that of photo-engraving, and to learn which requires an apprenticeship of five years.

When you glance upon the illustrated pages of our publications, where half-tone and line engravings are so plentiful, you have before you not that which is an absolute necessity. Photo-engraving is looked upon as a luxury and most of us would set up a big holler should our magazines print the future issues without pictures of the various persons and places they see fit to write about.

A pioneer in this business in Washington is Charles F. Lanman.

He served his apprenticeship in Washington, and was one of the strongest members of Local No. 17 in the early days.

Like so many of us, Chrles thought to roam about a bit would suit him. After a number of years at his trade here he journeyed to Philadelphia to accept a position on the Philadelphia Enquirer. Some time later Uncle Sam was to install a photo-engraving plant in Manila, and at a handsome salary Charles Lanman, after making the purchases of machinery and the necessary cameras for the plant, left for the land of the tropical sun to install the same and teach the native Filipinos the art of photo-engraving.

He tells many interesting stories of his seven years in Manila, and upon his departure his associates presented him with a solid gold watch fob as a token of their esteem.

Mr. Lanman is still in the business, however. He now holds a withdrawal card from the trade union, and has risen to the presidency of a firm which bears his name, located in the Washington Post building. He has a happy family and a fine home in Saul's addition—pretty good for a card man in the past fifteen years, don't you think?

LABOR LAW ATTACKED.

The Charles Schweinler Press Corporation, New York City, asks the United States Supreme Court to protect the liberty of its married female employes.

A New York law prohibits the employment of married women at night and the corporation was convicted in a lower court for violating this statute.

This, the printing company believes, is an outrageous infringement of the fifth amendment of the federal constitution, and the highest tribunal is asked to annul a law that most people believe will conserve the health of future generations.

HOW A 'NO-STRIKE' LAW WORKS.

Denver, December 8.—Mailers' Union No. 8 is "enjoying" a first-hand view of the operation of Colorado's "no-strike" law, which makes it illegal for workers in this state to strike before their case has been investigated by a state industrial commission.

The mailers presented their demand for a 5 per cent wage increase to the commission nearly four months ago. Now the commission tells these workers it has no money to investigate the books of the newspapers for the purpose of finding out whether the newspapers can pay the demand.

And if the mailers strike they will be jailed.

GAIN WEIGHT IN JAIL.

Detroit, Mich., December 8.—Striking cigar girls have been jailed because they dared to violate an injunction and the Detroit Labor News makes this cutting comment on the causes of the strike:

"Very good evidence that the striking cigar girls have not been receiving a living wage is evinced from the fact that the three little girls who were sentenced by Judge Collingwood to spend fifteen days apiece in the county jail for contempt of court have gained on an average of eleven pounds each, after having received three square meals a day."

TILE LAYERS ADVANCE.

Baltimore, December 8.—The Tile Layers and Helpers' Union has won its strike for higher wages and the union shop. The new rates are: For journeymen, 1917, $4.50; 1918, $4.80; 1919, $5.20; 1920, $5.50 per day. The scale for improvers is: First year, $2.75; second year, $3.25; third year, $4.00.

BLACKSMITHS RAISE WAGES.

Brockton, Mass., December 8.—The state board of conciliation and arbitration has awarded blacksmiths wage increases as follows: Forge men, from $19 to $20 a week; floor men, from $16 to $18 a week. These workers were on strike for two months and the matter was finally submitted to the state board.

New Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits for Hire

WILNER'S
ADVANCED FALL STYLES

The Latest Novelties of the Season . . . $18.50

EVERY UNION MAN OUGHT TO TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THIS OFFER

Not only do we save you $10.00 on every suit you buy, but our workmanship has proven to stand up, to hold its shape, curl nor wrinkle until the garment will last, and we guarantee to last you fully three years.

We are the FIRST and ONLY Union Custom Tailors in this City.

Order Your Suit From

JOS. A. WILNER & COMPANY
COR. 8th and G STREETS NORTHWEST

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1
Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.

M. J. DUNNIGAN, President.....2007 14 Street N.W.
JOHN G. WOLFE, Vice-President.1023 N. J. Ave. N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W.

TRUSTEES

Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E.
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E.
Thos. L. Nevins.....504 Maine Avenue S. W.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe,.....1023 N. J. Ave. N. W
J. McElfresh,.....
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E.
A. Tenley.....964 Florida Ave. N. W.
M. Sullivan.....5631-2 15 St. S. E.

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.

Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ARBITRRATION COMMITTEE.

M. J. Dunnigan,.....2007 14 Street N. W.
M. A. Wolfe,.....418 F St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. E.
Joseph Harding.....210 13 St. S. W.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....2006 2nd St. N. W
R. Pumphrey.....223 Q St. N. W.
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W.
Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. W.

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Cap
M. J. McNulty.....467 L St. S

DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.

John Wolfe.....1023 N. J Avenue N. W.
William Pollard.....522 14 St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
Fred Negus.....30 L St. N W.

Washington District Council of Carpenters
Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple
ROBERT ADAM, President, Local 2563, U. B., 1511 Vermont Avenue N.W.
R. H. BURDETTE, Vice President, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
E. B. BYRNE, Secretary, Local 132, U. B., 425 G Street N.W.
F. A. SHOESMITH, Treasurer, Local 2563, U. B., 5209 Georgia Avenue N.W.
C. H. ADAMS, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 804 A Street N.E.
R. H. BURDETTE, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
H. PAGE, Trustee, Local 2563, U. B., 336½ 13th Street N.E.
ROBERT REICHARD, Local 132, U. B., 1720 34th Street N.W.
J. H. RYAN, Local 132, U. B., 1101 11th Street S.E.
FRED HOOK, Local 2563, U. B., 1528 8th Street N.W.
WILLIAM MACKIE, Local 2563, U. B., 216 Seaton Place N.E.

BUSINESS AGENT.
GEO. MYERS, 425 G Street N. W.

Parker, Bridget & Co.
"The Avenue at Ninth"
Featuring
Extra Value
$15
Suits for Fall

OBJECT TO FREEZING COLD.

Omaha, December 8.—The Plasterers' Union has issued a rule that between November 1 and April 15 plasterers will not work in an open building and that the windows must be put in.

Some contractors are objecting to this attempt of workers to shield themselves from wintry blasts. They say plaster dries better in this kind of weather. Besides, it is not always zero weather during the prescribed period, aver these contractors.

CORBY CAKE
At All Good Grocers
THE CORBY COMPANY
STATION K. WASHINGTON, D. C.

Building Trades Headquarters Sixth and G Sts. N. W
Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rent
WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES TOBACCO.
COSTELLO BROS

THE PLATE PRINTER
Official Organ Plate Printers International Union.
P. J. RYAN, Editor. CHAS. T. SMITH, Assoc. Editor.
Subscription $1.00 Per Year
Telephone 4528 Wash. Loan & Trust Bldg.

Representative Houses
OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

BANKS

NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burglar-proof vaults; acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth Street and New York Avenue.

WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee, etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK. A bank for the working people. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account. Ninth and G Sts. N. W.

UNION SAVINGS BANK. Commercial accounts. Three per cent interest on savings accounts. The oldest savings bank in Washington.

MICHAEL T. GREENE
Liquors and Cigars. 639 D St. N. W.

STONER'S BAR AND RESTAURANT
The, G. Stoner. 206 Seventh St.S. W.

J. CHAS. McGUIRE'S BUFFET
Federal Seal Whiskey. 519 Ninth St. N. W.

O'KEEFE'S BUFFET
P. J. O'Keefe, Prop. 904 Pa. Ave. N. W.

GLAVIN'S BUFFET
ED. J. GLAVIN 309 G Street Northwest

FRANK'S BUFFET
Fourth and G Sts. N. W. Phone M. 5572.

DAVID WALSH'S BUFFET
407 10th Street N. W.

E. E. FARLEY'S BUFFET
415 13th Street N. W.

J. J. O'DONNELL'S BUFFET
333 Penn. Avenue S. E.

HARRY'S BUFFET
631 Penn. Ave. S. E. Phone Lin. 1843

MACHINIST

G. W. FORSBERG, formerly with Forsberg & Murray, Elevators, Boilers. Eighth and Water Sts. S. W. Main 742.

GROCER AND COFFEE ROASTER

SOMERSET R. WATERS, 1342 7th St. N. W.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

RALSTON & RICHARDSON, Evans Building, 1420 New York Avenue.

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.

SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (Inc.), Soda Water, Syrups, etc. 1066 Wis. Ave. N. W.

PHOTO SUPPLIES

E. J. PULLMAN. Developing and Finishing for Amateurs a Specialty. 420 9th St. N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS

MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Ave. N. W. Our Specialty, Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

FIRE INSURANCE

FIREMEN'S INSURANCE COMPANY, Seventh Street and Louisiana Avenue.

DRY GOODS

WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings. Hosiery, a Specialty. 806-808 H St. N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

UNDERTAKERS

J. WILLIAM LEE
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY
332 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.

W. H. BUTLER CO., 607-9 C St. N. W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT

NATIONAL MORTAR CO., 1st and M N.E.
COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING CO., 3036 K Street.

DRUGGISTS

CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth St. and Virginia Ave. S. E.
DAY & CO. 5th and G Sts. N.W. 14th and P N.W., 20th and R. I. Ave. N.E.
QUIGLEY, Druggist, 21st and G Sts. N.W.
A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner 7th and P Streets N. W. N. 2372.

WANT FEDERAL COMMISSION TO INVESTIGATE LIVING COST

The convention of the American Federation of Labor declared in favor of the appointment of a federal commission to investigate the high cost of living and recommended to Congress measures designed to remedy this situation and to prevent its recurrence. The resolution was submitted by Secretary Green of the United Mine Workers of America. It is declared that "the prices of all necessaries of life have increased and are continuing to increase so rapidly as to constitute a menace to the standard of living of the American wage-earner," and that "the enormous profits amassed by grain speculators, meat packers, mine owners, many manufacturers and by jobbers and dealers in food and other commodities, as well as by the railroads, express companies and other public service corporations, indicate that these prices are to a large extent artificial and unjustifiable."

PACKERS NOT TRUTHFUL, SAYS SECRETARY CALL

Syracuse, N. Y., December 8.—At the annual convention of the American Meat and Packers' Association, the president declared that the numerous strikes in this industry were not justified, as the employes have been satisfied and "there is absolutely no need for such disturbance."

These statements are denied by Secretary-Treasurer Homer B. Call, writing in the Butcher Workman, official newspaper of the Amalgamated Meat Cutters and Butcher Workmen. He says:

"To find the men in the large meat industries who are satisfied you will be compelled to go into the offices, for the conditions of the men working in the plants are now, and have been for many years, worse than African slavery. Under the present system the workman is not considered as a human being, but is known as a unit and a cog in the machinery. He is not allowed to look up nor speak, but is compeled to bend over his work, making one continuous motion, until, in some instances, he goes insane, and that for the paltry sum of less than an average of $7 per week."

HOW MILLIONAIRES ARE MADE.

Justice Van Orsdel of the District of Columbia Court of Appeals has ruled that the federal department of interior has authority to appraise the value of government-owned coal lands in Montana and other states and is not bound to sell at the minimum price of from $10 to $20 per acre fixed by statute.

Secretary Lane of the Department of Interior had fixed a value of $70 an acre on these lands and suit was started to compel him to accept the minimum price fixed by Congress for certain coal lands in Montana.

The court's decision, it is stated, means a saving to the United States government of $467,000,000. It also indicates the ease with which millionaires are made and by methods unknown to the general public.

SHIRT MAKERS WIN STRIKE.

Coaldale, Pa., December 8.—The J. W. Shirt Company moved from New York to this place to defeat striking employes.

But the germ of unionism seems as active in Coaldale as in the Empire state, as the shirt company management discovered when its employes struck after they were denied the right to organize and improve conditions. Officers of the United Garment Workers' Union advised with the strikers who finally secured wage increases that average 40 per cent, same to continue until January 1, when another agreement will be negotiated.

COAL FAMINE ARTIFICIAL.

Indianapolis, December 8.—There is no coal famine, says the United Mine Workers' Journal, which declares that the present market conditions is caused by "the manipulation of the coal supply by the speculators who are reaping the difference between the contract prices of coal and the amount they are able to extort from the consumer."

The "car shortage" we hear so much about is partly the result of intentional delay in the transmission of cars and the unloading at distributing points, says the editor.

WOULD FLOOD LABOR MARKET.

Detroit, December 8.—Trade unionists charge the Employers' Association with attempting to flood this city with unemployed through lurid stories in eastern newspapers regarding labor conditions. It is stated that the cost of living is based on the wage scale of the Ford automobile plant, which, of course, other large employers refuse to recognize, but who are constantly striving to reduce wages.

RESPECT TO PRESIDENT SHOULD BE COMPULSORY

Editor The Trades Unionist:

Dear Sir—I noticed in one of the recent editions of a prominent daily paper of this city a drastic disapproval by a person in the audience, when there was hissing and disrespect shown President Wilson, when his picture was placed on the screen, very recently. Certainly such conduct is a shame to our nation, and for red-blooded Americans to so lower the standard of high American ideals—seems almost treason! What does such wanton acts signify to foreigners who might happen to be in said audience, and what would such conduct mean in a foreign country? It is alright to honor our flag and should be made compulsory to revere and honor our greatest representative also.

Just here I want to congratulate the great army of American women who have proven such a forceful commodity in the late election.

Those women who happened to live in suffrage states did nobly by the candidates of their choice, but there are others, also, who were loyal and true, who worked early and late, distributing enlightening literature and using precious time in the grand, old democratic cause. I say democratic, because I happen to be of that political persuasion, and I feel glad to say I did not hear them resort to that horrible habit of political mud-slinging. In fact, I can never recall a cleaner or more refreshing campaign, so far as I know, speaking from the viewpoint of efforts, as put forth and so gloriously won by the democrats.

But, I hang my head in shame when I recall some of the scurrilous reports, said to have been set afloat by my sex, discussed in sumptuous drawing rooms, on every street corner and flaunted throughout this broad land, to the great detriment of those higher up and known to be absolutely false fabrications of malicious minds.

One of our great preachers has said within the past week that "Slander is social bloodpoisoning," and I think it social suicide as well.

It might be a safe thing for the Congress of this country to pass a law making it a treasonable offense—and punishable as such—for any one to falsely malign, or treat with disrespect, either candidate, of what ever political persuasion, who by the choice of the people aspires to the highest gift in the hands of this great and glorious nation, namely, that of President.

The man who satisfies the majority of this progressive American population, who takes the rock-ribbed backbone of this country—organized labor—by the hand, as it were, and accords them the same rights and privileges to live and enjoy the blessings and pleasures of this beautiful world that more fortunate fellowmen have, this same man, who believes God's sunshine and good things were never wholely intended to be cornered by just a select few, this man who considers the betterment of the pale-faced, emaciated, shrunken, little forms of the factory-bound children of our land and makes it possible for them to be free, normal children, when white-haired senators in the years agone stood within the sacred precincts of our beautiful Capitol and pled for a child labor law and compulsory education. Yes, almost on bended knees, with tears coursing down their cheeks, begging for some such law. But it has remained for the present occupant of the White House, the great humanitarian, President Wilson, to perfect these beginnings, to say nothing of innumerable other benefits accruing to mankind from this same source, and to my notion we Americans cannot respect and revere too much, nor be too proud of such a leader.

Small wonder that woman voters, socialists and organized labor followed such a standard bearer, notwithstanding the "social bloodpoisoning," I regret to say, introduced by our opponents. But

We are all sons and daughters of
Adam and Eve,
All deep-dyed in sorrow and sin;
Not one of us worthy to cast the
first stone,
And all trying Heaven to win.

Why not try to see how much good
we can do,
How many nice things we can say.
It will help us so much as the world
we go through,
And "up yonder" we'll get double
pay. S. G. G.

PAPER STRIKE SETTLED.

Appleton, Wis., December 8.—The strike of organized paper and pulp workers against the Interlake Pulp and Paper Company has been settled. The strike was called last June and resulted in much bitterness because of the importation of strikebreakers and thugs. A new superintendent was finally secured by the company and conciliatory methods adjusted differences.

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, F. S. Radman, 134 7th Street N.E.

Bakery Salesmen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secre- Wednesdays of each month at Moose Hall, tary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sunday in each month, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N. W.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. F. Miller, 19 Quincy Place northwest.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets first and third Sunday of the month at the Secretary, T. Guiffre, 908 Pennsylvania ave- Moose Hall, Seventh and G Street Northwest. nue northwest.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 48: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E street southeast.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G Street N. W.

Brotherhood of Railway Carmen of America, Local Union No. 313: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Streets N. E. Secretary, H. A. Chambers, 2113 4th N. E. Meeting nights first and third Tuesdays.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles' Hall. Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 520 Rhode Island Ave. N. E.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhau, 737 10th St. s. e.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wassaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Twelfth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3800 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Paperhangers Hall, 430 Ninth Street N. W., second and fourth Thursdays of the month. Secretary, Edw. B. Finch, 33 P Street N. E.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets every Friday, at 8:00 p.m. Hall, S. E. Cor. Tenth and Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, Jas. P. Lahey, 816 5th street northeast.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and B Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hisle, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Watchmen's Union No. 14964: Secretary, Jas. H. Reed, Cor. Sec., 1228 B street southwest.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, John T. Bowers, Twentieth and Twenty-first and L and M streets northwest.

International Brotherhood of Teamsters, Chauffeurs, Stablemen and Helpers of America, Local Union No. 115: Meets the first and third Saturday night of each month, G. A. R. Building, 1412 Pa. ave. Secretary-Treasurer, Kirke C. Sipher, 26 P st. n. e.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Avenue S. E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 Twelfth St. N. E.

Laundry Workers, Local No. 110: Meets first Friday in each month at Winslow's Hall, 12 and R streets northwest. Secretary, Moten Jefferson, 550 Twenty-fourth street northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, W. N. Huttel, 1430 A St. N. E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday at 1204 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, E. H. Fulton, 1120 E St. S. E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 8: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. F. McDonnell.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third 2665. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Bus. Agt.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 922 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Phone Main 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets second Sunday and fourth Friday in each month. Secretary, Albert Bridges 210 L st. s. e.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 420: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m. Secretary, J. A. Whitecar, 2209 Minnesota Ave. S. E.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas. B. Cameron, Bethesda, Md.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Robt. J. Barrett, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month. Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 820 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressman, No. 1: Meets fourth Monday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. E. Blakely, 3527 O St. N. W.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custodian and Janitor, 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, W. P. Cannon, 408 Twelfth St. S. E.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe. 326 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. F. Hickman, 518 Sixth St. N. W.

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Mrs. H. B. Tritipoe, 1737 Willard street N. W., Apt. 20.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10.30 a. m. and 8.30 p. m. Secretary, G. W. Calderhead, Room 412 Wash. Loan and Trust Building.

The High School Teachers' Union of Washington, D. C., No. 8: Meets in the Music Room of the New Central High School at 3.30 p. m. the second Tuesday in the months of October, December, February, and May. Secretary, G. J. Jones, Central High School.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle, 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 750 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Friday, Typographical Temple. Secretary, L. Gantt, 57-A Bates Street.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters International Secretary-Treasurer, Jas. E. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G St. N. W. Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth St. N. W.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.

ANOTHER STRIKE "SOLUTION."

Henry R. Towne, president of the Yale & Towne Manufacturing Company, urged the Chamber of Commerce of the United States to accept his plan of avoiding strikes. It involves a system of contracts between the railroads and their employes with the establishment of funds by both parties from which penalties will be paid for breach of contract. The plan further involves contracts which are individual between the railroad and each employe and not with a railroad employes' union.

The latter plan caused the New York street car strike of last September, which is still on. The Canadian industrial disputes act prohibits a strike or lockout in a public utility until after a commission investigates. Dominion trade unionists show that it is impossible to convict an employer of enforcing a lockout, while the contrary is true when workers strike.

Mr. Towne's "solution" of industrial disputes would have the same ending.

BROOM MAKERS ADVANCE.

Hamilton, Ontario, December 8.—Walter Wood & Co. have given their whisk and broom makers a voluntary increase of 10 per cent, although their wage agreement does not expire until next spring.

Chicago cigar makers demand an increase of $1 per 1,000.

HIGH WAGES; MORE OUTPUT.

Chicago, December 8.—Van H. Manning, director of the federal bureau of mines, told the convention of the American Mining Congress that American wages are compensated by the greater value of the output per man and that American industries have overcome foreign competition "by reason of abundance of our natural resources, ingenuity of our inventors and improved machinery."

He protested against the too little regard for the health and safety of the men who labor and declared that "we have become involved in an orgy of hasty exploitation and we are nearing the maximum production of some of the minerals, though the original supply, if wisely mined and utilized, would have lasted many years longer and brought us ten times the wealth."

HORSESHOERS ORGANIZE.

Danville, Ill., December 8.—Journeymen horseshoers in this city have organized after months of persistent work on the part of a few active spirits who refused to get discouraged.

PIPE WORKERS RAISE WAGES.

St. Louis, Mo., December 8.—After a week's strike 250 organized steamfitters' helpers raised wages 50 cents a day.

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

J. G. O'DONNELL, President, 122 Sixth St. N. E.
M. J. Deery, Vice-President, 2407 Girard St. N. E.
THOS. W. WOLTZ, Recording Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
G. H. F. DAVIS, Treasurer, 439 Second St.S. E.
W. I. STRATTON, Conductor, 617 Sixth St. N. W.
A. F. MOIRSETTE, Warden, 425 G St. N. W
GEO. MYERS, Business Agent, 425 G St. N. W.

TRUSTEES.

F. J. NOLTE, 24 Eighth Street N. E.
MARK REILEY, 1127 B St. S. E.
A. P. TAYLOR, 622 I Street N. E.

DELEGATES TO THE DISTRICT COUNCIL.

R. H. BURDETTE, 1207 L Street N. W.
C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
E. B. BYRNE, 425 G Street N. W.
ROBERT REICHARD, 1720 35th Street N. W.
J. H. RYAN, 1101 Eleventh Street S. E.

DELEGATES TO THE CENTRAL LABOR UNION.

C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
R. H. BURDETTE, 816 K Street N. W.
W. S. HOLLOHAN, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
C. A. SAUNDERS, 244 9th St. S. E.
LOUIS LUEBKERT, 1314 Kerney St. N. E.

RELIEF COMMITTEE.

THOS. P. O'DEA, 1149 4th St. N. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
H. M. BEVILL, Brentwood, Md.
J. T. CLIFT, 4115 Seventh Street N. W.
M.A. FOLEY, 118 Seaton Street N. E.

MILL COMMITTEE.

F. E. KETTNER, 3016 Cambridge St. N. W
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
O. A. CARTER, Rosslyn, Va.

DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE
G. H. F. DAVIS, 439 Second Street S. E.

CENTRAL
LABOR UNION
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
Meets Every Monday Night
Typographical Temple
423-425 G St. N. W.
Secretary's Address: 1325 E. Capitol St.
Telephone: Lincoln 3955

OFFICERS

N. A. JAMES ..... President
HUGH DIGNEY ..... Vice-President
JOHN B. COLPOYS, Secretary, 1325 E. Capitol St.
JOSEPH E. TOONE ..... Financial Secretary
WM. H. SCHAEFER ..... Treasurer
JOSEPH C. CLARK ..... Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES: Wm. Zell, Mary Ganzhorn, J. L. Considine

COMMITTEES

Executive—Hugh Digney (chairman), N. A. James, John B. Colpoys, J. E. Toone, W. N. Huttel, John R. Hartley.

Legislative—Robert Jones (chairman), John H. Lorch, N. P. Alifas, H. R. Alcorn, E. W. Oyster.

Adjustment—W. N. Huttel (chairman), Jere McCarthy, J. A. McDonald, Ben Spellbring, John G. Schmidt.

Contract—John R. Hartley (chairman), W. H. Schaefer, Hubert Newsom, C. H. Adams, A. J. Ginnelly.

Laws—Dan Hassett (chairman), J. H. Wells, D. J. O'Leary.

Resolutions—J. L. Considine (chairman), Zep S. Pollock, A. J. Kinnell.

Organization—J. E. Toone (chairman), Mary Burkhead, Henry Miller, J. H. Wilson, H. A. Ranier.

Auditing—Mary Ganzhorn (chairman), Marguerite Stewart, E. Wood.

Credentials—M. J. Costella (chairman), J. H. Swain, S. T. Ford.

Lable—E. T. Good.

Press—John B. Colpoys (chairman, N. A. Sprague, B. O'Leary.

Delegates to Baltimore—J. E. Toone (chairman) J. M. Foster, William Zell.

Delegates to Alexandria—H. F. Oehler (chairman). Chas. Allison, L. A. Sterne.

Clothes, Hats and Shoes
The Bieber-Kaufman Co.
901-909 Eighth St. S. E.
Down by the Navy Yard
Washington, D. C.

GEO. D. HORNING,
N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.
LOAN OFFICE

DOES HE STATE FACTS?

In an address before a meeting of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States, held in this city, Dr. Victor S. Clark of the Washington Carnegie Institution said that the Canadian industrial disputes act seemed to have even more popularity among the workers than among the railroad managers.

In view of the opposition of the Dominion trade union movement to this legislation, expressed by the last convention of the Trades and Labor Congress of Canada, it can be fairly asked: Does Dr. Clark state facts?

SHOVELERS MAKE GAINS.

Springfield, Mass., December 8.—The Shovelers' Union has affected an agreement with contractors in this city whereby arbitration will hereafter be resorted to instead of strikes and lockouts. The eight-hour day is granted, time and one-half for overtime; double time for Sunday and holiday work, and a minimum rate of $2.50 is agreed to.

MUSICIANS WIN RECOGNITION.

Bridgeport, Conn., December 8.—Musicians' Union has won its union shop demand and celebrated the event last week. About 400 musicians are now included in this organization.

Saks & Company
MEN'S and BOYS' OUTFITTERS
Pa. Ave. & 7th St. Wash., D. C.
Specialists in Apparel for Men and Boys.

BUTLER'S RHEUMATIC and GOUT REMEDY.
A KIDNEY AND HEART TONIC
Manufactured Since 1872 By
BUTLER & FIELD
Third and Indiana Ave. N. W.
Price 50c a bottle. 6 for $2.50
For Sale By Druggists.

LIST OF LIQUOR DEALERS WHO HAVE SIGNED "THE AGREEMENT."

Allen, Paul.....2 N st. n| e.
Allen, John J...807 N. C. Cap st. n. e.
Beirkle, Leopold, - 1245 H st. n. e.
Boyle, William J., 601 Mass. ave n. w.
Castelli, Vincent, 502-504 Ninth st.n.w.
Clark, C. H.....510 9th st. n. w.
Colonial Beach Boat Co.
Costello, Bros.....604 G st. n. w.
Crowley, James J.....702 E st. n. w.
Daly, T. J.....34 H st. n. e.
Daye, Wm. T.....1218 Wisc. ave.
Doyle, Wm. T....1314 Wisc. ave. n. w.
Duffy, James A. -901 1-2 E st. n. w.
Wm. R. Fosbender, 406 Ninth st. n w.
Franey, F. A.....711½ 9th st. n. w.
Frank, Mrs. M. E. - 319 G st. n. w.
Ganey, M.....615 7th st. s. w.
Glavin, Edwin.....309 G st. n. w.
Hannan, Mrs. E.....531 7th st. s. w.
Hanlon, Timothy.....822 H st. n. e.
Kelliher, J. D.....1258 7th st. s. w.
Killeen, John F.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Louis Hodges, - - 407 9th st n. w.
Lynagh, Peter J.....523 7th st. s. w.
Lynch, John.....417 9th st. n. w.
McCarthy, F. J.....910 4½ st. s. w.
McCarthy, Jas. J.....1402 H st. n. e.
McDonald, F. J.....643 Pa. ave. s. e.
McGinniss, H. J., 1001 N. Y. ave. n. w.
McGuire, J. Chas., 519 Ninth st. n. w.
McHough, Martin....1105 H st. n. e.
Milton Schmidt, - 702 7th st. n. w.
O'Connor, D. J.....100 G st. n. w.
O'Connor, Patrick F., 617 D st. n. w.
O'Connor, James.....1429 N. Cap. st.
O'Day, John T. - 921 Ninth st. n. w.
O'Donnell, James J...333 Pa. ave. s. e.
Peter White, - - - 905 D st. n. w.
Raftery, Thomas.....406 H st. n. e.
Raftery, Patrick.....225 11th st. n. e.
Roland, J. H.....511 9th st. n. w.
Scanlon, Daniel,.....103 H st. n. w.
Schroter, Conrad....3258 M st. n. w.
Schltz, Mary T.....607 G st. n. w.
Sheehan, John J., 701 North Cap. st.
Solon, Mary A., - 1003 7th st. e.
Stern, M. M.....601 7th st. n. w.
Stanton, Frank J.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Sullivan, David, 12th and E st. n. w.
Sullivan, John J., 1351 35th st. n. w.
The Casino, Frank Farenkamp (Chesapeake Beach).
Victor Buffet Co., Inc., 7th and G n. w.
Walsh, David, - - 407 10th st. n. w.
Wassman, Henry, 705 Seventh st. n. w.
Wiedeman, Joseph....629 E st. n. w.
William J. O'Leary, 733 North Cap. st.
Wininghер, Harry 631 Pa. ave. s. e.
Wolf, Frank, - 512 12th st. n. w.

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

UNION OPERATOR
LOCAL No. 224 WASH. D.C.
AFFILIATED WITH CENTRAL LABOR UNION & A.F. of L.

American, 1st st. and R. . ave.n.w.
Apollo, - - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Auditorium, 13th st. and N. Y. ave.n.w.
Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Casino - - - 7th and F Sts. N. W.
Central Park, - 9th St. G & H N.W.
Chelsia Theatre, 19th and M sts. n. w.
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N. W.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Eagle Gate Theatre - Sol. Home Gate
Eastern, - - 8th St. bet. F & G S. E.
Elite Theatre, 14th and R. I. ave. n. w.
Empire, - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Fairyland, - 19th and L st. n. w.
Favorite H St. North Capitol & First
Garden Theatre, 423 Ninth st. n. w.
Gayety Theatre, - 513 9th st. n. w.
Georgia - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
Home Theater, C bet. 12th & 13th n. e.
Liberty Theatre, N. Capitol & P St.
Lyric Theatre - - 14th near Park Rd.
Maryland - - - 624 9th St. N. W.
"M" Street Theatre, M St. near 32nd
Maycroft Park, H St. bet. 6 7, N.E.
Meaders, - - - 8th & G Sts. S. E.
Mid City, - 7th, bet. N and O st. n. w.
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Odeon - - 14th and Church Sts. N. W.
Olympic, - U St. bet 14 & 15, N.W.
Peerless Park, - 3105 Ga. ave. n. w.
Penn Gardens - - 21st St. & Pa. Ave.
Plaza Theatre - 434 9th st. n. w.
Pleasant Hrr. Park, 12 and C N. E.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Randolpr Park, 1st and Randolph n. w.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
R. I. Theatre, 7th and R. I. Ave. N.W.
Savoy, - - - 14th and Col. Road.
Schuetzen Park, Ga. ave. and Kenyon
Standard Park, Bates, near N. Cap. St.
Strand, - - - - - Ninth and D.
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N. E.
Stanton Park, - - - 219 4th N. E.
Starlight Park, 4 1-2 and K st. n. w.
Surprise Theatre - Alexandria, Va.
The Strand, - - Hopewell, Va.
The Richmond, - - Alexandria, Va.
Truxton Park, N. Capitol & Fla. Ave.
Victoria Theatre, 7th & F Sts. S. W.
Virginia - - - 614 9th St. N. W.

The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I. P. E. U.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXI. NO. 25 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, DECEMBER 15, 1916. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

LABOR BODY AND MACHINISTS ENJOINED

Moline, Ill., December 15.—Judge F. D. Ramsey has issued a temporary injunction against four Machinists' unions and the Tri-City Federation of Labor, at the request of Williams & White and the Moline Forging Manufacturing Company, who are resisting an eight-hour demand. The writ includes practically every unionist in the tri-cities of Moline and Rock Island, Ill., and Davenport, Iowa.

President MacGowan of the federation is referred to as "a professional agitator," and the court orders him and his fellow unionists to "absolutely desist and refrain from assaulting, beating, or in any manner injuring or disturbing either in person or property any and all of the employes and any and all of the persons who seek to become employes of the said companies."

In an attempt to justify Judge Ramsey's unconstitutional act, the bill of complaint makes this reflection on the proper constituted peace officials of Rock Island county:

"The union is becoming more violent, menacing and dangerous from day to day.

"An attempt was made to wreck a Burlington train.

"The dignity of the law has been belittled and ridiculed."

Local trade unionists insist that no one brings law into greater contempt than injunction judges, and that if strikers violate law there are ample statutes covering every conceivable offense.

RACE PREJUDICE SHOULD NOT STAND IN THE WAY

Chattanooga, Tenn., December 15.—In an editorial commending the A. F. of L. declaration that negro workers should be organized, the Labor World of this city says:

"So long as the negroes remain unorganized they will continue to be exploited and used to break down the standard of living of not only their own race, but of all men who are forced to compete with them in the industrial field. Efforts have been and are being made in Chattanooga to organize the colored men into the various trade unions, and the field here is ripe. Narrow-minded race prejudice on either side should not be allowed to deter this good work.

"There has been much said in the press recently of the exodus to the north and east of colored laborers, and a great deal of maudlin sentiment has been expressed over the alleged mistreatment of the colored man when he goes elsewhere in order to secure sufficient wages to keep body and soul together. This solicitude is amusing to those who know conditions as they exist and who are aware that certain interests are especially anxious to keep this class of laborers here because they are more susceptible to exploitation than are white laborers who perform the same class of work, for the latter can more easily be organized."

MACHINISTS WINNING 8 HOURS.

Philadelphia, December 15.—The eight-hour day has been established by organized machinists in a large number of shops in this city and vicinity. Increased wages have been granted the workers and better working conditions are prevailing in all organized shops. The membership campaign, also, has been most successful.

IMMIGRATION FIGURES.

The bureau of immigration, federal Department of Labor, reports that 44,062 immigrants arrived in this country during the month of October.

This is an increase over October, 1915, when the number was 31,215, and practically an equal number for October, 1914, when the arrivals totaled 45,241.

BENEFITS TO BE BASED ON GROSS EARNINGS

Peoria, Ill., December 15.—Circuit Court Judge Stone has ruled that benefits paid workers under the Illinois compensation law shall be based on their gross earnings.

A miner employed by the Brewster & Evans Coal Company was injured and the company objected to the compensation award because the board included as earnings the sum of $254.57 for powder, fuses, check weighman, union dues, union assessments, donations, etc., which the company deducted from the pay of its employe.

Judge Stone called attention to the fact that there is no law compelling a miner to use powder, fuses, or to sharpen his tools, though these things would facilitate his work. Check weighmen and union dues, also, were optional with the miner, said the court.

"The court is unable to see wherein that situation is changed by the fact that the employer is given permission to deduct these items of expense; that is evidently an arrangement for the convenience of the parties and the protection of the employer against loss, which, in the view of the court, does not touch the question here.

"A portion of these items are evidently a part of the tools with which the miner works, just as the saw and square are a part of the tools with which the carpenter works. They are the regular and general tools used in that employment and in no wise, as it appears to the court, can be construed 'special expenses.'

"The court can readily see that if the position taken by the respondents is the correct one, it might readily follow, particularly in cases where operating companies provide grocery stores and houses in which to supply the employes homes, that the grocery bill and the house rent might well be taken as 'special expenses' for which the employer extends such credit. Certainly the law could not have contemplated such a result.

"It is the opinion, therefore, of the court that the term 'earnings' shall apply to the gross earnings of the employe and that the items sought to be deducted cannot be properly included as items of 'special expense entailed in the nature of the employment.'"

TRAINMEN TO AID PROBERS.

New York, December 15.—The four railroad brotherhood executives have agreed to assist in every way possible the commission appointed by President Wilson to observe the operation of the Adamson law. The railroad managers have made a similar agreement. The commission is preparing to conduct its investigation regardless of the fact that the law is now before the United States Supreme Court. The commission, it is stated, "will give the brotherhoods every opportunity to check up the railroad reports."

Former Grand Chief Clark of the Order of Railway Conductors, now a member of the interstate commerce commission, is a member of the investigating commission. Its chairman is Maj. Gen. Goethals, ex-governor of the Panama Canal Zone.

WAGES-BY-LAW WEAKENED.

Detroit, Mich., December 15.—In a letter to the public lighting commission Corporation Counsel Dingeman has notified anti-unionists and cheap labor advocates that the amendment to the city charter, which provides that municipal employes shall receive the "highest prevailing wage," does not mean what it says, and that there is no danger of their rates being disturbed by the city recognizing higher rates.

El Paso (Tex.) newspapers have accepted the new wage rate of Stereotypers' Union, which provides for a $5 rate for foremen and $4 for journeymen. The contract will run for two years.

A. F. OF L. WILL OPPOSE "CAN'T-STRIKE" LAW

President Wilson's recommendation to congress that a "can't-strike" law be passed will be opposed by the American Federation of Labor and the Railroads Brotherhoods.

At the last convention of the A. F. of L., held in Baltimore, the report of the executive council on this question was unanimously adopted.

"Involuntary and compulsory labor once enforced," it was stated, "even for a single hour, will not halt at its temporary enforcement, but will go on and become permanent.

"The human labor power which this law compels wage-earners to give to their employers against their will is inseparable from the body and the personality of the wage-earners. It is part of the men and women themselves. They cannot be forced to work for an employer against their wills without reducing them to the legal condition of slaves and transforming their minds and spirits into those of slaves. No more dangerous proposition has ever been proposed than this compulsory investigation measure.

"Compulsory institutions to prevent strikes are not new. They have been found in other countries and found wanting."

GUNMEN BARRED BY MAYOR ROLPH OF FRISCO

San Francisco, December 15.—Mayor Rolph has blocked the chamber of commerce in its attempt to surround a non-union job with armed gunmen.

"There will be no gunmen picketing city property," he declared. "The chamber of commerce succeeded in having an anti-picketing ordinance adopted at the last election, and I intend to see that no armed pickets are used in labor difficulties."

A strike was called by structural iron workers, employed by Dyer Brothers, who have the contract for erecting an addition to a hospital. The contractors refused to obey the state law and place planking between the floors of the structure, thereby protecting the lives of workers.

When the union workers struck because of this violation of law the chamber of commerce furnished four armed gunmen to protect the strike-breakers. The business men are silent on the question of organized workers striking to protect their lives and to enforce a state law.

REJECT AGE-LONG THEORY.

New York, December 15.—Trade unionists shock well-meaning people because of their irreverence for the so-called "immutable law of supply and demand."

But it would appear that other forces are likewise undermining this ancient fetich, for the New York World editorially says:

"The law of supply and demand under which the grain and provision magnates of Chicago usually take refuge, when public complaint is made of their activities, is not immutable. Like the law of gravity in the case of a flying machine heavier than air, it may be evaded and even set aside temporarily."

VIOLATE WOMEN'S LAW.

Butte, Mont., December 15.—Depite numerous complaints that the Montana nine-hour law for women has been repeatedly violated, it is stated that the first conviction was just secured in this city. The law was passed four years ago.

THEATRICAL UNIONS WIN.

Detroit, Mich., December 15.—Joint action by the unions of musicians, stage employees, picture machine operators and bill posters secured union shop conditions at six theaters comprising the Klatt circuit.

HIGH LIVING COST IS DUE TO COLLUSION

Denver, December 15.—The only shortage in cars and commodities that exists is occasioned by an apparent collusion between the railroads and the middleman, reports a special committee appointed by the Trades and Labor Assembly to investigate the high cost of living.

The committee found refrigerator cars loaded with hay and cement.

"We find potatoes," reports the investigators, "selling at $2.95 for whites and $3.25 for reds, and three years ago whites sold at 95 cents and reds at $1.05 a hundred. It is evident that there is no shortage of potatoes, as there were forty-five carloads in the yards of the week of November 19 of 1916 left to freeze. There was brought to the attention of the committee that one man in the Greeley district, with 10 acres of potatoes, was compelled to cover them with straw to keep them from going to ruin, owing to his inability to get cars for shipment. Your committee made a visit to the Westminster district to try and buy apples and we found a five-acre tract unpicked. When inquiry was made as to price we were told that they were not for sale. Then we asked to be permitted either to pick or take fruit on the ground, or, in other words, windfall apples. We were then told that they were not privileged to grant our request, as they had been bought by a commission merchant."

The committee recommended that the President and Congress be urged to have the government investigate this and related questions.

WILL MAKE STORAGE COSTLY.

The interstate commerce commission has authorized railroads to establish a new demurrage scale, starting May 1, which will make storage costly for those business men who allow commodities to remain in freight cars until convenient for them, as the charge of $1 a day is often less expensive than unloading.

Under the new scale two free days are allowed, and subsequent charges are $1 for the third day, $2 for the fourth day, $3 for the fifth day, and $5 for the sixth and each day thereafter.

It is stated that the order is intended to stimulate prompt unloading of cars and releasing the same for industry.

YONKERS CAR LAW ILLEGAL.

Yonkers, N. Y., December 15.—The ordinance prohibiting the employment of motormen and conductors on the lines of the Yonkers Trolley Company unless they had had fifteen days' training was declared unconstitutional by Judge Beall of the city court. The ordinance was passed several years ago. It was supported by the Street Car Men's Union and has proven a powerful aid to these workers in their present strike. An attempt to have city council repeal the law failed.

Judge Beall has evidently been reading criticisms of the Adamson law, for in his decision invalidating the ordinance, he uses this now familiar phrase:

"And it should be declared invalid for its very obscurity. No man can tell what it means."

FAMILY RECEIVES BENEFITS.

Scranton, Pa., December 15.—The state compensation board has ruled that the widow and children of the late Peter Novak shall be paid $5,000 compensation benefits by the Lehigh & Wilkes-Barre Coal Company. Novak was injured while in the employ of the company and would not have his leg amputated. He died as a result of gangrene poisoning. The company claimed exemption from liability because he refused surgical attendance, but the board ruled that Novak's family should not suffer because of this fact.

EIGHT-HOUR DAY UNINTENTIONALLY INDORSED

San Francisco, December 15.—Editor Barry of the Star says that the announcement by the Standard Oil Company of California that it has decided to establish the eight-hour day for all its employes is highly suggestive of the tendency of the times.

"Incidentally," continues the editor, "it is a strong, though doubtless unintentional indorsement of the President's position in the case of the railroad trainmen, in which the inherent justice of the eight-hour day was recognized.

"In the light of its voluntary adoption of the shorter workday for Standard Oil employes, it is hard to understand how the Rockefeller interests can consistently join in the refusal to recognize the demand of the railroad men for the same measure of justice. The railroad man, collectively, is under far greater mental and physical strain than the oil employe, and his responsibility for the lives of the public is far heavier. A high standard of sobriety and obedience is exacted of him, and to maintain that standard, short hours of service should be recognized not only as his right but the requirement of nature."

OHIO CIGAR MAKERS RECEIVE POOR PAY

Lima, Ohio, December 15.—In a circular issued by Cigar Makers' Union No. 313 striking cigar makers employed at the Deisel-Wemmer factories shows the low wages paid by this concern, which maintains plants in several Ohio cities and manufactures the San Felice, El Verso and other brands.

On 5-cent grades, like San Felice, women are paid $1.25 per thousand less than men, although the work of men and women are packed in the same boxes and sold at the same price. Men are paid $2.20 per thousand less than the union scale and women $3.40 less. Compared with the union scale, men have a loss of $5 to $6 a week, while women suffer a loss of $7 and $8 a week.

On 10-cent goods, like the El Verso, the loss is much greater in proportion, women getting $5 per thousand less than men. Packers are paid less than one-half the union scale. Hours are ten per day, against the eight-hour rule in union factories.

These workers were recently organized. When the company awoke to the sentiment for unionization officials told the employes that "the tobacco would rot in warehouses" before the pay of a single employe would be raised. This opinion was revised, however, when the workers began organization. In an effort to stop the union "drive," the pay of women on part of the work was increased.

OBJECT TO CONVICT LABOR.

Oklahoma City, Okla., December 15.—Organized labor does not take kindly to Gov. Williams' legislative policy, as outlined in a newspaper interview, in which he is quoted as favoring the building of a terrace around the capitol with convict labor. The governor construes this as within the law which provides for the state use of convicts, but organized labor insists that this monument to convict labor would be a disgrace to Oklahoma.

LONGSHOREMEN ADVANCE.

St. John, New Brunswick, December 15.—Longshoremen have accepted the wage compromise of steamship companies. Hereafter wages will be 37½ cents an hour. Former rates were 35 cents.

Springfield (Mass.) Stereotypers have raised wages $1.50 per day and night for their members employed on one of the local newspapers.

R. R. POVERTY PLEA IS EXPOSED BY COMMITTEE

The joint congressional committee that is investigating the transportation question gave the railroads an opportunity to prove their cry that they can't get capital to expand.

Senator Cummins asked Alfred P. Thom, counsel for the railroad's executives' advisory committee, if he knew of any railroad company that has tried to get money for new construction and has failed.

The railroad man acknowledged he knew of no such case, but insisted that railroad stocks and bonds "are no longer attractive to investors." The senator suggested that watered stock might be the answer, while calling attention to the fact that the roads have earned an amount in the last ten years equivalent to 8 per cent on their watered stock and actual money invested.

Mr. Thom said that this was not enough. He thought the millions of watered stock that has been pumped into railroads only represented the full worth of these properties. He said he knew nothing of the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific railroad, which has been looted by stock jugglers. He was positive, however, that railroad stock no longer appeals to investors.

The commission is investigating every phase of transportation, including government ownership.

OPPOSE COMPULSION.

Richmond, Va., December 15.—Compulsory arbitration is opposed by the Central Trades and Labor Council, which calls upon United States Senators Martin and Swanson and Representative Montague to use every means at their disposal to defeat such legislation.

The unionists declare that legislation of this character "would mean virtual slavery for the great mass of toilers of the nation," and express the opinion that it would also be in direct violation of the thirteenth amendment to the federal constitution, which declares that:

"Neither slavery nor involuntary servitude, except as a punishment for crime whereof the party shall have been duly convicted, shall exist within the United States, or any place subject to their jurisdiction."

EMPLOYERS PLEAD FOR UNITY.

Tacoma, Wash., December 15.—The chamber of commerce is tiring of its non-union shop agitation and at the last meeting of the Central Labor Council a delegation from the former body pleaded for unity and asked the unionists to attend a meeting of the chamber that will be especially arranged for them.

In view of the chamber's declaration for the non-union shop the unionists took the position that relations would remain the same until the business men by resolution announced they would keep their organization out of industrial disputes. Until that time it was voted to accept no invitation.

TELEPHONE GIRLS STRIKE.

Port Arthur, Tex., December 15.—Electrical workers struck in sympathy with telephone girls who suspended work to enforce a new wage scale that ranges from $22.50 to $50 a month. The present scale is $18 to $36. The company has imported strikebreakers and the unionists are holding mass meetings and parades as a protest.

"CAN'T STRIKE" LAW IGNORED.

Toronto, Ontario, December 15.—About 200 Canadian Pacific railroad freight handlers suspended work because they were refused a wage increase. They ignored the Canadian industrial disputes act, which makes it illegal to strike until a government commission investigates.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF LABEL COUNCIL WASHINGTON 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., DECEMBER 15, 1916.

APPOINTMENT OF ROBERT N. HARPER.

The Trades Unionist received with much gratification the news of the selection of Col. Robert N. Harper, president of the District National Bank, to be head of the inaugural ceremonies that will usher into office, on March 5th, President Woodrow Wilson, after his victorious re-election to the presidency of the United States. Col. Harper is a man who, in his untiring efforts in the past to promote the welfare of the District of Columbia, has well entitled him to the honors of inaugural chairman.

Mr. Vance C. McCormick, chairman of the Democratic National Committee, can be well congratulated on his choice, and feel confident that in his selection of Col. Harper he has secured the services of one who, through his affiliations in financial, social and civic circles, will be a guarantee to the success of this great undertaking.

The people of the District are with you, Mr. Harper, and will do all in their power to prepare, as hosts, a warm reception for the thousands of visitors to the National Capital.

Rail accidents in Pennsylvania increased 9 per cent last year. It is feasible to say that the Adamson law will reduce the number.

Get the address of some soldier boy stationed along the Mexican border, and send him a Christmas card. Small reminder, but potent.

The only paper that has the nerve to stand up for the rights of the workingman is the labor paper. Is it not, then, up to you to stand by the labor paper?

DO YOU KNOW THAT

A little cough often ends in a large coffin?

Bodily vigor protects against colds?

Careless sneezing, coughing and spitting spread colds?

Open-air exercise cures colds?

Colds sometimes get well in spite of the excessive use of alcoholic beverages?

Overheated, air-tight rooms beget colds?

Neglected colds often forerun pneumonia?

Persistent, oft-repeated colds, indicate bodily weakness?

You are not the only ones who are counting the days until Christmas. There are some very tired store attaches who are just as anxious for the arrival of the day. Do your Christmas buying early.

The efforts of the daily press to prejudice the general public against the eight-hour law is another indication showing what a power for good the labor press may wield.

OUGHT TO BE BUILDERS, NOT DESTROYERS.

BY ROBERT HUNTER.

Today union men often spend $40 a month to destroy unionism where they give $1 a month to build up unionism.

The union men of this country as a body spend no less than $1,500,000,000 a year to purchase the necessities of life.

Every dollar of that immense sum that is spent for non-union goods is spent to break down the unions.

When a strike is on union men all over the country send their contributions to support the strike. They do all in their power to support their brother unionists when they seem to be in trouble, but the little strike which you aid here and there by contributions is nothing compared with the evil your millions of dollars do in supporting nonunion products.

When a unionist spends $40 a month buying scab products, he is trying with a great big hand to pull down the unionism which his poor little dollar of dues to his union is trying to build up.

When a union man gives a dollar or more a month to support his union, he is very proud of himself as a good unionist. He thinks himself a philanthropist. Perhaps he thinks that miserable sum a month will build up a powerful trade union movement. But it never can while he continues to put many dollars a month into ten-cent stores and the purchasing of the products of prison and scab labor which is cutting the very ground from his union.

Suppose every man of the 3,000,000 trade unionists in this country considered it a crime to buy prison products or scab labor products; suppose the merchants knew that every penny of the billion and a half dollars spent by these trade unionists would be spent only for union goods, what would you see?

Every store in this broad land patronized by workingmen would have a big union label over the door. Merchants would themselves advertise the union label, and manufacturers would produce union products and hire union labor or go bankrupt. If union men bought right they would not have to strike so much.

That, brothers, is the power of unity in the small matter of spending a week's wage. The buying power of labor, if exercised in unity, would solve many of the problems of labor.

Back of every union fighter, back of every strike, back of every industrial battle, would be the power of 3,000,000 men and the power of a billion and a half of real dollars spent each year.

Every dollar spent by union labor for union goods is money in your own pocket. Think of that!

Most of life's shadows result from standing in our own light

Most men would be content with their lot—if it were a lot of money.

There is no time like the present. If you are going to do anything for unionism, do it now.

It is one thing to make both ends meet, but quite another thing to keep them together.

There is good in each and some bad in all; the man who would preach must help them who fall.

Judge your fellow man by the efforts he puts forth to accomplish good things, not by the mistakes he makes.

Demand the union label. If you are the right sort of a union man one suggestion of this sort is all that is necessary.

The battle of trades unionism is a battle for the home, for manhood and womanhood, and a higher standard of civilization.

Man's promise is more valuable than gold when he makes good and "then some"—heaping the measure helps to market the goods.

The labor movement is a down-on-the-earth bread-and-butter proposition calculated to benefit the membership now as well as in the future.

Organization among the Retail Clerks is progressing nicely, and it is predicted that within a short time the membership will be more than doubled.

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, F. S. Radman, 134 7th Street N.E.

Bakery Salesmen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at Moose Hall, Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sunday in each month, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N. W.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 317 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. F. Miller, 19 Quincy Place northwest.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets first and third Sunday of the month at the Secretary, T. Guiffre, 908 Pennsylvania avenue Moose Hall, Seventh and G Street Northwest. nue northwest.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 48: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E street southeast.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G Street N. W.

Brotherhood of Railway Carmen of America, Local Union No. 313: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Streets N. E. Secretary, H. A. Chambers, 2113 4th N. E. Meeting nights first and third Tuesdays.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles' Hall. Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 520 Rhode Island Ave. N. E.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhau, 787 10th St. s. e.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wassaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Twelfth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3809 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Paperhangers Hall, 430 Ninth Street N. W., second and fourth Thursdays of the month. Secretary, Edw. B. Finch, 33 P Street N. E.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets every Friday, at 8:00 p.m. Hall, S. E. Cor. Tenth and Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, Jas. P. Lahey, 816 5th street northeast.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and B Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hisle, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Watchmen's Union No. 14964: Secretary, Jas. H. Reed, Cor. Sec., 1228 B street southwest.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, John T. Bowers, Twentieth and Twenty-first and L and M streets northwest.

International Brotherhood of Teamsters, Chauffeurs, Stablemen and Helpers of America, Local Union No. 115: Meets the first and third Saturday night of each month, G. A. R. Building, 1412 Pa. ave. Secretary-Treasurer, Kirke C. Sipher, 26 P st. n. e.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Avenue S. E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 Twelfth St. N. E.

Laundry Workers, Local No. 110: Meets first Friday in each month at Winslow's Hall, 12 and R streets northwest. Secretary, Moten Jefferson, 550 Twenty-fourth street northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, W. N. Huttel, 1430 A St. N. E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday at 1204 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, E. H. Fulton, 1120 E St S. E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. F. McDonnell.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third 2665. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Bus. Agt.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 922 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Phone Main 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets second Sunday and fourth Friday in each month. Secretary, Albert Bridges 210 L st. s. e.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 420: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m. Secretary, J. A. Whitecar, 2209 Minnesota Ave. S. E.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas. B. Cameron, Bethesda, Md.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Robt. J. Barrett, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 820 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressmen, No. 1: Meets fourth Monday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custodian and Janitor, 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, W. P. Cannon, 408 Twelfth St. S. E.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe. 326 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. F. Hickman, 518 Sixth St. N. W.

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Mrs. H. B. Tritipoe, 1737 Willard street N. W., Apt. 20.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10.30 a. m. and 8.30 p. m. Secretary, G. W. Calderhead, Room 412 Wash. Loan and Trust Building.

The High School Teachers' Union of Washington, D. C., No. 8: Meets in the Music Room of the New Central High School at 3.30 p. m. the second Tuesday in the months of October, December, February, and May. Secretary, G. J. Jones, Central High School.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle, 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 750 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Friday, Typographical Temple. Secretary, L. Gantt, 57-A Bates Street.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters International Secretary-Treasurer, Jas. E. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G St. N. W. Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth St. N. W.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.

ESTABLISHED 1865 — 51 YEARS IN BUSINESS

CHRISTIAN XANDER'S

Select Christmas Beverages

353 — Only at

909 7th Street, Northwest. — No Branch Houses. Phone M. 274

MEATS — GROCERIES — FISH

Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the

OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.

930 La. Ave. N. W. — 1111 H Street N. E.
8th & E Sts. S. E. — 1632 N. Capitol Street
31st & M Sts. N. W. — 3418-20 Ga. Ave. N. W.
7th & Q Sts. N. W. — 14th & U Streets N. W.
1778 U Street, N.W. — 7th and B Streets N. E.
7th & H Street N. E. — 3113 14th Street, N. W.
726 7th St. N. W. — 1440 P St. N. W.
2002-2004 Ga. Ave. N. W.

POULTRY — BREAD — PRODUCE

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF THE UNITED BREWERY WORKMEN OF AMERICA
Union MADE Beer — Ale AND Porter
OF AMERICA
COPYRIGHT & TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1903
THIS IS OUR LABEL.

VOTE
Against Prohibition
DEMAND
Personal Liberty
IN CHOOSING WHAT YOU WILL DRINK
ASK FOR THIS LABEL WHEN PURCHASING BEER, ALE OR PORTER.
As A Guarantee That It Is Union Made.

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK
Northwest Corner FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST
LOOK FOR THE CLOCKS
4 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts
COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

PENN GARDENS
21ST AND Penn Ave
"ALWAYS WORTH WHILE"
IS FAIR TO
UNION LABOR
Penn Gardens Company is going to build the greatest Community Amusement Center in the East. You will be given an opportunity to share in the profits as well as the Patronage. This is on the Principle, that
"IN UNION THERE IS STRENGTH"

WASHINGTON BREWERY CO.
IMPERIAL EXPORT
A really fine beer

CHRISTMAS GIFTS
are never more appreciated than when they come in the form of a Waterman Ideal Fountain Pen. Because it is a beautiful and lasting reminder of the giver. Agency here.
WELLER'S DRUG STORE
Eighth and Eye Sts. S. E. — 36th and M N. W.

STORAGE — PACKING — FREIGHT HAULING
Merchants Transfer — AND — Storage Company
920-922 E Street Northwest
Phone Main 6900
SHIPPING — MOVING — HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

PHONE MAIN 6079.
Reno Lunch
W. H. WOODCOCK, Proprietor.
625 PA. AVE. N. W.
HOME COOKED FOODS
NEVER CLOSED

Bell Brand Union-Made
COLLARS and SHIRTS
LARGE ASSORTMENT
T. HOLLANDER
North Capitol and H Streets

When in Doubt, Buy of
HOUSE & HERRMANN
FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.
N.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W

FIREPROOF
CONSTRUCTION
Hammett Fire Proofing Company
301-302-303 Wilkins Bldg.
Phone Main 3337.

PHONE NORTH 2349
DONOVAN'S
FINE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS
2003 14th St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

The only strictly
UNION TAILORING
house in the city
M. STEIN & CO.
TAILORS
Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

THE MILTON SCHOOL
Oxford Bldg., 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.
Stenography
Typewriting
English
Spanish
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO BEGINNERS
Now in larger quarters in the Oxford Building, 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.

A Gift Suggestion for the Housekeeper

CHOOSE one of the many pretty patterns of "Open Stock" China we are displaying and "start" a set as a gift by selecting a few, or as many pieces as you desire.

This will prove a highly acceptable Christmas gift, and the housewife can continue the set by adding pieces as the occasion requires.

American, English, French, German and Austrian China displayed in the choicest patterns—from the dainty floral and conventional decorations to the richest gold productions.

Dulin & Martin Co.

Pottery, Porcelain, China, Glass, Silver, &c.

1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY

Equitable Life Insurance Co.

of the District of Columbia

THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Issues Ordinary and Industrial

Wm. A. Bennett, 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.

EQUITABLE BLD'G. 816 14th ST., N. W.

Phone Main 3871

WM. H. HOWLIN

OURAY BUILDING, 801 G ST. N. W.

(Room 404)

Engrossing Resolutions, Diplomas, Charters and Fancy Pen Work of all descriptions.

Saks & Company

MEN'S and BOYS' OUTFITTERS

Pa. Ave. & 7th St. Wash., D. C.

Specialists in Apparel for Men and Boys.

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

UNION OPERATOR — LOCAL No. 224 — WASH. D.C. — I.A.T.S.E. — AFFILIATES WITH CENTRAL LABOR UNION & A.F. of L.

American, 1st st. and R. . ave.n.w
Apollo, - - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Auditorium, 13th st. and N. Y. ave.n.w
Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Casino - - - 7th and F Sts. N. W.
Central Park, - 9th St. G & H N.W.
Chelsia Theatre, 19th and M sts. n. w.
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N. W.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Eagle Gate Theatre - Sol. Home Gate
Eastern, - - 8th St. bet. F & G S. E.
Elite Theatre, 14th and R. I. ave. n. w.
Empire, - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Fairyland, - 19th and L st. n. w.
Favorite, H St. North Capitol & First
Garden Theatre, 423 Ninth st. n. w.
Gayety Theatre, - 513 9th st. n. w.
Georgia - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
Home Theater, C bet. 12th & 13th n. e.
Liberty Theatre, N. Capitol & P St.
Lyric Theatre - - 14th near Park Rd.
Maryland - - - 624 9th St. N. W.
"M" Street Theatre. M St. near 32nd
Maycroft Park, H St. bet. 6 7, N.E.
Meaders, - - - 8th & G Sts. S. E.
Mid City, - 7th, bet. N and O st. n. w.
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Odeon - - 14th and Church Sts. N. W.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15, N.W.
Peerless Park, - 3105 Ga. ave. n. w.
Penn Gardens - - 21st St. & Pa. Ave.
Plaza Theatre - 434 9th st. n. w.
Pleasant Hrr. Park, 12 and C N. E.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Randolpr Park, 1st and Randolph n. w.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
R. I. Theatre, 7th and R. I. Ave. N. W.
Savoy, - - - 14th and Col. Road.
Schuetzen Park, Ga. ave. and Kenyon
Standard Park, Bates, near N. Cap. St.
Strand, - - - - - Ninth and D.
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N. E.
Stanton Park, - - - 219 4th N. E.
Starlight Park, 4 1-2 and K st. n. w.
Surprise Theatre - Alexandria, Va.
The Strand, - - Hopewell, Va.
The Richmond, - - Alexandria, Va.
Truxton Park, N. Capitol & Fla. Ave.
Victoria Theatre, 7th & F Sts. S. W.
Virginia - - - 614 9th St. N. W.

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

Wallace F. Luckett, caster helper, reinstatement.

Charles H. Slack, compositor, reinstatement by executive order.

James B. M. Dulin, helper, transfer from Bureau of Engraving and Printing.

William Janof, George A. Clark, David Kaplan, temporary messenger boys.

Archie W. Farr, Andrew S. Deming, Frank J. Newton, probational messenger boys.

Turner R. Speller, jr.; Patrick M. Tolliver, Lonna Dozier, Floyd A. Herndon, Vernon R. Wakefield, Dantes L. Knight, John L. Smith, jr.; Ambrose Richardson, Leon E. Murray, probationary skilled laborers.

Separations.

Paul A. Richardson, Francis J. Farrell, Garner B. Mahoney, temporary skilled laborers.

John W. F. Bell, skilled laborer, resigned.

Edward A. Connors, probationary skilled laborer, resigned.

Charles B. Mace, temporary compositor, resigned.

Transfers, Etc.

Martin J. McAndrews, to probationary skilled laborer, stores division.

Frank Baker, Eugene Brown, John T. Hamilton, Mack Peacock, John B. Robinson, Eugene Sparrow, William T. Turner, to permanent unskilled laborers, press division.

Harry Taylor, to permanent unskilled laborer, hand section (day).

John H. Simms, to permanent unskilled laborer, cutting and packing section.

Howard C. Slater, to machine operator, linotype section (day).

Henry S. Ady, to machine helper, linotype section (day).

Mrs. Elizabeth M. Somers, Miss Jessie M. Good, Mrs. Emma S. Rider, Mrs. Mary E. Cooper, Miss Jessie A. Burritt, folders, to skilled laborers, pamphlet binding section (night).

Charles L. Travers and George H. Butler, to permanent unskilled laborers, buildings division.

Ray Burdett, Charles W. Glover, Frank Johnson, John H. Scott, Ralph Ward, to permanent unskilled laborers, press division (day).

Miss Margaret D. Ake, to helper, pamphlet binding section (night).

Lloyd G. Genus, to helper, monotype section (night).

Charles R. Yates, Samuel P. Darby, to caster helpers, mono section (day).

Frank Johnson, compositor, to maker-up, monotype section.

Frank S. Lerch, compositor, to maker-up, hand section (night).

Edward J. Wood, compositor, to maker-up, hand section (night).

John C. Himmelman, Luke J. Bennett, Hugh P. Griffin, compositors, to makers-up, hand section (day).

Arthur F. Tucker, compositor, to maker-up, monotype section (night).

John M. Loughran, Charles J. Graf, Louis W. Cornwell, George O. Atkinson, compositors, to makers-up, hand section (night).

Louis C. Schell, to electrotype molder in charge, foundry section (day).

Harold D. Butler, to electrotype molder, foundry section (day).

Ozias S. Webster, compositor, to reader, proof section (day).

James M. Rissler, Charles L. McAfee, John C. Spencer, compositors, to proofreaders, proof section.

Alfred D. Calvert, compositor, to proofreader, proof section (day).

Thos. M. Brennan and Edward P. Stanley, compositors, to proofreaders, proof section (day).

Joseph R. Lehmann and Clement C. Hipkins, compositors, to proofreaders, proof section (night).

George H. Ogle, maker-up, to proofreader, proof section (day).

Miss Emma L. Wells, folder, to directress, pamphlet binding section.

Mrs. Lillie E. Crist, skilled laborer, to machine operator, pamphlet binding section (intermediate).

Charles A. Phillipps, bookbinder, to machine operator, pamphlet binding section (night).

Paul A. Sebastian and William W. Richardson, messengers, to skilled laborers, pamphlet binding section.

Miss Ella McCullum, machine operator, to skilled laborer, pamphlet binding section (night).

Miss Lizzie M. Thomas, machine operator, to skilled laborer, pamphlet binding section (night).

Albert D. Rust, jr., proofreader, to copy editor, proof section (night).

Claude E. Haines, assistant foreman, to foreman, monotype section (night).

Andrew L. Huss, proofreader, to assistant foreman, monotype section (night).

John O'Donnoghue, deskman, to assistant foreman, monotype section (night).

Neal H. Settle, caster helper, to machinists' helper, monotype section night.

John E. Sheaffer, assistant monotype machinist in charge, to monotype machinist in charge, monotype section (night).

William H. Rowe, maker-up, to maker-up in charge monotype section (night).

"LOOK WHO'S HERE."

By E. T. GOOD.

ABOUT two years ago there was formed in Washington a School Custodians and Janitors' Union, the organizing of which was through the untiring efforts of our good brother Jos. E. Toone. Of course, there were janitors engaged in the public schools, who, like many other unorganized workers, were receiving pay far below that which they should be receiving, and in some instances the pay was a disgrace to the District of Columbia.

There are but a few members of the union who are not employed in the public schools, as a matter of fact, yet Robert Newell, who is at present the custodian of the Typographical Temple, and his brother, Waverly Newell, were the main factors back of the movement to secure a custodians and janitors' organization, and it was from them Brother Toone received the first one dollar each to secure a charter from the A. F. of L.

Bob Newell has been nine years in the employ of the Typographical Union as caretaker of the building, and his service has been the best there is in him, which the years of employment in the one building attests.

The present membership of the union is about seventy-five or eighty members, and such harmony prevails therein that at a recent election of officers it was to a good extent through the efforts and support of the past president, Hughie McQuenie, that W. A. Roberts succeeded him as the head of their local—that's what we call fraternalism.

Many an hour's pleasure was sacrificed by Mr. Roberts during the past two years, that he might mingle among the labor group in the Capitol to secure the passing of a bill in the interests of school custodians, and with a zeal and determination to get something, he has continued his fight and sacrifice to the present day.

He enjoyed an increase personally from $720 per year to $1,000 per year through legislation he worked for, and is employed at the Eastern High School.

Congratulations, Bro. Roberts, and to your entire organization.

As you will see by the roster of The Trades Unionist W. P. Cannon is the secretary of the organization, and he, too, comes in for a goodly amount of credit for what has been accomplished in the interests of the many.

Bro. Oiler of the Bookbinders, one of the District's most enthusiastic labor men, had no small hand in the obtaining of increases for these men.

President Woodson of the custodians' assistants' branch of the union is employed at the Dunbar High School, and is a delegate to the Central Labor Union.

WHILE PLAYING SANTA CLAUS.

'Twas nearing Christmas, down the street,
Mazuma in his jeans,
A union man was sauntering,
Enjoying all the scenes.
He was a thrifty fellow,
Who had saved up quite a "pile";
Said he, "I'll buy some presents,
And play Santa Claus awhile.

He chuckled to himself and murmured
"What a happy thought,"
Then straightway went into a store,
And here is what he bought:
Some scab-made shirts and neckties
And a sweatshop suit of clothes,
A pair of shoes made in the "pen,"
Six pairs of scab-made hose.

He planked his union dollars
On the counter good and hard;
The clerk who took his cash
Had never seen a union card.
At the meetings he could boost
The Union Label with his jaws,
But forgot his union principles
While playing Santa Claus.

THOMAS H. WEST.

Charles W. Pafflow, compositor, to proofreader, proof section (day).

Orville A. Calkins, compositor, hand section, day to night.

William F. Councell, maker-up, to maker-up in charge, hand section (night).

Rufus L. Christian, stereotyper in charge, to asistant foreman, foundry section (night).

William C. Doherty, electrotype finisher, to electrotype finisher in charge, foundry section (night).

William E. Nash, maker-up, to deskman, linotype section (night).

Arthur J. Symonds, linotype operator (night), to estimator and jacket writer, $6.40 p.d.

George H. Sehorn, proofreader, to assistant foreman, hand sec. (night).

Scott G. Pulliam, copy editor, to deskman, hand section (night).

Walter Watts, to probationary electrotype finisher, foundry sec. (day).

Marsh A. Bodenhamer, copy editor, to copy editor, proof section (night).

William R. Abbott, proofreader, to deskman, monotype section (night).

New Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits for Hire

WILNER'S
ADVANCED FALL STYLES

The Latest Novelties of the Season . . . $18.50

EVERY UNION MAN OUGHT TO TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THIS OFFER

Not only do we save you $10.00 on every suit you buy, but our workmanship has proven to stand up, to hold its shape, curl nor wrinkle until the garment will last, and we guarantee to last you fully three years.

We are the FIRST and ONLY Union Custom Tailors in this City.

Order Your Suit From

JOS. A. WILNER & COMPANY

COR. 8th and G STREETS NORTHWEST

SEATS FOR STREET CAR MEN.

Columbus, Ohio, December 15.—A common council committee has approved an ordinance that provides seats during non-rush hours for motormen and conductors running within the city limits.

TEXTILE WORKERS GAIN.

Knoxville, Tenn., December 15.—The Brookside Cotton Mills, employing 1,500 operatives, has raised wages 10 per cent. These employes are members of the Textile Workers Union.

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1
Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.

M. J. DUNNIGAN, President.....2007 14 Street N.W.
JOHN G. WOLFE, Vice-President.1023 N. J. Ave. N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W.

TRUSTEES

Edw. W. Brosnahan.....810 D St. N. E.
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E.
Thos. L. Nevins.....504 Maine Avenue S. W.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe,.....1023 N. J. Ave. N. W
J. McElfresh,.....
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E.
A. Tenley.....964 Florida Ave. N. W.
M. Sullivan.....5631-2 15 St. S. E.

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.

Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ARBITRATION COMMITTEE.

M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W.
M. A. Wolfe,.....418 F St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. E.
Joseph Harding.....210 13 St. S. W.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....2006 2nd St. N. W
R. Pamphrey.....223 Q St. N. W.
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W.
Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. W.

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Cap
M. J. McNulty.....467 L St. S

DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.

John Wolfe.....1023 N. J Avenue N. W.
William Pollard.....522 14 St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
Fred Negus.....30 L St. N W.

Parker, Bridget & Co.

"The Avenue at Ninth"

Featuring Extra Value

$15

Suits for Fall

Black's Alderney and Green Meadow Dairy

Pasteurized and Tubercoline Tested Milk.

Phone N. 1670. Union Dairies.

BUTLER'S RHEUMATIC and GOUT REMEDY.

A KIDNEY AND HEART TONIC

Manufactured Since 1872 By

BUTLER & FIELD

Third and Indiana Ave. N. W.

Price 50c a bottle. 6 for $2.50

For Sale By Druggists.

CORBY'S YEAST

Leaves nothing to guess-work.
Its purity and strength are uniform.
Every baker knows what that means.
Send for samples.

THE CORBY COMPANY

STATION K. WASHINGTON, D. C.

Building Trades Headquarters Sixth and G Sts. N. W

Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rent

WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES TOBACCO.

COSTELLO BROS

THE PLATE PRINTER

Official Organ Plate Printers International Union.

P. J. RYAN, Editor. CHAS. T. SMITH, Assoc. Editor.

Subscription $1.00 Per Year

Telephone 4528 Wash. Loan & Trust Bldg.

Representative Houses
OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

BANKS

NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burglar-proof vaults; acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth Street and New York Avenue.

WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee, etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK. A bank for the working people. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account. Ninth and G Sts. N. W.

UNION SAVINGS BANK. Commercial accounts. Three per cent interest on savings accounts. The oldest savings bank in Washington.

MICHAEL T. GREENE
Liquors and Cigars. 639 D St. N. W.

STONER'S BAR AND RESTAURANT
The, G. Stoner. 206 Seventh St.S. W.

J. CHAS. McGUIRE'S BUFFET
Federal Seal Whiskey. 519 Ninth St. N. W.

O'KEEFE'S BUFFET
P. J. O'Keefe, Prop. 904 Pa. Ave. N. W.

GLAVIN'S BUFFET
ED. J. GLAVIN 309 G Street Northwest

FRANK'S BUFFET
Fourth and G Sts. N. W. Phone M. 5572.

DAVID WALSH'S BUFFET
407 10th Street N. W.

E. E. FARLEY'S BUFFET
415 13th Street N. W.

J. J. O'DONNELL'S BUFFET
333 Penn. Avenue S. E.

HARRY'S BUFFET
681 Penn. Ave. S. E. Phone Lin. 1843

MACHINIST

G. W. FORSBERG, formerly with Forsberg & Murray, Elevators, Boilers. Eighth and Water Sts. S. W. Main 742.

GROCER AND COFFEE ROASTER

SOMERSET R. WATERS, 1342 7th St. N. W.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

RALSTON & RICHARDSON, Evans Building, 1420 New York Avenue.

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.

SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (Inc.), Soda Water, Syrups, etc. 1066 Wis. Ave. N. W.

PHOTO SUPPLIES

E. J. PULLMAN. Developing and Finishing for Amateurs a Specialty. 420 9th St. N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS

MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Ave. N. W. Our Specialty, Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

FIRE INSURANCE

FIREMEN'S INSURANCE COMPANY, Seventh Street and Louisiana Avenue.

DRY GOODS

WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings. Hosiery, a Specialty. 806-808 H St. N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

UNDERTAKERS

J. WILLIAM LEE
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY
332 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.

W. H. BUTLER CO., 607-9 C St. N. W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT

NATIONAL MORTAR CO., 1st and M N.E.

COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING CO., 3036 K Street.

DRUGGISTS

CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth St. and Virginia Ave. S. E.

DAY & CO. 5th and G Sts. N.W. 14th and P N.W., 20th and R. I. Ave. N.E.

QUIGLEY, Druggist, 21st and G Sts. N.W.

A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner 7th and P Streets N. W. N. 2372.

ROBERTS COMMENDED FOR HIS GOOD WORK

F. C. Roberts, member of Typographical Union No. 101, of this city, is commended for his work as labor commissioner of Porto Rico by Gov. Yeager of Porto Rico in the latter's report to the Secretary of War, which has just been made public.

In his annual report to the Porto Rico legislature Mr. Roberts aroused the antagonism of every reactionary influence in the island when he declared:

"The labor movement of Porto Rico, as expressed through the unions affiliated with the American Federation of Labor, is the only influence in the island that is trying to Americanize the working people of Porto Rico to the American standard of living, and as long as such efforts are antagonized by the employers there will be conflicts between capital and labor in the island.

"It is no longer possible for big enterprises to be conducted in the island, as in the states, with a view only to paying dividends. The plan may succeed for a while, but strikes and industrial unrest will follow.

"Many employers in Porto Rico ought to think a little less about how much money they are making and give a little attention to what kind of people they are making."

WIRE MEN ADVANCE.

New York, December 15.—Electrical Workers' Union No. 534 has raised wages 50 cents a day for all members.

Tucson, Ariz., December 15.—An eight-hour day, improved working conditions and wage increases from $4 to $5 a day have been secured by Electrical Workers' Union No. 570.

Quincy, Ill., December 15.—A strike that involved members of Electrical Workers' Union No. 67 has been settled. The union is recognized and wages are increased 2½ cents an hour until May 1, when another 2½ cent increase will be paid.

Springfield, Ill., December 15.—The International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers celebrated its silver anniversary last month—November 28. The official journal of this organization says:

"The electrical workers are not the only ones who have benefited by our organization, as we have, by our efforts, obtained added protection to the life, limb and property of the general public.

"No one who understands will question but that the electrical workers have reduced to the minimum the loss by fire through defective electrical installation."

A. F. OF L. DEPARTMENTS.

Baltimore, December 15.—At the tenth annual convention of the A. F. of L. Building Trades Department John Donlin, Plasterers' Union, Chicago, was elected president to succeed Thomas J. Williams. James G. Hannahan, Steam Engineers' Union, Chicago, was elected on the executive board to take the place of the president-elect.

There were no changes in the Metal Trades department.

CONSULTS WITH UNIONS.

Denver, December 15.—James Noland, secretary of state-elect, has asked Colorado trade unionists to indicate their preference for the position of deputy labor commissioner of this state, who is actually the labor commissioner.

The state official in his letter includes a list of the candidates already recommended to him for appointment, and assures the central bodies if other candidates appear he will notify them.

STRIKE TO RAISE WAGES.

Wheeling, W. Va., December 15.—Boiler makers and apprentice machinists employed by the Baltimore & Ohio railroad at Benwood are on strike for wage increases. The men are asking that their rates be raised from 21 to 25 cents an hour.

BIG MONEY FOR JOHN D.

Denver, December 15.—A dividend of 30 per cent on the preferred stock of the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company has been declared by the board of directors, which failed to destroy the United Mine Workers' Union during the recent strike.

CHAIN MAKERS GO ON STRIKE.

Wapakoneta, Ohio, December 15.—Chain makers employed at the plant of the Krein Chain Company, a branch of the Cleveland Chain and Manufacturing Company of Cleveland, struck to enforce a demand for a 15 per cent wage increase.

Harry A. Anderson, member of Printing Pressmen's Union, Local No. 1, has returned to work, after a month's illness.

DEFENDS UNION SHOP.

Tacoma, Wash., December 15.—Secretary Taylor of the state federation of labor defended the union shop in a joint debate with Secretary Irvine of the Washington Employers' Association. The unionist declared that "there is a certain moral price below which it is crime for the toiler to sell his labor."

Secretary Irvine favored the non-union shop, which he called "open shop." He believed many strikes could be avoided if employes and employers "would get their feet under the same table and talk things over." He was against strong organization of the workers, however, despite the fact that experience has shown that that power alone forces employers to meet their employes.

STRIKEBREAKERS ARE COSTLY.

New York, December 15.—Representatives of the New York Railways Company acknowledge that 8,250 strikebreaking motormen and conductors have been employed since September 6 last, when the strike on these lines started. Of this number the company has been compelled to discharge all but 3,778, because of inefficiency and thievery.

LIST OF LIQUOR DEALERS WHO HAVE SIGNED "THE AGREEMENT."

Allen, Paul.....2 N st. n. e.
Allen, John J...807 N. C. Cap st. n. e.
Beirkle, Leopold, - 1245 H st. n. e.
Boyle, William J., 601 Mass. ave n. w.
Castelli, Vincent, 502-504 Ninth st. n. w.
Clark, C. H.....510 9th st. n. w.
Colonial Beach Boat Co.
Costello, Bros.....604 G st. n. w.
Crowley, James J.....702 E st. n. w.
Daly, T. J.....34 H st. n. e.
Daye, Wm. T.....1218 Wisc. ave.
Doyle, Wm. T....1314 Wisc. ave. n. w.
Duffy, James A. -901 1-2 E st. n. w.
Wm. R. Fosbender, 406 Ninth st. n w.
Franey, F. A.....711½ 9th st. n. w.
Frank, Mrs. M. E. - 319 G st. n. w.
Ganey, M.....615 7th st. s. w.
Glavin, Edwin.....309 G st. n. w.
Hannan, Mrs. E.....531 7th st. s. w.
Hanlon, Timothy.....822 H st. n. e.
Kelliher, J. D.....1258 7th st. s. w.
Killeen, John F.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Louis Hodges, - - 407 9th st n. w.
Lynagh, Peter J.....523 7th st. s. w.
Lynch, John.....417 9th st. n. w.
McCarthy, F. J.....910 4½ st. s. w.
McCarthy, Jas. J.....1402 H st. n. e.
McDonald, F. J.....643 Pa. ave. s. e.
McGinniss, H. J., 1001 N. Y. ave. n. w.
McGuire, J. Chas., 519 Ninth st. n. w
McHough, Martin....1105 H st. n. e.
Milton Schmidt, - 702 7th st. n. w.
O'Connor, D. J.....100 G st. n. w.
O'Connor, Patrick F., 617 D st. n. w.
O'Connor, James.....1429 N. Cap. st.
O'Day, John T. - 921 Ninth st. n. w.
O'Donnell, James J...333 Pa. ave. s. e.
Peter White, - - - 905 D st. n. w.
Raftery, Thomas.....406 H st. n. e.
Raftery, Patrick.....225 11th st. n. e.
Roland, J. H.....511 9th st. n. w.
Scanlon, Daniel,.....103 H st. n. w.
Schroter, Conrad....3258 M st. n. w.
Schltz, Mary T.....607 G st. n. w.
Sheehan, John J., 701 North Cap. st.
Solon, Mary A., - 1003 7th st. e.
Stern, M. M.....601 7th st. n. w.
Stanton, Frank J.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Sullivan, David, 12th and E st. n. w.
Sullivan, John J., 1351 35th st. n. w.
The Casino, Frank Farenkamp (Chesapeake Beach).
Victor Buffet Co., Inc., 7th and G n. w.
Walsh, David, - - 407 10th st. n. w
Wassman, Henry, 705 Seventh st. n. w.
Wiedeman, Joseph....629 E st. n. w.
William J. O'Leary, 733 North Cap. st.
Wininghcr, Harry 631 Pa. ave. s. e.
Wolf, Frank, - 512 12th st. n. w.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
Meets Every Monday Night
Typographica Temple
423-425 G St. N. W.
Secretary s Address: 1325 E. Capitol St.
Telephone: Lincoln 3955

OFFICERS

N. A. JAMES .....President
HUGH DIGNEY .....Vice-President
JOHN B. COLPOYS, Secretary, 1325 E. Capitol St.
JOSEPH E. TOONE.....Financial Secretary
WM. H. SCHAEFER.....Treasurer
JOSEPH C. CLARK.....Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES: Wm. Zell, Mary Ganzhorn, J. L. Considine

COMMITTEES

Executive—Hugh Digney (chairman), N. A. James, John B. Colpoys, J. E. Toone, W. N. Huttel, John R. Hartley.

Legislative—Robert Jones (chairman), John H. Lorch, N. P. Alifas, H. R. Alcorn, E. W. Oyster.

Adjustment—W. N. Huttel (chairman), Jere McCarthy, J. A. McDonald, Ben Spellbring, John G. Schmidt.

Contract—John R. Hartley (chairman), W. H. Schaefer, Hubert Newsom, C. H. Adams, A. J. Ginnelly.

Laws—Dan Hassett (chairman), J. H. Wells, D. J. O'Leary.

Resolutions—J. L. Considine (chairman), Zep S. Pollock, A. J. Kimmell.

Organization—J. E. Toone (chairman), Mary Burkhead, Henry Miller, J. H. Wilson, H. A. Ranier.

Auditing—Mary Ganzhorn (chairman), Marguerite Stewart, E. Wood.

Credentials—M. J. Costella (chairman), J. H. Swain, S. T. Ford.

Lable—E. T. Good,

Press—John B. Colpoys (chairman, N. A. Sprague, B. O'Leary.

Delegates to Baltimore—J. E. Toone (chairman) J. M. Foster, William Zell.

Delegates to Alexandria—H. F. Oehler (chairman). Chas. Allison, L. A. Sterne.

"Co-Operation—The First Principle of Success."

The following business interests are recommended by The Trades Unionist and National Labor Press Association to your favorable consideration, and solicit your patronage.

ALL PRINTERS KNOW
"If It Is Made of Paper You Can Get It at
R. P. Andrews Paper Co.
727-31 13th St. N.W.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Landscape Architects
Garden Furniture
J. H. SMALL & SONS
.:. Florists .:. Decorators .:.
New York City—
Waldorf Astoria, Tel. 2906 Greeley
505 Madison Ave., Tel. 8560-1-2 Plaza
Washington, D. C.—
15th and H Sts., Tel. Main 158-159

Wm. Hahn & Co.'s
RELIABLE SHOE HOUSES
Cor. 7th & K Sts.
1914-16 Pa. Ave.
233 Pa. Ave. S.E.

New Oxford Hotel
European
J. H. WEAVER, Mgr.
Pa. Ave. at 15th St. N.W.

Everything Wearable for Men and Boys
SAKS & CO.
Penna. Ave. and 7th St. N.W.

—LET—
Omohundro
—B—
YOUR TAILOR
818 F St. N.W.

RECOGNIZED UNION STORE
Parker, Bridget & Co.
The Ave. at 9th

St. James Hotel
A Special Feature—Club Breakfast
Served 6 to 11 a.m.
Noon-Day Luncheon—12 to 2:30 p.m.
Table d'Hote Dinner—5 to 8 p.m.

CRANDALL'S THEATRES
CRANDALL'S THEATRE
9th and E Sts. N.W.
CRANDALL'S APOLLO THEATRE
624 H St. N.E.
CRANDALL'S SAVOY THEATRE
14th and Col. Rd. N.W.
CRANDALL'S AVENUE GRAND THEATRE
645 Penna. Ave. S.E.

BRODT'S HAT STORE

HARRINGTON HOTEL

PROFIT-SHARING COAL CO.

CORBY BAKING CO.

Phone 2416
GEO. C. SHAFFER
Florist
Choice Cut Flowers
900 14th St.
Floral Designs

Phone Lincoln 910
T. W. Rose
WOOD AND COAL
1125 7th St. S.E.

"Survival of the Fittest"
White House Lunch
Astor Lunch

Phone M. 2725
D. N. Walford
Fine Cutlery
Sporting and Athletic Goods
909 Pa. Ave. N.W.

Washington Brewery Co.
MANUFACTURERS OF
CONGRESS BRAND
GINGER ALE
And Other Carbonated Beverages
The Only Union-Made Goods in Washington

Eisinger Brothers
Lumber and Mill Work
Doors Sash Blinds Moldings
Builders' Hardware
Branch Yard: Bethesda, Md.
2101 7th St. Tel. N. 1173 & 1174

Phone Main 3440
M. G. Copeland Co.
Awnings Estimates
Flags, Tents Cheerfully
Window Shades Given
409 Eleventh St. N.W.

ROCHESTER HOTEL
E St. N.W. Between 9th & 10th
J. W. MOSSBURG, Proprietor
Phone M. 5440

Mossburg's Restaurant
CAREFULLY SELECTED FOODS
1404 Penna. Ave. N.W.

YALE LAUNDRY

J. MAURY DOVE COAL CO.

W. W. GRIFFITH COAL CO.

Manhattan Cleaning & Dyeing Co.

Thos. W. Smith Lumber Co., Inc.
First Street and Indiana Avenue

GENERAL BAKING CO.
BUTTER CRUST BREAD

Phones Main 4277-4278-4279
Gude Bros. Co.
Florists and
Floral Decorations
1214 F St. N.W.

MINTZ THE TRUNK MAN
Trunks Suit Cases Traveling Bags
LEATHER NOVELTIES
928 F St. N.W. Washington, D. C.

Page's Laundry
"Washington's Best"
620 E St. N.W.

STEUART'S GARAGE
Announces That They Have Secured a Limited Agency for
FORD CARS
Visit Our Sales and Service Station, Where You Will Receive Every Attention
See the New Type Touring Car
$360 F. O. B. Detroit
STEUART'S GARAGE
141 12th St. N.E. L. P. Steuart
Terms
Phone Linc. 1203-4 G. T. Steuart

Telephone North 1343
GEO. C. TAYLOR
Dealer in
All Kinds of Rough and Dressed Lumber
2101 7th St. N.W. (Ga. Ave. & W)

"Washington's Chief Fun Palace."
The Gayety Theatre
The Finest Ventilated Theatre in America.
Presenting Improved Burlesque Headed by America's Foremost Comedians, Artists and Femininities
NEW SHOW EVERY WEEK

R. HARRIS & CO.
Jewelers

GROVE LIME & COAL CO.

RICE COAL CO.

The Ask Mr. Foster Service

POLI'S THEATRE

LEWIS COAL & ICE CO.

ALLEGHENY COAL CO.

"The Velvet Kind"
Cream of Ice Creams
Ask Your Reliable Dealer
CHAPIN-SACKS MFG. CO.

Phones, North 9203-9204
BLICK BROTHERS
COAL, WOOD & ICE
800 Florida Avenue N.W.

Taylor-Tolley Sales Co.
Limited Agency for
FORD CARS
WITH
FORD SERVICE
Parts — Accessories
EVERYTHING FOR THE FORD
2129 14th St. N.W.

The Fashion Shop
At Washington's 42d & Broadway
Clothiers
Haberdashers
Tailors
9th and E Sts. N.W.

Phone Lincoln 2304
Washington Coal Co.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Office and Yards:
901-3-5 S. Capitol St.

Everything in Men's Wear
Sol Herzog & Co., Inc.
Clothing, Hats, Furnishings and Shoes
602-604 Ninth Street N.W.

Telephone Main 4471
Hirsh's Shoe Stores
Shoe Designers and Builders
Washington's Fastest-Growing Shoe House
1026-1028 Seventh St. N.W.

Telephone Lincoln 3900-2723
Whitley's Rx Drug Store
First-Class Prescription Work
Quick Service and Delivery
Va. Ave., 8th & K Sts. S.E.
The Velvet Kind Pure Ice Cream

W. H. MARLOW COAL CO.

JOS. A. WILNER & CO.

HOLMES BAKING CO.

COMMERCIAL COAL CO.

SANITARY GROCERY CO.

CONNECTICUT PIE CO.

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

J. G. O'DONNELL, President, 122 Sixth St. N. E.
M. J. Deery, Vice-President, 2407 Girard St. N. E.
THOS. W. WOLTZ, Recording Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
G. H. F. DAVIS, Treasurer, 439 Second St. S. E.
W. I. STRATTON, Conductor, 617 Sixth St. N. W.
A. F. MOIRSETTE, Warden, 425 G St. N. W
GEO. MYERS, Business Agent, 425 G St. N. W.

TRUSTEES.

F. J. NOLTE, 24 Eighth Street N. E.
MARK REILEY, 1127 B St. S. E.
A. P. TAYLOR, 622 I Street N. E.

DELEGATES TO THE DISTRICT COUNCIL

R. H. BURDETTE, 1207 L Street N. W.
C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
E. B. BYRNE, 425 G Street N. W.
ROBERT REICHARD, 1720 35th Street N. W.
J. H. RYAN, 1101 Eleventh Street S. E.

DELEGATES TO THE CENTRAL LABOR UNION.

C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
R. H. BURDETTE, 816 K Street N. W.
W. S. HOLLOHAN, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
C. A. SAUNDERS, 244 9th St. S. E.
LOUIS LUEBKERT, 1314 Kerney St. N. E.

RELIEF COMMITTEE.

THOS. P. O'DEA, 1149 4th St. N. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
H. M. BEVILL, Brentwood, Md.
J. T. CLIFT, 4115 Seventh Street N. W.
M.A. FOLEY, 118 Seaton Street N. E.

MILL COMMITTEE.

F. E. KETTNER, 3016 Cambridge St. N. W.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
O. A. CARTER, Rosslyn, Va.

DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

G. H. F. DAVIS, 439 Second Street S. E.

Washington District Council of Carpenters

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple
ROBERT ADAM, President, Local 2563, U. B., 1511 Vermont Avenue N.W.
R. H. BURDETTE, Vice President, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
E. B. BYRNE, Secretary, Local 132, U. B., 425 G Street N.W.
F. A. SHOESMITH, Treasurer, Local 2563, U. B., 5209 Georgia Avenue N.W.
C. H. ADAMS, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 804 A Street N.E.
R. H. BURDETTE, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
H. PAGE, Trustee, Local 2563, U. B., 3361½ 13th Street N.E.
ROBERT REICHARD, Local 132, U. B., 1720 34th Street N.W.
J. H. RYAN, Local 132, U. B., 1101 11th Street S.E.
FRED HOOK, Local 2563, U. B., 1528 8th Street N.W.
WILLIAM MACKIE, Local 2563, U. B., 216 Seaton Place N.E.

BUSINESS AGENT.
GEO. MYERS, 425 G Street N. W.

CELTIC CLUB WHISKEY
Our Specialty
Never Changes. Accept No Substitute
Once Tried You'll Always Use It.
Ports and Sherries for family use, Quarts, 50 and 75 cents. All makes of Beer. Leading brands of Cigars. Ales and Porters on draught the year round.
D. J. O'CONNOR
New Jersey Ave. and G Sts. N.W

Clothes, Hats and Shoes
The Bieber-Kaufman Co.
901-909 Eighth St. S. E.
Down by the Navy Yard
Washington, D. C.

GEO. D. HORNING,
N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.
LOAN OFFICE

CORBY CAKE
AT ALL GROCERS

Takoma Bread
Fresh Three Times Daily
AT ALL GROCERS
Havenner Baking Company
Established 1815

LANSBURGH & BRO.
"DRY GOODS ONLY"
The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City
420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I. P. E. U.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXI. NO. 26 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, DECEMBER 22, 1916. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

Federal Employes Throng Convention Hall at Mass Meeting

More than five thousand employes of the United States and District governments attended a mass meeting last Monday night in Convention Hall to signify an appeal for wage increases. Samuel Gompers, president of the A. F. of L. was the principal speaker, and championed the right of the government employe to petition, to enjoy broader political freedom and to organize to bring united pressure to bear for better pay and better working hours. The workers were urged by other speakers to persist in their fight now on to get a living wage to meet the increased cost of living imposed on them.

"In union there is strength," was the keynote of all the talks, and all subscribed their gratitude to the American Federation of Labor, which had showed the government employe the light to better his condition.

Resolutions were unanimously adopted to thank the officers of the A. F. of L. for its sympathy and support in the campaign for better pay; to urge all government employes to join the federation, and finally to urge on Congress to pass legislation to alleviate conditions created by present low salaries. The resolutions contained an addendum thanking the Washington press for its co-operation in helping along the campaign of the federal employes.

List of Speakers.

The speakers were: Frank Morrison, secretary of the A. F. of L.; H. N. McLarin, president of the Federal Employes' Union; Thomas Flaherty, representing organized post office employes; Miss Gertrude McNally, of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing employes; L. V. Lampson, of the Washington Teachers' Union; J. N. Breen, of the Typographical Union, and Miss Florence Etheridge, treasurer of the Federal Employes' Union.

In his address, Mr. Gompers made a strong appeal for the betterment of the worker's living conditions by a more tender respect for "the human equation—the human element" which, he said, was one of the greatest principles in his philosophy.

He applied a strong reference to the rights of man to the petition, to broader political freedom, to the right to strike. He said in connection with denial of strike rights that he was satisfied a great wrong was omitted that should bear scrutiny and investigation. He declared in this connection that such was the status of the government employe.

Former Presidents Scored.

Mr. Gompers pointed out the good effects that could be obtained by organization with the American Federation of Labor to support the cause of the worker. He scored Presidents Cleveland, Roosevelt and Taft for attempting to take away from the government worker the right to petition and to political freedom. One of these Presidents, he said, had tried to block the government toiler from petitioning Congress for rights. The other, he said, tried to make it so the government employe couldn't give in-

(Continued on page 4.)

LOCAL JOB PRINTERS SECURE NEW SCALE

Columbia Typographical Union No. 101, through President E. W. Morcock, Secretary George G. Seibold and a committee consisting of Messrs. T. M. Ring, Boyd L. Henry, Howard S. Fleming and Raymond L. Dunn, has concluded an agreemtn with the employing printers of Washington, comprising the book and job trade, by which wages are increased. The scale beginning January 1, 1917, will be: Hand men, $23 per week, with 20 per cent additional for night work; from January 1, 1918, to December 31, 1920, $24 for week for hand men, with 20 per cent additional for night work. Machine operators, January 1, 1917, to December 31, 1920, $27 per week for day work, and $30 for night work. Price and one-half for overtime in all cases.

The negotiations were conducted in an amicable spirit all the way, and while the proprietors did not give all the union asked, they were, as always, disposed to be fair and reasonable. Secretary Seibold presented the union's claims in his usual able manner at the several conferences.

President Morcock announced to the employers at the conference Tuesday that he had appointed, in accordance with authority conferred upon him by the union, Mr. F. C. Roberts as representative of the local union, whose principal work for the present will be to try to secure all printing possible for local offices, as heretofore much work which should be done here has been sent to out-of-town firms. Mr. Roberts asked the co-operation of the employers to the fullest extent, which they agreed to give heartily.

BALTIMORE JOB PRINTERS RAISE WAGES $3 A WEEK

Baltimore, December 21.—Typographical Union No. 12 has ratified a new book and job scale, which provides an increase of $3 a week all around. The bill of prices finally agreed upon by the union's committee and employers is substantially as follows:

Handwork—Day scale: Foremen not less than $25 per week; assistant foremen, proofreaders, makers-up, hand compositors and such other employes (members of the union) as are not otherwise classified, $21 per week. Night scale: $24 per week.

Machine scale (book and job)—Operators of typesetting devices, not less than $4 per day for day work, and not less than $4.50 per night for night work. Machine tenders shall be paid on the same basis as operators. Learners, $15.40 per week for a period not exceeding six months.

Eight hours shall constitute a day's or night's work. Overtime in all cases to be paid for at the rate of price and one-half. Work performed on Sundays and holidays shall be paid for at the rate of double price.

Other features of the agreement include a minimum scale for apprentices after the second year and make it necessary for an apprentice to take the International Typographical Union course of instruction in printing. Regulations concerning the apprentices and sanitary conditions are also provided for.

The agreement is to run from January 1, 1917, to December 31, 1919, a period of three years. It is understood that the seventy-five book and job offices, without exception, will sign the new agreement.

U. S. BUILDS NEW SHIPS.

The bureau of navigation, Department of Commerce, reports that up to November 1, 1,066 sailing, steam, gas and unrigged ships, a total of 488,446 gross tons, have been built in American yards. During the twelve months of last year 1,216 ships, a gross tonnage of 215,602 were constructed.

These figures are of especial interest when the dismal prophecies of seamen's law opponents are recalled.

Christmas Bells

I heard the bells on Christmas Day
Their old familiar carols play,
And wild and sweet
Their words repeat
Of peace on earth, good will to men!

And thought how, as the day had come,
The belfries of all Christendom
Had rolled along
The unbroken song
Of peace on earth, good will to men!

Till ringing, singing on its way,
The world revolved from night to day,
A voice, a chime,
A chant sublime
Of peace on earth, good will to men!

Then from each black, accursed mouth
The cannon thundered in the South,
And with the sound
The carols drowned
Of peace on earth, good will to men!

It was as if an earthquake rent
The hearthstones of a continent,
And made forlorn
The households born
Of peace on earth, good will to men!

And in despair I bowed my head
"There is no peace on earth," I said;
For hate is strong
And mock the song
Of peace on earth, good will to men!

Then pealed the bells more loud and deep;
"God is not dead; nor doth he sleep!
The Wrong shall fail,
The Right prevail,
With peace on earth, good will to men!"

—HENRY WADSWORTH LONGFELLOW.

STARTS STRIKE; THEN CRIES.

Chicago, December 21.—Ignoring the fact that he started the New York street car strike and that he has refused to arbitrate, President Shonts of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, New York city, cries for some way to stop strikes.

In an address before the Illinois Manufacturers' Association he said:

"Shouldn't a way be provided to avoid battle, a way in which responsibility of both capital and labor can be made enforceable and the public rights and their rights still be preserved?"

And then Mr. Shonts answers his own question by favoring a law that will deny employes of public utilities the right to quit work. This, the street car executive believes, will solve every trouble—because the public will not be inconvenienced.

This plan will also permit Mr. Shonts and his kind to smash street car men's unions, which is the present situation in New York city.

EIGHT HOURS FOR POLICEMEN.

Waco, Tex., December 21.—The city commissioners have ordered an eight-hour day for Waco policemen. Chief of Police McNamara has urged this step for the last several months. All Waco municipal employes are now on an eight-hour basis.

BRICKLAYERS WANT MORE.

Cincinnati, December 21.—Bricklayers' Union No. 18 has voted to ask for a wage increase of 5 cents an hour to become effective the first of next May.

WARNS WOMEN BOYCOTTERS.

Chicago, Dceember 21.—The Union Leader, official magazine of the local Street Car Men's unions, raises this warning cry to women who favor boycotting high-priced eggs:

"Can it be possible that our women buyers will escape the strong arm of the law in applying the boycott? Is there no dear old friendly judge to intervene in behalf of the food hoarders, whose business of extorting unreasonable prices from consumers is likely to be 'irreparably injured' by reason of the boycott?

"Have we no member of the judiciary that will issue a restraining order and jail our good women boycotters for conspiracy or contempt?

"How unfortunate for our food exploiters that Justice Wright has been backed into obscurity, and that Judge Freeman has responded to the Great Recall."

CARRIAGE WORKERS WIN.

Trenton, N. J., December 21.—Last June the Fitzgibbon & Crisp Company locked out employes who are members of the Carriage and Wagon Workers' Union. These workers have refused to return except as union men, and now the company acknowledges the mistake by agreeing to abandon its anti-union policy. It also agrees to raise wages 10 per cent.

BARBERS 100 PER CENT.

Fort Collins, Col., December 21.—For the first time in the history of the local labor movement the Barbers' Union has secured a 100 per cent organization.

CARPENTERS WIN FIGHT AT CRAMP'S SHIPYARDS

Philadelphia, December 21.—Members of Local Union No. 1856 of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America, won a decided victory recently by securing a wage increase for their workers at Cramp's shipyard.

The members of Local 1856 were granted an increase in wages of 2½ cents per hour after being on strike two days.

The Kensington Dry Dock Company, a branch of the Cramp Shipbuilding Company, granted a wage increase of 3 cents per hour to its workers, who had been on strike for six weeks.

The minimum rate at Cramp's is 42½ cents per hour.

Kensington Dry Dock Company for joiners 45 cents per hour and 48½ cents per hour for carpenters.

The workers in both plants are members of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America, Local Union No. 1856.

Both Cramp's Shipbuilding Company and the Kensington Dry Dock Company recognized the organization inasmuch as the agreement was reached by a committee appointed by the local union and was signed by the officers of the company.

CARPENTERS AND HOISTING ENGINEERS LOCKED OUT

Pittsburgh, Pa., December 21.—A general lock-out of the carpenters employed by the members of the Master Builders' Association has occured in this city. The Employers' Association also have ordered a lock-out against the members of the Hoisting Engineers' Local No. 66.

The cause of the trouble started on the new Chamber of Commerce building, corner Smithfield street and Seventh avenue, which is being erected by the Thompson-Starrett Company, over the installation of metal grounds in that building in which lathers were used for the placing of these grounds in place of carpenters.

The carpenters' organization claims that this is their work and objected to the lathers doing the same.

Negotiations failed and the District Council of the Brotherhood of Carpenters, backed by the international, ordered a strike. The engineers, who are in affiliation with the carpenters, ceased work at the same time, thus practically tying up the job.

MINERS' WORKDAYS AND PAY.

Columbus, Ohio, December 21.—The state industrial commission reports that pick miners employed in Ohio coal mines averaged 168 working days each during 1915. The average rate of wage per day was $2.72, or a total of $456.96 for the entire year.

Of 2,430 employes in the sandstone industry reported on, it is stated that 296 receive, per week, under $10; 736 under $12, and 794 under $15.

Coal accidents during the year 1915 resulted in a loss of time equal to the entire time of 1,663 men for one year.

ACTIVE IN LANSING, MICH.

Lansing, Mich., December 21.—Carpenters' Union has asked contractors for an eight-hour day and a wage increase of 5 cents an hour, starting April 1 next.

Electrical Workers' Union has raised wages from $75 to $85 a month, secured the nine-hour day, time and one-half for overtime and double time for Sundays.

A federal labor union has been organized in this city.

PLUMBERS WIN SHORT STRIKE.

Johnson City, Tenn., December 21.—Employing plumbers signed an eight-hour agreement after their plumbers suspended work for twenty-four hours. Recognition of the union is also included.

Retail Clerks Gain as Result of Strenuous Campaign Now On

At a regular meeting of Retail Clerks' Local Union No. 262, held in Typographical Temple Monday night, 134 new members were obligated. This brings the membership of this local to nearly 500, the result of a campaign which has been conducted for the last two weeks. According to C. C. Coulter, the business representative of the local, the membership will reach at least 1,000 within a short time.

The store clerks have awakened to the realization that it will be necessary for them to organize more thoroughly so as to be in a position to secure shorter hours and more pay, the shorter hours applying more particularly to the clerks employed in the groceries and markets. These men and boys are working longer hours than any other class in the city, and the wage is very low.

Responding in Numbers.

The grocery boys are responding nobly, and before very long will be organized 100 per cent. This includes all those in the groceries and markets all over the city.

Department store clerks are also coming in in large numbers, as they realize that only through organization can they hope to obtain the standard of wages that is necessary to meet the high cost of living.

Wages Lowest in the Country.

E. E. Baker, international president of the Retail Clerks, who has been conducting the campaign of organization work, states that he finds the wages of the store clerks in Washington lower than those paid in any part of the country, and that with a good organization of the clerks they will be able to secure a substantial increase. Some of the merchants have already felt the results of the agitation, and have offered bonuses to some of their employes. However, this should be not only a bonus as a Christmas gift, but should be given to the clerks in the way of a weekly wage.

The salespeople of this city are just as efficient as anywhere in the country, and the profits of the merchants are as large as in any city of the same size, and there is no reasonable excuse why the clerks should not receive better wages.

Demand the Union Card.

When you enter a store to make a purchase demand that the clerk who waits on you show his Union Card, which is a guarantee that he or she is in sympathy with the movement which has done so much to better the conditions of the workers.

PROMINENT PRINTERS DEAD.

Mr. E. M. Wheat and Deputy Public Printer H. T. Brian, two of the older members of Columbia Typographical Union, passed away the early part of this week. Mr. Wheat was obliged to sever his connection with the public service several months ago on account of injuries received from a fall.

Mr. Brian was stricken with paralysis last week at his home on Columbia road. He had been in failing health for some time.

Both of these men had rendered conspicuous and valuable service, were honored members of their craft, and will be greatly missed.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS AND JOINERS OF AMERICA TRADES AND LABOR COUNCIL WASHINGTON D.C. 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., DECEMBER 22, 1916.

The Trades Unionist wishes its readers and advertisers a Merry Christmas.

Moving Picture Operators of Wilmington, Del., held their first banquet recently.

Peace proposals are in order. Why should we not hear from some of those who delight in locking out our members.

The offices of Atlanta Typographical Union, located for two years in the Grant Building, will move into their new quarters in the new Labor Temple on Trinity avenue on January 1.

It is a mistake for organized labor, or any of its branches, to ask for any piece of legislation that might be secured by contract. To do this removes an incentive for men to join the union of their craft.

Help the men who are fighting for a God-given right—the right to organize for self-protection—by supporting the labor press, the paper which really champions your cause and comes to your aid in the hours of need.

There was a nine-hour and sixteen-hour day in force in railway operation before the eight-hour day was made legal. If they are legal, why not the eight-hour day?

The latest judge to issue an injunction against strikers, at the behest of Big Business, lives in Chicago. So common are these injunctions that many people are beginning to think that a goodly sum of money will influence quite a few of our jurists.

Compulsory arbitration, with a clause easing it into compulsory labor, will be little short of slavery; except that the employer will not need to feed the men under this new form of slavery, as when one of them dies there will be three or four more to take his place.

Wall Street and the capitalistic press is striving hard to convince President Wilson that labor did little for him at the polls November 8th. It wishes in this way to turn the President aside from giving labor a square deal. What a terrible thing for greedy capital it would be for labor to get consideration commensurate with its worth.

Workingmen do not object to the spirit of an arbitration law, but to the narrow interpretation which employers put on awards of arbitration courts. Many times employers profess to accept as official an interpretation grossly different from what the court had in mind. But the workmen must abide by this unfair interpretation.

"Christmas Bells," the selection from Longfellow, which appears on the first page of this issue, has special reference to the contest which ended with the civil war and with it the extinction of chattel slavery.

History repeats itself, and today we find a similar state of affairs as existed at the time of writing the poem. But, we are thankful to say, the scene has changed to Europe, where we find in Poland brother fighting against brother, and in the Balkans and on the Flanders front, men fighting for their lives and their country. The end may be in sight, but there it looks as if "there is no peace on earth."

But the lines, however, have other and significant force if we may hope that Right will everywhere prevail and yet there will come "Peace on earth, good will to men."

WANT VETO POWER EXTENDED.

New York, December 21.—The Merchants' Association of this city favors extending the veto power of the President so as to permit him to disapprove any separate items or provision contained in any appropriation bill. The Chamber of Commerce of the United States will submit the question to a referendum of its affiliates.

The extension of the veto power is urged "to prevent the abuses which lie at the root of certain governmental extravagances."

Wheeling (W. Va.) trade unionists recently dedicated a monument to the memory of Augustus Pollack, whose record of friendliness toward organized labor is well known.

JUDGE REBUKED BY EDITOR.

Springfield, Mass., December 21.—The Springfield Republican is not in accord with Federal Judge Hook's position that the Adamson law is unconstitutional even though the court confessed he knew nothing of the merits of the case and only wanted the United States Supreme Court to hasten final judgment.

Why did not Judge Hook assume that Congress has the right to pass such a law? asks the editor.

"The judge admitted that his opinion was not based on study of the merits of the question; what he did was to translate an impression into a judicial decision, and his impression might easily have been rooted in a mere prejudice against the statute. No special harm was done, to be sure; for the United States Supreme Court will not be in the least influenced by Judge Hook. Yet why should judges of inferior United States courts whose decisions are not final on constitutional questions ever presume to nullify an act of Congress on the ground of unconstitutionality? Why don't they content themselves with a presumption that any law passed by Congress and signed by the President of the United States is constitutionally sound? They might well follow that course, leaving to litigants the privilege of appealing from their decisions to the higher courts. The practice of minor judges in nullifying laws on constitutional grounds has been much overdone—so much so that proposals have been made that only the United States Supreme Court shall be permitted by law to deny the constitutionality of an act of Congress."

INJUNCTION JUDGE GAGS FREE SPEECH

Chicago, December 21.—Attorneys for the Illinois State Federation of Labor have notified that body that the jail sentence of two strikers by Circuit Court Judge Smith on injunction proceedings constitutes an encroachment on the liberties of organized labor and is "a menace that threatens the very life of the trade union movement of Illinois."

The injunction was issued against employes of the Illinois Malleable Iron Company. Two officers of the union signed an article published in a newspaper calling attention to the strike and urging all strikers to attend the next mass meeting.

Judge Smith fined the unionists and sentenced them to jail for violating his injunction. He ruled that this was not in violation of free press and free speech guarantees contained in the United States and Illinois constitutions.

The federation's attorneys say:

"The danger of this decision is apparent upon only a casual analysis of the matter involved. It will be noted that this publication is addressed to the strikers of the Illinois Malleable Iron Company. It is a method by which a notice of meeting is published. If this decision is to hold as a precedent, it means that men can be cited and punished for contempt for violating an injunction for words used even in addressing meetings of union workingmen in their own halls and where every man in the body is a defendant to the bill of complaint upon which the writ of injunction is issued. It means that no matter how courteous the language used, no matter how careful a speaker may be, no matter what his purpose in the use of speech may be, yet if as a result of his remarks, whether used to persuade men engaged in a strike, or to persuade men to join a union to advance the cause of organized labor (and the very life of organized labor depends upon the success and ability of members of organized labor to persuade others to join), if the employer can point out such language and show that it is a hindrance to his interests, under the broad and sweeping provisions of the injunction, the man making use of the language may be subject to a heavy fine and deprived of his liberty.

"Organized labor may well ask if that be true. Are the constitutional provisions meant to guarantee the liberty of all the citizens of the United States and of this state, or are they meant to give additional liberty to a favored minority class, and deprive the poor man, the working man, the union man, of rights heretofore never seriously questioned or doubted?"

SHOULD KNOW COST.

New York, December 21.—Edward N. Hurley, chairman of the federal trade commission, continues his bombardment against manufacturers who are unacquainted with the cost of their products, and who are continually insisting on "efficiency."

In a speech in this city recently the federal official said:

"Manufacturers are unfair to themselves, to their workmen and to the public when they continue to conduct their business with an insufficient and inaccurate knowledge of costs."

These manufacturers have been the backbone of the agitation in favor of the Taylor system and other sweating processes, and now, trade unionists show, these same men are charged by a government official that the "efficiency" they plead for is entirely lacking in their own business.

COMMISSION MEN UNITE.

Philadelphia, December 21.—Commission laundrymen have organized to force the big laundries to lower new rates and to prevent the commission drivers from being forced out of business.

One of the commission men said:

"The big laundries declare the cost of everything has gone up, but the fact is that they have taken advantage of slight increase in cost to make tremendous increases in rates."

A commission laundry man is one who owns his own business but does not do the actual laundry work. This is done by some laundry for him and he is paid on a commission basis.

COMPENSATION IN WYOMING.

Cheyenne, Wyo., December 21.—The first year and a half of the Wyoming compensation law shows a surplus of more than $300,000. The expense of enforcing the law was 1.44 per cent, against 45 per cent cost to private companies.

BAKERS FORCED ON STRIKE.

Hartford, Conn., December 21.—Members of the Bakers' Union employed at Kolb's bakery were forced on strike because of continued violations of their agreement and the brutal methods of a foreman.

EXPERIENCE TEACHES SHORTER WORKDAY PAYS

In the current issue of the Monthly Review, published by the bureau of labor statistics, federal Department of Labor, the experience of four American and foreign workshops under the eight-hour system is stated. The firms listed are: Commonwealth Steel Company, Granite City, Ill.; Zeiss Optical Works, Jena, Germany; Salford Iron Works, Manchester, England, and the Engis Chemical Works, near Liege, Belgium.

Regarding the experience of the American firm, the Bulletin says:

"The workmen in the open-hearth department and boiler room were changed, in 1912, from a system of two twelve-hour shifts. To do this required increasing the number of men in the open-hearth department from twenty-two to thirty-three, but in the boiler room it was necessary to increase the number of men only from eight to ten. The hourly wage rates of all the men concerned were increased an average of 20 per cent. Exactly the same products were made under the two systems of working hours.

"Under the eight-hour system, in spite of the increase of hourly rates, there was a slight decrease in the cost of production, owing to the higher efficiency of the workers. There were very considerable reductions in the amount of pig iron charged and in the amount of fuel oil consumed. Also the quality of the product was very much improved."

CO-OPERATION IN SELECTING FILMS FOR CHILDREN URGED

Has your organization kept in touch with the movement for better motion picture films for our children, as recently inaugurated by the Federation of Women's Clubs of this city?

The film exchanges and the local exhibitors are co-operating with the committee of the Federated Clubs. It is now up to the public to prove that it really wants better and cleaner films.

The committee is of opinion that mothers and others having care of children should be very careful to ascertain in advance the character of the films to be shown before permitting their children to see them. Many films which are suited to adults are not desirable for children.

The committee asks your co-operation in carrying out its plans. Will your organization support the special performances when they are established? This is the initial step for better films in the District of Columbia. Watch the daily papers for further information.

The eyes of the country are on Washington, awaiting the result of the efforts now being made. Let us work together and demonstrate that the public is in earnest in its desire for better and cleaner films, especially for our children.

Address all communications to Mrs. Kirk Holmes, publicity secretary, 1813 Newton street northwest.

MILLIONS LOST IN COAL.

New York, December 21.—People who scheme to extract the workingman's last ounce of energy may read with profit a paper on "Power Plant Efficiency," by Victor J. Azbe, before the convention of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers, in which it is estimated that $324,000,000 of coal is wasted every year, besides natural gas and crude oil.

It was stated that from 10 to 20 per cent of the fuel consumption could be saved without additional investment by more efficient operation.

"The same people," says Mr. Azbe, "would strive for an extra mile or two per gallon of gasoline with their automobile, and are wasting 30 per cent or more of the coal burned in their factories."

ORCHARD WORKERS UNITE.

Fresno, Cal., December 21.—More than 200 Italian orchard and vineyard laborers have organized a union and affiliated to the A. F. of L. Last season the wages of these workers was $2 for an eleven-hour day. They are now demanding $2.50 for an eight-hour day.

WILL URGE SUNDAY CLOSING.

San Francisco, Cal., December 21.—Organized butcher workers are preparing a law to be submitted to the next legislature to close all meat markets on Sundays and certain holidays. It is stated that journeymen and employing barbers, proprietors of grocery stores, grocery clerks and retail clerks will assist the meat cutters.

SHOP EDUCATORS TO MEET.

Chicago, December 21.—The third annual convention of the Vocational Educational Association of the middle west will be held at the Auditorium January 18-20.

ESTABLISHED 1865 — 51 YEARS IN BUSINESS

CHRISTIAN XANDER'S

Famous Cocktails

MANHATTAN—MARTINI—BRONX $1.00 a Bottle

909 7th Street, Northwest. No Branch Houses. Phone M. 274

MEATS GROCERIES FISH

Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the

OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.

930 La. Ave. N. W. — 1111 H Street N. E.
8th & E Sts. S. E. — 1632 N. Capitol Street
31st & M Sts. N. W. — 3418-20 Ga. Ave. N. W.
7th & Q Sts. N. W. — 14th & U Streets N. W.
1778 U Street, N.W. — 7th and B Streets N. E.
7th & H Street N. E. — 3113 14th Street, N. W.
726 7th St. N. W. — 1440 P St. N. W.
2002-2004 Ga. Ave. N. W.

POULTRY BREAD PRODUCE

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF THE UNITED BREWERY WORKMEN OF AMERICA

Union Made Beer — Ale and Porter

COPYRIGHT & TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1903

THIS IS OUR LABEL.

VOTE

Against Prohibition

DEMAND

Personal Liberty

IN CHOOSING WHAT YOU WILL DRINK

ASK FOR THIS LABEL WHEN PURCHASING BEER, ALE OR PORTER.

As A Guarantee That It Is Union Made.

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK

Northwest Corner FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST

LOOK FOR THE CLOCKS

4 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts

COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

PENN GARDENS

21st AND Penn Ave

ALWAYS WORTH WHILE

IS FAIR TO

UNION LABOR

Penn Gardens Company is going to build the greatest Community Amusement Center in the East. You will be given an opportunity to share in the profits as well as the Patronage. This is on the Principle, that

"IN UNION THERE IS STRENGTH"

WASHINGTON BREWERY CO.

IMPERIAL EXPORT

A really fine beer

Speaking of Christmas reminds us that we are in a position to materially assist you in making this the Best Christmas, not only for the little folks, but for every member of the family. You can find presents for all in our well assorted stock. We invite you to come in and see just how many nice, pretty presents we have. Trusting we will have the pleasure of welcoming you to our store during the Holidays and with compliments of the season, we are, Sincerely yours,

WELLER'S DRUG STORE

Eighth and Eye Sts. S. E. — 36th and M N. W.

STORAGE PACKING FREIGHT HAULING

Merchants Transfer

— AND —

Storage Company

920-922 E Street Northwest

Phone Main 6900

SHIPPING MOVING HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

PHONE MAIN 6079.

Reno Lunch

W. H. WOODCOCK, Proprietor.

625 PA. AVE. N. W.

HOME COOKED FOODS

NEVER CLOSED

Bell Brand Union-Made

COLLARS and SHIRTS

LARGE ASSORTMENT

T. HOLLANDER

North Capitol and H Streets

When in Doubt, Buy of

HOUSE & HERRMANN

FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.

N.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W

FIREPROOF CONSTRUCTION

Hammett Fire Proofing Company
301-302-303 Wilkins Bldg.
Phone Main 3337.

PHONE NORTH 2349

DONOVAN'S

FINE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS

2008 14th St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

The only strictly

UNION TAILORING house in the city

M. STEIN & CO.

TAILORS

Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

THE MILTON SCHOOL

Oxford Bldg., 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.

Stenography
Typewriting
English
Spanish

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO BEGINNERS

Now in larger quarters in the Oxford Building, 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.

A Gift Suggestion for the Housekeeper

CHOOSE one of the many pretty patterns of "Open Stock" China we are displaying and "start" a set as a gift by selecting a few, or as many pieces as you desire.

This will prove a highly acceptable Christmas gift, and the housewife can continue the set by adding pieces as the occasion requires.

American, English, French, German and Austrian China displayed in the choicest patterns—from the dainty floral and conventional decorations to the richest gold productions.

Dulin & Martin Co.
Pottery, Porcelain, China, Glass, Silver, &c.
1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St.

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY
Equitable Life Insurance Co.
of the District of Columbia
THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.
Issues Ordinary and Industrial
Wm. A. Bennett, 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.
EQUITABLE BLD'G. 816 14th ST., N. W.

Phone Main 3871
WM. H. HOWLIN
OURAY BUILDING, 801 G ST. N. W.
(Room 404)
Engrossing Resolutions, Diplomas, Charters and Fancy Pen Work of all descriptions.

Saks & Company
MEN'S and BOYS' OUTFITTERS
Pa. Ave. & 7th St. Wash., D. C.
Specialists in Apparel for Men and Boys.

Parker, Bridget & Co.
"The Avenue at Ninth"
Featuring
Extra Value
$15
Suits for Fall

Black's Alderney and Green Meadow Dairy
Pasteurized and Tubercoline Tested Milk.
Phone N. 1670. Union Dairies.

CELTIC CLUB WHISKEY
Our Specialty
Never Changes. Accept No Substitute
Once Tried You'll Always Use It.
Ports and Sherries for family use, Quarts, 50 and 75 cents. All makes of Beer. Leading brands of Cigars. Ales and Porters on draught the year round.
D. J. O'CONNOR
New Jersey Ave. and G Sts. N.W

Takoma Bread
Fresh Three Times Daily
AT ALL GROCERS
Havenner Baking Company
Established 1815

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

Miss Pearl G. Reagan, temporary skilled laborer.

Levi Huber, temporary compositor.

Vincent J. Hart, messenger boy, transfer from Department of Interior.

Horace Wards, Robert J. Bowler, Clarence E. Hood, probationary skilled laborers.

Separations.

Henry O. Bryant, probational skilled laborer, resigned.

Harry Brenner, probationary messenger boy, resigned.

Joseph E. Horney, temporary compositor.

John J. Braund, skilled laborer, resigned.

Frederick Brown, linotype operator.

James H. Furbershaw, emergency compositor, resigned.

Transfers, Etc.

Ernest A. Hurdle and Thomas E. McCardell, compositors, to makers-up, hand section.

Sidney J. Marshall, Frank C. Kemon, William J. Harris, John D. Metz, jr., compositors, to makers-up, linotype section.

Charles M. Sizer, Charles H. Slack and Frederick W. Follett, to proofreaders, proof section.

Lee Hartley and George M. Ramsey, compositors, to copyholders, proof section.

Miss Nellie Theaker, to proofreader, proof section.

Charles A. Riggleman, to copy editor, monotype section.

Henry H. Smith, to skilled laborer, pamphlet binding section.

Miss Mary F. Mealy, skilled laborer, to ruling and sewing section.

Herman B. Barnhart, to copy editor, proof section.

William W. Frye, to referee, proof section.

Valentine Ruff, to press reviser, hand section.

Levi H. Patterson, to compositor, hand section.

James W. Cavey, to electrotype molder, foundry section.

Charles H. Barton, jr., electrotype molder apprentice, foundry section.

Ernest C. Frazier, to skilled laborer, pamphlet binding section.

Lawrence A. Gray, to permanent unskilled laborer, press division.

Miss Lillie M. Sunderland, to press feeder, State, War and Navy section.

George E. Beckert, to skilled laborer, forwarding and finishing section.

William F. Crump, to copy editor, proof section, night.

Mrs. Johanna Riordan and Mrs. Katherine M. Humble, press feeders, 25 cents to 27½ cents per hour, press division.

GOOD NEWS FROM BRIDGEPORT.

Bridgeport, Conn., December 21.—Striking iron molders report continued success. They have not become discouraged because their homes have been seized before judgment was rendered, and it is whispered that employers who were a party to this procedure have been discussing settlement with their employes. At the present time the four largest and most important of the shops have reached an agreement with their employes and in some cases wages have been increased $1 a day. There yet remains four shops outside the fold.

It is also whispered that it will be a long time before Bridgeport employers in this industry will listen to the story that the Iron Molders' Union can be "put out of business."

STRIKEBREAKERS' HIGH WAGE.

Indianapolis, December 21.—The strike of street car men is proving costly to the local company, according to this statement published in the Labor Herald:

"Pay envelopes have been picked up near the pay car showing that one was paid $29 for his week's work and another $37 for the same time. The company boasted in its advertisement run in all the newspapers recently that its highest paid union employes were paid about $21 a week for seven days' work, eleven hours a day. And then the company turns around and pays strikebreakers $29 and $37 a week for wrecking its property, and, as it is alleged, stealing practically all the revenue. That may be good business judgment, but it doesn't seem so."

WILL ATTACK RAIL LAW.

Harrisburg, Pa., December 21.—Railroad managers are preparing to renew their fight against the "full-crew" law when the next legislature convenes. A repealer was passed at the last session, but was vetoed by Gov. Brumbaugh. The law fixes the number of trainmen who must be employed on trains of various sizes and classes.

HEADLIGHT LAW UPHELD.

The United States Supreme Court has upheld the Indiana law requiring high power headlights on locomotives.

"LOOK WHO'S HERE."

By E. T. GOOD.

W. T. DOUGLASS.

WHEN it comes to having a razor applied to your face are you not as much delighted with a good, clean, careful shave at the hands of a barber as you would be to have the dentist extract one of your teeth without breaking his promise not to hurt you. Most dentists hurt like fury, whether they pull, fill or crown a tooth. Everybody knows that and non-union barbers inflict worse punishment than our family dentist whilst the razor or shears are applied.

Smoothest of the smooth in the yielding of the razor and the cutting of hair is this popular Brother of Local Barbers' Union No. 239, W. T. Douglass—known to so many by his last name, "Douglass." He served his apprenticeship under J. H. Lenhert, who came here from Baltimore in 1893 and opened a shop in the Washington Post building.

Douglass was foreman of the shop there for twenty-two years, carrying, of course, all the while a paid-up union card in his pocket and the $75 insurance his organization has for its members, this insurance increasing from year to year now amounts to $500 insurance, and Douglass is one of four or five members in the organization who at present has this amount. There are about 200 members in the organization.

Always on the job, a good congenial disposition, with little to say; a marked degree of surety in all he had to speak of, won for Mr. Douglass in this location hundreds of steady patrons.

There is little question but that Douglass, with his far-reaching acquaintance, might have secured the honor of tonsorial expert to the President of the nation, were he to have sought it. However, the longest of roads have a turn, and so it has been with Douglass.

A change came in the health of Mr. Lenhert this year, and he has now retired and is spending his days upon his farm in Virginia.

Douglass has taken up work as foreman of the barber shop at 706 Ninth street northwest, just three doors above G street, and as at the old stand he finds the customers of many years ready to go out of their way for his careful and thorough treatment. Fred De Grazia is the proprietor.

Douglass has daughters and sons who are in the public schools, and is he not truely a good citizen, a credit to his craft and worth more than passing notice as you journey up Ninth street for a hair cut or shave.

ANTI-UNIONISTS RENAMED.

Detroit, December 21.—Organizer Henderson of the Machinists' Union says the National Metal Trades' Association should be named "National Strife Breeders' Association."

"The greatest barrier to harmony between the workers and employers is the National Metal Trades' Association," he says. "In the majority of cities where this organization does not exist there is a friendly feeling. Every place where it is alive, trouble occurs."

MACHINISTS FORCED TO STRIKE.

Danbury, Conn., December 21.—Machinists employed by the Ball and Roller Bearing Company, who were forced on strike several weeks ago, are standing firm for their right to organize. When the men organized they were told by Manager Heim that he would not have a man work for him who belonged to a union. This backward-looking gentleman is now having his troubles with strikebreakers.

STOGIE MAKERS WINNING.

Wheeling, W. Va., December 21.—Stogie makers and strippers are winning their strike for a wage increase. The former ask $1 per thousand, or one-tenth of 1 cent on one stogie. Strippers ask for an increase of ½ cent a pound.

New Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits for Hire
WILNER'S
ADVANCED FALL STYLES
The Latest Novelties of the Season . . . $18.50
EVERY UNION MAN OUGHT TO TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THIS OFFER
Not only do we save you $10.00 on every suit you buy, but our workmanship has proven to stand up, to hold its shape, curl nor wrinkle until the garment will last, and we guarantee to last you fully three years.
We are the FIRST and ONLY Union Custom Tailors in this City.
Order Your Suit From
JOS. A. WILNER & COMPANY
COR. 8th and G STREETS NORTHWEST

Washington District Council of Carpenters
Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple
ROBERT ADAM, President, Local 2563, U. B., 1511 Vermont Avenue N.W.
R. H. BURDETTE, Vice President, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
E. B. BYRNE, Secretary, Local 132, U. B., 425 G Street N.W.
F. A. SHOESMITH, Treasurer, Local 2563, U. B., 5209 Georgia Avenue N.W.
C. H. ADAMS, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 804 A Street N.E.
R. H. BURDETTE, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
H. PAGE, Trustee, Local 2563, U. B., 336½ 13th Street N.E.
ROBERT REICHARD, Local 132, U. B., 1720 34th Street N.W.
J. H. RYAN, Local 132, U. B., 1101 11th Street S.E.
FRED HOOK, Local 2563, U. B., 1528 8th Street N.W.
WILLIAM MACKIE, Local 2563, U. B., 216 Seaton Place N.E.
BUSINESS AGENT.
GEO. MYERS, 425 G Street N. W.

GEO. D. HORNING,
N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.
LOAN OFFICE

CORBY CAKE
AT ALL GROCERS

Union Station Garage
Guaranteed work on all makes of cars, accessories, second-hand, tires. Storage, $5 up.
Phone, Lincoln 3379.
REAR No. 40 H ST. N.E.

WON'T RIDE IN STREET CARS.

New York, December 21.—The public service commission is worried over the congested transportation system of this city. A strike of street car men, started last September, has resulted in the street car companies losing 300,000 passengers a day. These now patronize the subways. The problem is to divert this number to the surface cars, although the strike is still on. The opinion is ventured that the surface lines are abandoned "because of the poor service the new trolleymen and conductors are giving the public."

CIGAR MAKERS RAISE WAGES.

New Haven, Conn., December 21.—Cigar Makers' Union and manufacturers have agreed on a new wage scale, to become effective the first of the year. An increase of $1 per thousand will be paid on all 5 and 10 cent goods and $2 per thousand on special and 15-cent goods. Packers will be increased 12½ cents per thousand for boxes containing 50 and 100 cigars.

MEAT CUTTERS ADVANCE.

Peoria, Ill., December 21.—A board of arbitration has adjusted differences between the Meat Cutters' Union and shops that refused to sign an agreement. Wages will be $16 a week with a 6:15 closing hour.

CORBY'S YEAST
Leaves nothing to guess-work.
Its purity and strength are uniform.
Every baker knows what that means.
Send for samples.
THE CORBY COMPANY
STATION K. WASHINGTON, D. C.

Building Trades Headquarters Sixth and G Sts. N. W
Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rent
WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES TOBACCO.
COSTELLO BROS

THE PLATE PRINTER
Official Organ Plate Printers International Union.
P. J. RYAN, Editor. CHAS. T. SMITH, Assoc. Editor.
Subscription $1.00 Per Year
Telephone 4528 Wash. Loan & Trust Bldg.

Representative Houses
OF WASHINGTON, D. C.
The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

BANKS

NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burglar-proof vaults; acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth Street and New York Avenue.

WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee, etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK. A bank for the working people. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account. Ninth and G Sts. N. W.

UNION SAVINGS BANK. Commercial accounts. Three per cent interest on savings accounts. The oldest savings bank in Washington.

MICHAEL T. GREENE
Liquors and Cigars. 639 D St. N. W.

STONER'S BAR AND RESTAURANT
The, G. Stoner. 206 Seventh St.S. W.

J. CHAS. McGUIRE'S BUFFET
Federal Seal Whiskey. 519 Ninth St. N. W.

O'KEEFE'S BUFFET
P. J. O'Keefe, Prop. 904 Pa. Ave. N. W.

GLAVIN'S BUFFET
ED. J. GLAVIN 309 G Street Northwest

FRANK'S BUFFET
Fourth and G Sts. N. W. Phone M. 5572.

DAVID WALSH'S BUFFET
407 10th Street N. W.

E. E. FARLEY'S BUFFET
415 13th Street N. W.

J. J. O'DONNELL'S BUFFET
333 Penn. Avenue S. E.

HARRY'S BUFFET
631 Penn. Ave. S. E. Phone Lin. 1843

MACHINIST

G. W. FORSBERG, formerly with Forsberg & Murray, Elevators, Boilers. Eighth and Water Sts. S. W. Main 742.

GROCER AND COFFEE ROASTER

SOMERSET R. WATERS, 1342 7th St. N. W.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

RALSTON & RICHARDSON, Evans Building, 1420 New York Avenue.

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.

SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (Inc.), Soda Water, Syrups, etc. 1066 Wis. Ave. N. W.

PHOTO SUPPLIES

E. J. PULLMAN. Developing and Finishing for Amateurs a Specialty. 420 9th St. N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS

MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Ave. N. W. Our Specialty, Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

FIRE INSURANCE

FIREMEN'S INSURANCE COMPANY, Seventh Street and Louisiana Avenue.

DRY GOODS

WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings. Hosiery, a Specialty. 806-808 H St. N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

UNDERTAKERS

J. WILLIAM LEE
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY
332 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.

W. H. BUTLER CO., 607-9 C St. N. W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT

NATIONAL MORTAR CO., 1st and M N.E.

COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING CO., 3036 K Street.

DRUGGISTS

CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth St. and Virginia Ave. S. E.

DAY & CO. 5th and G Sts. N.W. 14th and P N.W., 20th and R. I. Ave. N.E.

QUIGLEY, Druggist, 21st and G Sts. N.W.

A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner 7th and P Streets N. W. N. 2372.

RAILROADS ARE ADVISED TO "GET INTO SUNLIGHT"

"It is time for the railroads to remove themselves from the mourners' bench and get into the sunlight," said President Max Phelan of the National Association of Railway Commissioners before the joint congressional committee that is investigating the railroad question.

"The railroads are in a hysteria of pessimism," continued the witness. "With earnings beyond all previous records and constantly growing larger the railroads seem to be engaged in the absurd task of trying to ruin their own credit."

Referring to the proposed plan for federal incorporation, Phelan said: "The railroads' plan brazenly provides for the issuing by the federal government of new securities equivalent to all the outstanding securities, including all the excessive fixed indebtedness and watered stock. They are apparently laying the foundation for the ultimate purchase by the federal government."

Phelan insisted state legislation did not tend to impair the credit of the railroads. The real causes for this was found in unwise railroad construction and administration, he asserted.

ADAMSON LAW CASE SET FOR HEARING JANUARY 8

The United States Supreme Court will hear arguments on the constitutionality of the Adamson law January 8. The test comes on appeal from Federal Judge Hook's decision in the Missouri, Oklahoma & Gulf railroad case at Kansas City.

The Supreme Court set aside several other important cases previously assigned for January 8 that the railroad question might be considered.

LOSS OF BUSINESS NO EXCUSE.

Chicago, December 21.—The federal circuit court of appeals has ruled that loss of business to employers is no reason why workingmen should be denied their right to picket. This right is clearly stated in the Clayton law.

The decision reverses the opinion of the Illinois federal district court which enjoined picketing at the Granite City (Ill.) plants of the American Steel Foundries. The appeal court rules:

"In the pursuit of a lawful purpose to secure a raise in wages picketing may be employed, as this court has held, to ascertain whom the late employer has persuaded or attempted to persuade to accept employment, and persuasion may be used to induce them to refuse or quit their employment."

The court makes it clear that:

"The lawfulness of picketing is not to be tested by the interference which it may cause the employer's business."

CAN PAY GIRLS LIVING WAGE.

Port Arthur, Tex., December 21.—At a mass meeting in the interest of telephone girls on strike for higher wages one of the speakers dared the company to open its books for an investigation and pledged the word of every union man in this city to the statement that if it could not be shown where the company could afford to pay not only $50 per month, but $75 per month to their operators and still make a profit of 10 per cent on their investment, which was based on the amount rendered for taxation, the union men of Port Arthur would be willing to increase the price of their phones to such an extent as would allow them to pay a living wage.

C. D. KENNY CO. ORGANIZED.

The entire sales force of the C. D. Kenny Co., coffee roasters, who conduct a chain of stores in this city, have organized. At a meeting of the Retail Clerks' Local No. 262 Monday night, held in Typographical Temple, the employes of this firm were obligated in the union, thereby making the above firm a union establishment and shows their progressiveness. When in need of anything in their line give them a call. You will receive courteous treatment and can be served by Union Clerks.

RIGHT TO QUIT ESSENTIAL.

New York, December 21.—"Take away the laboring man's right to quit work and you might just as well enslave him," said President Garretson of the Order of Railway Conductors at the Economic club's annual dinner.

President Van Hise of the University of Wisconsin recorded his usual approbation of the Canadian industrial disputes act, which prohibits strikes pending a government investigation.

Job printing offices of Beaumont, Tex., have signed the new wage agreement of Typographical Union. Graduated increases are provided for. Newspaper proprietors have also signed a satisfactory agreement.

FEDERAL EMPLOYES THRONG CONVENTION HALL AT MASS MEETING

(Continued from page 1.)

formation to a congressman even if he were asked.

Secretary Morrison appealed for better pay for the government clerks and said it could be accomplished if the legislators would increase slightly the income and inheritance tax. He admitted that the increases without extra revenue would result in a deficit of about $300,000,000 now.

Teachers' Salaries Compared.

Mr. Lampson of the Teachers' Union contrasted the average salary of the Washington teacher, around $1,800, with that of other similar and smaller cities, which ranged, as in New York, at $3,150, to Pittsburgh, $2,300. He said it appeared that Congress had more regard for school property development here than for the personnel of the teachers.

Miss Gertrude McNally spoke in behalf of the oppressed women workers at the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, who after a day's severe toil, were paid between $1 and $1.75 for their efforts. She urged women in the bureau to affiliate with organized labor, as she said she believed that through this agency better conditions could be secured.

Mr. Breen, representing Typographical Union, advised his co-workers of the government employ to persevere in their appeal to Congress and never cease urging until their appeals were satisfactorily answered.

Mr. McLarin told of the progress of the Federal Employes' Union since its recent organization, and spoke for extension through the ranks of 500,000 eligibles to membership in federal employ.

Thomas Flaherty paid glowing tribute to organized labor.

HIGHER PAY URGED FOR FEDERAL EMPLOYES AT BIG MASS MEETING

Before a mass meeting of federal employes at National Rifles' Armory Wednesday night, Representatives Richard W. Austin of Tennessee, Carl C. Van Dyke of Minnesota and Joseph Taggart of Kansas, who were among the speakers, urged the employes not to be content with the trivial increases granted by Congress and to keep fighting until the question is settled right. The good results directly attributable to organization were pointed out.

The belief was expressed that the Senate would be more lenient when consideration of the bill is in order.

"The salary of the President has been increased. And so has that of the cabinet, members of the Supreme Court, those of circuit and district judges, senators and representatives. They ought to have gone down the line," declared Representative Austin, and his statement was greeted by a storm of applause.

"They ought to hold aloft the scale and be as just to the lowly charwoman as to the President of the United States," the speaker continued. "The so-called increase is a mere delusion and a fraud and I told them so in the House, and to add insult to injury, they have postponed the time for the increase, as small as it is, for six months. We found millions to buy ships; $25,000,000 to purchase 2x4 islands in the West Indies, and $11,000,000 for an armor plate plant. But when the heart-rending appeals from the clerks reached us, we closed our eyes and our ears. There was no money."

"The only way for you to win your fight is by closing up your ranks and with a solid phalanx continue to work onward and upward," said Representative Van Dyke. "I am with you."

Representative Taggart pledged his support also in the workers' behalf.

Among the other speakers were Thomas F. Flaherty of the National Federation of Post Office Clerks; F. C. Roberts, Commissioner of Labor of Porto Rico; H. M. McLaren, president, Miss Florence Etheridge, treasurer, of the Federal Clerks' Union, and John F. Costello, Democratic National Committeeman, who acted as presiding officer. Each of the speakers dwelt on the necessity of organization.

At the conclusion of the meeting resolutions were passed in which the House was petitioned to allow the amount of increase in pay to all employes a scarried in the appropriation bill and to the District employes as contained in the District bill, and to make the increase effective immediately. The Senate was petitioned "to grant the increase provided by the House and as much more as they in their wisdom see fit, in view of the depleted condition of the Treasury, and the enormous amounts of the appropriations which will be made for purposes not nearly so necessary as the sustenance of the employes of the United States and the District of Columbia."

Peoria, Ill., December 21.—Barbers' Union has voted to close shops on Sundays, beginning the first of the year.

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

UNION OPERATOR — LOCAL No. 224 — I.A.T.S.E. — WASH. D.C. — AFFILIATED WITH CENTRAL LABOR UNION & A.F. of L.

American, 1st st. and R. . ave.n.w.
Apollo, - - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Auditorium, 13th st. and N. Y. ave.n.w.
Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Casino - - - 7th and F Sts. N. W.
Central Park, - 9th St. G & H N.W.
Chelsia Theatre, 19th and M sts. n. w.
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N. W.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Eagle Gate Theatre - Sol. Home Gate
Eastern, - - 8th St. bet. F & G S. E.
Elite Theatre, 14th and R. I. ave. n. w.
Empire. - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Fairyland, - 19th and L st. n. w.
Favorite, H St. North Capitol & First
Garden Theatre, 423 Ninth st. n. w.
Gayety Theatre, - 513 9th st. n. w
Georgia - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
Home Theater, C bet. 12th & 13th n. e.
Liberty Theatre N. Capitol & P St.
Lyric Theatre - - 14th near Park Rd.
Maryland - - - 624 9th St. N. W.
"M" Street Theatre. M St. near 32n
Maycroft Park, H St. bet. 6 7, N.E.
Meaders. - - - 8th & G Sts. S. E.
Mid City, - 7th, bet. N and O st. n. w.
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Odeon - - 14th and Church Sts. N. W.
Olympic. - U St. bet. 14 & 15. N.W.
Peerless Park, - 3105 Ga. ave. n. w.
Penn Gardens - - 21st St. & Pa. Ave.
Plaza Theatre - 434 9th st. n. w.
Pleasant Hrr. Park, 12 and C N. E.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Randolpr Park, 1st and Randolph n. w.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
R. I. Theatre, 7th and R. I. Ave. N. W
Savoy, - - - 14th and Col. Road.
Schuetzen Park, Ga. ave. and Kenyon
Standard Park, Bates, near N. Cap. St
Strand, - - - - - Ninth and D.
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N. E.
Stanton Park. - - - 219 4th N. E
Starlight Park, 4 1-2 and K st. n. w.
Surprise Theatre - Alexandria, Va.
The Strand, - - Hopewell, Va.
The Richmond, - - Alexandria, Va.
Truxton Park, N. Capitol & Fla. Ave.
Victoria Theatre, 7th & E Sts. S. W.
Virginia - - - 614 9th St. N. W.

PASTIME PARAGRAPHS

By CYCLE.

A merry time Christmas to all.

- - O - -

Water and grape juice have so far escaped the unfair list.

- - O - -

Society climbers would sacrifice everything for an inaugural ball.

- - O - -

In his peace proposal, the Kaiser has let it be known that he is willing to be forgiven.

- - O - -

When the labor papers are well supported, we may know that the millenium is here.

- - O - -

In the matter of increasing salaries, the House has emphasized the fact that charity begins at home.

- - O - -

There is mutual good feeling if the customer can give a negative reply when the barber asks if it hurts.

- - O - -

Mr. Gomper's critics are generally of the class who are more interested in a private snap than a general uplift.

- - O - -

The whole office force feels honored by the selection of Public Printer Ford as chairman of the inaugural committee on printing.

- - O - -

The Printing Office Pet.

- - O - -

There is considerable speculation as to who will be selected as Deputy Public Printer. Fortunately there is no scarcity of good material.

- - O - -

Extensive preparations are being made for the inauguration of President Wilson, all of which brings forcibly to mind a change of plans since that eventful night of November 7.

- - O - -

After all the rest have been accorded full credit for contributing to the election of Mr. Wilson, the whole matter naturally reverts back to the original proposition, that Mr. Wilson very largely helped himself.

- - O - -

It is reported that Mr. Rockefeller recently gave half a million dollars to the Young Women's Christian Association. Naturally enough the menfolks immediately began to wonder what effect that might have on the price of gasoline.

An increased membership has made it possible for New Britain (Conn.) Typographical Union No. 679 to raise wages $1 a week without resorting to strike.

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

J. G. O'DONNELL, President, 122 Sixth St. N. E.
M. J. Deery, Vice-President, 2407 Girard St. N. E.
THOS. W. WOLTZ, Recording Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
G. H. F. DAVIS, Treasurer, 439 Second St.S. E.
W. I. STRATTON, Conductor, 617 Sixth St. N. W.
A. F. MOIRSETTE, Warden, 425 G St. N. W
GEO. MYERS, Business Agent, 425 G St. N. W.

TRUSTEES.

F. J. NOLTE, 24 Eighth Street N. E.
MARK REILEY, 1127 B St. S. E.
A. P. TAYLOR, 622 I Street N. E.

DELEGATES TO THE DISTRICT COUNCIL.

R. H. BURDETTE, 1207 L Street N. W.
C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
E. B. BYRNE, 425 G Street N. W.
ROBERT REICHARD, 1720 35th Street N. W.
J. H. RYAN, 1101 Eleventh Street S. E.

DELEGATES TO THE CENTRAL LABOR UNION.

C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
R. H. BURDETTE, 816 K Street N. W.
W. S. HOLLOHAN, 814 Seventh Street N. E
C. A. SAUNDERS, 244 9th St. S. E.
LOUIS LUEBKERT, 1314 Kerney St. N. E.

RELIEF COMMITTEE.

THOS. P. O'DEA, 1149 4th St. N. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
H. M. BEVILL, Brentwood, Md.
J. T. CLIFT, 4115 Seventh Street N. W.
M.A. FOLEY, 118 Seaton Street N. E.

MILL COMMITTEE.

F. E. KETTNER, 3016 Cambridge St. N. W
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
O. A. CARTER, Rosslyn, Va.

DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

G. H. F. DAVIS, 439 Second Street S. E.

LIST OF LIQUOR DEALERS WHO HAVE SIGNED "THE AGREEMENT."

Allen, Paul.....2 N st. n| e.
Allen, John J...807 N. C. Cap st. n. e.
Beirkle, Leopold, - 1245 H st. n. e.
Boyle, William J., 601 Mass. ave n. w.
Castelli, Vincent, 502-504 Ninth st.n.w.
Clark, C. H.....510 9th st. n. w
Colonial Beach Boat Co.
Costello, Bros.....604 G st. n. w.
Crowley, James J.....702 E st. n. w.
Daly, T. J.....34 H st. n. e.
Daye, Wm. T.....1218 Wisc. ave.
Doyle, Wm. T....1314 Wisc. ave. n. w
Duffy, James A. -901 1-2 E st. n. w.
Wm. R. Fosbender, 406 Ninth st. n w.
Franey, F. A.....711½ 9th st. n. w.
Frank, Mrs. M. E. - 319 G st. n. w.
Ganey, M.....615 7th st. s. w.
Glavin, Edwin.....309 G st. n. w.
Hannan, Mrs. E.....531 7th st. s. w.
Hanlon, Timothy.....822 H st. n. e.
Kelliher, J. D.....1258 7th st. s. w.
Killeen, John F.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Louis Hodges, - - 407 9th st n. w.
Lynagh, Peter J.....523 7th st. s. w.
Lynch, John.....417 9th st. n. w.
McCarthy, F. J.....910 4½ st. s. w.
McCarthy, Jas. J.....1402 H st. n. e.
McDonald, F. J.....643 Pa. ave. s. e.
McGinniss, H. J., 1001 N. Y. ave. n. w.
McGuire, J. Chas., 519 Ninth st. n. w
McHough, Martin....1105 H st. n. e.
Milton Schmidt, - 702 7th st. n. w.
O'Connor, D. J.....100 G st. n. w.
O'Connor, Patrick F., 617 D st. n. w.
O'Connor, James.....1429 N. Cap. st.
O'Day, John T. - 921 Ninth st. n. w.
O'Donnell, James J...333 Pa. ave. s. e.
Peter White, - - - 905 D st. n. w.
Raftery, Thomas.....406 H st. n. e.
Raftery, Patrick.....225 11th st. n. e
Roland, J. H.....511 9th st. n. w.
Scanlon, Daniel,.....103 H st. n. w.
Schroter, Conrad....3258 M st. n. w
Schltz, Mary T.....607 G st. n. w
Sheehan, John J., 701 North Cap. st.
Solon, Mary A., - 1003 7th st. e.
Stern, M. M.....601 7th st. n. w
Stanton, Frank J.....1314 Wisc. ave
Sullivan, David, 12th and E st. n. w.
Sullivan, John J., 1351 35th st. n. w.
The Casino, Frank Farenkamp (Chesapeake Beach).
Victor Buffet Co., Inc., 7th and G n. w.
Walsh, David, - - 407 10th st. n. w
Wassman, Henry, 705 Seventh st. n. w.
Wjedeman, Joseph....629 E st. n. w.
William J. O'Leary, 733 North Cap. st.
Wininger, Harry 631 Pa. ave. s. e
Wolf, Frank, - 512 12th st. n. w.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
Meets Every Monday Night
Typographica Temple
423-425 G St. N. W.
Secretary s Address: 1325 E. Capitol St.
Telephone: Lincoln 3955

OFFICERS

N. A. JAMES ..... President
HUGH DIGNEY ..... Vice-President
JOHN B. COLPOYS, Secretary, 1325 E. Capitol St.
JOSEPH E. TOONE ..... Financial Secretary
WM. H. SCHAEFER ..... Treasurer
JOSEPH C. CLARK ..... Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES: Wm. Zell, Mary Ganzhorn, J. L. Considine

COMMITTEES

Executive—Hugh Digney (chairman), N. A. James, John B. Colpoys, J. E. Toone, W. N. Huttel, John R. Hartley.
Legislative—Robert Jones (chairman), John H. Lorch, N. P. Alifas, H. R. Alcorn, E. W. Oyster.
Adjustment—W. N. Huttel (chairman), Jere McCarthy, J. A. McDonald, Ben Spellbring, John G. Schmidt.
Contract—John R. Hartley (chairman), W. H. Schaefer, Hubert Newsom, C. H. Adams, A. J. Ginnelly.
Laws—Dan Hassett (chairman), J. H. Wells, D. J. O'Leary.
Resolutions—J. L. Considine (chairman), Zep S. Pollock, A. J. Kimmell.
Organization—J. E. Toone (chairman), Mary Burkhead, Henry Miller, J. H. Wilson, H. A. Ranier.
Auditing—Mary Ganzhorn (chairman), Marguerite Stewart, E. Wood.
Credentials—M. J. Costella (chairman), J. H. Swain, S. T. Ford.
Lable—E. T. Good.
Press—John B. Colpoys (chairman, N. A. Sprague, B. O'Leary.
Delegates to Baltimore—J. E. Toone (chairman) J. M. Foster, William Zell.
Delegates to Alexandria—H. F. Oehler (chairman). Chas. Allison, L. A. Sterne.

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, F. S. Radman, 134 7th Street N.E.

Bakery Salemen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 997 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secre- Wednesdays of each month at Moose Hall, tary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sunday in each month, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N. W.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Tempie, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. F. Miller, 19 Quincy Place northwest.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets first and third Sunday of the month at the Secretary, T. Guiffre, 908 Pennsylvania ave- Moose Hall, Seventh and G Street Northwest. nue northwest.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 48: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E street southeast.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G Street N. W.

Brotherhood of Railway Carmen of America, Local Union No. 313: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Streets N. E. Secretary, H. A. Chambers, 2113 4th N. E. Meeting nights first and third Tuesdays.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles' Hall. Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 520 Rhode Island Ave. N. E.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhau, 737 10th St. s. e.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wassaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Twelfth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3800 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Paperhangers Hall, 430 Ninth Street N. W., second and fourth Thursdays of the month. Secretary, Edw. B. Finch, 33 P Street N. E.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets every Friday, at 8:00 p.m. Hall, S. E. Cor. Tenth and Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, Jas. P. Lahey, 816 5th street northeast.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and B Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hisle, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Watchmen's Union No. 14964: Secretary, Jas. H. Reed, Cor. Sec., 1228 B street southwest.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, John T. Bowers, Twentieth and Twenty-first and L and M streets northwest.

International Brotherhood of Teamsters, Chauffeurs, Stablemen and Helpers of America, Local Union No. 115: Meets the first and third Saturday night of each month, G. A. R. Building, 1412 Pa. ave. Secretary-Treasurer, Kirke C. Sipher, 26 P st. n. e.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Avenue S. E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 Twelfth St. N. E.

Laundry Workers, Local No. 110: Meets first Friday in each month at Winslow's Hall, 12 and R streets northwest. Secretary, Moten Jefferson, 550 Twenty-fourth street northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, W. N. Huttel, 1430 A St. N. E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday at 1204 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, E. H. Fulton, 1120 E St. S. E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 6: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. F. McDonnell.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third 2665. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Bus. Agt.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month. 922 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Phone Main 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets second Sunday and fourth Friday in each month. Secretary, Albert Bridges 210 L st. s. e.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 420: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m. Secretary, J. A. Whitecar, 2209 Minnesota Ave. S. E.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas. B. Cameron, Bethesda, Md.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Robt. J. Barrett, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month. Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 820 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressmen, No. 1: Meets fourth Monday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custodian and Janitor, 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, W. P. Cannon, 408 Twelfth St. S. E.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe. 326 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. F. Hickman, 518 Sixth St. N. W.

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadsb Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Mrs. H. B. Tritipoe, 1737 Willard street N. W., Apt. 20.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10.30 a. m. and 3.30 p. m. Secretary, G. W. Calderhead, Room 412 Wash. Loan and Trust Building.

The High School Teachers' Union of Washington, D. C., No. 8: Meets in the Music Room of the New Central High School at 3.30 p. m. the second Tuesday in the months of October, December, February, and May. Secretary, G. J. Jones, Central High School.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle, 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 750 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Friday, Typographical Temple. Secretary, L. Gantt, 67-A Bates Street.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 903-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: International Secretary-Treasurer, Jas. E. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G St. N. W. Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth St. N. W.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.

Clothes, Hats and Shoes

The Bieber-Kaufman Co.
901-909 Eighth St. S. E.
Down by the Navy Yard
Washington, D. C.

BUTLER'S RHEUMATIC and GOUT REMEDY.
A KIDNEY AND HEART TONIC
Manufactured Since 1872 By
BUTLER & FIELD
Third and Indiana Ave. N. W.
Price 50c a bottle. 6 for $2.50
For Sale By Druggists.

LANSBURGH & BRO.
"DRY GOODS ONLY"
The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City
420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1 Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.

M. J. DUNNIGAN, President.....2007 14 Street N.W.
JOHN G. WOLFE, Vice-President. 1023 N. J. Ave. N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary. .418 F Street N. E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary. .835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W.

TRUSTEES

Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E.
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E.
Thos. L. Nevins.....504 Maine Avenue S. W.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe.....1023 N. J. Ave. N. W
J. McElfresh.....
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E.
A. Tenley.....964 Florida Ave. N. W.
M. Sullivan.....5631-2 15 St. S. E.

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.

Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ARBITRATION COMMITTEE.

M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W.
M. A. Wolfe.....418 F St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. E.
Joseph Harding.....210 13 St. S. W.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....2006 2nd St. N. W
R. Pumphrey.....223 Q St. N. W.
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W.
Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. W.

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Cap
M. J. McNulty.....467 L St. S

DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.

John Wolfe.....1023 N. J Avenue N. W.
William Pollard.....522 14 St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
Fred Negus.....30 L St. N W

The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I. P. E. U.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXI. NO. 27 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, DECEMBER 29, 1916. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

SENATOR BORAH AGAINST ANY "CAN'T STRIKE" LAW

In a statement made public recently United States Senator Borah records his opposition to all forms of "can't-strike" legislation:

"I do not see just how those who are advocating the Canadian arbitration law for this country, or any law for effective compulsory investigation and arbitration, are going to get by certain well established legal principles," he says.

"There seems to be an impression that the whole thing is made easy because we are to deal with a body of men and not a single individual. In other words it is supposed, apparently, that while you cannot compel an individual to work or to punish him because he quits work that you can compel a body of men acting collectively or as a union to work or punish them because they agree to quit work. To say that the concerted action of powerful bodies of men shall not be permitted to stop the industrial process of the nation does not meet the situation at all. It is true, however, that powerful bodies of men acting together may quit work and may decline to accept employment and if their quitting work has the effect of stopping the operation of trains it is nevertheless their right to quit.

"A man's constitutional right, either individually or collectively, cannot be measured by the amount of injury which the exercise of his constitutional right may do to society.

"In my judgment employes have a right either singly or collectively to quit work because they are dissatisfied with their wages or for any other reason which has to do with their welfare as to sanitary conditions, etc., as workingmen. It is just as much an invasion of a man's personal liberty and just as much in contravention of his constitutional right to compel him to remain in the service of another when he is a member or acting with his union as it would be to compel him to do so if he were acting individually.

"It has been decided a number of times, and in one instance by no less an authority than Justice Harlan, late associate justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, that a labor union has a right to confer with reference to their wages and to determine as a matter of fact whether they are satisfied, and if not satisfied as a result of their conference to quit work. I am speaking now, of course, of the rights as between the employer and the employe, omitting entirely the question of interference with some one else operating the train. But as between the employer and the employe, the employe has a right either singly or collectively to quit work, in my judgment, and under the constitution of the United States he cannot be deprived of that right simply because he acts collectively. Whatever one party may do alone he may do in combination with others provided they have no unlawful object in view, but the right to quit on account of unsatisfactory wages can never be made unlawful.

"If you can prevent men from acting collectively and as a union in regard to their wages, to their sanitary conditions and to questions of health, surroundings and such things, then you have, of course, destroyed collective bargaining absolutely and have found a way by which to inhibit collective action upon the part of labor and it would be the beginning of the end of union labor.

"Collective bargaining and collective action both upon the part of capital and labor are in accordance with the spirit and principle of the age, and some other way will be found to adjust these matters than that of taking a backward step and destroying collective bargaining and collective action so long as the action is for lawful purposes.

"I have never believed that compulsory arbitration was either practicable or legal under present provisions of our constitutions, both state and national."

UNION OPPONENTS DEVOID OF REASON

San Francisco, December 28.—In their opposition to the non-union shop campaign of the chamber of commerce, local trade unionists are taking full advantage of recent "breaks" by these business men, who seem to have lost all judgment and reason in their frenzy for the misnamed "open shop."

Organized workers employed in the erection of a hospital struck to enforce a state law that requires planks on the various floors of the building to protect life and limb. A city ordinance makes the same provision.

City officials arranged a conference with the interested parties and the prospects for the contractors agreeing to obey the law seemed bright until the "law and order" committee of the chamber of commerce induced the contractors to employ non-unionists and fight the strikers, who were only demanding that the law be enforced. The chamber of commerce furnished armed gunmen to guard the strike-breakers.

As the hospital addition is intended for tubercular patients who are now occupying wooden shacks, Mayor Rolph took matters in his own hands. First he chased the armed thugs off the premises, then cancelled the contract with the law-defying contractors and ordered the municipal board of public works to finish the building.

Another illustration of "law and order" lunacy that possesses certain business men of this city was shown in the case of a building being erected for the University of California. The supervising architect discovered that the plasterers were not performing their work according to specifications. These plasterers are non-union and were surrounded by gunmen furnished by the "law and order" committee. University officials cancelled the plastering contract and ordered the outfit off the grounds. The gang refused to quit, and in this they were upheld by the "law and order" committee. A squad of police arrested the non-unionists on the charge of disturbing the peace.

48-HOUR WEEK IN BOSTON.

Boston, December 28.—Beginning the first of the year the forty-eight-hour work week will be the rule for members of the Garment Workers' Unions in this city. Secretary Sidlofsky of Local Union No. 1 writes:

"Last June some of the seceders, by false promises, got some of the tailors out on strike with a demand for forty-eight hours and a 10 per cent increase in wages, and after a few weeks they sent them back on the same terms as they had when they struck, and it was left to the United Garment Workers' Union to again start the ball rolling for a reduction in hours.

"The day is near at hand when an accounting will be made and the lies and fakes of false prophets will be fully exposed, and the tailors will demand results, not promises; sense instead of sound, and reason instead of treason."

STREET CAR MEN ADVANCE.

Charleston, S. C., December 28.—Street Car Men's Union has signed a new agreement with the Consolidated Railway and Lighting Company as the result of an arbitration award, which provides for the following wage scale:

Extra men, 19 cents per hour, when first assigned to regular run, 21 cents; two-year men, 23 cents; three-year men, 24 cents and four-year men and over, 25 cents. This is an increase of 1 cent an hour for all the men except three-year men, who will receive an increase of 2 cents.

PAINTERS VOTING TODAY.

Painters' Local Union No. 368 today will cast ballot for recording secretary, financial secretary, treasurer and one trustee. Polls will be open at 6 o'clock.

POPULAR SELECTIONS MADE BY PUBLIC PRINTER FORD

Capt. Daniel V. Chisholm, to be deputy public printer, and T. Frank Morgan, to be superintendent of work, were two appointments made by Public Printer Ford this week. Both of these selections haye met with approval by the employes of the big printing office.

Mr. Chisholm as superintendent of work and Mr. Morgan as foreman of printing made creditable records for themselves, and the promotion may be considered a just reward.

Mr. Chisholm is commander-in-chief of the Spanish War Veterans, and is much esteemed by his fellow workers. Mr. Morgan, likewise, is well liked by his subordinates and others.

TEACHER'S SALARY IS $525, SAYS BUREAU OF EDUCATION

The average salary of all teachers in this country is $525 a year reports the bureau of education, Department of the Interior. There are 706,000 teachers in the United States, 169,000 men and 537,000 women. Salaries in the east and North Atlantic states are highest, with $699 and $696, respectively, and lowest in the South Atlantic states ($329), and varies from $234 in Mississippi to $871 in California and $941 in New York.

There are 23,500,000 persons attending schools of some kind in the United States. "This means," says the report, "that approximately 24 per cent of the inhabitants of the United States are attending school, as compared with 19 per cent in Great Britain, 17 per cent in France, 20 per cent in Germany and a little over 4 per cent in Russia." The bureau points out, however, that the result is much less favorable to the United States if daily attendance, rather than enrollment, is taken as the basis for comparison, since some of the other nations have better attendance and a longer school term than the United States.

Discussing educational movements of the year, the report says:

"There seems to be a clearer vision as to the essential aims of education. Educational surveys have multiplied to a remarkable extent; almost no field has been left untouched, and the latest findings in scientific measurements are being utilized in survey work. The health movement in education has experienced a notable stimulus from the preparedness situation and the demand for military training.

"Rural education has more and more enlisted the interest of the general public outside of professional circles and has clearly become a problem of administration and financing, rather than promotion. Vocational education is advancing slowly, but steadily, in a way that seems to afford the best possible guaranty of permanence."

MILK DRIVER'S LIFE IS SHORT.

New York, December 28.—Three or four years is the life of a New York milk driver, testified Loton Horton, head of the Sheffield Farms-Slawson Decker company before a commission that is investigating the milk question.

The witness said milk drivers are the modern martyrs of industrial life, going up and down 320 to 450 flights of stairs a day. They wear out in three or four years, become flatfooted and their lungs and hearts grow weak.

"We are getting about the last drop of blood in our men for every quart they serve," he said.

MINE EXPLOSION KILLS 27.

Twenty-seven miners were killed and seven injured in an explosion in the Reedy & Ryan coal mine, near Pittsburg, Kan. With one exception, this is the greatest loss of life in the history of Kansas coal mining. Forty men were killed in 1889 in a mine explosion at Frontenac.

SEMI-ANNUAL ELECTION OF C. L. U. OFFICERS JANUARY 8

Semi-annual election of officers of the Washington Central Labor Union will take place at their next meeting, January 8, there being no meeting of that body next Monday night.

FOURTEEN-MONTHS' STRIKE ENDED BY COMPROMISE

Wilkes-Barre, Pa., December 28.—Street Car Men's Union No. 164 has compromised its strike which started October 14, 1915. Under the agreement 190 strikers return to work immediately and sixty are placed on the waiting list. The company promises to reinstate the remainder of the 320 just as fast as possible. Beginning January 1 first-year men will be paid 24 cents an hour, second-year men, 26½ cents an hour, and third-year men, 28 cents an hour.

This strike was the culmination of a series of efforts to raise wages. A previous strike, started in April of last year, resulted in both sides agreeing to arbitrate. In a majority award the board recommended a sliding scale. The men's representative contended that his colleagues exceeded their authority and refused to sign the award. Later, the neutral member of the board accepted this viewpoint and asked the company to reopen the case. This was refused and the men suspended work October 14, 1915.

The strike was hotly contested and was marked by much bitterness. State troops, known as "Cossacks," were in Wilkes-Barre and repeatedly clubbed strikers and sympathizers, and suits calling for $200,000 damages were filed against the unionists because of picketing and alleged violation of contract. The company employed hundreds of special guards and private detectives and the losses to all parties concerned mount into the millions.

The strikers were given loyal support by this community and despite a fair service by the company, aided by its hundreds of strikebreakers, practically every one in Luzerne county patronized the jitneys.

BOYCOTTED; WANTS $25,000.

Hartford, Conn., December 28.—While boycotting has been given a semblance of "respectability" of late, because of the high cost of eggs, it is still illegal—when favored by trade unionists.

At least that is the opinion of the Cohn & Roth Electric Company, which has sued the building trades unions of this city for $25,000 damages. The company says the boycott has lost them contracts and former customers.

The company would also appreciate an injunction commanding the unionists not to interfere with its business.

$85 A MONTH IS NEEDED.

Chicago, December 28.—If the income of a family of five is less than $3 a day outside assistance is necessary, says Miss Florence Nesbitt, a probation officer and supervisor of the Cook county pension fund for needy mothers.

Miss Nesbitt believes the following estimate, which she has prepared, offers the bare necessities of life for such a family for one month:

Rent, $12; food, $31.50; fuel and lighting, $6; household expenses, $3; clothing, $14; car fare, $2.50; insurance, $3; health expenses, $4; education, $2; recreation, $3; incidentals, $4; total, $85.

JAMES W. CONSIDINE DEAD.

Organized labor has lost, in the death of James W. Considine, one of its most loyal supporters and workers. During his life he held many positions of honor and trust, for years being treasurer of the Central Labor Union, and prominent in affairs of the Sheet Metal Workers' Union.

URGE LEAVE OF ABSENCE FOR D. C. PER DIEM EMPLOYES

At a meeting of District branch, Federal Employes' Union, Wednesday night, resolutions were adopted urging that provision be made for leave of absence for per diem employes of the District government. It is requested that per diem employes regularly employed for more than one year be granted fifteen days annual leave, with pay for all national holidays, and that field men both on the annual and per diem basis be granted half holidays during the summer months.

E. M. Dawson, jr., was appointed delegate to Central Labor Union.

WALL STREET DICTATES POLICY OF RAILROADS

Columbus, Ohio, December 28.—Financial interests dictate the legal policy of railroads and managers have lost all authority to interpret or apply the Adamson eight-hour law, writes President Carter of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen, in the December issue of that organization's official magazine.

President Carter recounts the incidents connected with the recent New York meeting of brotherhood executives and managers when the former urged the railroads to have all litigation suspended and injunction suits withdrawn so that both sides could agree upon an interpretation of the law. This the managers declined. They said the matter was in the hands of their legal department. Prior to this meeting and before the recent election, the brotherhood executives asked for a similar conference.

"But the managers' committee declined the request," says President Carter, "until after it was known which of the candidates for president of the United States had been elected.

"The defeated presidential candidate placed two interpretations upon the law, one of which was diametrically opposite to the other. When he had business men for an audience he protested, as though he honestly believed it, that it was not an eight-hour law but a law that arbitrarily 'increased the wages of certain employes 25 per cent.'

"But when addressing working people, or when delivering an address to be printed and circulated among working people, this same defeated presidential candidate denounced this same law because it was a 'gold brick.'

"When an ex-justice of the Supreme Court had one opinion for the master class and another for the working class, it should surprise no one that even after 'campaign talk' had ceased there should yet be disputes as to the meaning of the Adamson law."

CANADIAN KEY MEN WIN.

Chicago, December 28.—The Commercial Telegraphers' Union official journal reports that after two months of negotiation the committee representing telegraphers employed by the day section of the Canadian Press, Ontario and Quebec section, has accepted an increase of $3 per week in their minimum scale. Overtime at the rate of 60 cents an hour for the first hour, with time and one-half thereafter and a scale of $1 per hour for all Sunday extra. The increase to date from November 1, 1916.

The success of these workers was only made possible by means of a thorough organization.

GOLD BEATERS' RECOGNIZED.

New York, December 28.—For the first time the Gold Beaters' Unions of New York, Boston, Philadelphia and Chicago are recognized in a signed agreement by the United States Gold Leaf Manufacturers' Association. Wages are raised for week workers from $20 to $23; for "beating work," per book, from 7½ to 9½ cents and cutters will receive 3½ cents per book.

It is agreed that a conference shall be held before any changes can be made in the above rates.

FEDERAL EMPLOYES VOTED HIGHER RATES

The House, in committee of the whole, accepted the report of a committee to increase the wages of employes in the legislative, judicial and executive departments 5 and 10 per cent. This affects about 40,000 employes or one-tenth of the total employed by the government.

Plans, however, for the waging of an even harder campaign when Congress meets to have the Senate amend the increases, so that the bill will grant increases of 10 and 20 per cent, were laid Wednesday night by representatives of the three unions in this city to be affected by the increase, in executive session in the A. F. of L. building.

Members of the conference also attended a hearing Wednesday before the Indian Affairs Committee relative to a wage increase for employes of this department.

The representatives at the conference Wednesday night were John N. Breen, Columbia Typographical Union, chairman; Gertrude McNally, representing women employes of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing; T. C. Parsons, Columbia Typographical Union; Thomas F. Flaherty, postoffice employes; N. F. Alifas, Machinists' Union; H. M. McLarin, Federal Employes' Union; W. J. Wallis, High School Teachers' Union, and J. H. Hurley, District Branch of Federal Employes.

POLITICAL "PULLS" DECIDES WAGE RATES

Denver, December 28.—The Mailers' Union, whose members are employed on newspapers in this city, has been denied a wage increase by the state industrial commission, which is charged with being susceptible to political "pulls" by the Labor Bulletin.

A Colorado law, passed by the last legislature, makes it illegal for workers in any industry to strike before the state industrial commission investigates the question and makes a decision. The mailers presented their demands to the commission nearly eighteen months ago and during all this period hearings have been held and other time-consuming jockeying indulged in. Now the commission notifies the mailers that the high cost of printpaper and other material "present a serious hardship to the newspapers," and a demand that would involve about $50 a week is denied.

While the law authorizes and empowers the commission to investigate the books of any employer who says that his business does not justify a wage increase, the commission did not do so in this case. In defense of its failure to ascertain the actual financial resources of the newspapers, the commission pleads that it has no money to employ expert accountants.

The Denver Labor Bulletin makes this blistering comment on Colorado's "can't-strike" law:

"So far as the Colorado industrial commission is concerned, it is very evident that any employe of a daily newspaper in this state, particularly of a paper with political influence, has little hope of ever securing an increase of wages so long as it can be determined by a commission."

GETS $32,000 FOR AN ARM.

White Plains, N. Y., December 28.—A jury in the supreme court awarded $32,000 damages to Adam H. Roeder of Mt. Vernon, against the Erie and the New Jersey & New York railroads for the loss of his left arm while working as a brakeman for the latter railroad. Roeder sued both corporations for $50,000 damages. The verdict is a record one for Westchester county for the loss of an arm.

During the first nine months of the current year 333 men were killed and 6,958 other workers were disabled for periods greater than fourteen days in the anthracite mines of Pennsylvania.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF LABEL TRADES UNION COUNCIL WASHINGTON — FAIR DEALING

WASHNGTON, D. C., DECEMBER 29, 1916.

A BRIGHT AND PROSPEROUS NEW YEAR TO ALL.

Monday starts the new year, and it is the sincere wish of The Trades Unionist that 1917 will be bright and prosperous for all. Much was done to help organized labor during the past year, but there is lots more yet to be done. Let us resolve, each and every one, to do our share in this good work and aid wherever possible. Read the labor press; keep posted on the doings of the labor world. And remember to patronize those merchants whose advertisements appear in this paper. They are your friends and contribute to your aid, and are worthy of your patronage. And it is up to you to show your appreciation of their friendship.

True, Christmas is over, but many of us still feel its effects.

Many New Year resolutions are kept, but the unkept ones are "too numerous to mention."

It is a funny thing that when you want to jack a man up you usually have to call him down.

It is sometimes more difficult to prove that you are right than it is to prove the other chap wrong.

Philadelphia scientists have discovered an ancient tablet of Noah's flood. Evidently the news was delayed in transit.

The scrap of paper which netted the famous millionaire a small fortune was worth many times its weight in gold.

Chairmen of the various inaugural committees are very popular these days—if you wonder why, just ask one of them.

When two men dispute you may be sure there is a fool upon one side or the other, and the man that interferes the biggest fool.

What great good has this inefficient world accomplished with all the time it gained by sending picture post cards instead of writing letters?

Charges against the man higher up remind us that there never was the best of feeling between the hod carrier and the bricklayer, anyhow.

The poor are seriously sick three times as often as the well-to-do; sickness among the working people causes an annual wage loss of $3,000,000.

Undoubtedly many mistakes are made by those who do something. But the greatest mistake is that made by doing nothing. Do something, even if it's only to criticise those who do something.

A large consignment of false teeth addressed to Germany and composed of materials needed there, has been returned to America. The Britons must have suspected that the Teutons didn't want those teeth primarily to chew with.

THE WORKERS' RESPONSIBILITY.

Those nations that have not been drawn into the European horror can only vaguely imagine the stupendous destruction and waste, the well-nigh inconceivable pain and suffering, says the American Federationist. The world of peace and arts has been transformed into a world of slaughter and strife. Armies of millions face armies of equal strength, seeking for an advantage to take the lives of fellow beings. Millions have already given their lives in this war; probably many more will go out in the grim clash of battle or be lost in the depths of the sea.

Those who have gone to the great beyond leave upon the living this mission and responsibility—to see to it that it shall never happen again. If out of the war horror there shall come greater reverence for life and human welfare, together with an opportunity for the people to rule, the war will not have been in vain or altogether hateful. But that achievement must depend altogether upon the intelligent assertiveness of the people.

Those primarily interested in establishing democracy everywhere are the working people who constitute so large a part of the population of every country, and who have not yet secured representation in international relations, aye or even in their own national government; who have inadequate representation for their interests and ideals.

The workers have a close earth grip; they deal with concrete problems and primary interests; they live in the daily struggle for existence, not above it. Consequently their viewpoint is very different from that of professional diplomats and politicians who govern the majority if not all of the countries. John Galsworthy describes the probable effect of democratizing international relations thus:

"If proof be needed that the prevalence of democracy will end aggression among nations that belong to the same stage of development, secure the rights of small peoples, foster justice and humaneness in man—let the history of this last century and a half be well and not superficially examined, and let the human probabilities be weighed. Which is the more likely to advocate wars of aggression? They who by age, position, wealth, are secure against the daily pressure of life, they who have passed their time out of touch with the struggle for existence, in an atmosphere of dreams, ambitions, and power over other men? Or they who every hour are reminded how hard life is, even at its most prosperous moments, or who have nothing to gain by war, and all, even life, to lose; who by virtue of their own struggles have a deep knowledge of the struggles of their fellow-creatures; an instinctive repugnance to making those struggles harder; who have heard little and dreamed less of those so-called 'national interests,' that are so often mere chimeras; who love, no doubt, in their inarticulate way, the country where they were born and the modes of life and thought to which they are accustomed, but know of no traditional and artificial reasons why the men of other countries should not be allowed to love their own lands and modes of thought and life in equal peace and security?"

It is because democracy and principles of human welfare will only come through the efforts of the workers that the American labor movement has manifested such deep concern that the workers of all countries shall have a voice in determining treaties at the close of the war. The spirit and the provisions of the peace treaties will have an incalculable influence upon the nature and the degree of world progress for years to come.

It is useless to expect treaty provisions which place human interests paramount, unless an element that has reverence for human welfare is injected into the peace council. Conventional diplomats have ever forgotten the masses who fought the war and have formulated treaties for the benefit of those who profit from exploitation.

After the American Federation of Labor's first proposition was formally rejected by the British trade union movement and had been declared impracticable by the leader of the German labor movement, it was necessarily abandoned. But it is unthinkable that the world's workers shall fail to take advantage of so great an opportunity. The Executive Council therefore submitted to the Baltimore convention: That the labor movements of all countries that shall participate in the World Peace Congress to determine terms and conditions of peace at the close of this terrible war, urge upon their respective governments to accord representation to wage-earners in the delegation representing their respective countries.

Such a provision would democratize the Peace Congress and would give the masses direct representation for their rights, needs, interests and safety. The workers have a right to direct representation in all matters that concern their welfare and lives. The viewpoint of the workers is different from that of those who live above the life struggle—it is simple, virile, and does not lack in breadth or idealism.

No incident of modern times is more hope-filled than the intelligent alertness of the labor movements of the United States and Mexico toward international relations that threatened war. The workers upon whom the brunt of the probable war would have fallen wanted to know why war was necessary. The representatives met to talk over conditions in order to give the workers of both nations the facts. The force of honest, informed public opinion banished the shadow of war.

If the workers of all countries join hands in the spirit of true fraternity, they can solve their common problems and give strength to each other for the solution of problems in their own respective countries.

Upon the workers of all countries devolves the responsibility to see to it that fellow-workers do not fight this war in vain—that democracy and internationalism shall consecrate the blood-stained battle fields to humanity.

BETTER HOUSING URGED.

Real estate exploitation of and speculation in the homes of workingmen must give way to a field of legitimate manufacture before the great change in housing condition in this country will come, Dr. John Nolan of Cambridge, Mass., told the American Civic Association at its meeting in this city:

"Housing is a big business," said Dr. Nolan, "and should be treated as such. More than $2,000,000,000 a year is spent in the United States for dwellings and a large percentage of them are poorly conceived for their purposes. Fully 80 per cent of them are of wood. Usually in such buildings there is excess of depreciation and a fearful risk of fire."

The usual house of four or five rooms, he stated, cannot be provided in the United States for less than about $1,900. A house of that sum cannot be offered, on the basis of an economic rent, for less than $15 a month. More than half of all workingmen receive less than $15 a week. Either the cost of the house must be lowered, he stated, or else wages must be raised.

U. S. DOESN'T GUARANTEE FOOD

Officials of the federal Department of Agriculture note a rapid disappearance of this familiar formula on food and drug labels: "Guaranteed by the manufacturer, under the food and drugs act, June 30, 1906, serial no.—"

The guaranty has been forbidden on labels by the government. The object is to avoid creating the popular impression that the government analyzes and guarantees the contents. Printing the guaranty on the invoice transfers responsibility from the dealer to the manufacturer.

URGE INCREASES FOR JACKIES.

Secretary of the Navy Daniels told the House Naval Committee that the wages of every enlisted man in the navy should be increased $5 a month. This would add $3,000,000 a year to the pay roll.

BAD TEETH IMPAIR HEALTH.

Out of 330,179 school children examined in the city of New York in 1914, 194,207, or 58.8 per cent, suffered from defective teeth. This exceeded the sum total of all the other defects noted by nearly 80,000. Defective teeth impair general health and impede school progress. Disorders of the digestive tract, tuberculosis and various other diseases frequently are preceded by diseased conditions in the mouth. There is a direct relationship between dental development and mental development, and it is absolutely essential to good work in schools that children's teeth be maintained in a healthy condition. The public health service recommends that a good toothbrush be included in the list of those things necessary for every American child and that its use be made a part of the daily training. If this recommendation is carried out the United States will have more healthy children this year than last and their chances of growing up into useful, healthy men and women will be increased.

SHORT HOURS LESSENS CRIME.

That long hours of work tend to increase immortality and shorter hours to decrease crime and intemperance was the opinion expressed by Raymond T. Bye at a conference of churchmen in Philadelphia recently.

"There are some people," he said, "who are impelled to work to express the creative spirit within them; painters and sculptors are of this type; but many toil not to express the creative instinct, but in order to live."

He then portrayed briefly the conditions under which they labor—the nervous strain which accompanies the fast work to keep up speed to maximum set; the bad air, the dust of textile factories, the damp atmosphere of laundries, the poison in paint factories and the piecework.

Long hours, he claimed, cause accidents, because of the overtired operators becoming careless.

ESTABLISHED 1865 — 51 YEARS IN BUSINESS

CHRISTIAN XANDER'S

Ampelos Punch

For Your New Year's Reception. 65c a Full Quart

909 7th Street, Northwest. No Branch Houses. Phone M. 274

MEATS — GROCERIES — FISH

Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the

OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.

930 La. Ave. N. W. — 1111 H Street N. E.
8th & E Sts. S. E. — 1632 N. Capitol Street
31st & M Sts. N. W. — 3418-20 Ga. Ave. N. W.
7th & Q Sts. N. W. — 14th & U Streets N. W.
1778 U Street, N.W. — 7th and B Streets N. E.
7th & H Street N. E. — 3113 14th Street, N. W.
726 7th St. N. W. — 1440 P St. N. W.
2002-2004 Ga. Ave. N. W.

POULTRY — BREAD — PRODUCE

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF THE UNITED BREWERY WORKMEN OF AMERICA

Union MADE Beer — Ale AND Porter

COPYRIGHT & TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1903

THIS IS OUR LABEL.

VOTE

Against Prohibition

DEMAND

Personal Liberty

IN CHOOSING WHAT YOU WILL DRINK

ASK FOR THIS LABEL WHEN PURCHASING BEER, ALE OR PORTER.

As A Guarantee That It Is Union Made.

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK

Northwest Corner FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST

LOOK FOR THE CLOCKS

4 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts

COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

PENN GARDENS — 21ST AND Penn Ave — ALWAYS WORTH WHILE

IS FAIR TO

UNION LABOR

Penn Gardens Company is going to build the greatest Community Amusement Center in the East. You will be given an opportunity to share in the profits as well as the Patronage. This is on the Principle, that

"IN UNION THERE IS STRENGTH"

WASHINGTON BREWERY CO.

IMPERIAL EXPORT

A really fine beer

Speaking of Christmas reminds us that we are in a position to materially assist you in making this the Best Christmas, not only for the little folks, but for every member of the family. You can find presents for all in our well assorted stock. We invite you to come in and see just how many nice, pretty presents we have. Trusting we will have the pleasure of welcoming you to our store during the Holidays and with compliments of the season, we are, Sincerely yours,

WELLER'S DRUG STORE

Eighth and Eye Sts. S. E. — 36th and M N. W.

STORAGE — PACKING — FREIGHT HAULING

Merchants Transfer

— AND —

Storage Company

920-922 E Street Northwest

Phone Main 6900

SHIPPING — MOVING — HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

PHONE MAIN 6079.

Reno Lunch

W. H. WOODCOCK, Proprietor.

625 PA. AVE. N. W.

HOME COOKED FOODS

NEVER CLOSED

Bell Brand Union-Made

COLLARS and SHIRTS

LARGE ASSORTMENT

T. HOLLANDER

North Capitol and H Streets

When in Doubt, Buy of

HOUSE & HERRMANN

FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.

N.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W

FIREPROOF CONSTRUCTION

Hammett Fire Proofing Company
301-302-303 Wilkins Bldg.
Phone Main 3337.

PHONE NORTH 2349

DONOVAN'S

FINE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS

2003 14th St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

The only strictly

UNION TAILORING

house in the city

M. STEIN & CO.

TAILORS

Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

THE MILTON SCHOOL

Oxford Bldg., 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.

Stenography
Typewriting
English
Spanish

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO BEGINNERS

Now in larger quarters in the Oxford Building, 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.

A Gift Suggestion for the Housekeeper

CHOOSE one of the many pretty patterns of "Open Stock" China we are displaying and "start" a set as a gift by selecting a few, or as many pieces as you desire.

This will prove a highly acceptable Christmas gift, and the housewife can continue the set by adding pieces as the occasion requires.

American, English, French, German and Austrian China displayed in the choicest patterns—from the dainty floral and conventional decorations to the richest gold productions.

Dulin & Martin Co.
Pottery, Porcelain, China, Glass, Silver, &c.
1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY
Equitable Life Insurance Co.
of the District of Columbia
THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.
Issues Ordinary and Industrial
Wm. A. Bennett, 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.
EQUITABLE BLD'G. 816 14th ST., N. W.

Phone Main 3871
WM. H. HOWLIN
OURAY BUILDING, 801 G ST. N. W.
(Room 404)
Engrossing Resolutions, Diplomas, Charters and Fancy Pen Work of all descriptions.

Saks & Company
MEN'S and BOYS' OUTFITTERS
Pa. Ave. & 7th St. Wash., D. C.
Specialists in Apparel for Men and Boys.

Parker, Bridget & Co.
"The Avenue at Ninth"
Featuring Extra Value
$15
Suits for Fall

Black's Alderney and Green Meadow Dairy
Pasteurized and Tubercoline Tested Milk.
Phone N. 1670. Union Dairies.

CELTIC CLUB WHISKEY
Our Specialty
Never Changes. Accept No Substitute
Once Tried You'll Always Use It.
Ports and Sherries for family use, Quarts, 50 and 75 cents. All makes of Beer. Leading brands of Cigars. Ales and Porters on draught the year round.
D. J. O'CONNOR
New Jersey Ave. and G Sts. N.W

Takoma Bread
Fresh Three Times Daily
AT ALL GROCERS
Havenner Baking Company
Established 1815

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

John F. King, temporary compositor.

Miss Louise G. Ward, monotype keyboard operator.

Shelley K. Kieffer, temporary compositor.

Separations.

Roland S. Perry, temporary skilled laborer.

Vernon B. Mills, temporary skilled laborer.

Tasker P. Polk, bookbinder, resigned.

Transfers, Etc.

Henry H. Smith, skilled laborer, 25 cents an hour, from office of superintendent of documents to pamphlet binding section.

Miss Mary F. Mealy, temporary skilled laborer, 25 cents an hour, from office of superintendent of documents to ruling and sewing section.

Fred L. Tarbox, from helper, 45 cents an hour, to officeman, 60 cents an hour, foundry section.

Charles A. R. Jacobs, from skilled laborer, 25 cents an hour, to machine helper, 35 cents an hour, linotype section.

Henry E. Haliday, from compositor, 50 cents an hour, to maker-up, 60 cents an hour, linotype section.

Ernest E. Wear, from compositor, 50 cents an hour, to maker-up, 60 cents an hour, linoypte section.

Jesse C. Shoemaker, from helper, 50 cents an hour, stores division, to counter, 35 cents an hour, press division.

Frank B. Bloom, from messenger, $840 per annum, office of chief clerk, to helper, 45 cents an hour, stores division.

Elmer P. Hardy, probationary skilled laborer, hand section, from night to day.

Ambrose Richardson, probationary skilled laborer, hand section, from day to night.

William E. Rockwell, from clerk, $1,400 per annum, to clerk, $1,600 per annum, office of the superintendent of work.

Sumner E. Healy, from messenger boy, 15 cents an hour, to skilled laborer, 25 cents an hour, linotype section (night).

Ralph L. Harris, from messenger, 35 cents an hour, office of the superintendent of work, to clerk, $900 per annum, office of the purchasing agent.

John G. Reckert, from clerk, $1,000 per annum, office of the purchasing agent, to receiving clerk, $1,200 per annum, stores division.

Reed F. Martin, clerk, $900, to clerk, $1,000 per annum, office of the purchasing agent.

James G. Roche, from messenger, 25 cents an hour, proof section, to messenger, $840 per annum, office of the chief clerk.

John White, from temporary unskilled laborer to permanent unskilled laborer, buildings division.

Mrs. Jennie Lusby, from pressfeeder, 27½ cents an hour, press division, to skilled laborer, 25 cents an hour, ruling and sewing section.

NEW TACTICS FAVORED.

San Francisco, December 28.—The local Labor Council favors new boycott tactics in opposing the anti-picketing ordinance, adopted by a referendum vote at the last election. The ordinance prohibits picketing or the carrying of banners. The chamber of commerce, which initiated the ordinance, expected the unions to become involved in expensive court fights to test their constitutional right, but the Labor Council advises no such procedure and has accepted this recommendation of its law and legislative committee:

"For the guidance of unions prosecuting boycotts or conducting strikes, your committee is of the opinion that a number of old and new practices or methods of procedure may be carried on without being an infraction of the rules laid down in the ordinance. Thus the ordinary business methods of advertising are open to labor organizations as well as to others, such as advertising in newspapers, by posters, billboards and circular letters distributed by the mails or at residences and private offices."

URGE COMPENSATION LAW.

Boise, Idaho, December 28.—The state federation of labor is urging these features for a state workingmen's compensation law:

First aid to the injured; 55 per cent of earning capacity for total disability; care for those who have contracted occupational diseases; burial in case of accidental death and a pension of $20 to $25 per month to the widow.

The state legislature passed a compensation law two years ago, but it was vetoed by the governor.

STOGIE MAKERS GAIN.

Wheeling, W. Va., December 28.—Stogie makers have won their strike for a wage increase of $1 per thousand in all the local factories except the two plants controlled by the Pollack concern.

"LOOK WHO'S HERE."

By E. T. GOOD.

HON. EDWARD KEATING,
Chairman of the Labor Group at the Capitol, Who Has Fought for Labor at Every Turn of the Road.

Edward Keating, democrat, of Pueblo, was born near Kansas City, Kan., July 9, 1875; newspaper man; went to Colorado when five years old and has resided in that state since; educated in the public schools until fourteen years old, when he secured employment in a newspaper office as copyholder in a proofroom; worked on Denver papers as reporter, city editor and managing editor for twenty years; city auditor of Denver 1899 to 1901; member Denver charter convention 1903; president of state board of land commissioners 1911 to 1913; president Denver Press Club 1905 to 1907; president International League of Press Clubs 1907; married Margaret Sloan Medill September 1, 1907; purchased the Pueblo Leader in 1912, and became a resident of that city; elected to Sixty-third Congress as Congressman at large; re-elected to the Sixty-fourth Congress from the Third Congressional District, defeating Hon. Neil N. McLean of Lamar, republican-progressive, by 6,424 majority.

It was during the period Mr. Keating was engaged in the newspaper business in Denver that the writer was privileged to make his acquaintance, and being one of the employes of the engraving department for a number of years on the paper where he was managing editor, let me say, every man in the various departments felt the "friend to man" feeling which Edward Keating has ever shown to all his fellowmen the country over.

He goes into those matters which have to do with organized labor with the deepest interest at all times, and the principal part of the tale we have to tell of him is that he has left his name to posterity as the author of the Child Labor Law.

This is one of the greatest pieces of legislation ever enacted, which passed the House under his care and the Senate by Senator Owens. It is known as the Keating-Owens bill. President Wilson stood adamant to its passage as one of the last bills before Congress last September.

The bill prohibits factories from employing children under sixteen years of age and the working of girls under fourteen years of age in stores.

The labor movement in the state of Colorado has just reason to be proud of their representative from that state, and Mrs. Edward Keating, who acts as secretary to her husband, enjoyed a half-page of story and display not so long ago in the Evening Star, speaking of how her entire time was devoted to the interests of her husband, and that "pink teas" or society doings occupied but a small space on her calendar.

WAGE INCREASES ARE NEEDED.

Boston, December 28.—The need of wage increases is shown in the report of the state bureau of statistics for the year 1914, which has just been issued. Basing its opinion on the number of adults reported (411,115), the bureau estimates that 7.5 per cent of the adult working population of this state were paid rates less than $8 a week, and 55.2 per cent, or over one-half, were paid rates between $8 and $15 a week.

If the wages of these workers were all increased 30, 40 or even 50 per cent, trade unionists say, in many cases the new rates would yet fall far short of the "meat-every-day" stage.

JOINING TRADE UNION.

Toronto, Ontario, December 28.—As a result of a vigorous organizing campaign large numbers of workers are joining the Ladies' Garment Workers' Union.

WANT STATE-MADE BOOKS.

Tacoma, Wash., December 28.—Union printers are arousing public opinion in favor of public school text books being made in this state.

New Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits for Hire

WILNER'S
ADVANCED FALL STYLES
The Latest Novelties of the Season . . . $18.50
EVERY UNION MAN OUGHT TO TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THIS OFFER
Not only do we save you $10.00 on every suit you buy, but our workmanship has proven to stand up, to hold its shape, curl nor wrinkle until the garment will last, and we guarantee to last you fully three years.
We are the FIRST and ONLY Union Custom Tailors in this City.
Order Your Suit From
JOS. A. WILNER & COMPANY
COR. 8th and G STREETS NORTHWEST

Washington District Council of Carpenters
Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple
ROBERT ADAM, President, Local 2563, U. B., 1511 Vermont Avenue N.W.
R. H. BURDETTE, Vice President, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
E. B. BYRNE, Secretary, Local 132, U. B., 425 G Street N.W.
F. A. SHOESMITH, Treasurer, Local 2563, U. B., 5209 Georgia Avenue N.W.
C. H. ADAMS, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 804 A Street N.E.
R. H. BURDETTE, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
H. PAGE, Trustee, Local 2563, U. B., 336½ 13th Street N.E.
ROBERT REICHARD, Local 132, U. B., 1720 34th Street N.W.
J. H. RYAN, Local 132, U. B., 1101 11th Street S.E.
FRED HOOK, Local 2563, U. B., 1528 8th Street N.W.
WILLIAM MACKIE, Local 2563, U. B., 216 Seaton Place N.E.
BUSINESS AGENT.
GEO. MYERS, 425 G Street N. W.

GEO. D. HORNING,
N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.
LOAN OFFICE

CORBY CAKE
AT ALL GROCERS

CORBY'S YEAST
Leaves nothing to guess-work.
Its purity and strength are uniform.
Every baker knows what that means.
Send for samples.
THE CORBY COMPANY
STATION K. WASHINGTON, D. C.

Building Trades Headquarters Sixth and G Sts. N. W
Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rent
WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES TOBACCO. COSTELLO BROS

THE PLATE PRINTER
Official Organ Plate Printers International Union.
P. J. RYAN, Editor. CHAS. T. SMITH, Assoc. Editor.
Subscription $1.00 Per Year
Telephone 4528 Wash. Loan & Trust Bldg.

DEMAND WAGE INCREASES.

New York, December 28.—Shirt makers affiliated to the United Garment Workers' Union demand a 20 per cent wage increase for piece work, $2 increase for week work, time and one-half for overtime, Saturday half-holidays and a $6 weekly minimum for beginners.

CAN'T ENFORCE ARBITRATION.

Columbus, Ohio, December 28.—"It is well known by railroad men that after a wage agreement is secured with a railroad company, or after an arbitration award has been promulgated, the contest to secure its proper application is often not less distressing than the threatened warfare that was necessary to secure the agreement or the award," writes President Carter of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen, in the official magazine of that organization.

"It has long been known that an agreement or an award guaranteeing an increase in wages is often distorted by railroad officials to mean a decrease in wages. So long as railroad officials are permitted to administer wage agreements and awards, employes must suffer injustice and officials will 'earn their salaries.'"

NEGRO LONGSHOREMEN STRIKE

Savannah, December 28.—About 350 negro longshoremen, affiliated to the International Longshoremen's Association, suspended work when they were refused wage increases. They ask 20 cents an hour and 25 cents for overtime. They have been paid 16½ to 18 cents and 22 cents for overtime.

Organized teamsters of Winnipeg, Manitoba, employed by the Swift Canadian Company suspended work to enforce higher wages and because some of their fellows were victimized.

Representative Houses
OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

BANKS

NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burglar-proof vaults; acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth Street and New York Avenue.

WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee, etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK. A bank for the working people. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account. Ninth and G Sts. N. W.

UNION SAVINGS BANK. Commercial accounts. Three per cent interest on savings accounts. The oldest savings bank in Washington.

MICHAEL T. GREENE
Liquors and Cigars. 639 D St. N. W.

STONER'S BAR AND RESTAURANT
The. G. Stoner. 206 Seventh St.S. W.

J. CHAS. McGUIRE'S BUFFET
Federal Seal Whiskey. 519 Ninth St. N. W.

O'KEEFE'S BUFFET
P. J. O'Keefe, Prop. 904 Pa. Ave. N. W.

GLAVIN'S BUFFET
ED. J. GLAVIN 309 G Street Northwest

FRANK'S BUFFET
Fourth and G Sts. N. W. Phone M. 5572.

DAVID WALSH'S BUFFET
407 10th Street N. W.

E. E. FARLEY'S BUFFET
415 13th Street N. W.

J. J. O'DONNELL'S BUFFET
333 Penn. Avenue S. E.

HARRY'S BUFFET
631 Penn. Ave. S. E. Phone Lin. 1843

MACHINIST

G. W. FORSBERG, formerly with Forsberg & Murray, Elevators, Boilers. Eighth and Water Sts. S. W. Main 742.

GROCER AND COFFEE ROASTER

SOMERSET R. WATERS, 1342 7th St. N. W.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

RALSTON & RICHARDSON, Evans Building, 1420 New York Avenue.

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.

SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (Inc.), Soda Water, Syrups, etc. 1066 Wis. Ave. N. W.

PHOTO SUPPLIES

E. J. PULLMAN. Developing and Finishing for Amateurs a Specialty. 420 9th St. N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS

MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Ave. N. W. Our Specialty, Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

FIRE INSURANCE

FIREMEN'S INSURANCE COMPANY, Seventh Street and Louisiana Avenue.

DRY GOODS

WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings. Hosiery, a Specialty. 806-808 H St. N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

UNDERTAKERS

J. WILLIAM LEE
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY
332 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.

W. H. BUTLER CO., 607-9 C St. N. W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT

NATIONAL MORTAR CO., 1st and M N.E.
COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING CO., 3036 K Street.

DRUGGISTS

CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth St. and Virginia Ave. S. E.
DAY & CO. 5th and G Sts. N.W. 14th and P N.W., 20th and R. I. Ave. N.E.
QUIGLEY, Druggist, 21st and G Sts. N.W.
A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner 7th and P Streets N. W. N. 2372.

BONUS IS POOR SUBSTITUTE FOR INCREASE IN WAGES

Chicago, December 28.—This is what the official journal of the Commercial Telegraphers' Union thinks of the bonus recently announced by the Western Union Telegraph Company:

"While any relief, no matter how temporary it may be, is always welcome to the worker, the telegraphers employed by the Western Union are too intelligent to be appeased for long by anything short of a substantial increase in wages for which the bonus given is not a decent substitute.

"The company has followed its usual tactics of placing a substantial string to everything that it may give to the workers. In this case, the bonus is expected to help them tide over a period when the telegraphers could insist upon a living wage and establish their rights as an insurance against the future. As it stands, should the guess of the Western Union officials be right, the telegraphers will sacrifice the permanent benefits to be derived through organization because they received a 6 or 7 per cent bonus in 1916. Nobody can tell what it will be in 1917, and what will happen to telegraphers when another depression comes?

"If the company had advanced wages 7 per cent in 1916, and then reduced them a year hence, considerable unrest would follow. But a bonus is different. It can be given one year and withheld the next year. For the thoughtless, the bonus is a great institution, but among intelligent telegraphers it will lack appreciation.

"Our program outlined for the Western Union still stands: An eight-hour day, a seven-hour night, a $60 per month minimum for Morse and automatic telegraphers and a schedule."

SHOE WORKERS MAKE GAINS.

St. Louis, December 28.—The Hamilton-Brown Shoe Company has signed the following agreement with the Boot and Shoe Workers' Union:

"We agree with our employes and the Boot and Shoe Workers' Union that, beginning Thursday, December 21, 1916, our St. Louis factories will operate on a 50-hour week basis—that is to say, nine hours a day the first five days of the week and five hours on Saturday, from 7:30 a.m. to 12:30 p.m.

"The basis of pay shall be the present pay per hour, plus 10 per cent for all time workers. The wages of piece workers shall be the present piece prices, plus 10 per cent."

The above was developed from a 10 per cent bonus proposition into the substantial permanent agreement which assures wage increases for 2,300 employes.

The Hamilton-Brown Shoe Company has maintained contractural relations with the Boot and Shoe Workers' Union for three years. Prior to that time the union encountered difficulty in organizing these factories because of the methods employed by a dual organization. The company finally recognized the boni fide union and in its public announcement said:

"We believe that the economy which is made possible by avoiding strikes on the one side and lock-outs on the other will eventually eliminate the waste incident to frequent interruptions which occur in the different departments of factories operating under what is known as the 'open shop.'"

COAL TONNAGE NEARS RECORD.

Wilkes-Barre, Pa., December 28.—Despite the claim that labor is scarce, the record for anthracite coal mined during November of this year was within 10 per cent of the record made in October, 1915, when 6,683,007 tons were marketed. Total shipments for the year ending November 30 amounted to 61,793,617 tons, as compared with 61,734,389 tons for the corresponding eleven months in 1915, the difference in the two years being less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.

PLASTERERS ORGANIZE.

Joplin, Mo., December 28.—Plasterers have organized and applied for a charter from the Operative Plasterers' Association. Other crafts that have recently organized in this city are the moving picture operators, bill posters and the lathers.

MACHINISTS WANT MORE.

Toronto, Ontario, December 28.—At a mass meeting of union machinists it was voted to ask that wages of tool makers be increased to 50 cents an hour and machinists 45 cents. These workers are nearly 100 per cent organized.

Stereotypers' Union of New Haven has signed a two-year agreement with newspapers of that city. Foremen shall be paid not less than $25 a week and journeymen not less than $19 until November 1 next year, when the rate shall be $20.

IMMIGRATION BILL IS PASSED BY U. S. SENATE

The Senate passed the immigration bill, with the literacy test included, by a vote of 64 to 7. This bill was passed by the house, March 30 last, by a vote of 307 to 87.

As passed by the Senate the bill excludes Asiatic immigration by geographical limitation within certain lines of latitude and longitude, which expressly excepts Japan from the provisions of the bill. This amendment conforms with a request of the Japanese embassy that nothing be inserted which might suggest a failure on the part of Japan to live up to its "gentlemen's agreement" with this country to prevent Japanese coolies from emigrating to continental United States.

As passed by the house the bill exempts from the operation of the literacy test those persons who are "seeking admission to the United States to avoid religious persecution." The Senate has liberalized this section by including victims of religious persecution who have been denied "the means or opportunity of obtaining an education to comply with the literacy test hereinbefore provided."

The section that debars admission to those favoring the destruction of property was amended to permit entrance to advocates of destruction of property in "war, revolution or insurrection." Friends of this amendment showed that the bill as presented to the Senate would exclude every old-world revolutionist who dared to rebel against tyranny and who looked to America as a refuge if he failed.

The House and Senate passed a similar bill at the last session of Congress, but it was vetoed by President Wilson. The House sustained this veto, on February 4, 1915, by a vote of 261 to 136. If any four of the 136 that voted against labor had voted for labor the bill would have passed.

Two former Presidents—Taft and Cleveland—vetoed a similar bill, but despite these reverses the agitation for immigration restriction continues and the vote in Congress favorable to this legislation increases at every opportunity.

CAN'T END COMPENSATION LAW

Harrisburg, Pa., December 28.—The state compensation board has ruled that compensation agreements in cases where there are permanent injuries may be suspended but not terminated.

Jonathan Clousef of Middletown sustained an injury that made necessary the amputation of a thumb at the first joint of the left hand and the index finger at the second joint of the same hand. Clouser's employer was insured in the state fund and asked for an order terminating the compensation benefits on the ground that Clouser's hand had healed and that he had found employment at higher wages than he received before he was hurt. The board declined the request for the reason that the employe may not be so fortunate later. The benefits are suspended, however, but if during the period of 500 weeks during which compensation is paid for disability, Clouser's injury should prove a handicap he can ask the board to reinstate the benefits.

WILL RUN THEIR OWN JITNEYS.

Philadelphia, December 28.—Street car companies in this state plan to operate automobiles in competition with jitneys and a bill will be introduced in the next legislature.

The Pennsylvania Street Railway Association made the above announcement, after a two-day session in this city.

The state public service commission recently ruled that jitneys are common carriers and must be certified to that effect by the commission before they can legally operate. Street car managers complain that local authorities are not enforcing this decision and that the profitable short-distance rider is lost to the trolley companies.

TEAMSTERS ASK INCREASES.

San Francisco, December 28.—The Teamsters' Union asks that wages be increased 50 cents a day and that rates for overtime be increased from 50 to 75 cents an hour.

The Coopers' Union is attempting to reduce working hours from nine to eight.

RAILROAD EMPLOYES GAIN.

St. Louis, Mo., December 28.—Allied shop men employed by the St. Louis Terminal have secured wage increases that range from 2½ to 5 cents an hour. These gains will total about $75,000 and will benefit 625 employes.

METAL POLISHERS GAIN.

Montreal, December 28.—Metal Polishers' Union has secured an agreement with the Canadian Pacific Railway which provides for wage increases, the nine-hour day and larger ventilating fans.

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

UNION OPERATOR — Local No. 224 — I.A.T.S.E. — Wash. D.C. — Affiliated with Central Labor Union & A.F. of L.

American, 1st st. and R. . ave.n.w
Apollo, - - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Auditorium, 13th st. and N. Y. ave.n.w.
Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Casino - - - 7th and F Sts. N. W.
Central Park, - 9th St. G & H N.W.
Chelsia Theatre, 19th and M sts. n. w.
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N. W.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Eagle Gate Theatre - Sol. Home, Gate
Eastern, - - 8th St. bet. F & G S. E.
Elite Theatre, 14th and R. I. ave. n. w.
Empire, - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Fairyland, - 19th and L st. n. w.
Favorite, H St. North Capitol & First
Garden Theatre, 423 Ninth st. n. w.
Gayety Theatre, - 513 9th st. n. w.
Georgia - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
Home Theater, C bet. 12th & 13th n. e.
Liberty Theatre, N. Capitol & P St.
Lyric Theatre - - 14th near Park Rd.
Maryland - - - 624 9th St. N. W.
"M" Street Theatre. M St. near 32
Maycroft Park, H St. bet. 6 7, N.E.
Meaders, - - - 8th & G Sts. S. E.
Mid City, - 7th, bet. N and O st. n. w.
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Odeon - - 14th and Church Sts. N. W.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15, N.W.
Peerless Park, - 3105 Ga. ave. n. w.
Penn Gardens - - 21st St. & Pa. Ave.
Plaza Theatre - 434 9th st. n. w.
Pleasant Hrr. Park, 12 and C N. E.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Randolpr Park, 1st and Randolph n. w.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
R. I. Theatre, 7th and R. I. Ave. N. W
Savoy, - - - 14th and Col. Road.
Schuetzen Park, Ga. ave. and Kenyon
Standard Park, Bates, near N. Cap. St.
Strand, - - - - - Ninth and D.
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N. E.
Stanton Park, - - - 219 4th N. E.
Starlight Park, 4 1-2 and K st. n. w.
Surprise Theatre - Alexandria, Va.
The Strand, - - Hopewell, Va.
The Richmond, - - Alexandria, Va.
Truxton Park, N. Capitol & Fla. Ave.
Victoria Theatre, 7th & E Sts. S. W.
Virginia - - - 614 9th St. N. W.

WHEN WASHINGTON IS A UNION TOWN.

Behold our city's streets today,
Piled high with building plunder;
Contractors have the right of way,
And seldom make a blunder;
Because they're hiring "Union" men,
Lots more now than they used too.
You see, they know they can't begin
To oust the "Union Boosters."

There are the "Business Agents,"
Who go around each day
To all the "Union" buildings,
And see their men display
A skill that makes a pageant
For all the passersby,
And how they stare, and look, and gaze
And ask the reason why?

For this, and that, and lots of things
That ought to be quite clear;
Because the "Happy Union Kings"
Are growing more each year.
They have the "Union" label
In all the clothes they wear;
They go to "Union" barber shops
To shave and cut their hair.

They're working hard to bring about
A "Union" of world renown;
And they are going to make old Washington
A good, old "Union Town."
There's "Organizations" now, galore,
Made up of honest men;
But they're laboring every day for more;
And we know they're going to win.

Then, they'll paint the town inside and out,
On placards, every length;
"Three Cheers for Good Old Washington,"
And "In Union There is Strength."
The "Engineers" and all the boys
Who fought for the "Union" cause
Will "Celebrate" on "Labor Day,"
Regardless of the laws.

They'll go to "Union" picture shows;
They'll ride in "Union" cars;
They'll eat in "Union" hotels;
They'll drink at "Union" bars;
Because good times have come to stay,
And "scabs" will "cuss" and frown,
Because they've made "Old Washington"
A "Good Old Union Town."

H. C. W.

THEATER STRIKE SETTLED.

Hartford, Conn., December 28.—Stage employes at the Poli Theater have adjusted differences with the management. Substantial wage increases are secured. The agreement dates from January 1.

TRADE UNIONISM PAYS.

At a meeting of the Musicians' Union in this city Charles Carbon of Philadelphia stated that prior to the formation of the union the highest paid theater musician received $10 a week. Today the average salary is $27 a week.

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

J. G. O'DONNELL, President, 122 Sixth St. N. E.
M. J. Deery, Vice-President, 2407 Girard St. N. E.
THOS. W. WOLTZ, Recording Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
G. H. F. DAVIS, Treasurer, 439 Second St. S. E.
W. I. STRATTON, Conductor, 617 Sixth St. N. W.
A. F. MOIRSETTE, Warden, 425 G St. N. W.
GEO. MYERS, Business Agent, 425 G St. N. W.

TRUSTEES.

F. J. NOLTE, 24 Eighth Street N. E.
MARK REILEY, 1127 B St. S. E.
A. P. TAYLOR, 622 I Street N. E.

DELEGATES TO THE DISTRICT COUNCIL.

R. H. BURDETTE, 1207 L Street N. W.
C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
E. B. BYRNE, 425 G Street N. W.
ROBERT REICHARD, 1720 35th Street N. W.
J. H. RYAN, 1101 Eleventh Street S. E.

DELEGATES TO THE CENTRAL LABOR UNION.

C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
R. H. BURDETTE, 516 K Street N. W.
W. S. HOLLOHAN, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
C. A. SAUNDERS, 244 9th St. S. E.
LOUIS LUEBKERT, 1314 Kerney St. N. E.

RELIEF COMMITTEE.

THOS. P. O'DEA, 1149 4th St. N. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
H. M. BEVILL, Brentwood, Md.
J. T. CLIFT, 4115 Seventh Street N. W.
M.A. FOLEY, 118 Seaton Street N. E.

MILL COMMITTEE.

F. E. KETTNER, 3016 Cambridge St. N. W
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
O. A. CARTER, Rosslyn, Va.

DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE
G. H. F. DAVIS, 439 Second Street S. E.

LIST OF LIQUOR DEALERS WHO HAVE SIGNED "THE AGREEMENT."

Allen, Paul.....2 N st. n| e.
Allen, John J...807 N. C. Cap st. n. e.
Beirkle, Leopold, - 1245 H st. n. e.
Boyle, William J., 601 Mass. ave n. w.
Castelli, Vincent, 502-504 Ninth st.n.w.
Clark, C. H.....510 9th st. n. w.
Colonial Beach Boat Co.
Costello, Bros.....604 G st. n. w.
Crowley, James J.....702 E st. n. w.
Daly, T. J.....34 H st. n. e.
Daye, Wm. T.....1218 Wisc. ave.
Doyle, Wm. T....1314 Wisc. ave. n. w.
Duffy, James A. -901 1-2 E st. n. w.
Wm. R. Fosbender, 406 Ninth st. n w.
Franey, F. A.....711½ 9th st. n. w.
Frank, Mrs. M. E. - 319 G st. n. w.
Ganey, M.....615 7th st. s. w.
Glavin, Edwin.....309 G st. n. w.
Hannan, Mrs. E....531 7th st. s. w.
Hanlon, Timothy.....822 H st. n. e.
Kelliher, J. D.....1258 7th st. s. w.
Killeen, John F.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Louis Hodges, - - 407 9th st n. w.
Lynagh, Peter J.....523 7th st. s. w.
Lynch, John.....417 9th st. n. w.
McCarthy, F. J.....910 4½ st. s. w.
McCarthy, Jas. J.....1402 H st. n. e.
McDonald, F. J.....643 Pa. ave. s. e.
McGinniss, H. J., 1001 N. Y. ave. n. w.
McGuire, J. Chas., 519 Ninth st. n. w.
McHough, Martin....1105 H st. n. e.
Milton Schmidt, - 702 7th st. n. w.
O'Connor, D. J.....100 G st. n. w.
O'Connor, Patrick F., 617 D st. n. w.
O'Connor, James.....1429 N. Cap. st.
O'Day, John T. - 921 Ninth st. n. w.
O'Donnell, James J...333 Pa. ave. s. e.
Peter White, - - - 905 D st. n. w.
Raftery, Thomas.....406 H st. n. e.
Raftery, Patrick.....225 11th st. n. e.
Roland, J. H.....511 9th st. n. w.
Scanlon, Daniel,.....103 H st. n. w.
Schroter, Conrad....3258 M st. n. w.
Schltz, Mary T.....607 G st. n. w.
Sheehan, John J., 701 North Cap. st.
Solon, Mary A., - 1003 7th st. e.
Stern, M. M.....601 7th st. n. w.
Stanton, Frank J.....1314 Wisc. ave
Sullivan, David, 12th and E st. n. w.
Sullivan, John J., 1351 35th st. n. w.
The Casino, Frank Farenkamp (Chesapeake Beach).
Victor Buffet Co., Inc., 7th and G n. w
Walsh, David, - - 407 10th st. n. w
Wassman, Henry, 705 Seventh st. n. w.
Wiedeman, Joseph....629 E st. n. w.
William J. O'Leary, 733 North Cap. st.
Wininghcr, Harry 631 Pa. ave. s. e.
Wolf, Frank, - 512 12th st. n. w.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
Meets Every Monday Night
Typographica Temple
423-425 G St. N. W.
Secretary s Address: 1325 E. Capitol St.
Telephone: Lincoln 3955

OFFICERS

N. A. JAMES .....President
HUGH DIGNEY .....Vice-President
JOHN B. COLPOYS, Secretary, 1325 E. Capitol St.
JOSEPH E. TOONE.....Financial Secretary
WM. H. SCHAEFER.....Treasurer
JOSEPH C. CLARK.....Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES: Wm. Zell, Mary Ganzhorn, J. L. Considine

COMMITTEES

Executive—Hugh Digney (chairman), N. A. James, John B. Colpoys, J. E. Toone, W. N. Huttel, John R. Hartley.
Legislative—Robert Jones (chairman), John H. Lorch, N. P. Alifas, H. R. Alcorn, E. W. Oyster.
Adjustment—W. N. Huttel (chairman), Jere McCarthy, J. A. McDonald, Ben Spellbring, John G. Schmidt.
Contract—John R. Hartley (chairman), W. H. Schaefer, Hubert Newsom, C. H. Adams, A. J. Ginnelly.
Laws—Dan Hassett (chairman), J. H. Wells, D. J. O'Leary.
Resolutions—J. L. Considine (chairman), Zep S. Pollock, A. J. Kimmell.
Organization—J. E. Toone (chairman), Mary Burkhead, Henry Miller, J. H. Wilson, H. A. Ranier.
Auditing—Mary Ganzhorn (chairman), Marguerite Stewart, E. Wood.
Credentials—M. J. Costella (chairman), J. H. Swain, S. T. Ford.
Lable—E. T. Good.
Press—John B. Colpoys (chairman, N. A. Sprague, B. O'Leary.
Delegates to Baltimore—J. E. Toone (chairman) J. M. Foster, William Zell.
Delegates to Alexandria—H. F. Oehler (chairman). Chas. Allison, L. A. Sterne.

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, F. S. Radman, 134 7th Street N.E.

Bakery Salemen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sunday in each month, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N. W.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. F. Miller, 19 Quincy Place northwest.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets first and third Sunday of the month at the Secretary, T. Guiffre, 908 Pennsylvania avenue Moose Hall, Seventh and G Street Northwest.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 48: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E street southeast.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G Street N. W.

Brotherhood of Railway Carmen of America, Local Union No. 313: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Streets N. E. Secretary, H. A. Chambers, 2113 4th N. E. Meeting nights first and third Tuesdays.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles' Hall. Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 520 Rhode Island Ave. N. E.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhau, 737 10th St. s. e.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wassaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Twelfth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3800 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Paperhangers Hall, 430 Ninth Street N. W., second and fourth Thursdays of the month. Secretary, Edw. B. Finch, 33 P Street N. E.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets every Friday, at 8:00 p.m. Hall, S. E. Cor. Tenth and Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, Jas. P. Lahey, 816 5th street northeast.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and B Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hisle, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Watchmen's Union No. 14964: Secretary, Jas. H. Reed, Cor. Sec., 1223 B street southwest.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, John T. Bowers, Twentieth and Twenty-first and L and M streets northwest.

International Brotherhood of Teamsters, Chauffeurs, Stablemen and Helpers of America, Local Union No. 115: Meets the first and third Saturday night of each month, G. A. R. Building, 1412 Pa. ave. Secretary-Treasurer, Kirke C. Sipher, 26 P st. n. e.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Avenue S. E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 408 Twelfth St. N. E.

Laundry Workers, Local No. 110: Meets first Friday in each month at Winslow's Hall, 12 and R streets northwest. Secretary, Moten Jefferson, 550 Twenty-fourth street northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, W. N. Huttel, 1430 A St. N. E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday at 1204 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, E. H. Fulton, 1120 E St. S. E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. F. McDonnell.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third 2665. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Bus. Agt.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 922 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Phone Main 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets second Sunday and fourth Friday in each month. Secretary, Albert Bridges 210 L st. s. e.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 420: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m. Secretary, J. A. Whitecar, 2209 Minnesota Ave. S. E.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas. B. Cameron, Bethesda, Md.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Robt. J. Barrett, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month. Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 820 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressmen, No. 1: Meets fourth Monday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custodian and Janitor, 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, W. P. Cannon, 408 Twelfth St. S. E.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe. 326 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. F. Hickman, 518 Sixth St. N. W.

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Mrs. H. B. Tritipoe, 1737 Willard street N. W., Apt. 20.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10.30 a. m. and 8.30 p. m. Secretary, G. W. Calderhead, Room 412 Wash. Loan and Trust Building.

The High School Teachers' Union of Washington, D. C., No. 8: Meets in the Music Room of the New Central High School at 3.30 p. m. the second Tuesday in the months of October, December, February, and May. Secretary, G. J. Jones, Central High School.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle. 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 750 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Friday, Typographical Temple. Secretary, L. Gantt, 57-A Bates Street.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: International Secretary-Treasurer, Jas. E. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G St. N. W. Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth St. N. W.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.

Clothes, Hats and Shoes
The Bieber-Kaufman Co.
901-909 Eighth St. S. E.
Down by the Navy Yard
Washington, D. C.

BUTLER'S RHEUMATIC and GOUT REMEDY.
A KIDNEY AND HEART TONIC
Manufactured Since 1872 By
BUTLER & FIELD
Third and Indiana Ave. N. W.
Price 50c a bottle. 6 for $2.50
For Sale By Druggists.

LANSBURGH & BRO.
"DRY GOODS ONLY"
The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City
420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1 Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.

M. J. DUNNIGAN, President.....2007 14 Street N.W.
JOHN G. WOLFE, Vice-President.1023 N. J. Ave. N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W.

TRUSTEES

Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E.
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E.
Thos. L. Nevins.....504 Maine Avenue S. W.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe,.....1023 N. J. Ave. N. W
J. McElfresh,.....
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E.
A. Tenley.....964 Florida Ave. N. W.
M. Sullivan.....5631-2 15 St. S. E.

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.

Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ARBITRATION COMMITTEE.

M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W.
M. A. Wolfe.....418 F St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. E.
Joseph Harding.....210 13 St. S. W.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....2006 2nd St. N. W
R. Pumphrey.....223 Q St. N. W.
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W.
Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. W.

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Cap
M. J. McNulty.....467 L St. S

DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.

John Wolfe.....1023 N. J Avenue N. W.
William Pollard.....522 14 St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
Fred Negus.....30 L St. N W

The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I. P. E. U.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXI. NO. 28 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, JANUARY 5, 1917. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

President Gomper's Golden Anniversary to Be Observed

New York, January 4.—The anniversary of President Gomper's golden wedding, his sixty-seventh birthday and fifty years of active service in the trade union movement will be observed in this city on January 28 next.

This combination of exceptional events will be celebrated by a dinner, at which fitting tribute will be paid to the president of the American Federation of Labor by well known trade unionsts as well as citizens in other walks of life.

SAMUEL GOMPERS
President American Federation of Labor

This movement was inaugurated by the New York State Federation of Labor, at its convention last August, when organized labor was called upon to take official cognizance of the persistent efforts of President Gompers in their behalf during the past half century. At the Baltimore convention of the American Federation of Labor this proposal was approved and the executive council was instructed to assist in making the event a notable one.

Committees representing the American Federation of Labor, the New York State Federation of Labor and the Central Federated Union of New York and Vicinity are now arranging the program. Robert P. Brindell is chairman of the joint committee and Ernest Bohm, secretary of the New York Central Federated Union, is secretary.

The committee requests that each union appoint one or more representatives to attend this dinner. Tickets for the dinner must be obtained from Ernest Bohm, care 710 Bartholdi Building, 2 East Twenty-third street, New York.

GIVERS OF BONUSES ARE ASSAILED BY PRIEST

New York, January 4.—The Rev. John F. O'Rourke, a member of the Jesuit order, who preached the Christmas sermon at St. Patrick's cathedral, said that the liberal distribution of bonuses by employers of large numbers of men this year was an effort to keep workingmen satisfied, while avoiding the payment of fair wages.

"If employers paid an honest wage," he said, "there would be no need of bonuses. If they had paid honest wages for years there would have been no labor troubles. The hard treatment of labor by grasping employers has given such strength to the labor movement that employers now vie with one another in giving bonuses, and are anxious to arbitrate. The question of arbitration never occurred to them twenty years ago, when labor was the underdog. But now they will arbitrate, now that the workingman has realized his power and holds the whip hand."

CARPENTERS WANT MORE.

El Paso, Tex., January 4.—Carpenters' Union No. 425 is preparing a new wage scale to take effect the first of March. Increased wages will be asked.

Seattle, Wash., January 4.—Carpenters' Union No. 131 has informed the district council of carpenters that in its judgment the 1917 wage rate should call for 70 cents an hour. The union also declared that "during the months of November, December, January and February seven hours shall constitute a day's work at seven hours' pay."

LOCOMOTIVE FIREMEN GAIN.

Peoria, Ill., January 4.—Officers of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen report that the membership has increased 8,127 from January 1 of this year to October 1. The firemen are conducting an agressive organizing campaign and hope to have a membership of 100,000 by January 1, 1918.

D. A. HAYES, PRESIDENT BOTTLE BLOWERS, DEAD

Denniss A. Hayes, for twenty years president of the Glass Bottle Blowers International Union, died in Philadelphia Tuesday as the result of a severe attack of pneumonia, which he contracted Saturday. His body lied in state in that city from 1 o'clock to 9 o'clock Wednesday, after which it was taken to Zainesville, Ohio, for burial.

Mr. Hayes was also a vice president of the American Federation of Labor and a member of its executive council, and his activities in the interest of the workers had won for him a host of friends both in Philadelphia and elsewhere.

BARBERS RAISE WAGES.

Billings, Mont., January 4.—After a short strike the Barbers' Union has raised wages from $18 to $25 a week and reduced the working day from ten to nine hours. After ninety days wages will be increased to $26.60, and after another ninety days this rate will be raised to $28.

A feature of the agreement is the abandonment of the old percentage system, which provides that employes shall be paid a certain amount after they take in, during the day or week, a stipulated sum. The new contract abolishes this system and Billings barbers are now on the same basis as other workers.

MINERS EXTEND RELIEF.

Indianapolis, January 4.—When news of the Kansas mine explosion reached the offices of the United Mine Workers' Union, President White, speaking for the international officers, forwarded $1,000 for the immediate relief of the families of the victims.

TEAMSTERS RAISE WAGES.

San Francisco, January 4.—The Building Material Teamsters' Union has signed an agreement with employers. Wages are increased 50 cents a day.

IRON MOLDERS MAKE NOTABLE GAINS

The recent wage conference at Atlantic City between representatives of the International Iron Molders' Union and the Stove Founders' National Defense Association was an epoch-making event, according to officials of this union.

The work day is reduced one-half hour per day, a general $4.25 a day minimum for day workers is secured and the wages of piece workers are increased a little more than 18½ per cent.

Writing to A. F. of L. headquarters on these gains, John P. Frey, editor of the International Iron Molders' Journal, says:

"About 14,000 of our members are affected, our piece workers were advanced a little more than 18½ per cent.

"The hours of molding were reduced one-half hour. We have no eight, nine or ten hour work day in the stove foundry.

"At the present time the agreement provides that after the molder has worked at molding eight and three-quarter hours, the last ladle of iron must be given to him. The new agreement provides that the last ladle of iron must be given within eight and one-quarter hours after the molding begins.

"We have again blazed a way in establishing new standards, for we have established a uniform minimum of $4.25 a day for day workers in the stove industry, whether they are working in Portland, Me.; Quincy, Ill.; Kalamazoo, Mich.; Chicago or Detroit.

"I believe ours is the first international union to secure a uniform universal minimum wage rate through an agreement with a national association of employers.

"Of course, none of these things would have been possible were it not that we are pretty well acquainted with each other and believe in fair dealing and being faithful in all agreements entered into.

"Historically, the International Molders' Union and the Stove Founders' National Defense Association entered into their first agreement in March, 1891.

"It was the first agreement ever entered into in the history of modern industry between a national association of employers and a national trade union covering their respective memberships.

"Under this agreement all questions which have arisen in the industry are adjusted locally through the shop committee and the firm, or, if they fail, through the presidents of the two associations or their representatives.

"One of the important questions disposed of was the introduction of molding machines; that is, the machine which supplanted hand labor.

"It took ten years of conferences before a satisfactory agreement could be reached, but once reached, it proved eminently satisfactory to the foundrymen and to the members of the Molders' Union. This principle was finally recognized: That no improvement of any kind should in any manner reduce the workers' total earnings, while on the other hand, the employer was given the advantage of the improvement in larger output and lower costs of unit.

"The Stove Founders' National Defense Association has in its membership stove, hot air and hot water manufacturers, controlling about 70 per cent of the output. In this industry, so far as our union is concerned, we have about ninety-five per cent degree of organization."

MINERS WANT INCREASES.

Gloucester, Ohio, January 4.—The convention of Hocking district miners, representing 10,000 of these workers, has voted to ask the state convention of Ohio miners to demand wage increases at the expiration of the present contract. The Hocking miners protested against all forms of compulsion in industrial disputes.

BIG PROFIT FOR U. S. RAILROADS IN YEAR 1916

The railroads of this country have a net income of $1,098,000,000 for year 1916. This estimate of profits is conservative, as it makes no allowance for normal increase in business during the last three months of the year.

The above statement has been issued by the interstate commerce commission and is in striking contrast to the poverty pleas of railroads and the "dear public" sobs of certain newspapers last summer when railroad train service men were demanding an eight-hour day.

The commission makes the significant statement that expenses have not kept pace with the rapid rise in receipts, as the latter increased approximately 25 per cent, while the expenses increased about 11 per cent. Compared with previous earnings, the profits of 1916 show an increase of more than 52 per cent over the fiscal year of 1915; 59 per cent over 1914, and 34 per cent over 1913.

It is estimated that the gross receipts for 1916 will reach $3,600,640,502. Never before in the history of railroad operations have the roads had so great a gross income.

On the basis of 230,000 miles of railroads in operation, returns show that for every mile of road operated in the country the railroads will receive approximately $15,655 in gross receipts and a net income of $4,774, or a little more than 30 per cent of the gross.

Topeka, Kan., January 4.—During July, August, September and October of 1916 the gross receipts of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railroad were $51,304,544, compared with $43,506,916 in the same months of 1915.

During the same months of 1916 the gross receipts of the Union Pacific system were $42,991,267, as against $35,720,881 during the year 1915.

These two railroad systems are among the strongest opponents of the railroad brotherhoods in their attempt to secure an eight-hour day.

MOVIE OPERATORS.

At the last regular meeting in December of Local 224, the newly elected officers for 1917 were installed after the brief business session.

President B. A. Spellbring was presented with a Christmas present of a ten-dollar gold piece by his friends.

Brothers Doc Duryea and Mike Smith, from Local 306, here with the Annette Kellerman show, were present and made brief addresses, which were much appreciated by our boys, particularly that part dwelling on the progress of the Movie Operators throughout the country.

Our hustling Bro. E. C. Gill paid us a visit (he is still unable to cast a shadow) and reports he is now the manager of the Smith Telephone Exchange at Marion, Va.

The prospects for great progress of Local 224 during 1917 is very bright.

RAILROAD DOOMS HAND CARS.

New York, January 4.—The old-style hand car is doomed on the Lehigh Valley railroad system, as a result of an order for 149 motor-driven cars, each to carry ten men at a speed of twenty-five miles an hour.

Tests by company officials show that the section men, in traveling to their work along the right of way, become so tired from operating hand cars that they are unable to do their work properly. Impairment of the men's efficiency, the investigators report, consisted in undue fatigue and a "winded" condition.

CONCORD CAR MEN RAISED.

Concord, N. H., January 4.—The Street Car Men's Union has raised wages from 23¾ to 29 cents, instead of 22 to 26 cents an hour, as formerly. New men will start at the lower rate and will be increased for five years, when the maximum will be reached.

Protest Mass Meeting at Poli's Theater Sunday

If you want a referendum for the settlement of what is deemed best for the citizens of the District of Columbia attend the referendum mass meeting at Poli's Theater Sunday afternoon, January 7, at 3 o'clock.

Residents of the District of Columbia are entitled to a voice in the settlement of questions affecting this city, and all Washingtonians are urged to attend this demonstration for a fair adjudication of the American rights of the District's citizens.

Upon more than one occasion laws have been made taking from the residents of this city rights and privileges which rightfully belonged to them without the people directly affected having a say in the matter, and it is hardly fair to enact such legislation in the face of protest and without even a hint at compromise.

The District of Columbia Referendum Association has challenged the cause of the disfranchised Washingtonian and gives the public a chance to show their dissatisfaction with the present method of "laying down the law." Whether you have been satisfied or not and even admitting the fact that you were in accord with past legislation should not prevent your attendance, for one never knows when a bill meeting with your disapproval shall be open for discussion by those who govern us.

Prominent speakers will address the meeting Sunday night at Poli's and it is to your advantage to hear their views on this important question.

SWITCHMEN AWARDED THE EIGHT-HOUR DAY

New York, January 4.—In an award that included dissenting opinions by the railroads and workers, an arbitration board favors the eight-hour day for switchmen employed on eastern and middle western railroads.

The decision says that "eight hours or less shall constitute a day's work," increases wages 5 cents an hour and rules that overtime shall be paid at pro rata rates, to be computed on the basis of the actual time worked.

Switchmen at present receive a maximum hourly rate of 40 cents. The award increases this rate to 45 cents, so that, as explained by Judge Charles B. Howry, chairman of the board, on the eight-hour basis they will receive $3.60 for a day's work, 40 cents less than they received under the ten-hour basis. By working ten hours under the new rate they will receive $4.50 or 50 cents more than under the old rate.

Representatives of the switchmen—James B. Connors and W. A. Titus—dissented from the 5 cent increase and the overtime veto. They insisted on a 10 per cent increase and a charge for overtime that would make the long hour work day under ordinary circumstances practically prohibitive.

The railroads' representatives filed a report dissenting from the eight-hour decision.

In a statement appended to the award Judge Howry and Prof. Jeremiah W. Jenks, the neutral members of the board, express the opinion that the long hours of switchmen do not imply "excessive physical labor." In defending the 5 cent increase, however, they make the rather interesting statement that the increase is necessary because of the high cost of living and the "hazards and hardships of the work."

JURY TRIAL RIGHT PROTECTED.

Oklahoma City, Okla., January 4.—Judge Thomas H. Doyle of the criminal court of appeals, has ended the practice of municipal courts in this state "railroading" violators of the penal code to the county road camp without giving them the right of a trial by jury. The decision censured the practices of these petty courts, which are declared to be "contrary to reason, right and justice."

OREGON UNIONISTS TO MEET.

Salem, Ore., January 4.—The fourteenth annual convention of the Oregon State Federation of Labor will be held in this city January 22.

CONVICT LEASE SYSTEM IN ALABAMA OPPOSED

Birmingham, Ala., January 4.—The grand jury, in its report filed with Judge Heflin, scores the Alabama convict lease system as follows:

"We have had occasion to investigate the conditions of prisoners who are working in the mines of this country. We desire to protest against the system tolerated by this state of hiring out its convicts to work for companies whose sole interest in their welfare is to exact the maximum amount of money. We believe that this system is fundamentally wrong. We believe that the end sought to be obtained by the state in the treatment of unfortunate prisoners should be improvement of the prisoner rather than profits to the state. We recommend that the people do everything in their power to create sentiment which will abolish this practice of the state, which we consider to be destructive of human character and a prolific producer of criminals, and seek to bring about such change as early as possible as will give to the man or woman who has violated the laws of society some kind of chance and opportunity for moral and physical development.

"A system such as ours turns out men and women who are embittered against the laws and usages of our country, and sends its poison into all avenues of good government and makes worse the social disease it is intended to cure. Individual reformation of a prisoner is necessary in order for him to aid society when he is released and returned to it, and this object cannot be accomplished by a system which treats a prisoner as a machine for profit, rather than as a human being."

STRIKEBREAKERS BLAMED.

New York, January 4.—Vice President Maher of the Third Avenue Railway Company, told the public service commission that poor service was caused by "the quality of our motormen and conductors."

"Since the recent strike it has been very difficult to get competent men," he said.

Trade unionists agree with Mr. Maher if he will change the word "recent" to "present."

IRON MOLDERS ADVANCE.

Grand Rapids, Mich., January 4.—After numerous conferences with their employers organized iron molders in this city have secured wage increases.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF LABEL TRADES UNION COUNCIL WASHINGTON 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., JANUARY 5, 1917.

LABOR WILL STOP WAR.

Labor itself will stop the slaughter in Europe.

The armament manufacturers and other profiteers will not stop war.

Patrick McGill, an Irish writer, wounded in France, shows that the men in the trenches are not half so bitter as those at home.

"The justice of the cause which endeavors to achieve its object by the murdering and maiming of mankind is apt to be doubted by a man who has come through a bayonet charge," he says. "The dead lying on the field seem to ask, 'Why has this been done to us? Why have you done it, brothers? What purpose has it served?' The battle line is a secret world, a world of curses. The guilty secrecy of war is shrouded in lies and shielded by blood-stained swords; to know it you must be one of those who wage it, a party to dark and mysterious orgies of carnage. War is the purge of repleted kingdoms, needing a close place for its operations.

"Why have millions of men come here from all corners of Europe to hack and slay one another? What mysterious impulse guided them to this maiming, murdering, gouging, gassing, and filled them with such hatred? Why do we use the years of peace in preparation for war? Why do men well over the military age hate the Germans more than the younger and more sober souls in the trenches? Who has profited by this carnage? Who will profit?"

McGill spoke to a fellow soldier during a lull in battle. "'These are means by which we are going to end war,' I said. 'Did you see the dead and wounded today, the men groaning and shrieking, the bombs flung down into cellars, the blood-stained bayonets, the gouging and gruelling? All those things are means toward creating peace in a disordered world.'"

Here's the reply:

"If we 'ad all the clergymen, all the M. P.'s, the King, the Kaiser and Crown Prince, Krupp and Von Kluck, and all these 'ere blokes wot tell us to fight in these 'ere trenches for a week, the war would come to an end very sudden."

Let your mistakes of 1916 be by-gones; for 1917 be a good union man at all times.

The man without a country will shortly have a rival in some unhappy little country without a man.

Father's check book account has so diminished in size that he will soon have to ask for a new one; then he will turn over a new leaf.

Candy was purchased more freely than ever this Christmas, it is pointed out. Does this not show that Washington is getting sweeter.

No man is more thankful that the holidays are over than the poor mail carrier, who has been acting in the capacity of a pack mule for the last few weeks.

A bullet pierced the clothing of an American ambulance driver, entered his wallet and stopped at a $2 bill. This would seem to bear out the assumption that American money can start or stop anything. This story contradicts the superstitution that the carrier of the $2 shall meet with misfortune.

WHY UNIONISTS OPPOSE MINIMUM WAGE LAWS.

Writing in the Miners' Magazine, official newspaper of the International Union of Mine, Mill and Smelter Workers (formerly Western Federation of Miners), Guy E. Miller presents this analysis of labor's opposition to minimum wage legislation:

"Is not the enactment of a minimum wage law by the legislature the pity of the strong for the weak, a recognition of their helplessness? Does it not make the workers in the class legislated for the wards of the state? Is it not the state in effect their guardian? Are not the workers under such legislation infants within the contemplation of the law? When and how can they become adults?

"Are not the wages under such enactments always pitifully small, though larger than the wages paid by many employers, and based upon the amount necessary to satisfy the physical needs of the woman worker and save her from the necessity of resorting to the street to maintain existence? Is that a decent standard for civilized life?

"At best, are not minimum wage laws a tribute to the heart of society rather than its head? Are they not an unconscious recognition of the fact that the workers are entitled to at least enough to maintain their physical existence, and that many employers will not pay that sum except under compulsion by the state, or a union? Is not that just as true of male as of female employes? Are they not an attempt to substitute charity for justice? Is not the inevitable effect of that the deterioration of character?

"Are the workers satisfied with such a standard? How long did the state hold our every effort in our own behalf a crime? Are not its powers still used to thwart our efforts and destroy our organizations? When did it experience a change of heart that we should relinquish our organizations and trust to legislation alone?

"Has it not been a basic principle of our government that the states should only do those things for the citizen that he could not do for himself? Let it give the same sanction to our efforts in our own behalf that it gives to capital in another way, and we will shortly stand in no need of minimum wage laws.

"The action of the legislature in passing minimum wage laws constitutes the highest recognition of the need of such work as the unions are doing in that legislative action is substituted in the same line. Is it equally desirable? It furnishes the strongest possible argument for the removal of every obstacle to collective bargaining, which can only come through the growth of the unions.

"Shall the unions, then, favor the enactment of minimum wage laws? It seems to me that the best answer to that question is found in the answer to the following: Which responds most readily to the will of the workers and is most representative of their interests—the union or the legislature?

"In this transition stage of industry as a temporary protective measure for women just entering industry in its unskilled branches, it might be tried, but don't stop with it, nor extend it.

"I am one who believes that the functions of the union will expand with the advance of democracy in industry, and that they cannot be superseded by state action without imminent danger to civilization.

"Blind confidence in sympathy, indolent trust in state action, must not take the place of intelligent efforts in our own behalf and high faith in our own power to shape human institutions in the interest of mankind."

The greatest assurance of industrial peace is a well organized community.

One trouble about an accurate war map is that it becomes obsolete within a week.

The poorly paid worker is a brother to the pauper and pauperism is a drain upon a community.

The old-fashioned boy who wanted to be a minstrel man has a son who is going to be a military aviator.

The battle for trade unionism is a battle for the home, for manhood and womanhood and a higher standard of civilization.

It is only the unorganized laborer whom the capitalistic employer looks upon as the good laborer. The reason is obvious.

Are you demanding the label on the goods you are purchasing, Mr. Union Man? If not, you are an employer of unfair labor.

The day is coming when an accounting will be made, and the lies and fakes of false prophets will be fully exposed, and the workers will demand results, not promises; sense instead of sound, and reason instead of treason.

Good wages and reasonable hours of labor are now considered by all right-thinking men and women to be in the interests of the masses and consequently to the well being and substantial development of the community, the state and the nation.

BAD EFFECTS OF WORRY.

Consider the automobile. When the car is going to stand still for more than a few minutes the driver stops the engine. By doing this he saves gasoline, oil and, above all, useless wear and tear on the machinery. If he lets the engine "run idle" he has wasted a lot of valuable material, shortened the life of his engine and in the meantime the automobile hasn't budged an inch.

The birds build nests for the protection of their young against the weather; the foxes dig holes for security against foes; the squirrels lay by stores of nuts against the coming of winter, and dogs bury bones against the day when bones will be scarce. These are the manifestations of a normal protective instinct arising from an experience of many, many generations. So far as is known, though, no bird ever tried to build more nests than his neighbor; no fox ever fretted because he only had one hole in which to hide; no squirrel ever died of anxiety lest he should not lay by enough nuts for two winters instead of for one, and no dog ever lost any sleep over the fact that he didn't have enough bones laid aside to provide for his declining years.

This protective instinct is also present in the human mind, and when properly directed is a great source of prosperity both to the individual and the nation. In order for man to store up and lay by, to gain advancement either in honor or material things, it is necessary that he take some forethought of the morrow, but just so soon as he carries this beyond the normal point the mental process becomes an exaggerated and abnormal one. The normal protective instinct is stimulated by a normal fear of those events which are reasonably sure to happen in the future unless means are adopted against them. The moment that this fear becomes abnormal or exaggerated it overstimulates this protective instinct and to no good purpose, because it results in worry. This worry continues long after the necessity for the normal stimulus of fear has passed, with the result that there is an impairment in mental power and a dissipation of the nervous forces. In other words, the mental engine has been "running idle" and at the same time delivering no propulsive power. In fact, worry is an abnormal state.

Not all worry is preventable, but for the most part it can be avoided. Most of our fears are never realized, and as a rule, if we meet our troubles day by day as they come without worrying about them before they arrive or fretting over them after they have passed, we will find that we have the strength to rise above them. Worry undermines the health to a certain extent. It really weakens the mental forces by tiring them out by doing nothing. Usually the relief from worry rests with the victim of this unhappy habit himself, but sometimes the real causes are not the ones which seem to explain the condition, and we must go deep into our lives or have the assistance of those who are skilled in unraveling mental processes.

The best antidote for worry is a change of mental occupation, a getting away from the scenes which provoke worry, exercise in the open air, a good book, a pleasant recreation, or a temporary change of occupation. As a matter of mental health every sufferer from this unfortunate condition owes it to himself to discover some simple means of getting away from this habit which is destructive to health and peace of mind alike.

ESTABLISHED 1865 — 51 YEARS IN BUSINESS

CHRISTIAN XANDER'S

Highest Grade Whiskies

35 FOREIGN OR DOMESTIC IN STOCK AT

909 7th Street, Northwest. — No Branch Houses. Phone M. 274

MEATS — GROCERIES — FISH

Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the

OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.

930 La. Ave. N. W. — 1111 H Street N. E.
8th & E Sts S. E. — 1632 N. Capitol Street
31st & M Sts. N. W. — 3418-20 Ga. Ave. N. W.
7th & Q Sts. N. W. — 14th & U Streets N. W.
1778 U Street, N. W. — 7th and B Streets N. E.
7th & H Street N. E. — 3113 14th Street, N. W.
726 7th St. N. W. — 1440 P St. N. W.
2002-2004 Ga. Ave. N. W.

POULTRY — BREAD — PRODUCE

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF THE UNITED BREWERY WORKMEN OF AMERICA
Union MADE Beer — Ale AND Porter
COPYRIGHT & TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1903
THIS IS OUR LABEL.

VOTE
Against Prohibition
DEMAND
Personal Liberty
IN CHOOSING WHAT YOU WILL DRINK
ASK FOR THIS LABEL WHEN PURCHASING BEER, ALE OR PORTER.
As A Guarantee That It Is Union Made.

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK
Northwest Corner FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST
LOOK FOR THE CLOCKS
4 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts
COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

PENN GARDENS
21ST AND Penn Ave
"ALWAYS WORTH WHILE"
IS FAIR TO
UNION LABOR
Penn Gardens Company is going to build the greatest Community Amusement Center in the East. You will be given an opportunity to share in the profits as well as the Patronage. This is on the Principle, that
"IN UNION THERE IS STRENGTH"

WASHINGTON BREWERY CO.

IMPERIAL EXPORT

A really fine beer

In extending greetings, we want you to know that we are working hard; that our service will give you the utmost satisfaction. We certainly wish you abundance of health and happiness.

WELLER'S DRUG STORE
8th & Eye Sts. S.E. — 36th & M N.W.

STORAGE — PACKING — FREIGHT HAULING
Merchants Transfer — AND — Storage Company
920-922 E Street Northwest
Phone Main 6900
SHIPPING — MOVING — HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

PHONE MAIN 6079.
Reno Lunch
W. H. WOODCOCK, Proprietor.
625 PA. AVE. N. W.
HOME COOKED FOODS
NEVER CLOSED

Bell Brand Union-Made
COLLARS and SHIRTS
LARGE ASSORTMENT
T. HOLLANDER
North Capitol and H Streets

When in Doubt, Buy of
HOUSE & HERRMANN
FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.
N.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W

FIREPROOF CONSTRUCTION
Hammett Fire Proofing Company
301-302-303 Wilkins Bldg.
Phone Main 3337.

PHONE NORTH 2349
DONOVAN'S
FINE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS
2003 14th St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

The only strictly
UNION TAILORING
house in the city
M. STEIN & CO.
TAILORS
Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

THE MILTON SCHOOL
Oxford Bldg., 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.
Stenography
Typewriting
English
Spanish
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO BEGINNERS
Now in larger quarters in the Oxford Building, 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.

A Gift Suggestion for the Housekeeper

CHOOSE one of the many pretty patterns of "Open Stock" China we are displaying and "start" a set as a gift by selecting a few, or as many pieces as you desire.

This will prove a highly acceptable Christmas gift, and the housewife can continue the set by adding pieces as the occasion requires.

American, English, French, German and Austrian China displayed in the choicest patterns—from the dainty floral and conventional decorations to the richest gold productions.

Dulin & Martin Co.
Pottery, Porcelain, China, Glass, Silver, &c.
1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY

Equitable Life Insurance Co.
of the District of Columbia
THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.
Issues Ordinary and Industrial
Wm. A. Bennett, 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.
EQUITABLE BLD'G. 816 14th ST., N. W.

Phone Main 3871

WM. H. HOWLIN
American Federation of Labor Building
9th Street and Mass. Avenue
Engrossing Resolutions, Diplomas Charters and Fancy Pen Work of All Descriptions

Saks & Company
MEN'S and BOYS' OUTFITTERS
Pa. Ave. & 7th St. Wash., D. C.
Specialists in Apparel for Men and Boys.

Parker, Bridget & Co.
"The Avenue at Ninth"
Featuring Extra Value
$15
Suits for Fall

Black's Alderney and Green Meadow Dairy
Pasteurized and Tubercoline Tested Milk.
Phone N. 1670. Union Dairies.

CELTIC CLUB WHISKEY
Our Specialty
Never Changes. Accept No Substitute
Once Tried You'll Always Use It.
Ports and Sherries for family use, Quarts, 50 and 75 cents. All makes of Beer. Leading brands of Cigars. Ales and Porters on draught the year round.
D. J. O'CONNOR
New Jersey Ave. and G Sts. N.W

Takoma Bread
Fresh Three Times Daily
AT ALL GROCERS
Havenner Baking Company
Established 1815

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

Raymond Norris, probational messenger boy.

Arthur B. Prem, temporary compositor.

Christopher G. Satterley, temporary compositor.

Separations.

Clarence Hill, Llewellyn Freemen, George S. Powell, Jesse P. Wallace, skilled laborers (temporary).

Garnett Denham, temporary compositor.

Howard P. Wren, caster helper, resigned.

Martin V. B. Stevens, proofreader.

Carl V. Eckdall, William E. Dennesson, John J. Wade, emergency compositors.

Frederic Gale, temporary painter.

Clarence V. Jolley, temporary painter.

Transfers, Etc.

Daniel V. Chisholm, superintendent of work, $3,600 per annum, to deputy public printer, $4,500 per annum.

T. Frank Morgan, foreman of printing and assistant superintendent of work, $2,500 per annum, office of foreman of printing, to superintendent of work, $3,600 per annum.

Fletcher Bowden, assistant foreman, 80 cents per hour, job section, to foreman of printing and assistant superintendent of work, $2,500 per annum.

Jacob Faye, bookbinder, 50 cents per hour, to machine operator, 55 cents per hour, forwarding and finishing section.

John J. Burns, bookbinder, 50 cents per hour, to machine operator at 55 cents per hour, forwarding and finishing section.

Mrs. Eva F. Fischer and Mrs. Fannie B. Meade, skilled laborers, 25 cents per hour, to machine operators, 27½ cents per hour, pamphlet binding section.

John Moore, temporary skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour, to temporary unskilled laborer, 25 cents per hour, stores division.

Miss Stella M. Osborne, skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour, forwarding and finishing section, to matron, $900 per annum, emergency hospital section.

Charles S. Bastian, emergency compositor, 50 cents per hour, to temporary compositor, 50 cents per hour, linotype section (night).

Charles W. McDonald, temporary messenger boy, $420 per annum, to messenger boy, $420 per annum, office of purchasing agent.

Sumpter J. Oliver, helper, 35 cents per hour, to machine helper, 35 cents per hour, linotype section.

Mark A. Clavelox, counter, 35 cents per hour, to helper, 40 cents per hour, ruling and sewing section.

Mrs. Myra B. Betts, bander, 27½ cents per hour, to bander, 30 cents per hour, postal card section.

Henry F. Finkenhoefer, emergency compositor, to permanent compositor, 50 cents per hour, job section.

William H. Stanford, caster helper, 35 cents per hour, to helper, 40 cents per hour, monotype section (night).

Frank Johnson, maker-up, 60 cents per hour, to compositor, 50 cents per hour, monotype section.

Daniel J. McCarty, proofreader, 60 cents per hour, proof section, to reviser, 65 cents per hour, proof section.

Charles Henry, messenger, 35 cents per hour, to clerk, $900 per annum, office of foreman of printing.

George D. McCathran, temporary messenger boy, 15 cents per hour, to probational messenger boy, 15 cents per hour, linotype section, night.

Stanley A. Shaner, messenger boy, 15 cents per hour, to skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour, linotype section.

Miss Jessie B. Brush, pressfeeder, 25 cents per hour, to 27½ cents per hour, press division, night.

TEXT-BOOK LAW TO STAND.

Topeka, Kan., January 4.—Kansas trade unionists are preparing to battle before the next legislature with those who favor weakening the state text-book law. The workers say this legislation has been amended too much and as it now stands it does not represent the ideals of its original advocates. As first proposed, it would be mandatory that common school text books should be printed by the state. As the law now reads this matter is in the hands of a commission.

BIG COMPENSATION BENEFITS.

Harrisburg, Pa., January 4.—The state compensation law became effective the first of the year 1916. From that time until December 1, 45,901 employes have recevied $1,092,585.22 compensation for disability.

In the same period, 1,099 employes were killed, leaving 610 widows, 1,809 fatherless children and 210 other dependents eligible for compensation. The widows and other dependents of these 1,099 dead had received $121,480.55 up to December 1, and will receive before the termination of their respective agreements the sum of $2,640,850.80.

"LOOK WHO'S HERE."

By E. T. GOOD.

The eyes of the public have turned to the notice of the Federal Employes' Union, which at the end of the year 1916 had a membership of 500 members.

Mr. H. M. McLarin was elected president of this newly formed organization, with offices in the new A. F. of L. building at 9th street and Massachusetts avenue northwest. Mr. McLarin is a native of the state of Georgia, coming to Washington from Atlanta.

Previous to his being elected president of the Federal Employes' Union Mr. McLarin was for ten years secretary in the office of Quartermaster-Sergeant of the War Department. He's a climber, you can bet, having graduated from George Washington University, Department of Law. He has a big job on his hands and gives his entire time to the office which he holds, being as well the legislative representative of his organization. In carrying on the duties of his office Mr. McLarin will and has already fallen in contact with men of the local labor movement, and we welcome him and his associates into this movement, which calls for untiring workers of a conscientious and efficient make up, such as we know he and those with him to be.

The New York Times some time ago printed a story carrying with it a likeness of Mr. McLarin and relating principally to the forming of the union here in Washington, of which he was made president.

This organization represents one of the wonderful bits of work in the endeavors of the A. F. of L.; people said it couldn't be done, but here we have it, and the employes in the service of the United States government not yet affiliated will benefit by falling in line with their application.

Much valuable information for government departmental clerks is to be found in the official monthly magazine of the organization which is published under the name of the Federal Employe.

TRY TO CHECK UNIONISM.

Punxsutawney, Pa., January 4.—Trade union agitation in this place resulted in silk workers securing a wage increase of $1.50 a week and an eight-hour day with the implied understanding that they would not affiliate to the American Federation of Labor. Glass bottle laborers received three wage advances for the same purpose.

A wave of organization is sweeping this section and many trade unions are being formed. Furnance workers are demanding wage increases of 15 to 20 per cent and better working conditions.

At Brookville workers employed in a furniture factory, in brick plants, wagon factories and other concerns are awakening to the benefits of trade unionism, and at Reynoldsville the newly formed unions are resisting an attempt to destroy them.

WANTS COMPENSATION LAW.

St. Louis, Mo., January 4.—Copies of the tentative draft of the workmen's compensation bill, which it is proposed to have introduced in the coming state legislature, is being distributed by the state federation of labor.

This is the third attempt to secure a compensation law, and there have been three commissions appointed by the governor and the state legislature to investigate the question.

The present movement is the result of joint action by trade unionists and employers who met in this city last May and organized the Missouri Workmen's Compensation Conference for the purpose of agreeing on a bill instead of having their fight before the legislature, as was the rule on former occasions.

PAPERHANGERS STRIKE.

Los Angeles, Cal., January 4.—Paper hangers employed by the Universal Film Company, at Universal City, suspended work because of eight-hour violations. These workers are members of Painters' Union No. 202 and charge that the motion picture concern broke an eight-hour agreement.

Pay that subscription now!

New Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits for Hire

WILNER'S
ADVANCED FALL STYLES
The Latest Novelties of the Season . . . $18.50

EVERY UNION MAN OUGHT TO TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THIS OFFER

Not only do we save you $10.00 on every suit you buy, but our workmanship has proven to stand up, to hold its shape, curl nor wrinkle until the garment will last, and we guarantee to last you fully three years.

We are the FIRST and ONLY Union Custom Tailors in this City.

Order Your Suit From
JOS. A. WILNER & COMPANY
COR. 8th and G STREETS NORTHWEST

SHAKY ON "CAN'T-STRIKE" LAW.

Denver, January 4.—The Labor Bulletin of this city taunts the state industrial commission that it has dodged every opportunity to test the state "can't-strike" law, which denies workers the right to suspend work until it passes on the dispute. The Labor Bulletin says:

"Even the three present industrial commissioners appreciate the fact that this law is illegal, for in every instance where its constitutionality has been questioned they have sidestepped testing the act in the courts."

At the coming session of the Colorado legislature the unionists will make a drive to repeal the statute.

DEMAND EIGHT-HOUR DAY.

Cincinnati, January 4.—At a mass meeting of organized garment workers, it was voted to demand an eight-hour day and wage increases.

STAGE EMPLOYES ADVANCE.

Denver, January 4.—Stage Employes' Union No. 7 has signed an agreement with theater managers in this city. Wages are increased and vary from $2.50 to $5 a week.

Washington District Council of Carpenters
Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple
ROBERT ADAM, President, Local 2563, U. B., 1511 Vermont Avenue N.W.
R. H. BURDETTE, Vice President, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
E. B. BYRNE, Secretary, Local 132, U. B., 425 G Street N.W.
F. A. SHOESMITH, Treasurer, Local 2563, U. B., 5209 Georgia Avenue N.W.
C. H. ADAMS, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 804 A Street N.E.
R. H. BURDETTE, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
H. PAGE, Trustee, Local 2563, U. B., 336½ 13th Street N.E.
ROBERT REICHARD, Local 132, U. B., 1720 34th Street N.W.
J. H. RYAN, Local 132, U. B., 1101 11th Street S.E.
FRED HOOK, Local 2563, U. B., 1528 8th Street N.W.
WILLIAM MACKIE, Local 2563, U. B., 216 Seaton Place N.E.
BUSINESS AGENT.
GEO. MYERS, 425 G Street N. W.

GEO. D. HORNING,
N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.
LOAN OFFICE

CORBY CAKE
AT ALL GROCERS

WE DO ALL KINDS OF
Job Printing
AND THE PRICE IS RIGHT
The Trades Unionist, 604-6 5th St. N. W.

CORBY'S YEAST
Leaves nothing to guess-work.
Its purity and strength are uniform.
Every baker knows what that means.
Send for samples.
THE CORBY COMPANY
STATION K. WASHINGTON, D. C.

Building Trades Headquarters Sixth and G Sts. N. W
Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rent
WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES, TOBACCO.
COSTELLO BROS

THE PLATE PRINTER
Official Organ Plate Printers International Union.
P. J. RYAN, Editor. CHAS. T. SMITH, Assoc. Editor.
Subscription $1.00 Per Year
Telephone 4528 Wash. Loan & Trust Bldg.

Representative Houses
OF WASHINGTON, D. C.
The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

BANKS

NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burglar-proof vaults; acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth Street and New York Avenue.

WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee, etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK. A bank for the working people. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account. Ninth and G Sts. N. W.

UNION SAVINGS BANK. Commercial accounts. Three per cent interest on savings accounts. The oldest savings bank in Washington.

MICHAEL T. GREENE
Liquors and Cigars. 639 D St. N. W.

STONER'S BAR AND RESTAURANT
The, G. Stoner. 206 Seventh St.S. W.

J. CHAS. McGUIRE'S BUFFET
Federal Seal Whiskey. 519 Ninth St. N. W.

O'KEEFE'S BUFFET
P. J. O'Keefe, Prop. 904 Pa. Ave. N. W.

GLAVIN'S BUFFET
ED. J. GLAVIN 309 G Street Northwest

FRANK'S BUFFET
Fourth and G Sts. N. W. Phone M. 5572.

DAVID WALSH'S BUFFET
407 10th Street N. W.

E. E. FARLEY'S BUFFET
415 13th Street N. W.

J. J. O'DONNELL'S BUFFET
333 Penn. Avenue S. E.

HARRY'S BUFFET
631 Penn. Ave. S. E. Phone Lin. 1843

MACHINIST

G. W. FORSBERG, formerly with Forsberg & Murray, Elevators, Boilers. Eighth and Water Sts. S. W. Main 742.

GROCER AND COFFEE ROASTER

SOMERSET R. WATERS, 1342 7th St. N. W.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

RALSTON & RICHARDSON, Evans Building, 1420 New York Avenue.

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.

SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (Inc.), Soda Water, Syrups, etc. 1066 Wis. Ave. N. W.

PHOTO SUPPLIES

E. J. PULLMAN. Developing and Finishing for Amateurs a Specialty. 420 9th St. N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS

MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Ave. N. W. Our Specialty, Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

FIRE INSURANCE

FIREMEN'S INSURANCE COMPANY, Seventh Street and Louisiana Avenue.

DRY GOODS

WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings. Hosiery, a Specialty. 806-808 H St. N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

UNDERTAKERS

J. WILLIAM LEE
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY
332 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.

W. H. BUTLER CO., 607-9 C St. N. W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT

NATIONAL MORTAR CO., 1st and M N.E.
COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING CO., 3036 K Street.

DRUGGISTS

CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth St. and Virginia Ave. S. E.
DAY & CO. 5th and G Sts. N.W. 14th and P N.W., 20th and R. I. Ave. N.E.
QUIGLEY, Druggist, 21st and G Sts. N.W.
A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner 7th and P Streets N. W. N. 2372.

F. C. ROBERTS CAPTAIN IN INDUSTRIAL FIELD

J. L. Rodier, in the Atlanta Journal of Labor, says F. C. Roberts, formerly president of Columbia Typographical Union No. 101 and lately labor commissioner of Porto Rico, is one of the "Captains in the industrial field who have made the labor movement successful."

"It was in Savannah, in the early '90s," says Mr. Rodier, "that I first heard of Flournoy Roberts. I doubt if a more serious minded, sedate man is to be found between Dan and Beersheba. Roberts, a mere boy, came out in a strike on a newspaper there. He went to Washington to work in the Government Printing Office, where he early achieved prominence in the great Columbia Typographical Union 101, which has had among its membership some of the biggest minded, ablest men in the labor movement the country has produced.

"It was not long before the earnestness of Roberts, his ability as a platform orator and organizer, and his tireless energy and industry attracted the attention of the officers of the American Federation of Labor, and he was frequently sent by that organization upon missions which called for a man of exceptional ability and unquestioned integrity. In the great political campaigns to "reward its friends and punish its enemies," which was instituted by the A. F. of L. ten years ago, Flournoy Roberts was always sent where there was much to do to accomplish the desired results. How well he wrought is known of all the leaders in the movement.

"Roberts has held exalted positions in the International Typographical Union, and had he aspired to the highest office in its gift I make no doubt he would have succeeded, for he is known the continent over as an earnest, zealous worker, capable of filling any position with credit to himself and honor to his craft, one who has never been affiliated with any clique or faction inimical to the highest interests of the I. T. U. and of the cause.

"It was while serving Columbia Typographical Union as delegate to the Los Angeles convention that Flournoy Roberts was appointed by President Wilson as Commissioner of Labor for Porto Rico. Truth to tell, little enough has been accomplished, for Flournoy Roberts was up against the strongest proposition a labor evangelist ever essayed when he went to our insular possession in the Atlantic, but that he will accomplish great things is certain.

"When he reached the island, a strike of the native laborers on the great sugar plantation was in progress, and instead of aligning himself with the employing class and enjoying a dolce far niente on a tropical island he plunged into work for the sorely-burdened natives. There he will be found until relieved of his commission, and the results of his endeavors are sure to be beneficial, though it will take time to accomplish the things he has set out to do.

"Like all the gallant company of "field captains" of which he is a part, his one and only object in life is to "rescue the perishing" industrialist and make his sojourn here on earth as tolerable as human existence can be. The world has all too few such men."

Just before receiving his appointment as Labor Commissioner of Porto Rico, Mr. Roberts, while employed in the Government Printing Office, made a test case of the thirty days' leave of absence law, and the comptroller of the Treasury, having decided in his favor, the employes in the Government Printing Office are now enjoying the full thirty days' leave, besides being paid for holidays while on leave.

FOOD PROBE FAVORED.

The House judiciary committee has made a favorable report on a resolution authorizing the federal trade commission to probe the cost of living.

"The hearings on this resolution," the committee reports, "disclosed a condition strongly pointing to a control of food products by those engaged in marketing the same in this country and in foreign countries.

"They disclose, too, that marketing conditions were not all satisfactory to a large number of farmers and stock raisers.

"Food shortage with resulting distress to wage earners and consumers was not only a possibility but a real menace, the hearings showed.

"Your committee believes that there is an economic problem involved which can only be solved in the interest of the American people by a thorough investigation."

LITHOGRAPHERS GAIN.

Denver, January 4.—Organized lithographers employed in this and surrounding cities have raised wages 10 per cent through conference with their employers. The agreement includes many departments that have heretofore not been recognized in wage contracts.

URGES CLOSER SUPERVISION OVER EMPLOYMENT AGENCIES

Austin, Tex., January 4.—In his annual report Commissioner of Labor Woodman urges closer supervision over licensed employment agencies. He says there is no record of the number of men "sold by the man-catchers," nor of the amount they receive.

Commissioner Woodman recommends a long list of laws that would be beneficial to the workers. They include greater health, safety and comfort, regulating plumbing and electrical installation, inspection of stationary boilers, standard cabooses, free text school books, protection of workmen in erection of buildings of three or more stories in height, adequate birth and death registration, state control or ownership of public school books, age limit for motion picture machine operators and a free employment agency for school teachers.

WAGES NOT SUFFICIENT.

Milwaukee, January 4.—"It is impossible for a man with a family of more than three, and working for ordinary wages, to make both ends meet," declared Mrs. Katherine Van Wyck, secretary of the Associated Charities. "High prices are forcing into semi-dependency many families who in previous years were self-supporting," she said.

Mrs. Van Wyck cited this case as one of many confronting her organization:

"A man having a wife and six children asks for aid. He earns $2 a day. The family lives in three rooms and pays $7 rent. The monthly surplus after rent has been paid and fuel and food purchased is $3.25. There still remains to be purchased clothing for eight people. There is nothing left for medicine or medical care. Saving cannot be thought of. We must supplement the wages of the man, or the children will go without sufficient food and clothing."

WOMEN'S LAW VIOLATED.

Oklahoma City, Okla., January 4.—Organized labor of this state has another example of the ineffectiveness of labor laws unless backed up by a strong trade union.

This is what the Oklahoma Federationist says of the women's nine-hour law:

"Violations of the Oklahoma women's nine-hour law are many, yet it seems almost impossible to obtain a conviction. The latter report is to the effect that a jury in Tulsa county allowed a Chinaman to go scot-free after sufficient evidence had been presented by American girls to the effect that the law had been clearly violated. In many cases county attorneys are also lukewarm and have to be prevailed upon to issue warrants when the evidence has been procured."

DEMAND HUMAN FREEDOM.

Denver, January 4.—Trade unionists in this state are stiffening their lines for a fight to repeal the law which prohibits a strike until a commission investigates and reports on the case. The recent failure of the Denver Mailers' Union to raise wages has fanned the flame of opposition. For eighteen months the mailers were restrained from striking to enforce living wages and now the commission tells them the high cost of paper and other material makes increases for them out of the question. The commission refused to investigate the books of the newspapers.

LINEMEN ASK INCREASE.

San Francisco, January 4.—The Pacific Telephone and Telegraph Company is called upon to increase wages of its electrical workers 25 cents a day. The demand is made by the Pacific District Council of Electrical Workers.

San Antonio, Tex., January 4.—Members of Electrical Workers' Union No. 60 have suspended work to enforce a $5 wage scale and the union shop. Conferences between the interested parties failed to adjust the differences.

OPPOSE SUNDAY WORK.

Kansas City, Mo., January 4.—Butcher Workmen's Union is conducting an agitation against Sunday employment. These workers now labor from thirteen to fifteen hours a day from Monday until Saturday, and on the latter day they labor from 6 until 11 p.m. Sunday hours are from 6:30 in the morning until noon.

UNIONISTS GREET FARMERS.

Lansing, Mich., January 4.—At the annual convention of the State Grange, President Taylor of the Michigan Federation of Labor extended greetings on behalf of the industrial workers and urged the farmers to assign a fraternal delegate to the convention of the federation at Grand Haven, next September.

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

UNION OPERATOR — LOCAL No. 224 — WASH. D.C. — AFFILIATED WITH CENTRAL LABOR UNION & A.F. of L.

American, 1st st. and R. . ave.n.w.
Apollo, - - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Auditorium, 13th st. and N. Y. ave.n.w.
Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Casino - - - 7th and F Sts. N. W.
Central Park - - 9th bet. G & H N.W.
Chelsia Theatre, 19th and M sts. n. w.
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N. W.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Eagle Gate Theatre - Sol. Home Gate
Eastern, - - 8th St. bet. F & G S. E.
Elite Theatre, 14th and R. I. ave. n. w.
Empire, - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Fairyland, - 19th and L st. n. w.
Favorite, H St. North Capitol & First
Garden Theatre, 423 Ninth st. n. w.
Gayety Theatre, - 513 9th st. n. w.
Georgia - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
Home Theater, C bet. 12th & 13th n. e.
Liberty Theatre, N. Capitol & P St.
Lyric Theatre - - 14th near Park Rd.
Maryland - - - 624 9th St. N. W.
"M" Street Theatre, M St. near 32nd
Maycroft Park, H St. bet. 6 7, N.E.
Meaders, - - - 8th & G Sts. S. E.
Mid City, - 7th, bet. N and O st. n. w.
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Odeon - - 14th and Church Sts. N. W.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15, N.W.
Peerless Park, - 3105 Ga. ave. n. w.
Penn Gardens - - 21st St. & Pa. Ave.
Plaza Theatre - 434 9th st. n. w.
Pleasant Hrr. Park, 12 and C N. E.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Randolpr Park, 1st and Randolph n. w.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
R. I. Theatre, 7th and R. I. Ave. N. W.
Savoy, - - - 14th and Col. Road.
Schuetzen Park, Ga. ave. and Kenyon
Standard Park, Bates, near N. Cap. St.
Strand, - - - - - Ninth and D.
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N. E.
Stanton Park, - - - 219 4th N. E.
Starlight Park, 4 1-2 and K st. n. w.
Surprise Theatre - Alexandria, Va.
The Strand, - - Hopewell, Va.
The Richmond, - - Alexandria, Va.
Truxton Park, N. Capitol & Fla. Ave.
Victoria Theatre, 7th & E Sts. S. W.
Virginia - - - 614 9th St. N. W.

GENEROSITY, OR PRECAUTION?

San Francisco, January 4.—Under the above caption, Editor Barry of the Star, says:

"The directors of the Santa Fe have voted to give 25,000 unorganized employes a bonus of 10 per cent on their salaries. The organized trainmen are shut out from this gratuity, 'because,' says President Ripley, 'we feel that they are already getting enough for their services; these other unorganized men are not. It is an emergency measure adopted to meet unusual conditions.' But if the Santa Fe cannot afford to give its trainmen an eight-hour day, how can it afford to disburse $2,750,000 to its cheap labor? Is the 'emergency' the fear that they also will organize and demand the wages which Ripley says they are entitled to but are not getting? And why are they underpaid, while the organized workers are 'already getting enough?' These are pertinent questions."

WANT A "CAN'T-STRIKE" LAW.

The United States Chamber of Commerce has submitted to a referendum of its affiliated chambers of commerce and trade organizations a committee report favoring "a full investigation" before a strike of railroad employes can be inaugurated.

The proposal provides that representatives of the public shall constitute a majority on any board of conciliation or arbitration.

The committee that recommended this policy was composed of four lawyers, one banker, three business men, one publisher and four educators.

STREET CAR MEN ADVANCE.

Augusta, Ga., January 4.—In accordance with a contract signed last year wages of members of Street Car Men's Union No. 577 will automatically increase 1 cent an hour the first of the year. The agreement provides that on entering the service a minimum rate of 23 cents will be increased 1 cent an hour every year during the life of the three-year contract.

MEAT CUTTERS WANT MORE.

Springfield, Mass., January 4.—Butcher workmen and meat cutters have prepared a new agreement, with improved working conditions, to take effect the first of the year.

STOGIE STRIKE ENDS.

Wheeling, W. Va., January 4.—The Pollack stogie factories have signed an agreement with the Girl Strippers' Union and the general strike of stogie makers in this city is at an end. The Pollack concern was the last to concede higher wages. The wages of girls are increased and stogie makers will be paid an additional $1 per thousand.

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

J. G. O'DONNELL, President, 122 Sixth St. N. E.
M. J. Deery, Vice-President, 2407 Girard St. N. E.
THOS. W. WOLTZ, Recording Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
G. H. F. DAVIS, Treasurer, 439 Second St. S. E.
W. I. STRATTON, Conductor, 617 Sixth St. N. W.
A. F. MOIRSETTE, Warden, 425 G St. N. W.
GEO. MYERS, Business Agent, 425 G St. N. W.

TRUSTEES.

F. J. NOLTE, 24 Eighth Street N. E.
MARK REILEY, 1127 B St. S. E.
A. P. TAYLOR, 622 I Street N. E.

DELEGATES TO THE DISTRICT COUNCIL.

R. H. BURDETTE, 1207 L Street N. W.
C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
E. B. BYRNE, 425 G Street N. W.
ROBERT REICHARD, 1720 35th Street N. W.
J. H. RYAN, 1101 Eleventh Street S. E.

DELEGATES TO THE CENTRAL LABOR UNION.

C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
R. H. BURDETTE, 816 K Street N. W.
W. S. HOLLOHAN, 314 Seventh Street N. E.
C. A. SAUNDERS, 244 9th St. S. E.
LOUIS LUEBKERT, 1314 Kerney St. N. E.

RELIEF COMMITTEE.

THOS. P. O'DEA, 1149 4th St. N. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
H. M. BEVILL, Brentwood, Md.
J. T. CLIFT, 4115 Seventh Street N. W.
M.A. FOLEY, 118 Seaton Street N. E.

MILL COMMITTEE.

F. E. KETTNER, 3016 Cambridge St. N. W.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
O. A. CARTER, Rosslyn, Va.

DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

G. H. F. DAVIS, 439 Second Street S. E.

LIST OF LIQUOR DEALERS WHO HAVE SIGNED "THE AGREEMENT."

Allen, Paul.....2 N st. n| e.
Allen, John J...807 N. C. Cap st. n. e.
Beirkle, Leopold, - 1245 H st. n. e.
Boyle, William J., 601 Mass. ave n. w.
Castelli, Vincent, 502-504 Ninth st.n.w.
Clark, C. H.....510 9th st. n. w.
Colonial Beach Boat Co.
Costello, Bros.....604 G st. n. w.
Crowley, James J.....702 E st. n. w.
Daly, T. J.....34 H st. n. e.
Daye, Wm. T.....1218 Wisc. ave.
Doyle, Wm. T....1314 Wisc. ave. n. w.
Duffy, James A. -901 1-2 E st. n. w.
Wm. R. Fosbender, 406 Ninth st. n w.
Franey, F. A.....711½ 9th st. n. w.
Frank, Mrs. M. E. - 319 G st. n. w.
Ganey, M.....615 7th st. s. w.
Glavin, Edwin.....309 G st. n. w.
Hannan, Mrs. E.....531 7th st. s. w.
Hanlon, Timothy.....822 H st. n. e.
Kelliher, J. D.....1258 7th st. s. w.
Killeen, John F.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Louis Hodges, - - 407 9th st n. w.
Lynagh, Peter J.....523 7th st. s. w.
Lynch, John.....417 9th st. n. w.
McCarthy, F. J.....910 4½ st. s. w.
McCarthy, Jas. J.....1402 H st. n. e.
McDonald, F. J.....643 Pa. ave. s. e.
McGinniss, H. J., 1001 N. Y. ave. n. w.
McGuire, J. Chas., 519 Ninth st. n. w.
McHough, Martin....1105 H st. n. e.
Milton Schmidt, - 702 7th st. n. w.
O'Connor, D. J.....100 G st. n. w.
O'Connor, Patrick F., 617 D st. n. w.
O'Connor, James.....1429 N. Cap. st.
O'Day, John T. - 921 Ninth st. n. w.
O'Donnell, James J...333 Pa. ave. s. e.
Peter White, - - - 905 D st. n. w.
Raftery, Thomas.....406 H st. n. e.
Raftery, Patrick.....225 11th st. n. e.
Roland, J. H.....511 9th st. n. w.
Scanlon, Daniel,.....103 H st. n. w.
Schroter, Conrad....3258 M st. n. w.
Schltz, Mary T.....607 G st. n. w.
Sheehan, John J., 701 North Cap. st.
Solon, Mary A., - 1003 7th st. e.
Stern, M. M.....601 7th st. n. w.
Stanton, Frank J.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Sullivan, David, 12th and E st. n. w.
Sullivan, John J., 1351 35th st. n. w.
The Casino, Frank Farenkamp (Chesapeake Beach).
Victor Buffet Co., Inc., 7th and G n. w.
Walsh, David, - - 407 10th st. n. w
Wassman, Henry, 705 Seventh st. n. w.
Wiedeman, Joseph....629 E st. n. w.
William J. O'Leary, 733 North Cap. st.
Wininghcr, Harry 631 Pa. ave. s. e.
Wolf, Frank, - 512 12th st. n. w.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
Meets Every Monday Night
Typographica Temple
423-425 G St. N. W.
Secretary s Address: 1325 E. Capitol St.
Telephone: Lincoln 3955

OFFICERS

N. A. JAMES .....President
HUGH DIGNEY .....Vice-President
JOHN B. COLPOYS, Secretary, 1325 E. Capitol St.
JOSEPH E. TOONE.....Financial Secretary
WM. H. SCHAEFER.....Treasurer
JOSEPH C. CLARK.....Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES: Wm. Zell, Mary Ganzhorn, J. L. Considine

COMMITTEES

Executive—Hugh Digney (chairman), N. A. James, John B. Colpoys, J. E. Toone, W. N. Huttel, John R. Hartley.
Legislative—Robert Jones (chairman), John H. Lorch, N. P. Alifas, H. R. Alcorn, E. W. Oyster.
Adjustment—W. N. Huttel (chairman), Jere McCarthy, J. A. McDonald, Ben Spellbring, John G. Schmidt.
Contract—John R. Hartley (chairman), W. H. Schaefer, Hubert Newsom, C. H. Adams, A. J. Ginnelly.
Laws—Dan Hassett (chairman), J. H. Wells, D. J. O'Leary.
Resolutions—J. L. Considine (chairman), Zep S. Pollock, A. J. Kimmell.
Organization—J. E. Toone (chairman), Mary Burkhead, Henry Miller, J. H. Wilson, H. A. Ranier.
Auditing—Mary Ganzhorn (chairman), Marguerite Stewart, E. Wood.
Credentials—M. J. Costella (chairman), J. H. Swain, S. T. Ford.
Lable—E. T. Good.
Press—John B. Colpoys (chairman, N. A. Sprague, B. O'Leary.
Delegates to Baltimore—J. E. Toone (chairman) J. M. Foster, William Zell.
Delegates to Alexandria—H. F. Oehler (chairman). Chas. Allison, L. A. Sterne.

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, F. S. Radman, 134 7th Street N.E.

Bakery Salemen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secre- Wednesdays of each month at Moose Hall, tary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sunday in each month, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N. W.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. F. Miller, 19 Quincy Place northwest.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets first and third Sunday of the month at the Secretary, T. Guiffre, 908 Pennsylvania ave- Moose Hall, Seventh and G Street Northwest. nue northwest.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 48: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E street southeast.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G Street N. W.

Brotherhood of Railway Carmen of America, Local Union No. 313: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Streets N. E. Secretary, H. A. Chambers, 2113 4th N. E. Meeting nights first and third Tuesdays.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles' Hall. Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 520 Rhode Island Ave. N. E.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhan, 737 10th St. s. e.

Chauffeurs and Hack Drivers Union, Local No. 115: Meets the first and third Saturday of each month, G. A. R. Building, 1412 Pa. Ave. Secretary-Treasurer, Kirk C. Sipher, Room 25, 945 Pa. Ave. northwest.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wassaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Twelfth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3800 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Paperhangers Hall, 430 Ninth Street N. W., second and fourth Thursdays of the month. Secretary, Edw. B. Finch, 33 P Street N. E.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets every Friday, at 8:00 p.m. Hall, S. E. Cor. Tenth and Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, Jas. P. Lahey, 816 5th street northeast.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and B Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hiale, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Employes' Union No. 14632: Meets second Friday of each month, Perpetual Building Association Hall. Secretary, W. M. Lynch, 409 A. F. of L. Building.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Watchmen's Union No. 14964: Secretary, Jas. H. Reed, Cor. Sec., 1228 B street southwest.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, John T. Bowers, Twentieth and Twenty-first and L and M streets northwest.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Avenue S. E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 Twelfth St. N. E.

Laundry Workers, Local No. 110: Meets first Friday in each month at Winslow's Hall, 12 and R streets northwest. Secretary, Moten Jefferson, 550 Twenty-fourth street northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, W. N. Huttel, 1430 A St. N. E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday, 1204 Pa. Ave. N. W. Secretary, E. H. Fulton, 1120 E St. S. E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. F. McDonnell.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third 2665. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Bus. Agt.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 922 Pa. Ave. N. W. Phone M. 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets second Sunday and fourth Friday in each month. Secretary, Albert Bridges 210 L st. s. e.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 426: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m. Secretary, J. A. Whitecar, 2209 Minnesota Ave. S. E.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas. B. Cameron, Bethesda, Md.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Robt. J. Barrett, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month. Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 820 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressmen, No. 1: Meets fourth Monday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N.E.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custedian and Janiter, 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, W. P. Cannon, 408 Twelfth St. S. E.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe. 826 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. F. Hickman, 518 Sixth St. N. W.

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Mrs. H. B. Tritipoe, 1737 Willard street N. W., Apt. 20.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10.30 a. m. and 8.30 p. m. Secretary, G. W. Calderhead, Room 412 Wash. Loan and Trust Building.

The High School Teachers' Union of Washington, D. C., No. 8: Meets in the Music Room of the New Central High School at 3.30 p. m. the second Tuesday in the months of October, December, February, and May. Secretary, G. J. Jones, Central High School.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle. 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 53: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 750 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Friday, Typographical Temple. Secretary, L. Gantt, 57-A Bates Street.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: International Secretary-Treasurer, Jas. E. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G St. N. W. Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth St. N. W.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.

Clothes, Hats and Shoes

The Bieber-Kaufman Co.
901-909 Eighth St. S. E.
Down by the Navy Yard
Washington, D. C.

BUTLER'S RHEUMATIC and GOUT REMEDY.
A KIDNEY AND HEART TONIC
Manufactured Since 1872 By
BUTLER & FIELD
Third and Indiana Ave. N. W.
Price 50c a bottle. 6 for $2.50
For Sale By Druggists.

LANSBURGH & BRO.
"DRY GOODS ONLY"
The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City
420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1 Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.

M. J. DUNNIGAN, President.....2007 14 Street N.W.
JOHN G. WOLFE, Vice-President. 1023 N. J. Ave. N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W.

TRUSTEES

Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E.
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E.
Thos. L. Nevins.....504 Maine Avenue S. W.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe,.....1023 N. J. Ave. N. W
J. McElfresh,.....
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E.
A. Tenley.....964 Florida Ave. N. W.
M. Sullivan.....5631-2 15 St. S. E.

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.

Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ARBITRRATION COMMITTEE.

M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W.
M. A. Wolfe,.....418 F St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. E.
Joseph Harding.....210 13 St. S. W.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....2006 2nd St. N. W
R. Pumphrey.....223 Q St. N. W.
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W.
Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. W.

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Cap
M. J. McNulty.....467 L St. S

DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.

John Wolfe.....1023 N. J Avenue N. W.
William Pollard.....522 14 St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
Fred Negus.....30 L St. N W

The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I. P. E. U.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXI. NO. 29 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, JANUARY 12, 1917. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

C. L. U. OFFICERS ARE NAMED

Woman Honored With the High Position of Vice President.

At one of the largest attended meetings held for some time the Central Labor Union last Monday night elected officers for the next six months. It was one of the most spirited elections ever held, requiring two ballots to elect a president and secretary. For the first time in the history of the C. L. U. a woman has been elected as vice president in the person of Mrs. Mary Ganzhorn, who represents the women's union of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing. This was quite a compliment, coming as it did after a representative of one of the oldest locals at the bureau had just been defeated for the honor of president of the body.

Mr. Hugh Digney, who was elected president, is the first building trades man to occupy this position for a number of years, the last one being our lamented friend Milford Spohn, one of the founders of the C. L. U. and a member of the Bricklayers.

The office of secretary was filled by the election of Newton A. James, one of the oldest delegates in point of service in the body, and for honesty and integrity it would be hard to beat Newt., so the delegates can feel assured that this responsible position will be well and ably looked after. Joseph E. Toone, William H. Schaefer and Joseph Clark were unanimously re-elected financial secretary, treasurer and sergeant-at-arms, respectively. The following are the new officers:

President, H. D. Digney.
Vice president, Mrs. Mary Ganzhorn.
Secretary, Newton A. James.
Financial secretary, J. E. Toone.
Treasurer, W. H. Schaefer.
Sergeant-at-arms, Joseph Clark.
Trustees, James Considine, William Zell and W. W. Keeler.
Delegate to Chamber of Commerce, Ed. Tucker.

The installation of the foregoing officers will take place at the next regular meeting of the Central Labor Union, Monday night.

ELECTED PRESIDENT OF C. L. U.

HUGH D. DIGNEY.

TRADE UNIONISTS FIGHT JOB-SELLING PRACTICE

Columbus, Ohio, January 11.—Trade unionists are interesting many employers in the job selling practice of foremen, by which foreigners are victimized. There is no law to reach these extorters, and the workers will ask the legislature to act.

Last summer the state industrial commission issued a special report on this evil, which was declared the "worst possible type of industrial slavery, and it is small wonder that the much exploited immigrant often feels bitter, and that sometimes this bitterness manifests itself in acts of violence during the excitement incident to a strike. What respect can the immigrationt be expected to have for organized society which permits such conditions to exist?"

The state investigators declared that the payment of fees to foremen for furnishing jobs is a well established custom in a number of plants in this state. The employes paying these fees are almost always non-English speaking foreigners, and those who profit from the fees are usually English speaking, and generally of a different race from those who are exploited.

The commission is not inclined to exonerate employers from blame. They state that it is "almost inconceivable" that this reprehensible practice could be carried on under the very eyes of the general officers of any company without some knowledge of the fact on their part.

MEAT CUTTERS ORGANIZE.

Port Arthur, Tex., January 11.—Meat cutters in this city have tired of the seven-day week and to end the practice have organized local No. 608 of the Amalgamated Meat Cutters and Butcher Workmen.

A union of teamsters has also been organized and the bakers, cooks and waiters are discussing the advantages of trade unionism.

CAR MEN'S WAGES RAISED.

Detroit, January 11.—Wages of the 500 motormen and conductors employed by the Michigan United Railway Company are raised $75,000 a year by an arbitration award that was dissented from by the company's representative, who declared that the company cannot pay the new rates and that "an impossible situation is created."

The majority of the board refused to accept this pessimistic view and ordered that rates, beginning the first of the year, shall be as fallows:

City lines—First six months, 28 cents an hour; second six months, 29 cents; first year, 31 cents; thereafter, 32 cents. The old rates were 23, 24 and 26 cents respectively.

Interurban lines—First six months, 32 cents an hour; thereafter, 35 cents. The old interurban scale was 27 cents an hour for the first year, 29 cents for the second year and 30 cents thereafter.

The decision is retroactive and the men will be paid from June 1 last under the new scale. The company controls several city and interurban lines in southern Michigan.

GAINS BY CIGAR MAKERS.

Chicago, January 11.—The membership of the Cigar Makers' International Union increased 5,478 between the months of January and November, 1916. On the latter date the total membership was 44,672. President Perkins states that about 15,000 of these workers have received wage increases, in many cases without resorting to strike.

Large numbers of unorganized cigar makers have likewise benefited because of the union's activity. This is especially true of the non-union shops that advertise themselves as "open shops."

MILK DRIVERS ORGANIZING.

Sacramento, Cal., January 11.—Milk drivers are organizing to enforce daylight delivery and other improved working conditions.

YEAST WORKERS HOLD SEMI-ANNUAL ELECTION

Yeast Workers, Local No. 14639, elected officers for the ensuing six months at their meeting in Typographical Temple last Friday evening as follows:

S. S. Parker, president.
W. H. White, vice president.
L. M. Green, recording secretary.
F. R. Hitts, financial secretary.
W. Clark, treasurer.
C. L. Schrader, trustee, eighteen months.
W. Sartin Guide,
J. F. Kidwall, sergeant-at-arms.
N. A. James, business agent for one year.

DEFENDS ADAMSON LAW.

Indianapolis, January 11.—Editor Dobson of the Bricklayer, Mason and Plasterer presents this defense and explanation of the Adamson law:

"First of all, it is not a wage increase law. Its operation gives the railroad worker the opportunity to complete his day's labor in eight hours because he can make his hundred-mile or less run within the prescribed number of hours by reason of the fact that the railroad companies will cut down abnormally long freight trains to such size that a dozen instead of one-half that number of miles are made an hour. This is all the railroad worker asks. He does not want long hours and delays en route; neither does he want over time pay, except only as a penalty to put a stop to the practice of piling on all the cars an engine can draw under favorable conditions.

"When the Adamson law becomes operative the railroad train service worker will enjoy his home and home life like a man, while the shipper, the merchant and the general public will be benefited materially in that much time now lost will be gained in transportation."

CARPENTERS WANT MORE.

Jackson, Mich., January 11.—Carpenters' Union has voted to raise wages from 45 to 55 cents an hour. Other demands will include the Saturday half-holiday and pay on the job, instead of waiting around Saturday evening to suit the convenience of the contractor.

Minneapolis, January 11.—The Fleisher Construction Company has signed an agreement with the Carpenters' Union. The firm is one of the largest of its kind in this section of the country and fought these unionists and other organized building craftsmen for more than six months.

WAITERS WORK LONG HOURS.

New Haven, Conn., January 11.—Waiters in this city have organized to reduce their working hours, which range from twelve to sixteen hours a day seven days a week.

CUBAN WORKERS' STRIKE ENDS WITH A VICTORY

Havana, January 11.—A strike against the Cuban Railroad Company has been settled by an agreement between the company and its employes. This railroad controls 600 miles of track in Eastern Cuba. When its employes tried to form a union they were discharged and a general strike ensued. Nearly 250 strikebreakers were imported from the United States in direct violation of Cuban law. Two-thirds of the strikebreakers did not know that they were coming to break a strike and were sent back home when they refused to work.

Cuban unionists notified President Gompers of the American Federation of Labor, and that official notified affiliated organizations of conditions here.

The strike on the Havana Central railroad is still on.

The Cuban sugar crop this year amounted to 3,500,000 tons, with the selling price three times as great as that of three years ago. The workers are receiving the same wages, year after year, in spite of increased living costs, and strikes naturally follow.

President Gompers recently visited Havana, and El Mundo (The World), a daily paper, said:

"The arrival of this well known North American leader gives actual importance to the strike movement. Most assuredly the visit of Mr. Gompers to our country will lead to magnificent results in the organization of the workers of Cuba and the unification of all the workers of America."

UNIONISM NEEDED HERE.

Fort Worth, Tex., January 11.—In his monthly report, President Cunningham of the state federation of labor makes the following reference to lumber conditions in the eastern part of this state:

"While in Orange I learned of a condition existing in the lumber camps that is deplorable, to say the least. The unskilled laborers in that industry have not had an advance in wages nor a change in hours of labor or conditions of employment in twenty-five years, and yet we are told the lumber interests are making no profits or dividends. The public knows how the price of lumber has increased during this period. Surely it was not the high price of labor that increased the price of this commodity."

BUTCHERS RAISE WAGES.

Oakland, Cal., January 11.—Butcher Workmen's Union No. 81 has signed an agreement with employers of Roslyn and Cle Elum which provides for wage increases of $1 a week and 7 o'clock closing on Saturday nights the year round, instead of only during the three summer months. Employes must be outside of the shops fifteen minutes after closing time.

TYPOS START "HOME PRODUCTS" CAMPAIGN

F. C. Roberts Engaged to Take Up Work of Keeping Printing in Washington.

What promises to be one of the most important developments in the recent progress of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101, was begun at the December meeting, when steps were taken to create the position of business agent or representative.

The Union has long been aware of the tendency of some of Washington's business men and organizations to ignore local firms when giving out printing, and it has been realized for some time by members who have studied conditions in the "downtown" shops that some form of organized effort to keep this work in Washington was absolutely necessary. Unions in neighboring cities have been doing some aggressive organization work during the past few years, resulting in a large amount of work being taken away from non-union offices in those cities. Some of these shops seem to have picked Washington as a fertile field to recoup this loss of work and employing printers have pointed out to union officials that the union should help them to meet this unfair competition. An increase of 10 per cent was recently obtained by the book and job men, but it is felt that still further increases can be obtained if some thorough organization work is done.

A motion was made at the December meeting to instruct the laws committee to bring in a law at the next meeting to create the position of representative and define the duties and salary of such position. When the need of such a man was brought out during the debate on the motion, an amendment was added to authorize the president to make the appointment pending the report of the laws committee.

President Morcock seems to have made a happy selection in appointing to the position Mr. F. C. Roberts, a former president of the Union and a man well posted on downtown affairs. Mr. Roberts had recently resigned the post of labor commissioner of Porto Rico, where he made a very creditable record. He entered upon his duties immediately, and is already securing encouraging results.

Mr. Roberts states that he is receiving the hearty co-operation of the proprietors of union shops, and a movement is now on foot among them to assume a part of his salary or pay the Union a percentage on all work turned in by him. The Allied Printing Trades Council of Washington has already undertaken to pay one-quarter of the salary, and there is hope that the executive council of the International Typographical Union will also agree to pay something toward this work. This would leave Columbia Union only a quarter or a third of this salary to pay.

Two of the largest pieces of printing now being done out of town are the telephone directory and the city directory. Efforts have been made in the past to bring these two jobs to Washington, but at that time the only firms having sufficient equipment were crowded for room. However, several of our local printers have greatly increased their facilities during the past few years, and some of them have assured Representative Roberts of their willingness to handle these two jobs if he can bring them here. These two directories alone would mean a great deal more work for members of Columbia Union if they could be brought here.

As an instance of the need of a man to do the kind of work that Representative Roberts is doing, members are citing the case of the magazine of the American National Red Cross, recently transferred from a union office in Washington to the non-union firm of Doubleday, Page & Co. of New York. To say the least, this is a serious mistake for an organization like the Red Cross to make, and it is to be hoped that Mr. Roberts can convince them of the fact.

Members of Columbia Union who are familiar with conditions that exist in the downtown field regard the "Home Products" campaign as a step in the right direction and are hoping that every member of the Union will co-operate in it.

UNIONISTS WILL NOT ASK FOR PROTECTION

Seattle, Wash., January 11.—The Central Labor Council rejected a proposal to ask officials of the State Federation of Labor what steps have been taken to protect delegates to the State Federation of Labor convention, which meets in Everett, January 22.

Vice President Short of the state body said:

"It would be an insult to labor to ask protection of the Commercial Club, which is the only power in Everett competent to give it. Labor doesn't want that protection and doesn't need it. Conditions are such in Everett that they demand the convention be held there. No other body of citizens can do so much to restore constitutional government to that benighted community as the sane, practical representatives of the working class in their state convention. Nothing more helpful to the Commercial Club in their fight on organized labor could well be imagined than the proposal to remove the convention from that city. It would be a confession of cowardice that would be held up to the ridicule of the entire world by the employing interests. Labor doesn't need to today, and they do not need nor will they ask for protection. We will go to Everett and stay in Everett until the constitutional guarantees are established."

The shingle weavers are still on strike in Everett, despite the high-handed tactics of mill owners, business men and county officials. These workers demand a wage scale paid in other sections of the state.

WANT AN INJUNCTION.

Hartford, Conn., January 11.—The Cohn & Roth Electric Company has abandoned its claim for damages against the building trades unions of this city and will now be satisfied with an injunction restraining these workers "from interfering with their business," which means that the unionists must not persist in refusing to work for the company while it employs non-union labor.

The Hartford Building Trades Exchange is avowedly anti-union, and is supporting the electric company which is attempting to disguse its hostility to organized labor by professing faith in the so-called "open shop." The unionists, however, refuse to be tricked by this term.

BUSINESS BOYCOTT IS LEGAL.

San Francisco, January 11.—The Supreme Court of California has ruled that it is lawful for an employe discharged by a firm to solicit trade of former customers for a competing firm.

An employe of the New Method Laundry was discharged and then induced customers of that concern to patronize a company with which he was connected. The first-named laundry secured an injunction to stop this practice, but the supreme court rules that the employe is within the law.

Organized farmers of Washington state are against the labor injunction.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF LABEL TRADES UNION LABEL COUNCILS WASHINGTON 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., JANUARY 12, 1916.

C. L. U. ELECTION.

The result of the election last Monday of the Central Labor Union can be looked on with full satisfaction. The officers chosen are well known in the local labor field and have faithfully fulfilled their duties. Mr. H. D. Digney, the new president, is business agent of the Painters and Decorators and for the past eighteen months has been the vice president of the central body. The vice president, Mrs. Mary Ganzhorn, is president of Local Union No. 12776, the women's union of the Bureau, and for six months served as a trustee of the C. L. U. Mr. Newton A. James, the newly-elected secretary, scarcely needs an introduction as his work during his terms as president, vice president and financial secretary, has proven his worth to the labor movement. Mr. James is business agent for the Brotherhood of Stationary Firemen's Local and first vice president of the International. Mr. J. E. Toone was rewarded for his good work by his re-election. He is business agent for the Bakery Salesmen and an organizer for the American Federation of Labor. Mr. W. H. Schaefer, of the Brewery Workers Local No. 48, was re-elected to serve his second term as treasurer. Joseph Clark, of the Brotherhood of Painters and Decorators, succeeded himself as sergeant-at-arms. The trustees also are well known and are affiliated as follows: James Considine, Bakery Salesmen; William Zell, Painters and Decorators, and Wm. W. Keeler, president Columbia Lodge of Machinists. Mr. Tucker, delegate to the Chamber of Commerce, is associated with the local machinists.

"Let us have faith that right makes might, and in that faith let us to the end dare to do our duty as we understand it."—Abraham Lincoln.

FREEDOM MUST NOT BE SURRENDERED.

By PRESIDENT GOMPERS, IN AMERICAN FEDERATIONIST.

It is proposed that Congress enact a law to prevent wage-earners from agreeing to quit work collectively. In other words, legislation is proposed to limit or deny the right of concerted action to inaugurate a strike. However, every one knows that the effect of the proposed legislation would be to deny individuals the right to stop working at will, or stated conversely, the law would compel workers to remain at work under conditions against which they protest—a condition which is in no way different from slavery.

The only way to make the protest of workers effective is concerted action. For one or two railroad men to leave their positions because they could not secure the eight-hour work day would accomplish but little in inducing the railroad corporations to agree to shorten hours of work. The only thing that can make the railroad companies see the reasonableness of the eight-hour work day is to make them appreciate the economic power of their employes.

The plain purpose of the legislation is to make strikes illegal. This is completely at variance with the whole trend of industrial development and recent legislation enacted by Congress. Practically all of the people of our country have now grasped the fact that a strike is not a crime. There must be a complete revulsion of feeling if they indorse the proposal in Congress which will make strikes crimes. If strikes are declared crimes, it will then be necessary to impose severe penalties in order to enforce the purpose of the law. The purpose and method of the legislation are reactionary. To make strikes illegal means to hold a prison before the eyes of the workers and to force them to work at the command of employers.

The workers throughout the entire country are fully aroused to the dangers contained in this proposed "compulsory investigation" plan. These dangers have awakened them to full appreciation of a fundamental principle. Workers cannot delegate to outside authority, even though that authority be the government, the right to regulate industrial relations without creating an opportunity for a continuous infringement upon their rights and freedom. The railroad brotherhoods, like all organizations affiliated to the American labor movement, have opposed the legislative method as the way to secure a shorter work day and higher wages, but the situation was such that the railroad brotherhoods yielded to the policy of the government and accepted the Adamson law. But just as soon as the government acquired the right to regulate the hours of work for railroad employes, it at once began to augment its powers, to provide regulations for other relations, and to limit the right to quit work. The experience illustrates the danger to which the American Federation of Labor has repeatedly called attention.

The industrial freedom of wage-earners depends upon their keeping control over industrial relations within their own hands. Once delegate even a particle of that authority to the government and they limit their freedom and forge a chain that retards normal free action in all lines. The tendency of government is always to increase its power and scope of action. An immense coercive power would thereby be created which would mark the decay of industrial freedom.

Economic power is the only agency which the workers have for self-protection and self-betterment. They must retain that power and oppose every effort that would take from them their birthright as free workers—free citizens.

MINES YIELD $3,000,000,000.

The claim that immigration restriction will affect production in America is refuted by the report of the geological survey for the year 1916, which shows that all records have been broken during this period despite the lessening of emigration because of the European war. Production, it is estimated, has run at least 25 per cent ahead of 1915. Iron contends with copper for first place among the metals produced and the production of coal was the greatest ever known. The mines sold 597,000,000 tons, compared with 570,000,000, the record established in 1913, or prior to the European war. The coke output, also, broke all records, increasing 27 per cent over the previous year. Arizona led all states in copper, with Michigan next. The profits in this metal were the greatest ever known.

"CHARITY" DOLERS SCORED.

Cedar Rapids, Iowa, January 11.—The federation of labor has investigated the Social Welfare League, an organization that dispenses charity with the most approved card-index system. It is shown that the league's red tape and "nice fat jobs for the reformers" cost $25,000 a year, against a charge of $3,800 a few years ago. It was stated that "no criminal, no matter how bad, is required to give as much information about himself as is required for the league's records." It is claimed that when a person applies to the league for charity he is questioned closely, and if it is found that he has relatives in any part of the country he must wait for relief until these parties are communicated with. It is declared that this system was copied from eastern cities.

THE DOLLAR.

There is no sentiment about a dollar. It rests as peacefully in the filthy pockets of a beggar as it does in the silken purse of the millionaire. It's a blanket that covers a multitude of sins. It brings joy today. It's the cause of sorrow tomorrow. It never speaks—yet it talks. It circulates freely—yet it keeps in hiding. It's the ruination of millions. It lifts millions out of the depths of despair. It comes with promise of gladness. It leaves many disappointments. We tremble at its strength, yet we can crush it with one hand. It's always the same—yet it's ever changing. The lack of it promotes industry. The excess of it causes idleness. It creates trouble. It brings peace. It makes one restful. It makes one restless. It lubricates the axle the world revolves upon; withal, it's a silent friend. Without it we perish. For the world lets him severely alone who has not a dollar he can call his own. —Anon.

A THOUGHT FOR TODAY.

How much we might make of our family life, of our friendships, if every secret thought of love blossomed into a deed! We are not now speaking merely of personal caresses. These may or may not be the best language of affection. Many are endowed with a delicacy, a fastidiousness of physical organization, which shrinks away from too much of these, repelled and overpowered. But there are words and looks and little observances, thoughtfulnesses, watchful little attentions, which speak of love, which make it manifest, and there is scarce a family that might not be richer in heart-wealth for more of them.—Harriet Beecher Stowe.

PAROLE LAW IS VALID.

New York, January 11.—The constitutionality of the state parole law was upheld last week by Supreme Court Justice Greenbaum, who declared that this legislation "is the result of a progressive and humanitarian movement designed to benefit the prisoner and society and comes well within the police powers of the state. It aims by humane and sympathetic treatment to elevate the standards of the criminal, giving due heed to his mental and moral deficiences, and thereby lessen criminality in the community."

FIGHTING INJUNCTION WRIT.

Lansing, Mich., January 11.—A petition two miles long and bearing the signatures of 64,000 qualified voters will be presented to the state legislature by the State Federation of Labor to impress upon the lawmakers the necessity for regulating the issuance of injunction writs during strike times.

WANT MORE SAFEGUARDS.

Wilkes-Barre, Pa., January 11.—Anthracite miners will ask the legislature to provide better safeguards around the mines for life and limb and to increase compensation benefits from 50 to 66 2-3 per cent of earning power. Bituminous miners will assist in securing this legislation.

BAD CONDITIONS AFFECT ALL.

Syracuse, N. Y., January 11.—In an address to the Central Trades and Labor Assembly on the necessity for Americanizing the immigrant, Supreme Court Justice Crouch said that bad conditions in one part of a city or nation, like malignant disease, breeds bad conditions all over, and the foreign-born cannot be huddled together in insanitary surroundings in one part of a city without injuring the whole city.

PICKET THREE MONTHS; WIN.

Kansas City, Mo., January 11.—After a restaurant was picketed three months by union cooks who demanded the six-day week, the proprietor finally concluded that seven days a week is not a humane rule.

PAINTERS WOULD RAISE PAY.

Seattle, Wash., January 11.—Painters' Union No. 300 has voted to demand wage increases, beginning April 1. Present rates are $4.50 a day and the painters will ask for $5.20. This will be their first increase since 1906.

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

UNION OPERATOR — LOCAL No. 224 — WASH. D.C. — I.A.T.S.E. — AFFILIATED WITH CENTRAL LABOR UNION & A.F. of L.

American, 1st st. and R. . ave.n.w.
Apollo, - - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Auditorium, 13th st. and N. Y. ave.n.w.
Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Casino - - - 7th and F Sts. N. W.
Central Park - - 9th bet. G & H N.W.
Chelsia Theatre, 19th and M sts. n. w.
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N. W.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Eagle Gate Theatre - Sol. Home Gate
Eastern, - - 8th St. bet. F & G S. E.
Elite Theatre, 14th and R. I. ave. n. w.
Empire, - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Fairyland, - 19th and L st. n. w.
Favorite, H St. North Capitol & First
Garden Theatre, 423 Ninth st. n. w.
Gayety Theatre, - 513 9th st. n. w.
Georgia - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
Home Theater, C bet. 12th & 13th n. e.
Liberty Theatre, N. Capitol & P St.
Lyric Theatre - 14th near Park Rd.
Maryland - - - 624 9th St. N. W.
"M" Street Theatre, M St. near 32nd
Maycroft Park, H St. bet. 6 7, N.E.
Meaders, - - - 8th & G Sts. S. E.
Mid City, - 7th, bet. N and O st. n. w.
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Odeon - - 14th and Church Sts. N. W.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15, N.W.
Peerless Park, - 3105 Ga. ave. n. w.
Penn Gardens - - 21st St. & Pa. Ave.
Plaza Theatre - 434 9th st. n. w.
Pleasant Hrr. Park, 12 and C N. E.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Randolpr Park, 1st and Randolph n. w.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
R. I. Theatre, 7th and R. I. Ave. N.W
Savoy, - - - 14th and Col. Road.
Schuetzen Park, Ga. ave. and Kenyon
Standard Park, Bates, near N. Cap. St
Strand, - - - - - Ninth and D.
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N. E.
Stanton Park, - - - 219 4th N. E
Starlight Park, 4 1-2 and K st. n. w.
Surprise Theatre - Alexandria, Va.
The Strand, - - Hopewell, Va.
The Richmond, - - Alexandria, Va.
Truxton Park, N. Capitol & Fla. Ave.
Victoria Theatre, 7th & E Sts. S. W.
Virginia - - - 614 9th St. N. W.

ESTABLISHED 1865 — 51 YEARS IN BUSINESS

CHRISTIAN XANDER'S

Famous Cocktails

Manhattan, Martini, Bronx — $1.00 a Bottle

909 7th Street, Northwest. — No Branch Houses. Phone M. 274

CORBY'S YEAST

Leaves nothing to guess-work.
Its purity and strength are uniform.
Every baker knows what that means.
Send for samples.

THE CORBY COMPANY

STATION K. — WASHINGTON, D. C.

Representative Houses

OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

BANKS

NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burglar-proof vaults; acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth Street and New York Avenue.

WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee, etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK. A bank for the working people. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account. Ninth and G Sts. N. W.

UNION SAVINGS BANK. Commercial accounts. Three per cent interest on savings accounts. The oldest savings bank in Washington.

MICHAEL T. GREENE
Liquors and Cigars. 639 D St. N. W.

STONER'S BAR AND RESTAURANT
The, G. Stoner. 206 Seventh St.S. W.

J. CHAS. McGUIRE'S BUFFET
Federal Seal Whiskey. 519 Ninth St. N. W.

O'KEEFE'S BUFFET
P. J. O'Keefe, Prop. 904 Pa. Ave. N. W.

GLAVIN'S BUFFET
ED. J. GLAVIN 309 G Street Northwest

FRANK'S BUFFET
Fourth and G Sts. N. W. Phone M. 5572.

DAVID WALSH'S BUFFET
407 10th Street N. W.

E. E. FARLEY'S BUFFET
415 13th Street N. W.

J. J. O'DONNELL'S BUFFET
333 Penn. Avenue S. E.

HARRY'S BUFFET
631 Penn. Ave. S. E. Phone Lin. 1843

MACHINIST

G. W. FORSBERG, formerly with Forsberg & Murray, Elevators, Boilers. Eighth and Water Sts. S. W. Main 742.

GROCER AND COFFEE ROASTER

SOMERSET R. WATERS, 1342 7th St. N. W.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

RALSTON & RICHARDSON, Evans Building, 1420 New York Avenue.

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.

SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (Inc.), Soda Water, Syrups, etc. 1066 Wis. Ave. N. W.

PHOTO SUPPLIES

E. J. PULLMAN. Developing and Finishing for Amateurs a Specialty. 420 9th St. N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS

MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Ave. N. W. Our Specialty, Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

FIRE INSURANCE

FIREMEN'S INSURANCE COMPANY, Seventh Street and Louisiana Avenue.

DRY GOODS

WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings. Hosiery, a Specialty. 806-808 H St. N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

UNDERTAKERS

J. WILLIAM LEE
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY
332 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.

W. H. BUTLER CO., 607-9 C St. N. W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT

NATIONAL MORTAR CO., 1st and M N.E.
COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING CO., 3036 K Street.

DRUGGISTS

CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth St. and Virginia Ave. S. E.
DAY & CO. 5th and G Sts. N.W. 14th and P N.W., 20th and R. I. Ave. N.E.
QUIGLEY, Druggist, 21st and G Sts. N.W.
A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner 7th and P Streets N. W. N. 2372.

Building Trades Headquarters Sixth and G Sts. N. W
Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rent

WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES, TOBACCO. COSTELLO BROS

JOS. A. WILNER & CO.

UNION CUSTOM TAILORS

Cor. 8th and G Sts. N.W.

A Store That Interests

—Every Housekeeper

The housewife will find hundreds of helpful suggestions here—things that will add to the attractiveness of the home, as well as many devices of usefulness and comfort.

Our various stocks, which are daily replenished with new Merchandise, includes

Decorated Dinner and Toilet Ware,
Rich Cut Glass,
Gold Glassware,
Sterling Silver,
Silver-plated Ware,
Art Pottery,
Lamps and Electroliers,
Gas Portables,
Brass Novelties,
Fireplace Furnishings,
Kitchen, Laundry and Pantry Requisites.

Dulin & Martin Co.
1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY

Equitable Life Insurance Co.
of the District of Columbia

THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Issues Ordinary and Industrial

Wm. A. Bennett, 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.

EQUITABLE BLD'G. 816 14th ST., N. W.

Phone Main 3871

WM. H. HOWLIN
American Federation of Labor Building
9th Street and Mass. Avenue
Engrossing Resolutions, Diplomas Charters and Fancy Pen Work of All Descriptions

Saks & Company
MEN'S and BOYS' OUTFITTERS
Pa. Ave. & 7th St. Wash., D. C.

Specialists in Apparel for Men and Boys.

Black's Alderney and Green Meadow Dairy
Pasteurized and Tubercoline Tested Milk.
Phone N. 1670. Union Dairies.

"HOT WATER BAGS"

If HOT WATER BAGS could be made of leather they would last longer. We have them of a kind of rubber that's almost as tough as leather. Price, $1.25.

WELLER'S DRUG STORE
8th & Eye Sts. S.E. 36th & M N.W.

FIREPROOF CONSTRUCTION
Hammett Fire Proofing Company
301-302-303 Wilkins Bldg.
Phone Main 3337.

PHONE MAIN 6079.

Reno Lunch
W. H. WOODCOCK, Proprietor.
625 PA. AVE. N. W.
HOME COOKED FOODS
NEVER CLOSED

Bell Brand Union-Made
COLLARS and SHIRTS
LARGE ASSORTMENT
T. HOLLANDER
North Capitol and H Streets

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

Frank R. Trimble, Charles M. Buchanan, Philip E. Sardo, Samuel T. Kennedy, Walter Q. Ashley, Joseph E. Horney and George F. Angell, temporary compositors.

Norris N. Lombard, Charles H. Beall and Wisheart F. Hudson, temporary messenger boys.

John P. Fersinger, caster helper, reinstated.

Joseph B. Fitzgerald, messenger, transferred from Post Office Department.

J. Anthony Gallagher, skilled laborer, reinstated.

Separations.

John H. Apperson, Thomas H. Higgs and Albert R. Edmonston, temporary painters.

Ernest E. Wear, maker-up, resigned.

Emile A. Pessagno, probational skilled laborer, resigned.

James A. Hanley, probational messenger boy, resigned.

Smith M. Cassell, temporary skilled laborer.

Edward F. Schmid, skilled laborer, resigned.

Transfers, Etc.

John M. McLaughlin, compositor, monotype section, night to day.

Max H. Ellison, messenger boy, to skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour, ruling and sewing section.

Jeremiah Walsh, assistant foreman, 80 cents per hour, State, War and Navy section, transferred to job section.

Miss Carrie E. Garratt, to probational skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour, office superintendent of documents.

Miss Nora C. Lemmer, to probational skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour, presswork division.

Miss Mary F. Mealy, to probational skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour, ruling and sewing section.

George W. Frazier, unskilled laborer, hand section, day, to monotype section, night.

Miss Annie F. Allen, probational skilled laborer, press division to pamphlet binding section.

Marsh A. Bodenhamer, copy editor, transferred to Legis. Detail, Cong. Directory, office of compiler.

Stephens M. Simpson, imposer, 55 cents per hour, linotype section, night, to proofreader, 60 cents per hour, proof section, night.

John C. Himmelman, maker-up, 60 cents per hour, hand section, day, to proofreader, 60 cents per hour, proof section, day.

La Monte K. Johnson, pressman, and David A. Harmon, probational skilled laborer, transferred from presswork division, day, to presswork division, intermediate.

John S. Driggers, skilled laborer, transferred from presswork division, intermediate, to presswork division, day.

Walter W. Winne, pressman, presswork division, night to day.

Joseph H. Carroll, skilled laborer, presswork division, day to night.

William J. Collins, messenger, to helper, $1,000, electrical section.

Edward F. Schmid, helper, to skilled laborer, $2 per day, computing division.

Joseph B. Harding, skilled laborer, to messenger, $2.40 per day, computing division.

Hugh L. Buckingham, messenger, $2.40 per day, to messenger, $840 per annum, office chief clerk.

Joseph W. Becker, compositor, 50 cents per hour, to maker-up, 60 cents per hour, monotype section, day.

Miss Flossye M. Yates, Mrs. Mary L. Sheehan, Miss Jennie O. Winfield, Mrs. Ida B. Turner and Mrs. Martha C. Hawkins, skilled laborers, 25 cents per hour, to machine operators, 27½ cents per hour, ruling and sewing section.

James E. Fahey, skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour, to counter, 35 cents per hour, ruling and sewing section.

Frank W. Miller, skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour, to helper, 35 cents per hour, pamphlet binding section, day.

Edward A. Vogts, compositor, 50 cents per hour, to proofreader, 60 cents per hour, job section.

WOMEN SET FOOD PRICES.

Waco, Tex., January 11.—As a means of checking the advancing prices of foodstuffs, about 250 women have joined a housewives' league and have fixed a maximum price for poultry, butter and eggs. These prices are 40 cents a pound for butter, 35 cents a dozen for eggs and 17 cents a pound for turkeys. The women are pledged not to purchase these products when prices are above the maximum. The agreement is to continue in force for one month, or until such time as prices decline.

Trade unionists are hopeful the women will extend their unity idea.

DAIRY WORKERS UNITE.

Seattle, Wash., January 11.—Dairy and creamery workers have organized a federal union and will be chartered directly by the A. F. of L.

OPPOSE STATE COSSACKS.

Utica, N. Y., January 11.—There is danger of the state legislature establishing the cossack system known as the state constabulary, warns Secretary-Treasurer Bates of the state federation of labor in a circular issued to every New York local. Last year this proposal was defeated by a few votes after the hardest kind of work by organized labor, and unionists are now urged to immediately acquaint legislators with labor's position on this subject.

"Those who are behind the movement to enact the law for this state," says the union official, "are making specious pleas and endeavoring to sugar-coat its bad points so that labor will swallow it. The New York State Federation of Labor has declared itself absolutely and unalterably opposed to a state police in any form."

POVERTY PLEA FAILS.

Beardstown, Ill., January 11.—The Evening Record calls attention to the annual report of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railroad, which shows revenues for the past year were $102,359,000, an increase over the previous year of $11,234,000, or 12 per cent. The operating expenses were $61,713,000 an increase of but 2 per cent over the previous year.

"This leaves an increase of 10 per cent for the company," says the Evening Record. "Yet, when the men who work, must work all kinds of weather at risk of life and limb, ask for a small share of the increased profits, in the form of an increase in wages or better working conditions, they raise a howl about no money, cry for an increase in rates and try to make the public believe they are on the verge of starvation."

DEMAND HUMANE TREATMENT.

Allentown, Pa., January 11.—Decent and humane treatment is one of the reasons why employes of the Lehigh Star Bedding Company are now on strike. Other demands include a wage increase of 20 per cent for piece workers and 15 per cent for day workers. The strikers say they are forced to work long hours under a speeding up system. In answer to the "high wage" claim of the company it is stated that one employe was paid $25 for a week of seventy hours. In a statement issued to the public, the strikers say:

"We are prepared to prove that an official of the company tried to incite violence early in the strike in order to discredit the workers."

MINERS OPPOSE BONUS SYSTEM

Coaldale, Pa., January 11.—The bonus system of the Lehigh Coal & Navigation Company is denounced as a "sweating" process by members of the United Mine Workers' Union, who say the men are speeded up to reach a certain figure and then the company reduces the working force and insists that the record be maintained.

PHONE NORTH 2349
DONOVAN'S
FINE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS
2003 14th St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

THE MILTON SCHOOL
Oxford Bldg., 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.
Stenography
Typewriting
English
Spanish
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO BEGINNERS
Now in larger quarters in the Oxford Building, 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.

Parker, Bridget & Co.
"The Avenue at Ninth"
Featuring Extra Value
$15
Suits for Fall

When in Doubt, Buy of
HOUSE & HERRMANN
FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.
E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W

The only strictly
UNION TAILORING
house in the city
M. STEIN & CO.
TAILORS
Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

STORAGE PACKING FREIGHT HAULING
Merchants Transfer
— AND —
Storage Company
920-922 E Street Northwest
Phone Main 6900
SHIPPING MOVING HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

BUTLER'S RHEUMATIC and GOUT REMEDY.
A KIDNEY AND HEART TONIC
Manufactured Since 1872 By
BUTLER & FIELD
Third and Indiana Ave. N. W.
Price 50c a bottle. 6 for $2.50
For Sale By Druggists.

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1 Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.

M. J. DUNNIGAN, President.....2007 14 Street N.W.
JOHN G. WOLFE, Vice-President.1023 N. J. Ave. N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W.

TRUSTEES

Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E.
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E.
Thos. L. Nevins.....504 Maine Avenue S. W.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe,.....1023 N. J. Ave. N. W
J. McElfresh,.....
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E.
A. Tenley.....964 Florida Ave. N. W.
M. Sullivan.....5631-2 15 St. S. E.

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.

Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ARBITRRATION COMMITTEE.

M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W
M. A. Wolfe,.....418 F St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. E
Joseph Harding.....210 13 St. S. W.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....2006 2nd St. N. W
R. Pumphrey.....223 Q St. N. W.
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W.
Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. W

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave.
Robert McMachin.....1202 N. Capitol St.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L St. S. W.

DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.

John Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave.
William Pollard.....522 14th St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

MEATS GROCERIES FISH
Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the
OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.

930 La. Ave. N. W.
8th & E Sts. S. E.
31st & M Sts. N. W.
7th & Q Sts. N. W.
1778 U Street, N. W.
7th & H Street N. E.
726 7th St. N. W.
2002-2004 Ga. Ave. N. W.
1111 H Street N. E.
1632 N. Capitol Street
3418-20 Ga. Ave. N. W.
14th & U Streets N. W.
7th and B Streets N. E.
3113 14th Street, N. W.
1440 P St. N. W.

POULTRY BREAD PRODUCE

WASHINGTON BREWERY CO.
IMPERIAL EXPORT
A really fine beer

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK
Northwest Corner FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST
LOOK FOR THE CLOCKS
4 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts
COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, F. S. Radman, 124 7th Street N.E.

Bakery Salemen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secre- Wednesdays of each month at Moose Hall, tary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Fennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 395: Meets first and third Thursday of each month Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sunday in each month, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N. W.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. F. Miller, 19 Quincy Place northwest.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets first and third Sunday of the month at the Secretary, T. Guiffre, 908 Pennsylvania ave- Moose Hall, Seventh and G Street Northwest. nue northwest.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 48: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E street southeast.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, G. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G Street N. W.

Brotherhood of Railway Carmen of America, Local Union No. 313: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Streets N. E. Secretary, H. A. Chambers, 2113 4th N. E. Meeting nights first and third Tuesdays.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles' Hall. Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 520 Rhode Island Ave. N. E.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhau, 737 10th St. s. e.

Chauffeurs and Hack Drivers Union, Local No. 115: Meets the first and third Saturday of each month, G. A. R. Building, 1412 Pa. Ave. Secretary-Treasurer, Kirk C. Sipher, Room 25, 945 Pa. Ave. northwest.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wasseaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Twelfth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3800 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Paperhangers Hall, 430 Ninth Street N. W., second and fourth Thursdays of the month. Secretary, Edw. B. Finch, 33 P Street N. E.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets every Friday, at 8:00 p.m. Hall, S. E. Cor. Tenth and Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, Jas. P. Lahey, 816 5th street northeast.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and B Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 845: Secretary, C. W. Hisle, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Employes' Union No. 14632: Meets second Friday of each month, Perpetual Building Association Hall. Secretary, W. M. Lynch, 409 A. F. of L. Building.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Watchmen's Union No. 14964: Secretary, Jas. H. Reed, Cor. Sec., 1228 B street southwest.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, John T. Bowers, Twentieth and Twenty-first and L and M streets northwest.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Avenue S. E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 Twelfth St. N. E.

Laundry Workers, Local No. 110: Meets first Friday in each month at Winslow's Hall, 12 and R streets northwest. Secretary, Moten Jefferson, 550 Twenty-fourth street northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, W. N. Huttel, 1430 A St. N. E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday, 1204 Pa. Ave. N. W. Secretary, E. H. Fulton, 1120 E St. S. E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. F. McDonnell.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third 2665. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Bus. Agt.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 922 Pa. Ave. N. W. Phone M. 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets second Sunday and fourth Friday in each month. Secretary, Albert Bridges 210 L st. s. e.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 420: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A. Meidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m. Secretary, J. A. Whitecar, 2209 Minnesota Ave. S. E.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Raymond R. Burrows, Clarendon, Va.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Robt. J. Barrett, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 820 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressmen, No. 1: Meets fourth Monday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N.E.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custodian and Janitor, 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, W. P. Cannon, 408 Twelfth St. S. E.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe. 326 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. F. Hickman, 518 Sixth St. N. W.

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Mrs. H. B. Tritipoe, 1737 Willard street N. W., Apt. 20.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10.30 a. m. and 8.30 p. m. Secretary, G. W. Calderhead, Room 412 Wash. Loan and Trust Building.

The High School Teachers' Union of Washington, D. C., No. 8: Meets in the Music Room of the New Central High School at 3.30 p. m. the second Tuesday in the months of October, December, February, and May. Secretary, G. J. Jones, Central High School.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle. 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 750 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Friday, Typographical Temple. Secretary, L. Gantt, 57-A Bates Street.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: International Secretary-Treasurer, Jas. E. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

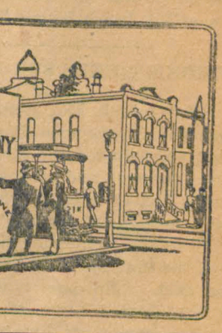
Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G St. N. W. Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth St. N. W.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.

WASHINGTON'S LARGEST PRINTING PLANT DEVOTED TO COMMERCIAL WORK
THE LAW REPORTER PRINTING COMPANY
COMMERCIAL PRINTERS AND STATIONERS
518-520 FIFTH STREET N.W.
WASHINGTON, D. C.
TELEPHONE MAIN 828
F. B. CROWN, MANAGER



INTERNATIONAL UNION OF THE UNITED BREWERY WORKMEN OF AMERICA
Union MADE Beer
Ale AND Porter
COPYRIGHT & TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1903
THIS IS OUR LABEL.

VOTE
Against Prohibition
DEMAND
Personal Liberty
IN CHOOSING WHAT YOU WILL DRINK
ASK FOR THIS LABEL WHEN PURCHASING BEER, ALE OR PORTER.
As A Guarantee That It Is Union Made.

THE PLATE PRINTER
Official Organ Plate Printers International Union.
P. J. RYAN, Editor. CHAS. T. SMITH, Assoc. Editor.
Subscription $1.00 Per Year
Telephone 4528
Wash. Loan & Trust Bldg.

FARMERS OPPOSE INJUNCTION.

Spokane, Wash., January 11.—The organized farmers of this state are against the labor injunction. At the convention of the Farmers' Educational and Co-operative Union of Washington these agriculturists declared:

"We condemn the use of a restraining order or injunction in labor disputes save where it can be clearly shown, after a hearing represented by both parties, that the ordinary processes of law will not avail to protect life or property, and hold in all contempt cases for violation of any injunctive order a trial by jury should be had, except when jury is waived by the accused."

The convention also declared for such restrictions of the power of the courts as shall leave to the people the ultimate authority to determine fundamental questions of social welfare and public policy.

"We demand of our legislature and courts," continue the resolutions, "constant recognition of the principle guaranteed to all by the Declaration of Independence in the right of life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness—to hold human rights superior to property rights."

"REFUSED TO ARBITRATE."

Cleveland, January 11.—The Locomotive Engineers' Journal is making merry with those people who denounce train service men for refusing to arbitrate an eight-hour demand.

Recently Ashtabula, Ohio, doctors called a meeting of their organization and raised prices.

The railroad men's paper says:

"Of course it is not a question for arbitration, it is a public pill the people may take or suffer the consequences.

"If it were a labor organization, the next state legislature would doubtless be confronted with petitions to make them submit to compulsory arbitration, but the doctors have the best of it—their organization obtained a law driving all the scab medicine-mongers out of the state.

"What a difference there is in whose ox is gored!"

WHY LUMBER WORKERS STRIKE

Bellingham, Wash., January 11.—The Clear Lake Lumber Company, in Skagit county, has issued a circular to its competitors stating that it has raised the board of all workers to $7 a week and 40 cents per meal for any time less than one week. Other lumber companies are urged to do likewise. "If you don't," it is stated, "it is simply an indirect way of boosting wages, and we think all agree that the wages are high enough at the present time; in fact, higher than the lumber industry can stand. We believe they are so high that it is lowering the efficiency of labor instead of improving it."

The rates for common labor in the lumber camps are $1.75 and $2 a day.

OPPOSE CONVICT LEASING.

Kansas City, Mo., January 11.—Opposition to the convict leasing system in Missouri was recorded by the executive board of the state federation of labor at its meeting in this city. It was recommended that two farms of 1,000 acres each be purchased, on which part of the convicts shall be employed. Work on public roads and in the manufacture of articles for state use was also favored.

The legislature will be asked to "put teeth" in a law requiring mine operators to provide bathing facilities for their employes. This law has been evaded by the erection of a few sheds, without water or equipment, which are called "wash houses."

UNIONISM ENDS SUNDAY WORK.

Saint Joseph, Mo., January 11.—"It was the Journeymen Barbers' Union that emancipated the men from Sunday slavery and exceedingly long hours," said Organizer Shanessy at an open meeting of Barbers' Union.

"The day of individualism is passed and the time for unified effort is here," he said. "No one man can bring about shorter hours of employment, higher wages or improved sanitary conditions in the barber shops. It must be done by the concerted efforts of those most interested."

CLERKS' UNIONS TO UNITE.

San Francisco, January 11.—A call has been issued by the various locals of clerks in this vicinity to form a district council. A greater degree of unity is possible if the retail clerks, grocery clerks and other workers in this calling will act through a central organization.

COLUMBUS RAISES WAGES.

Columbus, Ohio, January 11.—The city council has raised wages of laborers from $2.25 to $2.50 a day and caretakers of the comfort stations from $45 to $65 a month.

TRADE UNIONISTS ASSAULTED.

La Salle, Ill., January 11.—A. F. of L. Organizers Chubbuck and Whennen were assaulted by thugs, presumably in the employ of a cement company, whose workers have been on strike since last May. Whennen was shot in the thigh.

The cement workers formed a union to end the eleven and thirteen hour work day. The company discharged the union's officials and a strike resulted. The strikers declare that working in a cement mill is a tough job under any circumstances, even when men are forced to endure thirteen hours of heart-breaking, lung-destroying labor in the dust cloud of a cement plant, it is inhuman.

OCCUPATIONAL ILLS EXCLUDED

Hartford, Conn., January 11.—The state supreme court has ruled that the Connecticut workmen's compensation law does not include occupational ills.

Trade unionists have assumed for some time that the court would take this position and have been conducting an agitation in favor of amending the law to include occupational diseases.

LIST OF LIQUOR DEALERS WHO HAVE SIGNED "THE AGREEMENT."

Allen, Paul.....2 N st. n. e.
Allen, John J...807 N. C. Cap st. n. e.
Beirkle, Leopold, - 1245 H st. n. e.
Boyle, William J., 601 Mass. ave n. w.
Castelli, Vincent, 502-504 Ninth st. n. w.
Clark, C. H.....510 9th st. n. w.
Colonial Beach Boat Co.
Costello, Bros.....604 G st. n. w.
Crowley, James J.....702 E st. n. w.
Daly, T. J.....34 H st. n. e.
Daye, Wm. T.....1218 Wisc. ave.
Doyle, Wm. T....1314 Wisc. ave. n. w.
Duffy, James A. -901 1-2 E st. n. w.
Wm. R. Fosbender, 406 Ninth st. n. w.
Franey, F. A.....711½ 9th st. n. w.
Frank, Mrs. M. E. - 319 G st. n. w.
Ganey, M.....615 7th st. s. w.
Glavin, Edwin.....309 G st. n. w.
Hannan, Mrs. E.....531 7th st. s. w.
Hanlon, Timothy.....822 H st. n. e.
Kelliher, J. D.....1258 7th st. s. w.
Killeen, John F.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Louis Hodges, - - 407 9th st n. w.
Lynagh, Peter J.....523 7th st. s. w.
Lynch, John.....417 9th st. n. w.
McCarthy, F. J.....910 4½ st. s. w.
McCarthy, Jas. J.....1402 H st. n. e.
McDonald, F. J.....643 Pa. ave. s. e.
McGinniss, H. J., 1001 N. Y. ave. n. w.
McGuire, J. Chas., 519 Ninth st. n. w.
McHough, Martin....1105 H st. n. e.
Milton Schmidt, - 702 7th st. n. w.
O'Connor, D. J.....100 G st. n. w.
O'Connor, Patrick F., 617 D st. n. w.
O'Connor, James.....1429 N. Cap. st.
O'Day, John T. - 921 Ninth st. n. w.
O'Donnell, James J...333 Pa. ave. s. e.
Peter White, - - - 905 D st. n. w.
Raftery, Thomas.....406 H st. n. e.
Raftery, Patrick.....225 11th st. n. e.
Roland, J. H.....511 9th st. n. w.
Scanlon, Daniel,.....103 H st. n. w.
Schroter, Conrad....3258 M st. n. w.
Schltz, Mary T.....607 G st. n. w.
Sheehan, John J., 701 North Cap. st.
Solon, Mary A., - 1003 7th st. e.
Stern, M. M.....601 7th st. n. w.
Stanton, Frank J.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Sullivan, David, 12th and E st. n. w.
Sullivan, John J., 1351 35th st. n. w.
The Casino, Frank Farenkamp (Chesapeake Beach).
Victor Buffet Co., Inc., 7th and G n. w.
Walsh, David, - - 407 10th st. n. w
Wassman, Henry, 705 Seventh st. n. w.
Wiedeman, Joseph....629 E st. n. w.
William J. O'Leary, 733 North Cap. st.
Wininger, Harry 631 Pa. ave. s. e.
Wolf, Frank, - 512 12th st. n. w.

CENTRAL
LABOR UNION
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
Meets Every Monday Night
Typographica Temple
423-425 G St. N. W.
Secretary s Address: 1325 E. Capitol St.
Telephone: Lincoln 3955

OFFICERS

N. A. JAMES.....President
HUGH DIGNEY.....Vice-President
JOHN B. COLPOYS, Secretary, 1325 E. Capitol St.
JOSEPH E. TOONE.....Financial Secretary
WM. H. SCHAEFER.....Treasurer
JOSEPH C. CLARK.....Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES: Wm. Zell, Mary Ganzhorn, J. L. Considine

COMMITTEES

Executive—Hugh Digney (chairman), N. A. James, John B. Colpoys, J. E. Toone, W. N. Huttel, John R. Hartley.
Legislative—Robert Jones (chairman), John H. Lorch, N. P. Alifas, H. R. Alcorn, E. W. Oyster.
Adjustment—W. N. Huttel (chairman), Jere McCarthy, J. A. McDonald, Ben Spellbring, John G. Schmidt.
Contract—John R. Hartley (chairman), W. H. Schaefer, Hubert Newsom, C. H. Adams, A. J. Ginnelly.
Laws—Dan Hassett (chairman), J. H. Wells, D. J. O'Leary.
Resolutions—J. L. Considine (chairman), Zep S. Pollock, A. J. Kimmell.
Organization—J. E. Toone (chairman), Mary Burkhead, Henry Miller, J. H. Wilson, H. A. Ranier.
Auditing—Mary Ganzhorn (chairman), Marguerite Stewart, E. Wood.
Credentials—M. J. Costella (chairman), J. H. Swain, S. T. Ford.
Lable—E. T. Good.
Press—John B. Colpoys (chairman, N. A. Sprague, B. O'Leary.
Delegates to Baltimore—J. E. Toone (chairman) J. M. Foster, William Zell.
Delegates to Alexandria—H. F. Oehler (chairman). Chas. Allison, L. A. Sterne.

"Co-Operation—The First Principle of Success."

The following business interests are recommended by The Trades Unionist and National Labor Press Association to your favorable consideration, and solicit your patronage.

ALL PRINTERS KNOW
"If It Is Made of Paper You Can Get It at
R. P. Andrews Paper Co.
727-31 13th St. N.W.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Landscape Architects
Garden Furniture
J. H. SMALL & SONS
.:. Florists .:. Decorators .:.
New York City—
Waldorf Astoria, Tel. 2906 Greeley
505 Madison Ave., Tel. 8560-1-2 Plaza
Washington, D. C.—
15th and H Sts., Tel. Main 158-159

Wm. Hahn & Co.'s
RELIABLE SHOE HOUSES
Cor. 7th & K Sts.
1914-16 Pa. Ave.
233 Pa. Ave. S.E.

New Oxford Hotel
European
J. H. WEAVER, Mgr.
Pa. Ave. at 15th St. N.W.

Everything Wearable for Men and Boys
SAKS & CO.
Penna. Ave. and 7th St. N.W.

—LET—
Omohundro
—B—
YOUR TAILOR
818 F St. N.W.

RECOGNIZED UNION STORE
Parker, Bridget & Co.
The Ave. at 9th

St. James Hotel
A Special Feature—Club Breakfast
Served 6 to 11 a.m.
Noon-Day Luncheon—12 to 2:30 p.m.
Table d'Hote Dinner—5 to 8 p.m.

CRANDALL'S THEATRES
CRANDALL'S THEATRE
9th and E Sts. N.W.
CRANDALL'S APOLLO THEATRE
624 H St. N.E.
CRANDALL'S SAVOY THEATRE
14th and Col. Rd. N.W.
CRANDALL'S AVENUE GRAND THEATRE
645 Penna. Ave. S.E.

BRODT'S HAT STORE

HARRINGTON HOTEL

PROFIT-SHARING COAL CO.

CORBY BAKING CO.

Phone 2416
GEO. C. SHAFFER
Florist
Choice Cut Flowers
900 14th St.
Floral Designs

Phone Lincoln 910
T. W. Rose
WOOD AND COAL
1125 7th St. S.E.

"Survival of the Fittest"
White House Lunch
Astor Lunch

Phone M. 2725
D. N. Walford
Fine Cutlery
Sporting and Athletic Goods
909 Pa. Ave. N.W.

Washington Brewery Co.
MANUFACTURERS OF
CONGRESS BRAND
GINGER ALE
And Other Carbonated Beverages
The Only Union-Made Goods in Washington

Eisinger Brothers
Lumber and Mill Work
Doors Sash Blinds Moldings
Builders' Hardware
Branch Yard: Bethesda, Md.
2101 7th St. Tel. N. 1173 & 1174

Phone Main 3440
M. G. Copeland Co.
Awnings Estimates
Flags, Tents Cheerfully
Window Shades Given
409 Eleventh St. N.W.

ROCHESTER HOTEL
E St. N.W. Between 9th & 10th
J. W. MOSSBURG, Proprietor
Phone M. 5440

Mossburg's Restaurant
CAREFULLY SELECTED FOODS
1404 Penna. Ave. N.W.

YALE LAUNDRY

J. MAURY DOVE COAL CO.

W. W. GRIFFITH COAL CO.

Manhattan Cleaning & Dyeing Co.

Thos. W. Smith Lumber Co., Inc.
First Street and Indiana Avenue

GENERAL BAKING CO.
BUTTER CRUST BREAD

Phones Main 4277-4278-4279
Gude Bros. Co.
Florists and
Floral Decorations
1214 F St. N.W.

MINTZ THE TRUNK MAN
Trunks Suit Cases Traveling Bags
LEATHER NOVELTIES
928 F St. N.W. Washington, D. C.

Page's Laundry
"Washington's Best"
620 E St. N.W.

STEUART'S GARAGE
Announces That They Have Secured a Limited Agency for
FORD CARS
Visit Our Sales and Service Station, Where You Will Receive Every Attention
See the New Type Touring Car
$360 F. O. B. Detroit
STEUART'S GARAGE
141 12th St. N.E. Phone Linc. 1203-4
L. P. Steuart Terms G. T. Steuart

Telephone North 1343
GEO. C. TAYLOR
Dealer in
All Kinds of Rough and Dressed Lumber
2101 7th St. N.W. (Ga. Ave. & W)

"Washington's Chief Fun Palace."
The Gayety Theatre
The Finest Ventilated Theatre in America.
Presenting Improved Burlesque Headed by America's Foremost Comedians, Artists and Femininities
NEW SHOW EVERY WEEK

R. HARRIS & CO.
Jewelers

GROVE LIME & COAL CO.

RICE COAL CO.

The Ask Mr. Foster Service

POLI'S THEATRE

LEWIS COAL & ICE CO.

ALLEGHENY COAL CO.

"The Velvet Kind"
Cream of Ice Creams
Ask Your Reliable Dealer
CHAPIN-SACKS MFG. CO.

Phones, North 9203-9204
BLICK BROTHERS
COAL, WOOD & ICE
800 Florida Avenue N.W.

Taylor-Tolley Sales Co.
Limited Agency for
FORD CARS
WITH
FORD SERVICE
Parts — Accessories
EVERYTHING FOR THE FORD
2129 14th St. N.W.

The Fashion Shop
At Washington's 42d & Broadway
Clothiers
Haberdashers
Tailors
9th and E Sts. N.W.

Phone Lincoln 2304
Washington Coal Co.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Office and Yards:
901-3-5 S. Capitol St.

Everything in Men's Wear
Sol Herzog & Co., Inc.
Clothing, Hats, Furnishings and Shoes
602-604 Ninth Street N.W.

Telephone Main 4471
Hirsh's Shoe Stores
Shoe Designers and Builders
Washington's Fastest-Growing Shoe House
1026-1028 Seventh St. N.W.

Telephone Lincoln 3900-2723
Whitley's Rx Drug Store
First-Class Prescription Work
Quick Service and Delivery
Va. Ave., 8th & K Sts. S.E.
The Velvet Kind Pure Ice Cream

W. H. MARLOW COAL CO.

JOS. A. WILNER & CO.

HOLMES BAKING CO.

COMMERCIAL COAL CO.

SANITARY GROCERY CO.

CONNECTICUT PIE CO.

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS
Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

J. G. O'DONNELL, President, 122 Sixth St. N. E.
M. J. Deery, Vice-President, 2407 Girard St. N. E.
THOS. W. WOLTZ, Recording Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
G. H. F. DAVIS, Treasurer, 439 Second St. S. E.
W. I. STRATTON, Conductor, 617 Sixth St. N. W.
A. F. MOIRSETTE, Warden, 425 G St. N. W.
GEO. MYERS, Business Agent, 425 G St. N. W.

TRUSTEES.

F. J. NOLTE, 24 Eighth Street N. E.
MARK REILEY, 1127 B St. S. E.
A. P. TAYLOR, 622 I Street N. E.

DELEGATES TO THE DISTRICT COUNCIL.

R. H. BURDETTE, 1207 L Street N. W.
C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
E. B. BYRNE, 425 G Street N. W.
ROBERT REICHARD, 1720 35th Street N. W.
J. H. RYAN, 1101 Eleventh Street S. E.

DELEGATES TO THE CENTRAL LABOR UNION.

C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
R. H. BURDETTE, 816 K Street N. W.
W. S. HOLLOHAN, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
C. A. SAUNDERS, 244 9th St. S. E.
LOUIS LUEBKERT, 1314 Kerney St. N. E.

RELIEF COMMITTEE.

THOS. P. O'DEA, 1149 4th St. N. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
H. M. BEVILL, Brentwood, Md.
J. T. CLIFT, 4115 Seventh Street N. W.
M.A. FOLEY, 118 Seaton Street N. E.

MILL COMMITTEE.

F. E. KETTNER, 2016 Cambridge St. N. W.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
O. A. CARTER, Rosslyn, Va.

DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

G. H. F. DAVIS, 439 Second Street S. E.

Washington District Council of Carpenters
Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple
ROBERT ADAM, President, Local 2563, U. B., 1511 Vermont Avenue N.W.
R. H. BURDETTE, Vice President, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
E. B. BYRNE, Secretary, Local 132, U. B., 425 G Street N.W.
F. A. SHOESMITH, Treasurer, Local 2563, U. B., 5209 Georgia Avenue N.W.
C. H. ADAMS, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 804 A Street N.E.
R. H. BURDETTE, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
H. PAGE, Trustee, Local 2563, U. B., 336½ 13th Street N.E.
ROBERT REICHARD, Local 132, U. B., 1720 34th Street N.W.
J. H. RYAN, Local 132, U. B., 1101 11th Street S.E.
FRED HOOK, Local 2563, U. B., 1528 8th Street N.W.
WILLIAM MACKIE, Local 2563, U. B., 216 Seaton Place N.E.
BUSINESS AGENT.
GEO. MYERS, 425 G Street N. W.

CELTIC CLUB WHISKEY
Our Specialty
Never Changes. Accept No Substitute
Once Tried You'll Always Use It.
Ports and Sherries for family use, Quarts, 50 and 75 cents. All makes of Beer. Leading brands of Cigars. Ales and Porters on draught the year round.
D. J. O'CONNOR
New Jersey Ave. and G Sts. N.W

Clothes, Hats and Shoes
The Bieber-Kaufman Co.
901-909 Eighth St. S. E.
Down by the Navy Yard
Washington, D. C.

GEO. D. HORNING,
N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.
LOAN OFFICE

CORBY CAKE
AT ALL GROCERS

Takoma Bread
Fresh Three Times Daily
AT ALL GROCERS
Havenner Baking Company
Established 1815

LANSBURGH & BRO.
"DRY GOODS ONLY"
The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City
420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I. P. E. U.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXI. NO. 30 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, JANUARY 19, 1917. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

TYPOS LEND AID IN SOLVING QUESTION OF PRINTING IN LOCAL SCHOOLS

For several months a committee of three members of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101, has been investigating the question of printing as a vocational study in the local schools. Printing plants with ample equipment had been installed in the new Central High School and the Dunbar High School, and in one instance it was understood that the instruction was to be given by one of the faculty whose summer vacation had been spent in a printing office preparing for this work.

The committee, which consists of G. M. Koockogey, chairman; Frank A. Evarts and Frank B. Crown, made it plain at the outset that the union would not oppose the addition of printing to the school curriculum if taught by practical printers and under proper conditions. But it also pointed out that if printing was to be taught in the schools in anything but the most efficient manner, it would be a matter of grave concern to the membership of the union, not only as printers, but as parents and citizens having the interest of the school at heart.

Another point to which the committee called the attention of the school authorities was that in line with the wider use of school buildings and equipment it was equally important to open the school plants at night for the improvement of the young men who were making the printing trade their life work as it would be to use them in the daytime for those more fortunately situated.

Some members who went home for the election were asked to make personal investigations in their home cities, and valuable information was secured in this way. It was found that the system used in Buffalo was well adapted to conditions in this city, and the committee will continue to urge its adoption.

Under the Buffalo plan, in consideration of the school authorities appointing teachers and establishing courses of instruction approved by the union, the union in return allows graduates who decide to take up the printing trade credit for the time spent in school. A boy completing the two-year course is credited with one year, and one who takes the full four-year course gets two years off his apprenticeship. Twenty-five boys per year has been agreed upon as the maximum under this plan, and an average of sixteen per year have taken advantage of it.

The offer of co-operation by Columbia Union has been met in a most friendly spirit by the superintendent and other school officials, but at that there were numerous obstacles to be overcome before the courses in printing could be established on a sound basis.

As an instance may be cited an arbitrary rule that no one could be appointed to teach in the high schools without a college degree. This rule was established probably before any one ever dreamed of teaching printing in the high schools, and the printers pointed out that it would be unfair and unwise to apply it in this instance. As a result, the committee has been informed that the board is seriously considering a change in the present rules for appointing teachers of trade subjects and that any recommendations from the committee will be carefully considered.

At latest reports the chairman had been informed that a selection had just been made of a thoroughly practical man with experience as a teacher and also a member of the union for temporary appointment for the balance of this year to start both day and night classes at Central High School.

This will be good news to the apprentices of Washington, about twenty of whom have already signified their desire to enter a night class in printing. It is hoped to start these classes not later than February 1st.

ADAMSON 8-HOUR LAW BEFORE SUPREME COURT

Hearings before the United States Supreme Court on the legality of the Adamson eight-hour law for railroad train service employes are taking place. The federal government is defending the law. The railroad brotherhoods have no official connection with the case. Both sides have a long list of attorneys and the court extended to eight hours the time usually granted counsel to argue a case.

The railroads' brief contends that the law is unworkable, experimental, incapable of application, interferes with liberty of contract, does not fall within the authority of Congress to regulate interstate commerce and takes railroad property without due process of law. The claim that the law is only a wage-increasing act is especially emphasized.

In reply to the latter claim Solicitor General Davis, on behalf of the government, told the court that it "reached the heights of imagination" to say that the primary object of Congress, in passing the law, was not to limit the hours of toil.

The contention that the law is unworkable, Mr. Davis said, was "a manifest afterthought, induced by the necessities of this case."

"It may be Congress did not please the railroads, the employes, or the public," he said, "but the body that made the law should amend it and the judiciary must not usurp that function."

It is believed the court will make a ruling in this case in the very near future.

RAILROAD TRACKMEN RECEIVE ADVANCE

Detroit, January 18.—Officers of the International Brotherhood of Maintenance of Way Employes report that these workers recently secured several substantial wage improvements.

The Quebec Central railway has agreed to a general increase of 20 cents a day.

The Dominion Atlantic railway has raised wages 20 cents a day for section foremen, extra gang foremen and laborers.

Section foremen and assistant foremen employed on the Pere Marquette system are increased $5 a month and laborers will receive an additional 15 cents a day.

Increased wages and improved working conditions on the Canadian Pacific railway are recorded. These include 20 cents a day for foremen and 25 cents a day for laborers on the eastern lines and 20 cents a day for foremen and laborers on the western lines.

On the eastern section of the Canadian Northern railway increases range from 15 to 50 cents a day, and 20 cents in the west.

This international union includes workers employed in the track, bridge and building, water supply and fuel departments, and signal and interlocking service of railroads. Many of these employes are classed, in the popular mind, as "unskilled," but their ability to better conditions, through trade union methods, might well be copied by many wage earners and salaried employes in other walks of life.

OPPOSES "GUN-TOTING."

Toledo, Ohio, January 18.—The Central Labor Union is suspicious of a legislative plan intended to regulate the carrying of firearms. The unionists were asked to approve a law that would permit the carrying of revolvers "for cause," but they believe strikebreakers and thugs have enough latitude now.

EARLY CLOSING FOR CLERKS.

Hibbing, Minn., January 18.—The Retail Clerks' Union reports that merchants have agreed to close stores at 6 o'clock except on Saturdays.

CANADIAN LAW HAS PROVEN VALUELESS

"The author of the Canadian compulsory investigation act is official authority for the statement that the compulsory feature of the law has made more law breakers than all the jails in the Dominion of Canada could hold," said Ralph M. Easley, chairman of the executive council of the National Civic Federation recently before the senate committee on interstate commerce. Mr. Easley opposed any legislation along the lines of the Canadian industrial disputes investigation act.

He showed that, regardless of the law, in 22 per cent of the cases the decision of mediators was ignored and strikes ensued. He cited numerous specific instances where labor disputes developed and where reference to the act failed to bring about amicable settlements.

He insisted that the question of population must be considered in modeling legislation after Canadian laws.

"When we consider," he said, "that Greater New York has a larger population than the whole Dominion of Canada, comparing problems in Canada to those in the United States seems a little grotesque.

"There are twice as many disputes, involving five times as many employes, settled by voluntary boards in New York city every year, as in all the disputes under the Canadian compulsory investigation act during its life.

"Destructive criticism is always easier than constructive, but I do not believe that by any form of compulsory legislation we can meet the issue."

ASKS JUSTICE FOR PEOPLE OF PORTO RICO

The people of Porto Rico refuse to be classed as dependents of the United States, declared Senor Pedro Capo Rodriguez, Spanish editor of the American Review of International Law, in an address in this city.

"Porto Ricans feel," he said, "that they are not being justly treated; that they are conscious of their own dignity and honor as a people, and that they must not be any longer considered as mere colonists or possessionists; that they want a position of dignity, a position of honor, a position such as corresponds to an American people."

New York, January 18.—The Central Federated Union, representing organized workers of New York and vicinity, has protested against that portion of the Jones bill which provides that Porto Ricans must possess property to the value of at least $500 before they can vote. The unionists ask that this be changed to read "or not less than $3 per annum," and that a citizen can vote if he is able to read and write either in Spanish or English.

A delegation of Porto Rican trade unionists, headed by A. F. of L. Organizer Iglesias, attended the meeting of the Central Federated Union and explained conditions in the island.

UNIONIST'S IDEA STATED.

New York, January 18.—"America is not a democracy so long as the mass of the people have no share in the government of those things which matters most to them. Political government is a very small affair alongside of industry," said George E. O'Dell of the American Ethical Union in an address in this city.

LEE M. HART IS DEAD.

Peoria, Ill., January 18.—Lee M. Hart, former secretary of the International Alliance of Theatrical Stage Employes, died in a hospital in this city and his remains were interred at Chicago. A wife and two brothers survive him.

ANTI-STRIKE STATUTE INTRODUCED IN HOUSE

Congressman Adamson, chairman of the House interstate and foreign commerce committee, has introduced a bill that includes every "can't strike" feature of the Canadian industrial disputes investigation act, which has been denounced by Dominion trade unionists.

The only exception is that the Canadian act applies to all public utilities, while Congressman Adamson's proposal refers to common carriers, although this term is used in such a manner that courts would undoubtedly extend its application.

The bill provides that where the federal board of mediation and conciliation fails to adjust a dispute the President shall appoint a board of inquiry to whom the controversy shall be referred. A report must be made within three months.

Pending these efforts and for thirty days thereafter, it shall be unlawful for employes to strike or employers to cause or declare a lock-out. This means that workers are prohibited from striking for four months. If an employe violates this section he is liable to a fine of $1,000 or a year's imprisonment, or both.

Congressman Adamson would not only handcuff workers to their jobs during these four months, but he would empower courts to sit in judgment over the acts of other citizens and a free press and free speech. Section 13 of the proposed law says:

"And persons inciting, encouraging or in any manner aiding any employer or employe to violate this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be subject to the same punishment as the employer or employe, as the case may be."

ONE DEATH EVERY 3 HOURS.

Harrisburg, Pa., January 18.—One death every three hours is the toll in the industries of this state. This slaughter will not be materially decreased unless employers install safeguards, organize safety departments and promote the Americanization of non-English-speaking workmen, said Commissioner of Labor and Industry Jackson.

Reports up to the first of the year show the stupendous total of 251,488 killed and injured during 1916 in this state's industrial establishments. The total number of deaths for the year is 2,587, an average of eight a day, including holidays and Sundays.

An average of 215 industrial workers were killed every month, as a result of accidents, and 19,742 were injured.

FORD MAY BUILD SMELTER.

Detroit, January 18.—Injunction proceedings against Henry Ford, started by Dodge Brothers, automobile manufacturers, have been withdrawn. When Ford started to build a $12,000,000 iron smelter near this city the Dodges, who own 10 per cent of the Ford stock, secured a restraining order. They charged that Ford's plans were "reckless and unwise," and asked that Ford be compelled to disburse the company's profits as dividends. A settlement of these differences was reached by Ford agreeing to furnish a $10,000,000 bond against any losses by the Dodges, who now win either way.

KEY MEN THREATEN STRIKE.

New Haven, Conn., January 18.—The New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad has appealed to the federal board of mediation and conciliation in the case of its telegraphers who have almost unanimously voted to strike for a 10 per cent wage increase, overtime, full time when deadheading on company business and other working conditions. Conferences with company officials, so far, have proven fruitless. Nearly 2,000 employes are affected.

WASHINGTON BRICK CO. WILL NOT RECOGNIZE EMPLOYES' ORGANIZATION

Washington Hydraulic Pressed Brick Co., with offices in the Colorado building, refuse to recognize Brick, Tile and Terra Cotta Workers' Local Union No. 106.

On December 10, 1916, Organizer Teddy McHold started organization work in this district, and on January 2 the brick company posted a notice that it had granted an advance in the scale of wages of $25,000 per year to its employes working in the Arlington (Va.) brick yard.

This is the first time in the history of any brick yard that an advance has been made on January 1, unless to offset organization work, says Organizer McHold.

Not satisfied with this effort to thwart the work of Organizer McHold, General Manager Lyons, Superintendent Polls and Foreman Kidwell immediately started to discriminate and intimidate their employes, stating that if men attended union meetings or joined the organization they would be discharged at once. Several men were discharged, but regardless of the company's stand the men organized and are determined to hold the scale of wages prevailing at present, which is $1.38 to $1.75 for unskilled labor and $2 to $3 for skilled labor for ten hours' work and no extra pay for overtime. During summer months the men work from twelve to sixteen hours.

A committee has been appointed by the Central Labor Union to call upon the district manager, Mr. Lyons, and interview him in regard to the above facts.

The Washington Hydraulic Pressed Brick Co. is a corporation controlling a chain of twenty-three plants over the United States and is notorious in its attitude opposing organized labor. At Brazil, Ind., Mr. Lyons stated to Organizer McHold, his company had spent $20,000 last year fighting organized labor.

The Capital Refining Co. of Arlington, Va., Mr. Butterworth, general manager, has also assumed a hostile attitude toward organized labor, and immediately upon finding that Organizer McHold of the A. F. of L. was in the district, they discharged three of their employes who were simply seen talking to him at Lacy's grocery store on Saturday night.

WILKES-BARRE UNIONS ARE RAPIDLY GAINING

Wilkes-Barre, Pa., January 18.—The Vulcan Iron Works has signed a joint agreement with the unions of machinists, boiler makers, blacksmiths and electrical workers. About 1,000 employes are benefited. The agreement provides for an average wage increase for mechanics of 47½ cents per day of nine hours. Helpers are advanced an average of 30 cents a day and apprentices 50 cents a day. Employes are granted seniority rights, the company agrees not to discriminate against any committeeman, overtime rules are established and protection against arbitrary foremen is assured.

This agreement was possible after the interested locals had conducted an organizing campaign among the Vulcan employes. This resulted in the plants becoming 100 per cent union in the four departments covered by the agreement.

SHARP "REASONING."

In advocating compulsory investigation before a strike can be called, James A. Emery, general counsel for the National Council for Industrial Defense, gave an exhibition of sharp "reasoning" before the Senate committee on interstate commerce.

This is Mr. Emery's system:

"Compulsory investigation is not involuntary servitude because Congress cannot compel a man to work, but it can condition his quitting under circumstances of public necessity."

WILL OPPOSE COSSACK LAW.

Charleston, W. Va., January 18.—Legislative agents of the state federation of labor, United Mine Workers' Union districts 17 and 29, the railroad brotherhoods and the central bodies of this city, Huntington and Wheeling are attending sessions of the legislature and will urge the adoption of remedial legislation and oppose the passage of a constabulary law, contemplated by the Manufacturers' Association.

NO LAWYER TO DEFEND "CANT-STRIKE" LAW

Denver, January 18.—There is not a reputable Colorado attorney who will, or who has, defended the legality of the "can't-strike" law, passed by the last legislature, says the Denver Labor Bulletin.

"At a meeting of the bar association in Colorado Springs last summer," says this paper, "Attorney E. P. Costigan, whose interests in the big questions concerning the welfare of the people is well known, delivered an address in which he declared that the industrial law was subversive of every principle of human rights and in direct conflict with constitutional guarantees. While the industrial commission was represented at this meeting by its legal member, yet the statements made by Mr. Costigan went unchallenged."

COMPULSION IN MINNESOTA.

St. Paul, Minn., January 18.—The compulsory arbitration wave has struck this state and the executive committee of the state federation of labor warns trade unionists to prepare to contest this scheme. Legislation that would establish a state constabulary is another menace to the workers.

The executive committee will urge the limitation of injunction writs in times of strike and the passage of a bill providing for a system of state insurance in connection with the compensation law.

These four subjects will be given especial attention by the state federation of labor at this session of the state legislature.

DEATH RATE REDUCED.

San Francisco, January 18.—In its report for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1916, the industrial accident commission states that during 1915 there were 533 fatalities in California industry, 1,264 permanent injuries and 65,741 temporary injuries. The number of deaths was 158 less than the number reported in 1914.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF UNION LABEL TRADES AND LABOR COUNCIL WASHINGTON 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., JANUARY 19, 1917.

Efficiency decreases as fatigue increases.

Exercise in the open air cures and prevents many ills.

The full pay envelope is the great enemy of tuberculosis.

The maintenance of health is the first duty of the patriotic American.

It is well to appreciate the good things of life, but don't be a good thing.

Selfishness is the one thing that stands between some people and happiness.

The necessity of industrial organization knows no law except that of human progress.

Many a man has lost his vitality by drinking too often to the good health of his friends.

There is at least one redeeming feature about air castles; we don't have to pay any taxes on them.

The unions are the schools of the workers where they learn the lessons of democracy and independence.

Do not be too quick to judge. Give your brother worker credit for being as intelligent and sincere as yourself.

Post-mortems will gain us nothing. Let the past sleep in peace and let us co-operate for better conditions in the future.

A reliable disinfectant which may be made for 50 cents per gallon has been devised by the United States public health service.

Trade unionism has been the great revolutionizing force that has secured opportunities for better lives and work to those who work.

The union label, as an organizer, is without an equal in the labor movement, both from the standpoint of economy and efficiency. Therefore, if you desire to see unionism prosper and succeed, demand the union label and assist in the march toward better things. This is not much of you, yet your aid is badly needed in this work. Do your part.

GOOD HEALTH RESTS WITH INDIVIDUAL.

Consider the furnace. Theoretically this is a machine for the economical production of heat. If the proper amount of the proper kind of fuel is properly put into it, if the ashes are properly cleaned out, if the drafts are properly managed, the chances are that it will heat the house properly. If, on the other hand, too much or too little fuel is put into it, if the fuel contains too much non-inflammable material, if the fire is not kept clean of ashes, or if the dampers are badly regulated, the furnace operates inefficiently or ceases working altogether. Perhaps the most important thing next to putting in the fuel is to clean out the ashes. If these are allowed to accumulate in the ash pit, the grate bars may be burned out.

Food is taken into the human body for the purpose of producing heat. The standard of its value is the number of heat units it contains. If too little fuel is taken into the human body an insufficient number of heat units to operate it are received and it works inefficiently. If, on the other hand, too great an amount of food is taken, the body becomes clogged and works just as inefficiently as if it had received too small an amount. The most important thing is to remove promptly all of the waste materials remaining after the food has given up its heat units. If too great an amount of this debris is allowed to remain the fires of the body are in danger of being put out by these poisonous materials. The elimination of these materials is one of the functions of the intestinal canal. One of the requisites of good health is an educated intestinal apparatus. Perhaps this is even more important than an educated set of brains. Certainly an educated set of brains cannot work effectively so long as the intestinal apparatus is badly operated.

Man in our present state of civilization is obliged to pay particular attention to functions which in a state of nature took care of themselves. A robust man engaged in active exercise in the open air may commit dietary indiscretions which would be exceedingly harmful to a sedentary worker. Exercise as a part of the daily life is, however, absolutely necessary for both. Plain, wholesome food is just as necessary for the brain worker as for him who labors with his hands. Above all, both must keep the human furnace well shaken down and without accumulation of ashes and debris in order that the fires of life may burn brightly and steadily.

LABOR REGRETS DEATH OF ADMIRAL DEWEY.

In the death of Admiral George Dewey labor has lost a sincere friend and the country a man whose services were valued highly. He devoted his life to the welfare of the government and died while still in active service. It is pleasing to note that his deserving work will not go by unnoticed, for he will be buried with the highest honors ever paid an officer of the U. S. Navy.

The man who can acknowledge his mistakes without blaming it on someone else has true courage.

It would take seventeen guardian angels and half a dozen policemen to keep some men out of trouble.

A successful financier is a man who can separate other men from their money without the aid of a sandbag.

Many a fellow can hear Pleasure whisper a mile away who can't hear Duty when it shouts in his ear with a megaphone.

The horse may seem real slow, but, gee! He does as he is bid. His spark plug never fails, and he is never known to skid.

Keep up the anti-injunction fight. Let there be no let-up until judge-made law for the laboringman is a thing of the past.

Don't wait for the other fellow to do what you ought to do. Pay your dues on time and get interested in your own welfare.

The story is going the rounds that Henry Ford contemplates establishing a six-hour day, with a minimum wage of $1.00 an hour, and four shifts in a day. What an awful howl the other employers of labor will set up if Henry finally decides to do this.

WAR FAST WIPING OUT ORGANIZED LABOR IN AUSTRIA.

The war has hit the trades and organized labor of Austria a blow that is almost stunning. The total membership has been reduced to 173,133 from 415,195, the figures in 1913; 30 of the 52 organizations that are banded together in the so-called "Imperial Commission" have less than 1,000 members apiece now, according to advices from Vienna, and the incomes of about half of the associations have been so reduced that they were exceeded by expenditures.

The reduction in the membership of the unions not only applies to men, some 200,000 of whom have been called to the colors, but to women as well, of whom 40 per cent of the old number have left the organizations. Some trades, such as roofers and paper box makers, now have only 26 and 15 members, respectively, left. The big metal workers and textile trades have only 38,000 and 29,000 members left.

Of course, with the reduction in membership there has been a corresponding decrease in the sums paid out for "war support," so that the various trades in 1915, for example, had to expend but little over $100,000 in this way, as against $630,000 in 1914.

Similarly the incomes dropped, so that the Imperial Commission in 1915 took in, through its 52 organizations, but $1,000,000 in 1915, against $1,650,000 in 1914 and $2,000,000 in 1913. Even with lessened membership, however, the trades still have as much in their treasuries today as they had in 1913.

BOOST FOR PUBLIC PRINTER.

In the current issue of the Typographical Journal the following appears in the correspondence from Chicago:

"The result of the presidential footrace ought at least be satisfactory to the 4,000 workers in the Government Printing Office, since Cornelius Ford in all likelihood will remain in charge of the big shop in the heart of Washington. Mr. Ford has made good on the exacting job of public printer. From a $250,000 product a half century ago the plant has developed into a $6,000,000 colossus. Upon assuming the duties of his office Mr. Ford placed confidence in the personnel and thereby won the respect of the whole force, who support him loyally and perform their duties with a zeal and enthusiasm which spell success. Wages of many workers have been increased, conditions improved, efficiency promoted, output enlarged, and with it all the appropriations have been reduced. Clear vision, rare judgment and an impulse to do right have made our present public printer a most valuable administrator."

PRAISED FOR HIS WORK.

When the news of the resignation of Mr. F. C. Roberts as labor commissioner reached the Island of Porto Rico the press of the island commented on his work during his stay among them. We quote below the following editorial, which was published in the San Juan Evening Times under date of January 6, 1917. The Times is said to be the leading daily paper in Porto Rico.

"We regret very much to learn that Mr. Roberts, former labor commissioner of Porto Rico is not to return to the island," reads the editorial. "He was a painstaking and efficient officer. He was also a true friend of the labor movement in its best and most practical form. His efforts did not always please some of the labor leaders of Porto Rico, but that was because he understood the virtues of the movement better than they. He appreciated the difficulties surrounding the subject in which he was interested in this country. He realized that a tremendous class of pupils had entered school at an advanced age, without previous training. He understood that neither the employer nor the employe had given careful consideration each to the rights of the other. Appreciating fully these conditions, Mr. Roberts worked with tact and energy for the uplift of the cause for which he stood. 'Fire and sword' were not his methods, but whenever organized efforts in any form were required to meet a situation, he did not hesitate to use them.

"In his retirement from Porto Rico our labor organizations have lost a valued friend and adviser, and our employers a man whose prejudices were not so strong that he was unable to see the justice of their side of the long pending controversy between capital and labor. We trust that Gov. Yager may be as successful in choosing his successor as he was in finding Mr. Roberts."

ESTABLISHED 1865 — 51 YEARS IN BUSINESS

CHRISTIAN XANDER'S

Famous Cocktails

Manhattan, Martini, Bronx — $1.00 a Bottle

909 7th Street, Northwest. — No Branch Houses. Phone M. 274

CORBY'S YEAST

Leaves nothing to guess-work.
Its purity and strength are uniform.
Every baker knows what that means.
Send for samples.

THE CORBY COMPANY

STATION K. — WASHINGTON, D. C.

Representative Houses

OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

BANKS

NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burglar-proof vaults; acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth Street and New York Avenue.

WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee, etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK. A bank for the working people. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account. Ninth and G Sts. N. W.

UNION SAVINGS BANK. Commercial accounts. Three per cent interest on savings accounts. The oldest savings bank in Washington.

MICHAEL T. GREENE
Liquors and Cigars. 639 D St. N. W.

STONER'S BAR AND RESTAURANT
The, G. Stoner. 206 Seventh St.S. W.

J. CHAS. McGUIRE'S BUFFET
Federal Seal Whiskey. 519 Ninth St. N. W.

O'KEEFE'S BUFFET
P. J. O'Keefe, Prop. 904 Pa. Ave. N. W.

GLAVIN'S BUFFET
ED. J. GLAVIN 309 G Street Northwest

FRANK'S BUFFET
Fourth and G Sts. N. W. Phone M. 5572.

DAVID WALSH'S BUFFET
407 10th Street N. W.

E. E. FARLEY'S BUFFET
415 13th Street N. W.

J. J. O'DONNELL'S BUFFET
333 Penn. Avenue S. E.

HARRY'S BUFFET
631 Penn. Ave. S. E. Phone Lin. 1848

MACHINIST

G. W. FORSBERG, formerly with Forsberg & Murray, Elevators, Boilers. Eighth and Water Sts. S. W. Main 742.

GROCER AND COFFEE ROASTER

SOMERSET R. WATERS, 1342 7th St. N. W.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

RALSTON & RICHARDSON, Evans Building, 1420 New York Avenue.

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.

SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (Inc.), Soda Water, Syrups, etc. 1066 Wis. Ave. N. W.

PHOTO SUPPLIES

E. J. PULLMAN. Developing and Finishing for Amateurs a Specialty. 420 9th St. N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS

MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Ave. N. W. Our Specialty, Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

FIRE INSURANCE

FIREMEN'S INSURANCE COMPANY, Seventh Street and Louisiana Avenue.

DRY GOODS

WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings. Hosiery, a Specialty. 806-808 H St. N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

UNDERTAKERS

J. WILLIAM LEE
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY
332 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.

W. H. BUTLER CO., 607-9 C St. N. W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT

NATIONAL MORTAR CO., 1st and M N.E.

COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING CO., 3036 K Street.

DRUGGISTS

CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth St. and Virginia Ave. S. E.

DAY & CO. 5th and G Sts. N.W. 14th and P N.W., 20th and R. I. Ave. N.E.

QUIGLEY, Druggist, 21st and G Sts. N.W.

A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner 7th and P Streets N. W. N. 2372.

Building Trades Headquarters Sixth and G Sts. N. W
Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rent

WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES, TOBACCO. — COSTELLO BROS

JOS. A. WILNER & CO.

UNION CUSTOM TAILORS

Cor. 8th and G Sts. N.W.

A Store That Interests

—Every Housekeeper

The housewife will find hundreds of helpful suggestions here—things that will add to the attractiveness of the home, as well as many devices of usefulness and comfort.

Our various stocks, which are daily replenished with new Merchandise, includes

Decorated Dinner and Toilet Ware,
Rich Cut Glass,
Gold Glassware,
Sterling Silver,
Silver-plated Ware,
Art Pottery,
Lamps and Electroliers,
Gas Portables,
Brass Novelties,
Fireplace Furnishings,
Kitchen, Laundry and Pantry Requisites.

Dulin & Martin Co.
1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St.

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY

Equitable Life Insurance Co.
of the District of Columbia

THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Issues Ordinary and Industrial

Wm. A. Bennett. 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.

EQUITABLE BLD'G. 816 14th ST., N. W.

Phone Main 3871

WM. H. HOWLIN
American Federation of Labor Building
9th Street and Mass. Avenue
Engrossing Resolutions, Diplomas Charters and Fancy Pen Work of All Descriptions

Saks & Company
MEN'S and BOYS' OUTFITTERS
Pa. Ave. & 7th St. Wash., D. C.

Specialists in Apparel for Men and Boys.

Black's Alderney and Green Meadow Dairy
Pasteurized and Tubercoline Tested Milk.
Phone N. 1670. Union Dairies.

Winter scenes make very attractive pictures. Load up your camera and start picture making now. We have everything in supplies.

WELLER'S DRUG STORE
8th & Eye Sts. S.E. 36th & M N.W.

FIREPROOF CONSTRUCTION
Hammett Fire Proofing Company
301-302-303 Wilkins Bldg.
Phone Main 3337.

PHONE MAIN 6079.

Reno Lunch
W. H. WOODCOCK, Proprietor.
625 PA. AVE. N. W.
HOME COOKED FOODS
NEVER CLOSED

Bell Brand Union-Made
COLLARS and SHIRTS
LARGE ASSORTMENT
T. HOLLANDER
North Capitol and H Streets

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

Miss Dora M. Yates, skilled laborer, reinstated.

Edward J. Hailer and Joseph A. Reith, temporary messenger boys.

John W. F. Bell and William H. Webster, skilled laborers, reinstated.

Separations.

Miss Marguerite E. Root, clerk, resigned.

James H. Tayman, probationary skilled laborer, resigned.

Karl Lerch and George D. McCathran, messenger boys, resigned.

Algie H. Caruthers and Miss Kathryn E. Mack, temporary compositors.

Benjamin H. Houser, Patrick F. McCormack, James Nolan, John F. O'Connor, Harry L. Staley, emergency plasterers.

Sam Hurwitz, Mrs. Marion B. Kern, Wilbur A. MacDonald, Harry J. Sullivan, Thomas J. Fitzwilliams, Robert T. Bray, Edward W. Davison, Robert G. Crickard, Paul A. Dwyer, M. Fillmore Harrison, Oliver J. Moore, Roswell D. Morgan, Joseph Silverberg, Thomas N. Surguy, Robert E. Youart, Otto L. Erdman, George J. Blundell, John T. Barber, Frank Bates, William M. Baldwin, Henry D. Whitcomb, emergency compositors.

Transfers, Etc.

William Williams, emergency compositor at 50 cents per hour, to linotype operator at 60 cents per hour.

Thaddeus Schultz, messenger boy, 15 cents per hour, to skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour, pamphlet binding section, night.

Joseph B. Fitzgerald, messenger, 25 cents per hour, office of superintendent of work, to messenger at $2 per diem, computing division.

STATE UNIONISTS MEET.

Nashville, Tenn., January 18.—At the annual convention of the state federation of labor a long list of proposed laws was indorsed. The list includes an anti-injunction statute, workmen's compensation, creation of a board of conciliation and mediation, an additional factory inspector, a minimum wage for females and minor children, and amending the child labor law to place the burden of proof on employers as to age of minor applicants. T. J. Smith, Graysville, was elected president, and W. C. Birthright, Nashville, secretary-treasurer. The next convention will be held at Memphis.

WANT MORE COSSACKS.

Harrisburg, Pa., January 18.—Capt. John C. Groome, superintendent of the state constabulary, wants the legislature to vote him 200 more cossacks. He says it is impossible for the present force of 228 men to meet the demands made upon it. The pay of the troopers, he adds, should be increased to conform to that of policemen in first-class cities.

The latest strike activity of these cossacks was during the fourteen-month street car strike at Wilkes-Barre, when they rode down bystanders and clubbed peaceful citizens.

TEAMSTERS RAISE WAGES.

San Francisco, January 18.—The Draymen's Association has raised wages of its organized teamsters 50 cents a day. A three-years' contract has been signed by the employers, who modified an antagonistic attitude when their employes began arranging for a general strike.

All employes, whether they handle one or four-horse teams, are included in the new agreement.

RIGHT TO QUIT IS PARAMOUNT.

Kansas City, Kan., January 18.—"Compulsory investigation, like compulsory arbitration, reduced to its last analysis means only involuntary servitude or slavery," says the Boiler Makers' Journal. "We are going to insist on a continuance of our right to quit work at any time, for any reason or no reason, alone or in company with our fellow workers."

FAVORS RAISE FOR OFFICIALS.

Raleigh, N. C., January 18.—In his address to the state assembly retiring Gov. Craig recommended that the salaries of state officials be increased. He urged that provision be made for a return of a part of the earnings of state prisoners to their dependent families.

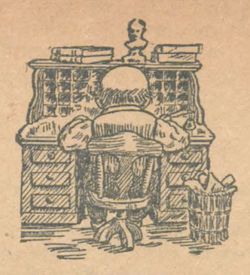
HOD CARRIERS WANT MORE.

Decatur, Ill., January 18.—Hod carriers' Union No. 143 has notified contractors that it will enforce a new scale April 1 which calls for 45 cents an hour for brick tenders and 50 cents for plasterers.

HUGE EARNINGS IN STEEL.

New York, January 18.—Last year the stock of the Midvale Steel and Ordnance Company netted 32 per cent after the huge sum of $3,525,579 was set aside for depreciation.

PASTIME PARAGRAPHS



By CYCLE.

In time of plenty prepare for Christmas.

* * *

Bull Moosers still refuse to "go around to the back door."

* * *

Barbers jes nachly shy at the "Safety" first proposition.

* * *

The weather man is adjudged a poor shot if he once misses the bull's eye.

* * *

It is idle to speculate as to the probable estimate Mendelsohn would place upon the player piano.

* * *

The status of the year 'round Saturday half holiday is not unlike a pleasant dream, followed by nightmare.

* * *

Federal employes of the future centinerian group may find consolation in the fact that all things come to those who wait.

* * *

Entries for the spring delegatorial race and for presidential honors in printorial circles are being discussed by friends of favorite sons.

* * *

The only possible objection to making Mother's Day a legal holiday would be that it might be construed to mean that mother is entitled to a rest day.

* * *

Harry Thaw has made another attempt to break away from this world of care. Harry no longer appeals to those who had hoped he might succeed.

* * *

W. F. Cody will be remembered as

Bill.

* * *

In that hair-pulling scrap across the water both parties seem to have enough of it, but there is still a lack of agreement as to who shall first let go.

* * *

The new year opens auspiciously. Billy Sunday has contracted to redeem New York city, and Senator Penrose has promised to purify the politics of Pennsylvania.

* * *

The eligible list for age retirement of government employes has proven the necessity for revision in many cases which had long been considered doubtful.

* * *

Reading first the appeal for help in cases of charity and then the list of thefts committed, the conclusion is reached that there are those in need and are helped and those who need and help themselves.

* * *

A well-trained office force is such that when one drops out there is another to take his place, and the machinery seems not the least disturbed. But there is always a sadness in the passing of faces long familiar.

* * *

It has been planned to make the inaugural souvenir attractive by embelishments in advertising Washington as the "City Beautiful." By way of suggestion, it might be well to secure the co-operation of the Weather Bureau.

CONSCRIPTION DEFEATED.

Melbourne, Victoria, Australia, January 18.—The commonwealth electoral officer has officially declared the result of the referendum on the subject of military conscription, October 28 last. Organized labor led the fight against the proposal, which was rejected by a vote of 1,145,198 to 1,034,918; majority against, 61,280.

PLUMBERS SUSPEND WORK.

Charleston, S. C., January 18.—Members of Plumbers' Union have suspended work to enforce a wage increase of 50 cents a day and improved working conditions. The employers raise the usual poverty plea.

DREDGEMEN REDUCE HOURS.

San Francisco, January 18.—Employers of steam shovelmen and dredgemen have signed a contract to reduce the work day from ten to eight hours.

OPTICAL WORKERS ORGANIZE.

New York, January 18.—Optical workers have organized with the aid of the A. F. of L. representatives.

OLD-AGE PENSION PLEA BACKED BY LOW WAGES

Boston, January 18.—Observing trade unionists are connecting Gov. McCall's plea for a compulsory sick insurance and old-age pensions for workers with prevailing low wages in this state.

The governor discounts the theory that insurance and pension systems would tempt workers "to throw aside their ambition to achieve a competency," for the reason, says the governor, that "the members of the groups to which it would practically be applicable work for wages which would not permit of saving upon any sufficient scale, and with little to save they would have little to squander."

The last report of the state bureau of statistics justifies the governor's statement that low wages in this state make saving impossible. It is estimated that during 1914, 7½ per cent of the adult wage earners in this state were paid less than $8 a week; 55.2 per cent were paid between $8 and $15 a week, and 37.3 per cent were paid $15 a week and over. Of the adult females, 26.9 per cent were paid less than $8 a week; 58.8 per cent between $8 and $15 a week, and 4.3 per cent $15 a week and over.

While trade unionists suggest that wage rates in this state should permit workers to live lives that include more than a mere sustenance, Gov. McCall's remedy is state medical supervision and old-age pensions for all "deserving citizens" of the commonwealth who are 70 or more years of age, who do not have children to support them, nor who do not have an income of more than $200 a year.

UNION SHOP RECOGNIZED.

Dallas, Tex., January 18.—The Builders' Association, representing all the large contracting firms in this city, has signed a two-year union shop agreement with the Building Trades Council. Only members of organized labor will hereafter be employed by these concerns.

Parker, Bridget & Co.
"The Avenue at Ninth"
Featuring
Extra Value
$15
Suits for Fall

Clothes, Hats and Shoes

The Bieber-Kaufman Co.
901-909 Eighth St. S. E.
Down by the Navy Yard
Washington, D. C.

BUTLER'S RHEUMATIC and GOUT REMEDY.
A KIDNEY AND HEART TONIC
Manufactured Since 1872 By
BUTLER & FIELD
Third and Indiana Ave. N. W.
Price 50c a bottle. 6 for $2.50
For Sale By Druggists.

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1
Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.

M. J. DUNNIGAN, President.....2007 14 Street N.W.
JOHN G. WOLFE, Vice-President.1023 N. J. Ave. N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W.

TRUSTEES

Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E
Thos. L. Nevins.....504 Maine Avenue S. W

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe.....1023 N. J. Ave. N. W
J. McElfresh.....
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E.
A. Tenley.....964 Florida Ave. N. W.
M. Sullivan.....5631-2 15 St. S. E.

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.

Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ARBITRATION COMMITTEE.

M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W
M. A. Wolfe.....418 F St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. E.
Joseph Harding.....210 13 St. S. W.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....2006 2nd St. N. W
R. Pumphrey.....223 Q St. N. W.
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W.
Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. W.

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Capitol St.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L St. S. W.

DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.

John Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave.
William Pollard.....522 14th St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, F. S. Radman, 134 7th Street N.E.

Bakery Salemen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secre- Wednesdays of each month at Moose Hall, tary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sunday in each month, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N. W.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. F. Miller, 19 Quincy Place northwest.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets first and third Sunday of the month at the Secretary, T. Guiffre, 908 Pennsylvania ave- Moose Hall, Seventh and G Street Northwest. nue northwest.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 48: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E street southeast.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G Street N. W.

Brotherhood of Railway Carmen of America, Local Union No. 313: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Streets N. E. Secretary, H. A. Chambers, 2113 4th N. E. Meeting nights first and third Tuesdays.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles' Hall. Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 520 Rhode Island Ave. N. E.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhau, 737 10th St. n. e.

Chauffeurs and Hack Drivers Union, Local No. 115: Meets the first and third Saturday of each month, G. A. R. Building, 1412 Pa. Ave. Secretary-Treasurer, Kirk C. Sipher, Room 25, 945 Pa. Ave. northwest.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wasaaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Twelfth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14535: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3800 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Paperhangers Hall, 430 Ninth Street N. W., second and fourth Thursdays of the month. Secretary, Edw. B. Finch, 38 P Street N. E.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets every Friday, at 8:00 p.m. Hall, S. E. Cor. Tenth and Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, Jas. P. Lahey, 816 5th street northeast.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and B Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hisle, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Employes' Union No. 14632: Meets second Friday of each month, Perpetual Building Association Hall. Secretary, W. M. Lynch, 409 A. F. of L. Building.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Watchmen's Union No. 14964: Secretary, Jas. H. Reed, Cor. Sec., 1228 B street southwest.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, John T. Bowers, Twentieth and Twenty-first and L and M streets northwest.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Avenue S. E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 Twelfth St. N. E.

Laundry Workers, Local No. 110: Meets first Friday in each month at Winslow's Hall, 12 and R streets northwest. Secretary, Moten Jefferson, 550 Twenty-fourth street northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, W. N. Huttel, 1430 A St. N. E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday, 1204 Pa. Ave. N. W. Secretary, E. H. Fulton, 1120 E St. S. E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. F. McDonnell.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third 2665. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Bus. Agt.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 922 Pa. Ave. N. W. Phone M. 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets second Sunday and fourth Friday in each month. Secretary, Albert Bridges 210 L st. s. e.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 420: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m. Secretary, J. A. Whitecar, 2209 Minnesota Ave. S. E.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Raymond R. Burrows, Clarendon, Va.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Robt. J. Barrett, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month. Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 820 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressmen, No. 1: Meets fourth Monday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N.E.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custodian and Janiter, 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, W. P. Cannon, 408 Twelfth St. S. E.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe. 326 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. F. Hickman, 518 Sixth St. N. W.

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Mrs. H. B. Tritipoe, 1737 Willard street N. W., Apt. 20.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10.30 a. m. and 8.30 p. m. Secretary, G. W. Calderhead, Room 412 Wash. Loan and Trust Building.

The High School Teachers' Union of Washington, D. C., No. 8: Meets in the Music Room of the New Central High School at 3.30 p. m. the second Tuesday in the months of October, December, February, and May. Secretary, G. J. Jones, Central High School.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle. 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 750 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Friday, Typographical Temple. Secretary, L. Gantt, 57-A Bates Street.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters International Secretary-Treasurer, Jas. E. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G St. N. W. Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth St. N. W.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.

WASHINGTON'S LARGEST PRINTING PLANT DEVOTED TO COMMERCIAL WORK

THE LAW REPORTER PRINTING COMPANY
COMMERCIAL PRINTERS AND STATIONERS
518-520 FIFTH STREET N.W.
WASHINGTON, D. C.
TELEPHONE MAIN 828
F. B. CROWN, MANAGER

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF THE UNITED BREWERY WORKMEN OF AMERICA
Union MADE Beer
Ale AND Porter
COPYRIGHT & TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1903
THIS IS OUR LABEL.

VOTE
Against Prohibition
DEMAND
Personal Liberty
IN CHOOSING WHAT YOU WILL DRINK
ASK FOR THIS LABEL WHEN PURCHASING BEER, ALE OR PORTER.
As A Guarantee That It Is Union Made.

THE PLATE PRINTER
Official Organ Plate Printers International Union.
P. J. RYAN, Editor. CHAS. T. SMITH, Assoc. Editor.
Subscription $1.00 Per Year
Telephone 4528 Wash. Loan & Trust Bldg.

CURB FEDERAL JUDGES URGES SENATOR OWEN

United States Senator Owen of Oklahoma introduced a joint resolution in the Senate which provides that any federal judge who rules an act of Congress unconstitutional is guilty of judicial usurpation and of violating the constitutional requirement of "good behavior," upon which his tenure of office rests.

Such decision, the resolution continues, will be sufficient to show that the federal judge has "vacated his office, and thereafter no officer of the United States shall recognize such judge as an officer of the United States or entitled to any of the emoluments or dignities of such office.

"The President of the United States is hereby authorized to nominate a successor to fill the position vacated by such judicial officer."

In his preamble to this resolution the author says the Constitution gives no authority to any judicial officer to declare unconstitutional an act passed by Congress and signed by the President.

In the constitutional convention in which the Constitution was framed, a motion was made three times to give the Supreme Court, in some mild form, the right to express an opinion upon the consttiutionality of acts of Congress, and was three times overwhelmingly rejected.

"Such assumption of power by the federal courts," continues Senator Owen, "interferes with the reasonable exercise of the sovereignty of the people of the United States and diverts it from the hands of the representatives of the people in Congress assembled to a tribunal appointed for life and subject to no review and to no control by the people of the United States, and is, therefore, against wise public policy."

REPLY TO CHARITY WORKER.

Cedar Rapids, Iowa, January 18.—Trade unionists have stirred up all kinds of excitement in this city because they exposed the workings of a scientifically arranged charity dispensing organization.

One woman takes exception to the unionists' position and writes to a local paper "when printers, painters and carpenters learn the proper method of dispensing relief they may be qualified to criticise."

And then C. Fred Hanson, a member of organized labor, takes his pen in hand and assures this lady, through the Cedar Rapids Tribune, that organized labor has laws passed protecting the lives of more children than she ever dreamed were in existence.

"We have substantial homes and sanitariums built for aged members; we have increased the standard of living of the working people and our organizations are founded on friendship, charity and benevolence," was Hanson's parting shot.

FAVORITES GET BONUS.

Pittston, Pa., January 18.—According to the Industrial Advocate, the Pennsylvania Coal Company overlooked its low-waged workers when it distributed a 10 per cent Christmas bonus. The company's generosity was given wide publicity, but it is now claimed that men like boss firemen, barn bosses and the night watchmen, whose wages do not run higher than $60 a month, received no extra pay.

"Such men as mine foremen, assistant mine foremen, mine superintendents, etc., rung in on the bonus money," says the Industrial Advocate.

ANOTHER CHEAP LIVING TEST.

New York, January 18.—Police Commissioner Woods announces that a test will be made to show that a normal man can live on 25 cents a day. The official will not experiment himself, but has selected twelve policemen to be doped up by efficiency experts.

STATE CARPENTERS TO MEET.

Akron, Ohio, January 18.—The third annual convention of the state council of carpenters will be held in this city Monday, February 5. At this time plans will be considered to organize smaller cities and strengthen weaker locals.

MEAT CUTTERS STRIKE.

Springfield, Mass., January 18.—A refusal of three provision houses to reduce hours from 60 to 50 a week caused 500 organized meat cutters to suspend work.

PAINTERS SECURE INCREASE.

New Britain, Conn., January 18.—Painters' Union will ask for a wage increase from 45 to 50 cents an hour, beginning March 31. This rate to apply to an eight-hour work day and a Saturday half-holiday.

INSISTS THAT EMPLOYES HAVE RIGHT TO STRIKE

President Furuseth of the International Seamen's Union in an all-day hearing before the Senate committee on interstate commerce smashed the theory that Congress has a right to prohibit employes suspending work.

The trade unionist said this scheme was an ancient one and he cited similar attempts by Roman rulers to hold men to their jobs by anti-combination decrees.

"In the name of the seamen I protest," he said, "against any legislation that will in any way prevent either an individual or a combination of individuals from quitting work at any time, for any reason or no reason.

"What have the working people to sell?" he asked. "Nothing but their labor power. What belongs to the people who come here asking for this strike prevention legislation? They own the means of production—the mines, the forests, the oil wells, the manufacturing establishments, the railroads and the ships. But these things are of no value to their owners unless they can obtain the labor power of the working people, and in proportion as they can get that labor power cheap it becomes more valuable.

"So these railroad owners come here asking for shackles to put upon the working people and demanding the power to strip the working people of the only defense they have today—the right to strike."

MONTHLY BONUSES POSSIBLE.

Joplin, Mo., January 18.—The Labor Tribune advises those wage earners who receive bonuses to invest same in a paid-up union card and help to make the bonus appear monthly in the form of wages "so they can support their families in decency the year 'round and not just give them a little feast once a year."

"The labor movement believes that the wage-earner is worthy of his hire. They want justice, not charity. The wage-earner, under union conditions, gets better pay and no bonuses. He does not feel that he owes the boss anything for giving him the money he earned by the sweat of his brow, and he does not care for alms in the shape of a bonus."

ENGINEERS MAY STRIKE.

Boston, January 18.—The violation of an agreement by the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad may result in Hoisting Engineers' Union No. 74 striking in sympathy with fellow members in Providence and New Haven. Strikes in the latter cities started several weeks ago, when the company refused to grant a new wage scale and improved working conditions. A compromise was effected but the men again suspended work when the company ignored its pledge.

JUDGE INDORSES WAGE RAISE.

Denver, January 18.—The entire mechanical force of the Denver, Laramie & Northwestern railroad, employed at the Utah junction round house, has secured wage increases on the order of Judge Dension of the Denver district court. The road is in the hands of a receiver who agreed with the men that wages were too low. An order by the court was necessary, however, but Judge Dension signed the document without question.

The force consists of two members of Machinists' Union No. 47.

PAY FOR INDUSTRIAL DISEASE.

Philadelphia, January 18.—Workmen who contract disease in the course of employment are entitled to compensation, according to a decision by Judge Audenried, upholding an award made by the workmen's compensation board. An employe contracted dermatitis through the handling of hides, which contained a poisonous chemical. The employer resisted the claim and said the disease was "accidental," because of the condition of the employe's hands. The court said this was impossible.

CLERKS REDUCE HOURS.

San Francisco, January 18.—Continued agitation by the Retail Grocery Clerks' Union has resulted in a reduction of one hour a day. These employes are now working eleven hours, but many stores are on the ten-hour basis.

LAND PLEAS WILL ATTRACT.

Denver, January 18.—Eastern and southern homeseekers will need to exercise caution to avoid the wiles of exploiters who have already prepared for an influx into this state as a result of the Ferris 640-acre homestead act recently passed by Congress.

WIREMEN'S WAGES RAISED.

Pittsfield, Mass., January 18.—Wages of electricians have been increased from $19.50 to $21 a week.

PRINTERS RAISE WAGES.

Holyoke, Mass., January 18.—Typographical Union has secured a five-year agreement with employers. Wages will be raised $1 a year every year for the first four years.

The original wage scale offered by the union called for an increase of $4 within three years. An advance of $2 was asked for all union men for the next year and $1 more the second year and $1 additional the third year. Compromise was made by which an increase of $1 a year for four years will be given, with no increase the fifth and last year of the agreement.

Cedar Rapids, Iowa, January 18.—Typographical Union No. 192 has signed a four-year contract, carrying wage increases of 10 per cent, with employers. One-half of the increase becomes effective immediately and the remaining one-half in two years.

FEW MOLDERS ON STRIKE ROLL.

Springfield, Ohio, January 18.—The iron molders' strike for a shorter work day has resulted in the establishment of the nine-hour day and a minimum wage of $3.50. There are less than a score of molders on the strike roll.

USHERS RAISE WAGES.

Charleston, W. Va., January 18.—The newly organized Theater Ushers' Union has secured an agreement and substantial wage increases with the two leading theaters of this city.

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

UNION OPERATOR — LOCAL No. 224 — WASH. D. C. — I. A. T. S. E. — AFFILIATED WITH CENTRAL LABOR UNION & A. F. of L.

American, 1st st. and R. . ave.n.w.
Apollo, - - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Auditorium, 13th st. and N. Y. ave.n.w.
Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Casino - - - 7th and F Sts. N. W.
Central Park - - 9th bet. G & H N.W.
Chelsia Theatre, 19th and M sts. n. w.
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N. W.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Eagle Gate Theatre - Sol. Home Gate
Eastern, - - 8th St. bet. F & G S. E.
Elite Theatre, 14th and R. I. ave. n. w.
Empire, - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Fairyland, - 19th and L st. n. w.
Favorite, H St. North Capitol & First
Garden Theatre, 423 Ninth st. n. w.
Gayety Theatre, - 513 9th st. n. w.
Georgia - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
Home Theater, C bet. 12th & 13th n. e.
Liberty Theatre. N. Capitol & P St.
Loewe's Columbia . . F near 12th
Lyric Theatre - - 14th near Park Rd.
Maryland - - - **624 9th St. N. W.**
"M" Street Theatre, M St. near 32nd
Maycroft Park, H St. bet. 6 7, N.E.
Meaders, - - - 8th & G Sts. S. E.
Mid City, - 7th, bet. N and O st. n. w.
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Odeon - - 14th and Church Sts. N. W.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15, N.W.
Peerless Park, - 3105 Ga. ave. n. w.
Penn Gardens - - 21st St. & Pa. Ave.
Plaza Theatre - 434 9th st. n. w.
Pleasant Hrr. Park, 12 and C N. E.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Randolpr Park, 1st and Randolph n. w.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
R. I. Theatre, 7th and R. I. Ave. N. W
Savoy, - - - 14th and Col. Road.
Schuetzen Park, Ga. ave. and Kenyon
Standard Park, Bates, near N. Cap. St.
Strand, - - - - - Ninth and D.
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N. E.
Stanton Park, - - - 219 4th N. E.
Starlight Park, 4 1-2 and K st. n. w.
Surprise Theatre - Alexandria, Va.
The Strand, - - Hopewell, Va.
The Richmond, - - Alexandria, Va.
Truxton Park, N. Capitol & Fla. Ave.
Victoria Theatre, 7th & E Sts. S. W.
Virginia - - - 614 9th St. N. W.

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

J. G. O'DONNELL, President, 122 Sixth St. N. E.
M. J. Deery, Vice-President, 2407 Girard St. N. E.
THOS. W. WOLTZ, Recording Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
G. H. F. DAVIS, Treasurer, 439 Second St. S. E.
W. L. STRATTON, Conductor, 617 Sixth St. N. W.
A. F. MOIRSETTE, Warden, 425 G St. N. W
GEO. MYERS, Business Agent, 425 G St. N. W.

TRUSTEES.

F. J. NOLTE, 24 Eighth Street N. E.
MARK REILEY, 1127 B St. S. E.
A. P. TAYLOR, 622 I Street N. E.

DELEGATES TO THE DISTRICT COUNCIL

R. H. BURDETTE, 1207 L Street N. W.
C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
E. B. BYRNE, 425 G Street N. W.
ROBERT REICHARD, 1720 35th Street N. W.
J. H. RYAN, 1101 Eleventh Street S. E.

DELEGATES TO THE CENTRAL LABOR UNION.

C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
R. H. BURDETTE, 816 K Street N. W.
W. S. HOLLOHAN, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
C. A. SAUNDERS, 244 9th St. S. E.
LOUIS LUEBKERT, 1314 Kerney St. N. E.

RELIEF COMMITTEE.

THOS. P. O'DEA, 1149 4th St. N. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
H. M. BEVILL, Brentwood, Md.
J. T. CLIFT, 4115 Seventh Street N. W.
M.A. FOLEY, 118 Seaton Street N. E.

MILL COMMITTEE.

F. E. KETTNER, 3016 Cambridge St. N. W
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
O. A. CARTER, Rosslyn, Va.

DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

G. H. F. DAVIS, 439 Second Street S. E.

AGAINST CONVICT LABOR.

Indianapolis, January 18.—A commission appointed by former Gov. Ralston recommends the abolishment of the convict labor system in Indiana. The legislature is urged to prepare for new legislature in 1920, when contracts for labor in the state prison expire.

The commission favors the state-use system for the employment of prisoners and opposes the employment of prisoners on public highways for the reason that it is impracticable and undesirable. "Certain prisoners, however, can be successfully employed in the production and preparation of road material," the commission believes.

It is stated that Gov.-elect Goodrich favors these recommendations.

RICE MILL WORKERS GAIN.

Crowley, La., January 18.—Organized rice mill workers, affiliated to the American Federation of Labor, have secured wage increases of 25 cents a day, and will now attempt to reduce working hours. They are preparing to enlist every eligible employe in the organization. The present work day is from 7 a. m. to 7 p. m. Most of the mills run twenty-four hours a day.

LIST OF LIQUOR DEALERS WHO HAVE SIGNED "THE AGREEMENT."

Allen, Paul.....2 N st. n| e.
Allen, John J...807 N. C. Cap st. n. e.
Beirkle, Leopold, - 1245 H st. n. e.
Boyle, William J., 601 Mass. ave n. w.
Castelli, Vincent, 502-504 Ninth st.n.w.
Clark, C. H.....510 9th st. n. w.
Colonial Beach Boat Co.
Costello, Bros.....604 G st. n. w.
Crowley, James J.....702 E st. n. w.
Daly, T. J.....34 H st. n. e.
Daye, Wm. T.....1218 Wisc. ave.
Doyle, Wm. T....1314 Wisc. ave. n. w.
Duffy, James A. -901 1-2 E st. n. w.
Wm. R. Fosbender, 406 Ninth st. n w.
Franey, F. A.....711½ 9th st. n. w.
Frank, Mrs. M. E. - 319 G st. n. w.
Ganey, M.....615 7th st. s. w.
Glavin, Edwin.....309 G st. n. w.
Hannan, Mrs. E....531 7th st. s. w.
Hanlon, Timothy.....822 H st. n. e.
Kelliher, J. D.....1258 7th st. s. w.
Killeen, John F.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Louis Hodges, - - 407 9th st n. w.
Lynagh, Peter J.....523 7th st. s. w.
Lynch, John.....417 9th st. n. w.
McCarthy, F. J.....910 4½ st. s. w.
McCarthy, Jas. J....1402 H st. n. e.
McDonald, F. J.....643 Pa. ave. s. e.
McGinniss, H. J., 1001 N. Y. ave. n. w.
McGuire, J. Chas., 519 Ninth st. n. w.
McHough, Martin....1105 H st. n. e.
Milton Schmidt, - 702 7th st. n. w.
O'Connor, D. J.....100 G st. n. w.
O'Connor, Patrick F., 617 D st. n. w.
O'Connor, James.....1429 N. Cap. st.
O'Day, John T. - 921 Ninth st. n. w.
O'Donnell, James J...333 Pa. ave. s. e.
Peter White, - - - 905 D st. n. w.
Raftery, Thomas.....406 H st. n. e.
Raftery, Patrick.....225 11th st. n. e.
Roland, J. H.....511 9th st. n. w.
Scanlon, Daniel,.....103 H st. n. w.
Schroter, Conrad....3258 M st. n. w.
Schltz, Mary T.....607 G st. n. w.
Sheehan, John J., 701 North Cap. st.
Solon, Mary A., - 1003 7th st. e.
Stern, M. M.....601 7th st. n. w.
Stanton, Frank J.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Sullivan, David, 12th and E st. n. w.
Sullivan, John J., 1351 35th st. n. w.
The Casino, Frank Farenkamp (Chesapeake Beach).
Victor Buffet Co., Inc., 7th and G n. w.
Walsh, David, - - 407 10th st. n. w
Wassman, Henry, 705 Seventh st. n. w.
Wiedeman, Joseph....629 E st. n. w.
William J. O'Leary, 733 North Cap. st.
Wininghер, Harry 631 Pa. ave. s. e.
Wolf, Frank, - 512 12th st. n. w.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Meets Every Monday Night

Typographica Temple
423-425 G St. N. W.

Secretary s Address: 1325 E. Capitol St.
Telephone: Lincoln 3955

OFFICERS

N. A. JAMES .....President
HUGH DIGNEY .....Vice-President
JOHN B. COLPOYS, Secretary, 1325 E. Capitol St.
JOSEPH E. TOONE.....Financial Secretary
WM. H. SCHAEFER.....Treasurer
JOSEPH C. CLARK.....Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES: Wm. Zell, Mary Ganzhorn, J. L. Considine

COMMITTEES

Executive—Hugh Digney (chairman), N. A. James, John B. Colpoys, J. E. Toone, W. N. Huttel, John R. Hartley.

Legislative—Robert Jones (chairman), John H. Lorch, N. P. Alifas, H. R. Alcorn, E. W. Oyster.

Adjustment—W. N. Huttel (chairman), Jere McCarthy, J. A. McDonald, Ben Spellbring, John G. Schmidt.

Contract—John R. Hartley (chairman), W. H. Schaefer, Hubert Newsom, C. H. Adams, A. J. Ginnelly.

Laws—Dan Hassett (chairman), J. H. Wells, D. J. O'Leary.

Resolutions—J. L. Considine (chairman), Zep S. Pollock, A. J. Kimmell.

Organization—J. E. Toone (chairman), Mary Burkhead, Henry Miller, J. H. Wilson, H. A. Ranier.

Auditing—Mary Ganzhorn (chairman), Marguerite Stewart, E. Wood.

Credentials—M. J. Costella (chairman), J. H. Swain, S. T. Ford.

Lable—E. T. Good.

Press—John B. Colpoys (chairman, N. A. Sprague, B. O'Leary.

Delegates to Baltimore—J. E. Toone (chairman) J. M. Foster, William Zell.

Delegates to Alexandria—H. F. Oehler (chairman). Chas. Allison, L. A. Sterne.

MEATS GROCERIES FISH

Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the

OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.

930 La. Ave. N. W. — 1111 H Street N. E.
8th & E Sts. S. E. — 1632 N. Capitol Street
31st & M Sts. N. W. — 3418-20 Ga. Ave. N. W.
7th & Q Sts. N. W. — 14th & U Streets N. W.
1778 U Street, N.W. — 7th and B Streets N. E.
7th & H Street N. E. — 3113 14th Street, N. W.
726 7th St. N. W. — 1440 P St. N. W.
2002-2004 Ga. Ave. N. W.

POULTRY BREAD PRODUCE

WASHINGTON BREWERY CO.

IMPERIAL EXPORT

A really fine beer

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK

Northwest Corner FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST

LOOK FOR THE CLOCKS

4 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts

COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

Homesteaders—Come to Virginia

Where you will find homes, happiness, independence for all. Mild winters, no malaria, no mosquitos. Farms all sizes at reasonable prices and terms. Send for our Land Bulletin and a copy of The Record—FREE.

J. R. MEADOWS & CO., Crewe, Va.

WE DO ALL KINDS OF

Job Printing

AND THE PRICE IS RIGHT

The Trades Unionist, 604-6 5th St. N. W.

LANSBURGH & BRO.

"DRY GOODS ONLY"

The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City

420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

When in Doubt, Buy of

HOUSE & HERRMANN

FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.

N.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W

GEO. D. HORNING,

N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.

LOAN OFFICE

CORBY CAKE

AT ALL GROCERS

Takoma Bread

Fresh Three Times Daily

AT ALL GROCERS

Havenner Baking Company

Established 1815

The only strictly

UNION TAILORING

house in the city

M. STEIN & CO.

TAILORS

Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

STORAGE PACKING FREIGHT HAULING

Merchants Transfer — AND — Storage Company

920-922 E Street Northwest

Phone Main 6900

SHIPPING MOVING HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

Washington District Council of Carpenters

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple
ROBERT ADAM, President, Local 2563, U. B., 1511 Vermont Avenue N.W.
R. H. BURDETTE, Vice President, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
E. B. BYRNE, Secretary, Local 132, U. B., 425 G Street N.W.
F. A. SHOESMITH, Treasurer, Local 2563, U. B., 5209 Georgia Avenue N.W.
C. H. ADAMS, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 804 A Street N.E.
R. H. BURDETTE, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
H. PAGE, Trustee, Local 2563, U. B., 336½ 13th Street N.E.
ROBERT REICHARD, Local 132, U. B., 1720 34th Street N.W.
J. H. RYAN, Local 132, U. B., 1101 11th Street S.E.
FRED HOOK, Local 2563, U. B., 1528 8th Street N.W.
WILLIAM MACKIE, Local 2563, U. B., 216 Seaton Place N.E.

BUSINESS AGENT.
GEO. MYERS, 425 G Street N. W.

CELTIC CLUB WHISKEY

Our Specialty

Never Changes. Accept No Substitute
Once Tried You'll Always Use It.

Ports and Sherries for family use, Quarts, 50 and 75 cents. All makes of Beer. Leading brands of Cigars. Ales and Porters on draught the year round.

D. J. O'CONNOR

New Jersey Ave. and G Sts. N.W

PHONE NORTH 2349

DONOVAN'S

FINE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS

2003 14th St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

THE MILTON SCHOOL

Oxford Bldg., 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.

Stenography
Typewriting
English
Spanish

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO BEGINNERS

Now in larger quarters in the Oxford Building, 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.

The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I. P. E. U.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXI. NO. 31 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, JANUARY 26, 1917. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

FUNDS NEEDED FOR SCHOOL FOR TUBERCULER CHILDREN OF DISTRICT

Some time ago the Board of Education announced that it had perfected plans for a school for tubercular children of each race. It was explained, however, that money would be needed for the clothing and transportation of these children, of whom there were fifty-nine, and whose parents in most cases could not afford this expense. There is no public money available for this purpose, but it is hoped that an appropriation can be gotten from Congress for the succeeding years if the public will subscribe the money for the first year voluntarily.

Considering the sad lot of these little sufferers, one would think that the sum asked would be readily raised. However, only $25 has been subscribed to date, and $1,000 is the amount asked for. Children suffering with tuberculosis are barred out of the regular schools, and unless these open-air schools can be established these children will grow up without an education, even if they conquer this dread disease.

A member of one of our unions who has been taking an interest in matters of education has suggested to The Trades Unionist that this is an opportunity that ought to appeal to the labor unions of Washington for their enthusiastic support. A contribution of $10 or $20 from every union in the city would soon raise this fund or a large part of it and would be an object lesson in "organized" charity of the right sort.

The unions ought to be in close touch with the school systems in every city in this country, and it is very seldom their fault that they are not. Opportunities such as this give organized labor a chance to demonstrate its civic spirit and patriotism in promoting public welfare and should not be overlooked.

The Trades Unionist will be glad to report and forward any subscriptions.

MOLDERS MAKE STEADY GAINS.

Cincinnati, January 25.—Editor Frey of the International Molders' Journal makes this record of steady gains by that organization since 1891, when conference agreements were established:

"The first advance, amounting to 10 per cent, took place April 1, 1889. The following year, in April, 5 per cent more was added. In April, 1902, another 5 per cent, and in April, 1907, 5 per cent more. On January 1, 1911, another 5 per cent was added, and on January 1, 1913, 5 per cent more. This made 35 per cent, or its equivalent, upon 1898 prices and the advance established at the recent conference with the Stove Founders' National Defense Association increased this percentage from 35 to 60 per cent."

PAINTERS RAISE WAGES.

Jacksonville, Fla., January 25.—Painters' Union No. 164 reports that employers are accepting its new wage scale, which raises wages to 45 cents an hour, time and one-half for overtime and double time for Sunday and holiday work.

Youngstown, Ohio, January 25.—Contractors have agreed to pay the new wage scale of Painters' Union. Rates are increased 50 cents a day. During eight months of the year the work week will be five and one-half days and six days for the remaining four months.

OPPOSE "CAN'T-STRIKE" LAW.

Denver, January 25.—At a meeting of the joint legislative committee of the state federation of labor and the railroad brotherhoods it was unanimously agreed that the repeal of Colorado's "can't-strike" law is of first importance to the wage workers and that all other legislation shall be secondary.

ARKANSAS STATE COMMISSIONER APPROVES TRADES UNIONISM

Little Rock, Ark., January 25.—"These statistics show organized labor to be more prosperous and enjoying shorter hours of labor and better wages than the unorganized," says Commissioner Clary in his biennial report on labor conditions in this state.

He says that at least 50 per cent of the unorganized are receiving as low as $1.50 a day, and some even less, and one-half of these workers are men of families.

"It seems to us," continues the state official, "impossible for a man to support his family and educate his children on $1.50 a day, yet these conditions exist. To better these conditions we heartily indorse organized labor. Labor organizations have become a part of our latter day civilization and the right of the working man to bargain through his labor organization with his employer must be upheld. As an individual, the wage-earner has little chance to determine the wage he is to receive, yet he is compelled to purchase the product of his own labor and pay whatever is demanded from him for it, and his only opportunity for bettering his condition is to combine with his fellow workmen. Organized labor has done much for the wage-earners of Arkansas. In fact, it is through their efforts that we have the labor laws we now have on our statutes."

VIOLATES NINE-HOUR LAW.

Beaumont, Tex., January 25.—Federal officials have filed suits against the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railroad for violation of the nine-hour law which provides that no telegraph operator handling train orders shall be allowed to work more than nine hours a day in an office that is operated continuously. The suits involve penalties aggregating $10,000. The government cites twenty separate violations of the law between May 6 and 16, inclusive, and claims that operators have been forced to work twelve hours a day.

President Ripley of this railroad has attracted some attention because of his opposition to the Adamson law and the present suits would indicate that his disregard for all legislation of this character has affected his subordinates.

SEVEN-HOUR DAY FAVORED.

Columbus, Ohio, January 25.—The state convention of the United Mine Workers' Union has decided for a seven-hour day and a five-day work week. President John Moore presented the plan in his annual report. He said statistics prove that miners working five days of seven hours each a week can produce all the coal needed for domestic use and for exportation. Employment would be more steady by such a change, he contended.

Ohio produced between 31,000,000 and 32,000,000 tons of coal last year, the largest tonnage on record except in 1913, when the total tonnage reached 36,000,000. Car shortage prevented larger production during 1916, he said. At many mines men, ready to work six days a week, were kept busy only half that time.

BONUS ANNULS CONTRACT.

Wheeling, W. Va., January 25.—The Wheeling Traction Company recently announced a bonus system and now the Street Car Men's Union calls the company's attention to this abrogation of existing agreements. The workers refuse to accept the bonus system, which depends upon the company's good will, and have presented a demand for wage increases.

The federal bureau of immigration reports that 40,576 immigrants arrived in this country during the month of November, last year, against 28,297 during November, 1915.

E. W. LAWRENCE APPOINTED INSTRUCTOR OF PRINTING AT CENTRAL

Through the efforts of the vocational education committee of Columbia Typographical Union to have a practical printer appointed to teach printing at Central High School, the school authorities have given a temporary appointment to E. W. Lawrence. Mr. Lawrence is said to be well qualified for the position, having taught in the Indian service for several years and being a first-class job printer. He is a member of Columbia Union. He will inaugurate both day and night classes, beginning about February 1. About twenty apprentices in downtown offices have signified an intention of taking the night course.

A further opportunity for the school authorities to show whether they appreciate the progressive attitude of Columbia Union will occur in the appointment of a teacher of printing for the Dunbar Colored High School, which will shortly be made. Several colored members of Columbia Union, all of whom are thoroughly competent and now holding good positions, are among the applicants for the position, and it is hard to see any excuse for not appointing one of these men.

The committee is also bending every effort to come to some agreement as to the course of study to be laid out, so that boys who take the course at Central High School can be allowed credit for one or two years on their apprenticeship in case they decide to take up the printing trade. Naturally, the union cannot make these allowances unless assured as to the course of study contemplated by the school.

EIGHT HOURS FOR MUNITIONS.

New Haven, Conn., January 25.—The Connecticut Labor Press, published in this city, says:

"The Winchester Repeating Arms plant will be, within a week or two, an eight-hour shop. Already some of the departments are on the eight-hour schedule with the pay of the employes on an eight-hour basis, the average worker, man or woman, getting nothing from the cut down in hours.

"The reason for the shops going onto eight hours is given, unofficially, of course, as an aid to the general conduct of work in the shops. The real reason, according again to unofficial reports, is that the Winchester company lost a big contract from the United States government, totaling almost $1,000,000, because it was not an eight-hour shop, and therefore was not able to turn out a government contract."

BONUS TYPIFIES CHARITY.

New York, January 25.—"The bonus stands for dependence and the trade agreement for independence," says the Garment Worker, official paper of the United Garment Workers' Union.

"When a wage increase or any other concession is secured through trade union activity and collective bargaining, the workers are able to stand upon their rights as free men and women in demanding justice and equity, and it is only where this situation exists that those who earn their living by manual labor are free men and women in every sense of the word."

CEREAL WORKERS ORGANIZE.

Cedar Rapids, Iowa, January 25.—Employes of the Quaker Oats Company have organized and are chartered by the A. F. of L. as Cereal Mill Employes' Union No. 15,403. These employes suspended work a short time ago, and it was later agreed that their wage demands would be submitted to the company's Chicago office, and if the reply was not satisfactory to the workers the matter would be arbitrated.

MOVIE OPERATORS CONTINUE TO SIGN UP NEW NAMES TO ROSTER

Local 224, Motion Picture Machine Operators' Union, continues to make progress. This success is due, in a very large measure, to the co-operation of our good and sincere friends in the general labor movement. We greatly appreciate their assistance, and are always ready to reciprocate. Equally important, however, to our continued success is the attitude of Local 224 toward the exhibitors.

Realizing that the real object of a labor union is: First, to obtain fair conditions for its members, and, second, to create with the employer a feeling that he cannot afford to even consider non-union labor, Local 224 seeks to imbue its membership with such a sense of fairness in both directions, that we find the exhibitor has come to realize that he is assured of a square deal when dealing with our business agent. A fitting testimonial to the success of Local 224's Golden Rule policy will be found in another column of this paper—our "Signed Up" roster. It is arranged alphabetically; can you find your favorite theater in it?

We are pleased to announce that Loewe's Columbia, 12th and F streets northwest; Washington, 18th and U street northwest, and Regent, 18th and California streets northwest are signed up.

Here is success to our new friends, and we will be pleased to see all our friends patronize only the houses that are in the Signed Up column, assuring all a first-class performance every day.

Brothers Le Roy O. Andrews and John Leonard, operators with the "Birth of a Nation," paid Local 224 a visit.

J. R. Kitchen, president No. 370, Richmond, Va., just blew in—all to the good. "Kit." is a very busy man and has many friends. Nuf sed. Well he looked the part.

Fred Stoffregen, Art Smith, Chas. Mills and Cecil Woods played our city. All good scouts.

Do not forget the grandest affair of the season is the Movie Ball. One big surprise for you. Be there at 9 p.m., March 2, 1917, Old Masonic Temple. B. A. SPELBRING.

WANT DIRECT LEGISLATION.

Little Rock, Ark., January 25.—Trade unionists would end the practice of the state legislature weakening the initiative and referendum law by declaring important legislation "emergency," thereby making it impossible, under the direct legislation act, for the people to pass on same.

Petitions are now being circulated to amend the law to provide that the legislature shall not attach the emergency clause to a law unless an emergency really exists, and then only on the vote of three-fourths of the members elected.

Another amendment would prevent the legislature from repealing legislation adopted by the people by a two-thirds' majority. Legislation initiated, it is also provided, shall not be subject to veto.

SCHOOLHOUSES ARE FIRETRAPS

Boston, January 25.—Seven cities in Massachusetts have schoolhouses not one of which the state inspection authorities will certify as safe, according to the report of a legislative committee, which has carefully investigated the condition of schoolhouses throughout the state.

The cities referred to are Chicopee, Gloucester, Lowell, Medford, Melrose, Newburyport and Newton.

A TUBERCULOSIS ENEMY.

In a bulletin issued by the federal public health service this question is asked: "Do you know that the full pay envelope is the great enemy of tuberculosis?"

WORKER TAKES PHOTO; CITED FOR CONTEMPT BY FEDERAL JUDGE

Toledo, Ohio, January 25.—Federal Judge Killets' injunction against striking electrical workers has been violated and International Vice President Bugniazet of the Brotherhood of Electrical Workers has been cited for contempt of court.

The trade unionist took pictures of strikebreakers at work and his honor holds that this is a violation of his order against violent picketing or interference with the company's property.

The telephone girls suspended work to enforce a living wage scale and the electrical workers struck in sympathy. Judge Killets is most insistent that strikers have the right to picket in a peaceful manner, but he has the notion, apparently, that there is no police statutes governing violence, so he has protected society against this oversight of lawmakers.

Attorneys for the strikers are demanding that Judge Killets define peaceful picketing, but the court pleads not to crowd him too far lest he may be forced to pass on the constitutionality of the Clayton law, which, he hints, creates a favored class in this country. The court is most insistent that telephone service be continued for the benefit of the public, but when his attention is called to the cause of the strike—the struggle of working girls for a wage in excess of $6 a week—his answer is that the court has nothing to do with this phase of the question.

REAL PREPAREDNESS.

San Francisco, January 25.—Editor Scharrenberg of the Coast Seamen's Journal calls attention to the affirmation by the last seamen's convention of the principle of low initiation fees and high dues.

"Labor organizations that try to maintain themselves," says this paper, "on low dues and high initiation fees are ineffective and impotent to carry out the requirements of the present-day industrial struggle, and the sooner the members of our unions realize this the better. For when the history of the world's labor movement is analyzed, it will be found that the unions with high dues have been the most successful in increasing wages, shortening hours and generally improving conditions for their members."

"SOCIAL JUSTICE" DEFINED.

Springfield, Ill., January 25.—In his inaugural message Gov. Lowden gave this definition of "social justice," in opposition to the theory that our salvation lies in law:

"Social justice does not consider alone the defective and incompetents of society. It recognizes that, after all, the business of civilization is carried forward by the great mass of independent, self-respecting citizens who ask no direct aid from the government. A paternalism which considers only the weaker members of society to such an extent as to impair the rugged independence of these men and women would ultimately defeat its own ends."

LOW-WAGED WORKERS STRIKE.

Joliet, Ill., January 25.—Unorganized workers employed by the National Carton Company are on strike for a wage increase of $1 a week. The old rates were $13 and $14. The strikers' places were filled with young girls. Work at this plant is of the most laborious kind.

FUR WORKERS ORGANIZE.

Minneapolis, Minn., January 25.—Fur workers organized and have secured a union shop agreement with the largest furrier in the city. Wages are increased from $1 to $3 for a 50-hour week and time and one-half for overtime.

PRINTERS HOLD SPIRITED MEETING—DEATH LIST FOR MONTH IS HIGH

Last Sunday was a rather bad day under foot, but it did not deter members of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101, from attending in the hall when the president called the meeting to order.

The Bulletin for the month showed ten deaths. This is far above the average, which, based on prior years, should show an average of about four per month.

The report of the delegates from the Central Labor Union, asking for indorsement of the Cary bill, creating suffrage in the District in a limited form, brought out a storm of opposition from the "dry" advocate, branding the measure as an effort to defeat prohibition in the District. After a long and tiresome debate a point of order was made against the consideration of the matter, and it was carried after an appeal from the decision of the chair, thus reaffirming the former stand of nonaction on this question.

The laws committee reported on the request referred to it respecting the creation of an organizer, asking that further time be given the committee to report. A long and spirited debate followed the report of the committee, which was finally adopted after voting down an amendment to abolish the present plan and place the matter in the hands of the executive committee to employ an organizer at its discretion and limiting the expenditure for the position.

A committee of three members was ordered appointed to draft suitable resolutions on the death of the late Deputy Public Printer Brian.

Organizer Roberts made a report on the work done by him during the past month, reviewing the whole field, and pointed out the need for a man on the job, whether he was continued in the position or not, citing a number of cases where it is necessary to follow up the question of diverting work from the city.

The report of the book and job committee in printed form was distributed to the membership during the meeting. It is a compilation of all printing offices in the city of every character and contains valuable information to the membership.

SHIRT MAKERS STRIKE.

New York, January 25.—Nearly 10,000 shirt makers employed in 250 factories have suspended work to enforce a wage scale prepared by Shirt and Boys' Waist Workers Union, affiliated to the United Garment Workers' Union.

The demands include a 20 per cent increase for all piece workers and a $2 weekly increase for day workers; time and one half for piece workers for all work done in excess of fifty hours; no work on Sunday or after 12 noon on Saturday; all employes to be members of the union; no member of the union to receive less than $6 a week.

Many employers have accepted this scale and their employes have returned to work.

WOULD INCLUDE FARM EMPLOY

San Francisco, January 25.—The industrial accident commission has recommended that the state legislature extend the benefits of the workmen's compensation act to farm employes. These workers and domestics are the only large classes of employes not included in the act.

NEW COSSACK SYSTEM.

Boston, January 25.—A commission appointed to investigate the question of a state constabulary finds that the Pennsylvania system of maintaining a separate troop of cossacks is unnecessary and that the use of militia in times of strike can be obviated if all police are placed under state control.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF LABEL TRADES UNION COUNCIL WASHINGTON ☞ FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., JANUARY 26, 1917.

INCREASED SALARIES FOR GOVERNMENT WORKERS.

It was very gratifying to the friends of the government workers of the action of the Senate during the past week, when they rejected the report of the appropriations committee and decided that there should be increases in salaries. This is as it should be, for every other employer of labor has, during the past year or two, raised the wages of employes, and instead of being a follower Uncle Sam should be the leader in questions of this nature. It is now conceded that the increases, which looked for a time as if they might be defeated, will be coming forth.

Apropo to this we have read in the papers of how this one and that claimed to be entitled to the credit for these increases, and we have no quarrel to make with any or all of the claims, but if we were asked to whom the lion's share of the credit should be given we would unhesitatingly say to the officials of the American Federation of Labor for first organizing the clerks, without which organization their efforts would have been futile. We wish, however, without taking any credit away from any who have helped in this noble work to particularly commend President McLarin of the Federal Employes for the intelligent and able work that he performed.

Now that a start has been made let it go all along the line, from the highest to the lowest.

In early times they didn't have bottles, but when we read in the Scriptural text about "skin full" we nod our head rightaway.

If the grocer who says that because of high prices he is ashamed to look his customers in the face will wait until the bill is overdue about three months his customers will reciprocate.

GOVERNMENT OWNERSHIP OF TELEPHONES.

Exhaustive hearings have been held by the House District committee on Congressman David J. Lewis' bill for the government ownership of the telephones in the District. It was stated at these hearings that the price of telephone service in the District is among the highest of any city in the country, and those who have telephones know that the service is among the poorest of any furnished. It was also stated that under government ownership telephones could be operated at a profit to the government for one dollar per month as a minimum charge, which would place the telephone within the reach of many more thousands of our residents. The government has an elegant opportunity of testing the practicability of taking over the entire telephone system of the country by first trying it in the District.

Alert at all times to measures that would affect the interests of the residents of this city, the Central Labor Union at its meeting on Monday night passed unanimously the following resolution, which was presented by Columbia Typographical Union:

Whereas, An absolute monopoly of the telephone has existed in the District of Columbia for many years; and

Whereas, The exorbitant rates charged have restricted the use and enjoyment of this public utility by the public in general; therefore be it

Resolved, That the Central Labor Union of the Nation's Capital indorses bills now pending in Congress having for their purpose the government ownership of the telephone in the District of Columbia.

The prophets are not seeing any peace signs looming in the Eastern horizon. But maybe the signs are there; maybe the prophets are short-sighted.

ACCURATE DIAGNOSIS IS OF UTMOST IMPORTANCE.

A clergyman living near Leyden was the father of thirteen children. The eldest, born December 31, 1668, was Herman Boerhaave, accounted by many the most famous physician not only of the eighteenth but probably of any century. He died of gout in 1738.

He was an indefatigable teacher, sometimes lecturing five hours a day to his students at Leyden. He was the first to give separate lectures on ophthalmology (the science of diseases of the eye) and to use a magnifying glass in the examination of the eye. He combined with a desire to study disease at the bedside, a freedom from theoretical and philosophical influence which led him to use the most modern diagnostic apparatus which he could secure. He was so famous that a Chinese official once sent him a letter addressed simply "To the Most Famous Physician in Europe." His maxim was "Simplicity is the seal of truth."

The modern diagnosis of disease aims to employ every method which will reveal the exact mental and physical condition of the patient. Psycho-analysis will reveal the depths of the patient's mind almost as clearly as the X-ray shows the broken bone hidden beneath the body tissues. The pressure of the blood against the vessel walls may be accurately measured and appropriate means taken to ward off an apoplectic attack. The bodily excretions may be analyzed and the efficiency of the excretory organs determined. Special apparatus permits the examination of the eye, the ear, the nose, throat, bronchi and the interior of various other parts of the body. Nothing is taken for granted; the blood is examined; the activity of the stomach is estimated; the validity of the nervous system is looked into. The modern physician finds the disease before he treats it.

Accurate diagnosis is of importance to the public health because an early and correct knowledge of the presence of a disease affords opportunity to prevent its spread. The case of tuberculosis which is found early has an infinitely greater chance of recovery than the one which is found late. Boerhaave recognized these facts in a general way and applied them—in fact, according to Rohlfs, he was the first who made a chemical examination of some of the bodily excretions.

The groundhog has mobilized for a spring drive, and our suburban friends are beginning to hint of the first robin.

At a recent congress of surgeons it was decided that cancer resulted largely from high living. In that case a cure has been found at last. The high cost of living will furnish it.

DARROW ON PROHIBITION.

Clarence S. Darrow, in discussing prohibition, said in part:

"When did you ever hear of a prohibition convention raising its voice in protest against killing workingmen when their lives were only one-half done? They are too busy talking about Rum. . . . Do you know, of all the people who are born in this world . . . one-fifth or one-sixth . . . go through one door, and that door isn't Rum—that door is tuberculosis. . . . They die from lack of air and food and room and opportunity to live. They die, not on account of Rum, but on account of monopoly, and if one-tenth part of the energy and money and hot-air that is spent on Rum were spent on tuberculosis, that great scourge would have been wiped away years ago. Do these gentlemen care anything about tuberculosis patients? No. A man may be eaten alive by tuberculosis, and the prohibitionist looks square in his face and says, 'Oh, Rum, Rum!' Why, in our tenement districts tuberculosis goes from father to son, from mother to daughter, from sister to brother, and in our sweat-shops and factories they die like flies because men have monopolized the earth, and the prohibitionist looks on and shouts 'Rum!' . . . Do you hear any of these prohibitionists sigh, and do you see them shed tears, and do you hear them raise their voices in agony because of a half-million poor workingmen ground under the wheels of industry every year to make money for men? No. They don't see the tears of the widows and they don't hear the moans of the orphans, and they don't hear the dying groans of the poor victims of our industry. They are too busy shouting 'Rum!' . . .

"Do you know that half of the children of the poor die before they are six years old? . . . They don't die because they drink too much Rum, but because they drink too little milk! The prohibitionists are too busy about Rum. . . . Do you know that the labor organizations of this country have kept their men before every legislative body in America? They have been there year after year, pleading to take little children out of the mines; to take them away from the spindles and put them into the schools; to prevent women from taking the jobs from their husbands and fathers. Have you ever been to a legislative body and found a committee of prohibitionists there to help you plead your cause? Have they ever raised their voices in behalf of your lives, of your limbs, of your wives, of your children? Have they ever done anything except to shout 'Rum?' While you have been there pleading for your homes and your families and your lives, over here in the corner is raised a hoarse cry of the prohibitionists saying: 'For God's sake, don't take that! Don't give us the employers' liability act! Don't give us the safety appliance act! Don't do anything about mills and mines—just wait. Let's first destroy Rum. Join with us on a moral issue. Let us get rid of Rum and then we will help you.' And if you help them get rid of Rum and go back, you will find these gentlemen in the corner, and they will say: 'Not now. Let us get rid of tobacco. Let us get rid of theaters and cards and billiards and dancing, and everything else, and then we will attend to you.'

"Now, there is one rule of life. If you give men opportunity, give them food and clothing and drink and sunlight and homes; they can look after their own morals, and they can't do it in any other way. The whole theory of prohibition is wrong. Today it is Rum. Tomorrow it will be tobacco. Next day it will be coffee. The theory is wrong; man can only progress by liberty . . . Take the dream and ideal of freedom from the human race, and slowly and painfully it will go back to the brute creation from whence it came."

One curious fact may be noted in passing: This war is a war of rivers, says the Literary Digest. The important battles on the western front have all been connected with some rivers, namely, the Marne, Aisne, Meuse and Somme. On the eastern front great conflicts have taken place on the Vistula, Dvina, Pruth, Dniester, Bug, Styr and Lipa rivers, while the river Tigris was the scene of the British disasters before Kut-el-Amara.

The perfected British scout-biplane, which is credited with having destroyed twenty-seven Fokkers, is said to be the fastest thing in the world, except a projectile from a gun. And still our navy department shows a disposition to boast of a hydroplane that can go ninety miles an hour.

The fellow who first said life is one blamed thing after another would be more convinced of the fact than ever during these parlous times, when one crisis treads on the heels of another.

ESTABLISHED 1865 — 51 YEARS IN BUSINESS

Pedro Domecq's Spanish Sherries

The World's Best — 19 Varieties at

CHRISTIAN XANDER'S

909 7th Street, Northwest. — No Branch Houses. Phone M. 274

CORBY'S YEAST

Leaves nothing to guess-work.
Its purity and strength are uniform.
Every baker knows what that means.
Send for samples.

THE CORBY COMPANY

STATION K. — WASHINGTON, D. C.

Representative Houses OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

BANKS

NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burglar-proof vaults; acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth Street and New York Avenue.

WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee, etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK. A bank for the working people. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account. Ninth and G Sts. N. W.

UNION SAVINGS BANK. Commercial accounts. Three per cent interest on savings accounts. The oldest savings bank in Washington.

MICHAEL T. GREENE
Liquors and Cigars. 639 D St. N. W.

STONER'S BAR AND RESTAURANT
The, G. Stoner. 206 Seventh St. S. W.

J. CHAS. McGUIRE'S BUFFET
Federal Seal Whiskey. 519 Ninth St. N. W.

O'KEEFE'S BUFFET
P. J. O'Keefe, Prop. 904 Pa. Ave. N. W.

GLAVIN'S BUFFET
ED. J. GLAVIN 309 G Street Northwest

FRANK'S BUFFET
Fourth and G Sts. N. W. Phone M. 5572.

DAVID WALSH'S BUFFET
407 10th Street N. W.

E. E. FARLEY'S BUFFET
415 13th Street N. W.

J. J. O'DONNELL'S BUFFET
333 Penn. Avenue S. E.

HARRY'S BUFFET
631 Penn. Ave. S. E. Phone Lin. 1843

MACHINIST

G. W. FORSBERG, formerly with Forsberg & Murray, Elevators, Boilers. Eighth and Water Sts. S. W. Main 742.

GROCER AND COFFEE ROASTER

SOMERSET R. WATERS, 1342 7th St. N. W.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

RALSTON & RICHARDSON, Evans Building, 1420 New York Avenue.

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.

SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (Inc.), Soda Water, Syrups, etc. 1066 Wis. Ave. N. W.

PHOTO SUPPLIES

E. J. PULLMAN. Developing and Finishing for Amateurs a Specialty. 420 9th St. N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS

MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Ave. N. W. Our Specialty, Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

FIRE INSURANCE

FIREMEN'S INSURANCE COMPANY, Seventh Street and Louisiana Avenue.

DRY GOODS

WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings. Hosiery, a Specialty. 806-808 H St. N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

UNDERTAKERS

J. WILLIAM LEE
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY
332 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.

W. H. BUTLER CO., 607-9 C St. N. W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT

NATIONAL MORTAR CO., 1st and M N.E.

COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING CO., 3036 K Street.

DRUGGISTS

CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth St. and Virginia Ave. S. E.

DAY & CO. 5th and G Sts. N.W. 14th and P N.W., 20th and R. I. Ave. N.E.

QUIGLEY, Druggist, 21st and G Sts. N.W.

A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner 7th and P Streets N. W. N. 2372.

Building Trades Headquarters — Sixth and G Sts. N. W — Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rent

WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES, TOBACCO. — COSTELLO BROS

JOS. A. WILNER & CO.

UNION CUSTOM TAILORS

Cor. 8th and G Sts. N.W.

A Store That Interests

—Every Housekeeper

The housewife will find hundreds of helpful suggestions here—things that will add to the attractiveness of the home, as well as many devices of usefulness and comfort.

Our various stocks, which are daily replenished with new Merchandise, includes

Decorated Dinner and Toilet Ware,
Rich Cut Glass,
Gold Glassware,
Sterling Silver,
Silver-plated Ware,
Art Pottery,
Lamps and Electroliers,
Gas Portables,
Brass Novelties,
Fireplace Furnishings,
Kitchen, Laundry and Pantry Requisites.

Dulin & Martin Co.
1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St.

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY

Equitable Life Insurance Co.
of the District of Columbia

THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Issues Ordinary and Industrial

Wm. A. Bennett, 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.

EQUITABLE BLD'G. 816 14th ST., N. W.

Phone Main 3871

WM. H. HOWLIN
American Federation of Labor Building
9th Street and Mass. Avenue
Engrossing Resolutions, Diplomas Charters and Fancy Pen Work of All Descriptions

Saks & Company
MEN'S and BOYS' OUTFITTERS
Pa. Ave. & 7th St. Wash., D. C.

Specialists in Apparel for Men and Boys.

Black's Alderney and Green Meadow Dairy
Pasteurized and Tubercoline Tested Milk.
Phone N. 1670. Union Dairies.

A GOOD SYRINGE
Is really a great treasure in the home with a family. Worth a great deal more than it cost in dollars and cents. Get one now.

WELLER'S DRUG STORE
8th & Eye Sts. S.E. 36th & M N.W.

FIREPROOF
CONSTRUCTION
Hammett Fire Proofing Company
301-302-303 Wilkins Bldg.
Phone Main 3337.

PHONE MAIN 6079.

Reno Lunch
W. H. WOODCOCK, Proprietor.
625 PA. AVE. N. W.
HOME COOKED FOODS
NEVER CLOSED

Bell Brand Union-Made
COLLARS and SHIRTS
LARGE ASSORTMENT
T. HOLLANDER
North Capitol and H Streets

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

Wilver Conner, skilled laborer, reinstated.

Alfred J. Boyer, compositor, transferred from Post Office Department.

William H. Brown, probationary fireman.

Separations.

Miss Dora M. Yates, skilled laborer, resigned.

George S. Davis, unskilled laborer, resigned.

Harry E. Waymire, probational skilled laborer, resigned.

Joseph Goldstein, probationary messenger boy, resigned.

George C. Lang, messenger, resigned.

William E. Smith, temporary skilled laborer.

Transfers, Etc.

William S. Jackson, George W. Butler, Lindsey Lewis, Abe L. Hawkins, Jordan C. Bergens, James E. Russell, Daniel Brooks, Jesse H. Thomas, temporary unskilled laborers to permanent unskilled laborers, 25 cents per hour.

Frank Johnson and David J. Roberts, compositors, 50 cents per hour, to proofreaders, 60 cents per hour.

Charles J. Tracy and John F. Burgess, messenger boys, 15 cents per hour, to skilled laborers, 25 cents per hour.

Miss Stella M. King and Miss Elizabeth Clauser, temporary skilled laborers, 25 cents per hour, to permanent skilled laborers, 25 cents per hour.

Albert Shanklin, laborer, $626 per annum, to unskilled laborer, $626 per annum.

Rutherford Berryman, skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour, to laborer, $626 per annum.

Miss Florence Surguy, pressfeeder, 25 cents per hour, to 27½ cents per hour.

Robert W. McGrath, temporary messenger at 30 cents per hour, to permanent messenger at 30 cents per hour.

Charles A. Tweedale, messenger boy, 15 cents per hour, to messenger, 25 cents per hour.

CLOSING ORDER MODIFIED.

The order of the President, closing all of the government departments Saturday, was misconstrued in certain divisions, and the fear that many of the employes would be required to work that day, while others were given a holiday, caused no little concern.

At the Government Printing Office the order which read that the "Executive offices" of the government would remain closed throughout the day was interpreted as meaning that the big print shop, the Navy Yard, and similar independent bureaus were not included.

Edward W. Morcock, president, and F. C. Roberts, business agent of Columbia Typographical Union, went to the White House, and took the matter up with Secretary Tumulty. The order was carefully studied, and it was seen that it did not apply to the independent departments, notwithstanding the fact that the President had reference to all departments of the government here.

The words "and independent branches" were inserted in the order, and the White House notified the Government Printing Office, the Navy Yard and other departments to that effect.

This is an example of what can be accomplished by wide-awake officials and men "on the job."

HOW TO ENFORCE R. R. LAW.

In a supplemental brief filed in the United States Supreme Court in the case of the Adamson law, the government makes suggestions for machinery to put the law into effect. Under existing railroad wage contracts, the brief declares, the phrases "day's work" and "day's wage" have a well recognized meaning in most freight service contracts to be "100 miles or less at 10 miles an hour." By substituting a 12½ mile per hour speed basis for the existing 100-mile, 10-mile day scale, the brief asserted, the Adamson eight-hour standard can be generally put into practical operation.

DEATHS IN THE MINES.

Harrisburg, Pa., January 25.—Nearly 1,000 miners lost their lives in this state last year, the exact figures being 433 in the bituminous operations and 560 in the anthracite fields. The total number of men employed in the coal industry was 327,166, or one death to approximately 300 men in the mining of 256,000,000 net tons.

BREWERY WORKERS GAIN.

Pittston, Pa., January 25.—After a two-day strike brewery workers in this city have returned to work. Wages are nicreased $1 a week.

MOLDERS WANT $4 A DAY.

Stockton, Cal., January 25.—Iron molders are on strike to secure the union shop and a $4 a day minimum.

COLUMBIA UNION, 101, RETAINS ROBERTS AS BUSINESS AGENT

Last Sunday's meeting of Columbia Typographical Union was largely attended. One of the principal subjects of discussion was the action taken at the previous meeting, when the president was authorized to appoint a business agent temporarily, pending a report from a committee as to the advisability of creating such a position permanently.

The committee reported that they were not ready to recommend such a position being made a permanent one at present, but favored continuing the position at least two months longer to give the idea a fair trial.

F. C. Roberts, whom President Morcock had selected for the office, outlined conditions as he had found them and described the progress he had made. Mr. Roberts stated that it was true that a large amount of printing for Washington business houses was going out of the city and in most cases to non-union firms in the other cities.

Some members were opposed to the idea on the ground that the Union could not afford the expense, but after a full discussion a substantial majority voted in favor of the committee's proposal to continue it two months longer.

FAVORS COMPENSATION.

Dover, Del., January 25.—In his annual message Gov. Miller has the following to say about workmen's compensation:

"If not present, the time is not far distant when Delaware will be required to follow the example of many other states and place upon her statute books a workmen's compensation law.

"This legislation should provide adequate compensation to workmen injured in the course of their employment without imposing unjust and unfair burdens upon the employer."

ABOLISHES CONTRACT MINING.

Pittston, Pa., January 25.—It is stated that the Delaware & Hudson Coal Company has practically abolished its contract system of mining and has established the direct system of employment, which is favored by the United Mine Workers' Union. Under the former plan the company let out to a contract miner a certain section of the underground operations and the contractor employed miners to work under him.

ASBESTOS WORKERS GAIN.

Seattle, Wash., January 25.—A new agreement secured by Asbestos Workers' Union increases wages and provides for the Saturday half-holiday.

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

UNION OPERATOR — LOCAL No. 224 — WASH. D.C. — AFFILIATES WITH CENTRAL LABOR UNION & A. F. of L.

American, 1st st. and R. . ave.n.w.
Apollo, - - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Auditorium, 13th st. and N. Y. ave.n.w.
Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Casino - - - 7th and F Sts. N. W.
Central Park - - 9th bet. G & H N.W.
Chelsia Theatre, 19th and M sts. n. w.
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N. W.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Eagle Gate Theatre - Sol. Home Gate
Eastern, - - 8th St. bet. F & G S. E.
Elite Theatre, 14th and R. I. ave. n. w
Empire, - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Fairyland, - 19th and L st. n. w.
Favorite, H St. North Capitol & First
Garden Theatre, 423 Ninth st. n. w.
Gayety Theatre, - 513 9th st. n. w.
Georgia - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
Home Theater, C bet. 12th & 13th n. e.
Liberty Theatre, N. Capitol & P St.
Loewe's Columbia . . F near 12th
Lyric Theatre - - 14th near Park Rd.
Maryland - - - 624 9th St. N. W.
"M" Street Theatre, M St. near 32nd
Maycroft Park, H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Meaders, - - - 8th & G Sts. S. E.
Mid City, - 7th, bet. N and O st. n. w.
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Odeon - - 14th and Church Sts. N. W.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15, N.W
Peerless Park, - 3105 Ga. ave. n. w.
Penn Gardens - - 21st St. & Pa. Ave.
Plaza Theatre - 434 9th st. n. w.
Pleasant Hrr. Park, 12 and C N. E.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Randolpr Park, 1st and Randolph n. w.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
R. I. Theatre, 7th and R. I. Ave. N.W
Savoy, - - - 14th and Col. Road.
Schuetzen Park, Ga. ave. and Kenyon
Standard Park, Bates, near N. Cap. St.
Strand, - - - - - Ninth and D.
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N. E.
Stanton Park, - - - 219 4th N. E.
Starlight Park, 4 1-2 and K st. n. w.
Surprise Theatre - Alexandria, Va.
The Strand, - - Hopewell, Va.
The Richmond, - - Alexandria, Va.
Truxton Park, N. Capitol & Fla. Ave.
Victoria Theatre, 7th & E Sts. S. W.
Virginia - - - 614 9th St. N. W.

NEED FOR CONSERVATION.

In calling attention to the need for conservation legislation, committees representing the Chamber of Commerce of the United States report that during the last twenty-five years the danger in industries to life and limb has grown in breadth and intensity, and that there are annually 25,000 deaths in this country as a result of industrial accidents.

In the conservation of natural resources it is stated that only about 35 per cent of the total volume of lumber as it stands in the forest now reaches the ultimate consumer, most of the remainder being wasted. Millions of barrels of oil are lost and a condition equally as bad exists in connection with natural gas and many other natural resources. The director of the federal bureau of mines is quoted as saying that about 40 per cent of the coal in the seam is lost, so far as beneficial utilization is concerned.

ROADS AGREE ON RATES.

New York, January 25.—At a hearing on the alleged discrimination in rates by railroads between New York and New Jersey, Albert C. Pauley testified that the present rates were decided upon through a "gentlemen's agreement," and involved the Baltimore & Ohio, the Pennsylvania and the New York Central railroads.

DON'T KNOW THEIR BUSINESS.

Cincinnati, January 25.—In an address to the chamber of commerce Edward N. Hurley declared that "90 per cent of the manufacturers don't know what it costs them to produce their goods."

This statement is of interest to trade unionists in view of the fact that American business organizations were practically united in urging the last Congress to favor the Taylor system and other sweating processes in government workshops.

These business men cried long and loud for "efficiency."

Parker, Bridget & Co.
"The Avenue at Ninth"
Featuring
Extra Value
$15
Suits for Fall

Clothes, Hats and Shoes
The Bieber-Kaufman Co.
901-909 Eighth St. S. E.
Down by the Navy Yard
Washington, D. C.

BUTLER'S RHEUMATIC and GOUT REMEDY.
A KIDNEY AND HEART TONIC
Manufactured Since 1872 By
BUTLER & FIELD
Third and Indiana Ave. N. W.
Price 50c a bottle. 6 for $2.50
For Sale By Druggists.

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1 Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.

M. J. DUNNIGAN, President.....2007 14 Street N.W.
JOHN G. WOLFE, Vice-President.1023 N. J. Ave. N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W

TRUSTEES

Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E.
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E.
Thos. L. Nevins.....504 Maine Avenue S. W.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe.....1023 N. J. Ave. N. W
J. McElfresh.....
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E.
A. Tenley.....964 Florida Ave. N. W.
M. Sullivan.....5631-2 15 St. S. E.

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.

Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ARBITRATION COMMITTEE.

M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W.
M. A. Wolfe.....418 F St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. E.
Joseph Harding.....210 13 St. S. W.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....2006 2nd St. N. W
R. Pumphrey.....223 Q St. N. W.
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W.
Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. W.

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Capitol St.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L St. S. W.

DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.

John Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave.
William Pollard.....522 14th St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, F. S. Radman, 134 7th Street N.E.

Bakery Salemen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at Moose Hall, Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sunday in each month, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N. W.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. F. Miller, 19 Quincy Place northwest.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets first and third Sunday of the month at the Secretary, T. Guiffre, 908 Pennsylvania avenue Moose Hall, Seventh and G Street Northwest. nue northwest.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 48: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E street southeast.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 43 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G Street N. W.

Brotherhood of Railway Carmen of America, Local Union No. 313: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Streets N. E. Secretary, H. A. Chambers, 2113 4th N. E. Meeting nights first and third Tuesdays.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles' Hall. Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 520 Rhode Island Ave. N. E.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhau, 737 10th St. s. e.

Chauffeurs and Hack Drivers Union, Local No. 115: Meets the first and third Saturday of each month, G. A. R. Building, 1412 Pa. Ave. Secretary-Treasurer, Kirk C. Sipher, Room 25, 945 Pa. Ave. northwest.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wassaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Twelfth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3800 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Paperhangers Hall, 430 Ninth Street N. W., second and fourth Thursdays of the month. Secretary, Edw. B. Finch, 33 P Street N. E.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets every Friday, at 8:00 p.m. Hall, S. E. Cor. Tenth and Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, Jas. P. Lahey, 816 5th street northeast.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and B Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hisle, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Employes' Union No. 14632: Meets second Friday of each month, Perpetual Building Association Hall. Secretary, W. M. Lynch, 409 A. F. of L. Building.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Watchmen's Union No. 14964: Secretary, Jas. H. Reed, Cor. Sec., 1228 B street southwest.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, John T. Bowers, Twentieth and Twenty-first and L and M streets northwest.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Avenue S. E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 Twelfth St. N. E.

Laundry Workers, Local No. 110: Meets first Friday in each month at Winslow's Hall, 12 and R streets northwest. Secretary, Moten Jefferson, 550 Twenty-fourth street northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, W. N. Huttel, 1430 A St. N. E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday, 1204 Pa. Ave. N. W. Secretary, E. H. Fulton, 1120 E St. S. E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. F. McDonnell.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third 2665. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Bus. Agt.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 922 Pa. Ave. N. W. Phone M. 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets second Sunday and fourth Friday in each month. Secretary, Albert Bridges 210 L st. s. e.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 420: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m. Secretary, J. A. Whitecar, 2209 Minnesota Ave. S. E.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Raymond R. Burrows, Clarendon, Va.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Robt. J. Barrett, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month. Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 820 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressmen, No. 1: Meets fourth Monday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N.E.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custodian and Janitor, 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, W. P. Cannon, 408 Twelfth St. S. E.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe, 326 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. F. Hickman, 518 Sixth St. N. W.

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Mrs. H. B. Tritipoe, 1737 Willard street N. W., Apt. 20.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10.30 a. m. and 5.30 p. m. Secretary, G. W. Calderhead, Room 412 Wash. Loan and Trust Building.

The High School Teachers' Union of Washington, D. C., No. 8: Meets in the Music Room of the New Central High School at 3.30 p. m. the second Tuesday in the months of October, December, February, and May. Secretary, G. J. Jones, Central High School.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle. 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 750 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Friday, Typographical Temple. Secretary, L. Gantt, 57-A Bates Street.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters International Secretary-Treasurer, Jas. E. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

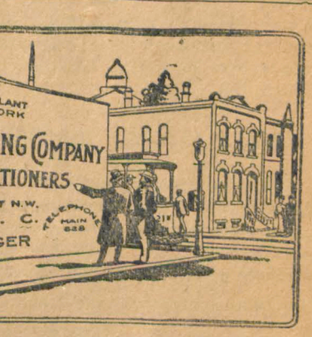
Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G St. N. W. Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth St. N. W.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.

WASHINGTON'S LARGEST PRINTING PLANT DEVOTED TO COMMERCIAL WORK
THE LAW REPORTER PRINTING COMPANY
COMMERCIAL PRINTERS AND STATIONERS
518-520 FIFTH STREET N.W.
WASHINGTON, D. C.
TELEPHONE MAIN 828
F. B. CROWN, MANAGER



INTERNATIONAL UNION OF THE UNITED BREWERY WORKMEN OF AMERICA
Union MADE Beer — Ale AND Porter
COPYRIGHT & TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1903
THIS IS OUR LABEL.

VOTE
Against Prohibition
DEMAND
Personal Liberty
IN CHOOSING WHAT YOU WILL DRINK
ASK FOR THIS LABEL WHEN PURCHASING BEER, ALE OR PORTER.
As A Guarantee That It Is Union Made.

THE PLATE PRINTER
Official Organ Plate Printers International Union.
P. J. RYAN, Editor. CHAS. T. SMITH, Assoc. Editor.
Subscription $1.00 Per Year
Telephone 4528 Wash. Loan & Trust Bldg.

A. F. OF L. HELPING TO SECURE JUST SUFFRAGE FOR PORTO RICO

The United States Senate has been considering the bill intended to provide a government for Porto Rico. Representatives of the American Federation of Labor have made strong protests against the property qualifications provided in this bill and these objections are now being raised by senators. If the bill is passed as proposed by the committee no person can be elected to the Porto Rico senate unless he owns taxable property to the value of $1,000, and in the case of election to the house of representatives a property qualification of $500 is called for.

Other election qualifications, to which trade unionists object, will disfranchise three out of every four voters.

In urging free suffrage in this island before the Senate committee having this bill in charge, President Iglesias, of the Free Federation of Workingmen of Porto Rico, said:

"Popular suffrage must not be restricted and all citizens, adults, men of twenty-one years of age or over, should have the right of suffrage for elective offices in all the branches of the government.

"The people of Porto Rico exercised the franchise for the last sixteen years, and even under the Spanish monarchy. Such rights were accorded to our people by the cortes of Spain and our local legislature, and now the Congress of the United States is being advised to take away those rights that our people enjoy and possess."

HOW COURTS TIE WORKERS.

Chicago, January 25.—"This is one more instance in which the decision of a judge, though reversed by a higher court, has given the employing corporation the necessary time and opportunity to practically put the employes' union out of business."

The above comment by the Union Leader, official newspaper of Chicago's organized street car men, refers to a reversal by the federal court of appeals of Federal Judge Anderson's injunction which restrained Indianapolis street car men from striking. Judge Anderson's order was issued September 23, 1914, and was reversed January 2, 1917, on the ground that his court lacked jurisdiction. During these long judicial contests the Indianapolis Traction Company locked out its union employes and this phase of the dispute is still on.

ASK REMEDIAL LEGISLATION.

Des Moines, Iowa, January 25.—The state federation of labor has prepared its demand for remedial legislation, on behalf of Iowa's wage-earners. The list includes a recognition that labor is not a commodity and that strike injunctions shall be prohibited; to provide for an eight-hour day on all state, county and municipal work; create the office of state building inspector.

DOCK WORKERS RAISE WAGES.

Galveston, Tex., January 25.—Dock workers employed by the Southern Pacific railroad have raised wages 5 cents an hour for straight time, overtime and Sundays. The new scale is 35, 50 and 65 cents respectively.

BROOM MAKERS ORGANIZE.

Chicago, January 25.—Secretary-Treasurer Boyer of the Broom and Whisk Makers' International Union reported that locals have been organized in New York City, Louisville and Colton, Cal.

SUNDAY CLOSING INDORSED.

San Francisco, January 25.—The Labor Council has indorsed a proposed state law that would close barber shops, meat markets and other business establishments on Sunday.

PITTSBURGH'S BIG PROBLEM.

Pittsburgh, Pa., January 25.—No city in the country has given a wider welcome to unrestricted immigration than has pittsburgh, which is now awakening to the cost it must pay. The federal bureau of naturalization reports that there are about 80,000 aliens in this city who are over twenty-one years of age and 30,000 of them are unable to speak English.

This statement has aroused Pittsburgh citizens, many of whom have become immensely wealthy through the employment of these poorly paid illiterates. All kinds of "Americanizing" schemes are being urged, though no mention is made of the value of a living wage by "patriots" who now talk of "the perpetuity of our glorious institutions."

PICTURE OPERATORS ENJOINED.

Rochester, N. Y., January 25.—At the request of several motion picture houses Judge Rodenbeck has issued a temporary injunction against members of the Moving Picture Operators' Union, who have notified the public that these houses have refused to employ members of the union.

While the managers do not deny the charge they insist that this and similar statements tend to "destroy and injure the business of the plaintiffs."

Acting on the theory that these managers have some sort of a mortgage on the patronage of unionists and their sympathizers, the court restrained the operators in their publicity campaign.

OHIO MACHINISTS STRIKE.

Tiffin, Ohio, January 25.—Machinists employed by the Webster Manufacturing Company suspended work to enforce demands for a nine-hour day, time and one-half for overtime and double time for Sundays and holidays. This concern had a strike with its iron molders recently, which was marked by much disorder because of the company's imported gunmen and strikebreakers, who attempted to terrify the city.

KENTUCKY UNIONISTS MEET.

Owensboro, Ky., January 25.—Progress was reported during the past year by delegates to the Kentucky State Federation of Labor, which met in this city. A long list of remedial legislation was indorsed and Ashland was selected as the next convention city. H. J. Allington of Newport was chosen president and P. J. Campbell of Louisville secretary-treasurer.

RETAIL CLERKS ADVANCE.

La Fayette, Ind., January 25.—In reviewing gains made last year by the Retail Clerks' International Protective Association, Secretary-Treasurer Conway says more than eighty charters have been issued and of the five strikes inaugurated all but one has been satisfactorily adjusted.

COMPENSATION LAW UPHELD.

Oklahoma City, Okla., January 25.—The state supreme court has upheld the Oklahoma workmen's compensation act in a unanimous decision. The court holds that changes in the law, which experience shows are necessary, may be made by the law-making body.

STEAM ENGINEERS SET A $24 SCALE.

Rochester, N. Y., January 25.—Steam Engineers' Union, No. 74, has adopted a wage scale of $24 a week for an eight-hour day, six days a week. Overtime will be time and one-half and double time for holiday and Sunday work.

BOILER MAKERS STAND FIRM.

Cleveland, January 25.—Boiler makers are standing firm in their strike against the Standard Oil refinery for shorter hours. Company officials have failed to break this movement by offers to deal with individual employes.

MUNICIPAL EMPLOYES UNITE.

Chicago, January 25.—Nearly 500 workers employed in various departments of the federal government have organized a union to be chartered by the A. F. of L.

MINERS REJECT BONUS SYSTEM.

Denver, January 25.—Organized miners in the northern district have rejected a 5 per cent bonus offer and demand a 10 per cent wage increase.

CARPENTERS TO RAISE WAGES.

Superior, Wis., January 25.—Carpenters' Union has voted to raise wages 10 cents an hour, same to take effect May 1.

OPEN LETTER TO ORGANIZED LABOR AND FRIENDS:

Greeting:

We desire to call your attention to the fact that the Fleischmann Yeast Co. has been declared unfair to organized labor by the Washington Central Labor Union at the request of Yeast Workers' Union, Local 14639. This action was taken after all honorable means had failed to have the Fleischmann Co. agree to employ members of Organized Labor and after more than a year's time had been spent with negotiations between the Washington Central Labor Union and officials of this company. No conditions as to wages or hours of labor was requested of the company.

This being the largest concern in the country manufacturing yeast, it is important to our members engaged in this work that this concern should be unionized, and we ask you to use all your moral influence to have this company see the error of their way in preventing organization in this enlightened day. We most respectfully ask you to instruct your secretary to write to your international secretary requesting him to write to the Fleischmann Company to urge them to have their employes become members of Organized Labor. Also have your own secretary write informing them of the action you take.

Thanking you for any assistance you may render and with best wishes for your success, we remain,

Fraternally yours,

YEAST WORKERS, LOCAL No. 14639,
L. M. GREEN, Secretary.

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

J. G. O'DONNELL, President, 122 Sixth St. N. E.
M. J. Deery, Vice-President, 2407 Girard St. N. E.
THOS. W. WOLTZ, Recording Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
G. H. F. DAVIS, Treasurer, 439 Second St. S. E.
W. I. STRATTON, Conductor, 617 Sixth St. N. W.
A. F. MOIRSETTE, Warden, 425 G St. N. W
GEO. MYERS, Business Agent, 425 G St. N. W.

TRUSTEES.

F. J. NOLTE, 24 Eighth Street N. E.
MARK REILEY, 1127 B St. S. E.
A. P. TAYLOR, 622 I Street N. E.

DELEGATES TO THE DISTRICT COUNCIL

R. H. BURDETTE, 1207 L Street N. W.
C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
E. B. BYRNE, 425 G Street N. W.
ROBERT REICHARD, 1720 35th Street N. W.
J. H. RYAN, 1101 Eleventh Street S. E.

DELEGATES TO THE CENTRAL LABOR UNION.

C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
R. H. BURDETTE, 816 K Street N. W.
W. S. HOLLOHAN, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
C. A. SAUNDERS, 244 9th St. S. E.
LOUIS LUEBKERT, 1314 Kerney St. N. E.

RELIEF COMMITTEE.

THOS. P. O'DEA, 1149 4th St. N. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
H. M. BEVILL, Brentwood, Md.
J. T. CLIFT, 4115 Seventh Street N. W.
M.A. FOLEY, 118 Seaton Street N. E.

MILL COMMITTEE.

F. E. KETTNER, 3016 Cambridge St. N. W
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
O. A. CARTER, Rosslyn, Va.

DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE
G. H. F. DAVIS, 439 Second Street S. E.

LIST OF LIQUOR DEALERS WHO HAVE SIGNED "THE AGREEMENT."

Allen, Paul.....2 N st. n. e.
Allen, John J...807 N. C. Cap st. n. e.
Beirkle, Leopold, - 1245 H st. n. e.
Boyle, William J., 601 Mass. ave n. w.
Castelli, Vincent, 502-504 Ninth st.n.w.
Clark, C. H.....510 9th st. n. w
Colonial Beach Boat Co.
Costello, Bros.....604 G st. n. w
Crowley, James J.....702 E st. n. w
Daly, T. J.....34 H st. n. e.
Daye, Wm. T.....1218 Wisc. ave.
Doyle, Wm. T....1314 Wisc. ave. n. w
Duffy, James A. -901 1-2 E st. n. w.
Wm. R. Fosbender, 406 Ninth st. n w.
Franey, F. A.....711½ 9th st. n. w.
Frank, Mrs. M. E. - 319 G st. n. w.
Ganey, M.....615 7th st. s. w.
Glavin, Edwin.....309 G st. n. w.
Hannan, Mrs. E.....531 7th st. s. w.
Hanlon, Timothy.....822 H st. n. e.
Kelliher, J. D.....1258 7th st. s. w.
Killeen, John F.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Louis Hodges, - - 407 9th st n. w.
Lynagh, Peter J.....523 7th st. s. w.
Lynch, John.....417 9th st. n. w.
McCarthy, F. J.....910 4½ st. s. w.
McCarthy, Jas. J.....1402 H st. n. e.
McDonald, F. J.....643 Pa. ave. s. e.
McGinniss, H. J., 1001 N. Y. ave. n. w.
McGuire, J. Chas., 519 Ninth st. n. w
McHough, Martin....1105 H st. n. e.
Milton Schmidt, - 702 7th st. n. w.
O'Connor, D. J.....100 G st. n. w
O'Connor, Patrick F., 617 D st. n. w.
O'Connor, James.....1429 N. Cap. st.
O'Day, John T. - 921 Ninth st. n. w.
O'Donnell, James J...333 Pa. ave. s. e
Peter White, - - - 905 D st. n. w.
Raftery, Thomas.....406 H st. n. e
Raftery, Patrick.....225 11th st. n. e
Roland, J. H.....511 9th st. n. w
Scanlon, Daniel.....103 H st. n. w.
Schroter, Conrad....3258 M st. n. w
Schltz, Mary T.....607 G st. n. w
Sheehan, John J., 701 North Cap. st.
Solon, Mary A., - 1003 7th st. e
Stern, M. M.....601 7th st. n. w
Stanton, Frank J.....1314 Wisc. ave
Sullivan, David, 12th and E st. n. w.
Sullivan, John J., 1351 35th st. n. w.
The Casino, Frank Farenkamp (Chesapeake Beach).
Victor Buffet Co., Inc., 7th and G n. w.
Walsh, David, - - 407 10th st. n. w
Wassman, Henry, 705 Seventh st. n. w
Wiedeman, Joseph....629 E st. n. w
William J. O'Leary, 733 North Cap. st.
Wininger, Harry 631 Pa. ave. s. e
Wolf, Frank, - 512 12th st. n. w.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Meets Every Monday Night

Typographica Temple
423-425 G St. N. W.

Secretary's Address: 1325 E. Capitol St.
Telephone: Lincoln 3955

OFFICERS

N. A. JAMES ..... President
HUGH DIGNEY ..... Vice-President
JOHN B. COLPOYS, Secretary, 1325 E. Capitol St.
JOSEPH E. TOONE ..... Financial Secretary
WM. H. SCHAEFFER ..... Treasurer
JOSEPH C. CLARK ..... Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES: Wm. Zell, Mary Ganzhorn, J. L. Considine

COMMITTEES

Executive—Hugh Digney (chairman), N. A. James, John B. Colpoys, J. E. Toone, W. N. Huttel, John R. Hartley.

Legislative—Robert Jones (chairman), John H. Lorch, N. P. Alifas, H. R. Alcorn, E. W. Oyster.

Adjustment—W. N. Huttel (chairman), Jere McCarthy, J. A. McDonald, Ben Spellbring, John G. Schmidt.

Contract—John R. Hartley (chairman), W. H. Schaefer, Hubert Newsom, C. H. Adams, A. J. Ginnelly.

Laws—Dan Hassett (chairman), J. H. Wells, D. J. O'Leary.

Resolutions—J. L. Considine (chairman), Zep S. Pollock, A. J. Kimmell.

Organization—J. E. Toone (chairman), Mary Burkhead, Henry Miller, J. H. Wilson, H. A. Ranier.

Auditing—Mary Ganzhorn (chairman), Marguerite Stewart, E. Wood.

Credentials—M. J. Costella (chairman), J. H. Swain, S. T. Ford.

Lable—E. T. Good,

Press—John B. Colpoys (chairman, N. A. Sprague, B. O'Leary.

Delegates to Baltimore—J. E. Toone (chairman) J. M. Foster, William Zell.

Delegates to Alexandria—H. F. Oehler (chairman). Chas. Allison, L. A. Sterne.

MEATS GROCERIES FISH

Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the

OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.

930 La. Ave. N. W. — 1111 H Street N. E.
8th & E Sts. S. E. — 1632 N. Capitol Street
31st & M Sts. N. W. — 3418-20 Ga. Ave. N. W.
7th & Q Sts. N. W. — 14th & U Streets N. W.
1778 U Street, N.W. — 7th and B Streets N. E.
7th & H Street N. E. — 3113 14th Street, N. W.
726 7th St. N. W. — 1440 P St. N. W.
2002-2004 Ga. Ave. N. W.

POULTRY BREAD PRODUCE

WASHINGTON BREWERY CO.

IMPERIAL EXPORT

A really fine beer

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK

Northwest Corner FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST

LOOK FOR THE CLOCKS

4 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts

COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

Homesteaders—Come to Virginia

Where you will find homes, happiness, independence for all. Mild winters, no malaria, no mosquitos. Farms all sizes at reasonable prices and terms. Send for our Land Bulletin and a copy of The Record—FREE.

J. R. MEADOWS & CO., Crewe, Va.

WE DO ALL KINDS OF

Job Printing

AND THE PRICE IS RIGHT

The Trades Unionist, 604-6 5th St. N. W.

LANSBURGH & BRO.

"DRY GOODS ONLY"

The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City

420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

When in Doubt, Buy of

HOUSE & HERRMANN

FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.

N.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W

GEO. D. HORNING,

N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.

LOAN OFFICE

Washington District Council of Carpenters

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple
ROBERT ADAM, President, Local 2563, U. B., 151 Vermont Avenue N.W.
R. H. BURDETTE, Vice President, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
E. B. BYRNE, Secretary, Local 132, U. B., 425 G Street N.W.
F. A. SHOESMITH, Treasurer, Local 2563, U. B., 5209 Georgia Avenue N.W.
C. H. ADAMS, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 804 A Street N.E.
R. H. BURDETTE, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
H. PAGE, Trustee, Local 2563, U. B., 336½ 13th Street N.E.
ROBERT REICHARD, Local 132, U. B., 1720 34th Street N.W.
J. H. RYAN, Local 132, U. B., 1101 11th Street S.E.
FRED HOOK, Local 2563, U. B., 1528 8th Street N.W.
WILLIAM MACKIE, Local 2563, U. B., 216 Seaton Place N.E.

BUSINESS AGENT.
GEO. MYERS, 425 G Street N. W.

CELTIC CLUB WHISKEY

Our Specialty

Never Changes. Accept No Substitute
Once Tried You'll Always Use It.

Ports and Sherries for family use, Quarts, 50 and 75 cents. All makes of Beer. Leading brands of Cigars. Ales and Porters on draught the year round.

D. J. O'CONNOR

New Jersey Ave. and G Sts. N.W.

PHONE NORTH 2349

DONOVAN'S

FINE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS

2003 14th St. N. W., Washington, D. C

THE MILTON SCHOOL

Oxford Bldg., 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.

Stenography
Typewriting
English
Spanish

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO BEGINNERS

Now in larger quarters in the Oxford Building, 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.

CORBY CAKE

AT ALL GROCERS

Takoma Bread

Fresh Three Times Daily

AT ALL GROCERS

Havenner Baking Company

Established 1815

The only strictly

UNION TAILORING

house in the city

M. STEIN & CO.

TAILORS

Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

STORAGE PACKING FREIGHT HAULING

Merchants Transfer

— AND —

Storage Company

920-922 E Street Northwest

Phone Main 6900

SHIPPING MOVING HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I. P. E. U.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXI. NO. 32 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1917. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

LABOR PAYS TRIBUTE TO ITS LEADER AT BRILLIANT BANQUET.

Mr. and Mrs. Gompers Celebrate Golden Anniversary---Cordial Reception Upon Return Here.

The golden wedding anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Gompers was celebrated in a manner befitting the occasion when a monster banquet was tendered to this admirable and beloved couple on last Sunday night at the Central Opera House in New York City.

There were guests from all over the country, and when Mr. and Mrs. Gompers entered the great dining hall at 8:30 o'clock the more than 1,300 men and women arose and gave them a welcome never to be forgotten. An orchestra of thirty pieces, led by the celebrated Henri Conrad, dispensed music during the dinner interspersed with songs by that eminent and famous Irish tenor soloist, John O'Malley. The real feature of the evening was the orchestra, and especially its leader, and the entire gathering sang all the choruses to a medley of old-time songs and forced the orchestra to play them over time and again.

An immense electric sign over the guests' table blazoned forth with red, white and blue bulbs the words, "Fifty Years' Service to Humanity." Mr. Saul Gompers, father of Sam, who is ninety-two years of age and blind, journeyed from Boston to be present and received very near as much attention as the honored guests of the evening.

The toastmaster of the evening was James Duncan, first vice president of the A. F. of L., and it was near to three in the morning when Mr. Gompers was called upon, and the cheers echoed and re-echoed and could be heard on the outside when he arose to speak. The following were the speakers and specially invited guests:

SPEAKERS AND INVITED GUESTS.

Mr. Samuel Gompers, Mrs. Samuel Gompers, Miss Gompers, Mr. Frank Morrison, Mrs. Frank Morrison, Miss Morrison, Mr. James Duncan, Mr. Robert P. Brindell, Mrs. Robert P. Brindell, Mr. Hugh Frayne, Mrs. Hugh Frayne, Mr. Ernest Bohm, Mr. James O'Connell, Mr. William Green, Mr. Joseph Valentine, Mrs. Joseph Valentine, Mr. John R. Alpine, Mr. F. H. Maynard, Mr. H. B. Perham, Mr. Frank Duffy, Mr. W. G. Lee, Mr. William D. Mahon, Mr. John B. Lennon, Mr. Louis B. Schramm, Mr. Warren S. Stone, Mr. L. E. Sheppard, Mr. W. S. Carter, Hon. Robert F. Wagner, Hon. Wm. B. Wilson, Hon. Edward Swann, Hon. Frank P. Walsh, Hon. John Mitchell, Hon. Alton B. Parker, Mr. Ralph Easley, Hon. William Hughes, Mr. Frank X. Sullivan, Mr. J. Charles McGuire, Hon. James M. Lynch, Hon. Timothy Healy, Mr. Chester M. Wright and Dr. J. S. Allen.

RECEPTION UPON RETURN TO WASHINGTON HOME.

At the banquet four generations of the family were present, and most of them journeyed to Washington, where, on Monday night, at Mr. Gompers' home, a reception was held to permit his friends and neighbors to pay their respects, and the house was crowded from early evening until early morning Tuesday. The couple were well remembered with many beautiful and useful presents, but in the words of Mr. Gompers, "It is not the intrinsic value in which he was interested but the sentiments that prompted the donors."

Secretary of Labor William B. Wilson, who was unable to be present at the banquet in New York but who was represented by Mr. A. Camminetti, and his daughter, Miss Agnes, were at the reception on Monday night, and a letter of regret from President Wilson at his inability to be present in New York was read to the gathering. In addition to the golden wedding annivery of Mr. and Mrs. Gompers, the silver anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. Sam, Jr., was celebrated on last Sunday, in addition to the sixty-seventh birthday anniversary of Sam Gompers on Saturday. The events in connection with this celebration will be long remembered and perhaps never duplicated in the labor movement. It was the earnest wish of all present that this remarkable couple may live to celebrate their diamond anniversary, a wish in which we heartily agree.

HONOR GUESTS AT BANQUET.

MR. AND MRS. SAMUEL GOMPERS.

SOCIAL WELFARE TAFFY CAN'T REPLACE WAGES

An appropriation for the federal children's bureau was discussed in the United States Senate recently.

Senator Kenyon, in defending the bureau, quoted from its report of a survey of Manchester, N. H., which showed that of the babies with fathers earning less than $450, about one in four died before it was twelve months old; the great majority of the babies had fathers in the wage group from $450 to $849, and of these about one in six died, and where the fathers earned $1,050 or more, but one baby in sixteen died in the first year.

Then Senator Gallinger arose. Senator Gallinger resides in Concord, situated about fifteen miles north of Manchester. These are his views on the frightful mortality among Manchester's babies:

"I want to say for the men who are employing these people, as I suggested a moment ago, many of them poor, uneducated and ignorant, that the greatest corporation in that city is doing a very magnificent work. For instance, it has established a very large playground upon property owned by the corporation; it has a hospital; it has two textile club buildings constructed by the corporation, one for the women and one for the men; it builds houses, which it rents at a very low rate of interest; it furnishes medical attendance to the operatives free; and it is doing a great deal for these people. Yet, beyond a question, there is an opportunity to do more, and I hope that through the instrumentality of the children's bureau great reforms will be achieved in Manchester as well as in all the other manufacturing cities of the country."

Senator Gallinger then proceeded, together with sixteen of his colleagues, to vote against the appropriation that would permit the bureau to continue its investigation of infant mortality. Senator Hollis, also from New Hampshire, joined with thirty other senators in favor of the appropriation. Senator Hollis said that the Manchester investigation would be impossible under state authority "because the strength of the textile mills in that locality is such that they would not permit it to be done properly."

In his defense of the appropriation Senator LaFollette made this thrilling plea:

"Go read the shameful records of infant mortality in this country of boasted enlightenment, of the deaths of mothers on the battle fields of maternity, battle fields where a sublimer valor is exhibited than in all the conflicts that are trumpeted by the tongues of history, and ask yourself where the responsibility rests."

Columbia, Pa., February 1.—Stove mounters in this city have organized with every eligible worker on the charter roll.

MODERN SERF THEORY OPPOSED BY WORKERS

Congressman Adamson's proposed law intended to stop transportation workers from striking pending an investigation was opposed last week before the House committee by President Gompers of the A. F. of L. and W. G. Lee and W. S. Carter, chief executives of the Brotherhoods of Trainmen and Firemen respectively, and Acting President Sheppard of the Order of Railroad Conductors.

"No law of this or any country," said President Gompers, "has ever prevented strikes. The Canadian law, far from preventing strikes, has only served to make them more acute. You may enact laws making strikes temporarily or permanently unlawful and prescribe the penalty, but that is not going to prevent strikes. If you enact such a law you can count on me as one of the violators of it."

President Carter declared that the so-called public opinion that is claimed to be against train service employes was manufactured by railroads, which have expended about $3,000,000 in advertising since last October.

Mr. Lee favored a board of eight, equally divided between railroad workers and operating officials, appointed by the President. He believed this would command the support of the four brotherhoods and, despite the fact that it would be evenly divided, he predicted there would be no deadlocks.

Chairman Adamson expressed his disapproval of this plan. He insists that the government should have a voice in the settlement of disputes.

Acting President Sheppard said the brotherhoods were in no way responsible for the Adamson eight-hour law, and that it was "wished on them." He said the trouble last summer could have been settled with the railroads within forty-eight hours had they been left alone.

EMPLOYERS SPEAK PLAIN.

Melbourne, Victoria, Australia, February 1.—While employers in the United States are using honeyed phrases to cover legislation against industrial suspensions, the Victorian Employers' Federation uses terms that are easily understood and that do not permit of controversy.

The federation is against strikes and is asking the Victoria legislature to pass the necessary statute, which is frankly referred to as "anti-strike" legislation.

MACHINISTS GAIN.

Jacksonville, Fla., February 1.—The Cummer Lumber Company has signed a union shop agreement with the Machinists' Union. Wages are 45 cents an hour, with time and one-half for overtime. The unionists have been negotiating with this concern for several months.

CAN REFUSE TO WORK WITH NON-UNIONISTS

Hartford, Conn., February 1.—Judge Milton A. Shumway of the superior court has refused the plea of the Cohn & Roth Electric Company for an injunction against the building trade unions of this city, whose members declined to work for this non-union concern.

The company originally asked for $25,000 damages, but this was later withdrawn. The plaintiff charged that the unionists were engaged in an illegal combination for the purpose of obtaining a monopoly of all the employment. Conspiracy and boycott were also charged.

In dismissing the injunction plea Judge Shumway holds, in effect, that it is not a conspiracy nor is it an unlawful threat for trade unionists to announce that they will not work with non-unionists. "Nor is it an unlawful combination," continues the court, "for the purpose of excluding from employment in such several building trades of persons who are not members of one or another of said defendant unions."

The suit was supported by an organization of non-union building contractors which sails under the tricky title "Hartford Open-Shop Builders' Exchange." Trade union antagonism of these employers is most pronounced and local organized workers, in mock sympathy, are calling their attention to the following portions of Judge Shumway's decision:

"Organized labor's by-law and rule prohibiting union workers from working with non-union men is not illegal and does not constitute a conspiracy.

"An organized labor body is not an unlawful combination for the purpose of excluding from employment men who are not members of such organization."

"LID OFF" ON STRIKE STORY.

Detroit, February 1.—The "lid is off" the story of how striking pattern makers secured their eight-hour day and increased wages. These unionists suspended work a year ago and during the past summer they have been jailed on injunction proceedings and assaulted by police. The Manufacturers' Association assisted employers, but when these influences realized that the pattern makers were determined to stick a quiet conference was arranged last October at which time it was agreed that the union would call off all picketing and employers would establish the eight-hour day on or before January 1, 1917, and that neither side was to make a public statement. The union maintained its secrecy pledge, but the manufacturers immediately began an advertising campaign for pattern makers and stated that the strike was called off. These employers, however, were glad to "let loose" and the shorter workday is inaugurated in practically every shop. Wages have also increased from 10 to 15 cents an hour.

MANY MINOR INJURIES.

Philadelphia, February 1.—Nearly four-fifths of the men injured in industrial establishments in this state have been cured within a period of two weeks after the accident by proper medical attention, according to Chairman Mackey of the workmen's compensation board.

JOIN REGULAR UNION.

New York, February 1.—The United Cloth Hat and Cap Makers' Union has succeeded in inducing an independent organization of 600 members to join the bona fide trade union movement.

FEW MECHANICS IN "PEN."

Philadelphia, February 1.—In an address in this city Warden McKenty of the Eastern penitentiary stated that of the 1,500 inmates of that institution only 2 per cent are trained mechanics.

ELECTRICAL WORKERS, No. 26, HOLD MEETING IN NEW HALL

Local Union No. 26, International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers, who represent the inside Electrical Workers in the jurisdiction of the District of Columbia, last night held their first meeting in their new hall at the southwest corner of Pennsylvania avenue and 12th street northwest, fourth floor, which they have leased for a period of one year with the privilege to sublet on nights that they do not cocupy the hall for their own meetings.

Local 26 has gone to a great deal of expense to furnish the hall in an up-to-date manner, arranging the floor with four rosturms, each having an oak arm chair and a pedestal; on each side of the chairman are oak tables for the secretaries, a standard make of folding chair has been purchased for the seating of the membership, and they will be able to seat 200 people.

The hall has been newly papered and wired for electric lights in such a way as to furnish an abundance of light.

Aside from the hall they have an office for the business agent, Brother O'Leary, a day room, and a good-sized room with a long table to take care of the work of their executive and examining boards, with ante-room entrance to the hall proper.

The executive board has under consideration for the local union a plan for the education of their apprentices along the lines adopted by some of the brotherhood's local unions in other cities.

REASON FOR COAL SHORTAGE.

Indianapolis, February 1.—"We wish to point out that the present coal shortage and the consequent high prices that are being charged for coal can in no wise be attributed to the United Mine Workers of America," says the executive board of that organization in a statement to its members.

"No strikes are in effect that would have a tendency to limit the supply of fuel, and our members everywhere are responding with unanimity to their duties as mine workers whenever opportunity to work is given them.

"Unfortunately many of them have been denied steady work because railroad cars have been commandeered and used to transport munitions of war and other commodities, and a car shortage at the mines has limited production and depleted the supply of coal nithe markets.

"When this condition has been remedied and our members are permitted to work full time the coal shortage will be greatly relieved and the present unusual condition of the coal market will approach the normal again."

375 MINERS KILLED.

Charleston, W. Va., February 1.—The chief of the department of mines has announced that 375 miners were killed in the mines of this state last year. A movement has been started to create a state rescue body, equipped with its own car and trained crew, and modeled after the federal government's standard.

WANT UNIFORM WORKDAY.

Palestine, Tex., February 1.—At a conference of the federation of shop employes on the International & Great Northern railroad system it was voted to ask for a uniform workday for all shop men instead of the prevailing system of nine hours for some workers and eight hours for others.

BAKERS REORGANIZE.

Port Arthur, Tex., February 1.—Bakers in this city have reorganized their local after awakening to conditions that have been forced upon them since they allowed their union to lapse.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF TRADE AND LABOR COUNCILS A. F. OF L. WASHINGTON, D. C. 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., FEBRUARY 2, 1917.

GOMPERS ON COMPULSORY SOCIAL INSURANCE.

"Social insurance cannot remove or prevent poverty," asserts President Gompers. "It does not get at the causes of social injustice. The only agency that does get at the causes of poverty is the organized labor movement. Social insurance, in its various phases of sickness insurance, unemployment insurance, death benefits, etc., only provides the means for tiding over an emergency. The labor movement aims at constructive results.

"The real permanent benefits that come into the lives of the workers, those which are felt from day to day and not merely during times of special need, are brought about by the trade union movement.

"The trade union movement does not detract from the power or the opportunity of wage earners. On the other hand, methods for providing social insurance delegate to outside authorities some of the powers and opportunities that rightfully belong to wage earners. At first only a limited amount of authority and power may be delegated to and exercised by the government agent, but the application of even that little power constitutes a limitation upon the rights and freedom of wage earners and creates a situation which has in it the germs of tyranny and autocratic power. Governmental power grows by that upon which it feeds. Give an agency political power and it at once tries to reach out after more.

"Compulsory social insurance cannot be administered without exercising control over wage earners. This is the meat of the whole matter. Industrial freedom exists only when wage earners have complete control over their labor power. To delegate control over their labor power to an outside agency takes away from the economic power of those wage earners and creates another agency for power. Whoever has control of this new agency acquires some degree of control over the workers. There is nothing to guarantee control over that agency to the employed. It may also be controlled by employers. In other words, giving the government control over industrial relations creates a fulcrum which means great power for an unknown user.

"Compulsory social insurance is in its essence undemocratic. The first step in establishing social insurance is to divide people into two groups—those eligible for benefits and those considered capable to care for themselves. The division is based upon wage-earning capacity. The governmental regulation tends to fix the citizens of the country into classes and even divide the wage workers into classes, and a long established insurance system would tend to make these classes rigid.

"The workers of America adhere to voluntary institutions in preference to compulsory systems which are held to be not only impracticable, but a menace to their rights, welfare and liberty.

"To delegate to the government or to employers the right and the power to make compulsory visitations under the guise of health conditions of the workers is to permit those agencies to have a right to interfere in the most private matters of life.

"Compulsory sickness insurance for workers is based upon the theory that they are unable to look after their own interests and the state must interpose its authority and wisdom and assume the relation of parent or guardian.

"There is something in the very suggestion of this relationship and this policy that is repugnant to free-born citizens. Because it is at variance with our concepts of voluntary institutions and freedom for individuals, labor questions its wisdom."

Never trust a man who is so pious that he acts as if it would be a sin to smile.

It is quite surprising to an editor sometimes to have a patron come into the office and give an item of news and apologize as though his visit might be considered as an intrusion. Nobody is more welcome than a man who brings in items of news, even though it concerns himself. We naturally consider every one who furnishes an item to make our news columns more newsy and interesting as a benefactor. We hope that none of our readers will feel the least hesitancy in visiting the office or stopping us on the street with a request to publish such an item.

PROHIBITION A TRADE, PAYING FAT SALARIES.

Declaring prohibition a profession whose possibilities for money grabbing are unlimited, Arthur H. Dutton, writing in the San Francisco News Letter, says:

"The activities of the prohibitionist constitutes merely a new trade or profession added to blacksmithing, wood-chopping, medicine, the law, stevedoring, the pulpit, agriculture, mining, dry goods and all the other fields of human endeavor that yield a revenue to those who till them.

"The trade of the prohibitionist is to effect prohibition of some human comfort, amusement or pleasure. Anything will do. Just now the prohibition of alcoholic beverages is uppermost, but starts have been made in other directions, such as tobacco, dancing, theaters, games and so on. Pretty much the same set of people are after all these.

"Following the prohibition idea there is no human activity that should not be prohibited.

"Consider the enormous amount of suffering, actual pain, poverty, crime and wrong done by calumny and falsehood; by slanderous statements and misrepresentation. Why not prohibit speech and doom everybody to perpetual silence?

"Gluttony has ruined innumerable constitutions, caused innumerable diseases and brought about innumerable untimely deaths. Drunkenness is only one form of gluttony. Why not attempt to end all other forms by abolishing food, or at least by making it so unappetizing that none will eat except the ravenously hungry, and then only enough to support life?

"Think of the thousands of people who impoverish themselves by buying automobiles they cannot afford, use them for sinful joy rides and neglect their families because of them. Think of the thousands injured and killed annually in automobile accidents. We should prevent all this by forbidding the manufacture and sale of automobiles.

"Consider the sin and shame that have been produced by immoral literature and art. Why not prohibit the printing press, the camera and the brush and palette.

"Finally, and the most conspicuous, consider the jealousy, the hatred, the sorrow, the remorse, the suicides, the murders, the disease, the dire poverty—all directly attributable to the sexual instinct, and to nothing else. Why not sterilize the whole human race, and be done with it?

"The theory that because a few people abuse a privilege, or a pleasure, or a practice, it should therefore be prohibited, is the most utterly ridiculous one ever suggested by any sane being.

"Such a theory would never have been advocated, if its proponents did not see in it a means of making easy money.

"Prohibition is a trade, that is all, and thousands of unthinking people are hoodwinked by it."

Once in a while you will run into a man who is so hopeless that you would libel the whole mule family if you called him an ass.

A man can live to be two hundred and fifty years old if he will eat only bananas, says a scientist. A diet of that sort would drive a man to suicide in six weeks, is our opinion.

A fool never becomes real dangerous to society until he reaches the point where he is in ignorance of his actual mental condition. A fool who knows is really interesting.

If you cannot be a leader in your organization, show your real spirit by being a follower. The one is as important as the other; without co-operation the leader is powerless; without a leader the following is merely a derelict.

OUR GRAND OLD MAN.

Respectfully dedicated to Samuel Gompers
President of the American Federation of Labor

The Union Labor movement
Has a leader we revere,
His deeds and words have won him world-wide fame;
Right at his post of duty,
He has stood from year to year,
We're proud of him, Sam Gompers is his name.

Chorus

He's the Grand Old Man of Labor,
With a heart as true as steel,
And his name was ne'er connected
With a mean or crooked deal;
In the union labor movement,
He is always in the van,
To the workers of the country
He's our Grand Old Man.

Our faith in you, Sam Gompers,
Stands Gibraltar like today,
The union workers here their greetings send.
Let all the labor haters
In their frenzy fire away,
On our support you always can depend.

PUBLIC OPINION "MOLDED" BY OPPONENTS OF WORKERS

New York, February 1.—In opposing a "can't-strike" law before the Senate committee on interstate commerce, recently, President Gompers declared that it was impossible to develop a correct public opinion on questions directly affecting workers because newspapers and other sources of information are controlled by opponents of the workers.

During the past week the New York World and the New York Times have indorsed this position by their attitude on compulsion in strike times and on labor injunctions, both subjects being discussed by these "molders" of public opinion without regard for the principles involved.

The World has this to say of "can't-strike" legislation, now pending in Washington:

"What organized labor insists upon here is a continued license to maltreat, starve and ruin the public wherever by so doing it believes it can coerce its employers."

Not to be outdone by its contemporary, the Times has this to say of an anti-injunction bill, similar to the Clayton law, that has been introduced in the New York legislature:

"Every citizen who approves of settling labor disputes by the general strike, the boycott allowing only Federationists (A. F. of L.) to work, and to work only on Federation terms, of making and breaking contracts for work and wages at will and according to the interest of the moment, ought to write to his representatives at Albany urging the passage of this bill. It is just the sort of a bill to suit those who feel that way."

ESTABLISHED 1865 — 51 YEARS IN BUSINESS

CHRISTIAN XANDER'S

Famous Melliston

Will Cure That Cough 75c a Bottle A Delicious Wild Cherry Cordial

909 7th Street, Northwest. No Branch Houses. Phone M. 274

CORBY'S YEAST

Leaves nothing to guess-work.
Its purity and strength are uniform.
Every baker knows what that means.
Send for samples.

THE CORBY COMPANY

STATION K. WASHINGTON, D. C.

Representative Houses OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

BANKS

NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burglar-proof vaults; acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth Street and New York Avenue.

WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee, etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK. A bank for the working people. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account. Ninth and G Sts. N. W.

UNION SAVINGS BANK. Commercial accounts. Three per cent interest on savings accounts. The oldest savings bank in Washington.

MICHAEL T. GREENE
Liquors and Cigars. 639 D St. N. W.

STONER'S BAR AND RESTAURANT
The, G. Stoner. 206 Seventh St.S. W.

J. CHAS. McGUIRE'S BUFFET
Federal Seal Whiskey. 619 Ninth St. N. W.

O'KEEFE'S BUFFET
P. J. O'Keefe, Prop. 904 Pa. Ave. N. W.

GLAVIN'S BUFFET
ED. J. GLAVIN 309 G Street Northwest

FRANK'S BUFFET
Fourth and G Sts. N. W. Phone M. 5572.

DAVID WALSH'S BUFFET
407 10th Street N. W.

E. E. FARLEY'S BUFFET
415 13th Street N. W.

J. J. O'DONNELL'S BUFFET
333 Penn. Avenue S. E.

HARRY'S BUFFET
631 Penn. Ave. S. E. Phone Lin. 1843

MACHINIST

G. W. FORSBERG, formerly with Forsberg & Murray, Elevators, Boilers. Eighth and Water Sts. S. W. Main 742.

GROCER AND COFFEE ROASTER

SOMERSET R. WATERS, 1342 7th St. N. W.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

RALSTON & RICHARDSON, Evans Building, 1420 New York Avenue.

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.

SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (Inc.), Soda Water, Syrups, etc. 1066 Wis. Ave. N. W.

PHOTO SUPPLIES

E. J. PULLMAN, Developing and Finishing for Amateurs a Specialty. 420 9th St. N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS

MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Ave. N. W. Our Specialty, Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

FIRE INSURANCE

FIREMEN'S INSURANCE COMPANY, Seventh Street and Louisiana Avenue.

DRY GOODS

WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings. Hosiery, a Specialty. 806-808 H St. N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

UNDERTAKERS

J. WILLIAM LEE
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY
332 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.

W. H. BUTLER CO., 607-9 C St. N. W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT

NATIONAL MORTAR CO., 1st and M N.E.

COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING CO., 3036 K Street.

DRUGGISTS

CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth St. and Virginia Ave. S. E.

DAY & CO. 5th and G Sts. N.W. 14th and P N.W., 20th and R. I. Ave. N.E.

QUIGLEY, Druggist, 21st and G Sts. N.W.

A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner 7th and P Streets N. W. N. 2372.

Building Trades Headquarters Sixth and G Sts. N. W Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rent

WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES, TOBACCO. COSTELLO BROS

JOS. A. WILNER & CO.

UNION CUSTOM TAILORS

Cor. 8th and G Sts. N.W.

A Store That Interests

—Every Housekeeper

The housewife will find hundreds of helpful suggestions here—things that will add to the attractiveness of the home, as well as many devices of usefulness and comfort.

Our various stocks, which are daily replenished with new Merchandise, includes

Decorated Dinner and Toilet Ware,
Rich Cut Glass,
Gold Glassware,
Sterling Silver,
Silver-plated Ware,
Art Pottery,
Lamps and Electroliers,
Gas Portables,
Brass Novelties,
Fireplace Furnishings,
Kitchen, Laundry and Pantry Requisites.

Dulin & Martin Co.
1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY

Equitable Life Insurance Co.
of the District of Columbia

THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Issues Ordinary and Industrial

Wm. A. Bennett. 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.

EQUITABLE BLD'G. 818 14th ST., N. W.

Phone Main 3871

WM. H. HOWLIN
American Federation of Labor Building
9th Street and Mass. Avenue
Engrossing Resolutions, Diplomas Charters and Fancy Pen Work of All Descriptions

Saks & Company
MEN'S and BOYS' OUTFITTERS
Pa. Ave. & 7th St. Wash., D. C.

Specialists in Apparel for Men and Boys.

Clothes, Hats and Shoes

The Bieber-Kaufman Co.
901-909 Eighth St. S. E.
Down by the Navy Yard
Washington, D. C.

BUTLER'S RHEUMATIC and GOUT REMEDY.
A KIDNEY AND HEART TONIC
Manufactured Since 1872 By
BUTLER & FIELD
Third and Indiana Ave. N. W.
Price 50c a bottle. 6 for $2.50
For Sale By Druggists.

ECZEMA

We recommend Weller's All Healing Ointment because it does its work well.

WELLER'S DRUG STORE
8th & Eye Sts. S.E. 36th & M N.W.

FIREPROOF CONSTRUCTION
Hammett Fire Proofing Company
301-302-303 Wilkins Bldg.
Phone Main 3337.

Bell Brand Union-Made
COLLARS and SHIRTS
LARGE ASSORTMENT
T. HOLLANDER
North Capitol and H Streets

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

Jesse M. Taylor, temporary compositor.

Richard S. Underwood and Raymond A. Carroll, temporary messenger boys.

William C. Wilton, electrotype finisher, reinstated.

William W. Duncan, George W. Askew, Raymond W. Reynolds, temporary skilled laborers.

Otto Van Duyne, Miss Lena Hoffmann, Miss Mayme D. Wilson, Miss Marie E. Jordan, probationary skilled laborers.

Separations.

Rufus F. Whalen, temporary painter.

Edward A. Hartnett, temporary painter.

Laird L. Neal, bookbinder.

Charles H. Beall, temporary messenger boy, resigned.

Paul G. Wrenn, helper, resigned.

Miss Dorothy E. Greer and Miss Bessie W. Fuge, temporary skilled laborers.

William L. Roulhac, Paul J. McCarthy, Max H. Ellison, skilled laborers, resigned.

Walter M. Brooks, Rudolph H. Shepard, Bernard J. Sweeney, Ernest H. Lewis, temporary skilled laborers.

Transfers, Etc.

Miss Edith S. McIlveen, temporary skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour, to permanent skilled laborer.

Homer J. Lockling, caster helper, 35 cents per hour, to helper, 45 cents per hour.

Orpheus B. Williams, elevator conductor, 30 cents per hour, to skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour.

Dean Holcombe, linotype operator, 60 cents per hour, to proofreader, 60 cents per hour.

George Terwilliger, maker-up, 60 cents per hour, to proofreader, 60 cents per hour.

Justin A. Paddleford, linotype operator, 60 cents per hour, to proofreader, 60 cents per hour.

RETAIL CLERKS GAIN.

Temple, Tex., February 1.—Retail Clerks' Union No. 396 has signed a one-year agreement with store proprietors. Only members of the union shall be employed or those who will become members within thirty days of employment. Ten hours shall constitute a day's work for males and nine hours for females, except Saturday, when the closing hour shall be 9 p.m. Clerks shall work three hours overtime on the five days preceding Christmas, but no female shall work more than fifty-four hours in any one week, as provided by law.

PRINTERS RAISE WAGES.

Connellsville, Pa., February 1.—Typographical Union No. 321 has secured a contract that will run three and one-half years. A 10 per cent increase takes effect immediately, and in addition rates will be increased 50 cents a week every six months during the last two and one-half years.

Cincinnati, February 1.—Typographical Union No. 3 has secured a new contract which calls for increased wages for its members employed in book and job offices.

TO REPEAL CAN'T-STRIKE LAW.

Denver, February 1.—Bills have been introduced in the senate and house to repeal Colorado's "can't-strike" law, which makes it illegal for workers in any industry to suspend work for thirty days.

This law is opposed by the state federation of labor and the various railroad brotherhoods, working through a joint legislative committee.

BOILER MAKERS ASK MORE.

Cleveland, February 1.—With the successful ending of the Standard Oil Refinery strike, the Boiler Makers' Union has prepared a new wage scale of $4 and $4.50 for outside work, with straight eight hours and a half day Saturday. This also applies to thirty-five construction and boiler manufacturers and installation firms in the vicinity of this city.

POWDER MAKERS STRIKE.

Belleville, Ill., February 1.—Employes of the Atlas Powder Mill organized and later suspended work to secure the reinstatement of victimized employes, to establish the eight-hour day and increase wage rates. The victimized workers are officers of the new union. The mill is operated by the Atlas Powder Company.

PRISON SYSTEM A DISGRACE.

Little Rock, Ark., February 1.—In an address at the sixth annual meeting of the Arkansas Conference for Social Welfare, Judge Trieber declared that the abuses of the Arkansas prison system is a disgrace to the people of this state and a blot on our boasted twentieth century civilization.

BOILER MAKERS' STRIKE ENDS.

Cleveland, February 1.—The shorter workday strike of boiler makers employed at the Standard Oil Refinery has been successfully ended. The eight-hour day and a 10 per cent wage increase are secured. The strike started November 11 last, and resulted in raising wages in other shops from 37½ cents to 43 and 44 cents. On marine repair work, one shop is paying boiler makers 50 cents an hour and foremen 55 cents.

The strike was marked by an almost 100 per cent solidarity on the part of boiler makers. Of the 280 men who suspended work, there were but four desertions from the local union.

Birmingham, Ala., February 1.—Boiler Makers' Union No. 4 has won its strike against the Barry & Johnson Company of this city.

UNIONISTS REJECT BONUS.

Tiffin, Ohio, February 1.—A bonus system, instead of established wage rates, is one of the causes of a strike of 200 machinists, sheet metal workers, and helpers against the Webster Manufacturing Company. Last summer these employes were promised a straight nine-hour day and now they are asking the company to live up to its pledge. Instead, the company has leased a hotel to house its strike-breakers. This firm had a strike of its iron molders last spring in which a young striker was shot and killed by one of the gunmen imported by the firm on the plea that it was necessary to guard its plant.

WARNS MINE WORKERS.

Indianapolis, February 1.—In a circular issued to all members of the United Mine Workers' Union the executive board of that organization raises a warning cry against substituting the wage bonus system based upon the fluctuations of the coal market for the present joint wage contract system.

"Official recognition of the principle of adjusting wages by the application of the bonus system in times of trade prosperity might eventually, by the same process, mean the recognition of wage reductions in times of trade depression," it is stated.

CIGAR MAKERS RAISE WAGES.

Waterbury, Conn., February 1.—Cigar Makers' Union No. 395 has raised wages $1 a thousand. Wages for packers are increased 25 cents a thousand.

Hamilton, Ontario, February 1.—The Cigar Makers' Union has won its two-month strike for higher wages. Rates are increased from $2 to $3 a week. Nearly 300 employes are benefited.

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

UNION OPERATOR — LOCAL No. 224 — WASH. D.C. — A.T.S.E. — AFFILIATED WITH CENTRAL LABOR UNION & A.F. of L.

American, 1st st. and R. . ave.n.w
Apollo, - - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Auditorium, 13th st. and N. Y. ave.n.w
Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Casino - - - 7th and F Sts. N. W.
Central Park - - 9th bet. G & H N.W.
Chelsia Theatre, 19th and M sts. n. w.
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N. W.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Eagle Gate Theatre - Sol. Home Gate
Eastern, - - 8th St. bet. F & G S. E.
Elite Theatre, 14th and R. I. ave. n. w.
Empire, - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Fairyland, - 19th and L st. n. w.
Favorite, H St. North Capitol & First
Garden Theatre, 423 Ninth st. n. w.
Gayety Theatre, - 513 9th st. n. w.
Georgia - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
Home Theater, C bet. 12th & 13th n. e
Liberty Theatre N. Capitol & P St
Loewe's Columbia . . F near 12th
Lyric Theatre - - 14th near Park Rd.
Maryland - - - **624 9th St. N. W.**
"M" Street Theatre, M St. near 32nd
Maycroft Park, H St. bet. 6 7, N.E.
Meaders, - - - 8th & G Sts. S. E.
Mid City, - 7th, bet. N and O st. n. w.
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Odeon - - 14th and Church Sts. N. W.
Olympic. - U St. bet. 14 & 15, N.W
Peerless Park, - 3105 Ga. ave. n. w.
Penn Gardens - - 21st St. & Pa. Ave
Plaza Theatre - 434 9th st. n. w.
Pleasant Hrr. Park, 12 and C N. E.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Randolpr Park, 1st and Randolph n. w.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
R. I. Theatre, 7th and R. I. Ave. N.W.
Savoy, - - - 14th and Col. Road.
Schuetzen Park, Ga. ave. and Kenyon
Standard Park, Bates, near N. Cap. St
Strand, - - - - - Ninth and D.
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N. E.
Stanton Park, - - - 219 4th N. E.
Starlight Park, 4 1-2 and K st. n. w.
Surprise Theatre - Alexandria, Va.
The Strand, - - Hopewell, Va.
The Richmond, - - Alexandria, Va.
Truxton Park, N. Capitol & Fla. Ave.
Victoria Theatre, 7th & E Sts. S. W.
Virginia - - - 614 9th St. N. W.

CARPENTERS ELECT OFFICERS.

Indianapolis, February 1.—The tabulating committee of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters has made its report on the recent election of officers. President Hutcheson is re-elected by a vote of 43,064 over Harry L. Cook, who received 27,192. For first vice president, John T. Cosgrove received 38,413; P. J. Carlson, 20,421; Robert E. Currie, 10,267. For second vice president, George H. Lakey received 44,407; Marion F. Raish, 23,078. There was no contestant against General Secretary Frank Duffy, and General Treasurer Thomas Neale received 46,841, against Frank Kunkel's 21,183.

SHOP MEN RAISE WAGES.

Springfield, Ill., February 1.—A committee representing federated shop men employed by the C., P. & St. L. railroad has secured a good working agreement and wage increases of from 2 to 4 cents an hour for the members of the various unions.

Muskogee, Okla., February 1.—The Midland Valley railroad has signed an agreement with a committee representing its federated shop employes. Wages are increased 2½ cents an hour and improved working conditions are secured.

Galeton, Pa., February 1.—The Buffalo & Susquehanna railroad has signed its first federated shop agreement. Wages are increased from 2 to 4 cents an hour.

MACHINISTS MAY ADMIT WOMEN

Woman members of the International Association of Machinists is a possibility.

This organization is conducting a referendum on the subject during the month of January as a result of a resolution adopted by the general executive board, which declares that "the necessity of organizing the female workers in the machine industry is becoming more apparent every day, there being a large number of them working under our jurisdiction who ought to be organized for our mutual protection."

REFUSE NON-UNION SHOP.

San Antonio, Tex., February 1.—Electrical workers on strike for a wage rate of $5 and the union shop laugh at the offer of contractors to give their applications for employment "kind consideration" if they declare the strike off.

Parker, Bridget & Co.
"The Avenue at Ninth"
Featuring
Extra Value
$15
Suits for Fall

Black's Alderney and Green Meadow Dairy
Pasteurized and Tubercoline Tested Milk.
Phone N. 1670. Union Dairies.

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1
Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.

M. J. DUNNIGAN, President.....2007 14 Street N.W.
JOHN G. WOLFE, Vice-President.1023 N. J Ave. N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W

TRUSTEES

Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E
Thos. L. Nevins.....504 Maine Avenue S. W

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe.....1023 N. J. Ave. N. W
J. McElfresh.....
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E
A. Tenley.....964 Florida Ave. N. W.
M. Sullivan.....5631-2 15 St. S. E.

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.

Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ARBITRRATION COMMITTEE.

M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W
M. A. Wolfe.....418 F St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. E
Joseph Harding.....210 13 St. S. W.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....2006 2nd St. N. W
R. Pumphrey.....223 Q St. N. W.
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W.
Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. W

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave.e
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Capitol St.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L St. S. W.

DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.

John Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave.
William Pollard.....522 14th St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, F. S. Radman, 134 7th Street N.E.

Bakery Salemen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at Moose Hall, Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sundays in each month at 2 p.m., Painters' Hall, 6th and G Sts. N.W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N.W.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. F. Miller, 19 Quincy Place northwest.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets first and third Sunday of the month at the Secretary, T. Guiffre, 908 Pennsylvania ave-Moose Hall, Seventh and G Street Northwest. nue northwest.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 48: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E street southeast.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G Street N. W.

Brotherhood of Railway Carmen of America, Local Union No. 313: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Streets N. E. Secretary, H. A. Chambers, 2113 4th N. E. Meeting nights first and third Tuesdays.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles' Hall. Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 520 Rhode Island Ave. N. E.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhau, 737 10th St. s. e.

Chauffeurs and Hack Drivers Union, Local No. 115: Meets the first and third Saturday of each month, G. A. R. Building, 1412 Pa. Ave. Secretary-Treasurer, Kirk C. Sipher, Room 25, 945 Pa. Ave. northwest.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wassaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Twelfth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14555: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3800 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Paperhangers Hall, 430 Ninth Street N. W., second and fourth Thursdays of the month. Secretary, Edw. B. Finch, 33 P Street N. E.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets every Friday, at 8:00 p.m. Hall, S. E. Cor. Tenth and Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, Jas. P. Lahey, 816 5th street northeast.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and B Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hisle, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Employes' Union No. 14632: Meets second Friday of each month, Perpetual Building Association Hall. Secretary, W. M. Lynch, 409 A. F. of L. Building.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Watchmen's Union No. 14964: Secretary, Jas. H. Reed, Cor. Sec., 1228 B street southwest.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, John T. Bowers, Twentieth and Twenty-first and L and M streets northwest.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Avenue S. E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 Twelfth St. N. E.

Laundry Workers, Local No. 110: Meets first Friday in each month at Winslow's Hall, 12 and R streets northwest. Secretary, Moten Jefferson, 550 Twenty-fourth street northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, W. N. Huttel, 1430 A St. N. E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday, 1204 Pa. Ave. N. W. Secretary, E. H. Fulton, 1120 E St. S. E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. F. McDonnell.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third 2665. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Bus. Agt.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month. 922 Pa. Ave. N. W. Phone M. 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets second Sunday and fourth Friday in each month. Secretary, Albert Bridges 210 L st. s. e.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 420: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each mouth, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m. Secretary, J. A. Whitecar, 2209 Minnesota Ave. S. E.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Raymond R. Burrows, Clarendon, Va.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Robt. J. Barrett, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month. Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 820 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressmen, No. 1: Meets fourth Monday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N.E.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custodian and Janitor, 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, W. P. Cannon, 408 Twelfth St. S. E.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe. 326 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. F. Hickman, 513 Sixth St. N. W.

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Mrs. H. B. Tritipoe, 1737 Willard street N. W., Apt. 20.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10.30 a. m. and 8.30 p. m. Secretary, G. W. Calderhead, Room 412 Wash. Loan and Trust Building.

The High School Teachers' Union of Washington, D. C., No. 8: Meets in the Music Room of the New Central High School at 3.30 p. m. the second Tuesday in the months of October, December, February, and May. Secretary, G. J. Jones, Central High School.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle. 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 750 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Friday, Typographical Temple. Secretary, L. Gantt, 57-A Bates Street.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Asscciation.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters International Secretary-Treasurer, Jas. E. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G St. N. W. Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth St. N. W.

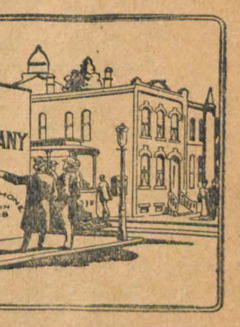
Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.

WASHINGTON'S LARGEST PRINTING PLANT DEVOTED TO COMMERCIAL WORK

THE LAW REPORTER PRINTING COMPANY
COMMERCIAL PRINTERS AND STATIONERS
518-520 FIFTH STREET N.W.
WASHINGTON, D. C.
F. B. CROWN, MANAGER
TELEPHONE MAIN 825



INTERNATIONAL UNION OF THE UNITED BREWERY WORKMEN OF AMERICA
Union MADE Beer — Ale AND Porter
COPYRIGHT & TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1903
THIS IS OUR LABEL.

VOTE
Against Prohibition
DEMAND
Personal Liberty
IN CHOOSING WHAT YOU WILL DRINK
ASK FOR THIS LABEL WHEN PURCHASING BEER, ALE OR PORTER.
As A Guarantee That It Is Union Made.

THE PLATE PRINTER
Official Organ Plate Printers International Union.
P. J. RYAN, Editor. CHAS. T. SMITH, Assoc. Editor.
Subscription $1.00 Per Year
Telephone 4528 Wash. Loan & Trust Bldg.

WESTERN ORE WORKERS FIND UNIONISM PAYS

Leadville, Col., February 1.—A list of gains made since last spring by Miners' Union No. 33 might be given this appropriate title, "The Real Reason for Trade Union Opposition."

This union is affiliated to the International Union of Mine, Mill and Smelter Workers. On April 5 last it issued a call for a mass meeting to discuss greater organization in this district. One week later the mine operators posted notice of a 10 per cent wage increase, effective from the first of the month. On September 26 the union asked the operators to increase wages 45 cents a day for miners and muckers and 40 cents a day for machine men. On December 1 the operators announced that wages would be increased 50 cents a day above the April 1 scale.

"What have the Leadville miners gained as a result?" asks the union, in its statement. "On a basis of 26 working days per month an increase of 32½ cents per day amounts to $8.45 per month, for eight months, $67.60 per man. You found the additional sum handy, didn't you? You needed it. You could stand more. Upon that basis the 1,200 miners of Leadville have already enjoyed a wage increase aggregating $81,200.

"A 50-cent increase means $13 per month, $156 per man per year. Union men believe that such a sum is a good return on an investment of a dollar a month. They believe that it is the duty of every mine worker to contribute a like sum for the benefit of all. The 50-cent increase will add $182,700 to the wages of the miners. What did you do to secure it? We benefited you as well as ourselves; join hands with us.

"The end is not yet. The union's demand includes a further increase of 25 cents a day. Nothing else would do so much to insure a favorable decision and acquiescence in it by the operators as the knoweldge that every miner in Leadville was a member of the Miners' Union."

JANITORS WIN STRIKE.

Chicago, February 1.—Flat janitors have won their strike for higher wages and improved conditions. These workers are affiliated to the A. F. of L. One of the first owners to sign the new agreement was Richard T. Race, contractor and builder, who controls 200 apartments. Last year Race had difficulty with his janitors, and at that time he declared he would establish his own commissary to fight the strikers. He capitulated at the end of a week. On this occasion Race's janitors were out one hour when he signed an agreement calling for wage increases that in some cases amount to $30 a month.

As a result of the strike a seceding union of flat janitors has voted to join the regular body.

WAGES FOR FEMALES LOW.

Austin, Tex., February 1.—In the biennial report of the bureau of labor statistics it is stated that less than one-half of the female employes of Texas are paid a wage sufficient to enable them to live as they should. More than one-half of these workers receive less than $6 per week, many less than $4 and not a few are paid as little as $3 a week. A majority do not receive enough to enable them to buy comfortable clothes, eat nourishing food, live in comfortable homes or indulge in amusements of any kind.

COOPERS RAISE WAGES.

Rochester, N. Y., February 1.—Coopers' Union No. 24 has signed a contract with the Rochester Cooper Company. Wages are increased 12½ per cent. The new rates are $21.60 a week for machine operators and $27.50 for coopers. The eight-hour day prevails.

San Francisco, February 1.—Organized coopers have established the 8-hour day in this city. Every firm but one has agreed to this new provision of the Coopers' Union.

SHEET METAL WORKERS GAIN.

Philadelphia, February 1. — Sheet Metal Workers' Union No. 19 has secured an eight-hour contract with employers in this city. The shorter workday, with a Saturday half-holiday, is to become effective May 1. Wage rates will be 56¼ cents an hour. On work outside of the city the employer will pay all expenses and double time for holidays.

POLISHERS LOCKED OUT.

Marion, Ind., February 1.—The Delta Electric Company locked out its metal polishers because they joined the union of their craft. This concern compelled its employes to work nine and one-half hours a day for 22 cents an hour.

Patronize our advertisers—they are your friends as well as ours.

Boycott Declared to Be Not Unawful By Michigan Circuit Court Judge

Grand Rapids, Mich., February 1.—Judge John McDonald of the circuit court has dissolved a temporary injunction against trade unionists advertising an unfair business man, and has ruled that "the principle is well settled that if loss to an employer results from a peaceful assertion by workmen of their rights it is a damage without a remedy."

Ernest A. Prange, a jeweler, employed non-union builders and was placed on the "We Don't Patronize List" by organized labor. He started suit for $50,000 damages and secured a temporary injunction restraining officers and members of the trade unions, and Editor Claude O. Taylor, of the Observer, from advertising him as opposed to organized labor. Later Prange waived his claim for damages and assured the court he would be satisfied if the injunction was made permanent. Prange's attorneys insisted that the case involved intimidation and coercion and elements of conspiracy that should be restrained.

In setting aside the temporary injunction, the court said:

"Clearly, the purpose of this act was to divert patronage from Mr. Prange. This the defendants had a right to do, for the courts all held that in cases of industrial disputes labor unions may use peaceable persuasion, either oral or written, to induce the customers and the general public to withhold their patronage from one held to be unfriendly.

"From a review of the evidence, which is practically undisputed, it is my judgment that the complainant has not presented a case which would justify interference by a court of equity for, as I have endeavored to point out, so long as the object sought is lawful and the means used to attain it are lawful the court cannot interfere even though injury results. The principle is well settled that if loss to an employer results from a peaceable assertion by workmen of their rights it is a damage without a remedy."

Connecticut Statute Permits Judge to Qualify as Mind Reader

Bridgeport, Conn., February 1.—Three members of Machinists' Union have been arrested on criminal warrants on complaint of the Ashcroft Manufacturing Company, which charges the unionists with violating section 1296 of the general statutes because they urged the company to discharge two non-unionists, one of whom is a strikebreaker.

The statute is entitled "An Act Concerning Intimidation and Boycotting," and section 1296 reads as follows:

"Every person who shall threaten, or use any means calculated or intended to intimidate any person to compel such person, against his will, to do or abstain from doing any act which such person has a legal right to do, or shall persistently follow such person in a disorderly manner or injure or threaten to injure his property, with intent to intimidate him, shall be fined not more than $100 or imprisoned not more than six months."

This section, as originally passed, was not deemed sufficient to stop workingmen from exercising their legal rights, and in 1909 it was amended in the second line to include the words "calculated or intended." This permits a judge and jury to qualify as mind readers.

In the case of Wyeman vs. Deady (79 Conn. 414) the state supreme court ruled that where a unionist asks his employer to discharge a worker because he is not a member of the union such action is within statute 1296.

The state federation of labor has maintained a continuous agitation against this section, and is now endeavoring to have the present legislature amend the act. This agitation is strengthened by Judge Shumway's recent decision in the Hartford superior court that unionists have a right to refuse in concert to work with non-unionists and can so notify an employer.

MILITARY TRAINING TOO SOFT.

Boston, February 1.—Military training is too soft and routine for growing boys is one of the assertions in a statement forwarded by Dr. Dudley A. Sargent of Harvard University to the Senate committee at Washington, which is holding hearings on a compulsory training bill.

"Growing boys need struggle and effort," says Dr. Sargent. "They need to wrestle with each other and with life. They must improve the co-ordination of their minds and muscles, develop their judgment in unusual and even in trying circumstances.

"But military drill cuts them off completely from everything of that sort. There is scarcely an American outdoor game which does not tend to make better soldiers out of boys than does military training per se.

"The latter is one of the poorest systems ever devised for developing in the youth the personal qualities which a nation needs in time of war, let alone the demands of peace.

"The most military nations have now entirely abandoned compulsory military training for boys in schools. About all that military training accomplishes for boys is to develop the spirit of bombast and personal vanity in them, the spirit of 'tin soldiering,' and to imbue the youth with false ideas of what constitutes patriotism."

OPPOSE OLD-AGE PENSION LAW.

Seattle, Wash., February 1.—Electrical Workers' Union No. 77 has denounced the old-age pension law for municipal employes, approved by the city council and which will be submitted to the voters as an amendment to the city charter.

The line men declare this legislation should be called "an involuntary old-age insurance system," as there is no provision for city contribution to the fund and no limit is placed upon the assessments that may be levied against municipal employes.

"We also have in mind that few of our linemen, for example, ever reach the pension age of sixty years. The outside electrical worker's calling is a hard and dangerous one, and he is worn out before that time if he is lucky enough to escape death by accident in the meanwhile. In these circumstances a city linesman would be forced to contribute to a pension fund from which he could hardly hope to benefit.

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS
Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

J. G. O'DONNELL, President, 122 Sixth St. N. E.
M. J. Deery, Vice-President, 2407 Girard St. N. E.
THOS. W. WOLTZ, Recording Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
G. H. F. DAVIS, Treasurer, 439 Second St. S. E.
W. I. STRATTON, Conductor, 617 Sixth St. N. W.
A. F. MOIRSETTE, Warden, 425 G St. N. W.
GEO. MYERS, Business Agent, 425 G St. N. W.

TRUSTEES.
F. J. NOLTE, 24 Eighth Street N. E.
MARK REILEY, 1127 B St. S. E.
A. P. TAYLOR, 622 I Street N. E.

DELEGATES TO THE DISTRICT COUNCIL.
R. H. BURDETTE, 1207 L Street N. W.
C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
E. B. BYRNE, 425 G Street N. W.
ROBERT REICHARD, 1720 35th Street N. W.
J. H. RYAN, 1101 Eleventh Street S. E.

DELEGATES TO THE CENTRAL LABOR UNION.
C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
R. H. BURDETTE, 816 K Street N. W.
W. S. HOLLOHAN, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
C. A. SAUNDERS, 244 9th St. S. E.
LOUIS LUEBKERT, 1314 Kerney St. N. E.

RELIEF COMMITTEE.
THOS. P. O'DEA, 1149 4th St. N. E.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
H. M. BEVILL, Brentwood, Md.
J. T. CLIFT, 4115 Seventh Street N. W.
M.A. FOLEY, 118 Seaton Street N. E.

MILL COMMITTEE.
F. E. KETTNER, 3016 Cambridge St. N. W.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
O. A. CARTER, Rosslyn, Va.

DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE
G. H. F. DAVIS, 439 Second Street S. E.

LIST OF LIQUOR DEALERS WHO HAVE SIGNED "THE AGREEMENT."

Allen, Paul.....2 N st. n. e.
Allen, John J...807 N. C. Cap st. n. e.
Beirkle, Leopold, - 1245 H st. n. e.
Boyle, William J., 601 Mass. ave n. w.
Castelli, Vincent, 502-504 Ninth st.n.w.
Clark, C. H.....510 9th st. n. w.
Colonial Beach Boat Co.
Costello, Bros.....604 G st. n. w.
Crowley, James J.....702 E st. n. w.
Daly, T. J.....34 H st. n. e.
Daye, Wm. T.....1218 Wisc. ave.
Doyle, Wm. T....1314 Wisc. ave. n. w.
Duffy, James A. -901 1-2 E st. n. w.
Wm. R. Fosbender, 406 Ninth st. n w.
Franey, F. A.....711½ 9th st. n. w.
Frank, Mrs. M. E. - 319 G st. n. w.
Ganey, M.....615 7th st. s. w.
Glavin, Edwin.....309 G st. n. w.
Hannan, Mrs. E.....531 7th st. s. w.
Hanlon, Timothy.....822 H st. n. e.
Kelliher, J. D.....1258 7th st. s. w.
Killeen, John F.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Louis Hodges, - - 407 9th st n. w.
Lynagh, Peter J.....523 7th st. s. w.
Lynch, John.....417 9th st. n. w.
McCarthy, F. J.....910 4½ st. s. w.
McCarthy, Jas. J.....1402 H st. n. e.
McDonald, F. J.....643 Pa. ave. s. e.
McGinniss, H. J., 1001 N. Y. ave. n. w.
McGuire, J. Chas., 519 Ninth st. n. w.
McHough, Martin....1105 H st. n. e.
Milton Schmidt, - 702 7th st. n. w.
O'Connor, D. J.....100 G st. n. w.
O'Connor, Patrick F., 617 D st. n. w.
O'Connor, James.....1429 N. Cap. st.
O'Day, John T. - 921 Ninth st. n. w.
O'Donnell, James J...333 Pa. ave. s. e.
Peter White, - - - 905 D st. n. w.
Raftery, Thomas.....406 H st. n. e.
Raftery, Patrick.....225 11th st. n. e.
Roland, J. H.....511 9th st. n. w.
Scanlon, Daniel,.....103 H st. n. w.
Schroter, Conrad....3258 M st. n. w.
Schltz, Mary T.....607 G st. n. w.
Sheehan, John J., 701 North Cap. st.
Solon, Mary A., - 1003 7th st. e.
Stern, M. M.....601 7th st. n. w.
Stanton, Frank J.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Sullivan, David, 12th and E st. n. w.
Sullivan, John J., 1351 35th st. n. w.
The Casino, Frank Farenkamp (Chesapeake Beach).
Victor Buffet Co., Inc., 7th and G n. w.
Walsh, David, - - 407 10th st. n. w.
Wassman, Henry, 705 Seventh st. n. w.
Wiedeman, Joseph....629 E st. n. w.
William J. O'Leary, 733 North Cap. st.
Wininger, Harry 631 Pa. ave. s. e.
Wolf, Frank, - 512 12th st. n. w.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
Meets Every Monday Night
Typographica Temple
423-425 G St. N. W.
Secretary's Address: 606 5th St. N.W.
Telephone: Lincoln 4614

OFFICERS
HUGH D. DIGNEY.....President
MARY GANZHORN...V. President
N. A. JAMES.....Secretary
JOS. E. TOONE....Fin. Secretary
WM. H. SCHAFFER....Treasurer
JOS. C. CLARK..Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES — Wm. Zell, W. W. Keeler, J. L. Considine.

COMMITTEES
Executive—Mary Ganzhorn, Chairman; Jos. E. Toone, N. A. James, W. A. Huttel, John R. Hartley and Hugh D. Digney.
Legislative—Jere McCarthy, Chairman; John Lorch, N. P. Alifas, Robert Jones and D. J. O'Leary.
Adjustment—W. A. Huttel, Chairman; Harry Hollohan, John Botts, Benj. Spellbring and John Schmidt.
Contract—John Hartley, Chairman; Wm. W. Keeler, W. H. Schaffer, C. H. Adams and C. C. Coulter.
Laws—Dan. Hassett, chairman; Harry Buie and R. H. Burdette.
Resolution—Jas. L. Considine, chairman; E. L. Tucker and Denis Southern.
Organization — Jos. E. Toone, Chairman; Jos. C. Clark, Henry Miller, Mary Burkhead and T. A. Franklin.
Auditing—Wm. E. Zell, Chairman; Laurence Curtin and John Deal.
Credentials—M. J. Costello, Chairman; Jas. Noyes and S. S. Parker.
Label—H. F. Oehler, Chairman, and John McGuigan.
Press—N. A. James, Chairman; John B. Colpoys and N. A. Sprague.
Delegates to Baltimore—Jos. E. Toone, Chairman; Harry Fiddesop and Sam De Nedrey.

MEATS GROCERIES FISH
Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the
OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.
930 La. Ave. N. W. — 1111 H Street N. E.
8th & E Sts. S. E. — 1632 N. Capitol Street
31st & M Sts. N. W. — 3418-20 Ga. Ave. N. W.
7th & Q Sts. N. W. — 14th & U Streets N. W.
1778 U Street, N. W. — 7th and B Streets N. E.
7th & H Street N. E. — 3113 14th Street, N. W.
726 7th St. N. W. — 1440 P St. N. W.
2002-2004 Ga. Ave. N. W.
POULTRY BREAD PRODUCE

WASHINGTON BREWERY CO.
IMPERIAL EXPORT
A really fine beer

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK
Northwest Corner FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST
LOOK FOR THE CLOCKS
4 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts
COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

Homesteaders—Come to Virginia
Where you will find homes, happiness, independence for all. Mild winters, no malaria, no mosquitos. Farms all sizes at reasonable prices and terms. Send for our Land Bulletin and a copy of The Record—FREE.
J. R. MEADOWS & CO., Crewe, Va.

WE DO ALL KINDS OF
Job Printing
AND THE PRICE IS RIGHT
The Trades Unionist, 604-6 5th St. N. W.

LANSBURGH & BRO.
"DRY GOODS ONLY"
The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City
420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

When in Doubt, Buy of
HOUSE & HERRMANN
FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.
N.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W

GEO. D. HORNING,
N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.
LOAN OFFICE

CORBY CAKE
AT ALL GROCERS

Takoma Bread
Fresh Three Times Daily
AT ALL GROCERS
Havenner Baking Company
Established 1815

Washington District Council of Carpenters
Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple
ROBERT ADAM, President, Local 2563, U. B., 1511 Vermont Avenue N.W.
R. H. BURDETTE, Vice President, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
E. B. BYRNE, Secretary, Local 132, U. B., 425 G Street N.W.
F. A. SHOESMITH, Treasurer, Local 2563, U. B., 5209 Georgia Avenue N.W.
C. H. ADAMS, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 804 A Street N.E.
R. H. BURDETTE, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
H. PAGE, Trustee, Local 2563, U. B., 336½ 13th Street N.E.
ROBERT REICHARD, Local 132, U. B., 1720 34th Street N.W.
J. H. RYAN, Local 132, U. B., 1101 11th Street S.E.
FRED HOOK, Local 2563, U. B., 1528 8th Street N.W.
WILLIAM MACKIE, Local 2563, U. B., 216 Seaton Place N.E.
BUSINESS AGENT.
GEO. MYERS, 425 G Street N. W.

CELTIC CLUB WHISKEY
Our Specialty
Never Changes. Accept No Substitute
Once Tried You'll Always Use It.
Ports and Sherries for family use, Quarts, 50 and 75 cents. All makes of Beer. Leading brands of Cigars. Ales and Porters on draught the year round.
D. J. O'CONNOR
New Jersey Ave. and G Sts. N.W

PHONE NORTH 2349
DONOVAN'S
FINE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS
2008 14th St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

THE MILTON SCHOOL
Oxford Bldg., 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.
Stenography
Typewriting
English
Spanish
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO BEGINNERS
Now in larger quarters in the Oxford Building, 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.

The only strictly
UNION TAILORING
house in the city
M. STEIN & CO.
TAILORS
Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

STORAGE PACKING FREIGHT HAULING
Merchants Transfer
— AND —
Storage Company
920-922 E Street Northwest
Phone Main 6900
SHIPPING MOVING HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I.P.E.U.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXI. NO. 33 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 1917. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

C. L. U. ADOPTS RESOLUTIONS DEPLORING ACTS OF PETITIONERS, AND AGAIN PLEDGES SUPPORT TO CARY REFERENDUM BILL.

The following resolutions were adopted by the Central Labor Union at its regular meeting in Typographical Temple last Monday night. Attention is called to the acts of individuals, though declaring themselves members of organized labor, in circulating petitions for signers, declaring against the congressional referendum proposition, as contained in a bill introduced in the House by Congressman Cary. The inference is that these individuals speak for labor's forces in the community, and thereby create unwarranted division, thus weakening the influence of organized labor in this vicinity. The central body pledges its support in securing the passage of the bill and urges upon all residents of the District to unite with it in securing this legislation. The action of those seeking signers to the petitions is deplored and labor unionists and their friends are urged to steer clear of entangling alliances.

THE RESOLUTIONS:

Whereas, Certain forces and individuals in the District of Columbia, some of them members of the Central Labor Union, have organized into a body, alleging to be representative, and are circulating petitions for signers, declaring against the congressional referendum proposition, as contained in a bill introduced in the House of Representatives by Congressman Cary, containing twelve questions of great importance to the people of the District of Columbia; and,

Whereas, This action has been taken by said individuals, as individuals, though declaring themselves members of organized labor, thereby by inference claiming to speak for labor's forces in this community, and creating unwarranted division, thus weakening the influence of organized labor in this vicinity; therefore be it

Resolved, That the Central Labor Union, in regular session, with representatives of a majority of its constituent local unions present, hereby reaffirms its position, taken at a former meeting, and pledges its earnest support in securing the passage of said bill by Congress, and urge upon all residents of the District to unite with it in securing this just, fair and wholesome legislation.

Resolved, That the action of these few individuals in endeavoring to mislead their fellow trades unionists and the general public, is hereby deplored, and labor unionists and their friends are urged to steer clear of entangling alliances and "hew to the line" for the preservation of organized labor.

Resolved, That copies of these resolutions be furnished the daily papers, and that they be published in The Trades Unionist, the official paper of the Central Labor Union.

BOOKBINDERS HOLD ANNUAL CONCERT AND DANCE

Local Union No. 4, International Brotherhood of Bookbinders, held their annual concert and dance last Wednesday night in National Rifles' Armory hall.

The affair was well attended, attesting to the popularity of the bookbinders and their ability to entertain.

PENSIONS FOR "DESERVING."

Belleville, Ill., February 8.—In an attempt to turn public opinion against its striking employes, the Atlas Powder Company is advertising its pension system for employes who have been "continuously in the service for fifteen years."

If a person had been employed for twenty consecutive years, and had received a wage of $50 a month for the last ten years, he would receive a pension of $15 a month, providing he proved by his conduct during employment, and after, that he was worthy.

The company's board of directors is given wide latitude in this matter, as section 5 of the regulations provide:

"The board of directors may deny, revoke or withhold a pension allowance to any employe or pensioner whenever it shall be deemed such employe or pensioner undeserving."

FRENCH REAPPOINTED.

San Francisco, February 8.—Will J. French, ex-president of the San Francisco Typographical Union, has been reappointed a member of the state industrial accident commission for the full term of four years by Gov. Johnson. The safety department of the commission is under the jurisdiction of the appointee.

DECLARES WHIPPING POST DOESN'T CURE CRIMINALS

Wilmington, Del., February 8.—Warden Cross of the New Castle county workhouse is against the whipping post, an institution that has been maintained in this state for years and which it is now proposed shall be abolished by legislative action.

"I am not convinced that the whipping post is beneficial in any way for the reforming of criminals," said the prison official. "The idea that men fear punishment and thus avoid the crime is not logical, for from my experience I find that men seldom contemplate the punishment for the crime they are about to commit.

"It is hard to take a man to the whipping yard, whip him and then tell him that you are his friend. He will not believe it, and I find that a whipping, instead of improving the conduct of a prisoner, makes him sullen, hard to handle and more than ever an enemy of the state and society."

The speaker recalled the early days of England when crimes of almost any sort were punishable with death or with mutilation. He used this as an argument that physical pain is of no use in reforming a criminal.

ASK $2 FOR 10-HOUR DAY.

Rice Lake, Wis., February 8.—Federal labor union No. 15284, affiliated to the A. F. of L., has petitioned the Rice Lake Lumber Company to establish a minimum wage scale of $2 for a ten-hour day. Non-unionists signed the petition prepared by the union. It is stated that the present scale of wages "is such as to place Rice Lake in a class by itself as the poorest town in the state for the laboring man."

MILLING COMPANY FAILS TO STARVE STRIKERS

Great Falls, Mont., February 8.—After a five-week strike Flour and Cereal Mill Employes' Union, affiliated to the American Federation of Labor, has defeated the Washburn & Crosby Milling Company and the Employers' Association of this city in their attempt to starve these strikers into submission.

A union shop agreement has been signed, wages are increased from 30 cents to $1 a day, the company will reinstate all strikers and will receive committees to adjust future grievances.

Two weeks after the strike was called, the local employers' association closed all the grocery stores to the strikers. The order could not reach a store owned by Great Falls trade unionists. The employers then ordered wholesale houses not to supply the union store, but the workers made a flank movement by having friendly restaurants order the goods. After two days of this kind of warfare the employers realized their mistake and withdrew the order. This was followed by the milling company's request to meet a committee of strikers. The employers' association was excluded from this conference, and in two hours an agreement was reached.

HOTEL CONDITIONS BAD.

Boston, Mass., February 8.—A glimpse behind the scenes in Massachusetts hotels is shown in the report of a state commission on living conditions of employes in 200 hotels throughout the state. Meals served to employes are classified as good, fair and poor. "A meal described as poor," the report says, "consists of soup made of all sorts of left-over food, salt meat often spoiled, potatoes, bread and tea. There is never enough for a second helping and butter and dessert are never served. Much discontent is found among hotel workers because of the tip system and the uncertainties of the income."

It is recommended that these workers be granted a one day rest in seven.

GOV. HUNT DEFEATED.

Phoenix, Ariz., February 8.—The state supreme court has ruled that Thomas E. Campbell, who opposed Gov. Hunt, in the election last fall, was properly elected. The successful contestant was given a certificate of election after a recount showed he had received a plurality of thirty-six. Gov. Hunt appealed to the supreme court, which now holds that the certificate is prima facie evidence of election.

Gov. Hunt was loyally supported by the trade union movement of this state because of his refusal to permit the importation of gunmen during the strike of copper miners in the Clifton-Metcalf-Morenci district, which started September 11, 1915. The strikers won and the operators attempted to have Gov. Hunt recalled.

MUST INSURE EMPLOYES.

Columbus, Ohio, February 8.—The state supreme court has upheld section 27 of the Ohio workmen's compensation act, which provides that employers failing to insure their workmen are liable for damages awarded by the state industrial commission.

Several hundred cases throughout the state have been left undecided until the highest court rendered final decision on the legality of this section, which was nullified in the common pleas court of this county. This decision was reversed by the court of appeals, and the latter court is now sustained by the state supreme court.

CAR CLEANERS RAISE WAGES.

Seattle, Wash., February 8.—Car cleaners employed at the King street railroad passenger station have raised wages 10 per cent after a short strike. These workers are members of the Brotherhood of Railway Car Men.

GARMENT WORKERS GAIN; DUALISTS ARE CHECKED

Baltimore, February 8.—The firm of L. Grief & Brother, clothing manufacturers, has signed an agreement with United Garment Workers' Union, Local No. 7.

None but good standing members of this union shall be employed. If the union is unable to furnish operatives the firm may employ non-members, with the understanding that they must apply for membership in Local No. 7, within two weeks. The union reserves the right to reject any application, and in that event the firm agrees to dispense with the services of the rejected applicant.

Forty-eight hours shall constitute a week's work and no member shall be penalized for refusing to work overtime.

Wages are increased 10 per cent, with double time for work done on Sundays, Christmas, New Years, Fourth of July, Labor Day and Thanksgiving.

Conciliation and arbitration arrangements for the settlement of grievances are included and it is further agreed that any employe unable to remain at work because of weather conditions shall be paid for time lost at the prevailing wage rate.

The agreement benefits 700 operatives. While the gains are most substantial, they are of more than local significance, because this city has been one of the centers of a noisy secession movement that has attempted to check the activities of the boni fide trade union movement, represented by the United Garment Workers' union. The agreement is a hard blow to these secessionists, who are being successfully resisted through a vigorous agitation conducted by the local federation of labor and its president, John Ferguson.

11-HOUR DAY CAUSES STRIKE.

Crawfordsville, Ind., February 8.—Girls employed in the packing department of the Indiana Match Company suspended work when they were called upon to accept an eleven-hour work day. After four days the company agreed to re-establish the ten-hour day and abandon overtime two days a week.

Last October the girls were forced to work two days a week for thirteen hours. Later this was increased to three nights a week, and before Christmas the girls were working thirteen hours four nights a week.

It is claimed that the work of a packer is the hardest in the plant and that ten hours' work wears the girls out. They have no chance to rest because of the speed of the machine that brings the matches to them.

Local unionists are urging the girls to organize.

THE "GREAT DETECTIVE" FINED

New York, February 8.—William J. Burns, the "great detective," was fined $100, with an alternative of thirty days in jail, for entering the offices of a law firm, making copies of private papers and then publishing them.

In finding Burns guilty the court laid down the legal principle that no private detective has the right to enter a man's office or dwelling and examine his private correspondence and papers.

"It would be giving a private detective more power than a policeman," declared Justice Collins. "The law puts a protection around a man's home. It would be a deplorable thing if, in America, a private house were not safe from being entered by private detectives; and, if a lawyer's office may safely be entered, what protection would a client have?"

LIMITED WOMEN SUFFRAGE.

Bismarck, N. D., February 8.—Gov. Frazier has signed the act recently passed for women suffrage on all but constitutional offices.

TAYLOR SYSTEM ADVOCATES DEFEATED IN HOUSE

The advocates of the Taylor system and other sweating processes labeled "efficiency" were defeated in the House when they attempted to strike an anti-Taylor system provision from the fortifications appropriations bill on motion of Congressman Gordon, representing one of the Cleveland, Ohio, districts.

Mr. Gordon pleaded with his colleagues to permit this system. He said: "Without this or some similar system there is absolutely no way of determining in any large manufacturing establishment what it costs to make an article. No honest man who desires his employer to know what amount of work he does in a given time can have any possible objection to this system. It simply keeps a record of the amount and cost to the government of producing any part of this work. I cannot for the life of me see why an honest man should object to the government knowing what it gets for its money."

Members of the house refused to be moved by Congressman Gordon's plea, which did not include labor's repeated statement that it did not object to a cost system, but it did object to the speeding up systems, which was the real motive of alleged "efficiency" advocates.

URGE STATE INSURANCE ONLY.

Columbus, Ohio, February 8.—At a joint session of the senate and house labor committees C. N. Replogle of the Ralston Steel Car Company said his company withdrew from the state compensation fund because it found it more advantageous to insure with a private liability company.

Murmurs of approval by private liability agents continued until T. J. Duffy of the state commission explained that the Ralston company had been forced to put in safety devices it would not have installed. He added that the first insurance company with which the company insured withdrew because it found the risks unprofitable and that the car company has since induced another liability concern to protect it from damage suits.

The legislative committees are holding public hearings on the initiated bill of the state federation of labor to prohibit private companies from writing liability insurance in Ohio.

BOILER MAKERS WIN POINT.

Birmingham, Ala., February 8.—Striking boiler makers employed at the Bessemer pipe shop have secured a union shop agreement and a 50-cent wage increase. Double time will be paid for overtime and Sunday work.

Casper, Wyo., February 8.—Boiler Makers' Union No. 596 has secured a union shop agreement with the Standard Oil Company, which is declared to be the best agreement the boiler makers have anywhere for this class of work. Rates for boiler makers is 68¾ cents an hour and for helpers, 60 cents. The manager of the company has promised to do all in his power to raise the latter scale 2½ cents within the next sixty days.

"CAN'T-STRIKE" FAD SPREADS.

Sacramento, Cal., February 8.—The necessity for constant agitation by trade unionists against any legislation that would deny them the right to strike is shown in a bill introduced in the state legislature by Assemblyman Goetting of San Francisco. The bill applies to public utility corporations and prohibits strikes until a board reports on the case.

To take the curse off the act, and to affect a degree of fairness, employers are debarred from inaugurating a lock-out. Any one who "incites" strikes or lock-outs may be fined from $50 to $1.000 or imprisoned from twenty-five days to sixteen months.

NON-UNION MAN NAMED TO TEACH PRINTING IN COLORED HIGH SCHOOL

At the meeting of the Board of Education held Wednesday, February 7, the position of instructor of printing at the Dunbar Colored High School was filled by the appointment of W. R. Hamilton, understood to be at present engaged in the printing business in Washington.

Gover M. Koockogey, chairman of the vocational education committee of Columbia Typographical Union, was present at the instance of President Morcock to protest the appointment, but the protest was unheeded.

In a letter from the president of the board received by Mr. Koockogey a few hours before the meeting, this action was forecasted, it being stated that Mr. Hamilton had formerly taught in the schools, and had a good record in handling children. Mr. Koockogey at the board meeting brought out the fact that he had never taught printing, and that there was a considerable difference in the ages of the children he had formerly taught and the high school youths he would be called upon to teach.

Mr. Koockogey also succeeded in bringing out the fact that a colored member of Columbia Union had been rejected because he had no experience as a teacher. He did, however, have a record of six years' experience at Tuskegee Industrial School, the famous institution founded by Booker T. Washington, and several years' practical experience in various cities since leaving there.

The method of selection consisted in each man being interviewed by the superintendent and assistant superintendent of schools and the man who "impressed" them most favorably, which "happened" to be the non-union man, was then given a qualifying "examination" at 10 a.m. on the day the board met.

Special emphasis was laid on the fact that the appointment was only a temporary one, and that an examination was to be held in June, open to any one, and Mr. Koockogey was asked to use his influence with the other colored members of 101, all of whom hold positions paying from $300 to $600 per year more than this school job, to get them to take this next examination.

While the position in dispute may seem a small one to make any fuss over, the decision of the school authorities is accepted as very significant by the officers and the committee of No. 101, who for some time past have felt that their efforts to improve the efficiency of the courses in printing in the schools were not meeting with the fair treatment they deserved.

Some interesting disclosures as to the inefficiency with which the subject of printing in the schools has been handled so far are expected to be made in the committee's report at the next meeting of Columbia Union.

LAWMAKERS SHOULD THINK.

Olympia, Wash., February 8.—Mrs. Ina P. Williams, representing Yakima county in the state legislature, seems to take her lawmaking duties seriously.

"We are living in a revolutionary period, both socially and commercially," she said. "A new sort of statecraft is needed to cope with the problems of such an era. We can no longer simply use the legislative taboo and get results.

"We must get to the bottom of things, learn the fundamental causes of the disturbances in labor, education and society. Instead of in blissful ignorance stating, 'I do not believe in labor unions,' we should find out what the causes are that have brought about the unrest and agitation for changed conditions."

PAPERHANGERS ORGANIZE.

Louisville, Ky., February 8.—Paperhangers have organized and are chartered by the Brotherhood of Painters, Decorators and Paperhangers.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF UNITED LABOR TRADE & LABOR UNION COUNCIL WASHINGTON 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., FEBRUARY 9, 1917.

DISTRICT PROHIBITION.

Hearings are being held by the District Committee of the House of Representatives on bills, the object of which is to put a form of prohibition on liquor in the District of Columbia. A new element has entered into this question who favor the submitting to the citizens for their opinion before such drastic legislation shall become a law. This seems to all fair-minded persons as the proper method of dealing with this question, and it is only the narrow minded who would oppose this method. A measure prohibiting the manufacture and sale of liquor in the territory of Alaska was passed by the House during the past week, which voiced the sentiments of a majority of the citizens of Alaska, who voted upon this question. Now, what we would like to known is, why should the citizens, or more properly speaking, the residents, of the District be deprived of a right that the balance of the citizens of the country enjoy on this question.

Speaking from an industrial standpoint, the bills before the District Committee are not prohibition bills, but non-manufacture bills, for under their provisions liquor can be imported into the District, so that in the last analysis, the only object that will be attained if they should pass, would be to throw out of employment thousands of good trades unionists who earn their livelihood from this industry, yet we find misguided and prejudiced trades unionists rushing in, favoring the passage of these bills that are not prohibition bills. If it is the purpose of Congress to pass a prohibition bill for the District, let them pass a bone-dry law and take the cloak of hypocracy from this question. We hope that no bill before Congress on this question will become a law until it is first submitted to the people for their approval or disapproval.

Labor stands willing to do her duty in defense of this country, still she is hopeful that eventualities will not demand sacrifices.

WAS THE APOSTLE PAUL A TRADE UNIONIST?

BY REV. CHARLES STELZLE.

It has been clearly established that there were powerful labor guilds in existence two thousand years ago and practically every workingman belonged to the guild composed of those who practiced his craft.

In those days nearly every Jewish boy learned a trade, no matter what his social position may have been. So it happened that Paul, the greatest missionary in the history of the early church, learned the trade of tentmaker, even though his father was so prominent a man as to have the honor of Roman citizenship conferred upon him, and even though he had the advantages of a thorough training at the university at Tarsus.

This apprenticeship made Paul eligible to membership in the tentmakers' union, and it is altogether likely that he became a member of that organization.

We find in sacred history that on at least one occasion Paul made his headquarters in the city of Corinth with Aquila and Priscilla, simply because they also were of the same craft, namely, tentmakers. Here he worked side by side with them, preaching in the synagogue on every Sabbath day.

We have it from Paul's own pen that he worked with his hands as he traveled from place to place, depending upon his skill as a mechanic to earn his livelihood. Because of the necessity for constant travel and because of his dependence upon his trade for a living, it is more than likely that Paul identified himself with the organization that would be most helpful to him in order to secure employment.

It is interesting to note that Paul visited first of all and established his greatest churches in the cities in which trade unionism was strongest. Unquestionably, he operated very largely through the labor guilds in these cities.

It should be an inspiration to workingmen everywhere to read the wonderful letters which this apostle-workingman wrote.

Thirteen of the books in the New Testament were written by Paul. Read his plea for the slave Onesimus in the letter to Philemon. Read his masterful presentation of the universality of the benefits of Christianity in every one of these epistles. Read that beautiful "love-letter" which he sent to the working people of Philippi, when they sent him a "missionary basket" when he was in the Roman prison.

Follow him in his fight for the common people of every nation as it is told in "The Acts of the Apostles," and go with this workingman-preacher as he travels over almost the entire then-known world, bringing a message of joy to the masses, who for generations had been told by the philosophers that they "had no souls; that they were made of the same stuff as the dog which upon his death was kicked into the ditch," and then say that you are proud of Paul—Paul, the apostle-trade unionist.

COMMON COLDS.

The most prevalent illness in the United States is the common cold, a disease group included under one name and considered of such minor importance that vital statistics do not record the enormous number of persons who annually are subjected to suffering, inconvenience and economic loss thereby. Remarkable as it may seem, the widespread familiarity with this condition has bred a contempt which hides its seriousness, yet when the sum total of the ravages committed by common colds is made, it becomes evident that instead of being a group of trivial affections, common colds must be classed as serious diseases.

The phrase "common colds," like "charity," covers a multitude of sanitary sins, and curiously enough, the name has been applied to a group of affections which, far from depending absolutely on cold, are frequently the direct result of living in close, overheated surroundings having a lower relative humidity than the dryest desert known to man.

The word "colds" means an acute infection of the lining membranes of the nose, tonsils, throat and larger bronchial tubes. The process may be even more extensive and amount to a general infection of the entire body. All of the breathing apparatus excepting the smaller terminal portions in the lungs may be involved, and as a matter of fact the disease may, and often does, spread to these, thus producing pneumonia. In this connection it may be pointed out that pneumonia kills more people in the United States than any other disease excepting tuberculosis and heart disease. Many pneumonias begin as a common cold. Colds do not produce tuberculosis, yet unfortunately what is considered as a cold may be in reality the first symptoms of the white plague.

The causes of colds are multiform and not entirely understood. In every case, however, they are dependent upon the growth and activity of living germs which are always received from other people. It is true that almost everybody harbors disease organisms in the mouth and nose, and that these under favorable conditions will produce a cold in their host. But these germs in every case were received from some other person. In other words, colds are infectious. It used to be thought that sitting in a draft or a prolonged stay in the swimming pool would produce a cold. This is erroneous, but the chilling of the body which the draft produces and the weakening of the vital forces caused by too long a swim, lower the powers of resistance and permit germs which have hitherto been harmless to their host, to produce their disastrous effects.

It is not necessary to describe a cold. Everybody is familiar with it in all its variations, from the simple ordinary coryza, which is a polite running at the nose, to the sore throat, the aching chest, fever, and generally "knocked out" feeling. The cough, the sneeze, the headache and the varying degrees of inefficiency which a cold produces are, alas, only too well known. Common colds occur in epidemics and are distinctly contagious. They sweep through an entire household, an entire city, an entire state, attacking the young, the adolescent, the middle aged, and frequently carrying off the aged, the weak and the debilitated. Schools, factories, stores are suddenly crippled by epidemics of this sort and the complications and serious disorders following the disease add to the great economic loss produced in this way. Infection of the cavities beneath the cheeks and brows, ear derangements, chronic lung infections, rheumatism, heart disorders, kidney impairment and depressed vitality may all follow in the train of this widespread infection.

To prevent a cold it is necessary first of all to keep the body resistance at a high point of efficiency. This means that the body machinery should be kept in good order at all times. Good wholesome food in proper amount, plenty of sleep, the careful attendance to the voiding of the body wastes, the taking of regular exercise in the open air, keeping the body clean, keeping the mouth and nose clean, the avoidance of hot, stuffy, dusty rooms, the avoidance of exposure to sudden changes of temperature, the prevention of the chilling of the body either by cold or wet, are all protective measures. It should be borne in mind, however, that even robust persons may contract colds from people who have them.

UNLIMITED BENEFITS POSSIBLE BY UNITING

Chicago, February 8.—"The underlying principles governing trade unions tend to kindle the fires of sympathy of mutual helpfulness and co-operation," writes President Perkins of the Cigar Makers' International Union, in the official journal of that organization.

"Organization develops the finer attributes inherent in the human frame and tends to mitigate the influence of the baser instincts.

"Organization is a potent factor in the distribution of wealth; it tends to reduce the exorbitant profits appropriated by capital and adds to the share rightfully claimed by labor.

"Organization tends to eliminate passion and prejudice; it strengthens the desire for fair play, equity, economic and social justice. It creates a healthier view of the relations between capital and labor.

"Organization fosters and encourages the interests and aspirations of a growing majority against the grasping selfishness of a dwindling minority.

"Organization offers a haven of refuge for the oppressed of all nations upon terms of equality, of equal rights and duties to men and women.

"Organization imparts strength; develops independence and manhood; it cements the bonds of common interest in a wider field of mutual endeavor and in the promotion of the common welfare.

"Organization stands as a barrier against the selfish interests and encroachments of intrenched wealth and its destructive tendencies to reduce the masses of the people to a state of semi-pauperism during periods of industrial depression.

"Organization analyzes and rejects the sham reforms and false pretenses of so-called philanthropists; it exposes the fallacies of the doctrines of political economists in their efforts to justify the poverty and degradation of the masses.

"Organization imparts the banner of lofty ideals, of new hopes and aspirations, bearing a new message dedicated to the promotion of the general welfare of the toilers of the land."

NON-PARTISANSHIP FAVORED.

Everett, Wash., February 8.—The convention of the state federation of labor adopted its law committee's report favoring a state law eliminating party designations in state, county and city politics.

The convention reaffirmed its legislative alliance with the farmers' organizations, condemned compulsory military training, and opposed the short ballot.

President Marsh and Secretary-Treasurer Taylor were re-elected.

ESTABLISHED 1865 — 51 YEARS IN BUSINESS

CHRISTIAN XANDER'S

Famous Melliston

Will Cure That Cough 75c a Bottle A Delicious Wild Cherry Cordial

909 7th Street, Northwest. No Branch Houses. Phone M. 274

CORBY'S YEAST

Leaves nothing to guess-work.
Its purity and strength are uniform.
Every baker knows what that means.
Send for samples.

THE CORBY COMPANY

STATION K. WASHINGTON, D. C.

Representative Houses OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

BANKS

NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burglar-proof vaults; acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth Street and New York Avenue.

WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee, etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK. A bank for the working people. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account. Ninth and G Sts. N. W.

UNION SAVINGS BANK. Commercial accounts. Three per cent interest on savings accounts. The oldest savings bank in Washington.

MICHAEL T. GREENE
Liquors and Cigars. 639 D St. N. W.

STONER'S BAR AND RESTAURANT
The, G. Stoner. 206 Seventh St.S. W.

J. CHAS. McGUIRE'S BUFFET
Federal Seal Whiskey. 519 Ninth St. N. W.

O'KEEFE'S BUFFET
P. J. O'Keefe, Prop. 904 Pa. Ave. N. W.

GLAVIN'S BUFFET
ED. J. GLAVIN 309 G Street Northwest

FRANK'S BUFFET
Fourth and G Sts. N. W. Phone M. 5572.

DAVID WALSH'S BUFFET
407 10th Street N. W.

E. E. FARLEY'S BUFFET
415 13th Street N. W.

J. J. O'DONNELL'S BUFFET
333 Penn. Avenue S. E.

HARRY'S BUFFET
631 Penn. Ave. S. E. Phone Lin. 1843

MACHINIST

G. W. FORSBERG, formerly with Forsberg & Murray, Elevators, Boilers. Eighth and Water Sts. S. W. Main 742.

GROCER AND COFFEE ROASTER

SOMERSET R. WATERS, 1342 7th St. N. W.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

RALSTON & RICHARDSON, Evans Building, 1420 New York Avenue.

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.

SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (Inc.), Soda Water, Syrups, etc. 1066 Wis. Ave. N. W.

PHOTO SUPPLIES

E. J. PULLMAN. Developing and Finishing for Amateurs a Specialty. 420 9th St. N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS

MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Ave. N. W. Our Specialty, Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

FIRE INSURANCE

FIREMEN'S INSURANCE COMPANY, Seventh Street and Louisiana Avenue.

DRY GOODS

WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings. Hosiery, a Specialty. 806-808 H St. N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

UNDERTAKERS

J. WILLIAM LEE
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY
332 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.

W. H. BUTLER CO., 607-9 C St. N. W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT

NATIONAL MORTAR CO., 1st and M N.E.

COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING CO., 3036 K Street.

DRUGGISTS

CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth St. and Virginia Ave. S. E.

DAY & CO. 5th and G Sts. N.W. 14th and P N.W., 20th and R. I. Ave. N.E.

QUIGLEY, Druggist, 21st and G Sts. N.W.

A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner 7th and P Streets N. W. N. 2372.

Building Trades Headquarters Sixth and G Sts. N. W
Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rent

WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES, TOBACCO. COSTELLO BROS

JOS. A. WILNER & CO.

UNION CUSTOM TAILORS

Cor. 8th and G Sts. N.W.

A Store That Interests

—Every Housekeeper

The housewife will find hundreds of helpful suggestions here—things that will add to the attractiveness of the home, as well as many devices of usefulness and comfort.

Our various stocks, which are daily replenished with new Merchandise, includes

Decorated Dinner and Toilet Ware,
Rich Cut Glass,
Gold Glassware,
Sterling Silver,
Silver-plated Ware,
Art Pottery,
Lamps and Electroliers,
Gas Portables,
Brass Novelties,
Fireplace Furnishings,
Kitchen, Laundry and Pantry Requisites.

Dulin & Martin Co.
1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St.

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY

Equitable Life Insurance Co.
of the District of Columbia

THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Issues Ordinary and Industrial

Wm. A. Bennett. 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.

EQUITABLE BLD'G. 816 14th ST., N. W.

Phone Main 3871

WM. H. HOWLIN
American Federation of Labor Building
9th Street and Mass. Avenue
Engrossing Resolutions, Diplomas Charters and Fancy Pen Work of All Descriptions

Saks & Company
MEN'S and BOYS' OUTFITTERS
Pa. Ave. & 7th St. Wash., D. C.

Specialists in Apparel for Men and Boys.

Clothes, Hats and Shoes

The Bieber-Kaufman Co.
901-909 Eighth St. S. E.
Down by the Navy Yard
Washington, D. C.

BUTLER'S RHEUMATIC and GOUT REMEDY.
A KIDNEY AND HEART TONIC
Manufactured Since 1872 By
BUTLER & FIELD
Third and Indiana Ave. N. W.
Price 50c a bottle. 6 for $2.50
For Sale By Druggists.

HALF SICK! WORN OUT!
are common symptoms every Spring with old and young. If you feel that way, the medicine you need is a bottle of our
SARSAPARILLA EXTRACT
Price, 50 Cents
WELLER'S DRUG STORE
8th & Eye Sts. S.E. 36th & M N.W.

FIREPROOF
CONSTRUCTION
Hammett Fire Proofing Company
301-302-303 Wilkins Bldg.
Phone Main 3337.

Bell Brand Union-Made
COLLARS and SHIRTS
LARGE ASSORTMENT
T. HOLLANDER
North Capitol and H Streets

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

William H. Covert, Henry C. Thomson, Robert E. Youart, John S. Frick, Alonzo F. Harrington, Henry L. Crampp, temporary compositors.

William M. Richardson, William H. Shepherd, Lawson Alexander, William S. Aud, George C. Hollomand, temporary skilled laborers.

Separations.

Reginald M. Williams and William H. Chase, temporary skilled laborers.

Bunyon Johnson, unskilled laborer, resigned.

Miss Catherine A. Kaufman, temporary skilled laborer.

Transfers, Etc.

Charles S. Bastian and Joseph H. Phillips, temporary compositors, to probational compositors, 50 cents per hour.

John Moore and James Williams, temporary unskilled laborers, to permanent unskilled laborers, 25 cents per hour.

Joseph S. Reiff, jr., messenger boy, 15 cents per hour, to skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour.

Stephens M. Simpson, proofreader, to maker-up, 60 cents per hour.

Lyell L. Anderson, skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour, to helper, 30 cents per hour.

ANTI-UNION CLAIM EXPOSED.

San Francisco, February 8.—Anti-union employers in this city have persistently claimed that high wages have injured San Francisco. These claims are now exposed by Dr. B. M. Rastall, industrial investigator employed by the San Francisco Chamber of Commerce. He blames land sharks for this city's troubles. "San Francisco is handicapped in its industrial growth by the comparatively high cost of land within its boundaries available for industrial purposes," he says.

"San Francisco has the highest average wage rates of any city in the United States. The high rate does not seem to increase materially manufacturing costs; from a table showing the percentage which wages make of total costs of manufacture it appears that wages do not comprise a larger percentage of such total costs than in other American cities."

NO INDIVIDUAL CONTRACTS.

Hazelton, Pa., February 8.—Where mine operators make individual contracts with mine workers they violate the agreement signed last year by both parties, rules Charles P. Neill, umpire for the anthracite mine conciliation board. The decision was made in the case of a machine miner, and it is claimed that the organized miners have won a point for which they have contended for years. The decision abolishes favoritism to miners who are assigned five or six working places with the privilege of employing as many laborers as the contract miner pleases. It will insure all laborers getting full pay, as guaranteed by the agreement. This, Umpire Neill says, is lacking under the individual agreement.

MANY CHILDREN EMPLOYED.

St. Louis, Mo., February 8.—Those citizens who have believed this state led in child labor laws have been shocked to learn that more than 18,000 under fourteen years of age are engaged in gainful occupations, according to a report of the Missouri Children's Code Commission.

The average Missouri county does little beyond a public school system for the welfare of children. Many of the districts are overcrowded and even in the larger cities children, because of lack of facilities, go to school only half a day. Still other districts have too few pupils, the commission states.

UNION AGREEMENT UPHELD.

Tacoma, Wash., February 8.—Justice Evans has upheld an agreement between bootblacks in this city that if any of them violated a shorter workday pledge they would pay each of the others $2. Prior to the agreement the bootblacks worked sixteen hours a day. Two of the signers to this contract violated it and attachment proceedings were started by the others. Justice Evans ruled against the defendants and ordered that they pay $30 in each case, $15 attorneys' fees, $2 costs and $19 for witness fees.

PRINTERS RAISE WAGES.

Fort Wayne, Ind., February 8.—Typographical Union No. 78 has secured substantial wage increases for its newspaper members as a result of conferences. Negotiations have started for increases for book and job members.

RAISE DAILY WAGE TO $4.80.

Wichita Falls, Tex., February 8.—Contractors have signed an eight-hour agreement with their organized painters, paperhangers and decorators. Wages are increased to $4.80 a day.

LABOR IS NOT A COMMODITY.

Albany, N. Y., February 8.—Senator Wagner has introduced a bill in the state legislature similar to the Clayton act, which declares that "the labor of a human being is not a commodity or article of commerce." In a public statement Senator Wagner said that under the anti-monopoly laws of this state efforts have been made to penalize wage-earners for combining to improve wages and shop conditions by interpreting labor to be a commodity and the law proposed by him is necessary to correct a fundamental injustice.

"Commodities," he declared, "are the objective products of labor, while labor is the subjective effort of a human being. The federal government has accepted this principle in the Clayton law, and my bill will extend its application to this state in extra state matters."

AGAINST PENSION PLAN.

Seattle, Wash., February 8.—The Central Labor Union has called on trade unionists and friends to defeat an old age pension measure for municipal employes that has been indorsed by the city council and which will be submitted to a popular vote next month.

The unionists declare the plan should be labeled compulsory insurance. Employes will be forced to contribute but no provision is made for any donation by the municipality.

CARPENTERS RAISE WAGES.

Indianapolis, February 8.—General Secretary Duffy of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, reports these recent gains by locals of this craft:

Atlantic City, N. J.—Wages increased from $4 to $4.50 a day.

Tulsa, Okla.—Increases from 56¼ to 62½ cents an hour.

Parsons, Kan.—Increases from 45 to 50 cents an hour.

Paris, Texas—Increases from 45 to 50 cents an hour.

A "SCIENTIFIC" BILL.

Albany, N. Y., February 8.—Legislator Leininger favors regulating working hours for women on a "scientific" basis. His amendment to the fifty-four-hour law would permit women more than thirty years of age to work sixty hours a week on presentation of a doctor's certificate.

RAISE WAGES 10 PER CENT.

Allentown, Pa., February 8.—A 10 per cent wage increase, a union shop contract and a reduction of hours has been secured by employes of the Lehigh Star Bedding Company, as the result of a strike.

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

UNION OPERATOR — LOCAL No. 224 — WASH. D. C. — I. A. T. S. E. — AFFILIATED WITH CENTRAL LABOR UNION & A. F. of L.

American, 1st st. and R. . ave.n.w
Apollo, - - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Auditorium, 13th st. and N. Y. ave.n.w.
Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Casino - - - 7th and F Sts. N. W.
Central Park - - 9th bet. G & H N.W.
Chelsia Theatre, 19th and M sts. n. w.
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N. W.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Eagle Gate Theatre - Sol. Home Gate
Eastern, - - 8th St. bet. F & G S. E.
Elite Theatre, 14th and R. I. ave. n. w.
Empire, - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Fairyland, - 19th and L st. n. w.
Favorite, H St. North Capitol & First
Garden Theatre, 423 Ninth st. n. w.
Gayety Theatre, - 513 9th st. n. w.
Georgia - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N. W.
Home Theater, C bet. 12th & 13th n. e.
Liberty Theatre. N. Capitol & P St.
Loewe's Columbia . . F near 12th
Lyric Theatre - - 14th near Park Rd.
Maryland - - - 624 9th St. N. W.
"M" Street Theatre, M St. near 32nd
Maycroft Park, H St. bet. 6 7, N.E.
Meaders, - - - 8th & G Sts. S. E.
Mid City, - 7th, bet. N and O st. n. w.
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Odeon - - 14th and Church Sts. N. W.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15, N.W.
Peerless Park, - 3105 Ga. ave. n. w.
Penn Gardens - - 21st St. & Pa. Ave.
Plaza Theatre - 434 9th st. n. w.
Pleasant Hrr. Park, 12 and C N. E.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Randolpr Park, 1st and Randolph n. w
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
R. I. Theatre, 7th and R. I. Ave. N. W.
Savoy, - - - 14th and Col. Road.
Schuetzen Park, Ga. ave. and Kenyon
Standard Park, Bates, near N. Cap. St.
Strand, - - - - - Ninth and D.
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N. E.
Stanton Park, - - - 219 4th N. E.
Starlight Park, 4 1-2 and K st. n. w.
Surprise Theatre - Alexandria, Va.
The Strand, - - Hopewell, Va.
The Richmond, - - Alexandria, Va.
Truxton Park, N. Capitol & Fla. Ave.
Victoria Theatre, 7th & E Sts. S. W.
Virginia - - - 614 9th St. N. W.

MOTHERS' PENSION LAW VALID.

Scranton, Pa., February 8.—Judge Edwards has ruled that the state mothers' pension act is constitutional and has ordered the county controller to provide initial funds of $8,000 for the pension commission of this county.

"The attempt to bring the provisions of the mothers' pension law within the prohibition of the constitution is a strain on the principle of reasonable interpretation," said the court.

MUNICIPAL EMPLOYES GAIN.

Ft. Wayne, Ind., February 8.—As a result of agitation by organized municipal employes, chartered by the A. F. of L., the common council has raised wages of these workers from $5 to $11 a month. Through the union's efforts it is predicted that all city employes will receive wage increases in the near future.

IRON MOLDERS' WAGES RAISED.

San Francisco, February 8.—The California Foundrymen's Association has notified officers of the Iron Molders' Union that a wage increase of 25 cents a day will be paid every molder in its employ. The union has been negotiating with the founders for the past year, although they made no formal demands, as they are bound by a contract that does not expire until September.

BREWERY WORKERS GAIN.

Scranton, Pa., February 8.—The strike of organized brewery workers has been conpromised. The men are to receive $1 a week wage increase, seven holidays annually with pay; the lay-off period to be not more than twenty-five days each year, and no Sunday work for drivers. The strike involved more than 500 employes.

ON INDUSTRY'S BATTLE FIELD.

Buffalo, N. Y., February 8.—Five laborers were badly burned in an explosion of gas at the Buffalo Union Furnace Company's plant. One of the men died shortly afterward. Two others are so badly injured their recovery is doubtful.

IDAHO UNIONISTS CONFER.

Boise, Idaho, February 8.—At the second annual convention of the state federation of labor a workmen's compensation law and an eight-hour day for women were indorsed.

Parker, Bridget & Co.
"The Avenue at Ninth"
Featuring
Extra Value
$15
Suits for Fall

Black's Alderney and Green Meadow Dairy
Pasteurized and Tubercoline Tested Milk.
Phone N. 1670. Union Dairies.

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1 Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.

M. J. DUNNIGAN, President.....2007 14 Street N.W.
JOHN G. WOLFE, Vice-President.1023 N. J. Ave. N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W.

TRUSTEES

Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E.
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E.
Thos. L. Nevins.....504 Maine Avenue S. W

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe.....1023 N. J. Ave. N. W
J. McElfresh.....
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E
A. Tenley.....964 Florida Ave. N. W.
M. Sullivan.....5631-2 15 St. S. E.

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.

Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W

ARBITRATION COMMITTEE.

M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W
M. A. Wolfe.....418 F St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. E
Joseph Harding.....210 13 St. S. W
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....2006 2nd St. N. W
R. Pumphrey.....223 Q St. N. W.
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W.
Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. W.

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Av.e
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Capitol St.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L St. S. W.

DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.

John Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave.
William Pollard.....522 14th St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, F. S. Radman, 134 7th Street N.E.

Bakery Salemen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secre- Wednesdays of each month at Moose Hall, tary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Fennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sundays in each month at 2 p.m., Painters' Hall, 6th and G Sts. N.W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N.W.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. F. Miller, 19 Quincy Place northwest.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets first and third Sunday of the month at the Secretary, T. Guiffre, 908 Pennsylvania ave- Moose Hall, Seventh and G Street Northwest. nue northwest.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 48: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E street southeast.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, G. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G Street N. W.

Brotherhood of Railway Carmen of America, Local Union No. 313: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Streets N. E. Secretary, H. A. Chambers, 2113 4th N. E. Meeting nights first and third Tuesdays.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles' Hall. Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 520 Rhode Island Ave. N. E.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhau, 737 10th St. s. e.

Chauffeurs and Hack Drivers Union, Local No. 115: Meets the first and third Saturday of each month, G. A. R. Building, 1412 Pa. Ave. Secretary-Treasurer, Kirk C. Sipher, Room 25, 945 Pa. Ave. northwest.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wassaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Twelfth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3800 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Paperhangers Hall, 430 Ninth Street N. W., second and fourth Thursdays of the month. Secretary, Edw. B. Finch, 33 P Street N. E.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets every Friday, at 8:00 p.m. Hall, S. E. Cor. Tenth and Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, Jas. P. Lahey, 816 5th street northeast.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and B Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hale, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Employes' Union No. 14632: Meets second Friday of each month, Perpetual Building Association Hall. Secretary, W. M. Lynch, 409 A. F. of L. Building.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Watchmen's Union No. 14964: Secretary, Jas. H. Reed, Cor. Sec., 1228 B street southwest.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, John T. Bowers, Twentieth and Twenty-first and L and M streets northwest.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Avenue S. E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 Twelfth St. N. E.

Laundry Workers, Local No. 110: Meets first Friday in each month at Winslow's Hall, 12 and R streets northwest. Secretary, Moten Jefferson, 550 Twenty-fourth street northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, W. N. Huttel, 1430 A St. N. E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday, 1204 Pa. Ave. N. W. Secretary, E. H. Fulton, 1120 E St. S. E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. F. McDonnell.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third 2665. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Bus. Agt.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 922 Pa. Ave. N. W. Phone M. 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets second Sunday and fourth Friday in each month. Secretary, Albert Bridges 210 L st. s. e.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 420: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m. Secretary, J. A. Whitecar, 2209 Minnesota Ave. S. E.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Raymond R. Burrows, Clarendon, Va.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Robt. J. Barrett, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month. Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 320 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressmen, No. 1: Meets fourth Monday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N.E.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custodian and Janiter, 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, W. P. Cannon, 408 Twelfth St. S. E.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe. 326 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. F. Hickman, 518 Sixth St. N. W.

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Mrs. H. B. Tritipoe, 1737 Willard street N. W., Apt. 20.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10.30 a. m. and 8.30 p. m. Secretary, G. W. Calderhead, Room 412 Wash. Loan and Trust Building.

The High School Teachers' Union of Washington, D. C., No. 8: Meets in the Music Room of the New Central High School at 3.30 p. m. the second Tuesday in the months of October, December, February, and May. Secretary, G. J. Jones, Central High School.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle. 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 750 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Friday, Typographical Temple. Secretary, L. Gantt, 57-A Bates Street.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: International Secretary-Treasurer, Jas. E. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G St. N. W. Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth St. N. W.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.

WASHINGTON'S LARGEST PRINTING PLANT DEVOTED TO COMMERCIAL WORK
THE LAW REPORTER PRINTING COMPANY
COMMERCIAL PRINTERS AND STATIONERS
518-520 FIFTH STREET N.W.
WASHINGTON, D. C.
F. B. CROWN, MANAGER
TELEPHONE MAIN 828

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF THE UNITED BREWERY WORKMEN OF AMERICA
Union MADE Beer — Ale AND Porter
COPYRIGHT & TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1903
THIS IS OUR LABEL.

VOTE
Against Prohibition
DEMAND
Personal Liberty
IN CHOOSING WHAT YOU WILL DRINK
ASK FOR THIS LABEL WHEN PURCHASING BEER, ALE OR PORTER.
As A Guarantee That It Is Union Made.

THE PLATE PRINTER
Official Organ Plate Printers International Union.
P. J. RYAN, Editor. CHAS. T. SMITH, Assoc. Editor.
Subscription $1.00 Per Year
Telephone 4528 Wash. Loan & Trust Bldg.

FIRE TRAP EMPLOYER IS SENTENCED TO SING SING

New York, February 8.—Samuel Barkin, an officer of the Essex Shirt Company, was sentenced to Sing Sing prison for not less than two and one-half years and not more than five and one-half years by Supreme Court Justive Kapper.

Barkin was convicted of manslaughter in the second degree in connection with the fire in the factory building of the Diamond Candy Company, Brooklyn, November 6, 1915, in which twelve persons lost their lives.

Barkin's concern occupied the third floor. His conviction was based upon the fact that a door in his factory was kept locked, in violation of the labor law. This, it was shown, prevented escape of the workers and caused the great loss of life.

"The lesson of this conviction should be far-reaching and should provide greater security hereafter to all factory operatives," said Justice Kapper, in passing sentence.

Barkin's partner and the owner of the building and her husband are awaiting trial on indictments similar to the one on which Barkin was tried.

NEW JERSEY PRISONS PROBED.

Trenton, N. J., February 8.—Chairman Dixon of the special commission to investigate the state prison and other penal institutions has notified newspaper men that Gov. Edge has authorized him to say that contract labor at the prison would be stopped just as soon as it can be accomplished.

The shops where prisoners work on a mat contract was declared by Gov. Edge to be a generator of tuberculosis, while Principal Keeper Hughes characterized the place as a "hell-hole." The latter told the commission that often unruly prisoners were sent to the mat shops instead of the dungeon. The dungeons were inspected and those below the ground were found to be without toilet facilities and convicts who have been confined in them said they were chained by the wrist and compelled to assume a stooping position.

MACHINISTS REDUCE HOURS.

Chattanooga, Tenn., February 8.—Machinists' Union No. 56 has secured an eight-hour day for its members employed in the shell shop of the Columbian Iron Works. The agreement also provides for a minimum rate of 50 cents an hour for machinists and 40 cents for specialists.

LABORERS WANT MORE.

St. Louis, Mo., February 8.—The Hod Carriers, Building and Common Laborers' Union is asking for an eight-hour day and a wage increase of 10 cents an hour.

MILK DRIVERS RAISE WAGES.

San Francisco, February 8.—Milk Wagon Drivers' Union has compromised its wage demands of $100 a month. The rates are increased from $90 to $97.50.

ORGANIZED AND RAISE WAGES.

Princeton, Ill., February 8.—Painters at this place organized, secured a 40-cent wage rate and the nine-hour day within twenty-four hours.

ANTI-STRIKE SOPHISTS DON'T FOOL UNIONISTS

Trinidad, Col., February 8.—Editor O'Neill of the Trinidad Free Press hits straight from the shoulder in discussing legislation intended to prohibit strikes. Newspapers have charged President Gompers with using the term "involuntary servitude" in his opposition to this legislation, for the effect its meaning will convey to the minds of men and women to whom slavery is repulsive.

To these newspapers Editor O'Neill says:

"With all the cunning genius and fallacious sophistry utilized by the scribbling defenders of compulsory arbitration, the fact cannot be hidden that workers who are compelled by law to submit their case to an investigation conducted by a board of arbitration, ere they can use the weapons of resistance against the economic czar, are slaves, and no juggling of words in clouding the issue can remove the fact that the man who is compelled by law to remain at work against his will, is nothing more or less than a victim of involuntary servitude.

"Mr. Gompers, as well as other officials of the labor movement, together with scores of labor editors, have stripped compulsory arbitration to its nakedness and demonstrated by unanswerable argument and logic to the laboring millions of this country that any law that wrests the strike from the hand of the worker leaves labor not only bereft of its most powerful weapon, but places capital in a fortress that is practically impregnable, so far as organized labor is concerned.

"The labor union, robbed of its most powerful weapon to combat the oppression of a master class, has but little reason for existence, for if labor must succumb to laws that are but chains and shackles to hold labor in subjection, then 'the right of labor to organize' has but an empty sound and has little meaning to the man or woman whose spirit rebels against the wrongs of exploitation.

MAHON ON A. F. OF L. BOARD.

The executive council of the American Federation of Labor has elected William D. Mahon eighth vice president of the American Federation of Labor, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of the late Third Vice President Hayes.

The new vice president is president of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employes of America. Last year he, together with President Woll of the International Photo Engravers' Union, represented the American Federation of Labor at the British Trades Union Congress.

TO PROTECT CEMENT WORKERS.

Sacramento, Cal., February 8.—Former battles between organized labor and cement companies will be renewed at this session of the state legislature because of the workers' attempt to require cement being inclosed in dustproof sacks. This proposal was reported favorably at the last session, but was defeated on the floor. Advocates of the bill produced witnesses who testified to the harmful effects on their systems because of the dust.

RAILROAD BROTHERHOODS DEMAND RIGHT TO STRIKE

Philadelphia, February 8.—Railroad brotherhood officials and railroad managers presented their respective views on the plan to prohibit strikes pending an investigation before the American Academy of Political and Social Science.

"Compulsory investigation means compulsory service, which we oppose," said W. G. Lee, president of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen. "We believe the United State Supreme Court set its disapproval against anything of the kind when, in 1897, Robertson, et al. vs. Harry Baldwin, it declared, 'We are utterly opposed to any law enacted by the state which will in any way, by consent or otherwise, deprive the worker of his right to quit work at any time and for any reason sufficient to himself.'

"We do not agree that it is either necessary or just to hold an employe in any service against his will. To do so means enforced service, which is slavery in the strictest sense.

"We hold to the right to work, or quit, as we decide will be for our best interests, believing that our welfare, decently expressed and fairly insisted upon, is our first concern; and while it may inconvenience the public if the men do quit in a body, if it becomes necessary in furtherance of our demands, we maintain that it should be purely within our right first to protect our own interests, even though public inconvenience be the result."

Warren S. Stone, grand chief of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, combatted the idea that an eight-hour law is impracticable. He said this principle is now being applied on 30 per cent of the roads of this country.

MONEY FOR SCHOOLS JUSTIFIED

Milwaukee, February 8.—The heavy expenditures for the support of schools and other educational institutions is justified, said Acting President Coffman of the University of Minnesota, in a speech in this city.

"Many business men think that the young people should be trained to do one certain work all their lives. But this is not the proper thing at all. We should continue to expand our curriculum until it illuminates every walk of life. We can never return to the old system," he said. "We must continue to train our teachers along broader lines, so that they will be able to reach every type of mind. We must train our children and bring them to be cosmopolitan in their attitudes."

FAVOR SHORTER WORK DAY.

Olympia, Wash., February 8.—The Washington State Conference for Social Welfare made this shorter work day declaration at its convention held in this city:

"For the purpose of minimizing unemployment and conserving the health of the workers, promoting industrial efficiency and high citizenship, we favor the shortest possible work and business day, with eight hours maximum during a twenty-four-hour period; a six-day week for all labor, with Saturday half-holiday wherever possible, or in lieu thereof, a mid-week half-holiday for all workers."

OPPOSE CONVICT LABOR.

Louisville, Ky., February 8.—The United Trades and Labor Assembly has protested to Gov. Stanley and the prison commissioners against the renewal of contracts for the labor of prisoners in the Kentucky penitentiary that will expire next April.

The unionists declare against any and all contracts for convict labor in this state, and insist that convicts be employed only on state work and not for the profit of individuals or corporations in competition with free labor.

PRINTERS' HOURS REDUCED.

Milwaukee, February 8.—Judge John C. Karen of the county court chambers, acting as arbiter in the case of the Typographical Union and Milwaukee daily newspapers, has accepted the union's position and orders that hours shall be reduced from eight to seven and one-half.

SECURE FIRST AGREEMENT.

Scranton, Pa., February 8.—Members of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers in this vicinity, known as the tenth district, have secured their first agreement.

BRICKLAYERS RAISE WAGES.

Louisville, Ky., February 8.—Contractors are accepting the new wage scale of Bricklayers' Union, which raises rates from 65 to 70 cents an hour.

Keep up your interest in the label and when you see a friend or neighbor with a tin of scab tobacco, go for him.

See If This Applies to YOU—

We are now carrying on our lists in the neighborhood of three hundred subscribers who have not as yet remitted for their subscriptions. This is exclusive of the organization subscription, or the subscribers for which unions have paid as a whole.

If you have not paid your subscription, this is to remind you that it takes money to print any sort of a labor paper, and especially does it require cash to print the class of publication we have endeavored to furnish our readers. As we have repeatedly stated, there are various ways to raise money for a labor paper, but we have not resorted to any of the second-story schemes. We have limited ourselves to legitimate advertising and circulation and an investigation will bear out the truth of this assertion. Consequently we find ourselves compelled to urge those in arrears with their subscription to remit and now is a most acceptable time, as advertising at this season of the year is extremely light.

We believe that this publication has been of distinct benefit to the working people of this community and the Good Book says the laborer is worthy of his hire. It is with no compunction of conscience that we remind organized labor that if it wants a mouthpiece it should liberally support those engaged in its publication. If your subscription is past due kindly remit.

Readers can also assist the paper by urging friends to subscribe. We will do our part in trying to build up unionism in this section—WILL YOU DO YOURS BY HELPING WITH THE FINANCES NECESSARY TO AN ENTERPRISE OF THIS CHARACTER?

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

J. G. O'DONNELL, President, 122 Sixth St. N. E.
M. J. DEERY Vice President, 2407 Girard St. N. E.
THOS. W. WOLTZ, Recording Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
G. H. F. DAVIS, Treasurer, 439 Second St.S. E.
W. I. STRATTON, Conductor, 617 Sixth St. N. W.
A. F. MOIRSETTE, Warden, 425 G St. N. W
GEO. MYERS, Business Agent, 425 G St. N. W.

TRUSTEES.

F. J. NOLTE, 24 Eighth Street N. E.
MARK REILEY, 1127 B St. S. E.
A. P. TAYLOR, 622 I Street N. E.

DELEGATES TO THE DISTRICT COUNCIL

R. H. BURDETTE, 1207 L Street N. W.
C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
E. B. BYRNE, 425 G Street N. W.
ROBERT REICHARD, 1720 35th Street N. W.
J. H. RYAN, 1101 Eleventh Street S. E.

DELEGATES TO THE CENTRAL LABOR UNION.

C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
R. H. BURDETTE, 816 K Street N. W.
W. S. HOLLOHAN, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
C. A. SAUNDERS, 244 9th St. S. E.
LOUIS LUEBKERT, 1314 Kerney St. N. E.

RELIEF COMMITTEE.

P. W. HAMILTON, 410 Tenn. Ave. N. E.
J. T. CLIFT, 4115 7th St. N. W.
M. FOLEY, 118 Seaton St. N. E.
W. B. DOLAN, 413 Mass. Ave. N. W.
J. A. SANKER, 2606 R. I. Ave. N. E.

MILL COMMITTEE.

F. E. KETTNER, 3016 Cambridge St. N. W
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
O. A. CARTER, Rosslyn, Va.

DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE
G. H. F. DAVIS, 439 Second Street S. E.

LIST OF LIQUOR DEALERS WHO HAVE SIGNED "THE AGREEMENT."

Allen, Paul.....2 N st. n| e.
Allen, John J...807 N. C. Cap st. n. e.
Beirkle, Leopold, - 1245 H st. n. e.
Boyle, William J., 601 Mass. ave n. w.
Castelli, Vincent, 502-504 Ninth st.n.w.
Clark, C. H.....510 9th st. n. w.
Colonial Beach Boat Co.
Costello, Bros.....604 G st. n. w.
Crowley, James J.....702 E st. n. w.
Daly, T. J.....34 H st. n. e.
Daye, Wm. T.....1218 Wisc. ave.
Doyle, Wm. T....1314 Wisc. ave. n. w.
Duffy, James A. -901 1-2 E st. n. w.
Wm. R. Fosbender, 406 Ninth st. n w.
Franey, F. A.....711½ 9th st. n. w.
Frank, Mrs. M. E. - 319 G st. n. w.
Ganey, M.....615 7th st. s. w.
Glavin, Edwin.....309 G st. n. w.
Hannan, Mrs. E.....531 7th st. s. w.
Hanlon, Timothy.....822 H st. n. e.
Kelliher, J. D.....1258 7th st. s. w.
Killeen, John F.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Louis Hodges, - - 407 9th st n. w.
Lynagh, Peter J.....523 7th st. s. w.
Lynch, John.....417 9th st. n. w.
McCarthy, F. J.....910 4½ st. s. w.
McCarthy, Jas. J.....1402 H st. n. e.
McDonald, F. J.....643 Pa. ave. s. e.
McGinniss, H. J., 1001 N. Y. ave. n. w.
McGuire, J. Chas., 519 Ninth st. n. w.
McHough, Martin....1105 H st. n. e.
Milton Schmidt, - 702 7th st. n. w.
O'Connor, D. J.....100 G st. n. w.
O'Connor, Patrick F., 617 D st. n. w.
O'Connor, James.....1429 N. Cap. st.
O'Day, John T. - 921 Ninth st. n. w.
O'Donnell, James J...333 Pa. ave. s. e.
Peter White, - - - 905 D st. n. w.
Raftery, Thomas.....406 H st. n. e.
Raftery, Patrick.....225 11th st. n. e.
Roland, J. H.....511 9th st. n. w.
Scanlon, Daniel,.....103 H st. n. w.
Schroter, Conrad....3258 M st. n. w.
Schltz, Mary T.....607 G st. n. w.
Sheehan, John J., 701 North Cap. st.
Solon, Mary A., - 1003 7th st. e.
Stern, M. M.....601 7th st. n. w.
Stanton, Frank J.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Sullivan, David, 12th and E st. n. w.
Sullivan, John J., 1351 35th st. n. w.
The Casino, Frank Farenkamp (Chesapeake Beach).
Victor Buffet Co., Inc., 7th and G n. w.
Walsh, David, - - 407 10th st. n. w
Wassman, Henry, 705 Seventh st. n. w
Wiedeman, Joseph....629 E st. n. w.
William J. O'Leary, 733 North Cap. st.
Wininghcr, Harry 631 Pa. ave. s. e.
Wolf, Frank, - 512 12th st. n. w.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Meets Every Monday Night

Typographica Temple
423-425 G St. N. W.

Secretary's Address: 606 5th St. N.W.
Telephone: Lincoln 4614

OFFICERS

HUGH D. DIGNEY.....President
MARY GANZHORN...V. President
N. A. JAMES.....Secretary
JOS. E. TOONE....Fin. Secretary
WM. H. SCHAFFER.....Treasurer
JOS. C. CLARK..Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES — Wm. Zell, W. W. Keeler, J. L. Considine.

COMMITTEES

Executive—Mary Ganzhorn, Chairman; Jos. E. Toone, N. A. James, W. A. Huttel, John R. Hartley and Hugh D. Digney.

Legislative—Jere McCarthy, Chairman; John Lorch, N. P. Alifas, Robert Jones and D. J. O'Leary.

Adjustment—W. A. Huttel, Chairman; Harry Hollohan, John Botts, Benj. Spellbring and John Schmidt.

Contract—John Hartley, Chairman; Wm. W. Keeler, W. H. Schaffer, C. H. Adams and C. C. Coulter.

Laws—Dan. Hassett, chairman; Harry Buie and R. H. Burdette.

Resolution—Jas. L. Considine, chairman; E. L. Tucker and Denis Southern.

Organization — Jos. E. Toone, Chairman; Jos. C. Clark, Henry Miller, Mary Burkhead and T. A. Franklin.

Auditing—Wm. E. Zell, Chairman; Laurence Curtin and John Deal.

Credentials—M. J. Costello, Chairman; Jas. Noyes and S. S. Parker.

Label—H. F. Oehler, Chairman, and John McGuigan.

Press—N. A. James, Chairman; John B. Colpoys and N. A. Sprague.

Delegates to Baltimore—Jos. E. Toone, Chairman; Harry Fiddesop and Sam De Nedrey.

MEATS GROCERIES FISH

Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the

OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.

930 La. Ave. N. W. — 1111 H Street N. E.
8th & E Sts. S. E. — 1632 N. Capitol Street
31st & M Sts. N. W. — 3418-20 Ga. Ave. N. W.
7th & Q Sts. N. W. — 14th & U Streets N. W.
1778 U Street, N. W. — 7th and B Streets N. E.
7th & H Street N. E. — 3113 14th Street, N. W.
726 7th St. N. W. — 1440 P St. N. W.
2002-2004 Ga. Ave. N. W.

POULTRY BREAD PRODUCE

WASHINGTON BREWERY CO.

IMPERIAL EXPORT

A really fine beer

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK

Northwest Corner FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST

LOOK FOR THE CLOCKS

4 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts

COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

Homesteaders—Come to Virginia

Where you will find homes, happiness, independence for all. Mild winters, no malaria, no mosquitos. Farms all sizes at reasonable prices and terms. Send for our Land Bulletin and a copy of The Record—FREE.

J. R. MEADOWS & CO., Crewe, Va.

WE DO ALL KINDS OF

Job Printing

AND THE PRICE IS RIGHT

The Trades Unionist, 604-6 5th St. N. W.

LANSBURGH & BRO.

"DRY GOODS ONLY"

The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City

420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

When in Doubt, Buy of

HOUSE & HERRMANN

FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.

N.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W

GEO. D. HORNING,

N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.

LOAN OFFICE

Washington District Council of Carpenters

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple
ROBERT ADAM, President, Local 2563, U. B., 1511 Vermont Avenue N.W.
R. H. BURDETTE, Vice President, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
E. B. BYRNE, Secretary, Local 132, U. B., 425 G Street N.W.
F. A. SHOESMITH, Treasurer, Local 2563, U. B., 5209 Georgia Avenue N.W.
C. H. ADAMS, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 804 A Street N.E.
R. H. BURDETTE, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
H. PAGE, Trustee, Local 2563, U. B., 336½ 13th Street N.E.
ROBERT REICHARD, Local 132, U. B., 1720 34th Street N.W.
J. H. RYAN, Local 132, U. B., 1101 11th Street S.E.
FRED HOOK, Local 2563, U. B., 1528 8th Street N.W.
WILLIAM MACKIE, Local 2563, U. B., 216 Seaton Place N.E.

BUSINESS AGENT.
GEO. MYERS, 425 G Street N. W.

CELTIC CLUB WHISKEY

Our Specialty

Never Changes. Accept No Substitute
Once Tried You'll Always Use It.

Ports and Sherries for family use, Quarts, 50 and 75 cents. All makes of Beer. Leading brands of Cigars. Ales and Porters on draught the year round.

D. J. O'CONNOR
New Jersey Ave. and G Sts. N.W

CORBY CAKE

AT ALL GROCERS

PHONE NORTH 2349

DONOVAN'S

FINE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS

2003 14th St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

Takoma Bread

Fresh Three Times Daily

AT ALL GROCERS

Havenner Baking Company

Established 1815

THE MILTON SCHOOL

Oxford Bldg., 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.

Stenography
Typewriting
English
Spanish

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO BEGINNERS

Now in larger quarters in the Oxford Building, 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.

The only strictly

UNION TAILORING house in the city

M. STEIN & CO.

TAILORS

Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

STORAGE PACKING FREIGHT HAULING

Merchants Transfer — AND — Storage Company

920-922 E Street Northwest

Phone Main 6900

SHIPPING MOVING HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I.P.E.U.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXI. NO. 34 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1917. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

CAN'T-STRIKE LAW OFFERED IN NEW FORM

Congressman Adamson has evidently abandoned his effort to secure the passage of a law that specifically prohibits strikes, and now favors another plan that could accomplish the same result.

His latest proposal, reported favorably by the House committee on interstate commerce, provides that where a dispute cannot be settled by the federal board of mediation and conciliation, the President shall add to the board two employers and two employes, to whom the controversy shall be referred. This board shall report its findings and recommendations to the President within three months and the latter shall publish same. There is no provision against employes striking during this investigation.

Congressman Adamson's first proposal prohibited strikes only during the investigation of the dispute, but his latest plan is full of possibilities to end strikes on railroads for all time.

It provides that any one "who shall knowingly and willfully obstruct or retard, or aid in obstructing or retarding" the passage of the United States mail, or interstate or foreign commerce, shall be fined not exceeding $100 or imprisonment not exceeding six months.

The President is empowered to employ United States soldiers "to prevent any obstruction or retardation" of the passage of the mail, or of interstate or foreign commerce.

Trade unionists are now asking: If railroad employes strike would some federal judge or a commander of a troop of United States soldiers, hold that when these workers quit their employment they obstruct or retard the passage of the mail or of commerce?

The President is further empowered, in "case of actual or threatened war, insurrection, or invasion, or any emergency requiring the transportation of troops," to seize telephone and telegraph lines, and any or all railroad lines and draft into the military service all employes who shall henceforth be subject to all the restrictions imposed by the rules and articles of war.

Any employe who shall fail to present himself for duty on notification that he is drafted shall be fined not more than $1,000 or imprisoned not more than one year, or both, at the discretion of the court.

COSSACK CRAZE STRIKES OHIO.

Columbus, Ohio, February 15.—Large employers of labor in this state are urging legislators to create a state constabulary. It is proposed that any employer with "apprehension" of an impending strike has sufficient reason for demanding that these cossacks be placed at his disposal.

In a circular issued to all affiliates, Secretary-Treasurer Donnelly of the state federation of labor, says:

"This is a very dangerous bill and every union should write their senators and representatives protesting against the bill and requesting their vote against it."

WOMEN'S 8-HOUR LAW OPPOSED

St. Louis, Mo., February 15.—Officials of the Bemis Bag Company oppose an eight-hour law for women. These business men say their machines are now speeded up to the limit and a reduction of hours would reduce production and put them at a disadvantage with competitors. The effect of long hours on women is not considered.

VOTING ON WAGE INCREASES.

San Francisco, February 15.—The Bay Counties' District Council of Carpenters has submitted to a referendum vote a new wage scale that will increase rates from $5 to $5.50 a day.

TRADE UNIONISTS ARE ACTIVE IN BIRMINGHAM

Birmingham, Ala., February 15.—Meat cutters and butcher workers have perfected a strong organization which is already recognized by six employers. It is agreed that no strike shall take place for six months.

Garment workers have raised wages 10 per cent as a result of conferences.

The Typographical Union has secured a three-year contract with wage increases of $2 a week. Every shop but two are included.

After a week's strike metal trades employes of the United States Cast Iron Pipe and Foundry Company have secured substantial wage increases.

Painters and paperhangers are negotiating a new wage contract. The former are asking for an increase of 5 cents an hour. The paperhangers' scale is on a piece work basis.

Officials of the United Mine Workers' Union are urging workers to stay away from Kentucky bcause of strikes. Newspapers in this city are giving publicity to these warnings. Unionists say this unusual procedure is because there is a scarcity of common labor in Birmingham.

The railroad train service employes are working in entire accord with the trade union movement.

ANOTHER EIGHT-HOUR VICTORY

San Francisco, February 15.—Housesmiths and Architectural Iron Workers' Unions have won their fight for an eight-hour day, despite the opposition of leading employers and the chamber of commerce. The shorter workday was to go into effect last July, but ten firms locked out their employes. Later four of these withdrew their opposition but the remaining six have insisted that eight hours was "not practical."

President P. H. McCarthy of the state building trades council arranged a conference with these employers and this resolution was unanimously adopted:

"That the eight-hour day shall go into effect the first of February, 1917, and that all objection to material from the shops involved is withdrawn."

OPPOSE REAL INDEPENDENCE.

Portland, Ore., February 15.—The local chamber of commerce is urging state representatives to favor an anti-picketing bill, now pending in the legislature, and the Oregon Labor Press, published in this city, says it is noticeable how opposed they are to the workers organizing and doing things for themselves.

"They ask for the passage of the bill, not so much because of the fact that there has been any wrongful acts committed that cannot be punished under existing laws, but because of their great fear that there would be something happen in the future," says this paper.

OPPOSE OVERTIME BILL.

Albany, N. Y., February 15.—Trade unionists are opposing the Bewley overtime bill, introduced in the state legislature, which would authorize the state industrial commission o permit persons over eighteen to work unlimited overtime in making up for losses occasioned by breakdown of machinery. The workers declare that the bill puts a premium on continuous inefficiency in the upkeep of machinery and would open the way for all sorts of violations of the women's fifty-four-hour law.

TRADES UNIONISTS TO FIGHT.

All officials of trade union and socialist organizations in Germany have been called to the colors by the German authorities, says a Reuter dispatch from Berne. These officials, who aggregate 10,000 in number, have previously been exempt from military service.

GOVERNMENT THREATS STOP CAR SHORTAGE

New York, February 15.—Threats by the federal government to discipline railroads because of their failure to relieve the car shortage has brought results.

Last week 200 presidents and general managers, at a meeting in this city, bound themselves and their 200,000 miles of road, by the most severe penalties on record, to end as quickly as possible present conditions.

By the new agreement a penalty of $5 a day a car is assessed by the companies' organization, the American Railway Association, against any road diverging a freight car that belongs to some other road. Failure to pay the penalty in a certain time increases the sum to $10 a day. This penalty is in addition to a per diem charge of 45 cents to $1.25 a day for use of freight cars.

The above action was agreed to on the last day of the time limit set by the government in its notice to the roads that efficiency must be shown in handling the freight car question.

BOILER MAKERS' FINE REPORT.

Kansas City, Kan., February 15.—Last week the Brotherhood of Boiler Makers and Iron Ship Builders chartered locals in Kankakee, Ill., and Pocatello, Idaho. In a bulletin issued by the brotherhood it is stated:

"The month of January, 1917, was the best month our brotherhood has experienced since it was organized. From all indications in all parts of the country, opportunities for organization, establishing working conditions and increasing wages was never better in the history of our country and it bids fair to continue that way for an indefinite period."

BARBER LOCAL UNION No. 239.

At the last meeting of Barbers' Local Union No. 239 the boss barbers were extended the privilege of keeping shops open without regard to early closing rules from March 1 to March 10, inclusive, in order to take care of the inaugural visitors during that time. This also includes Sunday, March 4. The understanding with the Journeyman Barbers is that it is optional with them to work overtime during that period, and if so they will receive overtime pay if they work.

LIABILITY COMPANIES HIT.

Columbus, Ohio, February 15.—The state supreme court has unanimously ruled that under the workmen's compensation law private insurance companies cannot write policies to safeguard employes from suits arising out of the "wilful act" of the employer and from failure to observe lawful requirements. The decision is a hard blow to these concerns, as it reverses a decision of state officials, two years ago, which permitted private companies to write liability insurance. This ruling has been contested by the state federation of labor, which has initiated a bill to drive the companies out of the state. The court's decision has swept away practically all reason for opposition to this measure.

SHIRT MAKERS WINNING.

New York, February 15.—Over three-fourths of the shirt makers who struck January 10 last for better conditions have returned to work. They have won the fifty-hour week, increases for day workers of $1 and $1.50 a week, and 10 to 15 per cent for piece workers. These employes are members of the United Garment Workers' Union.

BARBERS REDUCE HOURS.

Toledo, Ohio, February 15.—Union barbers will work one hour less a day as a result of an agreement with employers. Hereafter the workday will be from 7:30 a.m. to 7 p.m., except Saturdays, when the closing hour will be 9 instead of 10 o'clock.

PRESIDENT GOMPERS AGAINST CHANGE IN LAW

President Gompers has written to Speaker Clark of the House of Representatives calling attention to that section of the federal eight-hour law of 1892 which provides that this act may be waived "in case of extraordinary emergency."

Because of sentiments expressed while the House was considering the naval appropriations bill, President Gompers intimates that some members of the House did not recall this provision when they urged a speeding up of naval ship building.

President Gompers says that "a state of war or possibly impending war is an emergency contemplated" by the act, and that the government has ample power in the premises.

"Should the Congress pass a law repealing the eight-hour law when, as I have shown, there is no necessity for it, after the existing emergency shall have disappeared, it will require all the work to be gone over again to secure the enactment of an eight-hour law."

PROBES WOULD BE FRUITLESS.

Cleveland, Ohio, February 15.—An investigation of the eight-hour demand of railroad train service employes, so much desired by "can't-strike" advocates, will prove nothing, says the Railroad Trainman, official magazine of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen.

The speed basis now is 100 miles for ten hours and the employes say that eight hours can be secured if freight trains are speeded up to twelve and a half miles an hour.

"The fact that the requested speed basis is in operation on many lines," says the Railroad Trainman, "and according to the statements of the western railroads, under oath, that 78 per cent of their through freight business is carried on at the same speed basis, answers that contention; while the earnings of the railroads answer their inability to pay. Just what can be developed that already is not known is not easily realized."

FAVOR "CAN'T-STRIKE" LAW.

At the fifth annual convention of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States it was announced that a proposed "can't-strike" law, which had been submitted to affiliated organizations for a referendum vote, has been approved.

This legislation, intended to deny workers the right to quit their employment, is given this diplomatic title: "Legislation postponing interruption to railroad service until after investigation."

These business men insist that the public be represented by a majority of the members of boards of investigation.

CHEAP SUMMER HOMES.

The Senate has passed the summer residence homesteads act which permits citizens to secure ten acres or less of non-mineral vacant public lands at a cost of $1.25 an acre after a residence thereon of not less than two months each summer for three years. During this time a habitable summer dwelling and other improvements, to the total value of $300, must be made. If the land lies within a national forest the government will permit sufficient standing timber to be cut to erect the dwelling and for fire wood.

FARMERS GREET UNIONISTS.

Salem, Ore., February 15.—At the fourteenth annual convention of the state federation of labor President Brown of the Farmers' Union, assured the delegates that his organization was in full accord with legislation desired by the industrial workers. Fraternal Delegate Leedy, from the state grange, spoke along similar lines.

TELEPHONE CO. FINDS STRIKE TO BE COSTLY

Toledo, Ohio, February 15.—When the Home Telephone Company discharged active members of the newly formed Telephone Operators' Union it made the first step on the road to possible bankruptcy. It has been shown that the wages of these girls averaged $6 and $7 a week. The Electrical Workers' Union struck in sympathy and thousands of patrons have discontinued their telephone service. Large numbers of the company's imported strikebreakers have been disarmed by the police.

It has been discovered that the company is occupying the streets illegally and that it has not paid its pole rentals. The unionists are demanding that the company be ousted and have carried the fight into the common council. Not one striking girl has deserted, and they are being paid strike benefits equal to their former wages. The local trade union movement has inaugurated a systematic method to provide funds, and many of the unions are making weekly assessments on their members.

RAILROAD EARNS BIG MONEY.

San Francisco, February 15.—The opposition of the Southern Pacific railroad to the eight-hour demand of its train service employes has not affected its earning capacity. In a report just issued it is shown that the road's earnings reached these remarkable figures:

Last December in operating revenues, $15,396,823, an increase of $2,632,665 over the same period of last year.

For the six months closing with December 31 last, $90,830,506, an increase of $10,732,194.

In December in railway operating income, $3,686,503, an increase of $72,055.

For the six months in railway operating incomes, $31,565,065, an increase of $3,818,228.

REGULAR UNION IS FAVORED.

Jacksonville, Fla., February 15.—By a referendum vote of car men employed by the Atlantic Coast Line railroad these workers have declared in favor of being represented by the Brotherhood of Railway Car Men, affiliated to the A. F. of L., in the federated shop negotiations with that railroad.

There is a dual organization that claims to represent car men employed on the Atlantic Coast Line. The railroad officials refused to decide which organization was entitled to recognition by it in the conferences, but agreed to accept the result of a vote by the car men as to which organization should represent them. Polling places were opened in Columbia and Charleston, S. C., and this city. A canvass of the votes show that the men favor the boni fide organization.

UNIONISTS MAY STATE FACTS.

Hammond, Ind., February 15.—Because members of Painters' Union No. 460 exercised their constitutional right in stating that I. L. Cohen was a non-union contractor, the latter started suit for $10,000 damages. He said he had lost several contracts. The union did not deny this statement, but it did insist that it has the right to inform the public that a concern is unfair and that it has the right to persuade the public from patronizing said unfair concern.

A jury in the circuit court agreed with these common-sense views and dismissed the contractor's plea.

ELECTRICAL WORKERS STRIKE.

Perth Amboy, N. J., February 15.—Electrical Workers' Union No. 358 is on strike against a non-union shop demand of the Master Builders' Association. Several employers have signed the new agreement, which provides for wage increases of 50 cents a day.

IMMIGRATION BILL IS ENACTED OVER VETO

By a vote of 62 to 19 the Senate repassed the Burnett immigration restriction bill over the President's veto.

The House rejected the President's veto by a vote of 287 to 106, or twenty-five more than the necessary two-thirds' vote.

This action by both houses means that the immigration bill becomes a law, despite the President's veto, and ends organized labor's twenty years' fight to have the government check an unrestricted immigration that trusts and large corporations have used to reduce American living standards. In defending the literacy test, Senator Hardwick said:

"It is a strange thing to me—yea, it is more than passing strange—that members of this body and people out of it, distinguished men of high public position, skilled in all the polemics of governmental science, should undertake to object to literacy as a test in a matter of this sort when upon that same test rests almost every American institution and the laws of three-fourths of the American commonwealths. Are we to establish a new dispensation on this subject? Are we to reform our views? Are we to reverse American policies? Are we to say to thirty-odd commonwealths of the American union you were mistaken when you said that your own people ought at least to be able to read and write before they can vote, either theoretically or practically, in your state? The bill rests on the soundest of all fundamental principles, the right of a great people and a great nation to establish its own standards and its boundaries and to say that men who do not come up to them shall not be admitted simply because the sovereign says not."

The rejection of a presidential veto by Congress is most unusual, there being only thirty instances in the entire history of the United States. During the last thirty-five years there have been but five rejections—the present one, President Taft's veto of the Webb-Kenyon interstate commerce liquor law, President Roosevelt's veto of a bill to extend the building of a dam on the Rainy river in Minnesota, President Cleveland's veto of a pension bill and President Arthur's veto of a river and harbor bill.

JANITORS' UNION RECOGNIZED.

Chicago, February 15.—"The Jani- Union has proved that it should be recognized," said President Hart of the Apartment Building Owners' Association.

Mr. Hart came to the above conclusion when the Flat Janitors' Union, affiliated to the A. F. of L., defeated his organization and increased wages after a short strike.

WORKERS' INSURANCE PAYS.

Cleveland, Ohio, February 15.—The Locomotive Engineers' Mutual Life and Accident Insurance Association, conducted by the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, protects its members at a less cost than old-line companies, reports General Secretary-Treasurer Richards.

With the close of the last year the association had a total membership of 69,040 with a treasury balance of $720,535.37.

NECKTIE WORKERS STRIKE.

San Francisco, February 15.—Cutters employed by a local necktie company are on strike for higher wages. They now realize the need for trade unionism and have asked the Labor Council to secure an A. F. of L. charter for them.

EIGHT-HOUR LAW UNDECIDED.

The United States Supreme Court has recessed until March 5 without deciding the Adamson law test case.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., FEBRUARY 16, 1917.

HOW ORGANIZED LABOR PREVENTS SICKNESS AND LENGTHENS LIFE.

BY THE REV. CHARLES STELZLE.

The 30,000,000 wage earners of the United States lose every year in the form of wages on account of sickness $500,000,000.

Doctors' fees, medicine and other material required during illness cost them $500,000,000 more; making a total of $1,000,000,000 lost annually by wage earners on account of sickness.

This is twice the amount given annually for philanthropic purposes in the United States.

Workingmen pay a terrible tribute toward our commercial and industrial prosperity. It is conservatively estimated that at least 30,000 workingmen are killed annually in industry and 300,000 more are seriously injured, although there are said to be 2,000,000 industrial accidents of all kinds.

One of the finest things being done by organized labor is to wipe out the causes and conditions which lower vitality and shorten life.

It does this by securing the shorter work day and in its fight for one day's rest in seven, because fatigue is one of the principal causes of disease. When a man is completely exhausted physically he invites diseased germs which may finish him.

It does it through its fight for higher wages, because when a man is able to eat nourishing food he chases away the devils of disease.

It does it through keeping little children out of mills and factories, because the stunted bodies of child workers cannot successfully resist disease.

It does it by helping to keep women out of shops and in their homes, particularly those who are bearing the burdens of motherhood and home-makers.

It does it by insisting upon clean work shops, because bad sanitary conditions in places where men are employed all day are sure to lower their power of resistence against disease.

These are just a few of the ways in which organized labor is helping to decrease sickness and death.

We have been told by scientists that human life may be extended fifteen years in a single generation. If, through the efforts of organized labor, human life in this country were extended only one year, it would result in saving the equivalent of over 2,000,000 lives of forty-five years' duration each in a single generation.

This means in substance that through the activities of organized labor enough lives would be saved during a single generation to produce the equivalent of the complete lives of the entire membership of the American Federation of Labor.

Isn't this a job worth while and should it not receive the support of every right-thinking workingman, every employer of labor and everybody else who is interested in the wellbeing of mankind?

A logical inference, therefore, is that we should stand by organizd labor in its commendable task.

Man's inhumanity to man makes countless millions mourn.

Judge a man by his acts, not by his nationality, religion or politics.

There is good in each and some bad in all; the man who would preach must help them who fall.

Few people are ever so grateful for a favor after it has been granted as they thought they were going to be before.

One of our exchanges makes the startling statement that a dragon fly can eat its own body and the head will still live.—Another solution of the high cost of living.

Tobacco is called the "weed" in fierce derision, and yet it has probably made friends of more enemies than any other of the pacifiers.

STOP KNOCKING!

You pessimists in the labor movement — who always think some one is putting something over on you—who think that every man in the movement who wins success must necessarily do it through a "drag"—come out of it. Nine times out of ten the trouble lies with you. Your mental eyes are poor. You don't see straight. You get so in the habit of looking at the dark side of things that every time you hear of any one's success you credit it to a "drag" instead of work and brains and enterprise. And so you keep on your melancholy way, kicking and complaining every day, till finally you are no earthly good to yourself or to any one else. Come out of it. Complaining never gets you any where. While you are kicking, other men with no more brains than you but who don't waste their golden hours in moping, are going ahead in giant strides in an effort to change the conditions where they are wrong. If you are in a place where you have a right to kick, do so, but don't continually growl and kick about conditions—try and change them if they are wrong. Quit handing out those large chunks of sympathy to yourself and get a move on.—Labor Unit.

"KEEP FAITH WITH PORTO RICO."

Samuel Gompers in the February issue of the American Federationist scores the officials of Porto Rico and refers to the resignation of F. C. Roberts as labor commissioner. The editorial ought to be read by every member of organized labor. All the working people of the Latin American republics are watching the United States in its treatment of the people of Porto Rico. Porto Rico ought to be made a model for other islands to copy after. Are the present conditions in that island such to win this country favor with the many millions who are looking to this country to establish universal freedom among the workers in other islands of the South American republics?

"Some years ago after the war with Spain into which we entered to assist Cuba in gaining freedom," says Mr. Gompers, "the United States came into possession of Porto Rico. It is a beautiful tropical island, rich in natural resources, adapted in every way to be the home of an intelligent, cultured, prosperous people. When the United States occupied Porto Rico, the government declared that American institutions would be established and American citizenship would be granted. There is a saying that the Constitution follows the Stars and Stripes.

* * * * * *

"Even the most casual information of conditions among the workers of Porto Rico is enough to shock those who really believe in human rights. When this government shall make a thorough investigation of the conditions and institutions for which we assumed responsibility, we shall feel the shame of our heedless, heartless indifference and the dishonor brought upon our free government.

"The situation we have tolerated in Porto Rico, whether ignorantly or carelessly, is a crime. If we profess to have any conception of the sacredness of human life, any regard for human rights, how can we stand responsible for what is going on in Porto Rico?

"The sugar trust is stealing the land from the people, has fastened its defiling tentacles upon government offices and upon economic and political powers. These exploiters have been gaining wealth out of Porto Rican products—while those who do the work are actually starving. Over and over the story has been told of life among Porto Rico's agricultural workers—the miserable one-room huts, the deadly grind of long hours of toil, under-nourished, impoverished bodies and necessarily stunted minds. It's a heart-rending story of the misery and degradation of poverty and injustice.

"The one hope of betterment that has reached these agricultural workers in the rich fields of Porto Rico is the organized labor movement. But their efforts at self-help have invariably resulted in revolting brutality and tyranny from government officials who openly, or with little disguise, united with employers or central managers to reduce the workers to submission. Again and again a cry for help has come from Porto Rican workers to the American labor movement—under the Stars and Stripes they were denied the right of free speech, voluntary association and the right to quit work.

* * * * * *

"The politicians now in control of the government of Porto Rico sent a commission to Washington. This commission consisted of the Secretary of Porto Rico, the Commissioner of Interior, one lawyer and two property-holders representing the sugar and landed interests. The commission represented the government and business. No representation was accorded to the human beings of Porto Rico—the workers whose minds, physical skill, and power produce the wealth of the island. The President of the A. F. of L., realizing the assistance which the Commissioner of Labor could be, cabled Gov. Yager of Porto Rico, asking that Commissioner Roberts might have the opportunity of remaining in Washington for a few weeks in order to appear before committees of Congress to help in the passage of a just law for Porto Rico. Gov. Yager cabled a flat refusal. The Commissioner of Labor for Porto Rico was at the time here in Washington. He was refused the right to appear in the interests of the workers of Porto Rico before the Senate committee in his official capacity. As a result of the continued refusal of the Governor of Porto Rico to grant him the freedom and the assistance necessary to carry on his work, Mr. Roberts felt it his duty to resign his office. But the representative of the Porto Rico Federacion Libre—Santiago Iglesias—backed by the A. F. of L., was already in Washington looking after the rights and interests of the working people. So thoroughly and so wisely had he done his work, that the commissioners, unable to refute his testimony, agreed to recommend the amendments to the Jones bill advocated by the labor movement.

"At this writing the Senate has not yet taken action. When news of the situation reached Porto Rico, men indignant at denial of justice, held protest meetings. They charged Gov. Arthur Yager with responsibility. They were arrested, sentenced to imprisonment for disturbing the peace. Can it be the mental peace of the Governor of Porto Rico is so important that the right of protest, the right to ask redress of grievances no longer exists under our government? Is the power of wealth and the politician stronger than the right to freedom?

"It is, indeed, time for every man and woman in the United States to consider seriously what manner of institutions really exist under what we call a republic. If we as a nation wish to inspire confidence in our integrity of purpose, we must make our actions and policies conform to the ideals we profess. We are seeking confidence and closer alliance with Latin America. The enactment of the Jones bill without Labor's amendments would be interpreted by Latin America as hypocrisy and treachery. A nation to be worthy of leadership in a movement for world-wide democracy must make human rights and welfare paramount and must never waiver in devotion to that faith."

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

UNION OPERATOR — LOCAL No. 224 — WASH. D. C. — AFFILIATES WITH CENTRAL LABOR UNION & A. F. of L.

American. 1st st. and R. . ave.n.w.
Apollo, - - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Auditorium, 13th st. and N. Y. ave.n.w.
Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Casino - - - 7th and F Sts. N. W.
Central Park - - 9th bet. G & H N.W.
Chelsia Theatre, 19th and M sts. n. w.
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N. W.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Eagle Gate Theatre - Sol. Home Gate
Eastern, - - 8th St. bet. F & G S. E.
Elite Theatre, 14th and R. I. ave. n. w.
Empire, - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Fairyland, - 19th and L st. n. w.
Favorite, H St. North Capitol & First
Garden Theatre, 423 Ninth st. n. w.
Gayety Theatre, - 513 9th st. n. w.
Georgia - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
Home Theater, C bet. 12th & 13th n. e.
Liberty Theatre, N. Capitol & P St.
Loewe's Columbia . . F near 12th
Lyric Theatre - - 14th near Park Rd.
Maryland - - - 624 9th St. N. W.
"M" Street Theatre, M St. near 32nd
Maycroft Park, H St. bet. 6 7, N.E.
Meaders, - - - 8th & G Sts. S. E.
Mid City, - 7th, bet. N and O st. n. w.
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Odeon - - 14th and Church Sts. N. W.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15. N.W.
Peerless Park, - 3105 Ga. ave. n. w.
Penn Gardens - - 21st St. & Pa. Ave
Plaza Theatre - 434 9th st. n. w.
Pleasant Hrr. Park, 12 and C N. E
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Randolpr Park, 1st and Randolph n. w
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
R. I. Theatre, 7th and R. I. Ave. N.W
Savoy, - - - 14th and Col. Road.
Schuetzen Park, Ga. ave. and Kenyon
Standard Park, Bates, near N. Cap. St
Strand, - - - - - Ninth and D
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N. E.
Stanton Park, - - - 219 4th N. E
Starlight Park, 4 1-2 and K st. n. w
Surprise Theatre - Alexandria, Va.
The Strand, - - Hopewell, Va.
The Richmond, - - Alexandria, Va.
Truxton Park, N. Capitol & Fla. Ave.
Victoria Theatre, 7th & E Sts. S. W.
Virginia - - - 614 9th St. N. W.

ESTABLISHED 1865 — 51 YEARS IN BUSINESS

Highest Grade JAMAICA SANTA CRUZ MEDFORD **RUMS**

CHRISTIAN XANDER'S

909 7th Street, Northwest. — No Branch Houses. Phone M. 274

CORBY'S YEAST

Leaves nothing to guess-work.
Its purity and strength are uniform.
Every baker knows what that means.
Send for samples.

THE CORBY COMPANY

STATION K. — WASHINGTON, D. C.

Representative Houses OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

BANKS

NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burglar-proof vaults; acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth Street and New York Avenue.

WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee, etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK. A bank for the working people. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account. Ninth and G Sts. N. W.

UNION SAVINGS BANK. Commercial accounts. Three per cent interest on savings accounts. The oldest savings bank in Washington.

MICHAEL T. GREENE
Liquors and Cigars. 639 D St. N. W.

STONER'S BAR AND RESTAURANT
The, G. Stoner. 206 Seventh St.S. W.

J. CHAS. McGUIRE'S BUFFET
Federal Seal Whiskey. 519 Ninth St. N. W.

O'KEEFE'S BUFFET
P. J. O'Keefe, Prop. 904 Pa. Ave. N. W.

GLAVIN'S BUFFET
ED. J. GLAVIN 309 G Street Northwest

FRANK'S BUFFET
Fourth and G Sts. N. W. Phone M. 5572.

DAVID WALSH'S BUFFET
407 10th Street N. W.

E. E. FARLEY'S BUFFET
415 13th Street N. W.

J. J. O'DONNELL'S BUFFET
333 Penn. Avenue S. E.

HARRY'S BUFFET
631 Penn. Ave. S. E. Phone Lin. 1843

MACHINIST

G. W. FORSBERG, formerly with Forsberg & Murray, Elevators, Boilers. Eighth and Water Sts. S. W. Main 742.

GROCER AND COFFEE ROASTER

SOMERSET R. WATERS, 1342 7th St. N. W.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

RALSTON & RICHARDSON, Evans Building, 1420 New York Avenue.

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.

SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (Inc.), Soda Water, Syrups, etc. 1066 Wis. Ave. N. W.

PHOTO SUPPLIES

E. J. PULLMAN. Developing and Finishing for Amateurs a Specialty. 420 9th St. N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS

MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Ave. N. W. Our Specialty, Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

FIRE INSURANCE

FIREMEN'S INSURANCE COMPANY, Seventh Street and Louisiana Avenue.

DRY GOODS

WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings. Hosiery, a Specialty. 806-808 H St. N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

UNDERTAKERS

J. WILLIAM LEE
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY
332 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.

W. H. BUTLER CO., 607-9 C St. N. W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT

NATIONAL MORTAR CO., 1st and M N.E.
COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING CO., 3036 K Street.

DRUGGISTS

CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth St. and Virginia Ave. S. E.
DAY & CO. 5th and G Sts. N.W. 14th and P N.W., 20th and R. I. Ave. N.E.
QUIGLEY, Druggist, 21st and G Sts. N.W.
A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner 7th and P Streets N. W. N. 2372.

Building Trades Headquarters Sixth and G Sts. N. W
Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rent

WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES, TOBACCO. — COSTELLO BROS

JOS. A. WILNER & CO.

UNION CUSTOM TAILORS

Cor. 8th and G Sts. N.W.

A Store That Interests

—Every Housekeeper

The housewife will find hundreds of helpful suggestions here—things that will add to the attractiveness of the home, as well as many devices of usefulness and comfort.

Our various stocks, which are daily replenished with new Merchandise, includes

Decorated Dinner and Toilet Ware,
Rich Cut Glass,
Gold Glassware,
Sterling Silver,
Silver-plated Ware,
Art Pottery,
Lamps and Electroliers,
Gas Portables,
Brass Novelties,
Fireplace Furnishings,
Kitchen, Laundry and Pantry Requisites.

Dulin & Martin Co.
1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St.

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY

Equitable Life Insurance Co.
of the District of Columbia
THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.
Issues Ordinary and Industrial
Wm. A. Bennett, 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.
EQUITABLE BLD'G. 816 14th ST., N. W.

Phone Main 3871

WM. H. HOWLIN
American Federation of Labor Building
9th Street and Mass. Avenue
Engrossing Resolutions, Diplomas Charters and Fancy Pen Work of All Descriptions

Saks & Company
MEN'S and BOYS' OUTFITTERS
Pa. Ave. & 7th St. Wash., D. C.
Specialists in Apparel for Men and Boys.

Clothes, Hats and Shoes
The Bieber-Kaufman Co.
901-909 Eighth St. S. E.
Down by the Navy Yard
Washington, D. C.

BUTLER'S RHEUMATIC and GOUT REMEDY.
A KIDNEY AND HEART TONIC
Manufactured Since 1872 By
BUTLER & FIELD
Third and Indiana Ave. N. W.
Price 50c a bottle. 6 for $2.50
For Sale By Druggists.

BANNER COUGH CURE

No matter what "Cough Cure" you may have tried or are trying, you have left a stone unturned if you have not tried BANNER. You are close to relief and cure when you start to take our Cough Syrup for all kinds of coughs, colds, hoarseness, etc. Prepared by F. P. Weller. Price 35 cents.

WELLER'S DRUG STORE
8th & Eye Sts. S.E. 36th & M N.W.

FIREPROOF
CONSTRUCTION
Hammett Fire Proofing Company
301-302-303 Wilkins Bldg.
Phone Main 3337.

Bell Brand Union-Made
COLLARS and SHIRTS
LARGE ASSORTMENT
T. HOLLANDER
North Capitol and H Streets

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

Oliver J. Moore, temporary compositor.

James R. Mason, temporary skilled laborer.

Joseph F. Caltabiano, temporary messenger boy.

John T. Roberts, compositor, reinstated.

Separations.

Norris N. Lombard and David Kaplan, temporary messenger boys.

Miss Mary E. Harvey, folder.

Edmund Shaw, compositor, resigned.

H. Glenn Wolstenholme and Otto Van Duyne, probationary skilled laborers, resigned.

Thomas J. McGuire, Simeon L. Lindley, Robert A. Corbin, George J. Stewart, James Rembert, temporary skilled laborers.

Transfers, etc.

Joseph T. Geraci, compositor, 50 cents per hour, to proofreader, 50 cents per hour.

Frank E. Murray, messenger boy, 15 cents per hour, to skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour.

Bernard J. Corridon, messenger boy, $500 per annum, to skilled laborer, $626 per annum.

Philip W. Green, skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour, to helper, 30 cents per hour.

Harvey H. Graves, messenger boy, $375 per annum, to messenger boy, $420 per annum.

Henry A. Sweeney, messenger boy, $420 per annum, to messenger boy, $500 per annum.

G.O.P. COMMENT

Leroy D. Brandon (night proofroom) is being groomed for the Colorado Springs trip to the I. T. U. convention. "Brandy" has a host of friends who claim the privilege of naming him as one of the three delegates from the G. P. O.

* * *

Arthur C. Webb (hand section night) is out with a neat card announcing his candidacy for delegate to the I. T. U. convention. Mr. Webb is a worker in a number of fraternal bodies largely composed of printers, and will make a good run for the Springs.

* * *

The many friends of Charles S. Bastian will be pleased to learn that he has been placed on the probationary roll. After an absence of nearly twenty years from the big shop, during which time he has held positions of trust down town, "Bas" will have no trouble to hold his own in any capacity in the G. P. O.

* * *

Joe Geraci has been transferred to the proofroom and is now one of 'em.

* * *

John T. Roberts ("Jack"), who resigned recently and left the city, has been reinstated.

* * *

Stephens Magruder Simpson, after a short period in the night proofroom, has been transferred to the hand section as make-up.

* * *

Ed. Shaw (hand section, day) has resigned. Mr. Shaw will be missed by hundreds of friends in the G. P. O., who enjoyed his never-failing optimism and genial good fellowship.

* * *

Joseph E. Goodkey is out again for delegate to the I. T. U. The campaign without the genial Joe would be tame and uninteresting. If persistence, pluck and pertinacity were real essentials in the campaign Joe would be a winner.

* * *

Marsh Bodenhamer (night proofroom) is a candidate for president of Columbia Union, No. 101. "Bodey," as he is best known to his intimates, has served for several years as a member of the executive committee and is familiar with the affairs of the union.

* * *

Walter A. Kinsolving (night proofroom) is a candidate for delegate to the I. T. U. "Kin" made an effort once before but failed, and is willing to try again. He is a hustler for votes, and will give a good account of himself in the running next May.

* * *

William R. Love (hand section, day) is the Progressive candidate for president. As a vote getter for others Billy is in a class by himself, and if he can do half as much for himself as he has done for others he will be a winner. An indefatigable worker in anything he takes up, he would be on the job every minute should he be elected.

* * *

Downtown printers interested in the apprentice laws should attend the meeting on Sunday to hear the report to be submitted by Dexter S. Hussey, chairman of the committee on apprentices. When worked out the laws governing apprentices will be a step far in advance of the present method of governing apprentices.

* * *

Capt. George G. Wilson, Battery B, Third Regiment, U. S. A., was a visitor to the G. P. O. Tuesday night. Capt. Wilson looks tanned and rugged after seven months' service on the border. The captain is very popular with his men, as he takes a personal interest in their welfare.

* * *

John Jones, a skilled laborer on the linotype room roll, met with a distressing accident last Saturday night, being run down by an automobile while on his way to work. His condition is very serious, but he will recover. A sad feature of the case is that his wife is also an inmate of a hospital.

CAN'T QUIT WITHOUT PERMIT.

Albany, N. Y., February 15.—A "can't-strike" law, introduced by Assemblyman Meyer of New York, should satisfy the most ardent advocate of this modern form of serfdom.

If the bill is passed employes can not withdraw from public service corporations before thirty days' notice unless they secure the corporation's consent or a statement by the board of award that the necessity is personal or that family reasons exist.

FAVOR FULL CREWS ON TRAINS.

Columbus, Ohio, February 15.—Another attack on the down-trodden railroads is contemplated!

The labor committee of the state senate has recommended a bill that would require railroads to equip their trains with a conductor and two brakemen.

The only strictly
UNION TAILORING
house in the city
M. STEIN & CO.
TAILORS
Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

STORAGE PACKING FREIGHT HAULING
Merchants Transfer
— AND —
Storage Company
920-922 E Street Northwest
Phone Main 6900
SHIPPING MOVING HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

CELTIC CLUB WHISKEY
Our Specialty
Never Changes. Accept No Substitute
Once Tried You'll Always Use It.
Ports and Sherries for family use, Quarts, 50 and 75 cents. All makes of Beer. Leading brands of Cigars. Ales and Porters on draught the year round.
D. J. O'CONNOR
New Jersey Ave. and G Sts. N.W.

PHONE NORTH 2349
DONOVAN'S
FINE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS
2008 14th St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

GOMPERS CABLES LEGIEN.

When President Wilson announced that he had severed diplomatic relations with Germany, President Gompers of the A. F. of L. cabled this message to Carl Legien, president of the General Federation of Trade Unions of Germany:

"Legien, Berlin—Can't you prevail upon German government to avoid break with United States and thereby prevent universal conflict?"

SHOP MEN WANT MORE.

Silvis, Ill., February 15.—The Rock Island Federated Trades has asked all affiliates to Division No. 1, A. F. of L., Railway Employes' Department, to vote on a wage increase of 25 per cent. This division includes all railroads west of Chicago.

Parker, Bridget & Co.
"The Avenue at Ninth"
Featuring
Extra Value
$15
Suits for Fall

Black's Alderney and Green Meadow Dairy
Pasteurized and Tubercoline Tested Milk.
Phone N. 1670. Union Dairies.

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1 Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.

M. J. DUNNIGAN, President.....2007 14 Street N.W.
JOHN G. WOLFE, Vice-President.1023 N. J. Ave. N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W.

TRUSTEES

Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E.
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N.E.
Thos. L. Nevins.....504 Maine Avenue S. W.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe,.....1023 N. J. Ave. N. W
J. McElfresh,.....
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E.
A. Tenley.....964 Florida Ave. N. W.
M. Sullivan.....5631-2 15 St. S. E.

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.

Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ARBITRRATION COMMITTEE.

M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W.
M. A. Wolfe,.....418 F St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. E.
Joseph Harding.....210 13 St. S. W.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....2006 2nd St. N. W
R. Pumphrey.....223 Q St. N. W.
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W.
Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. W.

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Av.e
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Capitol St.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L St. S. W.

DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.

John Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave.
William Pollard.....522 14th St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

MEATS GROCERIES FISH
Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the
OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.
930 La. Ave. N. W. — 1111 H Street N. E.
8th & E Sts. S. E. — 1632 N. Capitol Street
31st & M Sts. N. W. — 3418-20 Ga. Ave. N. W.
7th & Q Sts. N. W. — 14th & U Streets N. W.
1778 U Street, N.W. — 7th and B Streets N. E.
7th & H Street N. E. — 3113 14th Street, N. W.
726 7th St. N. W. — 1440 P St. N. W.
2002-2004 Ga. Ave. N. W.
POULTRY BREAD PRODUCE

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK
Northwest Corner FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST
LOOK FOR THE CLOCKS
4 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts
COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

Homesteaders—Come to Virginia
Where you will find homes, happiness, independence for all. Mild winters, no malaria, no mosquitos. Farms all sizes at reasonable prices and terms. Send for our Land Bulletin and a copy of The Record—FREE.
J. R. MEADOWS & CO., Crewe, Va.

WASHINGTON BREWERY CO.
IMPERIAL EXPORT
A really fine beer

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, F. S. Radman, 134 7th Street N.E.

Bakery Salemen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at Moose Hall, Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sundays in each month at 2 p.m., Painters' Hall, 6th and G Sts. N.W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N.W.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. F. Miller, 19 Quincy Place northwest.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets first and third Sunday of the month at the Secretary, T. Guiffre, 908 Pennsylvania ave. Moose Hall, Seventh and G Street Northwest. nue northwest.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 48: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E street southeast.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G Street N. W.

Brotherhood of Railway Carmen of America, Local Union No. 313: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Streets N. E. Secretary, H. A. Chambers, 2113 4th N. E. Meeting nights first and third Tuesdays.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles' Hall. Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 520 Rhode Island Ave. N. E.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhau, 737 10th St. s. e.

Chauffeurs and Hack Drivers Union, Local No. 115: Meets the first and third Saturday of each month, G. A. R. Building, 1412 Pa. Ave. Secretary-Treasurer, Kirk C. Sipher, Room 25, 945 Pa. Ave. northwest.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wassaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Twelfth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3800 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Paperhangers Hall, 430 Ninth Street N. W., second and fourth Thursdays of the month. Secretary, Edw. B. Finch, 33 P Street N. E.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets every Friday, at 8:00 p.m. Hall, S. E. Cor. Tenth and Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, Jas. P. Lahey, 816 5th street northeast.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and B Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hisle, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Employes' Union No. 14632: Meets second Friday of each month, Perpetual Building Association Hall. Secretary, W. M. Lynch, 409 A. F. of L. Building.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Watchmen's Union No. 14964: Secretary, Jas. H. Reed, Cor. Sec., 1228 B street southwest.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, John T. Bowers, Twentieth and Twenty-first and L and M streets northwest.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Avenue S. E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 Twelfth St. N. E.

Laundry Workers, Local No. 110: Meets first Friday in each month at Winslow's Hall, 12 and R streets northwest. Secretary, Moten Jefferson, 550 Twenty-fourth street northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, W. N. Huttel, 1430 A St. N. E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday, 1204 Pa. Ave. N. W. Secretary, E. H. Fulton, 1120 E St. S. E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. F. McDonnell.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third 2665. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Bus. Agt.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 922 Pa. Ave. N. W. Phone M. 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets second Sunday and fourth Friday in each month. Secretary, Albert Bridges 210 L st. s. e.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 420: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m. Secretary, J. A. Whitecar, 2209 Minnesota Ave. S. E.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Raymond R. Burrows, Clarendon, Va.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Robt. J. Barrett, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 820 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressmen, No. 1: Meets fourth Monday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N.E.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 428-425 G St. N. W. Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custodian and Janitor, 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, W. P. Cannon, 403 Twelfth St. S. E.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe. 326 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. F. Hickman, 518 Sixth St. N. W.

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11778: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Mrs. H. B. Tritipoe, 1737 Willard street N. W., Apt. 20.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10.30 a. m. and 8.30 p. m. Secretary, G. W. Calderhead, Room 412 Wash. Loan and Trust Building.

The High School Teachers' Union of Washington, D. C., No. 8: Meets in the Music Room of the New Central High School at 3.30 p. m. the second Tuesday in the months of October, December, February, and May. Secretary, G. J. Jones, Central High School.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle. 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 760 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Friday, Typographical Temple. Secretary, L. Gantt, 57-A Bates Street.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: International Secretary-Treasurer, Jas. E. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G St. N. W. Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth St. N. W.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.

WASHINGTON'S LARGEST PRINTING PLANT DEVOTED TO COMMERCIAL WORK
THE LAW REPORTER PRINTING COMPANY
COMMERCIAL PRINTERS AND STATIONERS
518-520 FIFTH STREET N.W.
WASHINGTON, D. C.
F. B. CROWN, MANAGER
TELEPHONE MAIN 828

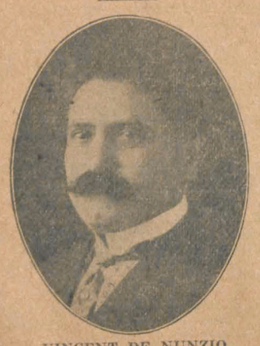
INTERNATIONAL UNION OF THE UNITED BREWERY WORKMEN OF AMERICA
Union MADE Beer
Ale AND Porter
COPYRIGHT & TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1903
THIS IS OUR LABEL.

VOTE
Against Prohibition
DEMAND
Personal Liberty
IN CHOOSING WHAT YOU WILL DRINK
ASK FOR THIS LABEL WHEN PURCHASING BEER, ALE OR PORTER.
As A Guarantee That It Is Union Made.

THE PLATE PRINTER
Official Organ Plate Printers International Union.
P. J. RYAN, Editor. CHAS. T. SMITH, Assoc. Editor.
Subscription $1.00 Per Year
Telephone 4528 Wash. Loan & Trust Bldg.

"LOOK WHO'S HERE."

By E. T. GOOD.



VINCENT DE NUNZIO
President Local 489, Boot and Shoe Repairers

VINCENT DE NUNZIO, president of Local 489, Union Boot and Shoe Repairers, who conducts a business at 1203 E street northwest, had all he could possibly do to bring about fair conditions in his trade for himself and those associated with him in his craft.

The local union was formed a year ago last December and Brother Toone again comes in for credit as an organizer.

President Vincent, however, has at the present this complaint to make regarding local conditions. The retail shoe stores in Washington who sell union-made shoes, who employ union clerks and have the necessary changes or repairs about the premises done by workmen who are union men, are sending their boot and shoe repair work out to scab repair shops. The local Boot and Shoe Workers' Union registers a strenuous objection to this action of the retail shoe dealers, and while the matter has been brought to the attention of the C. L. U., a number of times conditions have not changed, according to officers of 489.

The union wants such repair shops as receive work from retail dealers organized, and they ask the dealers to require them to join No. 489. If the Retail Clerks who are employed in these shoe stores will lend their endeavors in getting the employers to send their work to only Union Repair Shops, much can be accomplished.

T. Guiffre is secretary of the Repair Union and a good union worker.

Members of organized labor should insist upon having the repairman's union label stamped on their work—ask to see the stamp before you have a job done.

Be a unionist in all your purchases. Do not confine your purchases to Union Label shoes alone, but see that a Union shoe dresser polishes them with Union Label Shoe Polish. Keep your shoes on the Union Label list till you burn them in a Union Label stove. In order to do this you must, when repairs are necessary, have them repaired in a Union Repair Shop. Make it your business to find out if there is a Union Repair Shop in your locality before having your repairing done elsewhere. When the Union Label is worn from the first sole, see that it is replaced with a new sole put on by Union shoe repairers. Help these men make a good living. Look for the card in the window.

TO ORGANIZE MINERS.

Indianapolis, February 15.—The international executive board of the United Mine Workers' Union has inaugurated a vigorous organizing campaign in non-union coal fields, and has placed this work in charge of a permanent committee on organization.

In its first announcement the committee says:

"We have learned by bitter experience that to break down the barriers of organized opposition, and establish the principle of collective bargaining in regions where heretofore the law of the coal company alone has reigned supreme, is no light task, and we must have the support of every loyal member of our union in order that the full measure of success may be attained in the forthcoming campaign."

Cumberland, Md., February 15.—United Mine Workers' Union has opened a branch office in this city to direct an extensive organizing campaign throughout Maryland coal fields. Local unions have been established at practically every mine in the district. The campaign is being carried on by International Organizers Feeney, Diamond, Malone, Turnblazer and Bittner, who are holding large mass meetings in every mining center.

STRIKE TO ENFORCE LAW.

Blaine, W. Va., February 15.—A state law provides that checkweighmen shall be placed at mine tipples. The purpose of this legislation is to assure miners pay for all coal mined and prohibit operators from robbing their employes.

When miners employed by the Smith Fuel Company elected a checkweighman, to be paid by them, he was not allowed to go upon the tipple. After a three-day strike the company withdrew its order and for the first time i nthis district miners have a representative at the weighing of coal.

OPPOSE STATE COSSACKS.

Albany, N. Y., February 15.—Officials of the state federation of labor are arousing trade unionists to the danger of a constabulary bill being passed at this session of the state legislature.

Advocates of the cossack system are pleading for "protection to the farmer." This is a fake, declares Thomas D. Fitzgerald, chairman of the legislative committee of the state federation of labor.

"The real reason the constabulary is wanted," he said, "is to have a professional strikebreaking organization maintained at the expense of the state for the express benefit of employers."

CREDIT TO THOMAS H. WEST.

In the issue of The Trades Unionist of February 2 we printed the words of the song, "Our Grand Old Man," dedicated to President Gompers of the A. F. of L. This song was written and composed by Thomas H. West of Kansas City, Mo., 410 Admiral Blvd. Mr. West is the composer of many selections which should be sung by trade unionists, among his other songs being "Stick to Your Union" and "Don't Forget the Union Label."

LIST OF LIQUOR DEALERS WHO HAVE SIGNED "THE AGREEMENT."

Allen, Paul.....2 N st. n| e.
Allen, John J..807 N. C. Cap st. n. e.
Beirkle, Leopold, - 1245 H st. n. e.
Boyle, William J., 601 Mass. ave n. w.
Castelli, Vincent, 502-504 Ninth st.n.w.
Clark, C. H.....510 9th st. n. w.
Colonial Beach Boat Co.
Costello, Bros.....604 G st. n. w.
Crowley, James J.....702 E st. n. w.
Daly, T. J.....34 H st. n. e.
Daye, Wm. T.....1218 Wisc. ave.
Doyle, Wm. T....1314 Wisc. ave. n. w.
Duffy, James A. -901 1-2 E st. n. w.
Wm. R. Fosbender, 406 Ninth st. n w.
Franey, F. A.....711½ 9th st. n. w.
Frank, Mrs. M. E. - 319 G st. n. w.
Ganey, M.....615 7th st. s. w.
Glavin, Edwin.....309 G st. n. w.
Hannan, Mrs. E.....531 7th st. s. w.
Hanlon, Timothy.....822 H st. n. e.
Kelliher, J. D.....1258 7th st. s. w.
Killeen, John F.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Louis Hodges, - - 407 9th st n. w.
Lynagh, Peter J.....523 7th st. s. w.
Lynch, John.....417 9th st. n. w.
McCarthy, F. J.....910 4½ st. s. w.
McCarthy, Jas. J.....1402 H st. n. e.
McDonald, F. J.....643 Pa. ave. s. e.
McGinniss, H. J., 1001 N. Y. ave. n. w.
McGuire, J. Chas., 519 Ninth st. n. w.
McHough, Martin....1105 H st. n. e.
Milton Schmidt, - 702 7th st. n. w.
O'Connor, D. J.....100 G st. n. w.
O'Connor, Patrick F., 617 D st. n. w.
O'Connor, James.....1429 N. Cap. st.
O'Day, John T. - 921 Ninth st. n. w.
O'Donnell, James J...333 Pa. ave. s. e.
Peter White, - - - 905 D st. n. w.
Raftery, Thomas.....406 H st. n. e.
Raftery, Patrick.....225 11th st. n. e.
Roland, J. H.....511 9th st. n. w.
Scanlon, Daniel,.....103 H st. n. w
Schroter, Conrad....3258 M st. n. w.
Schltz, Mary T.....607 G st. n. w
Sheehan, John J., 701 North Cap. st.
Solon, Mary A., - 1003 7th st. e.
Stern, M. M.....601 7th st. n. w.
Stanton, Frank J.....1314 Wisc. ave
Sullivan, David, 12th and E st. n. w.
Sullivan, John J., 1351 35th st. n. w.
The Casino, Frank Farenkamp (Chesapeake Beach).
Victor Buffet Co., Inc., 7th and G n. w.
Walsh, David, - - 407 10th st. n. w
Wassman, Henry, 705 Seventh st. n. w.
Wiedeman, Joseph....629 E st. n. w.
William J. O'Leary, 733 North Cap. st.
Wininghcr, Harry 631 Pa. ave. s. e.
Wolf, Frank, - 512 12th st. n. w.

CENTRAL
LABOR UNION
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
Meets Every Monday Night
Typographica Temple
423-425 G St. N. W.
Secretary's Address: 606 5th St. N.W.
Telephone: Lincoln 4614

OFFICERS

HUGH D. DIGNEY.....President
MARY GANZHORN...V. President
N. A. JAMES.....Secretary
JOS. E. TOONE....Fin. Secretary
WM. H. SCHAFFER.....Treasurer
JOS. C. CLARK..Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES — Wm. Zell, W. W. Keeler, J. L. Considine.

COMMITTEES

Executive—Mary Ganzhorn, Chairman; Jos. E. Toone, N. A. James, W. A. Huttel, John R. Hartley and Hugh D. Digney.
Legislative—Jere McCarthy, Chairman; John Lorch, N. P. Alifas, Robert Jones and D. J. O'Leary.
Adjustment—W. A. Huttel, Chairman; Harry Hollohan, John Botts, Benj. Spellbring and John Schmidt.
Contract—John Hartley, Chairman; Wm. W. Keeler, W. H. Schaffer, C. H. Adams and C. C. Coulter.
Laws—Dan. Hassett, chairman; Harry Buie and R. H. Burdette.
Resolution—Jas. L. Considine, chairman; E. L. Tucker and Denis Southern.
Organization — Jos. E. Toone, Chairman; Jos. C. Clark, Henry Miller, Mary Burkhead and T. A. Franklin.
Auditing—Wm. E. Zell, Chairman; Laurence Curtin and John Deal.
Credentials—M. J. Costello, Chairman; Jas. Noyes and S. S. Parker.
Label—H. F. Oehler, Chairman, and John McGuigan.
Press—N. A. James, Chairman; John B. Colpoys and N. A. Sprague.
Delegates to Baltimore—Jos. E. Toone, Chairman; Harry Fiddesop and Sam De Nedrey.

"Co-Operation—The First Principle of Success."

The following business interests are recommended by The Trades Unionist and National Labor Press Association to your favorable consideration, and solicit your patronage.

ALL PRINTERS KNOW
"If It Is Made of Paper You Can Get It at
R. P. Andrews Paper Co.
727-31 13th St. N.W.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Landscape Architects
Garden Furniture
J. H. SMALL & SONS
.:. Florists .:. Decorators .:.
New York City—
Waldorf Astoria, Tel. 2906 Greeley
505 Madison Ave., Tel. 8560-1-2 Plaza
Washington, D. C.—
15th and H Sts., Tel. Main 158-159

Wm. Hahn & Co.'s
RELIABLE SHOE HOUSES
Cor. 7th & K Sts.
1914-16 Pa. Ave.
233 Pa. Ave. S.E.

New Oxford Hotel
European
J. H. WEAVER, Mgr.
Pa. Ave. at 15th St. N.W.

Everything Wearable for Men and Boys
SAKS & CO.
Penna. Ave. and 7th St. N.W.

—LET—
Omohundro
—B—
YOUR TAILOR
818 F St. N.W.

RECOGNIZED UNION STORE
Parker, Bridget & Co.
The Ave. at 9th

St. James Hotel
A Special Feature—Club Breakfast
Served 6 to 11 a.m.
Noon-Day Luncheon—12 to 2:30 p.m.
Table d'Hote Dinner—5 to 8 p.m.

CRANDALL'S THEATRES
CRANDALL'S THEATRE
9th and E Sts. N.W.
CRANDALL'S APOLLO THEATRE
624 H St. N.E.
CRANDALL'S SAVOY THEATRE
14th and Col. Rd. N.W.
CRANDALL'S AVENUE GRAND THEATRE
645 Penna. Ave. S.E.

BRODT'S HAT STORE

HARRINGTON HOTEL

PROFIT-SHARING COAL CO.

CORBY BAKING CO.

Phone 2416
GEO. C. SHAFFER
Florist
Choice Cut Flowers
900 14th St.
Floral Designs

Phone Lincoln 910
T. W. Rose
WOOD AND COAL
1125 7th St. S.E.

"Survival of the Fittest"
White House Lunch
Astor Lunch

Phone M. 2725
D. N. Walford
Fine Cutlery
Sporting and Athletic Goods
909 Pa. Ave. N.W.

Washington Brewery Co.
MANUFACTURERS OF
CONGRESS BRAND
GINGER ALE
And Other Carbonated Beverages
The Only Union-Made Goods in Washington

Eisinger Brothers
Lumber and Mill Work
Doors Sash Blinds Moldings
Builders' Hardware
Branch Yard: Bethesda, Md.
2101 7th St. Tel. N. 1173 & 1174

Phone Main 3440
M. G. Copeland Co.
Awnings Estimates
Flags, Tents Cheerfully
Window Shades Given
409 Eleventh St. N.W.

ROCHESTER HOTEL
E St. N.W. Between 9th & 10th
J. W. MOSSBURG, Proprietor
Phone M. 5440

Mossburg's Restaurant
CAREFULLY SELECTED FOODS
1404 Penna. Ave. N.W.

YALE LAUNDRY

J. MAURY DOVE COAL CO.

W. W. GRIFFITH COAL CO.

Manhattan Cleaning & Dyeing Co.

Thos. W. Smith Lumber Co., Inc.
First Street and Indiana Avenue

GENERAL BAKING CO.
BUTTER CRUST BREAD

Phones Main 4277-4278-4279
Gude Bros. Co.
Florists and
Floral Decorations
1214 F St. N.W.

MINTZ THE TRUNK MAN
Trunks Suit Cases Traveling Bags
LEATHER NOVELTIES
938 F St. N.W. Washington, D. C.

Page's Laundry
"Washington's Best"
620 E St. N.W.

STEUART'S GARAGE
Announces That They Have Secured a Limited Agency for
FORD CARS
Visit Our Sales and Service Station, Where You Will Receive Every Attention
See the New Type Touring Car
$360 F. O. B. Detroit
STEUART'S GARAGE
141 12th St. N.E. Phone Linc. 1203-4
L. P. Steuart Terms G. T. Steuart

Telephone North 1343
GEO. C. TAYLOR
Dealer in
All Kinds of Rough and Dressed Lumber
2101 7th St. N.W. (Ga. Ave. & W)

"Washington's Chief Fun Palace."
The Gayety Theatre
The Finest Ventilated Theatre in America.
Presenting Improved Burlesque Headed by America's Foremost Comedians, Artists and Femininities
NEW SHOW EVERY WEEK

R. HARRIS & CO.
Jewelers

GROVE LIME & COAL CO.

RICE COAL CO.

The Ask Mr. Foster Service

POLI'S THEATRE

LEWIS COAL & ICE CO.

ALLEGHENY COAL CO.

"The Velvet Kind"
Cream of Ice Creams
Ask Your Reliable Dealer
CHAPIN-SACKS MFG. CO.

Phones, North 9203-9204
BLICK BROTHERS
COAL, WOOD & ICE
800 Florida Avenue N.W.

Taylor-Tolley Sales Co.
Limited Agency for
FORD CARS
WITH
FORD SERVICE
Parts — Accessories
EVERYTHING FOR THE FORD
2129 14th St. N.W.

The Fashion Shop
At Washington's 42d & Broadway
Clothiers
Haberdashers
Tailors
9th and E Sts. N.W.

Phone Lincoln 2304
Washington Coal Co.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Office and Yards:
901-3-5 S. Capitol St.

Everything in Men's Wear
Sol Herzog & Co., Inc.
Clothing, Hats, Furnishings and Shoes
602-604 Ninth Street N.W.

Telephone Main 4471
Hirsh's Shoe Stores
Shoe Designers and Builders
Washington's Fastest-Growing Shoe House
1026-1028 Seventh St. N.W.

Telephone Lincoln 3900-2723
Whitley's Rx Drug Store
First-Class Prescription Work
Quick Service and Delivery
Va. Ave., 8th & K Sts. S.E.
The Velvet Kind Pure Ice Cream

W. H. MARLOW COAL CO.

JOS. A. WILNER & CO.

HOLMES BAKING CO.

COMMERCIAL COAL CO.

SANITARY GROCERY CO.

CONNECTICUT PIE CO.

Washington District Council of Carpenters
Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple
ROBERT ADAM, President, Local 2563, U. B., 1511 Vermont Avenue N.W.
R. H. BURDETTE, Vice President, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
E. B. BYRNE, Secretary, Local 132, U. B., 425 G Street N.W.
F. A. SHOESMITH, Treasurer, Local 2563, U. B., 5209 Georgia Avenue N.W.
C. H. ADAMS, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 804 A Street N.E.
R. H. BURDETTE, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
H. PAGE, Trustee, Local 2563, U. B., 836½ 13th Street N.E.
ROBERT REICHARD, Local 132, U. B., 1720 34th Street N.W.
J. H. RYAN, Local 132, U. B., 1101 11th Street S.E.
FRED HOOK, Local 2563, U. B., 1528 8th Street N.W.
WILLIAM MACKIE, Local 2563, U. B., 216 Seaton Place N.E.
BUSINESS AGENT.
GEO. MYERS, 425 G Street N. W.

THE MILTON SCHOOL
Oxford Bldg., 14th and N. Y. Ave. N.W.
Stenography
Typewriting
English
Spanish
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO BEGINNERS
Now in larger quarters in the Oxford Building, 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.

CORBY CAKE
AT ALL GROCERS

When in Doubt, Buy of
HOUSE & HERRMANN
FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.
N.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W

GEO. D. HORNING,
N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.
LOAN OFFICE

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS
Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple
J. G. O'DONNELL, President, 122 Sixth St. N. E.
M. J. DEERY Vice President, 2407 Girard St. N. E.
THOS. W. WOLTZ, Recording Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
G. H. F. DAVIS, Treasurer, 439 Second St. S. E.
W. I. STRATTON, Conductor, 617 Sixth St. N. W.
A. F. MOIRSETTE, Warden, 425 G St. N. W.
GEO. MYERS, Business Agent, 425 G St. N. W.
TRUSTEES.
F. J. NOLTE, 24 Eighth Street N. E.
MARK REILEY, 1127 B St. S. E.
A. P. TAYLOR, 622 I Street N. E.
DELEGATES TO THE DISTRICT COUNCIL.
R. H. BURDETTE, 1207 L Street N. W.
C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
E. B. BYRNE, 425 G Street N. W.
ROBERT REICHARD, 1720 35th Street N. W.
J. H. RYAN, 1101 Eleventh Street S. E.
DELEGATES TO THE CENTRAL LABOR UNION.
C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
R. H. BURDETTE, 816 K Street N. W.
W. S. HOLLOHAN, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
C. A. SAUNDERS, 244 9th St. S. E.
LOUIS LUEBKERT, 1314 Kerney St. N. E.
RELIEF COMMITTEE.
P. W. HAMILTON, 410 Tenn. Ave. N. E.
J. T. CLIFT, 4115 7th St. N. W.
M. FOLEY, 118 Seaton St. N. E.
W. B. DOLAN, 413 Mass. Ave. N. W.
J. A. SANKER, 2606 R. I. Ave. N. E.
MILL COMMITTEE.
F. E. KETTNER, 3016 Cambridge St. N. W.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
O. A. CARTER, Rosslyn, Va.
DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.
G. H. F. DAVIS, 439 Second Street S. E.

Takoma Bread
Fresh Three Times Daily
AT ALL GROCERS
Havenner Baking Company
Established 1815

LANSBURGH & BRO.
"DRY GOODS ONLY"
The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City
420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I. P. E. U.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXI. NO. 35 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 23, 1917. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

PAN-AMERICAN WORKERS ARE URGED TO UNITE

The Pan-American Federation of Labor Conference Committee has issued a call to the workers of Latin America to join in the proposed movement to unite all wage workers of the western hemisphere.

This action is the result of resolutions adopted last year by the A. F. of L. convention, Baltiomre.

Members of the conference committee who have signed the call are: Samuel Gompers, chairman, representing the A. F. of L.; John Murray, secretary; Santiago Iglesias, representing the Porto Rico organized workers, and Carlos Loveira, representing the Yucatan, Mexico, organized workers. The committee says:

"By means of correspondence with all the labor centers of the American continent, and through the daily, weekly and monthly press friendly to labor, the conference committee proposes to carry on an active propaganda for the attainment of practical immediate benefits as well as the ideals of organized labor.

"As is well known, the capitalists of North America and some European countries are scattering millions and millions of dollars through Latin America acquiring concessions and business properties which are disposed of to them by Latin American politicians and speculators without taking into consideration the rights of the masses of the people, the masses of the people who, by these transactions, have their future endangered for decades and perhaps centuries.

"If the employers, the capitalists of Pan-America, thus unite for the protection of their common advantage, it becomes all the more evident that the wage earners of these countries must also unite for their common protection and betterment.

"It will be the duty of the Pan-American Federation of Labor to show to the world that its purpose is to permeate the western hemisphere with a human influence. This influence will more truly represent the sentiments of the American people than the influence of all the corporations of the United States, and is in strong contrast with those capitalists who are eternally crying, 'Business, business,' and 'Dollars, dollars.'

"Above all things, the Pan-American Federation of Labor should stand as a guard on watch to protect the western hemisphere from being overrun by military domination from any quarter.

"The conference committee desires to impress upon its brother workers throughout Pan-America that in its opinion each national organization should be autonomous within the jurisdiction of its own country. The conference committee stands for the right of the workers of every American country to work out their own problems in accord with their ideals and highest conceptions.

"The working people of all our countries should give their first attention to securing better standards of life and work: Higher wages, shorter workdays, more safe and sanitary conditions in all places of employment, better homes, better surroundings, prohibition of child labor.

"Legislative enactments to achieve and maintain equal rights;

"The right of association, the right of free assemblage, the right of free speech, the right of free press, the right, singly or collectively, to withhold our labor power — the right to strike."

Latin-American labor organizations are asked to spread the suggested ideals of this conference by means of correspondence, by means of the press at their disposal, and through pamphlets.

DOCK WORKERS ORGANIZE.

Toledo, Ohio, February 22.—Pile drivers, dock, pier and wharf builders have organized and are chartered by the Brotherhood of Carpenters.

OFFICIALS NOT INCLUDED IN "CAN'T-STRIKE" LAWS

New York, February 22.—In opposing a "can't-strike" law, favored by Chairman Straus of the public service commission, President Gompers exposed the serf theory upon which this legislation rests by showing that the right of public utilities officials to quit in a body is never questioned.

"President Shonts of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company and his board of directors are public servants and are protected in their rights as public servants," said President Gompers, "but the men are neither public servants nor protected in their rights. The state and city assume to control and regulate the railroads, the operation of which is a great public convenience, but never has the thought come to prevent Shonts and his directors from resigning, either individually or in a body, for any reason or for no reason. Their motormen and conductors cannot be deprived of their right to resign, either."

DAMAGE AWARD APPEALED.

Bridgeport, Conn., February 22.—Machinists Union has appealed to the state supreme court from the verdict of the superior court which awarded damages against its members of $5,000 to the Max Ams Company.

The decision is based on section 1296 of the Connecticut statutes, which provide that any person who shall threaten "or use any means calculated or intended" to abstain from doing any act which such person has a legal right to do, shall be fined or imprisoned.

Trade unionists are trying to have this law amended. They show that section 1296 would make the act of a unionist criminal if he dared to argue with a strikebreaker, who has a legal right to work in a struck plant.

STEREOTYPERS GAIN.

Omaha, Neb., February 22.—The official magazine of the International Stereotypers and Electrotypers' Union reports the following recent gains:

Columbus, Ohio—Wages of stereotypers increased $2.50 a week.

Pittsburgh, Pa. — Electrotypers' Union secured a three-year contract. Wages are increased $1 a week immediately and a total of $2 a week during the life of the agreement.

Indianapolis — One-year agreement for electrotypers assures a forty-four-hour week and increases of $1 a week for certain classes of work.

Nashville—Stereotypers and Electrotypers' Union established a minimum wage scale of $25 a week for foremen and secured a one-year contract.

CHICAGO COOPERS AWAKE.

Chicago, February 22.—Organized coopers in this city are conducting an organizing campaign among the unorganized workers of this craft employed by the meat trust. A. F. of L. organizers are assisting in connection with their organizing campaign among butcher workmen. Since the strike of 1904 the packers have destroyed organization in the stock yards district and wage scales and working conditions have sunk to a low ebb.

The John Rath Cooperage Company has signed the new machine scale of 45 cents an hour, presented by the Coopers' Union.

PAINTERS RAISE WAGES.

Cedar Rapids, Iowa, February 22.—Painters' Union No. 447 has signed an agreement with employers which provides for a wage rate of $4 a day for painters and $4.25 for paperhangers.

COAL MINERS WIN STRIKE.

Centralia, Wash., February 22.—Coal miners employed by the Centralia Coal Company, near here, have won their strike for better working conditions.

'ROUND-ABOUT METHOD TO PROHIBIT STRIKES

Advocates of "can't-strike" legislation have confessed it is impossible to secure the passage of a law that specifically prohibits workers from quitting their employment.

The best that can be possibly secured is found in a bill reported by the Senate committee on interstate commerce which does not prohibit strikes but makes extended reference to "threats" and "intimidations" where strikes on interstate railroads exist.

In reporting the bill Senator Newlands, chairman of the committee, made the interesting statement that while the power of strike is the only weapon which labor has, he does not concur with the views of his colleagues that this power should not be interfered with or suspended.

As reported, the bill provides that where a dispute arises that cannot be settled by the federal board of mediation and conciliation the President shall appoint two additional members, representing employes and the railroads. A report shall be made by the board within three months. If a strike occurs it shall be a criminal offense for any one to "knowingly and willfully by physical force or threats or intimidation" interfere with the passage of trains or the United States mail. This provision, on its face, should not be opposed by any law-abiding citizen, but Senator Newlands, in explaining the purposes of the bill, revealed the "African in the woodpile."

"The committee," he said, "also took up in this bill the question of the protection by the federal government of trains operating in interstate commerce and the prevention of any restraint or hindrance of the operation of such trains. It has put in this bill which is reported a stringent provision making it a misdemeanor, punishable by fine or imprisonment, to hinder or to obstruct in any way the operation of the mails on trains moving in interstate commerce."

TO GIVE ILLUSTRATED LECTURE

F. C. Roberts, former Labor Commissioner of Porto Rico, will give an illustrated lecture on "Porto Rico, the Isle of Enchantment," Sunday, February 25, at 8 p.m., at the United Brethren in Christ Church, North Capitol and R street northwest.

PAY FOR WALKING TO WALK.

Belleville, Ill., February 22.—Justice Waugelin has ruled that siv linemen, living at O'Fallon, near here, are entitled to full pay for time spent in walking to and from their work. The men sued a power plant at O'Fallon for wages for eight hours' work. The company wanted to pay for seven hours.

GARMENT WORKERS GAIN.

St. Joseph, Mo., February 22.—Garment Workers' Unions Nos. 104 and 157 have signed an agreement with the R. L. McDonald Manufacturing Company. Wages of cutters are increased from $18 to $22 a week, woman time workers are increased $1 a week, and piece work rates are advanced from 7 to 12½ per cent. The agreement involves four factories.

BOILER MAKERS STRIKE.

Dallas, Texas, February 22.—Boiler makers employed by the Dallas Boiler Works have suspended work to enforce wage increases of 2½ cents an hour, increases for apprentices and union recognition.

PRINTERS RAISE WAGES.

St. Louis, Mo., February 22.—Typographical Union No. 8 has signed a contract with newspaper publishers which increases wages 8 per cent. About 400 workers will be benefited $2.40 a week.

PORTO RICO WEALTH TEST IS DEFEATED IN SENATE

Organized labor won its long fight for the removal of property qualifications in the organic law of Porto Rico when the Senate struck from the Porto Rico bill these qualifications for members of the Porto Rican senate and house of representatives.

As passed by the house the bill limited suffrage to those who could read and write and restricted membership in the senate to those paying taxes upon $1,000 worth of property and in the house to those paying taxes to the amount of $500.

These qualifications would disfranchise three out of every four voters in the island and would place that government in complete control of wealth-owning interests.

The trade union movement has been the one force that has stood for justice for the Porto Ricans and has insisted that rights accorded these people under Spanish domination should not be taken from them by a government based on equality. The Porto Rico Free Federation of Labor has been supported in its demands by the A. F. of L., to which it is affiliated. Its president, Santiago Iglesias, has visited this country many times during the last several years in the interest of suffrage for himself and fellow workers.

UNION PAYS BENEFITS.

Detroit, Mich., February 22.—The Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employes paid $285,038.75 in death benefits during 1916. Disability benefits totaled $7,400 and old-age benefits, $4,000. Death benefits were paid upon 593 members and averaged $477.30 each. Officers of this organization say that this record demonstrates the ability of wage earners to carry insurance that protects. For $3.12 per year per member, and regardless of age and physical condition of applicants, the Amalgamated Association has paid, during the last five years 2,087 death, disability and old-age benefits in the sum of $958,670.63.

TEAMSTERS MAKE GAINS.

Chicago, February 22.—Teamsters' Union No. 739 has secured a contract that will run for two years and eight months. Wages are increased 25 cents a day, with time and one-half for overtime, Sundays and holidays. The increases mean $2.80 a day for dump wagon drivers and $3 for wreck wagon drivers.

Lynn, Mass., February 22.—Coal wagon drivers have secured a weekly increase of $2 and 5 cents an hour increase for overtime. Only union teamsters will be employed.

Newark, N. J., February 22.—Teamsters' Unions Nos. 487 and 478 have increased wages $2 a week and secured an agreement with the Team Owners' Association.

GAINS BY "MOVIE" OPERATORS.

Pittsburgh, Pa., February 22.—Moving Picture Operators' Union No. 171 has signed a union-shop agreement with Rowland & Clark. This concern controls a number of picture houses in this section and has recognized labor for the first time.

ELECTRICIANS WINNING.

San Antonio, Tex., February 15.—Several contractors have signed the union-shop agreement of Electrical Workers' Union No. 60 and the solid line of opposition against these strikers has been broken.

EIGHT HOURS FOR MACHINISTS.

Fresno, Cal., February 22.—Officials of the Machinists' Union announce that practically every machine shop and garage in this vicinity is now on an eight-hour basis.

TYPO UNION, 101, HOLDS PROLONGED SESSION

Last Sunday's meeting of Columbia Typographical Union was well attended, due to the anticipated report of the committee on apprentices. The session was prolonged, due to time consumed on the report, which was completed and referred to committees for submission to employers.

Resolutions on the death of the late Capt. Henry T. Brian were read and ordered inserted in The Typographical Journal and The Trades Unionist.

An appeal from the Board of Education for a fund to carry on an outdoor class for tubercular children was indorsed and an appropriation of $25 voted for that purpose.

Under report from Central Labor Union one of the delegates took occasion to criticize the context of a report made of the last meeting of Columbia Typographical Union appearing in The Trades Unionist, intimating that the writer of the report needed coaching in journalism.

RESOLUTIONS ON DEATH OF CAPT. HENRY T. BRIAN

At the regular stated meeting of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101, held on Sunday, February 21, a committee of three was appointed to draft suitable resolutions on the death of Capt. Henry T. Brian, deputy public printer and for many years a member of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101. The resolutions follow:

"The members of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101, have heard with profound sorrow of the death of Capt. Henry T. Brian, which occurred on December 18, 1916.

"Capt. Brian's entire life was spent among printers, and he was always a firm friend to his fellow craftsmen. At the outbreak of the Civil War he entered the Union Army and rendered meritorious service to his country. In 1867, five years after the government established the printing office, he entered its employ and his life is its history. He held almost every position from compositor to Public Printer with ability and integrity, and his name was a familiar one on the lips of every union man. As his loss is keenly felt by the membership, be it therefore

"Resolved, That a copy of these expressions of sympathy be presented to the members of his bereaved family and to the editors of the International Typographical Journal and The Trades Unionist.

"THOMAS J. McDONOUGH,
"GEORGE P. DOWELL,
"D. A. GILLIN,
"Committee."

COOPERS WANT 9-HOUR DAY.

St. Louis, Mo., February 22.—The St. Louis Cooperage Company has refused a nine-hour day and 28 cents an hour to its organized coopers and these employes have suspended work. The company favors a ten-hour day at 25 cents an hour and the non-union shop. Former conditions were ten hours at 22 cents an hour.

WOULD FLOOD DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., February 22.—The "help wanted" campaign of the local Manufacturers' Association continues, despite the refusal of the advertisers to guarantee employment. As a rule the applicant is told that if he comes to this city, "and is competent" he may secure employment.

STATE CARPENTERS UNITE.

Helena, Mont., February 22.—A state council of carpenters, representing about 3,000 workers, has been organized. Its purposes are: To establish the state-wide eight-hour day, minimum wage scale, furnish information regarding conditions of employment and promote such legislation as is beneficial to workers.

UNION CIGAR MAKERS WIN NOTABLE VICTORY

Chicago, February 17.—In a circular issued to local unions, President Perkins of the Cigar Makers' International Union declares that "the international union and the local unions have won a notable and far-reaching victory" in the decision by Justice Andrews of Syracuse, N. Y., in the case of Justin Seubert, Inc., cigar manufacturers, against the Cigar Makers' Union, its officers and other trade unionists.

The firm was backed by the Anti-Boycott Association and sued for a permanent injunction and $100,000 damages on the ground that the union was engaged in a conspiracy, that it restrained trade and commerce, that the union label was illegal and that the boycott was unlawful.

The court upheld the union in every instance except the secondary boycott. This will be appealed by the cigar makers.

"Laborers may strike against their employers separately or together, for any reason or for no reason," said Justice Andrews. "Unless their object is illegal, outsiders, unions, or individuals may agree to and may help them. Persuasion may be used to induce dealers or customers not to buy the employer's goods from him or in the market. Unions may make rules on this subject and may discipline members who violate these rules."

The claim of the Seubert concern that the agreement of 10,000 manufacturers to use the union label is a combination in restraint of trade, was answered as follows by Justice Andrews:

"The authority to adopt such a label is given to the unions by statute. The very purpose of this authorized use is to enable purchasers to determine whether or not goods exposed for sale are made by union labor."

The court held that the secondary boycott is illegal and appointed a referee to assess damages. This portion of the decision will be appealed, even though, according to President Perkins, the half dozen customers, mentioned in the trial, cannot possibly prove a loss of $1,000 and "they will be lucky if they can prove $500."

"All things considered," continues President Perkins, "the international union and the local unions have won a notable and far-reaching victory. Our case was similar to the hatters' damage suit, in which they were assessed $320,000."

The Anti-Boycott Association is thoroughly dissatisfied with the decision, except the secondary boycott rule, and will appeal the case.

GARMENT WORKERS STRIKE.

Cincinnati, February 22.—Over 1,000 operatives responded to the call of the Ladies' Garment Workers' Union to suspend work because these demands were not granted: Union recognition, equal distribution of work, 48-hour week, wage increases and no work on New Year's, Christmas, Labor Day and Fourth of July.

EIGHT HOURS FOR PAINTERS.

Eldorado, Kan., February 22.—The Painters' Union, organized last December, has secured the eight-hour day and substantial wage increases.

Abilene, Kan., February 22.—Painters have increased wages 25 cents a day and reduced the work day one hour.

INCREASES FOR CARPENTERS.

Georgetown, Tex., February 22.—Carpenters have increased wages from 50 to 55 cents an hour, beginning the first of the month.

PRINTERS RAISE WAGES.

Joplin, Mo., February 22.—Joplin Typographical Union has signed a five-year contract that carries wage increases and improved working conditions.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF ... FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., FEBRUARY 23, 1917.

"CONGRESS MUST CURB FEDERAL JUDICIARY."

"I have demanded that Congress should exercise its plain, conceded, constitutional right and withdraw from the federal court the power to declare the acts of Congress unconstitutional," said United States Senator Owen, in a public defense of his joint resolution which would prohibit federal judges invalidating acts of Congress.

"The people are overwhelmingly opposed to the usurpation of power by the federal judiciary. The Constitution speaks for itself. It puts the sovereign power in Congress, the power to control the appellate jurisdiction and thus to prevent the exercise of the judicial veto, if it is attempted. It has been attempted. It has been exercised. It is proven highly mischievous. It has become unendurable.

"When the United States Supreme Court declared the Missouri compromise act, passed by Congress, unconstitutional and slavery a constitutional right, it took a war to settle the frightful error of this judicial usurpation.

"When the Supreme Court declared the legal tender act void, it took from the government one of the strongest instrumentalities for the protection of this great republic. This gross error was corrected by putting additional judges on this bench, who corrected the previous decision by reversing it. It was an undignified remedy, but better than none.

"Congress has this remedy, of course, of expanding the Supreme Court and putting judges with a progressive view on the court, but the American people will not approve such a practice.

"When the Supreme Court declared the income tax void and transferred the taxes from the wealth of the country, which is protected by the expenditure of such taxes, it disregarded the will of the people of the United States and of Congress, and it took the people sixteen years to correct it by a constitutional amendment at a cost of over $1,600,000,000.

"The people did not, by the Constitution, put upon themselves any restraint whatever, and they are entirely normal.

"They did put a restraint upon their law-making representatives in Congress; they made Congress immediately responsible to themselves, requiring the House of Representatives and one-third of the Senate to be re-elected every two years, requiring the President to be re-elected by the people every four years. They did put the judiciary under the Congress."

Praise is never wholly undeserved.

How easy it is to tell others it's no use to worry!

Pleasures we anticipate seldom come up to specifications.

You have to take many a man's own word for his popularity.

Our idea of a selfish person is one who is unable to remember a favor.

Isn't it queer how narrow minded those people are who disagree with you?

Undoubtedly many mistakes are made by those who do something. But the greatest mistake is that made by doing nothing. Do something, even if it's only to criticize those who do something.

There is no easy way. Freedom and rights come as a result of organization and struggle. They can be maintained only through organization, eternal vigilance, and, above all else, preparedness for defense.

There is little doubt but that George Washington, our first President, whose birthday we celebrated yesterday, would look with kindness and fairness upon the labor movement, as it is a well known fact that he was a friend to humanity.

CHRONIC POISONING BY CARBON MONOXIDE GAS.

"Are garment workers, particularly pressers and ironers, subject to chronic poisoning by carbon monoxide gas, a poisonous constituent of illuminating gas, which may be discharged into the air of workshops by gas-heated appliances?"

The United States public health service, in a bulletin which has just been issued, answers this question in the affirmative. In 11.8 per cent of the shops examined in a study of the hygienic conditions surrounding the cloak and suit and dress and waist industries in New York City the amount of carbon monoxide was excessive. In 38 per cent of the establishments studied the odor of gas was perceptible. Fifty per cent of the shops used ordinary gas irons only; 41.8 per cent used irons heated by means of a mixture of gas and air under pressure. Only 2.4 per cent used electric irons exclusively, and in 8.6 per cent defective gas irons were found. The study of the gas tubes used showed that none were gas-tight and that most of them were in such a condition as to invite leakage. The constant breathing of carbon monoxide lowers the vital resistance of the body, thus paving the way for the infections of disease.

"FREE MEN WILL STRIKE REGARDLESS OF LAWS"

New York, February 22.—A republic can only exist where men are free, declared President Gompers at a public hearing on a proposal by Oscar S. Straus, chairman of the public service commission, that strikes should be prohibited and that a wage board would settle disputes between street railroads and their employes.

"We will oppose the proposal step by step and will not yield one inch in opposing it during all its progress," said President Gompers. "We will fight it in the courts, and, if beaten there, we will exercise our God-given natural right, the law notwithstanding. You may make us lawbreakers, possibly, but you are not going to make us slaves.

"If the miners had not struck work and there had been such a wage board in Pennsylvania as you propose, the miners might have waited a century or two before getting what they did. If they had not struck, not one of them would have dared tell of the misery, the horror, the tyranny and the brutality that existed there.

"The change in conditions in the needle industries of New York was accomplished by strike. The employers could have convinced any wage board that they could not pay more wages and that they could not make the sanitary improvements which the strikes brought.

"I am not an advocate of strikes. I have done as much as any man in the whole world to try and avert strikes. But, after all, some people imagine that a strike is some species of barbarism, when, as a matter of fact, it is only in civilized countries where strikes occur. In other countries we find riots and revolution. I want to accentuate the contrast which this subject has in my mind—the difference between a violent aggression upon person and property on the one hand, and the right of a man to fold his arms and do nothing."

A. F. of L. Organizer Frayne opposed the Straus plan to prohibit strikes.

"You would not find jails enough to house the men," this trade unionist said.

DEFENDS UNIONISM.

Battle Creek, Mich., February 22.—Several manufacturing concerns have locked out their employes because of an eight-hour agitation, and the Press, a daily newspaper, asks:

"Since when has Battle Creek mounted the pedestal apart from other cities of this country and proved the right to hold in contempt an effort upon the part of organized labor to appeal for a better means to live? It's all a mistake."

This newspaper is attempting to break down the prejudice against trade unionism that was created by the late Post, of Citizen's Alliance fame.

WANT THE CHILDREN TO KNOW.

Kansas City, Mo., February 22.—The local central body favors the principles of trade unionism being taught in the public schools and has asked every member of organized labor to petition the board of education to this effect.

STEEL PROFITS BREAK RECORD.

New York, February 22.—All yearly and quarterly records were broken by the net earnings of the United States Steel Corporation during 1916 and the last three months of that year, according to a directors' report, just issued.

Net earnings for the last quarter of 1916 were $105,968,347. Net earnings for the year were $333,625,086. It is stated that wages were raised $33,000,000 during the year. This is one-tenth of the amount to stockholders, after all deductions for interest, betterments, depreciation, etc., have been made.

MANY CONVICTS INSANE.

Trenton, N. J., February 22.—Fully 25 per cent of the men sentenced to state prison here are insane, testified Dr. Henry A. Cotton, medical director of the state hospital, before a prison inquiry commission.

The Oakland (Cal.) council has refused to place on the spring election ballot a proposed anti-picketing ordinance submitted by the Employers' Association.

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

UNION OPERATOR — LOCAL No. 224 — WASH. D.C. — AFFILIATED WITH CENTRAL LABOR UNION & A.F. of L.

American, 1st st. and R. . ave.n.w.
Apollo, - - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Auditorium, 13th st. and N. Y. ave.n.w.
Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Casino - - - 7th and F Sts. N. W.
Central Park - - 9th bet. G & H N.W.
Chelsia Theatre, 19th and M sts. n. w.
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N. W.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Dumbarton, - - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Eagle Gate Theatre - Sol. Home Gate
Eastern, - - 8th St. bet. F & G S. E.
Elite Theatre, 14th and R. I. ave. n. w.
Empire, - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Fairyland, - 19th and L st. n. w.
Favorite, H St. North Capitol & First
Garden Theatre, 423 Ninth st. n. w.
Gayety Theatre, - 513 9th st. n. w.
Georgia - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
Home Theater, C bet. 12th & 13th n. e.
Liberty Theatre, N. Capitol & P St.
Loewe's Columbia . . F near 12th
Lyric Theatre - - 14th near Park Rd.
Maryland - - - 624 9th St. N. W.
"M" Street Theatre, M St. near 32nd
Maycroft Park, H St. bet. 6 . 7, N.E.
Meaders, - - - 8th & G Sts. S. E.
Mid City, - 7th, bet. N and O st. n. w.
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Odeon - - 14th and Church Sts. N. W.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15, N.W.
Peerless Park, - 3105 Ga. ave. n. w.
Penn Gardens - - 21st St. & Pa. Ave.
Plaza Theatre - 434 9th st. n. w.
Pleasant Hrr. Park, 12 and C N. E.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Randolpr Park, 1st and Randolph n. w.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
R. I. Theatre, 7th and R. I. Ave. N.W.
Savoy, - - - 14th and Col. Road.
Schuetzen Park, Ga. ave. and Kenyon
Standard Park, Bates, near N. Cap. St.
Strand, - - - - - Ninth and D.
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N. E.
Stanton Park, - - - 219 4th N. E.
Starlight Park, 4 1-2 and K st. n. w.
Surprise Theatre - Alexandria, Va.
The Strand, - - Hopewell, Va.
The Richmond, - - Alexandria, Va.
Truxton Park, N. Capitol & Fla. Ave.
Victoria Theatre, 7th & E Sts. S. W.
Virginia - - - 614 9th St. N. W.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Meets Every Monday Night

Typographica Temple
423-425 G St. N. W.

Secretary's Address: 606 5th St. N.W.
Telephone: Lincoln 4614

OFFICERS

HUGH D. DIGNEY.....President
MARY GANZHORN...V. President
N. A. JAMES.....Secretary
JOS. E. TOONE....Fin. Secretary
WM. H. SCHAFFER.....Treasurer
JOS. C. CLARK..Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES — Wm. Zell, W. W. Keeler, J. L. Considine.

COMMITTEES

Executive—Mary Ganzhorn, Chairman; Jos. E. Toone, N. A. James, W. A. Huttel, John R. Hartley and Hugh D. Digney.

Legislative—Jere McCarthy, Chairman; John Lorch, N. P. Alifas, Robert Jones and D. J. O'Leary.

Adjustment—W. A. Huttel, Chairman; Harry Hollohan, John Botts, Benj. Spellbring and John Schmidt.

Contract—John Hartley, Chairman; Wm. W. Keeler, W. H. Schaffer, C. H. Adams and C. C. Coulter.

Laws—Dan. Hassett, chairman; Harry Buie and R. H. Burdette.

Resolution—Jas. L. Considine, chairman; E. L. Tucker and Denis Southern.

Organization — Jos. E. Toone, Chairman; Jos. C. Clark, Henry Miller, Mary Burkhead and T. A. Franklin.

Auditing—Wm. E. Zell, Chairman; Laurence Curtin and John Deal.

Credentials—M. J. Costello, Chairman; Jas. Noyes and S. S. Parker.

Label—H. F. Oehler, Chairman, and John McGuigan.

Press—N. A. James, Chairman; John B. Colpoys and N. A. Sprague.

Delegates to Baltimore—Jos. E. Toone, Chairman; Harry Fiddesop and Sam De Nedrey.

ESTABLISHED 1865 — 51 YEARS IN BUSINESS

CHRISTIAN XANDER'S

Famous IMPERIAL DRY VERMOUTH

75c a Quart — The Finest Dry Vermouth Obtainable

909 7th Street, Northwest. — No Branch Houses. Phone M. 274

CORBY'S YEAST

Leaves nothing to guess-work.
Its purity and strength are uniform.
Every baker knows what that means.
Send for samples.

THE CORBY COMPANY

STATION K. — WASHINGTON, D. C.

Representative Houses

OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

BANKS

NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burglar-proof vaults; acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth Street and New York Avenue.

WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY, Capital $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee, etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK. A bank for the working people. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account. Ninth and G Sts. N. W.

UNION SAVINGS BANK. Commercial accounts. Three per cent interest on savings accounts. The oldest savings bank in Washington.

MICHAEL T. GREENE
Liquors and Cigars. 639 D St. N. W.

STONER'S BAR AND RESTAURANT
The, G. Stoner. 206 Seventh St.S. W.

J. CHAS. McGUIRE'S BUFFET
Federal Seal Whiskey. 519 Ninth St. N. W.

O'KEEFE'S BUFFET
P. J. O'Keefe, Prop. 904 Pa. Ave. N. W.

GLAVIN'S BUFFET
ED. J. GLAVIN 309 G Street Northwest

FRANK'S BUFFET
Fourth and G Sts. N. W. Phone M. 5572.

DAVID WALSH'S BUFFET
407 10th Street N. W.

E. E. FARLEY'S BUFFET
415 13th Street N. W.

J. J. O'DONNELL'S BUFFET
333 Penn. Avenue S. E.

HARRY'S BUFFET
631 Penn. Ave. S. E. Phone Lin. 1843

MACHINIST

G. W. FORSBERG, formerly with Forsberg & Murray, Elevators, Boilers. Eighth and Water Sts. S. W. Main 742.

GROCER AND COFFEE ROASTER

SOMERSET R. WATERS, 1342 7th St. N. W.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

RALSTON & RICHARDSON, Evans Building, 1420 New York Avenue.

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.

SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (Inc.), Soda Water, Syrups, etc. 1066 Wis. Ave. N. W.

PHOTO SUPPLIES

E. J. PULLMAN. Developing and Finishing for Amateurs a Specialty. 420 9th St. N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS

MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Ave. N. W. Our Specialty, Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

FIRE INSURANCE

FIREMEN'S INSURANCE COMPANY, Seventh Street and Louisiana Avenue.

DRY GOODS

WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings. Hosiery, a Specialty. 806-808 H St. N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

UNDERTAKERS

J. WILLIAM LEE
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY
332 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.

W. H. BUTLER CO., 607-9 C St. N. W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT

NATIONAL MORTAR CO., 1st and M N.E.

COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING CO., 3036 K Street.

DRUGGISTS

CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth St. and Virginia Ave. S. E.

DAY & CO. 5th and G Sts. N.W. 14th and P N.W., 20th and R. I. Ave. N.E.

QUIGLEY, Druggist, 21st and G Sts. N.W.

A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner 7th and P Streets N. W. N. 2372.

Building Trades Headquarters — Sixth and G Sts. N. W — Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rent

WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES TOBACCO. — COSTELLO BROS

JOS. A. WILNER & CO.

UNION CUSTOM TAILORS

Cor. 8th and G Sts. N.W.

Your Pattern of Table China

—May Be Included
—In Our Clearance
—Sale of Discontinued
—Patterns and

A Saving of From 20 to 50 Per Cent Realized

We're closing out more than a half dozen patterns of imported china that we are unable to replace. In view of the greatly increased values of china, these price savings are exceptionally noteworthy.

Dulin & Martin Co.
Pottery, Lamps, China, Glass, Silver, &c.
1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY
Equitable Life Insurance Co.
of the District of Columbia
THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.
Issues Ordinary and Industrial
Wm. A. Bennett, 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.
EQUITABLE BLD'G. 816 14th ST., N. W.

CELTIC CLUB WHISKEY
Our Specialty
Never Changes. Accept No Substitute
Once Tried You'll Always Use It.
Ports and Sherries for family use, Quarts, 50 and 75 cents. All makes of Beer. Leading brands of Cigars. Ales and Porters on draught the year round.
D. J. O'CONNOR
New Jersey Ave. and G Sts. N.W

Saks & Company
MEN'S and BOYS' OUTFITTERS
Pa. Ave. & 7th St. Wash., D. C.
Specialists in Apparel for Men and Boys.

Clothes, Hats and Shoes
The Bieber-Kaufman Co.
901-909 Eighth St. S. E.
Down by the Navy Yard
Washington, D. C.

BUTLER'S RHEUMATIC and GOUT REMEDY.
A KIDNEY AND HEART TONIC
Manufactured Since 1872 By
BUTLER & FIELD
Third and Indiana Ave. N. W.
Price 50c a bottle. 6 for $2.50
For Sale By Druggists.

BANNER COUGH CURE
No matter what "Cough Cure" you may have tried or are trying, you have left a stone unturned if you have not tried BANNER. You are close to relief and cure when you start to take our Cough Syrup for all kinds of coughs, colds, hoarseness, etc. Prepared by F. P. Weller. Price 35 cents.
WELLER'S DRUG STORE
8th & Eye Sts. S.E. 36th & M N.W.

FIREPROOF CONSTRUCTION
Hammett Fire Proofing Company
301-302-303 Wilkins Bldg.
Phone Main 3337.

Bell Brand Union-Made
COLLARS and SHIRTS
LARGE ASSORTMENT
T. HOLLANDER
North Capitol and H Streets

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

William M. Baldwin and William H. Yeager, temporary compositors.

John M. Wilson, probational compositor.

Joseph E. Hodge, in charge of section, reinstated.

Mrs. Mary R. L. Stephenson, skilled laborer (executive order).

August F. Laufer, monotype keyboard operator, reinstated.

Austin J. Hall, caster helper, reinstated.

David Samakow, probationary messenger boy.

Philip L. Gamse, messenger boy, reinstated.

Separations.

Leslie N. Bontz, skilled laborer, resigned.

John S. Greene, bookbinder, resigned.

Frank B. Helm, temporary pressman.

Oliver J. Moore, temporary compositor, resigned.

Walter G. Trouland, temporary electrician.

James E. Angel, linotype operator, resigned.

Transfers, etc.

Hubbard Harris, messenger boy, $420 per annum, to $500 per annum, office of superintendent of documents.

Thomas A. Bligh, messenger boy, $500 per annum, to skilled laborer, $626 per annum, office of superintendent of documents.

Loxlie V. Adams, in charge of section, 70 cents per hour, to pressman, 55 cents per hour, press division (night).

Miss Nora C. Lemmer, skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour, press division, to skilled laborer, $626 per annum, office of superintendent of documents.

Miss Marie L. Kendig, skilled laborer, $626 per annum, to clerk, $720 per annum, office of superintendent of documents.

Leo F. Spaight, messenger boy, $375 per annum, to messenger boy, $420 per annum, office of superintendent of documents.

Lockman Johnson, messenger boy, $500 per annum, office of superintendent of documents, to skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour, pamphlet binding section.

G.P.O.COMMENT

The members of the linotype room (night) have agreed to look after the personal comfort of John Jones, who was injured in a collision with an automobile last week while riding a bicycle returning from a hospital where his wife was under treatment. It is such acts of generosity that make life worth living.

August F. Laufer (keyboard mono), having returned from military duty on the border, where he was a member of Capt. Wilson's Battery B, has been reinstated to his old position.

The I. T. U. Journal, through its New York correspondent, chronicles the fact that a little girl has come to the home of William McCabe, well known here some years ago as publisher of a labor paper and an employee of the First Division, G. P. O. Mr. McCabe enjoys the unique distinction of having been the first grand marshal in a labor parade in New York City long before Labor Day was made a reality. He is now and has been for a number of years an employee of the New York Herald.

William S. Sill (mono keyboard night) has announced himself as a candidate for delegate to the I. T. U. convention.

The topic of discussion uppermost on the night force, aside from the war, is whether an extra session is probable. The shifting to day work disturbs the equanimity of the toiler at night and incidentally lessens the amount in his pay envelope. Here's hoping there will be an extra session.

Andrew L. Huss (night mono hand) is a candidate for delegate to Colorado Springs. He is well known and has many friends who will help him in his canvass.

The Washington Birthday celebration on the 21st was a success in every way. Mr. Lineback and the ladies and gentlemen associated with him in the chorus deserve great credit for the successful manner in which these preholiday exercises are conducted.

G. M. Koockogey (job room) has announced his candidacy for delegate to the I. T. U. convention. He has done good work on the vocational school committee and would make a good delegate. Earnest and conscientious in his work he would give an account of himself in the convention.

Charles Stutsman (proof room, day) died Wednesday afternoon, after an illness of over a year, of kidney trouble. He was exceptionally good as a printer and had made many friends in the twenty or more years he has been employed in the G. P. O. Mr. Stutsman came to this city from Iowa.

John H. Hooper (proof room, night) is being groomed by his friends as a candidate for delegate to Colorado Springs. Mr. Hooper is well known and his friends insist he will be a winner.

J. W. Lynch ("Josh") died in Baltimore during the week from septicemia, due to a cut received while being shaved in a Baltimore barber shop. He was an employee of the G. P. O. about twenty years ago and for a number of years has held a lucrative position in the Baltimore city government. While not identified with the printing business he nevertheless took an active interest in the affairs of his union and at the recent I. T. U. convention in that city helped to entertain visitors and delegates during convention week.

STREET CAR MEN GAIN.

Wheeling, W. Va., February 22.—Motormen and conductors employed by the subsidiary companies of the West Penn Traction Company have induced these concerns to abandon all "bonus" propositions and increase wages 3 cents an hour till April 30. Afterwards, and until the expiration of the contract, the 22-cent rate will be increased to 26 cents and the 24-cent rate to 28 cents. Employes receiving 26, 28, 29, 30 and 31 cents will be paid an additional 3 cents an hour.

Parker, Bridget & Co.
"The Avenue at Ninth"
Featuring
Extra Value
$15
Suits for Fall

LAND SHARK BLAMED.

San Francisco, February 22.—High cost of land in the business section is responsible for drawbacks of San Francisco's manufacturing, said Dr. B. M. Rastall in an address to the local Labor Council.

The speaker is an industrial expert and is investigating conditions for the chamber of commerce. This organization has made insistent claims that high wages is the cause for industrial backwardness. Dr. Rastall told the unionists that the higher wages paid here has not affected manufacturing costs and that this city does not suffer in comparison with other cities where the wage rates are lower and hours longer.

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1 Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.

M. J. DUNNIGAN, President.....2007 14 Street N.W.
JOHN G. WOLFE, Vice-President.1023 N. J. Ave. N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W.

TRUSTEES

Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E.
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E.
Thos. L. Nevins.....504 Maine Avenue S. W.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe,.....1023 N. J. Ave. N. W
J. McElfresh,.....
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E.
A. Tenley.....964 Florida Ave. N. W.
M. Sullivan.....5631-2 15 St. S. E.

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.

Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ARBITRATION COMMITTEE.

M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W.
M. A. Wolfe,.....418 F St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. E.
Joseph Harding.....210 13 St. S. W.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....2006 2nd St. N. W
R. Pumphrey.....223 Q St. N. W.
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W.
Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. W.

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave.e
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Capitol St.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L St. S. W.

DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.

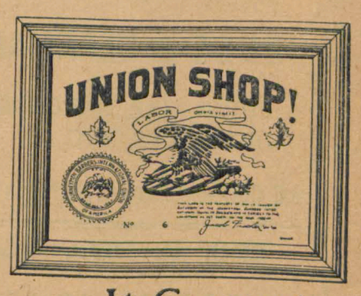
John Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave.
William Pollard.....522 14th St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

Business Opportunity
JOB PRINTING OFFICE—Twenty-one years in present location; abundance of type; 3 presses; motor; cutting machine, etc.; steady trade without soliciting; fullest participating investigation invited; good will worth more than price asked. Address P. S. L., Trades Unionist.

MEATS GROCERIES FISH
Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the
OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.
930 La. Ave. N. W. — 1111 H Street N. E.
8th & E Sts. S. E. — 1632 N. Capitol Street
31st & M Sts. N. W. — 3418-20 Ga. Ave. N. W.
7th & Q Sts. N. W. — 14th & U Streets N. W.
1778 U Street, N.W. — 7th and B Streets N. E.
7th & H Street N. E. — 3113 14th Street, N. W.
726 7th St. N. W. — 1440 P St. N. W.
2002-2004 Ga. Ave. N. W.
POULTRY BREAD PRODUCE

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK
Northwest Corner FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST
LOOK FOR THE CLOCKS
4 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts
COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

Homesteaders—Come to Virginia
Where you will find homes, happiness, independence for all. Mild winters, no malaria, no mosquitos. Farms all sizes at reasonable prices and terms. Send for our Land Bulletin and a copy of The Record—FREE.
J. R. MEADOWS & CO., Crewe, Va.

Look for the
UNION SHOP CARD


It gives our members a Shorter Work day and Sunday Rest
It Guarantees to You
CLEANLINESS and EXPERT SERVICE

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, F. S. Radman, 134 7th Street N.E.

Bakery Salesmen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at Moose Hall, Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sundays in each month at 2 p.m., Painters' Hall, 6th and G Sts. N.W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N.W.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. F. Miller, 19 Quincy Place northwest.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets first and third Sunday of the month at the Secretary, T. Guiffre, 908 Pennsylvania avenue Moose Hall, Seventh and G Street Northwest. nue northwest.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 48: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E street southeast.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G Street N. W.

Brotherhood of Railway Carmen of America, Local Union No. 313: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Streets N. E. Secretary, H. A. Chambers, 2113 4th N. E. Meeting nights first and third Tuesdays.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles' Hall. Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 520 Rhode Island Ave. N. E.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhau, 737 10th St. s. e.

Chauffeurs and Hack Drivers Union, Local No. 115: Meets the first and third Saturday of each month, G. A. R. Building, 1412 Pa. Ave. Secretary-Treasurer, Kirk C. Sipher, Room 25, 945 Pa. Ave. northwest.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wassaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Tweifth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3800 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Paperhangers Hall, 430 Ninth Street N. W., second and fourth Thursdays of the month. Secretary, Edw. B. Finch, 33 P Street N. E.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets every Friday, at 8:00 p.m. Hall, S. E. Cor. Tenth and Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, Jas. P. Lahey, 816 5th street northeast.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and H Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hisle, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Employes' Union No. 14632: Meets second Friday of each month, Perpetual Building Association Hall. Secretary, W. M. Lynch, 409 A. F. of L. Building.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Watchmen's Union No. 14964: Secretary, Jas. H. Reed, Cor. Sec., 1228 B street southwest.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, John T. Bowers, Twentieth and Twenty-first and L and M streets northwest.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Avenue S. E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 Twelfth St. N. E.

Laundry Workers, Local No. 110: Meets first Friday in each month at Winslow's Hall, 12 and R streets northwest. Secretary, Moten Jefferson, 550 Twenty-fourth street northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, W. N. Huttel, 1430 A St. N. E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday, 1204 Pa. Ave. N. W. Secretary, E. H. Fulton, 1120 E St. S. E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 8: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. F. McDonnell.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third 2665. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Bus. Agt.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 922 Pa. Ave. N. W. Phone M. 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets second Sunday and fourth Friday in each month. Secretary, Albert Bridges 210 L st. s. e.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 420: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m. Secretary, J. A. Whitecar, 2209 Minnesota Ave. S. E.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Raymond R. Burrows, Clarendon, Va.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Robt. J. Barrett, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month. Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 820 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressmen, No. 1: Meets fourth Monday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N.E.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custodian and Janitor, 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, W. P. Cannon, 408 Twelfth St. S. E.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe, 326 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. F. Hickman, 518 Sixth St. N. W.

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Mrs. H. B. Tritipoe, 1787 Willard street N. W., Apt. 20.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10.30 a. m. and 8.30 p. m. Secretary, G. W. Calderhead, Room 412 Washington Loan and Trust Building.

The High School Teachers' Union of Washington, D. C., No. 8: Meets in the Music Room of the New Central High School at 3.30 p. m. the second Tuesday in the months of October, December, February, and May. Secretary, G. J. Jones, Central High School.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle. 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 750 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Friday, Typographical Temple. Secretary, L. Gantt, 57-A Bates Street.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: International Secretary-Treasurer, Jas. E. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

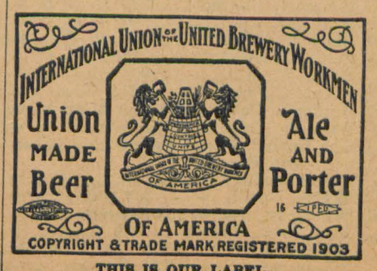
Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G St. N. W. Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth St. N. W.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.

WASHINGTON BREWERY CO.
IMPERIAL EXPORT
A really fine beer



THIS IS OUR LABEL.

VOTE
Against Prohibition
DEMAND
Personal Liberty
IN CHOOSING WHAT YOU WILL DRINK
ASK FOR THIS LABEL WHEN PURCHASING BEER, ALE OR PORTER.
As A Guarantee That It Is Union Made.

PASTIME PARAGRAPHS

By CYCLE.

Gypsy's in town.

* * *

The Kaiser appears to have very little regard for anything not "made in Germany."

* * *

A knock for every boost is the experience of every civil service retirement proposition.

* * *

Manufacturers of war munitions are too busy to entertain a proposition to take chances at the front.

* * *

A keep-off-the-grass sign, half buried in snow, makes a unique and inexpensive front lawn attraction.

* * *

Early promises of better industrial conditions in Porto Rico seem to have been overlooked. Oh, sugar!

* * *

Any advance in salary or wages is sure to meet with the approval of those who fix the cost of living.

* * *

The 4th of March will fall on Sunday this year; but for all that no one expects it to be a perfectly safe-and-sane 4th.

* * *

The prohibitionists claim that to make the town "dry" would be a capital idea, and those opposed say it would be capital punishment.

* * *

Figures are produced to show that the cost of living is not so much greater now than in Washington's time. Only a confirmed pessimist could fail to get consolation from tales of this sort.

* * *

Those printers of the G. P. O. who boast the habit of taking a plunge in the tidal basin or swimming pool each day confessed to a slight chill those few mornings when the thermometer registered around zero.

* * *

If you see something in your trade paper that you don't just like, stop it; and to the paper that gives a double meaning in discussing labor issues, don't wait for the collector, but send your check for a year in advance.

* * *

Public Printer Ford proved a good substitute for the gentleman from Missouri who had promised to make the principal address at the Washington Birthday exercises on Wednesday at the G. P. O. The musical program, under the direction of Prof. Lineback, was also a pleasant feature.

* * *

Capt. George Wilson, of Battery B, N. G. D. C., who has been with his command on the Texas border several months, paid his friends of the G. P. O. a brief visit on his arrival home. That the climate and real camp life agreed with him is attested by a gain in avoirdupois and a shading not acquired by indoor life. Capt. Wilson is reported as a popular officer, but this does not come as a surprise to his friends of civil life.

* * *

Referring once more to the Printing Office cat, there is not one of the entire watch force of the G. P. O. more alert or more familiar with every nook and corner of the big building than Thomas. He is emphatically a homebody and apparently cares nothing for "society," in fact it is not known that he ever was outside the walls, which he may regard as his palace. The payroll or cost of living are matters which give him no concern, but as regularly as the whistle of the big shop announces the hour of noon Thomas enters upon his rounds of toll gathering from those who gladly share with him as a star boarder. Thomas is a brunette.

* * *

The handy man of the main proof room is Wilson—that's all, or would be if details were omitted; but the Wilson now in mind has acquired a reputation for being constantly on the job, and in many respects his claim to information within his particular sphere of usefulness makes him a reliable competitor for accuracy, so that if one were asked to choose between the two the reply would invariably be "Ask Wilson"—not Foster. His duties are multifarious, and then some. As messenger he is perhaps the oldest in the service. If a chair breaks down or collapses from overweight, Wilson does not wait, but immediately hustles the disabled furniture off to the hospital and replaces it with another; but these are only a few of the many things Wilson does, for while he is a faithful employee of Uncle Sam he yet finds time at brief intervals to render cheerful and helpful service to others. The more one learns of Wilson the more there remains to be said of him. It may not be generally known (for Wilson is a modest fellow) that during his younger days he spent several years in travel throughout continental Europe, and that thirteen of his most eventful years were with a man whose name is quite familiar to banking circles. Those years remain a pleasant memory, for we have it from Wilson himself that during his entire service and travel experiences he received only kindly consideration from his banker friend and benefactor —Andrew J. Drexel.

* * *

Now that some of the representative men of Columbia Typographical Union are announcing their candidacy for delegates to the International convention, which will hold its sessions in Colorado Springs this year, a mere suggestion (admittedly unauthorized) may be pardoned. It is a part of progressivism to ackuowledge and take counsel with woman in affairs which deeply concern the well being of all. The barriers to woman—the established boundaries which have heretofore placed a limit upon her usefulness—are fast giving way, and woman's part in the new fields of endeavor is sure to be felt and gratefully acknowledged. The purpose of this paragraph is to suggest the candidacy and election of Miss Julia M. Burke, of the monotype keyboard section (G. P. O.), whose unionism is unquestioned and who is possessed of a degree of intelligence which would reflect creditably upon Columbia Union. Miss Burke has been to great pains in the collection of history and pleasing reminiscence pertaining to our local union, and this "Scrap Book," as she has named it, is to be neatly bound and completed in time to be presented to the Printers' Home Library in Colorado Springs by a chosen representative. It is a souvenir containing much that will always interest printers at the Home and will be greatly appreciated by them. But why not give to Miss Burke a delegate certificate, which would carry with it the opportunity and honor of presentation? I hope I have not greatly sinned by assuming entire responsibility in these suggestions.

PROFIT IN CONVICT LABOR.

Trenton, N. J., February 22.—At an investigation of prison conditions in this state it was brought out that when the prison department hires out a convict to its road department, it charges $1.45 a day for him, and when the prison department hires out a convict to a private contractor, the rate is 35 cents a day.

PHONE NORTH 2349

DONOVAN'S

FINE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS

2003 14th St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

STORAGE PACKING FREIGHT HAULING

Merchants Transfer

— AND —

Storage Company

920-922 E Street Northwest

Phone Main 6900

SHIPPING MOVING HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

LIST OF LIQUOR DEALERS WHO HAVE SIGNED "THE AGREEMENT."

Allen, Paul.....2 N st. n. e.
Allen, John J...807 N. C. Cap st. n. e.
Beirkle, Leopold, - 1245 H st. n. e.
Boyle, William J., 601 Mass. ave n. w.
Castelli, Vincent, 502-504 Ninth st.n.w.
Clark, C. H.....510 9th st. n. w.
Colonial Beach Boat Co.
Costello, Bros.....604 G st. n. w.
Crowley, James J.....702 E st. n. w.
Daly, T. J.....34 H st. n. e.
Daye, Wm. T.....1218 Wisc. ave.
Doyle, Wm. T....1314 Wisc. ave. n. w.
Duffy, James A. -901 1-2 E st. n. w.
Wm. R. Fosbender, 406 Ninth st. n w.
Franey, F. A.....711½ 9th st. n. w.
Frank, Mrs. M. E. - 319 G st. n. w.
Ganey, M.....615 7th st. s. w.
Glavin, Edwin.....309 G st. n. w.
Hannan, Mrs. E.....531 7th st. s. w.
Hanlon, Timothy.....822 H st. n. e.
Kelliher, J. D.....1258 7th st. s. w.
Killeen, John F.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Louis Hodges, - - 407 9th st n. w.
Lynagh, Peter J.....523 7th st. s. w.
Lynch, John.....417 9th st. n. w.
McCarthy, F. J.....910 4½ st. s. w.
McCarthy, Jas. J.....1402 H st. n. e.
McDonald, F. J.....643 Pa. ave. s. e.
McGinniss, H. J., 1001 N. Y. ave. n. w.
McGuire, J. Chas., 519 Ninth st. n. w.
McHough, Martin....1105 H st. n. e.
Milton Schmidt, - 702 7th st. n. w.
O'Connor, D. J.....100 G st. n. w.
O'Connor, Patrick F., 617 D st. n. w.
O'Connor, James.....1429 N. Cap. st.
O'Day, John T. - 921 Ninth st. n. w.
O'Donnell, James J...333 Pa. ave. s. e.
Peter White, - - - 905 D st. n. w.
Raftery, Thomas.....406 H st. n. e.
Raftery, Patrick.....225 11th st. n. e.
Roland, J. H.....511 9th st. n. w.
Scanlon, Daniel,.....103 H st. n. w.
Schroter, Conrad....3258 M st. n. w.
Schltz, Mary T.....607 G st. n. w.
Sheehan, John J., 701 North Cap. st.
Solon, Mary A., - 1003 7th st. e.
Stern, M. M.....601 7th st. n. w.
Stanton, Frank J.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Sullivan, David, 12th and E st. n. w.
Sullivan, John J., 1351 35th st. n. w.
The Casino, Frank Farenkamp (Chesapeake Beach).
Victor Buffet Co., Inc., 7th and G n. w.
Walsh, David, - - 407 10th st. n. w.
Wassman, Henry, 705 Seventh st. n. w.
Wiedeman, Joseph....629 E st. n. w.
William J. O'Leary, 733 North Cap. st.
Wininger, Harry 631 Pa. ave. s. e.
Wolf, Frank, - 512 12th st. n. w.

"Co-Operation—The First Principle of Success."

The following business interests are recommended by The Trades Unionist and National Labor Press Association to your favorable consideration, and solicit your patronage.

ALL PRINTERS KNOW
"If It Is Made of Paper You Can Get It at
R. P. Andrews Paper Co.
727-31 13th St. N.W.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Landscape Architects
Garden Furniture
J. H. SMALL & SONS
.:. Florists .:. Decorators .:.
New York City—
Waldorf Astoria, Tel. 2906 Greeley
505 Madison Ave., Tel. 8560-1-2 Plaza
Washington, D. C.—
15th and H Sts., Tel. Main 158-159

Wm. Hahn & Co.'s
RELIABLE SHOE HOUSES
Cor. 7th & K Sts.
1914-16 Pa. Ave.
233 Pa. Ave. S.E.

New Oxford Hotel
European
J. H. WEAVER, Mgr.
Pa. Ave. at 15th St. N.W.

Everything Wearable for Men and Boys
SAKS & CO.
Penna. Ave. and 7th St. N.W.

—LET—
Omohundro
—B—
YOUR TAILOR
818 F St. N.W.

RECOGNIZED UNION STORE
Parker, Bridget & Co.
The Ave. at 9th

St. James Hotel
A Special Feature—Club Breakfast
Served 6 to 11 a.m.
Noon-Day Luncheon—12 to 2:30 p.m.
Table d'Hote Dinner—5 to 8 p.m.

CRANDALL'S THEATRES
CRANDALL'S THEATRE
9th and E Sts. N.W.
CRANDALL'S APOLLO THEATRE
624 H St. N.E.
CRANDALL'S SAVOY THEATRE
14th and Col. Rd. N.W.
CRANDALL'S AVENUE GRAND THEATRE
645 Penna. Ave. S.E.

BRODT'S HAT STORE

HARRINGTON HOTEL

PROFIT-SHARING COAL CO.

CORBY BAKING CO.

Phone 2416
GEO. C. SHAFFER
Florist
Choice Cut Flowers
900 14th St.
Floral Designs

Phone Lincoln 910
T. W. Rose
WOOD AND COAL
1125 7th St. S.E.

"Survival of the Fittest"
White House Lunch
Astor Lunch

Phone M. 2725
D. N. Walford
Fine Cutlery
Sporting and Athletic Goods
909 Pa. Ave. N.W.

Washington Brewery Co.
MANUFACTURERS OF
CONGRESS BRAND
GINGER ALE
And Other Carbonated Beverages
The Only Union-Made Goods in Washington

Eisinger Brothers
Lumber and Mill Work
Doors Sash Blinds Moldings
Builders' Hardware
Branch Yard: Bethesda, Md.
2101 7th St. Tel. N. 1173 & 1174

Phone Main 3440
M. G. Copeland Co.
Awnings Estimates
Flags, Tents Cheerfully
Window Shades Given
409 Eleventh St. N.W.

ROCHESTER HOTEL
E St. N.W. Between 9th & 10th
J. W. MOSSBURG, Proprietor
Phone M. 5440
Mossburg's Restaurant
CAREFULLY SELECTED FOODS
1404 Penna. Ave. N.W.

YALE LAUNDRY

J. MAURY DOVE COAL CO.

W. W. GRIFFITH COAL CO.

Manhattan Cleaning & Dyeing Co.

Thos. W. Smith Lumber Co., Inc.
First Street and Indiana Avenue

GENERAL BAKING CO.
BUTTER CRUST BREAD

Phones Main 4277-4278-4279
Gude Bros. Co.
Florists and Floral Decorations
1214 F St. N.W.

MINTZ THE TRUNK MAN
Trunks Suit Cases Traveling Bags
LEATHER NOVELTIES
938 F St. N.W. Washington, D. C.

Page's Laundry
"Washington's Best"
620 E St. N.W.

STEUART'S GARAGE
Announces That They Have Secured a Limited Agency for
FORD CARS
Visit Our Sales and Service Station, Where You Will Receive Every Attention
See the New Type Touring Car
$360 F. O. B. Detroit
STEUART'S GARAGE
141 12th St. N.E. Phone Linc. 1203-4
L. P. Steuart Terms G. T. Steuart

Telephone North 1343
GEO. C. TAYLOR
Dealer in
All Kinds of Rough and Dressed Lumber
2101 7th St. N.W. (Ga. Ave. & W)

"Washington's Chief Fun Palace."
The Gayety Theatre
The Finest Ventilated Theatre in America.
Presenting Improved Burlesque Headed by America's Foremost Comedians, Artists and Femininities
NEW SHOW EVERY WEEK

R. HARRIS & CO.
Jewelers

GROVE LIME & COAL CO.

RICE COAL CO.

The Ask Mr. Foster Service

POLI'S THEATRE

LEWIS COAL & ICE CO.

ALLEGHENY COAL CO.

"The Velvet Kind"
Cream of Ice Creams
Ask Your Reliable Dealer
CHAPIN-SACKS MFG. CO.

Phones, North 9203-9204
BLICK BROTHERS
COAL, WOOD & ICE
800 Florida Avenue N.W.

Taylor-Tolley Sales Co.
Limited Agency for
FORD CARS
WITH
FORD SERVICE
Parts — Accessories
EVERYTHING FOR THE FORD
2129 14th St. N.W.

The Fashion Shop
At Washington's 42d & Broadway
Clothiers
Haberdashers
Tailors
9th and E Sts. N.W.

Phone Lincoln 2304
Washington Coal Co.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Office and Yards:
901-3-5 S. Capitol St.

Everything in Men's Wear
Sol Herzog & Co., Inc.
Clothing, Hats, Furnishings and Shoes
602-604 Ninth Street N.W.

Telephone Main 4471
Hirsh's Shoe Stores
Shoe Designers and Builders
Washington's Fastest-Growing Shoe House
1026-1028 Seventh St. N.W.

Telephone Lincoln 3900-2723
Whitley's ℞ Drug Store
First-Class Prescription Work
Quick Service and Delivery
Va. Ave., 8th & K Sts. S.E.
The Velvet Kind Pure Ice Cream

W. H. MARLOW COAL CO.

JOS. A. WILNER & CO.

HOLMES BAKING CO.

COMMERCIAL COAL CO.

SANITARY GROCERY CO.

CONNECTICUT PIE CO.

Washington District Council of Carpenters

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

ROBERT ADAM, President, Local 2563, U. B., 1511 Vermont Avenue N.W.
R. H. BURDETTE, Vice President, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
E. B. BYRNE, Secretary, Local 132, U. B., 425 G Street N.W.
F. A. SHOESMITH, Treasurer, Local 2563, U. B., 5209 Georgia Avenue N.W.
C. H. ADAMS, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 804 A Street N.E.
R. H. BURDETTE, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
H. PAGE, Trustee, Local 2563, U. B., 336½ 13th Street N.E.
ROBERT REICHARD, Local 132, U. B., 1720 34th Street N.W.
J. H. RYAN, Local 132, U. B., 1101 11th Street S.E.
FRED HOOK, Local 2563, U. B., 1528 8th Street N.W.
WILLIAM MACKIE, Local 2563, U. B., 216 Seaton Place N.E.

BUSINESS AGENT.
GEO. MYERS, 425 G Street N. W.

The only strictly
UNION TAILORING
house in the city
M. STEIN & CO.
TAILORS
Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

CORBY CAKE
AT ALL GROCERS

When in Doubt, Buy of
HOUSE & HERRMANN
FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.
N.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W

GEO. D. HORNING,
N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.

LOAN OFFICE

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

J. G. O'DONNELL, President, 122 Sixth St. N. E.
M. J. DEERY Vice President, 2407 Girard St. N. E.
THOS. W. WOLTZ, Recording Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
G. H. F. DAVIS, Treasurer, 439 Second St. S. E.
W. I. STRATTON, Conductor, 617 Sixth St. N. W.
A. F. MOIRSETTE, Warden, 425 G St. N. W.
GEO. MYERS, Business Agent, 425 G St. N. W.

TRUSTEES.
F. J. NOLTE, 24 Eighth Street N. E.
MARK REILEY, 1127 B St. S. E.
A. P. TAYLOR, 622 I Street N. E.

DELEGATES TO THE DISTRICT COUNCIL.
R. H. BURDETTE, 1207 L Street N. W.
C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
E. B. BYRNE, 425 G Street N. W.
ROBERT REICHARD, 1720 35th Street N. W.
J. H. RYAN, 1101 Eleventh Street S. E.

DELEGATES TO THE CENTRAL LABOR UNION.
C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
R. H. BURDETTE, 816 K Street N. W.
W. S. HOLLOHAN, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
C. A. SAUNDERS, 244 9th St. S. E.
LOUIS LUEBKERT, 1314 Kerney St. N. E.

RELIEF COMMITTEE.
P. W. HAMILTON, 410 Tenn. Ave. N. E.
J. T. CLIFT, 4115 7th St. N. W.
M. FOLEY, 118 Seaton St. N. E.
W. B. DOLAN, 413 Mass. Ave. N. W.
J. A. SANKER, 2606 R. I. Ave. N. E.

MILL COMMITTEE.
F. E. KETTNER, 3016 Cambridge St. N. W.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
O. A. CARTER, Rosslyn, Va.

DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.
G. H. F. DAVIS, 439 Second Street S. E.

Takoma Bread
Fresh Three Times Daily
AT ALL GROCERS
Havenner Baking Company
Established 1815

LANSBURGH & BRO.
"DRY GOODS ONLY"
The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City
420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I. P. E. U.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXI. NO. 36 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, MARCH 2, 1917. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

THE SCHOOL PROBLEM.

BY G. M. KOOCKOGEY.

Since last October, a committee of Columbia Typographical Union, of which the writer has the honor to be chairman, has been investigating the subject of vocational education in the schools of this city, especially as it relates to the printing business. I have had occasion during that time to call on Mr. Colpoys, the editor of The Trades Unionist, for advice, and during our discussions he has several times suggested that the information our committee was gathering would be of value to other unions and has invited me to contribute articles along these lines.

I have hardly been able to find time to write articles on this subject and give it the attention it deserves, and in addition I have hesitated for fear that I might create the impression that I was attempting to pose as an authority. However, the more attention I give to the work of our committee, the more I see the need of the intelligent co-operation of all the unions in Washington if the maximum of good is to be accomplished, not only in securing proper conditions in vocational training, but in working for improvement in the whole school system.

After all, who has a better right, or, I might say, a greater duty, to take an interest in education than the labor unions? Isn't it true that most of the youths developed in the schools will eventually have to earn a living, and in most cases in trades that are more or less organized? Isn't it just as incumbent upon a trade union to interest itself in the educational development of its future members, as to fight for the closed shop, the eight-hour day, and the other vital problems of the present, that keep the average trade union on the alert? How many men, now engaged in earnest, faithful work for their fellows through activity in their union would be able to accomplish much more if their educational advantages in early life had been greater? This is true, in a greater or less degree, of every one of us.

So we may assume that it will be accepted without argument that the trades unions of Washington ought to take an active interest in increasing the efficiency of our local schools. Just how to bring about this improvement in our educational system is not so easily apparent. However, if this article serves the purpose of interesting even a few men of the various unions in the school system it will not have been written in vain.

The keynote on this subject was sounded by the Central Labor Union on February 19, when it endorsed the attitude of Columbia Typographical Union, and expressed a general view of the vocational education question in our local schools in the following words:

"* * * And be it further resolved, That in all appointments of industrial teachers in the public schools of the District of Columbia, the Central Labor Union insists that the chief requisite shall be practical training or experience in the particular trade or craft; and we desire to call attention to the fact that a working card in the union of his craft is one guarantee of a man's character and experience as a craftsman."

There is nothing in the above paragraph which will not meet with the approval of any fair-minded person. However, the readers of this article may be surprised to know that a considerable change will have to be made in the present method of appointing industrial teachers before the spirit of the above declaration can be carried out.

There is nothing in the present rules under which such teachers are appointed, so far as the writer can find out, that puts a premium on "practical training and experience in the particular trade or craft" that the teacher may be appointed to teach. In fact, the present absurd rule which requires every man teaching industrial subjects in the high schools to have a college degree really operates as a penalty on practical training and experience. It is obvious that while a young man is going to college or normal school he has no time to get any practical training in a trade and after he has finished his college or normal course he is too old to become an apprentice at any trade. So that the trade education of the average teacher appointed under the present rules must, of necessity, have been "picked up" and not taught in the regular manner.

One suggestion that has been made, and which I think is a very good one, is that the working people of this city should insist on having a representative on the school board. Not that I have any criticism to make of the present board. They have shown a very democratic spirit in many things, notably in the decision to abolish the fraternities in the high schools. But with the schools going deeper and deeper into industrial education, it is certainly illogical to expect a board made up entirely of professional men and bankers to get the workingman's point of view, no matter how hard and honestly they try.

Certainly there can be no reasonable objection to the proposition of at least one representative of the working classes on the board of education. Indeed, the proportion could be much greater without any risk to the schools. However, as neither the fairness or honestly of the board is questioned, the need will be served simply by getting one man on the board who can explain problems of industrial education from a workingman's point of view.

I firmly believe that, with proper effort, we can succeed in getting representation on the board of education. But that, in itself, will not bring about every reform that may be needed. Careful study of the present system by responsible men from each union involved is, in my opinion, the greatest need at the present time. Speaking for the educational committee of Columbia Typographical Union, I would like to say that we will be glad at any and all times to discuss educational matters with members of other unions and give them the benefit of what experience we have had.

EMPLOYES WIN FIGHT FOR INCREASE IN PAY

Government and District employes have won their hard fight for an increase in pay. The Senate surrenders and agrees to a 5 and 10 per cent graded increase schedule.

Commenting upon the victory, Miss Florence Etheridge of the Federal Employes' Union said:

"It has been a hard fight, but it has been waged in the open and justice has won."

President H. M. McLarin of the Federal Employes' Union said:

"This illustrates more than anything else the benefits of organization. The government employes have long been underpaid, but their condition has never been brought to the attention of Congress hitherto by organized effort.

"More than anything else it demonstrates the value of organization. Yet, organization prospers only in the degree that it is given the opportunity to present its just demands to the public."

8 HOURS FOR HOIST ENGINEERS.

Harrisburg, Pa., March 1.—The state department of mines has ruled that hoisting engineers employed in the anthracite mines are limited to an eight-hour day, whether they hoist workmen or coal.

DEMAND UNION SHOP.

Allentown, Pa., March 1.—Plasterers' Union has prepared a new wage scale to take effect the first of May. The union shop and increased wages are demanded.

NON-UNION PAINTERS PUT OFF JOB ON STANDS

Two non-union painters of Baltimore were brought to this city by the National Electric Supply Co. of Baltimore, general contractors, to work on the reviewing stands on Pennsylvania Avenue known as the Court of States, but through the efforts of Mr. H. D. Digney, business agent of the Painters, these men were stopped and union painters of this city substituted. A clause in the contracts for the stands calls for union labor.

C. L. U. ADOPTS RESOLUTIONS FAVORING DAYLIGT MOVEMENT

Among other business transacted by the Central Labor Union at its meeting last Monday night was the adoption of resolutions in favor of the movement for more daylight. The resolutions follow:

"Whereas, There is a movement to set all clocks forward one hour on May 1st and retard them one hour on October 1st, thereby saving one hour of daylight, and

"Whereas, This plan has been adopted by many foreign countries and by a number of cities of our own country and has proven a great benefit to the people and has resulted in the saving of money; now therefore be it

"Resolved, That it be and is the sense of the Central Labor Union that this movement for more daylight is a desirable one and that the Central Labor Union is heartily in favor of the movement. And be it further

"Resolved, That a copy of this resolution be forwarded to the National Daylight Saving Association, 601 Munsey building, Washington, D. C."

PORTO RICO ILLUSTRATED.

The Church of the United Brethren in Christ, corner of North Capitol and R streets, was packed last Sunday evening to listen to an illustrated address on Porto Rico, "The Isle of Enchantment," by F. C. Roberts, former labor commissioner of Porto Rico.

The lecturer showed many historical forts besides beautiful pictures of the island, which no doubt warranted the claim made by many that the island is the most beautiful of all the West Indies Islands. Mr. Roberts in his lecture described it as "the most lovely of all those regions of loveliness which are washed by the Caribbean Sea."

After the lecture many in the church congratulated the speaker on the manner in which he portrayed the history, social and economic conditions of the island.

Mr. Roberts has had a number of requests to deliver the lectures elsewhere, and will very likely go on the lecture platform in order that the American people may know something about Uncle Sam's "baby possession."

Porto Rican labor leaders have written Mr. Roberts thanking him for enlightening the people of the States upon the true labor conditions in the island.

GLAZIERS' STRIKE SETTLED.

Boston, March 1.—Organized glaziers have secured an agreement with local plate glass firms after a year's strike. Wages are increased, working conditions improved and the union is recognized.

PAPER HANGERS RAISE WAGES.

Salem, Ohio, March 1.—Paper hangers have raised wages 25 cents a day, making the new rate $3.50. Painters have raised wages from 55 to 60 cents an hour.

CARPENTERS ORGANIZE.

Masontown, Pa., March 1.—Carpenters at this place have organized and affiliated to the Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners.

"MOVIE" OPERATORS HOLD BALL TONIGHT

Tonight (Friday) the Motion Picture Operators will celebrate their sixth annual grand ball. From the advance workings of the committee, headed by M. Morris, it is claimed the ball will be a success, and that this year will be a banner year.

Roscoe "Fatty" Arbuckle, world's greatest comedian, late of Keystone Film Co., who has signed a contract to play in pictures for the renowned film corporation known as the Paramount Films, will be in Washington March 2, as the guest of George M. Mann, manager of the eastern offices of the Paramount Film Co. Arrangements have been made, and Roscoe "Fatty" Arbuckle will be guest at the ball of the Movie Operators, and one grand time is expected.

Dancing will begin 9 p.m. and continue until 2 a.m., while the roosters are crowing good luck, and many prosperous years. The reception committee, consisting of Brothers L. B. Isaac, Frank N. Mitchell and Walter W. Bush, wish to announce that a grand time will be rendered to all.

"MOVIE" OPERATORS WIN.

New Orleans, March 1.—Motion Picture Operators' Union No. 293 has signed contracts with six of the largest picture houses in this city, following a vigorous campaign against non-union houses.

STREET CAR EMPLOYES PROFIT BY UNIONISM

Detroit, March 1.—President Mahon of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employes of America has published this summary of gains last year:

"Thirty-one divisions have been established and put in good working order, with an increase of over 7,000 new members to the association. Wages have been increased for over 70,000 members, ranging from 1 to 6 cents an hour. Even in places where we were unable to completely establish our association and properly enroll the membership, wages have increased; for instance, in New York city, where the struggle is still on, the men have received an increase of 4 cents an hour. The total increase of the established locals for the year (not considering places like New York city that are not yet permanently organized) amount to over $5,000,000.

"The benefits paid by the organization to its membership during the year exceed anything in the history of the association. The local divisions have disbursed $221,269.50 for sick and death benefits, while the international association has paid in death, disability and strike benefits $569,333.77, making a total of $790,603.27 paid during the year by the entire association. This means there has been expended in benefits by the association during the year $2,166.04 each day, or $90.25 for every hour and a fraction over $1.50 for every minute. In addition to these benefits there have been many improvements in the way of shorter hours and better working conditions established for our members."

HUGH DORAN IS DEAD.

Chicago, March 1.—Hugh Doran, veteran trade unionist, is dead, aged about seventy-two years. Deceased was one of the "old guard" in the organized labor movement. In 1891 he was elected a member of the first general executive board of the International Association of Machinists, and, with the exception of one year, continued in that office until 1911.

ELECTRICAL WORKERS STRIKE.

Wilkes-Barre, Pa., March 1.—Organized electrical workers are on strike to enforce a wage increase of 50 cents a day. About 100 have suspended work.

LABOR LOSES ITS FIGHT FOR REFERENDUM

House Makes Washington "Dry", by 273 to 137 Vote, Beginning November 1.

Organized labor lost its fight for the referendum on the question of prohibition for the District of Columbia on Wednesday evening, when the House, by a 273-to-137 vote, a majority of 136, passed the Sheppard "dry" bill. The measure, already approved by the Senate, now requires only the signature of the President to make it a law.

The "wets" made an effort to force the "drys" into an acceptance of a "bone dry" substitute, which also contained a referendum clause, but this was defeated by a vote of 171 to 232.

At midnight on Wednesday, October 31 next, the bill provides, the saloons in the District shall close their doors.

This will mean the closing of 264 retail liquor establishments, ninety-one wholesale stores and four breweries. It will put out of employment 2,200 persons directly connected with the business, besides countless hundreds indirectly associated.

Under the terms of the bill the manufacture and sale of liquors or the gift of liquors are forbidden in the District after November 1. The bill does not prohibit the importation of liquors for personal use. The District excise board will be abolished on the date the act goes into effect.

President Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, and the Central Labor Union have lead the fight for a referendum on the question of prohibition for the District, but it is apparent their efforts and protests have been in vain. At the last meeting of the C. L. U., on Monday night, the following resolutions favoring a referendum were adopted:

"Whereas, There is pending in the House of Representatives a bill known as the Sheppard-Barkley prohibition bill, which has for its object prohibition in the District of Columbia, and

"Whereas, The Central Labor Union, representing between twenty and thirty thousand members of organized labor, affiliated to the American Federation of Labor, has always opposed measures of this character, and stands recorded as favoring a referendum on this question, and

"Whereas, The Sheppard-Barkley bill has developed the following facts:

"1st That a petition containing the names of 47,000 male residents of the District of Columbia of voting age, was presented to the Senate, when the bill was under discussion, as a protest against prohibition and advocating the referendum.

"2nd That the Chamber of Commerce and the Board of Trade with a membership, respectively, of 800 and 1,500 representative business men of this city, with many other civic bodies here, have recorded themselves as favoring the referendum.

"3rd That at two great mass meetings, held at the National and Poli's Theaters, March 3, 1916, and January 7, 1917, resolutions were adopted favoring a referendum on this bill.

"4th That The Washington Post, The Washington Herald, The Washington Times and The Trades Unionist (the latter being the official organ of organized labor) have indorsed and stand recorded as favoring the referendum.

"5th That President Wilson when Governor of New Jersey, in response to an inquiry as to his attitude on the liquor question, stated as follows: 'I am in favor of local option; I am a thorough believer in local self-government.'

"6th That ex-President Taft in an address before the Bar Association of Boston, December 28, 1914, said: 'If national prohibition legislation is passed, local self-government would be destroyed, and if you destroy local self-government, you destroy one of the things which go to make for a healthy condition of the national government," and

"Whereas, The authorities herein quoted and facts mentioned represents the crystalization of public opinion in the Capital City of the Nation, therefore be it

"Resolved, That we, the representatives of organized labor in meeting assembled urgently and respectfully request the members of the House of Representatives to grant the people of the District of Columbia the privilege of a referendum on the Sheppard- Barkley bill before passing on the same, and be it further

"Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be sent immediately to the Speaker of the House, the chairman of the Rules Committee and chairman of the Committee on the District of Columbia and a copy be furnished the press."

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF LABEL TRADES UNION COUNCIL WASHINGTON D.C. FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., MARCH 2, 1917.

The weather man forecasts a bad day for March 5, but we hope he has erred just a little and that the parade may be viewed under sun light.

A combination of Germans, Japs and Mexicans would be a hard proposition to manage, and it is very doubtful if this trio could ever "conquer" the Yankees.

The Federal Reserve Banks last year increased their resources by 166 per cent. At this rate the institution in a few years will be a worthy rival of the Bank of England.

The D. C. National Guard arriving in time for the parade Monday are, no doubt, glad to get another look at the Capital, and it is our sincere hope that they will not have to be called upon soon again to serve their country.

It is, indeed, gratifying to know that the efforts of the Federal Employes' Union in securing wage increases for District and government employes have not been in vain. This shows the worth of organization work in obtaining necessities.

Not much has been done to help reduce the high cost of living and every day we read of one or the other necessities of life soaring still higher, while we read few paragraphs regarding any reduction in price. Hogs were quoted at $13.35 a hundred pounds the other day, the highest yet.

Since the war began German shipyards have built tonnage totaling three-quarters of a million. Official dispatches to the United States government say that not only are all German shipping companies preparing for a resumption of business after the war, but the German canal system is being improved and structural improvements are being made in the harbors of Bremen, Stettin and Hamburg.

UNION LABOR BEST IN LONG RUN.

The blame for the increase in the cost of living, and particularly of those articles in the production of which skilled labor enters, has often been placed upon organized labor by union-hating employers.

Although it is true that union labor, because of its skill and efficiency reduces the cost of production below that in which non-union labor is employed, there is usually some one who is ready to deny that fact and cite examples from "practical experience" in an attempt to prove their claim.

Therefore, when a firm comes forward in defense of the economic superiority of union over non-union labor we cannot resist the opportunity to reproduce its endorsement for the edification of our readers.

There is a firm in Portland, Oregon, under the name of Houghtaling & Dougan, architects and engineers, one of the members of which recently wrote a letter to a citizen of that city relative to union vs. non-union labor, as follows:

"Dear Sir—I believe that interesting data may be compiled from architects' cost records, which will be of great assistance to you and a powerful logical argument favorable to the union.

"Recently we opened contractors' bids on a 100x100 two-story and basement brick and mill constructed building. Twenty-one contractors submitted bids, the general average of all bids being $20,233. The general average of the nine non-union contractors was $20,945, and the general average of the twelve union contractors was $19,521, or a general average of $1,444 in favor of the union contractors. Also the nine lowest bids on the job were union.

"Open-shop contractors have taken it upon themselves to interview prospective landlords in favor of open shop, claiming that if union labor is employed the work would cost 10 per cent to 20 per cent more. These statements are decidedly false and misleading, as above figures and other figures we can produce on other work prove.

"Judging from observations and figures it is evident that the only reason for contractors being non-union is to enrich themselves at the expense of the mechanics on the work who, of course, are inferior workmen. The owner pays as much if not more for the work, gets an inferior building, and the contractor derives more profit, or at least thinks he does, which is a disputed question. In any case it is the owner and the mechanics who get the worst of it. Very truly yours,

"C. A. HOUGHTALING."

This example of "practical experience" of the Portland firm with both classes of labor could no doubt be duplicated many times if employers would only tell about them. The strength of union labor lies more in its control over skill and efficiency than it does in mere numbers. And that is the secret of its wonderful success.

"CAN'T-STRIKE" LAW FIRST SLAVERY STEP

San Francisco, March 1.—"Shall California Labor Be Free or Slave?" is the title of a pamphlet issued by the state federation of labor against a "can't-strike" law pending in the state legislature.

The measure is intended to apply to public utilities and prohibits strikes until fifteen days after a dispute has been finally dealt with by a board. No limit is placed upon the duration of the inquiry.

In opposing this bill the unionists make these strong points:

"Public rights cannot be based upon individual wrongs.

"The public interest cannot supersede the individual interest where the personal liberty of the individual is concerned.

"No given number of men, however large, can enslave a single man for their own purposes, however important these may be.

"The individual right to quit work, considered by itself, is merely the right to look for another job. Individual rights are valuable in proportion as they may be exercised collectively.

"To say that under the proposed measure men may quit work individually but may not do so collectively is to play upon words, to offer the shadow and deny the substance of right.

"Labor in the United States is absolutely free to strike, and that freedom must be maintained. To surrender that freedom is to go backward toward the era of slavery, to retrace the long steps of mankind in the long struggle for human freedom. Assembly bill No. 538 is but a small step, it may be, but it is a step in the wrong direction. It is the first step that counts in all cases.

"The right to quit work is the one thing that most clearly differentiates the freeman from the slave. The man who is forced to work when he wishes to quit is by that fact reduced to a state of slavery.

"The argument of public convenience, if carried to its logical conclusion, would lead to the virtual enslavement of certain classes of labor for the benefit of other classes. Ultimately it would lead to the enslavement of all classes of labor and the destruction of free society.

"A strike undertaken merely to vindicate the right to strike would be a tragedy. Shall the legislature force this condition upon the people, or shall it maintain the people's liberties as the fundamental condition of public interest and social progress?"

STATE A BAD EMPLOYER.

Albany, N. Y., March 1.—The state of New York, far from being a model employer, is a persistent violator of its own laws for the protection of workers, according to a report by the state industrial commission. The conditions described affect 2,187 state workers. A large number of employes in the capitol building are suffering from eye strain and other ailments readily traceable to bad lighting and defective sanitation in that $29,000,000 structure.

"Were these 2,187 men and women employed in any factory in the state, their working conditions would not be tolerated for a moment," the report says. "The proprietors of the factories would be served with 314 orders to ameliorate conditions, from safeguarding machinery, improving sanitation, installing better lighting, and repairing elevators, to equipping their plants with means of exit required under the law for the protection of their workers in the case of fire or panic."

FAVOR MORE PUBLICITY.

Indianapolis, March 1.—Officers of the Brotherhood of Firemen and Enginemen have started a publicity campaign to offset what is declared the successful efforts of Wall street representatives of the railroads to prejudice the great mass of the American people against the brotherhoods in their shorter work-day demand.

Bulletins will be issued and furnished in lots to members and lodges at actual cost for distribution in the various communities.

"If every member will do his part in our publicity campaign," it is stated, "the millions of dollars expended by the railroads in purchasing newspaper space will have availed them but little advantage."

FACTORY DEATHS REDUCED.

Philadelphia, March 1.—Safety devices and safety-first instruction in local factories have reduced fatal accidents 50 per cent in January of this year, as compared with the same month last year. Factory inspectors have ordered the installation of 170,000 guards and 10,000 other safety appliances. It is stated that the pressure of the compensation law has done marvelous things in safeguarding the workers. In 1911, before the compensation law was passed, only 418 safety appliances were installed. Last year there were nearly 180,000.

LABOR PARTY SPLIT; UNIONS ARE INTACT

Adelaide, South Australia, March 1.—In summing up Australian labor conditions during the past year, the Daily Herald indicates that while the trade union movement has lost many members on European battlefields, and has made few industrial gains because of the war, it remains intact.

On the political field disaster is recorded as a result of the referendum vote on the question of conscription. Although forced enlistment was defeated by the people of this continent, it "was the immediate cause of the split in the Labor party."

"In glancing back at 1916," continues this paper, "laborites have to admit a black year. It opened full of promise. It closed in something very like disaster. January saw a united party in possession of the commonwealth government, and with an assured majority in each house. December sees it split into fragments, and with no effective control over either the administration or the legislation of Australia. Concurrently labor has lost ground in the states. In New South Wales, in Western Australia, and in Tasmania democratic governments have been replaced by conservative combinations. In South Australia the spirit of cohesion has been lost. Victoria still sees labor in opposition and somewhat weakened by defections. In Queensland the standard of democracy is still flying. Seldom has there been such a disintegration in a great party—all the more remarkable in that it is not the result of a popular revulsion at the polls.

"In seeking the cause for this laborites are led irresistibly to the war. Perhaps we who are passing through the cataclysm hardly understand its true meaning."

DIVIDED ON SOCIAL INSURANCE

Boston, March 1.—In its report to the legislature the special commission on social insurance has made twelve separate recommendations on old-age pensions, health insurance, unemployment insurance and hours of labor in continuous industries.

Three members report that while there may at some time be a necessity for establishing an old-age pension system, it has not yet been shown. One member suggests that if the income tax law recently enacted uncovers intangible property sufficient in amount to bear the burden, noncontributory pensions should be adopted. Another member favors old-age pensions "if it can be financed without too greatly increasing the burden of taxation," while three members advocate the immediate establishment of a noncontributory system.

TO PROTECT SETTLERS.

The House has passed Senate bill No. 5,899, which provides punishment for those who make false representation to purchasers of land. This legislation is intended to put an end to the lurid claims of land agents.

SEAMEN'S STRIKE ENDS.

Boston, March 1.—The Eastern Steamship Company has adjusted differences with the Seamen's Union and the strike of these workers has ended.

ESTABLISHED 1865 — 51 YEARS IN BUSINESS

World's Best Prepared Cocktails

$1 a Bottle — Only at

CHRISTIAN XANDER'S

909 7th Street, Northwest. — No Branch Houses. Phone M. 274

CORBY'S YEAST

Leaves nothing to guess-work.
Its purity and strength are uniform.
Every baker knows what that means.
Send for samples.

THE CORBY COMPANY

STATION K. — WASHINGTON, D. C.

Representative Houses

OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

BANKS

NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burglar-proof vaults; acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth Street and New York Avenue.

WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee, etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK. A bank for the working people. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account. Ninth and G Sts. N. W.

UNION SAVINGS BANK. Commercial accounts. Three per cent interest on savings accounts. The oldest savings bank in Washington.

MICHAEL T. GREENE
Liquors and Cigars. 639 D St. N. W.

STONER'S BAR AND RESTAURANT
The, G. Stoner. 206 Seventh St. S. W.

J. CHAS. McGUIRE'S BUFFET
Federal Seal Whiskey. 519 Ninth St. N. W.

O'KEEFE'S BUFFET
P. J. O'Keefe, Prop. 904 Pa. Ave. N. W.

GLAVIN'S BUFFET
ED. J. GLAVIN 309 G Street Northwest

FRANK'S BUFFET
Fourth and G Sts. N. W. Phone M. 5572.

DAVID WALSH'S BUFFET
407 10th Street N. W.

E. E. FARLEY'S BUFFET
415 13th Street N. W.

J. J. O'DONNELL'S BUFFET
333 Penn. Avenue S. E.

HARRY'S BUFFET
631 Penn. Ave. S. E. Phone Lin. 1843

MACHINIST
G. W. FORSBERG, formerly with Forsberg & Murray, Elevators, Boilers. Eighth and Water Sts. S. W. Main 742.

GROCER AND COFFEE ROASTER
SOMERSET R. WATERS, 1342 7th St. N. W.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
RALSTON & RICHARDSON, Evans Building, 1420 New York Avenue.

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.
SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (Inc.), Soda Water, Syrups, etc. 1066 Wis. Ave. N. W.

PHOTO SUPPLIES
E. J. PULLMAN. Developing and Finishing for Amateurs a Specialty. 420 9th St. N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS
MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Ave. N. W. Our Specialty, Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

FIRE INSURANCE
FIREMEN'S INSURANCE COMPANY, Seventh Street and Louisiana Avenue.

DRY GOODS
WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings. Hosiery, a Specialty. 806-808 H St. N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

UNDERTAKERS
J. WILLIAM LEE
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY
332 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.
W. H. BUTLER CO., 607-9 C St. N. W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT
NATIONAL MORTAR CO., 1st and M N.E.
COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING CO., 3036 K Street.

DRUGGISTS
CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth St. and Virginia Ave. S. E.
DAY & CO. 5th and G Sts. N.W. 14th and P N.W., 20th and R. I. Ave. N.E.
QUIGLEY, Druggist, 21st and G Sts. N.W.
A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner 7th and P Streets N. W. N. 2372.

Building Trades Headquarters Sixth and G Sts. N. W
Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rates

WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES, TOBACCO. — COSTELLO BROS

JOS. A. WILNER & CO.

UNION CUSTOM TAILORS

Cor. 8th and G Sts. N.W.

Your Pattern of Table China

—May Be Included
—In Our Clearance
—Sale of Discontinued
—Patterns and

A Saving of From 20 to 50 Per Cent Realized

We're closing out more than a half dozen patterns of imported china that we are unable to replace. In view of the greatly increased values of china, these price savings are exceptionally noteworthy.

Dulin & Martin Co.
Pottery, Lamps, China, Glass, Silver, &c.
1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St.

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY
Equitable Life Insurance Co.
of the District of Columbia
THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.
Issues Ordinary and Industrial
Wm. A. Bennett, 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.
EQUITABLE BLD'G. 816 14th ST., N. W.

CELTIC CLUB WHISKEY
Our Specialty
Never Changes. Accept No Substitute
Once Tried You'll Always Use It.
Ports and Sherries for family use, Quarts, 50 and 75 cents. All makes of Beer. Leading brands of Cigars. Ales and Porters on draught the year round.
D. J. O'CONNOR
New Jersey Ave. and G Sts. N.W.

Saks & Company
MEN'S and BOYS' OUTFITTERS
Pa. Ave. & 7th St. Wash., D. C.
Specialists in Apparel for Men and Boys.

Clothes, Hats and Shoes
The Bieber-Kaufman Co.
901-909 Eighth St. S. E.
Down by the Navy Yard
Washington, D. C.

BUTLER'S RHEUMATIC and GOUT REMEDY.
A KIDNEY AND HEART TONIC
Manufactured Since 1872 By
BUTLER & FIELD
Third and Indiana Ave. N. W.
Price 50c a bottle. 6 for $2.50
For Sale By Druggists.

CUTICLE BALSAM FOR CHAPPED HANDS, LIPS, Etc.
Weller's Cuticle Balsam is a skillful combination of the heating properties of benzoin, eucalyptus, etc. Can be used on the most delicate or sensitive skin on any and all occasions and leaves the skin, soft, smooth and white.
Weller's Cuticle Balsam is the perfection of neatness and cleanliness. There is no stickiness nor greasiness; it is quickly absorbed, leaving no visible trace, so that gloves may be worn immediately after its use.
Manufactured and for sale by
WELLER'S DRUG STORE
8th & Eye Sts. S.E. 36th & M N.W.

FIREPROOF
CONSTRUCTION
Hammett Fire Proofing Company
301-302-303 Wilkins Bldg.
Phone Main 3337.

Bell Brand Union-Made
COLLARS and SHIRTS
LARGE ASSORTMENT
T. HOLLANDER
North Capitol and H Streets

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

Charles H. Rockwell, temporary compositor.

Edward E. Connor, probational compositor.

Wade H. Fairfax, temporary unskilled laborer.

Henry O. Bryant, probational skilled laborer, reinstated.

John D. Powers, pressman, reinstated.

Separations.

Mrs. Margaret T. Totten, pressfeeder, resigned.

Stephen T. Dale, caster helper, resigned.

James R. Alford, proofreader, resigned.

Vincent J. Hart, messenger boy, resigned.

Miss Edna Parsons, machine operator.

Fred C. Chase, compositor.

Edward Pulliam, John J. Fitzgibbon, Sterling C. Ansley, skilled laborers, resigned.

Theodore E. Mullican, temporary electrician.

Joseph I. Keefer, William C. Jordan, Joseph B. O'Neal, Samuel H. Bates, James P. Hunter, Henry T. McConvey, John E. Wayson, Alpheus Sholl, temporary compositors.

George C. Hollomand and Revy M. Jackson, temporary skilled laborers.

Misses Mary M. Stephenson, Maude L. Wagner, Helen B. Barrett, Madeline C. Simpson, Mary E. Winston, temporary skilled laborers.

George F. Mellis, William F. Berger, Alonzo B. Thomson, J. Raymond Ward, temporary pressmen.

Transfers, etc.

James B. M. Dulin, helper, 40 cents per hour, to helper, 50 cents per hour, press division.

Walter A. Clarke, laborer, $626 per annum, office of superintendent of documents, to skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour, engineer's section.

Harold L. Keys, skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour, to oiler, 30 cents per hour, engineer's section.

William J. Graham, oiler, 30 cents per hour, engineer's section, to helper, 30 cents per hour, monotype section.

Raymond A. Carroll, temporary messenger boy, 15 cents per hour, office of superintendent of work, to probationary messenger boy, $375 per annum, office of superintendent of documents.

Joseph F. Caltabiano, temporary messenger boy, 15 cents per hour, pamphlet binding section, to probationary messenger boy, $375 per annum, office of superintendent of documents.

William T. Windsor, messenger boy, $420 per annum, to messenger boy, $500 per annum, office of superintendent of documents.

Robert E. Wine, messenger boy, $375 per annum, to messenger boy, $420 per annum, office of superintendent of documents.

G.P.O.COMMENT

The many friends of Charles A. Morgan (night proofroom) are glad to learn that he is slowly regaining his health, after an illness of several months.

James H. Ross (day proofroom) lost his wife through death during the week. Mr. Ross has the sympathy of many friends in the G. P. O. in his bereavement.

The announcement of Andrew L. Huss' candidacy for I. T. U. delegate last week was rather premature. Mr. Huss has decided not to run.

J. A. Hennesy (day proofroom) has published, through Funk & Wagnalls, a vest pocket edition of "Grammar Dictionary," a book that points out the pitfalls of bad grammar and gives help to those who need a better knowledge of the use of English. The book has been well received, and Mr. Hennesy is being congratulated on his initial effort in bookdom.

Uriel C. Hays (mono keyboard, night) is convalescing from an operation he underwent recently at a hospital.

The G. P. O. is in gala attire for the inauguration. The decorations in the various divisions of the office are a riot of color, but neat and decorative in effect.

Charles B. Yater (mono keyboard, night) has the sympathy of many friends in the death of his wife, which occurred during the past week.

J. W. McCann (day proofroom) is reported sick at his home.

Doran McCarthy of the Star is mentioned as a possible candidate for delegate to the I. T. U.

Considerable of the artistic effect in the inaugural decorations in the hand section (Wilson's room) is due to the effort of Charles L. Nace, who, in addition to being a good printer, combines the principle of designing and decorating with the taste of an artist.

E. E. ("Ike") Wear, late of the linotype section, G. P. O., died in New York Tuesday of tuberculosis. Mr. Wear had been in poor health for the past five years, having been a resident of the Printers' Home for about a year, going to the Home from New York City. Returning about a year ago, Mr. Wear was employed in the G. P. O., only giving up when weakness compelled him. He represented Columbia Typographical Union at Birmingham, in 1901, and was prominent in the councils of the Union for a number of years.

Funeral services were held at Surgeon's undertaking parlors at 1 p.m. Friday, followed by military services at Arlington.

Many former comrades of Mr. Wear, members of the Spanish War Veterans, including Grand Commander D. V. Chisholm, Comrades Eugene F. Smith, J. E. Maynard and others participated in the services at Arlington, full honors due a soldier being accorded to the late comrade.

EARNS 83 PER CENT.

New York, March 1.—The Pacific Mail Steamship Company last year earned 83 per cent on its investment of $1,030,000 in the operation of its Panama fleet of steamers, according to the annual report to stockholders, just made public.

This is the company that "was driven out of the Pacific trade because of the seamen's act." It was later shown that the company sold the steamships Mongolia, Manchuria, Siberia, Korea and China to the International Mercantile Marine Company, not because of the seamen's law, but because of fabulous prices. Pacific Mail then purchased the Venezuela, the Colombia and the Ecuador. These vessels have been converted to oil-burning craft to admit of greater economies of operation and huge dividends on the venture have silenced newspapers that joined in the howl against the seamen's law in the hope that a frightened Congress would repeal the statute.

PROVE DISCRIMINATION.

Springfield, Mo., March 1.—While a conference failed to settle the strike of motormen and conductors against the Springfield Traction Company because of victimization, the claims of these unionists were clearly proven. When the conference was called the company asked that the proceedings be secret, but President Mahon of the Amalgamated Association of Street Car Men refused.

It was then shown that the company hired men to secretly work with employes. The company acknowledged this, but refused to state who these men are. The strikers replied that the favoritism shown to certain employes answers their question.

OPPOSE NIGHT WORK.

San Francisco, March 1.—Bakery Wagon Drivers' Union is attempting to abolish the night delivery of bread and has included daylight delivery in its new wage agreement.

FAVOR STATE INSURANCE.

Boston, March 1.—In its report to the legislature the joint special committee on workmen's compensation insurance rates and accident prevention recommends that workmen's compensation insurance, heretofore transacted by stock and mutual companies, and by the so-called state company, be hereafter limited to the state company, thus excluding all stock and mutual companies from this business.

Figures are quoted showing that since the operation of the compensation act $3,500,000 has been paid in agents' commissions and other expenses. The figures show that it has cost 66 2-3 cents to carry a dollar through the stock company system from employer to the employe, while the cost under the state company has been but 14 cents.

The committee has prepared a bill for approval by the legislature which requires that the Massachusetts Employes' Insurance Association (the state company) devote its activities to the writing of workmen's compensation insurance.

PRINTING TRADES GAIN.

Seattle, Wash., March 1.—The joint wage movement of the Allied Printing Trades Council has raised wages 25 cents a day, and in some cases higher rates are assured. A joint contract, including all affiliates but the pressmen, has been signed.

TEAMSTERS' WAGES RAISED.

Waco, Tex., March 1.—The city commission has granted the request of the Teamsters' union and raised wages of municipal drivers 25 cents a day.

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1 Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.

M. J. DUNNIGAN, President.....2007 14 Street N.W.
JOHN G. WOLFE, Vice-President.1023 N. J. Ave. N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W

TRUSTEES

Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E.
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E.
Thos. L. Nevins.....504 Maine Avenue S. W.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe,.....1023 N. J. Ave. N. W
J. McElfresh,.....
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E.
A. Tenley.....964 Florida Ave. N. W.
M. Sullivan.....5631-2 15 St. S. E.

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.

Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ARBITRATION COMMITTEE.

M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W.
M. A. Wolfe,.....418 F St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. E.
Joseph Harding.....210 13 St. S. W.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....2006 2nd St. N. W
R. Pumphrey.....223 Q St. N. W.
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W.
Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. W

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Av.e
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Capitol St.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L St. S. W.

DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.

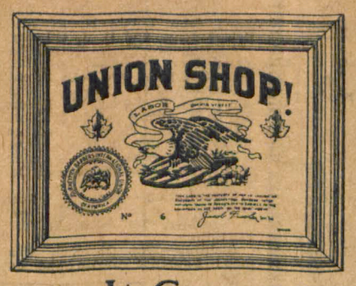
John Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave.
William Pollard.....522 14th St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

Business Opportunity

JOB PRINTING OFFICE—Twenty-one years in present location; abundance of type; 3 presses; motor; cutting machine, etc.; steady trade without soliciting; fullest participating investigation invited; good will worth more than price asked. Address P. S. L., Trades Unionist.

WASHINGTON BREWERY CO.
IMPERIAL EXPORT
A really fine beer

Look for the
UNION SHOP CARD



It gives our members a Shorter Work day *and* Sunday Rest
It Guarantees to You
CLEANLINESS *and* EXPERT SERVICE

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, F. S. Radman, 134 7th Street N.E.

Bakery Salemen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 997 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at Moose Hall, Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sundays in each month at 2 p.m., Painters' Hall, 6th and G Sts. N.W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N.W.

Blacksmiths and Helpers, Local 217, International Brotherhood of: Meets first and third Monday of each month at 650 Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, C. A. Chism, 418 Tenth street northeast.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. F. Miller, 19 Quincy Place northwest.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets first and third Sunday of the month at the Secretary, T. Guiffre, 908 Pennsylvania avenue Moose Hall, Seventh and G Street Northwest. nue northwest.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 48: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E street southeast.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G Street N. W.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles' Hall. Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 520 Rhode Island Ave. N. E.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhau, 737 10th St. n. e.

Chauffeurs and Hack Drivers Union, Local No. 115: Meets the first and third Saturday of each month, G. A. R. Building, 1412 Pa. Ave. Secretary-Treasurer, Kirk C. Sipher, Room 25, 945 Pa. Ave. northwest.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wassaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Twelfth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15. 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3800 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Paperhangers Hall, 430 Ninth Street N. W., second and fourth Thursdays of the month. Secretary, Edw. B. Finch, 38 P Street N. E.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets every Friday, at 8:00 p.m. Hall, S. E. Cor. Tenth and Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, Jas. P. Lahey, 816 5th street northeast.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and B Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hisle, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Employes' Union No. 14632: Meets second Friday of each month, Perpetual Building Association Hall. Secretary, W. M. Lynch, 409 A. F. of L. Building.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Watchmen's Union No. 14964: Secretary, Jas. H. Reed, Cor. Sec., 1228 B street southwest.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, John T. Bowers, Twentieth and Twenty-first and L and M streets northwest.

Ice Cream Wagon Drivers and Helpers' Union, Local No. 111: Meets second and fourth Tuesdays at Typographical Temple, 425 G street northwest. Secretary-Treasurer, J. Neff Cline, 1211 North Capitol street.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Avenue S. E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 Twelfth St. N. E.

Laborers' Protective Union, No. 15037: Meets the second Tuesday of each month at the Cadets' Armory, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, E. E. McCormick, 1403 South Capitol street.

Laundry Workers, Local No. 110: Meets first Friday in each month at Winslow's Hall, 12 and R streets northwest. Secretary, Moten Jefferson, 550 Twenty-fourth street northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, W. N. Huttel, 1430 A St. N. E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday, 1204 Pa. Ave. N. W. Secretary, E. H. Fulton, Barcroft, Va.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. F. McDonnell.

Mill Workers Local No. 1694: Meets every Tuesday at Painters' Hall, 704 Sixth street northwest. Secretary, Robt. Reichard, 1720 Thirty-fourth street northwest.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third 2665. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Bus. Agt.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 922 Pa. Ave. N. W. Phone M. 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets second Sunday and fourth Friday in each month. Secretary, Albert Bridges 210 L st. s. e.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 420: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m. Secretary, J. A. Whitecar, 2209 Minnesota Ave. S. E.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Raymond R. Burrows, Clarendon, Va.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Robt. J. Barrett, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 320 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressmen, No. 1: Meets fourth Monday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N.E.

Railway Carmen, Pride of Potomac Lodge, No. 313, Brotherhood of: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F streets northeast, first and third Tuesdays. Secretary, L. H. Taylor, 706 Seventh street northeast.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custodian and Janitor, 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, W. P. Cannon, 408 Twelfth St. S. E.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe. 326 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. F. Hickman, 518 Sixth St. N. W.

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 48: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Mrs. H. B. Tritipoe, 1787 Willard street N. W., Apt. 20.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10.30 a. m. and 8.30 p. m. Secretary, G. W. Calderhead, Room 412 Wash. Loan and Trust Building.

The High School Teachers' Union of Washington, D. C., No. 8: Meets in the Music Room of the New Central High School at 3.30 p. m. the second Tuesday in the months of October, December, February, and May. Secretary, G. J. Jones, Central High School.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle. 1052 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 750 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Fridays, Typographical Temple. Secretary, L. M. Green, Langdon, D. C.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: International Secretary-Treasurer, Jas. E. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G St. N. W. Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth St. N. W.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF UNITED BREWERY WORKMEN OF AMERICA
Union MADE Beer Ale AND Porter
COPYRIGHT & TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1903
THIS IS OUR LABEL.

VOTE
Against Prohibition
DEMAND
Personal Liberty
IN CHOOSING WHAT YOU WILL DRINK
ASK FOR THIS LABEL WHEN PURCHASING BEER, ALE OR PORTER.
As A Guarantee That It Is Union Made.

FREEDOM IS ASSURED WORKERS OF MEXICO

Copies of the constitution of the Republic of Mexico, adopted by a delegate convention at Queratero, Mexico, last month, have been received at the headquarters of the American Federation of Labor.

The new organic act of the Mexican people will prove an eye-opener to "can't-strike" advocates in the United States, who insist that employes should surrender their right to cease work if the public is inconvenienced. The Mexican constitutional convention has rejected this theory and has taken the most advanced position of any nation in the world on the question of the rights of the workers to strike. The constitution recognizes the right of workers to strike and employers to lock out their workers. Even government employes may strike, but in this case a ten-day notice must be given to the commission of conciliation and arbitration.

Strikes cannot be declared illegal because of violence done by individual strikers or small groups of strikers. Before a strike can be declared illegal violence by a majority of the strikers must be committed against property or persons, or, in case of war, if the strikers are employed in government establishments.

Reports of the personnel of this convention, received at A. F. of L. headquarters, state that probably one-third of the delegates were trade unionists and that the entire delegation from the state of Yucatan were members of organized labor.

GAINS BY GARMENT WORKERS.

Cincinnati, March 1.—Ladies' Garment Workers' Union is enforcing its demand for improved conditions. The largest local employer has signed the new contract, as has several other concerns. Some of the employers say they will send their work out of the city, but the strikers are not alarmed at htis regulation threat.

Toronto, Ontario, March 1.—Ladies' Garment Workers' Union is conducting a successful campaign for higher wages and shorter hours. Many shops have accepted the forty-four-hour week basis. Others wanted forty-six and one-half hours, but the workers were resolute and their demand has been agreed to, as is wage increases. All work done after 5:45 p.m. shall be considered overtime, which shall not exceed over six hours a week. Week workers get time and one-half for overtime.

IMPORTANT WORK; LOW PAY.

Philadelphia, March 1.—Trade unionists are waiting for "the public" to rise en masse against the low wages paid by this city for important work.

A local daily newspaper shows that:

"For fifteen years the city has paid a college graduate $600 a year to observe the tides.

"Two men on whose shoulders rests the responsibility of accounting for all supplies bought for the city are day laborers at $3 a day.

"A trained nurse receives $480 a year as matron at a city institution.

"Thirty-six men who guard the purity of the city's water supply are paid day laborers' wages.

"One hundred and fourteen scrubwomen, in many cases widows of men who gave their lives for the city, are paid $250 a year; or, at most, $25 a month."

OVERTIME FOR DREDGE MEN.

The reclamation service of the federal Department of the Interior has adopted the following rule to form the basis for overtime payments to steam shovel and dredge men:

"Time and one-half for all overtime, except when moving or digging with machines on Sundays or holidays, which shall be paid for at the rate of double time; the following holidays to be observed: New Year's day, Memorial day, Fourth of July, Labor day, Thanksgiving day and Christmas.

"The foregoing rule shall be understood to apply to engineers, firemen and cranemen employed on steam shovels and hydraulic dredges, and in order that payments may be made in accordance therewith this rule shall be incorporated in the contracts for employment."

ALLEGED LABOR BODY SCORED.

New York, March 1.—In opposing the constabulary and compulsory health insurance bills, introduced in the state assembly by Senator Mills, Frank X. Sullivan, counsel for the state federation of labor, told delegates to the Central Federated Union that these bills, if passed, would injure trade unions and that Senator Mills had had that object in framing them. He asserted that both measures originated in the American Society for Labor Legislation, "financed and backed by such plutocrats as Rockefeller."

PORTO RICANS TO BE CITIENS OF AMERICA

The Senate passed the Porto Rican citizenship and civil government bill after rejecting all property qualifications. The bill has passed the House.

For the first general election voters shall be recognized as they now are under the laws of Porto Rico. Thereafter they shall be citizens of the United States and have such qualifications as may be prescribed by the legislature of the island, provided that a property qualification shall at no time be imposed.

It was originally proposed that members of the Senate should pay taxes on $1,000 worth of property and members of the house on $500 worth of property. This provision was combatted by the American Federation of Labor and its affiliate, the Free Federation of Workmen of Porto Rico. The unionists made vigorous protest against this measure and other provisions that would disfranchise about 75 per cent of the Porto Ricans.

Legislative powers will be lodged in a legislature to be elected by the people of that island, the senate to consist of nineteen members elected for four years, two each from seven districts and five senators-at-large. The house of representatives will consist of thirty-nine members, elected quadrennially.

The legislature will elect a commissioner to the United States, and all its laws will be subject to approval by Congress, the President also having the veto power.

WHY ACTORS ORGANIZE.

Boston, March 1.—In an effort to improve their conditions the White Rats Actors' Union and Associated Actresses of America is waging successful strikes against several vaudeville houses in this city and vicinity. The strikers are objecting to more than three shows a day, and ask a six-day week, no Sunday performance except under certain conditions and a limit of 5 per cent to booking agencies. The latter evil has grown to such proportions that actors are "gouged" by these agents who work with the managers.

The Central Labor Union has declared "unfair" all theaters in this city controlled by the Vaudeville Managers' Protective Association, after a committee reported that it had failed to adjust the strike.

GARMENT WORKERS STRIKE.

Chicago, March 1.—Nearly 10,000 members of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, employed in 200 shops, have suspended work to enforce shorter hours, wage increases, sanitary shops and recognition of shop committees to adjust grievances. The strikers asked the manufacturers to arbitrate these demands, but were refused. Most of the strikers are women. They claim that in many cases employers attempted to lock them in their workrooms the day the strike was called to prevent them from walking out.

PENSION FOR R.R. CONDUCTORS.

Cedar Rapids, Iowa, March 1.—Officers of the Order of Railway Conductors announce that they have completed details for the pension plan agreed to at the last convention. The plan is optional with members. The laws provide that no one over sixty years of age can be admitted after March 1, and after September 1 no one more than fifty years of age can be admitted. For a brief period there is no age limit to bar conductors who are in active service of the railroads or other remunerative employment whereby they earn $50 a month.

FUR WORKERS STRIKE.

Toronto, Ontario, March 1.—Sixty fur workers employed by A. Hallman quit work because of low wages, which averaged 18 and 20 cents an hour. About 130 fur workers at another establishment suspended work because they were asked to sign an agreement calling for the Hallman scale. Officers of the International Fur Workers' Union are assisting these employes.

STRIKEBREAKERS RUN AMUCK.

Noank, Conn., March 1.—Strikebreakers employed at the Palmer shipyards claimed they were brought to this place under false pretenses and secured revenge on the hotel at which they were staying, Dishes were demolished, doors smashed and chairs broken by the enraged thugs.

BOILER MAKERS RAISE WAGES.

Vancouver, British Columbia, March 1.—After a short strike Boiler Makers' Union No. 194 raised wages from 50 to 56¼ cents an hour, the Pacific coast standard rate. The nine-hour day is replaced by the forty-eight-hour week.

WAGE LAW SHATTERED; UNION'S PLAN URGED

Seattle, Wash., March 1.—Judge Tallman, of the Superior Court of the State of Washington, has perforated beyond recognition the minimum wage and eight-hour laws of this state.

A lower court awarded a laundry worker damages against the Model Laundry Company for violation of these laws. It was proven that the company speeded up its employes and then laid them off for an hour or two. Under this system, which would not be tolerated by a laundry workers' union, the employes were forced to be in the plant ten and twelve hours a day, although they received wages for less than half these hours, which was the actual time they labored.

The company appealed from the damage award and Judge Tallman sustained the appeal. His decision permits employers to pay women by the hour or by the day at the rate of $9 a week.

Commenting on this decision, the Seattle Union Record says:

"The decision throws the girls working in laundries, candy factories, etc., and who are not organized, absolutely on the mercy of as unprincipled a set of bosses as ever wielded a slave whip and is certainly anything but a feather in the cap of the judge who is responsible for it. However, it merely goes to prove the assertion so many times made by labor that the only way to make labor laws effective is to build effective labor organizations—and then laws will not be needed so much."

COMPENSATION FOR VIRGINIA.

Richmond, Va., March 1.—The commission appointed by Gov. Stuart to prepare a workmen's compensation bill has organized. Employers and employes are represented on the commission, which will report its findings to the next general assembly.

LABOR LAW INCLUDES SEAMEN.

Sacramento, March 1.—The state supreme court has ruled that the workmen's conpensation law applies to seamen.

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

UNION OPERATOR — Local No. 224 — Wash. D.C. — Affiliated with Central Labor Union & A.F. of L.

American, 1st st. and R. . ave.n.w.
Apollo, - - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Auditorium, 13th st. and N. Y. ave.n.w.
Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Casino - - - 7th and F Sts. N. W.
Central Park - - 9th bet. G & H N.W.
Chelsia Theatre, 19th and M sts. n. w.
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N. W.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Eagle Gate Theatre - Sol. Home Gate
Eastern, - - 8th St. bet. F & G S. E.
Elite Theatre, 14th and R. I. ave. n. w.
Empire, - - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Fairyland, - 19th and L st. n. w.
Favorite, H St. North Capitol & First
Garden Theatre, 423 Ninth st. n. w.
Gayety Theatre, - 513 9th st. n. w.
Georgia - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
Home Theater, C bet. 12th & 13th n. e.
Liberty Theatre, N. Capitol & P St.
Loewe's Columbia . . F near 12th
Lyric Theatre - - 14th near Park Rd.
Maryland - - - 624 9th St. N. W.
"M" Street Theatre, M St. near 32nd
Maycroft Park, H St. bet. 6 - 7, N.E.
Meaders, - - - 8th & G Sts. S. E.
Mid City, - 7th, bet. N and O st. n. w.
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Odeon - - 14th and Church Sts. N. W.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15, N.W.
Peerless Park, - 3105 Ga. ave. n. w.
Penn Gardens - - 21st St. & Pa. Ave.
Plaza Theatre - 434 9th st. n. w.
Pleasant Hrr. Park, 12 and C N. E.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Randolpr Park, 1st and Randolph n. w.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
R. I. Theatre, 7th and R. I. Ave. N. W.
Savoy, - - - 14th and Col. Road.
Schuetzen Park, Ga. ave. and Kenyon
Standard Park, Bates, near N. Cap. St.
Strand, - - - - - Ninth and D.
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N. E.
Stanton Park, - - - 219 4th N. E.
Starlight Park, 4 1-2 and K st. n. w.
Surprise Theatre - Alexandria, Va.
The Strand, - - Hopewell, Va.
The Richmond, - - Alexandria, Va.
Truxton Park, N. Capitol & Fla. Ave.
Victoria Theatre, 7th & E Sts. S. W.
Virginia - - - 614 9th St. N. W.

Parker, Bridget & Co.

"The Avenue at Ninth"

Featuring Extra Value

$15

Suits for Fall

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

J. G. O'DONNELL, President, 122 Sixth St. N. E.
M. J. DEERY Vice President, 2407 Girard St. N. E.
THOS. W. WOLTZ, Recording Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
G. H. F. DAVIS, Treasurer, 439 Second St.S. E.
W. I. STRATTON, Conductor, 617 Sixth St. N. W.
A. F. MOIRSETTE, Warden, 425 G St. N. W.
GEO. MYERS, Business Agent, 425 G St. N. W.

TRUSTEES.

F. J. NOLTE, 24 Eighth Street N. E.
MARK REILEY, 1127 B St. S. E.
A. P. TAYLOR, 622 I Street N. E.

DELEGATES TO THE DISTRICT COUNCIL

R. H. BURDETTE, 1207 L Street N. W.
C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
E. B. BYRNE, 425 G Street N. W.
ROBERT REICHARD, 1720 35th Street N. W.
J. H. RYAN, 1101 Eleventh Street S. E.

DELEGATES TO THE CENTRAL LABOR UNION.

C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
R. H. BURDETTE, 816 K Street N. W.
W. S. HOLLOHAN, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
C. A. SAUNDERS, 244 9th St. S. E.
LOUIS LUEBKERT, 1314 Kerney St. N. E.

RELIEF COMMITTEE.

P. W. HAMILTON, 410 Tenn. Ave. N. E.
J. T. CLIFT, 4115 7th St. N. W.
M. FOLEY, 118 Seaton St. N. E.
W. B. DOLAN, 413 Mass. Ave. N. W.
J. A. SANKER, 2606 R. I. Ave. N. E.

MILL COMMITTEE.

F. E. KETTNER, 3016 Cambridge St. N. W
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
O. A. CARTER, Rosslyn, Va.

DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

G. H. F. DAVIS, 439 Second Street S. E.

LIST OF LIQUOR DEALERS WHO HAVE SIGNED "THE AGREEMENT."

Allen, Paul.....2 N st. n| e.
Allen, John J...807 N. C. Cap st. n. e.
Beirkle, Leopold, - 1245 H st. n. e.
Boyle, William J., 601 Mass. ave n. w.
Castelli, Vincent, 502-504 Ninth st.n.w.
Clark, C. H.....510 9th st. n. w.
Colonial Beach Boat Co.
Costello, Bros.....604 G st. n. w.
Crowley, James J.....702 E st. n. w.
Daly, T. J.....34 H st. n. e.
Daye, Wm. T.....1218 Wisc. ave.
Doyle, Wm. T....1314 Wisc. ave. n. w.
Duffy, James A. -901 1-2 E st. n. w.
Wm. R. Fosbender, 406 Ninth st. n w.
Franey, F. A.....711½ 9th st. n. w.
Frank, Mrs. M. E. - 319 G st. n. w.
Ganey, M.....615 7th st. s. w.
Glavin, Edwin.....309 G st. n. w.
Hannan, Mrs. E.....531 7th st. s. w.
Hanlon, Timothy.....822 H st. n. e.
Kelliher, J. D.....1258 7th st. s. w.
Killeen, John F.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Louis Hodges, - - 407 9th st n. w.
Lynagh, Peter J.....523 7th st. s. w.
Lynch, John.....417 9th st. n. w.
McCarthy, F. J.....910 4½ st. s. w.
McCarthy, Jas. J.....1402 H st. n. e.
McDonald, F. J.....643 Pa. ave. s. e.
McGinniss, H. J., 1001 N. Y. ave. n. w.
McGuire, J. Chas., 519 Ninth st. n. w.
McHough, Martin....1105 H st. n. e.
Milton Schmidt, - 702 7th st. n. w.
O'Connor, D. J.....100 G st. n. w.
O'Connor, Patrick F., 617 D st. n. w.
O'Connor, James.....1429 N. Cap. st.
O'Day, John T. - 921 Ninth st. n. w.
O'Donnell, James J...333 Pa. ave. s. e.
Peter White, - - - 905 D st. n. w.
Raftery, Thomas.....406 H st. n. e.
Raftery, Patrick.....225 11th st. n. e.
Roland, J. H.....511 9th st. n. w.
Scanlon, Daniel,.....103 H st. n. w.
Schroter, Conrad....3258 M st. n. w.
Schltz, Mary T.....607 G st. n. w.
Sheehan, John J., 701 North Cap. st.
Solon, Mary A., - 1003 7th st. e.
Stern, M. M.....601 7th st. n. w.
Stanton, Frank J.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Sullivan, David, 12th and E st. n. w.
Sullivan, John J., 1351 35th st. n. w.
The Casino, Frank Farenkamp (Chesapeake Beach).
Victor Buffet Co., Inc., 7th and G n. w.
Walsh, David, - - 407 10th st. n. w
Wassman, Henry, 705 Seventh st. n. w.
Wiedeman, Joseph....629 E st. n. w.
William J. O'Leary, 733 North Cap. st.
Wininghcr, Harry 631 Pa. ave. s. e.
Wolf, Frank, - 512 12th st. n. w.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Meets Every Monday Night

Typographica Temple
423-425 G St. N. W.

Secretary's Address: 606 5th St. N.W.
Telephone: Lincoln 4614

OFFICERS

HUGH D. DIGNEY.....President
MARY GANZHORN...V. President
N. A. JAMES.....Secretary
JOS. E. TOONE....Fin. Secretary
WM. H. SCHAFFER,....Treasurer
JOS. C. CLARK..Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES — Wm. Zell, W. W. Keeler, J. L. Considine.

COMMITTEES

Executive—Mary Ganzhorn, Chairman; Jos. E. Toone, N. A. James, W. A. Huttel, John R. Hartley, H. D. Digney and Wm. H. Shaffer.

Legislative—Jere McCarthy, Chairman; John Lorch, N. P. Alifas, Robert Jones and D. J. O'Leary.

Adjustment—W. A. Huttel, Chairman; Harry Hollohan, John Botts, Benj. Spellbring and John Schmidt.

Contract—John Hartley, Chairman; Wm. W. Keeler, W. H. Schaffer, C. H. Adams and C. C. Coultar.

Laws—Dan. Hassett, chairman; Harry Buie and R. H. Burdette.

Resolution—Jas. L. Considine, chairman; E. L. Tucker and Denis Southern.

Organization — Jos. E. Toone, Chairman; Jos. C. Clark, Henry Miller, Mary Burkhead and T. A. Franklin.

Auditing—Wm. E. Zell, Chairman; Laurence Curtin and John Deal.

Credentials—M. J. Costello, Chairman; Jas. Noyes and S. S. Parker.

Label—H. F. Oehler, Chairman, and John McGuigan.

Press—N. A. James, Chairman; John B. Colpoys and N. A. Sprague.

Delegates to Baltimore—Jos. E. Toone, Chairman; Harry Fiddesop and Sam De Nedrey.

MEATS — GROCERIES — FISH

Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the

OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.

930 La. Ave. N. W. — 1111 H Street N. E.
8th & E Sts. S. E. — 1632 N. Capitol Street
31st & M Sts. N. W. — 3418-20 Ga. Ave. N. W.
7th & Q Sts. N. W. — 14th & U Streets N. W.
1778 U Street, N.W. — 7th and B Streets N. E.
7th & H Street N. E. — 3113 14th Street, N. W.
726 7th St. N. W. — 1440 P St. N. W.
2002-2004 Ga. Ave. N. W.

POULTRY — BREAD — PRODUCE

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK

Northwest Corner FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST

LOOK FOR THE CLOCKS

4 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts

COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

THE PLATE PRINTER

Official Organ Plate Printers International Union.

P. J. RYAN, Editor. — CHAS. T. SMITH, Assoc. Editor.

Subscription $1.00 Per Year

Telephone 4528 — Wash. Loan & Trust Bldg.

Homesteaders—Come to Virginia

Where you will find homes, happiness, independence for all. Mild winters, no malaria, no mosquitos. Farms all sizes at reasonable prices and terms. Send for our Land Bulletin and a copy of The Record—FREE.

J. R. MEADOWS & CO., Crewe, Va.

WE DO ALL KINDS OF

Job Printing

AND THE PRICE IS RIGHT

The Trades Unionist, 604-6 5th St. N. W.

LANSBURGH & BRO.

"DRY GOODS ONLY"

The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City

420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

When in Doubt, Buy of

HOUSE & HERRMANN

FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.

N.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W

Takoma Bread

Fresh Three Times Daily

AT ALL GROCERS

Havenner Baking Company

Established 1815

GEO. D. HORNING,

N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.

LOAN OFFICE

Washington District Council of Carpenters

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

ROBERT ADAM, President, Local 2563, U. B., 1511 Vermont Avenue N.W.
R. H. BURDETTE, Vice President, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
E. B. BYRNE, Secretary, Local 132, U. B., 425 G Street N.W.
F. A. SHOESMITH, Treasurer, Local 2563, U. B., 5209 Georgia Avenue N.W.
C. H. ADAMS, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 804 A Street N.E.
R. H. BURDETTE, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
H. PAGE, Trustee, Local 2563, U. B., 336½ 13th Street N.E.
ROBERT REICHARD, Local 132, U. B., 1720 34th Street N.W.
J. H. RYAN, Local 132, U. B., 1101 11th Street S.E.
FRED HOOK, Local 2563, U. B., 1528 8th Street N.W.
WILLIAM MACKIE, Local 2563, U. B., 216 Seaton Place N.E.

BUSINESS AGENT.
GEO. MYERS, 425 G Street N. W.

THE MILTON SCHOOL

Oxford Bldg., 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.

Stenography
Typewriting
English
Spanish

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO BEGINNERS

Now in larger quarters in the Oxford Building, 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.

PHONE NORTH 2349

DONOVAN'S

FINE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS

2003 14th St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

CORBY CAKE

AT ALL GROCERS

STORAGE — PACKING — FREIGHT HAULING

Merchants Transfer — AND — Storage Company

920-922 E Street Northwest

Phone Main 6900

SHIPPING — MOVING — HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

The only strictly UNION TAILORING house in the city

M. STEIN & CO.

TAILORS

Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

Phone Main 3871

WM. H. HOWLIN

American Federation of Labor Building

9th Street and Mass. Avenue

Engrossing Resolutions, Diplomas Charters and Fancy Pen Work of All Descriptions

The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I. P. E. U.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXI. NO. 37 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, MARCH 9, 1917. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

INJUNCTION JUDGES WOULD BIND STRIKERS

Chicago, March 8.—Judges Jesse A. Baldwin and Frederick A. Smith of the Circuit Court of Cook County have issued sweeping injunctions against striking ladies' garment workers, their officers and "the unknown members" of every trade union in this city, together with their "attorneys, solicitors, agents and servants."

No trade unionist or sympathizer can escape these all-inclusive edicts.

Judges Baldwin and Smith enjoin every one "from in any way interfering with, hindering, obstructing or stopping the business of the complainants"; from "picketing or maintaining any picket or pickets at or near the premises of the complainants"; from "following the employes of the complainants, respectively, to their homes, or to other places, or from calling upon such employes for the purpose or with the effect of inducing them to leave the employment of the complainants," from "attempting by payment or promise of money, employment or other rewards, to induce employes of the complainants to leave their employment"; from "sending any circulars or other communications to customers of the complainants, respectively, or to other persons who might deal or transact business with the complainants, respectively, for the purpose or with the effect of dissuading such persons from so doing."

These judges, after denying every right to striking garment workers, then proceed to throw their judicial mantles around strikebreakers by ordering strikers to refrain "from doing anything which subjects any of the complainants' employes to hatred, criticism, censure, scorn, disgrace or annoyance because of their employment by the complainants.

Chicago, March 8.—Backed by Injunction Judges Baldwin and Smith, who would deny striking garment workers every right, the police are attempting to terrorize girl pickets who charge that they are thrown into patrol wagons as though they were sacks of grain and that they are packed into filthy cells. Several thousand of these workers, 90 per cent of whom are women, are striking for better conditions.

PENSIONS FOR PRESSMEN.

Pressmen's Home, Tenn., March 8.—Officers of the International Printing Pressmen and Assistants' Union report that the old-age pension plan has been adopted by nearly a two-to-one referendum vote.

The plan increases dues 25 cents a month. It is estimated that this increase will accumulate a fund of $500,000 in five years and at the end of that period, from the interest derived from the investment of the money, together with the continued receipts from the tax upon the membership, a pension of $5 a week shall be paid incapacitated members who have been in continuous good standing for twenty years or more.

FUR WORKERS ORGANIZE.

Danbury, Conn., March 8.—Fur workers have organized as the result of a strike against the American Hatters' and Furriers' Corporation. These employes were paid as low as $7 and $8 a week and were forced to work seventy-two hours a week. Their homes are owned by the manager of the struck concern, who recently raised rents nearly 100 per cent. Many of the strikers cannot understand the English language and they have paid as high as $25 for jobs at this slave pen.

ASK 10 PER CENT INCREASE.

Richmond, Va., March 8.—Painters and Paper Hangers' Union has asked employers to increase wages 10 per cent, or to $3 a day for painters and $3.50 for paper hangers.

TELEPHONE GIRLS FORCE COMPANY TO YIELD

Toledo, Ohio, March 8.—Telephone girls employed by the Home Telephone Company have forced this concern to acknowledge their right to join a union, after a four-month strike. When the girls organized, four of their number were discharged and the others struck. They were joined by the outside electrical workers.

The company agrees to reinstate all strikers without discrimination, acknowledges their right to organize and to present grievances which shall be adjusted by representatives of both parties. After work is resumed, the employes shall present demands for wage increases.

The strike was a dramatic one and the Toledo organized workers wheeled behind the girls to a man. Every union contributed to a strike-benefit fund and many of the unions carried weekly assessments on every member to pay the girls an amount equal to their former wage. The strike proved most disastrous to the company, which lost thousands of patrons. Federal Judge Killits issued an injunction "against violence" at the request of prominent citizens who are active in the Citizens' Alliance. This court was asked to act because the company is a subsidiary of an interstate corporation. The unionists denounced Judge Killits for his usurpation of duties that belong to officials charged with the enforcement of criminal law and showed that his honor was more interested in breaking the strike, as he insisted that "service to the public must not be interrupted."

ONE REASON FOR HIGH PRICES.

San Francisco, March 8.—The financial and market departments of daily newspapers are seldom read by workers, and the following item, published in the San Francisco Bulletin's financial section, will be given scant attention by those most affected by the high cost of living:

"Reports of canners and wholesale men would indicate that California farmers are exercising an unusual amount of caution in contracting for their 1917 crops. Remembering the opportunities lost last year, growers are much slower to sign up this year and a large number are refusing contracts, choosing to wait and see what conditions will be later on.

"The fact that jobbers are now cleaning up a profit of from 200 to 300 per cent on some varieties of farm produce, on account of soaring prices, is one reason for growers to hold on for a longer period than usual and try their own luck.

"All of the onions that are now being sold out by local jobbers at $12.50 per cental (hundred weight) were bought from the growers at an average price of $2 per cental."

FORGETFUL COMPANY AWAKES

Rice Lake, Wis., March 8.—The Rice Lake Lumber Company has raised wages 15 cents a day for all employes paid less than $12 a week. A short time ago the organized workers employed by this concern started a petition for wage increases which was also signed by the unorganized men. After waiting a reasonable time for a reply a committee called on the management, which notified the union that the board of directors had contemplated raising wages, "but had neglected it."

CARPENTERS WANT MORE.

Belleville, Ill., March 8.—The Carpenters' Union has prepared a new wage scale, effective April 1. Wages are increased from 50 to 60 cents an hour.

Vancouver, British Columbia, March 8.—Carpenters' Union reports that employers are accepting its new wage scale, which increases the rate from $3.60 to $4 a day, effective May 1.

UNIONISTS DEFEND RIGHT TO QUIT WORK

Denver, March 8.—An audience that completely filled the state capitol hall heard trade unionists and Edward P. Costigan urge a joint meeting of the Senate and House industrial relations committees to favor the repeal of Colorado's "anti-strike" law.

Every sentence of the speakers was solid shot against this iniquity, and anti-unionists stood aghast at the clear-cut declaration of labor that no man is bound to respect a law that shackles him to his work.

Grant Hamilton, representing the American Federation of Labor, was the principal speaker. He closed with this statement:

"We stand for free institutions, opportunity for free thought and action. It is our duty, as believers in human freedom, to maintain the spirit and the institutions of our republic. We have the courage to back up our contentions and we shall be found faithful to them."

METAL POLISHERS ARE FAST MAKING GAINS

Cincinnati, March 8.—General Secretary Atherton of the Metal Polishers' International Union reports the following recent gains:

New locals formed in Brooklyn, New York city and Bedford, Mass; three large firms in Chicago increased wages and reduced hours; Indianapolis Stove Company raises piece work rates 5 per cent and agrees to Saturday half holiday from December 1 to July 31; Duffy-Trowbridge Stove Manufacturing Company, Hannibal, Mo., raises wages for piece workers 7 per cent; eight-hour and wage gains in Pittsburgh, Pa., and St. Louis, Mo.; Excelsior Motor Manufacturing and Supply Company and the Arnold Schwinn Company, Chicago, both signed union shop agreements with 5 per cent increases and nine-hour day; Engman & Matthews Range Company, South Bend, Ind., signed agreement for wage increases, division of work in slack times and fifty-one-hour week; Pangborn Plating Works, Los Angeles, Cal., settled strike of metal polishers by discharging all strikebreakers, union to select new foreman, eight-hour day, shop committee recognized and a wage of $3.50 a day to be paid; Quincy, Ill., stove manufacturers raise wages 10 per cent; Northern Ohio Plating Company, Cleveland, recognizes union for first time and signs agreement.

BATTLE CREEK'S LOW WAGE.

Battle Creek, Mich., March 8.—Locked out machinists and their friends quote statistics which show that this city pays the lowest wage in Michigan in proportion to its size and production. The manufacturers are organized and make loud claim that Battle Creek should continue on a non-union basis. When the machinists began discussing more thorough organization they were locked out. The statistics indicate why employers plead for "the independence of their workers."

CLERKS WANT HIGHER WAGES.

Belleville, Ill., March 8.—The Retail Clerks' Union has asked store managers to raise wages 20 per cent and grant a nine-hour day to their woman workers.

RAISE WAGES $3 A WEEK.

Oklahoma City, Okla., March 8.—As a result of numerous conferences Bookbinders' Union No. 180 has raised wages $3 a week.

TEXAS UNIONISTS TO MEET.

Fort Worth, Tex., March 8.—Officers of the state federation of labor have issued a call for the twentieth annual convention to be held in this city beginning May 21.

GUARD KILLS STRIKER; COMPANY MUST PAY

Memphis, Tenn., March 8.—A federal jury has found the Memphis Street Railway Company guilty of violence in attempting to destroy the Street Car Men's Union, and has ordered that it pay W. P. Benson $7,250 for the death of his brother, J. C. Benson, who was shot last July by W. A. Dillon, one of the company's guards.

Suit was started for $50,000 damages on the ground that a conspiracy existed with certain guards, among them Dillon, to "kill, beat and run out of town" any persons employed by the car company who wanted to join the Street Car Men's Union, which was being formed at that time.

Dillon and seven others were recently convicted in the Shelby county criminal court on charges of manslaughter, a jury having found them guilty of killing Benson. On his death bed Benson, who was a motorman, declared that Dillon shot him. At the trial Attorney Anderson flayed officials of the company for their methods in attempting to break the strike of employes who were asking for better working conditions. The company made no attempt to shield its thugs, but denied any connection with the murder.

EXTREME LONG HOURS RESULT IN LESS EFFICIENCY

Chicago, March 8.—J. E. Slater, general commission merchant, is awake to the times. In a letter to merchants in the same line of business in this city he says:

"Efficiency decreases as fatigue increases.

"Doesn't it appear to you as though the merchants in South Water street would be much better off, both in health and pocketbook, providing we could have shorter hours?

"And doesn't it also appear to you that our help would be much more efficient for the time employed? Shorter hours are bound to be forced upon us by the local union, and unless we grasp the situation first we are all going to be obliged to pay considerable overtime. The labor proposition is fast becoming a serious one in South Water street, and it appears to us as though it would be a good thing for the merchants to get together and arrange for shorter hours, not only on account of the labor question, but for our own benefit.

"Efficiency is what counts, and with the extreme long hours there is bound to be less efficiency."

IOWA TEAMSTERS LOCKED OUT.

Cedar Rapids, Iowa, March 8.—Because they refused to work with non-unionists, members of Teamsters' Union No. 403 have been locked out by local transfer companies. The men were paid $13.50 for a fifty-four-hour week and they were asked to accept the ten-hour day and the non-union shop when they demanded wage increases.

Recently these concerns secured the passage of a city ordinance that permits them to charge an additional 33 per cent for transfer and storage work.

IRON MOLDERS ADVANCE.

Joplin, Mo., March 8.—Iron Molders' Union No. 204 has secured an agreement with employers in this city and nearby localities. These workers will be paid $4.50 per day until May 1, when the scale will be $4.75 for a nine-hour day. This means a total increase of 50 cents a day.

BOILER MAKERS WIN STRIKE.

Baltimore, March 8.—The Boiler Makers' strike at the Spedden Ship Building Company has been settled by the company agreeing to raise wages. Hereafter the lowest rate at this plant will be $2.25 a day.

RIGHTS OF PICKETS ARE UPHELD BY COURT

Oklahoma City, Okla., March 8.—The criminal court of appeals has discharged a woman who had been arrested for picketing a struck theater in this city. The court ruled that the law "stays the hand of both criminal and civil processes from interfering with picketing or other peaceable endeavors of labor to further its interests in trade disputes.

"The trend of legal thought of modern times is, that since capital, consisting of money and property, is organized to further its interests; labor, consisting of brain and muscle, may organize and use peaceful and legitimate means to obtain a fair share in the distribution of the earnings which are the joint product of capital and labor."

A strike of theater employes has been on for several months and the city commissioners passed an ordinance prohibiting picketing. Mrs. Eva Sweitzer, one of the pickets, was arrested and the unionists carried the case to the state criminal court of appeals on habeas corpus proceedings. In the decision, written by Justice Brett, it is stated that: "In law we cannot do indirectly that which may be done directly, and since the city commissioners cannot directly prohibit picketing in the furtherance of trade disputes, they cannot accomplish that end indirectly or incidentally."

MINE DEATH RATE CUT, FEDERAL BUREAU REPORTS

The federal bureau of mines reports that fewer men lost their lives in American coal mines during 1916 than in any year of the last ten, although the year was the most prosperous in the history of mining, with more men employed and greater tonnage taken from the earth than ever before.

Three-and-three-tenths of each 1,000 were killed by accident, the lowest death rate in eighteen years and the lowest on record per ton of coal mined. The number killed was 2,225, which is 44 less than in 1915, 229 less than in 1914, and 560 less than in 1913. There were 65,000,000 more tons of coal mined than in 1915.

"The mere reduction of 44 lives lost for the year 1916 does not disclose by any means the gratifying results obtained," said Van H. Manning, director of the bureau of mines. "If the same conditions had prevailed in 1916 as in 1915 in regard to the tonnage for each life lost, there would have been at least 275 more men killed."

It is stated that the safety-first movement and the friendly co-operative spirit that has been developed between state mine inspectors, mine operators, the miners and the bureau of mines is responsible for decreased fatalities.

FIREMEN MAY JOIN UNION.

Boston, March 8.—As a result of reports that members of the Boston fire department have been warned by their superiors against joining the union affiliated to the American Federation of Labor, Mayor Curley has notified President Jennings of the Central Labor Union that he has ordered Fire Commissioner Grady and his deputies not to do or say anything that will prevent any member of the department from joining a labor union.

CITY FIREMEN ORGANIZE.

Galveston, Tex., March 8.—Galveston's fire fighters have organized and affiliated to the American Federation of Labor. This organization, it is stated, is the first of its kind in the south.

Dubuque, Iowa, March 8.—Muncipal firemen have organized and are chartered by the American Federation of Labor as City Firemen's Union No. 15,431.

SHERIFFS SUBSIDIZED BY SOUTHERN RAILROAD

Nashville, Tenn., March 8.—An effort is being made in this state to secure a law that will prohibit railroads giving free passes to public officials. The railroads deny that passes are ever given for the purpose of securing official favors.

To disprove this claim the Nashville Tennessean is printing a series of letters that have passed between railroad officials during the past several years. One of these, from General Counsel H. L. Stone, of the Louisville and Nashville railroad, to First Vice President Mapother, of that road, gives this insight into methods employed by railroads to control certain public officials:

"I am of the opinion that we cannot furnish free transportation to any person in the state of Kentucky, official or unofficial, that will promise a greater return in influence and practical benefits than such as may be issued to the sheriffs of counties in which the company does business, especially where other railroad companies operating lines in the same counties issue such transportation to the sheriffs of these counties.

"The sheriff has more to do than any other official with the make-up of the juries that are called to try our damage suits. If we have his good will he can help us greatly (I do not mean corruptly, but simply in the discharge of his plain duties) by not summoning, where he is directed to summon, a jury from bystanders, those men of the county that are unfair to corporations, and especially to railroad companies.

"The sheriff has also the summoning of our witnesses, as well as the witnesses of parties who bring damage suits against this company. If we have his good will, his being in touch with the witnesses will be to our advantage."

NEGRO INFLUX PERILS HEALTH.

Philadelphia, March 8.—Migration of more than 200,000 southern negroes to this and other northern cities has brought about the most acute situation with which public health officials say they have ever had to contend. In the last six months Philadelphia has had an influx of more than 25,000 of these negroes and last week Dr. Wilmer Krusen of the department of health and charities sounded a warning of the gravity of the problem. He stated that two-story dwellings in the negro sections of the city are housing, in many cases, five or more families, with the consequent spread of disease, destitution and crime.

These negroes have been lured to the north by stories of "high wages" that average $1.50 a day. In the south, it is stated, they receive $10 and $11 a month.

MOSAIC WORKERS GAIN.

Pittsburgh, Pa., March 8.—Marble Mosaic Workers' Union has won practically all of its demands from employers after numerous conferences. Included in these gains is the restoration of street car fare to and from work over two blocks from the city hall. This point was resisted most stoutly by the employers.

TO SEPARATE LABOR OFFICE.

Carson City, Nev., March 8.—Creation of the office of labor commissioner is sought in a measure introduced in the state assembly. The present labor commissioner is associated with the industrial commission, but the bill separates the two departments.

CARPENTERS RAISE WAGES.

New Rochelle, N. Y., March 8.—The Carpenters' Union and the Contracting Carpenters' Association have settled wage differences by agreeing that rates shall be raised 5 cents an hour, beginning May 1.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR TRADE & LABOR UNION LABEL WASHINGTON D.C. 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., MARCH 9, 1917.

THE INAUGURATION.

This week Washington witnessed one of the most successful inaugurations known in history, and the program of the day was carried out without a hitch and on scheduled time. Much of the credit for this success belongs to the man who so ably managed the preparations for this great event, Mr. Robert N. Harper, chairman of the inaugural committee. Mr. Harper worked faithfully and the results of his earnest endeavors are gratifying, indeed.

This inauguration was the first and only occasion of its kind when all preparatory work was done by union labor. All contracts carried a clause which specifically called for this class of labor. In one instance a contractor tried to put non-union men to work, but upon attention being called to this act by the organization concerned, namely, the painters, the men were stopped and their places filled by union men.

The weather during the parade was very much better than that of several days previous, but it was by no means an ideal day for such an occasion. It was typically seasonable and is a fair example of what may be expected in other years. Although there was considerable discomfort felt because of the chill wind, the real damage of such weather does not make itself apparent until some time later. Many cases of pneumonia doubtless developed as the result of exposure.

It would seem that every means possible should be taken to make the greatest event in American life ideal in every respect, but the legislators, although urged to do so time and time again, do not seem amenable to reason.

To gain a good reputation, endeavor to be what you desire to appear.

The Wheeling (W. Va.) News calls the German raider the Col. Mosby of the seas.

As Pancho Villa figures it out the difference between a bandit and a general is an army of 150 men.

Do your best, think the best, act the best, and love the higher ideal, and the best will come back to you.

The vilest creature admires purity, and in lucid intervals will hate his own qualities when meeting them face to face.

One of the disadvantages of a conscience is that it never seems to operate on a person who has defrauded the government out of more than ten dollars.

If our tried and true old members had done like some of the fellows are doing, that is, always "sitting on the fence," our progress would, indeed, have been negligible.

The only conceivable way in which there can be a permanent advance in civilization is by improvements in the condition of labor—greater rewards, shorter hours, better education, and, in general, a healthier, happier life.

LABOR'S LESSON IS HARMONY.

A lesson of value can be learned by trades unionists from the methods of their various employers' associations, if they will. Efficiency is the watchword in these organizations; nothing is overlooked that promises results; harmony is supreme and any indication of trouble leads to the ejection of the trouble-maker.

It's not so in the ranks of labor. The trouble-maker is often feared; no one wishes to soil his hands in ejecting him; he is left to foment discord because the other delegates don't want to start anything that will give fuel for the employer to peddle. But an end must be put to such conditions; the trouble-maker must be shown the door; there must be harmony and good feeling.

Many times these trouble-makers are emissaries of the boss himself, put into the labor organization for the purpose of reporting on what is done and what is planned. Whenever a trouble-maker shows his head he should be put under surveillance at once. The man who is always on his feet may be an enthusiastic friend of labor, and again he may not. In any event it wont hurt to make a note of him; if he's right this will soon be shown, and if he is not the organization cannot eliminate him too soon.

It never hurts an honest man to watch him. It will never injure the federation for its officers to be on the alert for men who are out of sympathy with it and its work. Men charged with some sort of crookedness are often the cleanest men in the bunch, while the man who makes the charge does it simply to turn attention away from himself and the work he is doing in an effort to frustrate work that would prove beneficial to the organization as a whole. That old cry of "stop thief!" is as often worked on the members of a labor organization as in other fields of activity. Because a man is persistent in his efforts to discredit some one else it does not follow that he is above reproach. Watch the guy with the ready charge against others; look into his life and his past and present service; don't let him dig a pit for some one else without pushing him into it himself.

A life with the one desire to do good finds no spare room for discontent.

Self-help is a great thing. Not half enough men have been taught to help themselves.

The reason some men fail to scale the wall of fame, their wishbone is where their backbone ought to be.

Everything we desire in our life must be bought with sacrifice, and it is for us to consider whether it is worth the price.

Looking carefully through a periscope, Germany cannot see that it has done anything wrong, and the entente allies, peering through a similar instrument, are convinced that they are blameless.

A PROPHECY; AN ANALYSIS.

Without question of a doubt, the European war will end within a year. After a brief interval, an army of men—practically disciplined slaves—will take their places alongside of millions of woman workers—at the manufacturing lathes (Made in America).

And such lathes! The automatic machinery that has saved America from cheap labor harrassed by crude tools, will now be combined in a real commercial war. The first effort in such districts as Pittsburgh will be a sharp slash in the scale of wages, so recently gained, and the plea of industrial overlords: "Lower wages to meet European competition, forced to flood the markets of the world."

Now, it is the very ingrained nature of things that any group of humanity—in this case organized labor—does not easily relinquish an advantage that it has dearly won. Cases are, indeed, rare when artisans voluntarily accept a wage cut. Nations never abandon conquered territory without a struggle, nor do individuals fling away an advantage.

Consequently, there will come the inevitable conflict that takes the shape of protest, legislation and finally strikes. This will explain the capitalistic desire to force workmen into universal military service.

Granted, therefore, that strikes will follow this attempted cut in wages, what then? Regardless of union funds, such organized protests are necessarily financed out of the bank deposits and "nest eggs" of the wage worker. But is the worker saving? Is he storing up the mightiest ammunition in the world—money? Is he getting ready for a slump, a panic or industrial conflict?

He is not. He cannot. The high cost of living makes thrift and high wages a farce; he is barely holding his own. The food cost (whereby he is paying his share of the European war) has throttled the worker and it "keeps him in his place." He is not financially "prepared" to use the jingo expression.

Consequently, the real danger is not the hardship of being bamboozled, while J. P. Morgan buys foodstuffs for shipment abroad. That is the superficial view—the veneer. The woe impends because it is stripping the worker of a money weapon he will need a year hence.

Still analyzing the situation without bitterness, how are corporations and the employing class faring for any conflict? Very nicely, thank you. Certainly food is costing them more; but the hungriest millionaire can't eat more than the growing children of a workingman. Diamonds, pearls, gasoline are stationary; the price of beans and bread has doubled and tripled in dizzy fashion.

Verily, he is very much "ahead of the game." In-come is far ahead of out-go. Meanwhile corporations are paying big dividends, but they are piling up equally immense sums in sinking funds and treasury. On the face of things, they can stand a siege if there is any ante-war conflict over wages.

That is the "under cover" danger of the high cost of living. That is why years of skull-duggery by food pirates have passed, without capitalistic newspapers or legislators getting as excited as over a negro mule driver bumped by a submarine. The high cost of living is "keeping the 'common pee-pul' in its place far more effectually than state constabulary or militia.

But we have attempted to point out the real moral, the actual menace. Not hunger today; but lack of monetary strength a year hence, when Labor must needs be strong and well intrenched.—Ex.

5 AND 10 CENT STORES PAY.

New York, March 8.—The first annual report of the S. S. Kresge Company, a 5 and 10 cent store organization, as a Michigan corporation, shows that last year a net income of $2,129,348 was derived from total sales amounting to $26,396,544. This is equivalent to nearly 20 per cent on common stock. The previous year common stock earned a fraction over 11 per cent. The company made a profit of 7.53 cents on every dollar of goods sold. This concern owns 157 stores in various parts of the country.

FAVORS COMPENSATION LAW.

Wilmington, Del., March 8.—The Morning News favors a workmen's compensation law for Delaware and denies that progressive legislation will hamper this state.

"The same argument is heard everywhere," says the editor. "The manufacturer who is looking for a location where he can do practically as he pleases is finding it very difficult to find such a location."

TWO-YEAR CONTRACT SIGNED.

Waterbury, Conn., March 8.—Brewery Workers' Union has secured a two-year contract which provides for improved conditions.

SHIP CAULKERS UNITE.

Quincy, Mass., March 8.—Chippers and caulkers employed by the Fall River Ship Building Company have been organized by the Boiler Makers' Union.

ESTABLISHED 1865 — 51 YEARS IN BUSINESS

CHRISTIAN XANDER'S

Family Brand Rye Whiskey

75c a Quart — Finest Whisky Obtainable at the Price

909 7th Street, Northwest. — No Branch Houses. Phone M. 274

CORBY'S YEAST

Leaves nothing to guess-work.
Its purity and strength are uniform.
Every baker knows what that means.
Send for samples.

THE CORBY COMPANY

STATION K. — WASHINGTON, D. C.

Representative Houses OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

BANKS

NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burglar-proof vaults; acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth Street and New York Avenue.

WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee, etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK. A bank for the working people. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account. Ninth and G Sts. N. W.

UNION SAVINGS BANK. Commercial accounts. Three per cent interest on savings accounts. The oldest savings bank in Washington.

MICHAEL T. GREENE
Liquors and Cigars. 639 D St. N. W.

STONER'S BAR AND RESTAURANT
The, G. Stoner. 206 Seventh St.S. W.

J. CHAS. McGUIRE'S BUFFET
Federal Seal Whiskey. 519 Ninth St. N. W.

O'KEEFE'S BUFFET
P. J. O'Keefe, Prop. 904 Pa. Ave. N. W.

GLAVIN'S BUFFET
ED. J. GLAVIN 309 G Street Northwest

FRANK'S BUFFET
Fourth and G Sts. N. W. Phone M. 5572.

DAVID WALSH'S BUFFET
407 10th Street N. W.

E. E. FARLEY'S BUFFET
415 13th Street N. W.

J. J. O'DONNELL'S BUFFET
333 Penn. Avenue S. E.

HARRY'S BUFFET
631 Penn. Ave. S. E. Phone Lin. 1843

MACHINIST

G. W. FORSBERG, formerly with Forsberg & Murray, Elevators, Boilers. Eighth and Water Sts. S. W. Main 742.

GROCER AND COFFEE ROASTER

SOMERSET R. WATERS, 1342 7th St. N. W.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

RALSTON & RICHARDSON, Evans Building, 1420 New York Avenue.

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.

SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (Inc.), Soda Water, Syrups, etc. 1066 Wis. Ave. N. W.

PHOTO SUPPLIES

E. J. PULLMAN. Developing and Finishing for Amateurs a Specialty. 420 9th St. N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS

MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Ave. N. W. Our Specialty, Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

FIRE INSURANCE

FIREMEN'S INSURANCE COMPANY, Seventh Street and Louisiana Avenue.

DRY GOODS

WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings. Hosiery, a Specialty. 806-808 H St. N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

UNDERTAKERS

J. WILLIAM LEE
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY
332 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.

W. H. BUTLER CO., 607-9 C St. N. W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT

NATIONAL MORTAR CO., 1st and M N.E.

COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING CO., 3036 K Street.

DRUGGISTS

CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth St. and Virginia Ave. S. E.

DAY & CO. 5th and G Sts. N.W. 14th and P N.W., 20th and R. I. Ave. N.E.

QUIGLEY, Druggist, 21st and G Sts. N.W.

A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner 7th and P Streets N. W. N. 2372.

Building Trades Headquarters Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rent

WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES TOBACCO. — COSTELLO BROS

JOS. A. WILNER & CO.

UNION CUSTOM TAILORS

Cor. 8th and G Sts. N.W.

Your Pattern of Table China

—May Be Included
—In Our Clearance
—Sale of Discontinued
—Patterns and

A Saving of From 20 to 50 Per Cent Realized

We're closing out more than a half dozen patterns of imported china that we are unable to replace. In view of the greatly increased values of china, these price savings are exceptionally noteworthy.

Dulin & Martin Co.
Pottery, Lamps, China, Glass, Silver, &c.
1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY
Equitable Life Insurance Co.
of the District of Columbia
THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.
Issues Ordinary and Industrial
Wm. A. Bennett, 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.
EQUITABLE BLD'G. 816 14th ST., N. W.

CELTIC CLUB WHISKEY
Our Specialty
Never Changes. Accept No Substitute
Once Tried You'll Always Use It.
Ports and Sherries for family use, Quarts, 50 and 75 cents. All makes of Beer. Leading brands of Cigars. Ales and Porters on draught the year round.
D. J. O'CONNOR
New Jersey Ave. and G Sts. N.W

Saks & Company
MEN'S and BOYS' OUTFITTERS
Pa. Ave. & 7th St. Wash., D. C.
Specialists in Apparel for Men and Boys.

Clothes, Hats and Shoes
The Bieber-Kaufman Co.
901-909 Eighth St. S. E.
Down by the Navy Yard
Washington, D. C.

BUTLER'S RHEUMATIC and GOUT REMEDY.
A KIDNEY AND HEART TONIC
Manufactured Since 1872 By
BUTLER & FIELD
Third and Indiana Ave. N. W.
Price 50c a bottle. 6 for $2.50
For Sale By Druggists.

NEVER LET THE GRIPPE GET HOLD OF YOU
Take "O. K. Capsules" for Grippe, sudden colds, and similar affections. Price 25c
WELLER'S DRUG STORE
8th & Eye Sts. S.E. 36th & M N.W.

FIREPROOF CONSTRUCTION
Hammett Fire Proofing Company
301-302-303 Wilkins Bldg.
Phone Main 3337.

Bell Brand Union-Made
COLLARS and SHIRTS
LARGE ASSORTMENT
T. HOLLANDER
North Capitol and H Streets

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

George L. Eminisor, temporary compositor.

Separations.

E. Finley Kitson, compositor, resigned.

George V. Armstrong, helper, resigned.

Lyndan J. Gilbert, machine helper, resigned.

Mrs. Ellen H. Croggon, skilled laborer.

William H. Livermore, proofreader, resigned.

John A. Costello, resigned, assistant messenger.

Miss Catherine E. A. Cannon, bander, resigned.

Henry C. Thomson, Alonzo F. Harrington, Henry L. Crampp, John S. Frick, Robert E. Youart, David T. Lloyd, William M. Baldwin, George F. Angell, George H. Aschenbach, Walter Q. Ashley, Henry E. Bartle, Burton W. Doyle, Charles M. Buchanan, Joseph E. Donnellan, Frank O. Hart, Dodge D. Hemming, Joseph E. Horney, Levi Huber, Samuel T. Kennedy, Shelley K. Kieffer, John F. King, Harry E. Libert, Henry O. Nicol, jr.; Arthur B. Prem, J. Frederick Roxbrough, Philip E. Sardo, Christopher G. Satterley, John T. Stewart, William M. Stuart, Jesse M. Taylor and Frank R. Trimble, temporary compositors.

George A. Clark, Edward J. Hailer, Wiseheart F. Hudson, William Janof, Joseph A. Reith, Richard S. Underwood, temporary messenger boys.

Lawson Alexander, George W. Askew, William S. Aud, William W. Duncan, James R. Mason, Raymond W. Reynolds, William M. Richardson, William N. Shepherd, temporary skilled laborers.

Transfers, etc.

Andrew L. Huss, assistant foreman, 80 cents per hour; William R. Abbott, deskman, 65 cents per hour; Gustav B. Diers, Perry T. Grimes, Charles K. Groome, Charles E. Sickles, Thomas W. Kemp and Richard L. S. Halpenny, monotype keyboard operators, 60 cents per hour; Frederick L. Fridley and Charles J. Graf, makers-up, 60 cents per hour, transferred to proofreaders, 60 cents per hour.

Joseph W. Belcher, Arthur L. Fessenden, Frank A. Schwing, Miss Harriett E. Robinson, Charles B. Huse, Charles E. Houghton, Robert L. Holland, monotype keyboard operators, 60 cents per hour, to compositors, 50 per hour.

John W. F. Bell, skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour, to laborer, $626 per annum.

Louis W. Cornwell, maker-up, 60 cents per hour, to compositor.

Lloyd G. Genus, helper, 35 cents per hour, to skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour.

John O'Donnoghue, assistant foreman, 80 cents per hour, to deskman, 65 cents per hour.

Claude E. Haines, foreman, $2,250 per annum, to assistant foreman, 80 cents per hour.

William H. Stanford, helper, 40 cents per hour, to caster helper, 35 cents per hour.

Wallace F. Luckett, caster helper, 35 cents per hour, to skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour.

Louis R. Lippincott, assistant foreman, 80 cents per hour, to copy editor, 65 cents per hour.

John E. Sheaffer, monotype machinist in charge, 70 cents per hour, to assistant monotype machinist in charge, 70 cents per hour.

William H. Rowe, maker-up in charge, 65 cents per hour, to maker-up, 60 cents per hour.

Arthur F. Tucker, John M. Loughran, makers-up, 60 cents per hour, to compositors, 50 cents per hour.

G.P.O.COMMENT

Charles J. Graf, Andrew L. Huss and W. R. Abbott, of the mono hand night (which force was recently transferred to the day side) have been detailed as readers in proofroom night.

CHANGES IN G. P. O.

The electrical work on the North Capitol and G streets front of the G. P. O. was one of the features of inaugural week. It was an artistic piece of work and demonstrates the advance made in electricity, and is a credit to the force at the G. P. O. that carried out the work.

Charles A. Morgan (proofroom), who has been ill for some months and mentioned in these columns last week as showing improvement, has had another operation performed and has suffered a severe setback.

A. W. Bowen (day proofroom) is out for delegate to the I. T. U. convention. Mr. Bowen is well known and made a good run last time and will try it again this year.

John C. Macksey, late an employe of the G. P. O. and of the Washington Times, but who is now holding down a good position in Newark, N.J., was an inaugural visitor. Mr. Macksey represented No. 101 at Syracuse in 1898 and was as popular an employe of the G. P. O. as any member of his day and time in that institution.

The adjournment of Congress necessitated a new alignment with the night forces. The mono keyboard and hand division all reported for day work Tuesday morning; all the proofroom, except a small force, comprising thirty-six in all, reported for day work, while in the linotype division about one-half the room were sent over to the day side.

Comrade John Waller, not to be outdone in the scheme for decoration during inaugural week, erected his usual totem pole with a variety of decorations, surmounted with the flag of Old Erin and the American flag.

L. P. Sutor (mono, hand) celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of his wedding last week. The members of the mono (night) hand chapel presented "Pop" with a complete outfit for fishing that was as complete as any devotee of Isaak Walton's great pastime could desire. The presentation speech was made by Stephen Smith, who exhausted his vocabulary in calling attention to the great variety of fish and their habits. The speech was a gem and displayed wonderful knowledge of the subject.

PRINTERS RAISE WAGES.

Jackson, Mich., March 8.—Typographical Union has raised wages of day machine operators from $18 to $21 a week and of night operators from $20 to $23 a week. Day floormen are increased from $17.50 to $19.50 a week and night men from $19.50 to $21.

Columbus, Ohio, March 8.—Typographical Union No. 5 has won its strike for higher wages in the job branch. Practically every shop has accepted the new rates. Nearly 200 workers are benefited.

TO ORGANIZE TEACHERS.

San Francisco, March 8.—The executive committee of the local Labor Council reports that special efforts will be made during the year to organize public school teachers.

"We should have a more democratic management of our public schools," it is stated. "The teachers themselves should have a voice in the management of the schools."

STATE CARPENTERS MEET.

Worcester, Mass., March 8.—A successful convention of the state branch, Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, was held in this city, John Morgan of Boston being elected president and A. J. Bromley of Springfield, secretary. The latter city was selected as the next meeting place.

TO RAISE AWARD ON DEATH.

Columbus, Ohio, March 8.—The state senate has passed the Cunningham bill which increases the maximum death award from the state workmen's compensation fund from $3,750 to $5,000.

RAILROAD EARNS 38 PER CENT.

New York, March 8.—The Delaware, Lackawanna & Western railroad earned 38 per cent on its capital stock last year, or almost twice the 20 per cent paid in regular and extra dividends.

Its gross earnings for the period ended with December 31 were $51,580,000, an increase over 1915 of $6,794,000, and the balance after fixed charges had been deducted, was $16,200,000, an increase of $5,237,000. After paying 10 per cent regular and the usual 10 per cent extra the company had a surplus of $7,756,000, as compared with the $2,519,000 remaining at the end of the previous year.

JURY CAN INCREASE DAMAGES.

Pittsburgh, Pa., March 8.—The state supreme court has ruled that a jury can award more damages than is asked. A woman was struck by a trolley car in this city and sued for $10,000. The jury thought this was not enough and gave her a verdict for $15,000, whereupon the judge who presided at the trial permitted the woman's statement to be amended so as to claim "from $10,000 to $20,000" for her injuries. The street car company appealed on the ground that the court should not have permitted this amendment.

STEAM FITTERS RAISE WAGES.

Peoria, Ill., March 8.—The Steam Fitters' Union has secured a two-year agreement with independent shops. Journeymen will be paid $5.65 a day and helpers, $3. Railroad fare and board will be paid while working outside the city.

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1 Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.

M. J. DUNNIGAN, President.....2007 14 Street N.W.
JOHN G. WOLFE, Vice-President.1023 N. J. Ave. N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W.

TRUSTEES

Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E.
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E.
Thos. L. Nevins.....504 Maine Avenue S. W.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe,.....1023 N. J. Ave. N. W
J. McElfresh,.....
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E.
A. Tenley.....964 Florida Ave. N. W.
M. Sullivan.....5631-2 15 St. S. E.

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.

Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ARBITRATION COMMITTEE.

M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W.
M. A. Wolfe,.....418 F St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. E.
Joseph Harding.....210 13 St. S. W
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....2006 2nd St. N. W
R. Pumphrey.....223 Q St. N. W.
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W
Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. W

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave.
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Capitol St.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L St. S. W.

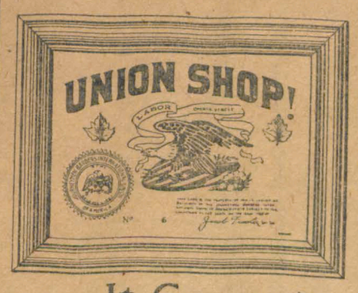
DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.

John Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave.
William Pollard.....522 14th St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

Business Opportunity

JOB PRINTING OFFICE—Twenty-one years in present location; abundance of type; 3 presses; motor; cutting machine, etc.; steady trade without soliciting; fullest participating investigation invited; good will worth more than price asked. Address P. S. L., Trades Unionist.

WASHINGTON BREWERY CO.
IMPERIAL EXPORT
A really fine beer

Look for the
UNION SHOP CARD


It gives our members a Shorter Work day *and* Sunday Rest
It Guarantees to You
CLEANLINESS *and* EXPERT SERVICE

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, F. S. Radman, 134 7th Street N.E.

Bakery Salemen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at Moose Hall, Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sundays in each month at 2 p.m., Painters' Hall, 6th and G Sts. N.W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N.W.

Blacksmiths and Helpers, Local 217, International Brotherhood of: Meets first and third Monday of each month at 650 Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, C. A. Chism, 418 Tenth street northeast.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. F. Miller, 19 Quincy Place northwest.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets first and third Sunday of the month at the Secretary, T. Guiffre, 908 Pennsylvania avenue Moose Hall, Seventh and G Street Northwest. nue northwest.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 45: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E street southeast.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G Street N. W.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles' Hall. Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 520 Rhode Island Ave. N. E.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhau, 737 10th St. s. e.

Chauffeurs and Hack Drivers Union, Local No. 115: Meets the first and third Saturday of each month, G. A. R. Building, 1412 Pa. Ave. Secretary-Treasurer, Kirk C. Sipher, Room 25, 945 Pa. Ave. northwest.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wassaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Twelfth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3800 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Paperhangers Hall, 430 Ninth Street N. W., second and fourth Thursdays of the month. Secretary, Edw. B. Finch, 33 P Street N. E.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets every Friday, at 8:00 p.m. Hall, S. E. Cor. Tenth and Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, Jas. P. Lahey, 816 5th street northeast.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leake, Twelfth and B Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hisle, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Employes' Union No. 14632: Meets second Friday of each month, Perpetual Building Association Hall. Secretary, W. M. Lynch, 409 A. F. of L. Building.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Watchmen's Union No. 14964: Secretary, Jas. H. Reed, Cor. Sec., 1228 B street southwest.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, John T. Bowers, Twentieth and Twenty-first and L and M streets northwest.

Ice Cream Wagon Drivers and Helpers' Union, Local No. 111: Meets second and fourth Tuesdays at Typographical Temple, 425 G street northwest. Secretary-Treasurer, J. Neff Cline, 1211 North Capitol street.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Avenue S. E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 Twelfth St. N. E.

Laborers' Protective Union, No. 15037: Meets the second Tuesday of each month at the Cadets' Armory, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, E. E. McCormick, 1403 South Capitol street.

Laundry Workers, Local No. 110: Meets first Friday in each month at Winslow's Hall, 12 and R streets northwest. Secretary, Moten Jefferson, 550 Twenty-fourth street northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, W. N. Huttel, 1430 A St. N. E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday, 1204 Pa. Ave. N. W. Secretary, E. H. Fulton, Barcroft, Va.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. F. McDonnell.

Mill Workers Local No. 1694: Meets every Tuesday at Painters' Hall, 704 Sixth street northwest. Secretary, Robt. Reichard, 1720 Thirty-fourth street northwest.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third 2665. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Bus. Agt.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 922 Pa. Ave. N. W. Phone M. 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets second Sunday and fourth Friday in each month. Secretary, Albert Bridges 210 L st. s. e.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 420: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m. Secretary, J. A. Whitecar, 2209 Minnesota Ave. S. E.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Raymond R. Burrows, Clarendon, Va.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Robt. J. Barrett, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month. Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 820 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressmen, No. 1: Meets fourth Monday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N.E.

Railway Carmen, Pride of Potomac Lodge, No. 313, Brotherhood of: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F streets northeast, first and third Tuesdays. Secretary, L. H. Taylor, 706 Seventh street northeast.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custodian and Janitor, 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, W. P. Cannon, 408 Twelfth St. S. E.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe, 326 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. F. Hickman, 518 Sixth St. N. W.

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Mrs. H. B. Tritipoe, 1737 Willard street N. W., Apt. 20.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10.30 a. m. and 8.30 p. m. Secretary, G. W. Calderhead, Room 412 Wash. Loan and Trust Building.

The High School Teachers' Union of Washington, D. C., No. 8: Meets in the Music Room of the New Central High School at 3.30 p. m. the second Tuesday in the months of October, December, February, and May. Secretary, G. J. Jones, Central High School.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle. 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 750 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Fridays, Typographical Temple. Secretary, L. M. Green, Langdon, D. C.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: International Secretary-Treasurer, Jas. E. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

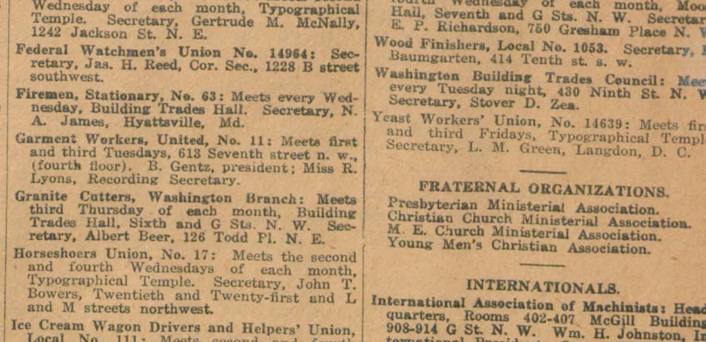
LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G St. N. W. Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth St. N. W.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.



INTERNATIONAL UNION OF THE UNITED BREWERY WORKMEN OF AMERICA
Union MADE Beer
Ale AND Porter
COPYRIGHT & TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1903
THIS IS OUR LABEL.

VOTE
Against Prohibition
DEMAND
Personal Liberty
IN CHOOSING WHAT YOU WILL DRINK
ASK FOR THIS LABEL WHEN PURCHASING BEER, ALE OR PORTER.
As A Guarantee That It Is Union Made.

STATE COURT FAVORS FREEDOM BY WORKERS

St. Paul, Minn., March 8.—The state supreme court has vitalized American principles of freedom of action and has jarred the Anti-Boycott Association in two decisions that accord workers the right to refuse to work for non-union employers, to ask others to assist them, to carry on a boycott, and to carry a banner advertising an unfair place of business.

In the case of the George L. Grant Construction Company vs. the St. Paul Building Trades Council the court sustains the refusal of Judge Dickson of the Ramsey country district court to issue an injunction against these unionists, who were charged with "injuring the business" of the non-union concern by refusing to work for it and by announcing it is unfair to organized labor.

In supporting Judge Dickson's position, the court said:

"Defendants have the right to work for whom they please. It is best that we give both employer and employe a broad field of action. As said by Judge Cooley: 'It is a part of every man's civil rights that he be left at liberty to refuse business relations with any person whomsoever, whether the refusal rests upon reason or is the result of whim, caprice, prejudice or malice. With his reasons neither the public nor third persons have any legal concern.'

"The interference with the trade relations of one with whom you have no trade relations yourself is presumptively unlawful, but conditions may be such as to furnish justification for such conduct. A person may justify such interference if he is in pursuit of some lawful object.

"A person in furtherance of his own interests may take such action as circumstances may require, so long as he does not act maliciously toward or unreasonably or unnecessarily interfere with rights of his neighbor, he cannot be charged with actionable wrong, whatever may be the result of his conduct in pursuing his own welfare."

In the case of the Minneapolis Moving Picture Operators' Union vs. Albert Steffes, proprietor of a picture theater, the court upholds the refusal of a lower court to enjoin the workers from carrying a banner stating that Steffes' place is unfair to organized labor.

In supporting this rule by the lower court, the state supreme court says:

"The term 'unfair,' as used by organized labor, has come to have a meaning well understood. It means that the person so designated is unfriendly to organized labor or that he refuses to recognize its rules and regulations. It charges no moral shortcoming and no want of business capacity or integrity. As applied to a theater it signifies nothing as to the merits of its performances. As a rule one man has no right to interfere in the business affairs of another, but if his act in so doing is in pursuit of a just purpose, and so long as he does not act maliciously and does not unreasonably or unnecessarily interfere with the rights of his neighbor, he cannot be charged with actionable wrong.

"If the banner itself is lawful we are unable to see how the mere display of it by a pedestrian upon a public street is unlawful."

BOILER MAKERS STRIKE.

Chester, Pa., March 8.—Boiler makers employed by oil companies in this city and at Marcus Hook are on strike for higher wages and better conditions. The oil companies are paying the same money and working the same conditions elsewhere as are demanded by the strikers.

Kansas City, Mo., March 8.—Boiler makers employed at the Kaw Boiler Works are on strike because the management declared for the non-union shop when employes asked for a new agreement.

WANT LABOR LAW AMENDED.

Lansing, Mich., March 8.—The state federation of labor is urging the following amendments to the state compensation law:

Include subcontractors; reduce waiting period from two weeks to one week; provide compensation for facial disfigurements; raise maximum weekly benefit from $10 to $15 and the minimum from $4 to $5.

30,000 DEFECTIVES.

Albany, N. Y., March 8.—There are 30,000 mental defectives in New York state and it will take $12,500,000 to adequately provide for them, says the state board of charities in its annual report to the state legislature. But 6,749 of these defectives are in asylums or other institutions, and of this number the state has accommodations for 5,000, but over 1,000 more are crowded into the shelter of the walls.

"TREASON TO THE STATE!" YELP ANTI-UNIONISTS

Denver, March 8.—"Treason to the state!" yelp anti-unionists who have been driven into a corner by the logic and the solidarity exhibited by organized labor at a hearing before a legislative committee on the repeal of Colorado's "can't-strike" law.

Grant Hamilton, representing the American Federation of Labor, is the especial thorn to men who were blind to the outrages of the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company during the recent miners' strike, and who would now gibbet this unionist and his associates because they dare proclaim their faith in liberty and their refusal to be handcuffed to work by state enactment.

The unionists laugh at the "denunciations" of men who ignored the Ludlow massacre and who say they tremble at the fate of our institutions because workers demand a right that is woven into the warp and woof of our national life.

The unionists say the complete unity of Colorado workers is the thing that alarms their opponents and not the belief that organized labor is rocking the law-and-order boat.

TELLS WOMEN TO ORGANIZE.

Cheyenne, Wyo., March 8.—The state legislature passed an alleged women's "eight-hour" law which provides for a maximum week of sixty hours for seven-day employments and fifty-two hours for six-day employment. For several years organized labor has attempted to secure a genuine women's eight-hour law, but the difficulties encountered have caused the Wyoming Labor Journal to offer this advice:

"If the wage-working women of Wyoming want to secure the best results they will follow the example of their brother workmen and, whether employed in laundry, store or restaurant, organize and secure the short work day through agreement with their employers."

WAGES CUT; POLISHERS STRIKE

Bridgeport, Conn., March 8.—Fabulous war profits of the Remington Arms Company has not deterred this concern from cutting wages of its metal polishers nearly $1 a week. Prior to the cut active members of the union were weeded out. Representatives of the federal department of labor are trying to adjust differences.

In an attempt to increase hours, the company is circulating a Saturday half-holiday petition among its unorganized employes. It has since been discovered that these workers overlooked a "joker" in the petition which increases the number of hours per week.

ARREST IDLERS, NOT PICKETS.

Boston, March 8.—In discharging Henry Marcus, arrested for picketing a theater in this city, Police Court Judge Duff said the police should arrest persons who congregate around the pickets while on duty, as the pickets were not responsible for either the action or the gathering of the crowds.

Marcus was picketing one of the theaters the White Rats Actors' Union has declared a strike against in an effort to enforce better working conditions and lessen the evils of booking agents.

CIGAR GIRLS WIN STRIKE.

Newark, N. J., March 8.—After a short strike 550 girls employed in the cigar plant of I. Lewis & Co. secured a complete victory and returned to work with a new wage scale and improved working conditions. A majority of the girls have made application for membership in the Cigar Makers' Union. A. F. of L. Organizer Hilfers says the successful ending of this movement is having its effect on other unorganized women, who have asked him to address them on trade unionism.

WILL INITIATE FOUR LAWS.

Dallas, Tex., March 8.—Trade unionists have secured the necessary signatures for these four ordinances to be voted on April 3:

Eight-hour day for men employed by public utilities corporations; safety appliances for street railroad employes; no increase in rates by a public utilities without a vote by the people; protecting public utilities employes in their right to join labor unions.

PRESIDENT SIGNS BILL.

With four different pens made for the occasion President Wilson signed the vocational education bill which provides federal co-operation with the states in establishing industrial schools for the teaching of trade, home economics, industrial and agricultural subjects.

GOMPERS CABLES TO JAPAN.

For the purpose of establishing fraternal relations between workers of this hemisphere and the far east, President Gompers cabled this message to President Suzuki of the Laborers' Friendly Society of Japan:

"The most important immediate duty of our labor movements is to use every influence in our power upon the governments of Japan and the United States to maintain the best possible relations between our respective countries and endeavor amicably to solve vexatious problems."

President Suzuki replied as follows:

"Co-operate for labor and humanity."

Mr. Suzuki came to the United States in 1915 on a fraternal mission, and last year he again visited this country and attended the conventions of the California State Federation of Labor and the American Federation of Labor.

TO PROTECT VICTIMIZED.

Chicago, March 8.—Officers of the Commercial Telegraphers' Union have issued a call for voluntary contributions to a fund to aid members discharged for union membership or union activity. This action was ordered by the last convention. It is suggested that at least 25 cents a month be contributed by each member. This will permit a victimized telegrapher to receive $5 a week until employment is secured.

This organization is attempting to organize the Western Union and Postal Telegraph companies. Both institutions maintain elaborate spy systems. Despite these obstacles the union is growing and a militant spirit is being developed.

THUG CAUSES HEAVY LOSS.

St. Louis, Mo., March 8.—The circuit court has awarded $6,000 damages against the John O'Brien Boiler Works Company in favor of the ten-year-old son of a union boiler maker who was picketing this plant. The unionist was shot and killed by one of the company's imported thugs.

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

UNION OPERATOR — Local No. 224 — A. T. S. E. — Wash. D. C. — Affiliated with Central Labor Union & A. F. of L.

American, 1st st. and R. . ave.n.w.
Apollo, - - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Auditorium, 13th st. and N. Y. ave.n.w.
Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Casino - - - 7th and F Sts. N. W.
Central Park - - 9th bet. G & H N.W.
Chelsia Theatre, 19th and M sts. n. w.
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N. W.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Eagle Gate Theatre - Sol. Home Gate
Eastern, - - 8th St. bet. F & G S. E.
Elite Theatre, 14th and R. I. ave. n. w.
Empire, - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Fairyland, - 19th and L st. n. w.
Favorite, H St. North Capitol & First
Garden Theatre, 423 Ninth st. n. w.
Gayety Theatre, - 513 9th st. n. w.
Georgia - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
Home Theater, C bet. 12th & 13th n. e.
Liberty Theatre, N. Capitol & P St.
Loewe's Columbia . . F near 12th
Lyric Theatre - - 14th near Park Rd.
Maryland - - - 624 9th St. N. W.
"M" Street Theatre, M St. near 32nd
Maycroft Park, H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Meaders, - - - 8th & G Sts. S. E.
Mid City, - 7th, bet. N and O st. n. w.
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Odeon - - 14th and Church Sts. N. W.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15, N.W.
Peerless Park, - 3105 Ga. ave. n. w.
Penn Gardens - - 21st St. & Pa. Ave.
Plaza Theatre - 434 9th st. n. w.
Pleasant Hrr. Park, 12 and C N. E.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Randolpr Park, 1st and Randolph n. w.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
R. I. Theatre, 7th and R. I. Ave. N. W.
Savoy, - - - 14th and Col. Road.
Schuetzen Park, Ga. ave. and Kenyon
Standard Park, Bates, near N. Cap. St.
Strand, - - - - - Ninth and D.
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N. E.
Stanton Park, - - - 219 4th N. E.
Starlight Park, 4 1-2 and K st. n. w.
Surprise Theatre - Alexandria, Va.
The Strand, - - Hopewell, Va.
The Richmond, - - Alexandria, Va.
Truxton Park, N. Capitol & Fla. Ave.
Victoria Theatre, 7th & E Sts. S. W.
Virginia - - - 614 9th St. N. W.

Parker, Bridget & Co.

"The Avenue at Ninth"

Featuring Extra Value

$15

Suits for Fall

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

J. G. O'DONNELL, President, 122 Sixth St. N. E.
M. J. DEERY Vice President, 2407 Girard St. N. E.
THOS. W. WOLTZ, Recording Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
G. H. F. DAVIS, Treasurer, 439 Second St. S. E.
W. I. STRATTON, Conductor, 617 Sixth St. N. W.
A. F. MOIRSETTE, Warden, 425 G St. N. W.
GEO. MYERS, Business Agent, 425 G St. N. W.

TRUSTEES.

F. J. NOLTE, 24 Eighth Street N. E.
MARK REILEY, 1127 B St. S. E.
A. P. TAYLOR, 622 I Street N. E.

DELEGATES TO THE DISTRICT COUNCIL.

R. H. BURDETTE, 1207 L Street N. W.
C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
E. B. BYRNE, 425 G Street N. W.
ROBERT REICHARD, 1720 35th Street N. W.
J. H. RYAN, 1101 Eleventh Street S. E.

DELEGATES TO THE CENTRAL LABOR UNION.

C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
R. H. BURDETTE, 816 K Street N. W.
W. S. HOLLOHAN, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
C. A. SAUNDERS, 244 9th St. S. E.
LOUIS LUEBKERT, 1314 Kerney St. N. E.

RELIEF COMMITTEE.

P. W. HAMILTON, 410 Tenn. Ave. N. E.
J. T. CLIFT, 4115 7th St. N. W.
M. FOLEY, 118 Seaton St. N. E.
W. B. DOLAN, 413 Mass. Ave. N. W.
J. A. SANKER, 2606 R. I. Ave. N. E.

MILL COMMITTEE.

F. E. KETTNER, 3016 Cambridge St. N. W.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
O. A. CARTER, Rosslyn, Va.

DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

G. H. F. DAVIS, 439 Second Street S. E.

LIST OF LIQUOR DEALERS WHO HAVE SIGNED "THE AGREEMENT."

Allen, Paul.....2 N st. n. e.
Allen, John J...807 N. C. Cap st. n. e.
Beirkle, Leopold, - 1245 H st. n. e.
Boyle, William J., 601 Mass. ave n. w.
Castelli, Vincent, 502-504 Ninth st.n.w.
Clark, C. H.....510 9th st. n. w.
Colonial Beach Boat Co.
Costello, Bros.....604 G st. n. w.
Crowley, James J.....702 E st. n. w.
Daly, T. J.....34 H st. n. e.
Daye, Wm. T.....1218 Wisc. ave.
Doyle, Wm. T....1314 Wisc. ave. n. w.
Duffy, James A. -901 1-2 E st. n. w.
Wm. R. Fosbender, 406 Ninth st. n w.
Franey, F. A.....711½ 9th st. n. w.
Frank, Mrs. M. E. - 319 G st. n. w.
Ganey, M.....615 7th st. s. w.
Glavin, Edwin.....309 G st. n. w.
Hannan, Mrs. E.....531 7th st. s. w.
Hanlon, Timothy.....822 H st. n. e.
Kelliher, J. D.....1258 7th st. s. w.
Killeen, John F.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Louis Hodges, - - 407 9th st n. w.
Lynagh, Peter J.....523 7th st. s. w.
Lynch, John.....417 9th st. n. w.
McCarthy, F. J.....910 4½ st. s. w.
McCarthy, Jas. J.....1402 H st. n. e.
McDonald, F. J.....643 Pa. ave. s. e.
McGinniss, H. J., 1001 N. Y. ave. n. w.
McGuire, J. Chas., 519 Ninth st. n. w.
McHough, Martin....1105 H st. n. e.
Milton Schmidt, - 702 7th st. n. w.
O'Connor, D. J.....100 G st. n. w.
O'Connor, Patrick F., 617 D st. n. w.
O'Connor, James.....1429 N. Cap. st.
O'Day, John T. - 921 Ninth st. n. w.
O'Donnell, James J...333 Pa. ave. s. e.
Peter White, - - - 905 D st. n. w.
Raftery, Thomas.....406 H st. n. e.
Raftery, Patrick.....225 11th st. n. e.
Roland, J. H.....511 9th st. n. w.
Scanlon, Daniel,.....103 H st. n. w.
Schroter, Conrad....3258 M st. n. w.
Schltz, Mary T.....607 G st. n. w.
Sheehan, John J., 701 North Cap. st.
Solon, Mary A., - 1003 7th st. e.
Stern, M. M.....601 7th st. n. w.
Stanton, Frank J.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Sullivan, David, 12th and E st. n. w.
Sullivan, John J., 1351 35th st. n. w.
The Casino, Frank Farenkamp (Chesapeake Beach).
Victor Buffet Co., Inc., 7th and G n. w.
Walsh, David, - - 407 10th st. n. w
Wassman, Henry, 705 Seventh st. n. w.
Wiedeman, Joseph....629 E st. n. w.
William J. O'Leary, 733 North Cap. st.
Wininger, Harry 631 Pa. ave. s. e.
Wolf, Frank, - 512 12th st. n. w.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Meets Every Monday Night

Typographica Temple

423-425 G St. N. W.

Secretary's Address: 606 5th St. N.W.

Telephone: Lincoln 4614

OFFICERS

HUGH D. DIGNEY.....President
MARY GANZHORN...V. President
N. A. JAMES.....Secretary
JOS. E. TOONE....Fin. Secretary
WM. H. SCHAFFER.....Treasurer
JOS. C. CLARK..Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES — Wm. Zell, W. W. Keeler, J. L. Considine.

COMMITTEES

Executive—Mary Ganzhorn, Chairman; Jos. E. Toone, N. A. James, W. A. Huttel, John R. Hartley, H. D. Digney and Wm. H. Shaffer.

Legislative—Jere McCarthy, Chairman; John Lorch, N. P. Alifas, Robert Jones and D. J. O'Leary.

Adjustment—W. A. Huttel, Chairman; Harry Hollohan, John Botts, Benj. Spellbring and John Schmidt.

Contract—John Hartley, Chairman; Wm. W. Keeler, W. H. Schaffer, C. H. Adams and C. C. Coulter.

Laws—Dan. Hassett, chairman; Harry Buie and R. H. Burdette.

Resolution—Jas. L. Considine, chairman; E. L. Tucker and Denis Southern.

Organization — Jos. E. Toone, Chairman; Jos. C. Clark, Henry Miller, Mary Burkhead and T. A. Franklin.

Auditing—Wm. E. Zell, Chairman; Laurence Curtin and John Deal.

Credentials—M. J. Costello, Chairman; Jas. Noyes and S. S. Parker.

Label—H. F. Oehler, Chairman, and John McGuigan.

Press—N. A. James, Chairman; John B. Colpoys and N. A. Sprague.

Delegates to Baltimore—Jos. E. Toone, Chairman; Harry Fiddesop and Sam De Nedrey.

MEATS GROCERIES FISH

Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the

OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.

930 La. Ave. N. W. — 1111 H Street N. E.
8th & E Sts. S. E. — 1632 N. Capitol Street
31st & M Sts. N. W. — 3418-20 Ga. Ave. N. W.
7th & Q Sts. N. W. — 14th & U Streets N. W.
1778 U Street, N.W. — 7th and B Streets N. E.
7th & H Street N. E. — 3113 14th Street, N. W.
726 7th St. N. W. — 1440 P St. N. W.
2002-2004 Ga. Ave. N. W.

POULTRY BREAD PRODUCE

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK

Northwest Corner FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST

LOOK FOR THE CLOCKS

4 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts

COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

THE PLATE PRINTER

Official Organ Plate Printers International Union.

P. J. RYAN, Editor. CHAS. T. SMITH, Assoc. Editor.

Subscription $1.00 Per Year

Telephone 4528 Wash. Loan & Trust Bldg.

Homesteaders—Come to Virginia

Where you will find homes, happiness, independence for all. Mild winters, no malaria, no mosquitos. Farms all sizes at reasonable prices and terms. Send for our Land Bulletin and a copy of The Record—FREE.

J. R. MEADOWS & CO., Crewe, Va.

WE DO ALL KINDS OF

Job Printing

AND THE PRICE IS RIGHT

The Trades Unionist, 604-6 5th St. N. W.

LANSBURGH & BRO.

"DRY GOODS ONLY"

The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City

420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

When in Doubt, Buy of

HOUSE & HERRMANN

FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.

N.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W

GEO. D. HORNING,

N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.

LOAN OFFICE

Takoma Bread

Fresh Three Times Daily

AT ALL GROCERS

Havenner Baking Company

Established 1815

The only strictly

UNION TAILORING house in the city

M. STEIN & CO.

TAILORS

Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

Washington District Council of Carpenters

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

ROBERT ADAM, President, Local 2563, U. B., 1511 Vermont Avenue N.W.
R. H. BURDETTE, Vice President, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
E. B. BYRNE, Secretary, Local 132, U. B., 425 G Street N.W.
F. A. SHOESMITH, Treasurer, Local 2563, U. B., 5209 Georgia Avenue N.W.
C. H. ADAMS, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 804 A Street N.E.
R. H. BURDETTE, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
H. PAGE, Trustee, Local 2563, U. B., 336½ 13th Street N.E.
ROBERT REICHARD, Local 132, U. B., 1720 34th Street N.W.
J. H. RYAN, Local 132, U. B., 1101 11th Street S.E.
FRED HOOK, Local 2563, U. B., 1528 8th Street N.W.
WILLIAM MACKIE, Local 2563, U. B., 216 Seaton Place N.E.

BUSINESS AGENT.

GEO. MYERS, 425 G Street N. W.

THE MILTON SCHOOL

Oxford Bldg., 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.

Stenography
Typewriting
English
Spanish

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO BEGINNERS

Now in larger quarters in the Oxford Building, 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.

PHONE NORTH 2349

DONOVAN'S

FINE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS

2003 14th St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

CORBY CAKE

AT ALL GROCERS

STORAGE PACKING FREIGHT HAULING

Merchants Transfer — AND — Storage Company

920-922 E Street Northwest

Phone Main 6900

SHIPPING MOVING HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

Phone Main 3871

WM. H. HOWLIN

American Federation of Labor Building

9th Street and Mass. Avenue

Engrossing Resolutions, Diplomas Charters and Fancy Pen Work of All Descriptions

The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I.P.E.U.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXI. NO. 38 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, MARCH 16, 1917. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

W. R. & E. CO. STREET RAILWAY EMPLOYES STRIKE FOR RECOGNITION OF UNION.

President of Company, Clarence P. King, Flatly Refuses to Deal With Men Except Individually. Public Sentiment Is With the Strikers.

At midnight Sunday employes on lines of the Washington Railway and Electric Company—motormen, conductors, switchmen and shop men—went on strike to obtain recognition and to preserve the life of their organization, Division 689, Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employes of America.

All efforts to mediate and for a conference or compromise proved futile. The contract of the employes expired at 12 o'clock Sunday night, and, while expressing regret that they had been compelled to quit work and inconvenience the public, there was nothing left for the men to do but suspend work and struggle to preserve their union or accept the individual conditions imposed by the company, which, the employes say, means the disbandment of their organization. The struggle is for the right of collective bargaining. Under the old system of working under individual conditions, union officials say, the results were that the local men were among the lowest-paid street railway employes in America, with working conditions that were unspeakable.

Mr. Clarence P. King, president of the company, has refused to recognize the union, and declares that any negotiations embodying such an action were doomed to failure. The requests of the employes have been agreed to by the Capital Traction Company of this city and contracts signed, attesting to the fairness of the demands. But Mr. King, for some reason or other, does not see fit to meet the issue fairly. There is no disposition on the part of the company to deviate from its present position of refusing recognition. Mr. King will receive no committee, whether comprised of union members or other employes, and he does not care to have the arbitrators interest themselves in the dispute if the company cannot deal with the employes individually.

PUBLIC IGNORED.

One has only to look at some of the men employed by Mr. King to break the strike to get his sentiments, his prejudice against the strikers, his unfairness. Mr. King apparently did not consider the public of Washington when he placed these men aboard his cars. Their incompetency as motormen and conductors has been proven and on more than one occasion their honesty, both to the public and to the company, has been put in question. Courtesy to those riding in the cars is a rarety, and their ignorance of the streets of the city means nothing to Mr. King. It can be said with impunity that the men who manned the cars before the strike occurred were as fine a body of gentlemen as could be found in the service of a street railway company in any city of the country, and the company will find that the public will not tolerate the insults of the strikebreakers. Gun-totters have been found among Mr. King's collection of substitutes, it is alleged, but so far no casualties have occurred.

Just how long the present condition of affairs will exist is hard to say. Washingtonians are tiring of the company's obstinacy, and organized labor, to the man, will support the strikers. The Central Labor Union, at its meeting last Monday night, voted to boycott the lines of the W. R. & E. Co., and one organization after another at their meetings are taking similar action.

The stockholders of the company must surely awaken to the true situation and realize what their loses will be, and then, it is to be hoped, Mr. King will be asked to step out and a fair and square man selected to run the company's business.

HAVE NO HUMANE IMPULSE.

San Francisco, March 15.—"The San Francisco Chamber of Commerce is responsible for the introduction of more un-American, liberty-destroying bills in the state legislature at this session than all other organizations in the state combined," says the Labor Clarion.

"There is not a constructive piece of legislation in the entire lot of this institution's bills. The bills are a conglomeration of 'thou shalt nots' for everybody but the greedmongers of the chamber of commerce."

WOMEN MACHINISTS STRIKE.

Derby, Conn., March 15.—Women employed at a munitions plant struck for eight hours instead of ten, time and one-half for overtime and double time for Sundays and holidays. They have since been enrolled as members of the Machinists' Union.

RETAIN "CAN'T-STRIKE" LAW.

Denver, March 15.—The state senate has refused to repeal the industrial commission law, which prohibits strikes until employes give thirty days' notice. The organized workers lined up solid against this limitation of their rights, and although they are not surprised at the outcome of their first attack on the law, they announce that their fight has only started.

STAGE EMPLOYES CONFER.

Cleveland, March 15.—Nearly 400 delegates attended the anual convention of the International Alliance of Theatrical Stage Employes of America. Officers of this organization changed the date of the convention that action might be taken to meet the non-union shop agitation of certain managers before the opening of the next theatrical season.

MASS MEETING AND PARADE SUNDAY

Protest Demonstration to Be Held Under Auspices of C. L. U.

Sunday afternoon a parade and mass meeting, held under the auspices of the Central Labor Union, will be held as a protest against the unfair attitude of the Washington Railway and Electric Company in not meeting the requests of the strikers. Although, at the time of going to press, the permit for the demonstration had not been asked for, there is very little question as to its being granted.

The parade will form at 6th and G streets northwest (Painters' Hall), at 2 o'clock, and will proceed south to Pennsylvania avenue, thence west to 15th street, north on 15th to K, east on K to 10th, south on 10th to G, when the participants and others will assemble in National Rifles' Armory for a mammoth mass meeting.

Those in sympathy with the men on strike are invited to join in this protest, and all true trade unionists should not hesitate to participate, realizing always that an injury to one is the concern of all.

GOVERNMENT OWNERSHIP OF STREET RAILROADS TO BE DEBATED BY LAW SCHOOL

All trade unionists and friends are cordially invited to attend a debate by the National University Law School on "Government Ownership of Street Railroads," to be held Saturday evening, March 17, at 8:30 o'clock, at National University Building, 816 13th street northwest, second floor.

The debate will be preceded by a short address by Herbert J. Browne on the "Land Question in Mexico."

WHEN WILL WOMEN SLEEP?

Hartford, Conn., March 15.—In opposing a bill to prohibit women working at night, a representative of a munitions plant assured the legislative committee having the bill in charge that "many women preferred night work so that they could attend their household duties during the day."

Organized Labor Offers Services.

Pledges Loyal Support to President and Country in the Event of War.

Represented by 150 delegates from national and international trade unions affiliated with the American Federation of Labor and five unaffiliated organizations, including the great railroad brotherhoods, organized labor in America last Monday offered its services to President Wilson and the country in every field of activity in the event all endeavors and hopes failed and the United States should be forced to engage in war.

Three million American workers were represented in this conference, held in the A. F. of L. building, which was called to determine what part organized labor should take in case of armed conflict, and there was not one dissenting vote when the pledge was taken to support and uphold the President and the nation.

Statement Issued.

Various demands which were held to be fundamentals in safeguarding the rights of workers in war times as well as in peace were set forth in a statement formally adopted and issued after the meeting, in addition to the offer of services.

Protests against militarism were made, and it was held that industrial service should be deemed equally meritorious as military service; that service should conform to trade union standards and that organized labor should have representation on all agencies determining and administering policies of national defense and controlling publicity. The concluding paragraphs of the statement, pledging labor's support to the nation follow:

Pledge of Organization.

"We, the officers of the national and international trade unions of America in national conference assembled in the Capital of our nation, hereby pledge ourselves in peace or in war, in stress or in storm, to stand unreservedly by the standards of liberty and the safety and preservation of the institutions and ideals of our republic.

"In this solemn hour of our nation's life it is our earnest hope that our republic may be safeguarded in its unswerving desire for peace; that our people may be spared the horrors and burdens of war; that they may have the opportunity to cultivate and develop the arts of peace, human brotherhood and higher civilization.

Offer of Their Services.

"But despite all our endeavors and hopes should our country be drawn into the maelstrom of the European conflict we, with these ideals of liberty the justice herein declared as the indispensable basis for national policies, offer our services to our country in every field of activity to defend, safeguard and preserve the republic of the United States of America against its enemies, whomsoever they may be, and we call upon our fellow workers and fellow citizens in the holy name of labor, justice, freedom and humanity to devotedly and patriotically give like service."

Hahn Shoe Clerks Are Still on Strike

Organized Labor Has Pledged Its Moral and Financial Support to Men Fighting for Better Conditions.

The strike of the clerks of the shoe stores of Wm. Hahn & Co. is still on. These men are firm in their stand for recognition of their union and 6 o'clock Saturday closing, and have the backing, both moral and financial, of organized labor. While these employes voluntarily quit work their action was soon indorsed by the local union of Retail Clerks, whose action, in turn, was indorsed by the International. During the strike benefits of $12 a week are paid the strikers.

For a year past the clerks of this city have been active in new territory, slowly but steadily forging to the front. Counteracting their moves, the Retail Merchants of the city organized and formed a ring, so to speak, with each member willing to follow the example of the other. The clerks have broken into the ring, but in the case of Mr. Hahn there appears to be a hesitancy.

At a recent meeting of the Retail Merchants' Association held in this city financial and moral support was pledged by that organization to Mr. Hahn, thereby putting the association in the light of opposing organized labor in general, and the Retail Clerks in particular.

The Central Labor Union at its meeting last Monday retaliated, pledging moral and financial support to the Clerks in their efforts for betterment, and adopted the following resolutions, expressing their sentiments:

THE RESOLUTIONS.

"Whereas, the Retail Merchants' Association of Washington, at a meeting held in this city Wednesday night, adopted a set of resolutions, in the opinion of many inspired by the proponents of what is commonly termed the "open shop," declaring that said association was in favor of Labor Unions, that a superficial reading of which would be conducive to the belief that said resolutions were sincere, and

"Whereas, a careful study of the same developes opposition to Labor in concrete form, and upon investigation developes the fact that said resolutions are directed against the Retail Clerks' International Protective Association, now on strike for better conditions in the shoe stores of Wm. Hahn & Co., in particular and Organized Labor in general; therefore be it

"Resolved, That the Central Labor Union of the District of Columbia sincerely deprecate the action of the Retail Merchants' Association, and is loth to believe that the above resolutions represent the concensus of opinion of the merchants of the District, though no effort of knowledge has been made upon the part of the Retail Merchants' Association to refute the tenor of the resolutions; now therefore be it

"Resolved, That the Central Labor Union again most emphatically reiterates its adherents to the principles of collective bargaining and voluntary arbitration; be it further,

"Resolved, That the Central Labor Union stands squarely behind the Retail Clerks, and any other organization, in the endeavor to better working conditions, and pledges itself to do all that it can, morally and financially, to aid said efforts for betterment; be it again

"Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be furnished The Trades Unionist, the Washington Post, the Washington Herald, the Evening Star and the Evening Times, with the request that they be given the same publicity accorded the resolutions of the Retail Merchants' Association."

FISHERMEN STRIKE.

Boston, March 15.—Nearly 400 fishermen, members of the Fishermen's Union, affiliated to the A. F. of L., suspended work to enforce better conditions. The men ask the owners to furnish all fishing gear and to replace same from the gross receipts, and not out of the men's share alone. Eliminating the charge of 10 per cent for the use of fishing lines is also asked.

VALUE OF ARM IS $32,500.

White Plains, N. Y., March 15.—Supreme Court Justice Platt has sustained a lower court verdict of $32,500 against the Erie and the New Jersey and New York Railroad companies, who were sued by Adam Roeder, brakeman, for $100,000 because his arm was crushed by a defective coupler.

BARBERS STRIKE.

Wilkes-Barre, Pa., March 15.—The largest barber shops in this city are affected by a strike of the Journeymen Barbers' Union which demands higher wages and shorter hours.

PATTERN MAKERS STRIKE.

Boston, March 15.—Attempts to employ non-unionists caused a strike of pattern makers in the shops of Simpson Bros. Corporation in Medford, Emerson & Norris and the Cambridge Cement Stone Company, manufacturers of artificial stone.

STEEL PROFITS $32,214,724.

New York, March 15.—The first annual report of the Midvale Steel and Ordnance Company and its subsidiaries shows a clear profit of $32,214,724, which is equivalent to 32.21 per cent on the $100,000,000 outstanding capital stock, or $16.10 a share.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., MARCH 16, 1917.

Are not increases in wages justified when it is taken into consideration that all food prices in the United States have advanced 19 per cent in the year ending with January 15? This increase is not guesswork, it is a fact, shown by a compilation of statistics by the bureau of labor statistics. The advance was greater than for the three years previous combined.

With net earnings of $44,743,376.45, an increase of more than $3,500,000 over 1915, it seems feasible that the American Telephone and Telegraph Company could provide better pay and better working conditions for its employes, especially the switchboard operators, who have, in this city especially, been long underpaid and subject to the dictates of the company.

It appears that Germany intends to show contempt for this country and will continue her sea murdering, but this disrespect of humanity will surely, sooner or later, revert back to those responsible for the present state of affairs. There is no mistaking the fact that organized labor will support this country faithfully and loyally and leave no stone unturned to aid her in the event of hostilities.

THE PRICE THE "SCAB" PAYS.

"Scab!" There is no word in the English language so fraught with hatred as this one word when it is used by strikers against strikebreakers. Girls cry it with tears of rage in their eyes and every primitive instinct aroused against the man or woman who is jeopardizing their fight for better working conditions. Men cry it with all the unleashed passion of their natures urging them to wage cave warfare.

If you ask them just what is a "scab" you always get an answer like this: "A low-down gink who is taking our jobs." "A gutter bum that's scabbing on the job and sucking in with the boss," or even some unprintable definitions, but always from the same angle—what the "scab" does to the worker.

The thing you never get and which has always seemed to me to be of so much more importance is what the "scab" is to herself or himself.

A few years ago I had occasion to talk to the wife of a man who remained working with a few others while the rest of his shop went on a strike for better conditions.

His two children, both of them old enough to realize the word that their father was being called, sat in the room with the mother as she talked, and, while her eyes were bright with defiance, the boy looked down at the pattern of the carpet and the girl looked out of the window.

"I told my man to work," the woman said, defiantly. "I told him we ain't got no time for strikes. He'd been out of work for months before he got this job, and me and the children need the money. We got bills to pay."

Her voice was hard. She talked feverishly. She said too much. She realized she was the wife of a man who was a traitor to his class, and, though she had urged him, though she justified him then, she was tasting the bitterness of less of self-respect. And the children were tasting it with her. They would never be proud of their father again, for he wore the brand of a traitor and they would not be able to forget it.

The loss of the respect of others is a terrible price to pay, but it is little beside the loss of one's self-respect. One may get away from the others; one cannot get away from one's self. Judas, who betrayed his Master, hung himself to escape his conscience. There is always the "still, small voice" to taunt; there is always the sense of shame that only the traitor knows.

If the fight is lost, his is the consciousness that he helped to defeat the workers who fought, and the industrial slavery that binds itself still more tightly about the mass was caused by the treachery of the one.

If the fight is won he has no part in the victory, for he did nothing to make the fight a success.

He has not even the satisfaction of receiving the gratitude of the bosses for whom he betrayed his class. The briber has naught but contempt for the bribed. The capitalist despises the worker who will sell out his class. He wouldn't trust the traitor when his need of him has gone.

"Scabs" they start, and what do they finish? You will get your answer in front of some of the shops today where men who bear on their faces the brand of failure, and, more, the look of the traitor, are earning a few dollars a day, hired out to the bosses to slug men and women clothing strikers. Those sluggers are the flotsam and jetsam today. They are the men who began as traitors to their class and today have no class to which to return.

They haven't the respect of the bosses, they haven't even the respect of the coppers, and they have the hatred of the class in which they once belonged.

If I were asked for a definition of a "scab" I would not give the one the majority of the workers give. I would say a "scab" is a creature over whom men and angels must weep—a human being without self-respect.—Jane Whitaker, in The Plasterer.

HOPE LONG DEFERRED.

Has there not been enough of strife—
Of cruel hate, of life for life;
Or is the worst that's yet in man
To go unchecked, like tribe or clan
Which seeks naught else but power and pelf,
Each unconcerned except for self?

* * * * *

The answer comes with thund'rous roar
From battle front and seas of gore!

* * * * *

And yet we hope, though hope be vain,
That after all there'll come a reign
Of peace on earth, good will assured
For all who hoped—for all endured.

O. S. WEBSTER.

March 11, 1917.

USING THE BIBLE TO KNOCK OUT OPPONENTS

BY REV. CHARLES STELZLE.

Tyrants have sought to justify their positions by quoting Scripture. Even the devil quoted Scripture in an attempt to justify his position and to strengthen his argument. It is not surprising therefore that the devil's disciples have sometimes followed his example.

No one will imagine for a single moment that this means that the Bible stands for tyranny or deviltry—it means merely that tyrants and devils have seen that the Bible is a good book and that it would be a great thing to have it appear that the Bible endorses their position.

Sometimes men of this type try to secure God's approval of their own selfishness and meanness by accepting only as much of the Bible as seems to harmonize with their own ideals and purposes. That is, they will take out of their connection certain "texts" in the Word of God, making it appear that God stands for them. Their opponents may be guilty of the same fault with the result that the Bible is made out to be a book full of contradictory statements. Neither side will accept the other side's arguments even though both seem to quote from the same authority.

Here is a truth which men should keep in mind with regard to the Bible—the fact that a certain statement is found in the Bible doesn't necessarily make it true. What I mean by this will be pointed out directly. It all depends upon who made that particular statement and its value also depends upon the circumstances under which it was spoken.

The Bible is an inspired account of what God said, of what the devil said, of what men, good and bad, have said and done at various times in the world's history. Therefore, in studying the Bible it is extremely important to see in what connection a certain verse or a certain book was used, or written.

For example—there is a verse in the Bible which says: "There is no God." Considered by itself this would seem like rank heresy. But if you were to read the words in connection with this verse, you would find that the whole statement reads: "The fool hath said in his heart, 'There is no God.'" And so men will use certain portions of the Bible and make it appear that the Bible says exactly the opposite thing from what it does say.

There is another fact to be remembered in studying or quoting the Bible. The moral and ethical standards of Abraham's time, for instance, would not, in some respects, satisfy God's demand of the men of the twentieth century, with their greater advantages and opportunities. And so it isn't fair to take a command or an ideal presented in the earlier books of the Bible and insist that these inspired commands be the standards for present-day Christians.

God was lenient with men in olden times. He did not expect them to live up to the ideals which we have created today. The same thing will be true of the future generations. More will be expected of them than God expects of us.

Fortunately, God has made the way so plain that any man may know what his duty toward God and toward his neighbor is, but it requires serious and reverent searching after the truth to know the mind of God. This is not given to the flippant disputant who has only his ends to serve.

The Bible is a book well worth our most careful study. The man who reads the daily newspapers and the Bible consistently and discerningly—that is, with good judgment—will be a well educated man.

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

UNION OPERATOR — LOCAL No. 224 — WASH. D. C. — AFFILIATED WITH CENTRAL LABOR UNION & A. F. of L.

American, 1st st. and R. . ave.n.w.
Apollo, - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Auditorium, 13th st. and N. Y. ave.n.w.
Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Casino - - - 7th and F Sts. N. W.
Central Park - - 9th bet. G & H N.W.
Chelsia Theatre, 19th and M sts. n. w.
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N. W.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Eagle Gate Theatre - Sol. Home Gate
Eastern, - - 8th St. bet. F & G S. E.
Elite Theatre, 14th and R. I. ave. n. w.
Empire, - - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Fairyland, - 19th and L st. n. w.
Favorite, H St. North Capitol & First
Garden Theatre, 423 Ninth st. n. w.
Gayety Theatre, - 513 9th st. n. w.
Georgia - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
Home Theater, C bet. 12th & 13th n. e.
Liberty Theatre, N. Capitol & P St.
Loewe's Columbia . . F near 12th
Lyric Theatre - - 14th near Park Rd.
Maryland - - - 624 9th St. N. W.
"M" Street Theatre, M St. near 32nd
Maycroft Park, H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Meaders, - - - 8th & G Sts. S. E.
Mid City, - 7th, bet. N and O st. n. w.
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Odeon - - 14th and Church Sts. N. W.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15, N. W.
Peerless Park, - 3105 Ga. ave. n. w.
Penn Gardens - - 21st St. & Pa. Ave.
Plaza Theatre - 434 9th st. n. w.
Pleasant Hrr. Park, 12 and C N. E.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Randolpr Park, 1st and Randolph n. w.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N. W.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N. W.
R. I. Theatre, 7th and R. I. Ave. N. W.
Savoy, - - - 14th and Col. Road.
Schuetzen Park, Ga. ave. and Kenyon
Senate Theater - - 324 Pa. Ave. S.E.
Standard Park, Bates, near N. Cap. St.
Strand, - - - - - Ninth and D.
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N. E.
Stanton Park, - - - 219 4th N. E.
Starlight Park, 4 1-2 and K st. n. w.
Surprise Theatre - Alexandria, Va.
The Strand, - - Hopewell, Va.
The Richmond, - - Alexandria, Va.
Truxton Park, N. Capitol & Fla. Ave.
Victoria Theatre, 7th & E Sts. S. W.
Virginia - - - 614 9th St. N. W.
Zenith Theater - - 625 8th St. S.E.

ESTABLISHED 1865 — 51 YEARS IN BUSINESS

CHRISTIAN XANDER'S

Family Brand Rye Whiskey

75c a Quart — Finest Whisky Obtainable at the Price

909 7th Street, Northwest. — No Branch Houses. Phone M. 274

CORBY'S YEAST

Leaves nothing to guess-work.
Its purity and strength are uniform.
Every baker knows what that means.
Send for samples.

THE CORBY COMPANY

STATION K. — WASHINGTON, D. C.

Representative Houses

OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

BANKS

NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burglar-proof vaults; acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth Street and New York Avenue.

WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee, etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK. A bank for the working people. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account. Ninth and G Sts. N. W.

UNION SAVINGS BANK. Commercial accounts. Three per cent interest on savings accounts. The oldest savings bank in Washington.

MICHAEL T. GREENE
Liquors and Cigars. 639 D St. N. W.

STONER'S BAR AND RESTAURANT
The, G. Stoner. 206 Seventh St. S. W.

J. CHAS. McGUIRE'S BUFFET
Federal Seal Whiskey. 519 Ninth St. N. W.

O'KEEFE'S BUFFET
P. J. O'Keefe, Prop. 904 Pa. Ave. N. W.

GLAVIN'S BUFFET
ED. J. GLAVIN 309 G Street Northwest

FRANK'S BUFFET
Fourth and G Sts. N. W. Phone M. 5572.

DAVID WALSH'S BUFFET
407 10th Street N. W.

E. E. FARLEY'S BUFFET
415 13th Street N. W.

J. J. O'DONNELL'S BUFFET
333 Penn. Avenue S. E.

HARRY'S BUFFET
631 Penn. Ave. S. E. Phone Lin. 1843

MACHINIST

G. W. FORSBERG, formerly with Forsberg & Murray, Elevators, Boilers. Eighth and Water Sts. S. W. Main 742.

GROCER AND COFFEE ROASTER

SOMERSET R. WATERS, 1342 7th St. N. W.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

RALSTON & RICHARDSON, Evans Building, 1420 New York Avenue.

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.

SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (Inc.), Soda Water, Syrups, etc. 1066 Wis. Ave. N. W.

PHOTO SUPPLIES

E. J. PULLMAN. Developing and Finishing for Amateurs a Specialty. 420 9th St. N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS

MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Ave. N. W. Our Specialty, Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

FIRE INSURANCE

FIREMEN'S INSURANCE COMPANY, Seventh Street and Louisiana Avenue.

DRY GOODS

WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings. Hosiery, a Specialty. 806-808 H St. N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

UNDERTAKERS

J. WILLIAM LEE
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY
332 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.

W. H. BUTLER CO., 607-9 C St. N. W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT

NATIONAL MORTAR CO., 1st and M N.E.
COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING CO., 3036 K Street.

DRUGGISTS

CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth St. and Virginia Ave. S. E.
DAY & CO. 5th and G Sts. N.W. 14th and P N.W., 20th and R. I. Ave. N.E.
QUIGLEY, Druggist, 21st and G Sts. N.W.
A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner 7th and P Streets N. W. N. 2372.

Building Trades Headquarters — Sixth and G Sts. N. W — Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rent

WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES, TOBACCO. — COSTELLO BROS

CENTRAL LABOR UNION

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Meets Every Monday Night

Typographica Temple
423-425 G St. N. W.

Secretary's Address: 606 5th St. N.W.
Telephone: Lincoln 4614

OFFICERS

HUGH D. DIGNEY.....President
MARY GANZHORN...V. President
N. A. JAMES.....Secretary
JOS. E. TOONE...Fin. Secretary
WM. H. SCHAFFER.....Treasurer
JOS. C. CLARK..Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES — Wm. Zell, W. W. Keeler, J. L. Considine.

COMMITTEES

Executive—Mary Ganzhorn, Chairman; Jos. E. Toone, N. A. James, W. A. Huttel, John R. Hartley, H. D. Digney and Wm. H. Shaffer.
Legislative—Jere McCarthy, Chairman; John Lorch, N. P. Alifas, Robert Jones and D. J. O'Leary.
Adjustment—W. A. Huttel, Chairman; Harry Hollohan, John Botts, Benj. Spellbring and John Schmidt.
Contract—John Hartley, Chairman; Wm. W. Keeler, W. H. Schaffer, C. H. Adams and C. C. Coulter.
Laws—Dan. Hassett, chairman; Harry Buie and R. H. Burdette.
Resolution—Jas. L. Considine, chairman; E. L. Tucker and Denis Southern.
Organization — Jos. E. Toone, Chairman; Jos. C. Clark, Henry Miller, Mary Burkhead and T. A. Franklin.
Auditing—Wm. E. Zell, Chairman; Laurence Curtin and John Deal.
Credentials—M. J. Costello, Chairman; Jas. Noyes and S. S. Parker.
Label—H. F. Oehler, Chairman, and John McGuigan.
Press—N. A. James, Chairman; John B. Colpoys and N. A. Sprague.
Delegates to Baltimore—Jos. E. Toone, Chairman; Harry Fiddesop and Sam De Nedrey.

JOS. A. WILNER & CO.

UNION CUSTOM TAILORS

Cor. 8th and G Sts. N.W.

Your Pattern of Table China

—May Be Included
—In Our Clearance
—Sale of Discontinued
—Patterns and

A Saving of From 20 to 50 Per Cent Realized

We're closing out more than a half dozen patterns of imported china that we are unable to replace. In view of the greatly increased values of china, these price savings are exceptionally noteworthy.

Dulin & Martin Co.
Pottery, Lamps, China, Glass, Silver, &c.
1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St.

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY

Equitable Life Insurance Co.
of the District of Columbia
THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.
Issues Ordinary and Industrial
Wm. A. Bennett, 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.
EQUITABLE BLD'G. 816 14th ST., N. W.

CELTIC CLUB WHISKEY
Our Specialty
Never Changes. Accept No Substitute
Once Tried You'll Always Use It.
Ports and Sherries for family use, Quarts, 50 and 75 cents. All makes of Beer. Leading brands of Cigars. Ales and Porters on draught the year round.
D. J. O'CONNOR
New Jersey Ave. and G Sts. N.W

Saks & Company
MEN'S and BOYS' OUTFITTERS
Pa. Ave. & 7th St. Wash., D. C.
Specialists in Apparel for Men and Boys.

Clothes, Hats and Shoes
The Bieber-Kaufman Co.
901-909 Eighth St. S. E.
Down by the Navy Yard
Washington, D. C.

BUTLER'S RHEUMATIC and GOUT REMEDY.
A KIDNEY AND HEART TONIC
Manufactured Since 1872 By
BUTLER & FIELD
Third and Indiana Ave. N. W.
Price 50c a bottle. 6 for $2.50
For Sale By Druggists.

NEVER LET THE GRIPPE GET HOLD OF YOU

Take "O. K. Capsules" for Grippe, sudden colds, and similar affections. Price 25c

WELLER'S DRUG STORE
8th & Eye Sts. S.E. 36th & M N.W.

FIREPROOF CONSTRUCTION
Hammett Fire Proofing Company
301-302-303 Wilkins Bldg.
Phone Main 3337.

Bell Brand Union-Made
COLLARS and SHIRTS
LARGE ASSORTMENT
T. HOLLANDER
North Capitol and H Streets

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

George G. Wilson, assistant foreman, reinstated.

Ellwood S. Moorhead, jr., linotype operator, reinstated.

Edward H. Brian, electrician in charge, reinstated.

William E. Pinkston, helper, reinstated.

John S. Donohue, skilled laborer, reinstated.

Lawrence W. Trumbull, assistant messenger, reinstated.

Louis C. Vogt, estimator and jacket writer, reinstated.

Louis J. Campbell, clerk, reinstated.

George R. Erler, bookbinder, reinstated.

Myer Gewirz, skilled laborer, reinstated.

Separations.

Mrs. Lottie K. Benton, pressfeeder, resigned.

Miss Margaret D. Brightwell, clerk, resigned.

Lewis H. Wilson, temporary fireman.

Miss Noma G. Miller, cataloguer, resigned.

Ulysses F. R. Reed, Endymion Spencer, Louis Browne and Andrew S. Jackson, temporary unskilled laborers.

William H. McKimmie, James E. Jeffries, Charles C. Yoder and Joseph A. Merryman, skilled laborers, resigned.

Transfers, Etc.

Lewis Stark, machine operator in charge, 60 cents per hour, to bookbinder in charge, 60 cents per hour, pamphlet binding section, day.

Elmer N. May, helper, 35 cents per hour, to machine helper, 35 cents per hour, linotype section, day.

Carl S. Dellinger, machine helper, 35 cents per hour, to helper, 35 cents per hour, linotype section, day.

James A. Scott, copyholder, 50 cents per hour, proof section, day, to compositor, 50 cents per hour, monotype section.

Frantz J. Tolson, messenger boy, 15 cents per hour, State, War and Navy section, to messenger boy, 15 cents per hour, office of superintendent of documents.

William R. Johnson, bookbinder, transferred from forwarding and finishing section to library binding section.

Walter M. Evans, electrician in charge, 70 cents per hour, to electrician, 60 cents per hour, electrical section.

John O'Donnoghue, deskman, 65 cents per hour, to assistant foreman, 80 cents per hour, monotype section, day.

Andrew L. Huss, proofreader, 60 cents per hour, proof section, night, to assistant foreman, 80 cents per hour, monotype section, day.

PRICE OF NEWS PRINT SET BY FEDERAL BOARD

The federal trade commission has accepted a proposal by the news print manufacturers that it fix a price for their product and named $2.50 a 100 pounds as a reasonable charge. Higher prices were set for paper in less than carload lots and for sheet paper. Former prices have reached $9 a 100 pounds. The commission makes clear that it is not acting as an agency of the government to fix prices, but is serving only as an arbiter. It declined to act until both publishers and paper jobbers accepted this plan. The prices fixed will be in force for six months.

It is hinted that indictments of paper manufacturers by a federal grand jury was a probability if extortionate prices of news print were not checked. That there is reasonable ground for such action is found in this summary by the commission:

"There is not now, and has not been a serious shortage of news print. The commission finds that there is enough news print paper to meet all the strictly necessary demands of publishers during 1917.

"The system of distribution of news print paper is faulty. By reasons of this fact this close balance between supply and demand could easily be developed into shortage, and this situation was taken advantage of and exaggerated by artificial means.

"Reports of the alleged shortage were widely circulated for the purpose of justifying high prices. Keen competition among the comparatively unorganized publishers, who, in their anxiety to assure themselves of their necessary supplies of paper, bid feverishly in the open market, helped to make the situation more acute.

"The increase in prices has been due in part to the fact that free competition has been seriously restricted in the news print paper industry. Important manufacturers in the United States and Canada were banded together to secure unreasonable profits."

Parker, Bridget & Co.
"The Avenue at Ninth"
Featuring
Extra Value
$15
Suits for Fall

ELECTROTYPERS GAIN.

Omaha, March 15.—The official journal of the International Stereotypers and Electrotypers' Union reports the following recent gains:

Chicago electrotypers secured a three-year agreement through arbitration with these wage increases: Foremen, $3 a week; molders, $2 a week; finishers, $2 a week for first year, and an additional $1 for last two years; branchmen, $2 for first year and $1 a week for last two years.

Cincinnati Electrotypers' Union signed two-year contract with the United States Printing Company. Wages of molders, finishers and builders increased $1 a week. All other classifications increased $1.50 a week for the first year and an additional 50 cents a week the second year. Other electrotype plants have raised wages $1 a week in all departments.

Boston Electrotypers' Union has secured a three-year contract with a large publishing house. Weekly wages are increased as follows: Two dollars for foremen, assistant foremen, finishers, finishers' helpers and molders' batterymen and casters; molders, $1 a week.

Lowell Stereotypers' Union has raised wages $1 and $2 a week for newspaper work. A three-year contract has been signed.

LAUNDRY WORKERS GAIN.

Fort Smith, Ark., March 15.—Laundry workers have secured higher wages and improved working conditions after a short strike. Injunction proceedings failed to discourage these workers.

PAINTERS INCREASE WAGES.

Tiffin, Ohio, March 15.—The Painters' Union has raised wages from 30 cents an hour to 33 1-3 cents.

TO CELEBRATE EIGHT HOURS.

Scranton, Pa., March 15.—President Dempsey, of Miners' Union, District No. 1, has notified all locals to observe April 1 as a holiday in recognition of the securing of the eight-hour day.

"Men have struggled for ages for this principle," says President Dempsey, "and now that the eight-hour day is established in the anthracite region, the day should be fittingly celebrated. Those who are required to work for the purpose of doing such repair work as may be necessary and those whose duty it is to keep pumps going, machinery in order, etc., should report for work if required by the company to do so."

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1 Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.

M. J. DUNNIGAN, President.....2007 14 Street N.W.
JOHN G. WOLFE, Vice-President.1023 N. J. Ave. N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W.

TRUSTEES

Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E.
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E.
Thos. L. Nevins.....504 Maine Avenue S. W

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe,.....1023 N. J. Ave. N. W
J. McElfresh,.....
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E.
A. Tenley.....964 Florida Ave. N. W.
M. Sullivan.....5631-2 15 St. S. E.

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.

Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ARBITRRATION COMMITTEE.

M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W.
M. A. Wolfe,.....418 F St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. E.
Joseph Harding.....210 13 St. S. W.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....2006 2nd St. N. W
R. Pumphrey.....223 Q St. N. W.
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W.
Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. W.

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Av.e
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Capitol St.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L St. S. W.

DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.

John Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave.
William Pollard.....522 14th St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

MEATS GROCERIES FISH

Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the

OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.

930 La. Ave. N. W.
8th & E Sts. S. E.
31st & M Sts. N. W.
7th & Q Sts. N. W.
1778 U Street, N. W.
7th & H Street N. E.
726 7th St. N. W.
2002-2004 Ga. Ave. N. W.
1111 H Street N. E.
1632 N. Capitol Street
3418-20 Ga. Ave. N. W.
14th & U Streets N. W.
7th and B Streets N. E.
3113 14th Street, N. W.
1440 P St. N. W.

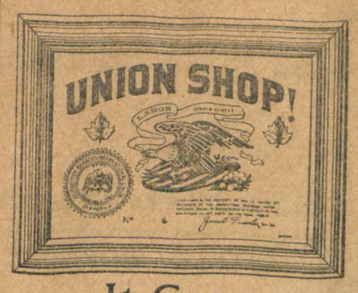
POULTRY BREAD PRODUCE

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK
Northwest Corner FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST
LOOK FOR THE CLOCKS
4 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts
COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

Homesteaders—Come to Virginia
Where you will find homes, happiness, independence for all. Mild winters, no malaria, no mosquitos. Farms all sizes at reasonable prices and terms. Send for our Land Bulletin and a copy of The Record—FREE.
J. R. MEADOWS & CO., Crewe, Va.

WASHINGTON BREWERY CO.
IMPERIAL EXPORT
A really fine beer

Look for the
UNION SHOP CARD



It gives our members a Shorter Work day and Sunday Rest
It Guarantees to You
CLEANLINESS and EXPERT SERVICE

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, F. S. Radman, 134 7th Street N.E.

Bakery Salemen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 997 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at Moose Hall, Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sundays in each month at 2 p.m., Painters' Hall, 6th and G Sts. N.W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N.W.

Blacksmiths and Helpers, Local 217, International Brotherhood of: Meets first and third Monday of each month at 650 Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, C. A. Chism, 418 Tenth street northeast.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. F. Miller, 19 Quincy Place northwest.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets first and third Sunday of the month at the Secretary, T. Guiffre, 908 Pennsylvania ave-Moose Hall, Seventh and G Street Northwest. nue northwest.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 48: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E street southeast.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G Street N. W.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles' Hall. Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 520 Rhode Island Ave. N. E.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhau, 737 10th St. s. e.

Chauffeurs and Hack Drivers Union, Local No. 115: Meets the first and third Saturday of each month, G. A. R. Building, 1412 Pa. Ave. Secretary-Treasurer, Kirk C. Sipher, Room 25, 945 Pa. Ave. northwest.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wassaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Twelfth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 188 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3800 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Paperhangers Hall, 430 Ninth Street N. W., second and fourth Thursdays of the month. Secretary, Edw. B. Finch, 33 P Street N. E.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets every Friday, at 8:00 p.m. Hall, S. E. Cor. Tenth and Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, Jas. P. Lahey, 816 5th street northeast.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and B Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hisle, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Employes' Union No. 14632: Meets second Friday of each month, Perpetual Building Association Hall. Secretary, W. M. Lynch, 409 A. F. of L. Building.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Watchmen's Union No. 14964: Secretary, Jas. H. Reed, Cor. Sec., 1228 B street southwest.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, John T. Bowers, Twentieth and Twenty-first and L and M streets northwest.

Ice Cream Wagon Drivers and Helpers' Union, Local No. 111: Meets second and fourth Tuesdays at Typographical Temple, 425 G street northwest. Secretary-Treasurer, J. Neff Cline, 1211 North Capitol street.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Avenue S. E Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 Twelfth St. N. E.

Laborers' Protective Union, No. 15037: Meets the second Tuesday of each month at the Cadets' Armory, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, E. E. McCormick, 1403 South Capitol street.

Laundry Workers, Local No. 110: Meets first Friday in each month at Winslow's Hall, 12 and R streets northwest. Secretary, Moten Jefferson, 550 Twenty-fourth street northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, W. N. Huttel, 1430 A St. N. E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday, 1204 Pa. Ave. N. W. Secretary, E. H. Fulton, Barcroft, Va.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. F. McDonnell.

Mill Workers Local No. 1694: Meets every Tuesday at Painters' Hall, 704 Sixth street northwest. Secretary, Robt. Reichard, 1720 Thirty-fourth street northwest.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third 2665. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Bus. Agt.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 922 Pa. Ave. N. W. Phone M. 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets second Sunday and fourth Friday in each month. Secretary, Albert Bridges 210 L st. s. e.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 420: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m. Secretary, J. A. Whitecar, 2209 Minnesota Ave. S. E.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Raymond R. Burrows, Clarendon, Va.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Robt. J. Barrett, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 820 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressmen, No. 1: Meets fourth Monday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N.E.

Railway Carmen, Pride of Potomac Lodge, No. 313, Brotherhood of: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F streets northeast, first and third Tuesdays. Secretary, L. H. Taylor, 706 Seventh street northeast.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custodian and Janitor, 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, W. P. Cannon, 408 Twelfth St. S. E.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe. 326 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. F. Hickman, 518 Sixth St. N. W.

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1003 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Mrs. H. B. Tritipoe, 1737 Willard street N. W., Apt. 20.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10.30 a. m. and 8.30 p. m. Secretary, G. W. Calderhead, Room 412 Wash. Loan and Trust Building.

The High School Teachers' Union of Washington, D. C., No. 8: Meets in the Music Room of the New Central High School at 3.30 p. m. the second Tuesday in the months of October, December, February, and May. Secretary, G. J. Jones, Central High School.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle, 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 760 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Fridays, Typographical Temple. Secretary, L. M. Green, Langdon, D. C.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: International Secretary-Treasurer, Jas. E. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

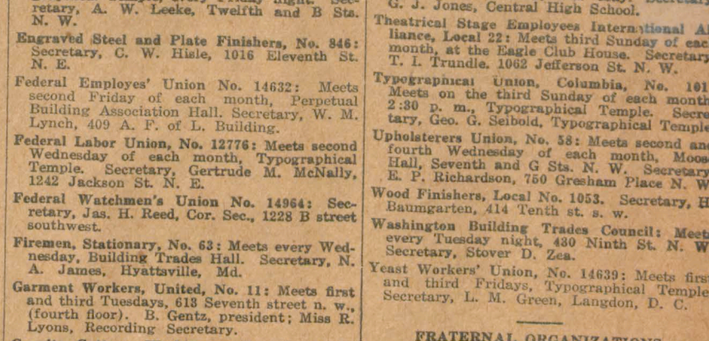
LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G St. N. W. Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth St. N. W.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.



INTERNATIONAL UNION OF THE UNITED BREWERY WORKMEN OF AMERICA
Union MADE Beer
Ale AND Porter
COPYRIGHT & TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1903
THIS IS OUR LABEL.

VOTE
Against Prohibition
DEMAND
Personal Liberty
IN CHOOSING WHAT YOU WILL DRINK
ASK FOR THIS LABEL WHEN PURCHASING BEER, ALE OR PORTER.
As A Guarantee That It Is Union Made.

ROCKEFELLER'S GOLD HIDES NEW OLIGARCHY

New York, March 15.—"The greatest plutocracy the world has ever seen, planning to reassert the old reign of aristocracy under the new names of philanthropy and science," is Bird Coler's reference to the Rockefeller Foundation. In a speech the former city controller attacked the foundation and in a summary of the foundation's labors he said he found these conditions in New York city:

"First—A vast corporation subsidizing government and purchasing control of agencies that affect public opinion.

"Second—A ruthless and evil attempt to ruin other agencies engaged in philanthropic work.

"Third—Actual espionage by city officials in private affairs of the kind by which the police agent, Fouche, made Napoleon master of France and the police spies of Russia keep a great population in servitude.

"Fourth—A raid on the civil service for the benefit of the specially trained agents of the recognizable system.

"Fifth—A raid on the school systems, designed to limit the education of the common people to those studies which will make them efficient and docile producers of material values.

"Sixth—A dietary policy designed to reduce the cost of maintaing productive labor by feeding it with rations measured and balanced by the government.

"Seventh—An organization of government servants, free from democratic control, and with economic advantages not possessed by taxpayers."

COMPENSATION LAWS UPHELD.

The United States Supreme Court has upheld the workmen's compensation laws of New York, Iowa and Washington. The general principles underlying the cases were practically the same. The Washington case differed from the others only in the matter of state insurance, which makes it compulsory for employer and employe to accept the terms of the law and no longer leaves the courts open to try out the question of liability for the injury.

The state of Washington sued the Mountain Timber Company of Kalama, Wash., a Nebraska corporation, to collect contributions to the state compensation fund levied by the state industrial commission. The court, in a divided opinion, upheld the law and gave judgment for the contributions assessed.

This decision means that employers can be compelled to insure in workmen's compensation funds, conducted by a state, as in Washington and Ohio.

OPPOSE EIGHT-HOUR DAY.

Boston, March 15.—Cotton manufacturers from all parts of the state appeared before the legislative committee on social welfare in opposition to the group of bills relating to the hours of labor of women and children, known as the forty-eight-hour bills. The manufacturers ignored every proven value of shorter hours and insisted that "the application for a shorter work day was only another way of asking for wage increases."

In favoring the eight-hour day Prof. Felix Frankfurter of the Harvard law school presented reports recently made in England on the manufacture of war supplies, which stated that more and better work was obtained on eight-hour shifts.

FUR WORKERS RAISE WAGES.

New York, March 15.—An almost unanimous vote in favor of strike resulted in the Associated Fur Manufacturers signing a union-shop agreement with the International Fur Workers' Union. Wages are increased 10 per cent and over. About 5,000 workers in 150 shops are benefited.

Strikes of fur workers employed in the independent shops have forced these concerns to follow the lead of their organized associates.

The fur workers' agitation for better conditions has reached Newark, N. J., and employes of A. Hollander & Sons have raised wages $2.50 a week for men and $2 a week for boys and girls.

MACHINISTS GET EIGHT HOURS.

Newark, N. J., March 15.—The Sawyer Tool Company has signed a union shop eight-hour agreement with Machinists' Union No. 340. The company attempted to enforce the fifty-five-hour week and a 10 per cent reduction but its employes suspended work for over a month.

KILL NON-PARTISAN BILL.

Olympia, Wash., March 15.—Politicians in this state are not in favor of non-partisan elections and the state senate has defeated this proposal which was indorsed by the last convention of the state federation of labor.

ENFORCED INSURANCE WOULD BREAK STRIKES

Albany, N. Y., March 15.—State Senator Mills' proposal for compulsory insurance for workers, which is supported by the American Society for Labor Legislation, can be used to break strikes and to establish a blacklist system, say officers of the state federation of labor.

The unionists call attention to this section of the bill:

"When contributions cease on account of unemployment not due to sickness, the right to benefits under this chapter shall continue for one week, if the insured person shall have paid contributions during four weeks immediately preceding unemployment; and for an additional four weeks of paid-up membership during the twenty-six weeks immediately preceding unemployment."

This means that if workers strike for more than six weeks without continuing their payments they will lose their insurance rights and all the money they have paid.

The section that provides for a record of all workers would be a most effective blacklist weapon in the hands of employers who desired information regarding applicants for work.

The bill provides that workers receiving more than $100 a month shall not be insured. Trade unionists insist that if employers pay a living wage there will be no necessity for compulsory insurance with all the evils of state interference with workers' private affairs.

TO CHECK ARMED GUARDS.

Hartford, Conn., March 15.—The judicial committee of the general assembly favors a bill that will end the practice of importing armed guards during strike times. Organized labor attempted to deny employers the right to employ private guards but the committee amended it so that the guards must be residents of the town wherein the trouble occurs and they must be under bond.

PHONE NORTH 2349
DONOVAN'S
FINE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS
2003 14th St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

STORAGE PACKING FREIGHT HAULING
Merchants Transfer
— AND —
Storage Company
920-922 E Street Northwest
Phone Main 6900
SHIPPING MOVING HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

LIST OF LIQUOR DEALERS WHO HAVE SIGNED "THE AGREEMENT."

Allen, Paul.....2 N st. n. e.
Allen, John J...807 N. C. Cap st. n. e.
Beirkle, Leopold, - 1245 H st. n. e.
Boyle, William J., 601 Mass. ave n. w.
Castelli, Vincent, 502-504 Ninth st.n.w.
Clark, C. H.....510 9th st. n. w.
Colonial Beach Boat Co.
Costello, Bros.....604 G st. n. w.
Crowley, James J.....702 E st. n. w.
Daly, T. J.....34 H st. n. e.
Daye, Wm. T.....1218 Wisc. ave.
Doyle, Wm. T....1314 Wisc. ave. n. w.
Duffy, James A. -901 1-2 E st. n. w.
Wm. R. Fosbender, 406 Ninth st. n w.
Franey, F. A.....711½ 9th st. n. w.
Frank, Mrs. M. E. - 319 G st. n. w.
Ganey, M.....615 7th st. s. w.
Glavin, Edwin.....309 G st. n. w.
Hannan, Mrs. E.....531 7th st. s. w.
Hanlon, Timothy.....822 H st. n. e.
Kelliher, J. D.....1258 7th st. s. w.
Killeen, John F.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Louis Hodges, - - 407 9th st n. w.
Lynagh, Peter J.....523 7th st. s. w.
Lynch, John.....417 9th st. n. w.
McCarthy, F. J.....910 4½ st. s. w.
McCarthy, Jas. J.....1402 H st. n. e.
McDonald, F. J.....643 Pa. ave. s. e.
McGinniss, H. J., 1001 N. Y. ave. n. w.
McGuire, J. Chas., 519 Ninth st. n. w.
McHough, Martin....1105 H st. n. e.
Milton Schmidt, - 702 7th st. n. w.
O'Connor, D. J.....100 G st. n. w.
O'Connor, Patrick F., 617 D st. n. w.
O'Connor, James.....1429 N. Cap. st.
O'Day, John T. - 921 Ninth st. n. w.
O'Donnell, James J...333 Pa. ave. s. e.
Peter White, - - - 905 D st. n. w.
Raftery, Thomas.....406 H st. n. e.
Raftery, Patrick.....225 11th st. n. e.
Roland, J. H.....511 9th st. n. w.
Scanlon, Daniel,.....103 H st. n. w.
Schroter, Conrad....3258 M st. n. w.
Schltz, Mary T.....607 G st. n. w.
Sheehan, John J., 701 North Cap. st.
Solon, Mary A., - 1003 7th st. e.
Stern, M. M.....601 7th st. n. w.
Stanton, Frank J.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Sullivan, David, 12th and E st. n. w.
Sullivan, John J., 1351 35th st. n. w.
The Casino, Frank Farenkamp (Chesapeake Beach).
Victor Buffet Co., Inc., 7th and G n. w.
Walsh, David, - - 407 10th st. n. w.
Wassman, Henry, 705 Seventh st. n. w.
Wiedeman, Joseph....629 E st. n. w.
William J. O'Leary, 733 North Cap. st.
Wininghер, Harry 631 Pa. ave. s. e.
Wolf, Frank, - 512 12th st. n. w.

"Co-Operation—The First Principle of Success."

The following business interests are recommended by The Trades Unionist and National Labor Press Association to your favorable consideration, and solicit your patronage.

ALL PRINTERS KNOW
"If It Is Made of Paper You Can Get It at
R. P. Andrews Paper Co.
727-31 13th St. N.W.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Landscape Architects
Garden Furniture
J. H. SMALL & SONS
.:. Florists .:. Decorators .:.
New York City—
Waldorf Astoria, Tel. 2906 Greeley
505 Madison Ave., Tel. 8560-1-2 Plaza
Washington, D. C.—
15th and H Sts., Tel. Main 158-159

Wm. Hahn & Co.'s
RELIABLE SHOE HOUSES
Cor. 7th & K Sts.
1914-16 Pa. Ave.
233 Pa. Ave. S.E.

New Oxford Hotel
European
J. H. WEAVER, Mgr.
Pa. Ave. at 15th St. N.W.

Everything Wearable for Men and Boys
SAKS & CO.
Penna. Ave. and 7th St. N.W.

—LET—
Omohundro
—B—
YOUR TAILOR
818 F St. N.W.

RECOGNIZED UNION STORE
Parker, Bridget & Co.
The Ave. at 9th

St. James Hotel
A Special Feature—Club Breakfast
Served 6 to 11 a.m.
Noon-Day Luncheon—12 to 2:30 p.m.
Table d'Hote Dinner—5 to 8 p.m.

CRANDALL'S THEATRES
CRANDALL'S THEATRE
9th and E Sts. N.W.
CRANDALL'S APOLLO THEATRE
624 H St. N.E.
CRANDALL'S SAVOY THEATRE
14th and Col. Rd. N.W.
CRANDALL'S AVENUE GRAND THEATRE
645 Penna. Ave. S.E.

BRODT'S HAT STORE

HARRINGTON HOTEL

PROFIT-SHARING COAL CO.

CORBY BAKING CO.

Phone 2416
GEO. C. SHAFFER
Florist
Choice Cut Flowers
900 14th St.
Floral Designs

Phone Lincoln 910
T. W. Rose
WOOD AND COAL
1125 7th St. S.E.

"Survival of the Fittest"
White House Lunch
Astor Lunch

Phone M. 2725
D. N. Walford
Fine Cutlery
Sporting and Athletic Goods
909 Pa. Ave. N.W.

Washington Brewery Co.
MANUFACTURERS OF
CONGRESS BRAND
GINGER ALE
And Other Carbonated Beverages
The Only Union-Made Goods in Washington

Eisinger Brothers
Lumber and Mill Work
Doors Sash Blinds Moldings
Builders' Hardware
Branch Yard: Bethesda, Md.
2101 7th St. Tel. N. 1173 & 1174

Phone Main 3440
M. G. Copeland Co.
Awnings Estimates
Flags, Tents Cheerfully
Window Shades Given
409 Eleventh St. N.W.

ROCHESTER HOTEL
E St. N.W. Between 9th & 10th
J. W. MOSSBURG, Proprietor
Phone M. 5440
Mossburg's Restaurant
CAREFULLY SELECTED FOODS
1404 Penna. Ave. N.W.

YALE LAUNDRY

J. MAURY DOVE COAL CO.

W. W. GRIFFITH COAL CO.

Manhattan Cleaning & Dyeing Co.

Thos. W. Smith Lumber Co., Inc.
First Street and Indiana Avenue

GENERAL BAKING CO.
BUTTER CRUST BREAD

Phones Main 4277-4278-4279
Gude Bros. Co.
Florists and Floral Decorations
1214 F St. N.W.

MINTZ THE TRUNK MAN
Trunks Suit Cases Traveling Bags
LEATHER NOVELTIES
938 F St. N.W. Washington, D. C.

Page's Laundry
"Washington's Best"
620 E St. N.W.

STEUART'S GARAGE
Announces That They Have Secured a Limited Agency for
FORD CARS
Visit Our Sales and Service Station, Where You Will Receive Every Attention
See the New Type Touring Car
$360 F. O. B. Detroit
STEUART'S GARAGE
141 12th St. N.E. L. P. Steuart
Terms
Phone Linc. 1203-4 G. T. Steuart

Telephone North 1343
GEO. C. TAYLOR
Dealer in
All Kinds of Rough and Dressed Lumber
2101 7th St. N.W. (Ga. Ave. & W)

"Washington's Chief Fun Palace."
The Gayety Theatre
The Finest Ventilated Theatre in America.
Presenting Improved Burlesque Headed by America's Foremost Comedians, Artists and Femininities
NEW SHOW EVERY WEEK

R. HARRIS & CO.
Jewelers

GROVE LIME & COAL CO.

RICE COAL CO.

The Ask Mr. Foster Service

POLI'S THEATRE

LEWIS COAL & ICE CO.

ALLEGHENY COAL CO.

"The Velvet Kind"
Cream of Ice Creams
Ask Your Reliable Dealer
CHAPIN-SACKS MFG. CO.

Phones, North 9203-9204
BLICK BROTHERS
COAL, WOOD & ICE
800 Florida Avenue N.W.

Taylor-Tolley Sales Co.
Limited Agency for
FORD CARS
WITH
FORD SERVICE
Parts — Accessories
EVERYTHING FOR THE FORD
2129 14th St. N.W.

The Fashion Shop
At Washington's 42d & Broadway
Clothiers
Haberdashers
Tailors
9th and E Sts. N.W.

Phone Lincoln 2304
Washington Coal Co.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Office and Yards:
901-3-5 S. Capitol St.

Everything in Men's Wear
Sol Herzog & Co., Inc.
Clothing, Hats, Furnishings and Shoes
602-604 Ninth Street N.W.

Telephone Main 4471
Hirsh's Shoe Stores
Shoe Designers and Builders
Washington's Fastest-Growing Shoe House
1026-1028 Seventh St. N.W.

Telephone Lincoln 3900-2723
Whitley's Rx Drug Store
First-Class Prescription Work
Quick Service and Delivery
Va. Ave., 8th & K Sts. S.E.
The Velvet Kind Pure Ice Cream

W. H. MARLOW COAL CO.

JOS. A. WILNER & CO.

HOLMES BAKING CO.

COMMERCIAL COAL CO.

SANITARY GROCERY CO.

CONNECTICUT PIE CO.

Washington District Council of Carpenters

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

ROBERT ADAM, President, Local 2563, U. B., 1511 Vermont Avenue N.W.
R. H. BURDETTE, Vice President, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
E. B. BYRNE, Secretary, Local 132, U. B., 425 G Street N.W.
F. A. SHOESMITH, Treasurer, Local 2563, U. B., 5209 Georgia Avenue N.W.
C. H. ADAMS, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 804 A Street N.E.
R. H. BURDETTE, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
H. PAGE, Trustee, Local 2563, U. B., 336½ 13th Street N.E.
ROBERT REICHARD, Local 132, U. B., 1720 34th Street N.W.
J. H. RYAN, Local 132, U. B., 1101 11th Street S.E.
FRED HOOK, Local 2563, U. B., 1528 8th Street N.W.
WILLIAM MACKIE, Local 2563, U. B., 216 Seaton Place N.E.

BUSINESS AGENT.
GEO. MYERS, 425 G Street N. W.

The only strictly
UNION TAILORING
house in the city
M. STEIN & CO.
TAILORS
Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

CORBY CAKE
AT ALL GROCERS

When in Doubt, Buy of
HOUSE & HERRMANN
FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.
N.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W

GEO. D. HORNING,
N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.
LOAN OFFICE

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

J. G. O'DONNELL, President, 122 Sixth St. N. E.
M. J. DEERY Vice President, 2407 Girard St. N. E.
THOS. W. WOLTZ, Recording Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
G. H. F. DAVIS, Treasurer, 439 Second St.S. E.
W. I. STRATTON, Conductor, 617 Sixth St. N. W.
A. F. MOIRSETTE, Warden, 425 G St. N. W.
GEO. MYERS, Business Agent, 425 G St. N. W.

TRUSTEES.

F. J. NOLTE, 24 Eighth Street N. E.
MARK REILEY, 1127 B St. S. E.
A. P. TAYLOR, 622 I Street N. E.

DELEGATES TO THE DISTRICT COUNCIL.

R. H. BURDETTE, 1207 L Street N. W.
C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
E. B. BYRNE, 425 G Street N. W.
ROBERT REICHARD, 1720 35th Street N. W.
J. H. RYAN, 1101 Eleventh Street S. E.

DELEGATES TO THE CENTRAL LABOR UNION.

C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
R. H. BURDETTE, 816 K Street N. W.
W. S. HOLLOHAN, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
C. A. SAUNDERS, 244 9th St. S. E.
LOUIS LUEBKERT, 1314 Kerney St. N. E.

RELIEF COMMITTEE.

P. W. HAMILTON, 410 Tenn. Ave. N. E.
J. T. CLIFT, 4115 7th St. N. W.
M. FOLEY, 118 Seaton St. N. E.
W. B. DOLAN, 413 Mass. Ave. N. W.
J. A. SANKER, 2606 R. I. Ave. N. E.

MILL COMMITTEE.

F. E. KETTNER, 3016 Cambridge St. N. W.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
O. A. CARTER, Rosslyn, Va.

DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

G. H. F. DAVIS, 439 Second Street S. E.

Takoma Bread
Fresh Three Times Daily
AT ALL GROCERS
Havenner Baking Company
Established 1815

LANSBURGH & BRO.
"DRY GOODS ONLY"
The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City
420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I.P.E.U.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXI. NO. 39 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, MARCH 23, 1917. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

Striking Street Car Men Standing Firm

Sympathizers and Organized Labor Are Loyal in Their Moral and Financial Support of Railway Employes.

As the second week of the strike on the lines of the Washington Railway and Electric Company draws to a close we find both parties, the strikers and the company, standing pat. But there is no denying the fact that the odds are in favor of the men, who are holding together firmly. Moral and financial aid has come to the strikers from organized labor and other sources, and next week the men will begin to draw strike benefits. Many of the local organizations have adopted resolutions condemning the stand of the company, offering aid and expressing the willingness of their members to avoid riding on the lines affected by the strike. Several unions have voted to fine their members should they be seen riding on the cars.

George A. Wilburt, president of Division 689, and Garth Calderhead, financial secretary, gave out a list of offers to help the strikers, either by cash contributions or by moral support, and among the sympathizers were the Federation of Citizens' Associations, the Central Labor Union, with its sixty locals, representing 40,000 members, and various other bodies, including separate labor bodies which have taken specific action. Among the organizations cited as voting support were the National Association of Letter Carriers, which donated $50; the Navy Yard Machinists, who have voted a contribution of $42 weekly to the strikers' fund; employes of the Washington Steel and Ordnance Company, who chartered a boat to carry them to work; the International Tilers and Roofers, who voted to penalize members $5 for riding on cars of the company; the Glaziers' Union, the Painters' and Decorators' Union, the International Jewelry Workers' Union, the Bookbinders, the Paperhangers' Local, No. 420; the Musicians' Protective Union, the Brotherhood of Carpenters and the United Garment Workers, all of which have voted against riding on cars. The Garment Workers contributed $10.

Wives of the striking railway employes are taking an active interest in the fight, and Wednesday they braved the rain to stand on street corners with boxes bearing the printed appeal: "Feed a Striker's Baby." As a receipt for the contributions the women gave each person who dropped a contribution in the boxes a tag with the inscription, "I Walk."

Roll calls at the barns show that striking employes are standing solid. It is said that officials and employes of the road are visiting the houses of former employes who were discharged for infractions of the company's rules and are urging them to come back to work. In some instances, union officials say, it has been possible to persuade these men to return.

BOOKBINDERS OFFER SUPPORT TO STRIKING CAR MEN

A special meeting of the Brotherhood of Bookbinders was held at Typographical Temple Tuesday evening, at which addresses were made by President Connor, Harry Oehler, G. A. Wilburt and Garth Calderhead, and the following resolution was unanimously passed:

"Resolved, That Local Union No. 4, International Brotherhood of Bookbinders, tenders its moral and financial assistance to the men on strike on the lines of the Washington Railway and Electric Company, and requests its members and their families to avoid riding on said cars while the strike is on."

LAUNDRY WORKERS WIN.

Fresno, Cal., March 22.—The Laundry Workers' Union has won its strike against the Fresno Steam Laundry, which broke an agreement two years ago. Union officials state that the organization has won a complete victory and all employes will join the union. The struck plant was picketed almost continuously during the strike, despite police interference and the arrest of pickets.

SHEET METAL WORKERS GAIN.

San Francisco, March 22.—Organized sheet meal workers in this city and vicinity have raised wages 50 cents a day. The new rate is $6 for eight hours' work, effective May 21.

NEW KANSAS LABOR LAWS.

Topeka, Kan., March 22.—The state legislature, which has just adjourned, passed the following labor legislation:

New workmen's compensation act, child labor law strengthened, permanent bath houses at coal mines, state department of labor empowered to enforce its orders safeguarding machinery, employers compelled to redeem in lawful money scrip or due bills given employes, mothers' pension act made compulsory and regulating shot firers in coal mines.

BRICK MAKERS STRIKE.

St. Louis, Mo., March 22.—Over 3,000 unorganized brick makers, tile workers and other employes in brick yards and the plants suspended work to enforce their demand for an eight-hour day and a $2.40 wage rate. They were working ten hours for $2.10. Secretary Kreyling of the Central Trades and Labor Union, together with other unionists, are assisting the strikers, who now realize the necessity for organization.

MILK WAGON DRIVERS GAIN.

St. Louis, Mo., March 22.—The Union Dairy Company has signed a union shop agreement with the Milk Wagon Drivers' Union. This concern has been most pronounced in its opposition to organized labor, but the drivers have again shown the value of persistence.

Journeymen Tailors Secure Increases and Shorter Hours

A material increase in wages and the forty-eight-hour week have been granted members of Local No. 11, United Garment Workers of America, by the emloyers.

This decision was reached at a conference held last Monday night between a committee of the union, composed of A. Cohen, Edward Gantz and A. Kemper, and representatives of the firms using the union label and others who expect to adopt the label shortly. Mr. M. Stein acted as chairman for the merchant tailors, and Mr. Joe Wilner performed the duties of secretary.

While the employers did not object to granting the increases and shorter work week, they did express the opinion that organized labor was not patronizing the firms using the union label as they should. Union men should be just as particular when buying clothes, to see that the union label is in evidence, as they are in buying shoes, hats, cigars or printing—in fact, everything. The Trades Unionist carries advertisements of several of Washington's union tailoring establishments, and these men are fair to your union brothers and therefore depend upon your support.

Local No. 11 is laying extensive plans for increasing their membership and for labor agitation, and hope to perfect a 100 per cent organization. You can help by demanding the label of the United Garment Workers when ordering a suit or pair of trousers.

STRIKERS AND HIKERS TAKE NOTICE!

President Vincent De Nunzio of the Local Boot and Shoe Repairmen's Union wishes to call your attention to the fact that you should ask the shoe repairer to show you his stamp before doing your work.

Don't be mislead by the Union card hanging in the shop window.

Many shops have dropped out of the union—these still retain their shop cards, but not the stamp issued to only bonified union members by headquarters in Boston, Mass.

If you are a hiker or a striker—don't be a piker—ask to see the union stamp—it means success to repairmen.

WORKERS BLAMED, AS USUAL.

Philadelphia, March 22.—Officials of the Pennsylvania railroad have blamed every member of the train crew, except the fireman, for the disastrous wreck, near Bristol, last month, which resulted in the loss of many lives. The company says "disciplinary measures deemed suitable under the circumstances have been applied in the cases of all the delinquent members of the crew." The company also blames the state full crew law, which is charged with encouraging indifference to duty.

This statement is given wide circulation, but no mention is made of the investigation conducted by the state public service commission, which reports that the wreck was caused by "a combination of unfortunate circumstances," and one of the factors was a defective air brake. The company makes no reference to its defective equipment.

RETAIL CLERKS LOCKED OUT.

Memphis, Tenn., March 22.—Rather than comply with the request of the recently organized Retail Clerks' Union, sixty stores closed their doors. The clerks demand recognition of their union, pay for overtime, a $6 weekly minimum and other work betterments.

Local Photo Engravers Sign New Scale Agreement With Employers

Washington Photo Engravers Union No. 17, I. P. E. U., have succeeded in getting a new two-year contract with the local employers. Much credit is due the committee of Local No. 11. Mr. Louis A. Schwarz, international secretary-treasurer of Photo Engravers, of Philadelphia, also deserves great credit for drawing the negotiations of some weeks to a close upon a two-day visit to the city. The local employers have the highest respect for Mr. Schwarz, and upon numerous occasions it has taken but a short conference with them on his part to gain the desired ends for the local boys.

The new contract calls for a flat scale in all branches of the trade of $26 until July 1, 1917; $27 beginning at that time until January 1, 1918, running for one year. Hours of work are to be forty-eight per week; time and one-half for first four hours overtime, double time for second four hours overtime, and triple time for third four hours of consecutive work.

The apprentice ratio is one to five, two to ten journeymen.

One of the big features of the contract is when it becomes necessary to reduce the working hours, such reduction shall effect all employes alike (which saves individuals being laid off), and such reduction of hours must continue in effect for not less than one week.

The local union of Photo Engravers, in securing a new agreement, have kept abreast of the times as other cities—New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and many others—which have new flat scale contracts.

The following officers were installed by International President Mathew Woll, at last Monday night's meeting: President, Elmer T. Good; Vice President, James H. Godsey; Recording Secretary, James A. Sullivan, Financial Secretary, Louis Turner, jr., and Sergeant-at-Arms, Mr. Metcalf.

A banquet will be held in April.

"CAN'T-STRIKE" LAW IGNORED BY PRINTERS

Denver, March 22.—Typographical Union No. 49 has instructed its wage scale committee not to notify the state industrial commission of proposed wage changes, but to follow the same course of direct dealing with printing employers as in the past.

Under the law the union must give the commission at least thirty days' notice of contemplated changes in working conditions and employes are subject to a fine of not more than $100 if they violate this act.

Organized labor has attempted to have this law repealed, but the state senate has defeated the plan on the ground that it was demanded only by agitators "who must keep in the limelight or their pay will stop." This action of Denver printers is the best answer to men blind to all concepts of liberty and who have failed to realize the determination of Colorado's workers not to be tied to their tasks by public officials.

The Denver Typographical Union was organized before the civil war and there has not been a strike of printers in this city for over thirty years. The printers hope there will be no strike because of present differences with employers, but they insist on their rights as free men, without dictation or interference of public officials who would tell them when they can and when they cannot leave their employment.

BINDERY GIRLS RAISE WAGES.

Chicago, March 22.—Organized bindery girls in this city have negotiated a wage agreement that makes their rates $10 to $12 a week.

Wm. Hahn & Co. Signs With the Retail Clerks

Controversy Is Settled and Union Men Return to Former Positions the Victors After Strong Fight.

The controversy between the Clerks' Union and the firm of Wm. Hahn & Co. has been settled. The clerks who were out on strike returned to work Saturday morning. The conditions under which they returned to work were as follows: All members of the union who were on strike to be reinstated in their former positions without any discrimination on account of any activity displayed in the controversy; the six members of the union who refused to come out on strike were fined $50 each, and at the meeting of the Local Monday night the fines were all paid. The firm signed the agreement which provides that all employes who are eligible shall become members of the union and remain in good standing during the life of the agreement.

This means a splendid victory for the clerks inasmuch as they will hereafter quit work at 6 o'clock on Saturday evenings instead of working until 9 and 10 o'clock, as was the custom heretofore. Instead of receiving half-holidays as in the past, they will now enjoy a full holiday New Year's day, Washington's Birthday, Decoration day, Independence day, Labor day, Thanksgiving day and Christmas, and when any of the above holidays fall on Sunday the following Monday is to be observed as the holiday. From July 5 to Labor day the stores will close at 5 p.m., instead of 6 p.m. Nine hours will constitute a day's work except between July 5 and Labor day, when eight hours will constitute a day's work.

The clerks for some time past have been striving for the recognition of their union, but were met with the excuse from the merchants that they would live up to the mandates of the agreement, but refused to sign same, which virtually meant they were not willing to recognize the union.

Never before in the history of the labor movement in the city of Washington did the members of organized labor respond more loyally to the moral support of any local union than they did to the request of the clerks, which should be a lesson to all employers who have in mind that they do not want to recognize a union of any kind. In a case of this kind where the public is interested any merchant should consider well before taking a positive stand against the labor movement, as "The injury of one is the concern of all," and if the public refuses to patronize any such firm for such a stand, then they should not complain about loosing business, for the time is passed when the organized workers will take their hard-earned money and spend it with any one regardless of their attitude toward the union labor movement.

The only guarantee the members of organized labor have that they are spending union money with firms who are fair to them is by demanding that their merchant who receives any of their wage display a union store or shop card, which is a guarantee that all employes are members of the union and have the right to discuss the conditions surrounding their employment and also have a voice in establishing a reasonable wage.

The Clerks' Union wishes to thank the members of organized labor for their loyal support in this fight to win recognition, which means better conditions for the salespeople of the District of Columbia.

IRON MOLDERS RAISE WAGES.

Greenville, S. C., March 22.—Iron Molders' Union has raised wages 25 cents a day. This union was organized last May and has raised wages $3 a week since that time.

Newark, N. J., March 22.—Striking iron molders have settled with nearly a score of shops. Wages are raised 25 cents a day; several hundred workers are benefited.

Knoxville, Tenn., March 22.—The Iron Molders' Union is winning its strike for an increase of 5 cents an hour and a proportionate increase for piece workers. This makes their rate 35 cents an hour.

TEXAS PAINTERS STRIKE.

Beaumont, Tex., March 22.—Organized painters and paper hangers are on strike to enforce wage increases. Several employers have signed the new scale, which raises rates from $4.50 to $5 a day.

MARYLAND MINERS GAIN.

Lonaconing, Md., March 22.—Coal operators in this field have notified their employes that hours will be reduced from ten to nine per day, wages for miners advanced 10 cents per ton, and 15 per cent for day laborers in and around the mines. This is the largest advance ever granted the miners of this field, and it is the first time that the nine-hour day has prevailed.

The United Mine Workers of America is conducting a vigorous organizing campaign in Maryland and adjoining coal fields and workers point to this fact as a possible reason for the operators' unexpected move.

CARPENTERS ASK MORE.

Bridgeport, Conn., March 22.—Carpenters' Union has asked employers to raise wages from $4.25 to $5.20 a day. Contractors have offered an increase of 25 cents a day. This union has about 1,500 members and they say contractors employ New York carpenters at a scale higher than the one they now demand.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR TRADES UNION LABEL COUNCIL 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., MARCH 23, 1917.

Demands of the four employes' brotherhoods for a basic eight-hour work day were granted by the railroads, thus averting a railroad strike. This surrender to the brotherhoods was due to their sense of patriotism, yielding to the appeal of President Wilson that the country was about to engage in war. Had not the walk-out of the B. & O. men, 100 per cent strong, some bearing also on the action of the managers?

DUTY VERSUS RIGHTS.

BY THE REV. CHARLES STELZLE.

The workingman demands justice and he is right. But God demands more than justice. His imperative is love. And love is the fulfilling of the law.

Gradually men are coming to learn this important truth. Finally it will be the basis of the settlement of the labor problem—and every other human problem.

It cannot be said therefore that workingmen are asking too much when they demand a square deal. The trouble of it is that they do not ask enough. This means that they are not giving enough. For this principle affects the worker as it does the bosses.

One of the first things that a schoolboy has impressed upon his mind is the doctrine of "the right of liberty and the pursuit of happiness." And somehow he never gets away from this philosophy. He is not to be blamed for it because our systems of jurisprudence—that is, the laws that govern us—also place the emphasis upon the rights of mankind.

You never yet heard a labor speech or a political speech that did not enlarge upon the "rights of the people." We are all the time talking about the rights of children, the rights of women, the rights of capital, the rights of labor, civil rights and political rights, till the doctrine of human rights has resulted in endless hatred and confusion.

God's method is different. The Bible says practically nothing about the rights of man—its emphasis is upon the duty of man. When the boss oppresses the workingman, the workingman declares that there has been a transgression of "rights." But the Bible insists that the law of love and brotherhood has been violated.

When an employer of labor pays starvation wages, when he compels his employes to work under conditions that are degrading, when he works them beyond the point of physical endurance, when he grinds out of them even the desire for the finer and bigger things of life, the Bible has a remedy for this situation. But it is not in emphasizing the rights of the poor. It dwells upon the fact that he must follow the law of love and of brotherhood. And the penalty that he shall be called upon to pay is based upon his failure to do this.

Human rights will never suffer if human duties be performed. Duty and not rights is the supreme need of man. For the doing of one's duty will carry one farther along than the mere granting of another's rights.

The United States Supreme Court has held the Adamson eight-hour railroad law constitutional and valid in all respects. This decision standardizes the eight-hour work day for men operating trains and legalizes the wage increases which went into tentative effect upon the passage of the bill.

BEST INTERESTS OBTAINED BY KEEPING CONTRACTS.

BY FRANK P. WALSH.

The history of unionism shows that none of the powerful labor organizations has made substantial and continuous progress without keeping inviolate every obligation of contract entered into with employers.

Probably the strongest union in the world is the Typographical Union. Its course into a peaceful yet aggressively progressive body has been accompanied by the strangest of contradictions in contracts. Yet for more than two decades no charge that received serious consideration has ever been leveled at the national organization, or any of its local divisions, in regard to broken pledges.

The contradictions have been found in varying rates of pay in different locations. Some of the variances were caused by agreements being made at different periods. Others came from the fact that the unions in several cities differed in sizes of membership and economic strength. Bad conditions were put up with for the life-time of contracts by some of the local bodies until larger memberships or changes in economics allowed progress.

The Typographical Union, too, has the strongest discipline of any of the unions. Its iron rule of its own membership and the fidelity with which it fulfills every contract have resulted in thousands of employers turning over to union officials the conduct of every feature of producing type. They have found that the Typographical Union enforces rules and obtains obedience where they themselves could not. When an employer enters into a contract with a typographical organization, he is assured that as long as the contract exists, his shop will be peaceful and that any work he may have to do will be handled assiduously and intelligently.

The lesson of the benefits arising from keeping contracts inviolate is so obvious that it is amazing any labor organization does not see that its own best interests are served by respecting them. Any disregard of a solemn pledge of the kind is disastrous to any hope of confidence or continued well-being to the employer. This reacts on the workers and always to their disadvantage. The most potent disadvantage is that the good men in the unions become disgusted with the faithless ones and the organization disintegrates or becomes weak from a lack of solidarity. So that unions which disregard contracts always retrogrades.

The practical side of unionism, as exemplified by the growth of the strong ones, is best served by taking advantage of any condition prevailing at the time a contract ends and try to better the agreement. Step by step progress may be made as contracts expire. The employer learns that in dealing with unions in which he may have some faith, his own peace of mind and his own pocket are benefited. In this way friction is avoided. The making of contracts is entered upon with much better feeling between the parties concerned than in those lamentable cases where bad faith is charged on either or both sides.

The irritating part of broken pledges by unions, as far as the employer is concerned, is that he has absolutely no redress. He cannot sue so unsubstantial a thing as a union without funds, nor is there any other avenue by which he might recover losses or sate what anger he may have. Bitternesses which are deep and lifelong follow. Much of the rancor which certain employers display toward unions has its basis in violated contracts by organizations. These men become organization baiters, spending money and time and their best efforts in defeating unions and unionism in every manner.

The best interest of organizations and of the men forming them are obtained by keeping contracts. No thinking organization ever would countenance any act by any of its members which would imply bad faith. Not alone because such actions are reprehensible, but also for the reason that they violated good sense.

STRENGTHEN LABOR LAW.

Lansing, Mich., March 22.—The senate labor committee favors several amendments to the compensation law which will strengthen that act, although it does not fully meet labor's demands.

The rate of compensation is increased from 50 to 55 per cent, and the hospital allowance is raised from three weeks to three months. The minimum rate to be paid per week is increased from $4 to $6, and the maximum is increased from $10 to $12.

A subcontractor's clause was inserted in the bill by the labor committee, and the time in which compensation must be paid was reduced from two months to four weeks.

ARBITRATION ACCEPTED.

Kansas City, Mo., March 22.—The membership of the International Stereotypers and Electrotypers' union has accepted an arbitration agreement with the American Newspaper Publishers' Association, effective next May and to continue for five years. To take advantage of this procedure, a newspaper must have membership in the publishers' association and must conduct a union office.

WAGES REDUCED; STRIKE.

Beaver Falls, Pa., March 22.—Wage reductions by the Standard Guage Steel Company caused a strike of 400 employes. An independent organization was conducted by some of these workers, but they have since affiliated to the International Association of Machinists.

PAINTERS WANT MORE.

Marinette, Wis., March 22.—Organized painters have prepared a new wage scale which increases rates from 40 cents to 52½ cents an hour. These unionists are confident of success, as they are strongly organized.

WEEKLY EARNINGS, $15.26.

Albany, N. Y., March 22.—In its report on the labor market in January, 1917, the New York State Department of Labor says the average earnings for a week of all employes, both male and female, included in the returns, were $15.26 in January, as compared with $15.53 in December.

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1
Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.

M. J. DUNNIGAN, President.....2007 14 Street N.W.
JOHN G. WOLFE, Vice-President.1023 N. J. Ave. N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W.

TRUSTEES

Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E.
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E.
Thos. L. Nevins.....504 Maine Avenue S. W

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe,.....1023 N. J. Ave. N. W
J. McElfresh,.....
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E.
A. Tenley.....964 Florida Ave. N. W.
M. Sullivan.....5631-2 15 St. S. E.

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.

Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W

ARBITRRATION COMMITTEE.

M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W
M. A. Wolfe,.....418 F St. N. E
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. E
Joseph Harding.....210 13 St. S. W
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....2006 2nd St. N. W
R. Pumphrey.....223 Q St. N. W.
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W
Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. W

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Capitol St.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L St. S. W.

DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.

John Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave.
William Pollard.....522 14th St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ESTABLISHED 1865 — 51 YEARS IN BUSINESS

CHRISTIAN XANDER'S

Whiskies Rums Brandies Gins

LARGEST AND MOST SELECT STOCK IN THE CITY

909 7th Street, Northwest. — No Branch Houses. Phone M. 274

CORBY'S YEAST

Leaves nothing to guess-work.
Its purity and strength are uniform.
Every baker knows what that means.
Send for samples.

THE CORBY COMPANY

STATION K. — WASHINGTON, D. C.

Representative Houses
OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

BANKS

NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burglar-proof vaults; acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth Street and New York Avenue.

WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee, etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK. A bank for the working people. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account. Ninth and G Sts. N. W.

UNION SAVINGS BANK. Commercial accounts. Three per cent interest on savings accounts. The oldest savings bank in Washington.

MICHAEL T. GREENE
Liquors and Cigars. 639 D St. N. W.

STONER'S BAR AND RESTAURANT
The, G. Stoner. 206 Seventh St.S. W.

J. CHAS. McGUIRE'S BUFFET
Federal Seal Whiskey. 519 Ninth St. N. W.

O'KEEFE'S BUFFET
P. J. O'Keefe, Prop. 904 Pa. Ave. N. W.

GLAVIN'S BUFFET
ED. J. GLAVIN 309 G Street Northwest

FRANK'S BUFFET
Fourth and G Sts. N. W. Phone M. 5572.

DAVID WALSH'S BUFFET
407 10th Street N. W.

E. E. FARLEY'S BUFFET
415 13th Street N. W.

J. J. O'DONNELL'S BUFFET
333 Penn. Avenue S. E.

HARRY'S BUFFET
631 Penn. Ave. S. E. Phone Lin. 1843

MACHINIST

G. W. FORSBERG, formerly with Forsberg & Murray, Elevators, Boilers. Eighth and Water Sts. S. W. Main 742.

GROCER AND COFFEE ROASTER

SOMERSET R. WATERS, 1342 7th St. N. W.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

RALSTON & RICHARDSON, Evans Building, 1420 New York Avenue.

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.

SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (Inc.), Soda Water, Syrups, etc. 1066 Wis. Ave. N. W.

PHOTO SUPPLIES

E. J. PULLMAN. Developing and Finishing for Amateurs a Specialty. 420 9th St. N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS

MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Ave. N. W. Our Specialty, Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

FIRE INSURANCE

FIREMEN'S INSURANCE COMPANY, Seventh Street and Louisiana Avenue.

DRY GOODS

WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings. Hosiery, a Specialty. 806-808 H St. N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

UNDERTAKERS

J. WILLIAM LEE
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY
332 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.

W. H. BUTLER CO., 607-9 C St. N. W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT

NATIONAL MORTAR CO., 1st and M N.E.
COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING CO., 3036 K Street.

DRUGGISTS

CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth St. and Virginia Ave. S. E.
DAY & CO. 5th and G Sts. N.W. 14th and P N.W., 20th and R. I. Ave. N.E.
QUIGLEY, Druggist, 21st and G Sts. N.W.
A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner 7th and P Streets N. W. N. 2372.

Building Trades Headquarters — Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rent

WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES, TOBACCO. — COSTELLO BROS

CENTRAL LABOR UNION
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Meets Every Monday Night

Typographica Temple
423-425 G St. N. W.

Secretary's Address: 606 5th St. N.W.
Telephone: Lincoln 4614

OFFICERS

HUGH D. DIGNEY.....President
MARY GANZHORN...V. President
N. A. JAMES.....Secretary
JOS. E. TOONE....Fin. Secretary
WM. H. SCHAFFER.....Treasurer
JOS. C. CLARK..Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES — Wm. Zell, W. W. Keeler, J. L. Considine.

COMMITTEES

Executive—Mary Ganzhorn, Chairman; Jos. E. Toone, N. A. James, W. A. Huttel, John R. Hartley, H. D. Digney and Wm. H. Shaffer.

Legislative—Jere McCarthy, Chairman; John Lorch, N. P. Alifas, Robert Jones and D. J. O'Leary.

Adjustment—W. A. Huttel, Chairman; Harry Hollohan, John Botts, Benj. Spellbring and John Schmidt.

Contract—John Hartley, Chairman; Wm. W. Keeler, W. H. Schaffer, C. H. Adams and C. C. Coulter.

Laws—Dan. Hassett, chairman; Harry Buie and R. H. Burdette.

Resolution—Jas. L. Considine, chairman; E. L. Tucker and Denis Southern.

Organization — Jos. E. Toone, Chairman; Jos. C. Clark, Henry Miller, Mary Burkhead and T. A. Franklin.

Auditing—Wm. E. Zell, Chairman; Laurence Curtin and John Deal.

Credentials—M. J. Costello, Chairman; Jas. Noyes and S. S. Parker.

Label—H. F. Oehler, Chairman, and John McGuigan.

Press—N. A. James, Chairman; John B. Colpoys and N. A. Sprague.

Delegates to Baltimore—Jos. E. Toone, Chairman; Harry Fiddesop and Sam De Nedrey.

JOS. A. WILNER & CO.

UNION CUSTOM TAILORS

Cor. 8th and G Sts. N.W.

Your Pattern of Table China

—May Be Included
—In Our Clearance
—Sale of Discontinued
—Patterns and

A Saving of From 20 to 50 Per Cent Realized

We're closing out more than a half dozen patterns of imported china that we are unable to replace. In view of the greatly increased values of china, these price savings are exceptionally noteworthy.

Dulin & Martin Co.
Pottery, Lamps, China, Glass, Silver, &c.
1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St.

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY

Equitable Life Insurance Co.
of the District of Columbia
THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.
Issues Ordinary and Industrial
Wm. A. Bennett, 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.
EQUITABLE BLD'G. 816 14th ST., N. W.

CELTIC CLUB WHISKEY
Our Specialty
Never Changes. Accept No Substitute
Once Tried You'll Always Use It.
Ports and Sherries for family use, Quarts, 50 and 75 cents. All makes of Beer. Leading brands of Cigars. Ales and Porters on draught the year round.
D. J. O'CONNOR
New Jersey Ave. and G Sts. N.W

Saks & Company
MEN'S and BOYS' OUTFITTERS
Pa. Ave. & 7th St. Wash., D. C.
Specialists in Apparel for Men and Boys.

Clothes, Hats and Shoes
The Bieber-Kaufman Co.
901-909 Eighth St. S. E.
Down by the Navy Yard
Washington, D. C.

BUTLER'S RHEUMATIC and GOUT REMEDY.
A KIDNEY AND HEART TONIC
Manufactured Since 1872 By
BUTLER & FIELD
Third and Indiana Ave. N. W.
Price 50c a bottle. 6 for $2.50
For Sale By Druggists.

HALF SICK! WORN OUT!

are common symptoms every Spring with old and young. If you feel that way, the medicine you need is a bottle of our
SARSAPARILLA EXTRACT
Price, 50 cents
WELLER'S DRUG STORE
8th & Eye Sts. S.E. 36th & M N.W.

FIREPROOF CONSTRUCTION
Hammett Fire Proofing Company
301-302-303 Wilkins Bldg.
Phone Main 3337.

Bell Brand Union-Made
COLLARS and SHIRTS
LARGE ASSORTMENT
T. HOLLANDER
North Capitol and H Streets

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

George A. Monagon, linotype machinist in charge, reinstated.

Henry P. Ewing, skilled laborer, reinstated.

George S. Ball, linotype machinist, reinstated.

James R. Johnson, linotype operator, reinstated.

Jay V. Trammell, counter, reinstated.

Charles Kershenbaum, messenger boy, reinstated.

Homer M. Mohr, linotype operator, reinstated.

William J. Schnabel, bookbinder, reinstated.

Leo E. Carrico, messenger boy, reinstated.

Will H. Chase, proofreader, reinstated.

Daniel S. Herzog, caster helper, reinstated.

Dewey Esaias, messenger boy, reinstated.

Ellis R. King, caster helper, reinstated.

George W. Hockney, clerk, reinstated.

Louis J. Benner, skilled laborer, reinstated.

James A. Dellett, compositor, 50 cents per hour, transferred from Department of Agriculture.

Separations.

Charles H. Rockwell and William H. Yeager, temporary compositors.

Frank M. Doyle, temporary clerk.

Emanuel Simms, unskilled laborer, resigned.

Charles J. Anderson, jr., and Raleigh M. Black, compositors, resigned.

William C. F. Waller, linotype operator, resigned.

Transfers, Etc.

Everett S. Whittemore, to linotype machinist, 60 cents per hour.

Carl Van White, pressman in charge, 70 cents per hour, to pressman, 55 cents per hour.

Robert S. Morris, maker-up in charge, 65 cents per hour, to maker-up, 60 cents per hour.

John W. Edwards, helper, 35 cents per hour, to helper, 30 cents per hour.

Charles J. Anderson, jr., linotype operator, 60 cents per hour, to compositor, 50 cents per hour.

Leon L. Leach, linotype operator, 60 cents per hour, to compositor, 50 cents per hour.

Charles W. McDonald, probational messenger boy, $420 per annum, to 15 cents per hour.

Miss Ida M. Lyeth, clerk, $720 per annum, to $900 per annum, office of superintendent of documents.

Henry A. Roehn, linotype machinist in charge, 65 cents per hour, to linotype machinist, 60 cents per hour.

Miss Beulah V. Douglass, pressfeeder, 25 cents per hour, to 27½ cents per hour.

James Sprucebank, linotype machinist in charge, 80 cents per hour, to 65 cents per hour.

Aloysius T. Costello, messenger boy, 15 cents per hour, to skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour.

Harry R. Christie, assistant foreman, $2,000 per annum, to pressman, 55 cents per hour.

Gustave B. Diers, reader, 60 cents per hour, to montype keyboard operator, 60 cents per hour.

BOILER MAKERS ADVANCE.

Elizabeth, N. J., March 22.—Conferences with officers of the Boiler Makers' Union has resulted in the Moore Ship Building Company establishing the eight-hour day and the same wage scale as other yards in this vicinity.

Vancouver, British Columbia, March 22.—The Boiler Makers' Union has secured a one-year agreement with the Wallace ship yards and the B. C. Marine Railway Company. This organization has agreements with every shop in Vancouver but two.

RAILWAY CLERKS ADVANCE.

Portland, Me., March 22.—The Brotherhood of Railway Clerks has secured a working schedule signed by the Maine Central Railroad, to apply to its general offices. Hours are regulated, overtime pay guaranteed, seniority considered in promotions and the reverse in discharges. After one year's service employes will be entitled to an annual vacation of two weeks with pay.

Parker, Bridget & Co.
"The Avenue at Ninth"
Featuring
Extra Value
$15
Suits for Fall

PRINTERS RAISE WAGES.

Los Angeles, Cal., March 22.—Typographical Union No. 174 has signed a two-year agreement with newspaper publishers in this city. Rates for day work will be $5 and for night work, $5.50. Each shift will consist of seven and one-half hours. The union attempted to secure a straight seven-hour day. The agreement dates from the first of the year and back pay will be paid because of the lengthy conferences which continued for over ten weeks.

Dallas, Tex., March 22.—The Typographical Union has signed a five-year agreement with newspapers in this city. Increased wages and improved working conditions are assured during this period.

Saint Joseph, Mo., March 22.—Typographical Union No. 40 has signed a wage-increase agreement with local newspapers, after conferences that lasted for several weeks.

AN INVITATION TO LECTURE.

F. C. Roberts, formerly labor commissioner of Porto Rico, and member of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101, has just received an invitation from the Open Forum Speakers' Bureau of Boston, Mass., to appear on the lecture platform for the 1917-18 season. The Speakers' Bureau has offered Mr. Roberts the western circuit. Many of the well-known public lecturers are working under the direction of this bureau, covering almost every topic.

The many friends of Mr. Roberts predict that he will make good if he accepts the proposition, and the public will know something about their neighbors and fellow citizens in that beautiful island.

SHOE WORKERS STRIKE.

Duluth, Minn., March 22.—Employes of the Northern Shoe Company organized and were then forced on strike because several of their active associates were discharged.

FEDERAL EMPLOYES ORGANIZE.

Galveston, Tex., March 22.—Federal employes in this city have organized and will apply to the A. F. of L. for a charter.

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

UNION OPERATOR — LOCAL No 224 — WASH. D.C. — I.A.T.S.E. — AFFILIATED WITH CENTRAL LABOR UNION & A. F. of L.

American, 1st st. and R. . ave.n.w
Apollo, - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Auditorium, 13th st. and N. Y. ave.n.w.
Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Casino - - - 7th and F Sts. N. W.
Central Park - - 9th bet. G & H N.W.
Chelsia Theatre, 19th and M sts. n. w.
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N. W.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Eagle Gate Theatre - Sol. Home Gate
Eastern, - - 8th St. bet. F & G S. E.
Elite Theatre, 14th and R. I. ave. n. w.
Empire, - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Fairyland, - 19th and L st. n. w.
Favorite, H St. North Capitol & First
Garden Theatre, 423 Ninth st. n. w.
Gayety Theatre, - 513 9th st. n. w.
Georgia - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
Home Theater, C bet. 12th & 13th n. e.
Liberty Theatre, N. Capitol & P St.
Loewe's Columbia . . F near 12th
Lyric Theatre - - 14th near Park Rd.
Maryland - - - 624 9th St. N. W.
"M" Street Theatre, M St. near 32nd
Maycroft Park, H St. bet. 6 7, N.E.
Meaders, - - - 8th & G Sts. S. E.
Mid City, - 7th, bet. N and O st. n. w.
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Odeon - - 14th and Church Sts. N. W.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15, N.W.
Peerless Park, - 3105 Ga. ave. n. w.
Penn Gardens - - 21st St. & Pa. Ave.
Plaza Theatre - 434 9th st. n. w.
Pleasant Hrr. Park, 12 and C N. E.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Randolpr Park, 1st and Randolph n. w.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
R. I. Theatre, 7th and R. I. Ave. N. W
Savoy, - - - 14th and Col. Road.
Schuetzen Park, Ga. ave. and Kenyon
Senate Theater - - 324 Pa. Ave. S.E.
Standard Park, Bates, near N. Cap. St.
Strand, - - - - - Ninth and D.
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N. E.
Stanton Park, - - - 219 4th N. E.
Starlight Park, 4 1-2 and K st. n. w.
Surprise Theatre - Alexandria, Va.
The Strand, - - Hopewell, Va.
The Richmond, - - Alexandria, Va.
Truxton Park, N. Capitol & Fla. Ave.
Victoria Theatre, 7th & E Sts. S. W.
Virginia - - - 614 9th St. N. W.
Zenith Theater - - 625 8th St. S.E.

MEATS GROCERIES FISH
Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the
OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.

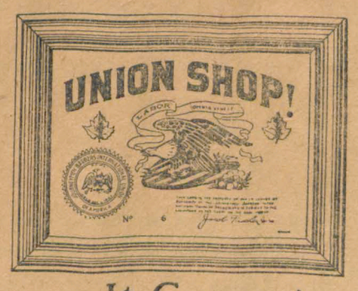
930 La. Ave. N. W.	1111 H Street N. E.
8th & E Sts. S. E.	1632 N. Capitol Street
31st & M Sts. N. W.	3418-20 Ga. Ave. N. W.
7th & Q Sts. N. W.	14th & U Streets N. W.
1778 U Street, N.W.	7th and B Streets N. E
7th & H Street N. E.	3113 14th Street, N. W.
726 7th St. N. W.	1440 P St. N. W.
2002-2004 Ga. Ave. N. W.	

POULTRY BREAD PRODUCE

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK
Northwest Corner FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST
LOOK FOR THE CLOCKS
4 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts
COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

Homesteaders—Come to Virginia
Where you will find homes, happiness, independence for all. Mild winters, no malaria, no mosquitos. Farms all sizes at reasonable prices and terms. Send for our Land Bulletin and a copy of The Record—FREE.
J. R. MEADOWS & CO., Crewe, Va.

WASHINGTON BREWERY CO.
IMPERIAL EXPORT
A really fine beer

Look for the
UNION SHOP CARD


It gives our members a Shorter Work day and Sunday Rest
It Guarantees to You
CLEANLINESS and EXPERT SERVICE

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, F. S. Radman, 134 7th Street N.E.

Bakery Salemen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 997 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at Moose Hall, Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sundays in each month at 2 p.m., Painters' Hall, 6th and G Sts. N.W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N.W.

Blacksmiths and Helpers, Local 217, International Brotherhood of: Meets first and third Monday of each month at 650 Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, C. A. Chism, 418 Tenth street northeast.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. F. Miller, 19 Quincy Place northwest.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets first and third Sunday of the month at the Secretary, T. Guiffre, 908 Pennsylvania ave-Moose Hall, Seventh and G Street Northwest. nue northwest.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 48: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E street southeast.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G Street N. W.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles' Hall. Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 520 Rhode Island Ave. N. E.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhau, 787 10th St. s. e.

Chauffeurs and Hack Drivers Union, Local No. 115: Meets the first and third Saturday of each month, G. A. R. Building, 1412 Pa. Ave. Secretary-Treasurer, Kirk C. Sipher, Room 25, 945 Pa. Ave. northwest.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wassaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Twelfth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3800 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Paperhangers Hall, 430 Ninth Street N. W., second and fourth Thursdays of the month. Secretary, Edw. B. Finch, 33 P Street N. E.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets every Friday, at 8:00 p.m. Hall, S. E. Cor. Tenth and Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, Jas. P. Lahey, 816 5th street northeast.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and B Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hiale, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Employes' Union No. 14632: Meets second Friday of each month, Perpetual Building Association Hall. Secretary, W. M. Lynch, 409 A. F. of L. Building.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Watchmen's Union No. 14964: Secretary, Jas. H. Reed, Cor. Sec., 1228 B street southwest.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, John T. Bowers, Twentieth and Twenty-first and L and M streets northwest.

Ice Cream Wagon Drivers and Helpers' Union, Local No. 111: Meets second and fourth Tuesdays at Typographical Temple, 425 G street northwest. Secretary-Treasurer, J. Neff Cline, 1211 North Capitol street.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Avenue S. E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 Twelfth St. N. E.

Laborers' Protective Union, No. 15037: Meets the second Tuesday of each month at the Cadets' Armory, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, E. E. McCormick, 1403 South Capitol street.

Laundry Workers, Local No. 110: Meets first Friday in each month at Winslow's Hall, 12 and R streets northwest. Secretary, Moten Jefferson, 550 Twenty-fourth street northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, W. N. Huttel, 1430 A St. N. E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday, 1204 Pa. Ave. N. W. Secretary, E. H. Furton, Barcroft, Va.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. F. McDonnell.

Mill Workers Local No. 1694: Meets every Tuesday at Painters' Hall, 704 Sixth street northwest. Secretary, Robt. Reichard, 1720 Thirty-fourth street northwest.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third 2665. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Bus. Agt.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 922 Pa. Ave. N. W. Phone M. 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets second Sunday and fourth Friday in each month. Secretary, Albert Bridges 210 L st. s. e.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 420: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m. Secretary, J. A. Whitecar, 2209 Minnesota Ave. S. E.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Raymond R. Burrows, Clarendon, Va.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Robt. J. Barrett, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month. Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 320 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressmen, No. 1: Meets fourth Monday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N.E.

Railway Carmen, Pride of Potomac Lodge, No. 313, Brotherhood of: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F streets northeast, first and third Tuesdays. Secretary, L. H. Taylor, 706 Seventh street northeast.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custodian and Janitor, 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, W. P. Cannon, 408 Twelfth St. S. E.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe, 326 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. F. Hickman, 513 Sixth St. N. W.

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Mrs. H. B. Tritipoe, 1737 Willard street N. W., Apt. 20.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10.30 a. m. and 8.30 p. m. Secretary, G. W. Calderhead, Room 412 Wash. Loan and Trust Building.

The High School Teachers' Union of Washington, D. C., No. 8: Meets in the Music Room of the New Central High School at 3.30 p. m. the second Tuesday in the months of October, December, February, and May. Secretary, G. J. Jones, Central High School.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle. 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 750 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Fridays, Typographical Temple. Secretary, L. M. Green, Langdon, D. C.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: International Secretary-Treasurer, Jas. E. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

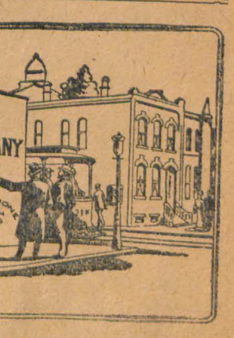
LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G St. N. W. Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth St. N. W.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.

WASHINGTON'S LARGEST PRINTING PLANT DEVOTED TO COMMERCIAL WORK
THE LAW REPORTER PRINTING COMPANY
COMMERCIAL PRINTERS AND STATIONERS
TELEPHONE MAIN 828
518-520 FIFTH STREET N.W.
WASHINGTON, D. C.
F. B. CROWN, MANAGER


INTERNATIONAL UNION OF THE UNITED BREWERY WORKMEN OF AMERICA
Union MADE Beer — Ale AND Porter
COPYRIGHT & TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1903
THIS IS OUR LABEL.

VOTE
Against Prohibition
DEMAND
Personal Liberty
IN CHOOSING WHAT YOU WILL DRINK
ASK FOR THIS LABEL WHEN PURCHASING BEER, ALE OR PORTER.
As A Guarantee That It Is Union Made.

LABOR LEGISLATION IN THE PACIFIC STATES

Labor laws and their administration in the Pacific states—Washington, Oregon and California—is the subject of a report just issued by the United States Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Irregular employment is emphasized in the report as the most striking labor characteristic of the Pacific states. Most of the important industries, such as lumber, fruit growing, construction work, fruit and fish canning, are highly seasonal. In the winter months one-quarter at least of all the workers, and in some sections a much larger proportion, are without jobs or the possibility of getting jobs. In california alone there are some 20,000 "floaters", workers with no fixed residence, constantly wandering from place to place.

The demoralizing effect of these conditions has only recently come to be regarded as a matter of possible state concern, and as yet state efforts at remedy have been rather limited.

In many highly important forms of labor legislation, the Pacific states have been pioneers in this country. This is particularly true of laws regarding the employment of women. As early as 1913 there was created in each of these states an industrial welfare commission, with authority to determine what particular regulations are necessary for the health of women and children in industry and thereupon to issue such regulations as orders with the force of law. This authority covered wages, general working conditions, and, except in Washington, hours of labor. These commissions thus became of dominant importance in determining the attitude of their states toward the labor of women and children, with power virtually to write the laws upon these subjects.

This power has already been extensively exercised in Washington and Oregon. The Washington commission has fixed minimum wage rates for women and children in practically all industries. The Oregon commission has gone further and also fixed the maximum hours of labor.

The principle of workmen's accident compensation also had an early development on the Pacific coast, the Washington act being the first absolutely compulsory act in this country and also the first to provide for state managed insurance.

The report estimates that the annual expenditures for the enforcement of the state labor laws amount to about $144,000 in Washington, $105,000 in Oregon, and $314,000 in California.

NETS TO PROTECT BUILDERS.

San Francisco, March 22.—The industrial accident commission has secured the introduction of nets for buildings under course of construction. These nets cost on an average $15 each and are similar to those employed by fire departments and circus performers. It has been found that the law that calls for the temporary flooring of all buildings under construction is impracticable. High balconies, galleries, arch trusses of theaters and other high places on which workers are employed is too far a distance to the floor. The safety net supplies the need, as a man falling many feet into the net is uninjured.

The commission states that this latest safety appliance will reduce the number of deaths and injuries in the building industry, which totaled 1,553 in California in 1915.

WILL MEET EMPLOYERS.

Cincinnati, March 22.—The executive board of the International Union of Journeymen Horseshoers has accepted the invitation of the Master Horseshoers' Association to meet in this city this week for the purpose of adopting a national agreement between the two parties, leaving optional to the various localities the scale of wages and working conditions.

The unionists are in hearty accord with the proposal and are hopeful that a better understanding between employer and employe may be reached.

URGE INJUNCTION RELIEF.

Chicago, March 22.—A petition signed by several hundred prominent citizens, including college professors and publicists, has been sent to Springfield calling on the legislature to pass an act forbidding courts to enjoin strikers from picketing. A law patterned after the Clayton act is advocated.

RECEPTION TO STRIKERS.

Cincinnati, March 22.—Ladies' garment workers report continued success in their strike to improve working conditions. One of the shops signed with the union was so pleased over the settlement that it tendered a reception to employes when they returned to work.

WHITE RATS WIN FIRST FIGHT.

East St. Louis, Ill., March 22.—The White Rats Actors' Union has won a two-week strike against the Avenue Theater. The manager wanted to postpone a settlement for thirty days to arrange his bookings. The actors asked what assurance he would give that he would live up to this arrangement. The manager put up a bond of $5,000.

The union is waging a vigorous fight against the Grand Theater in St. Louis. This house is known to vaudeville actors as one of the first that introduced four shows a day. It has to employ two shifts of stage employes and two sets of musicians, for these crafts are organized, but the unorganized actor is forced to practically live in the theater. The strike in that city is part of a general movement of the White Rats Actors' Union, affiliated to the A. F. of L., for better conditions and relief from extortionate booking agents who are working with the Vaudeville Managers' Protective Association.

CITY FIREMEN UNIONIZED.

St. Paul, March 22.—Every city fireman, except the chiefs, has joined the City Firemen's Protective Union, affiliated to the A. F. of L. The first move of the new organization was to start an agitation for the two-platoon system.

East Liverpool, Ohio, March 22.—Municipal firemen have organized Federal Labor Union No. 15,426, chartered by the A. F. of L. The new organization has elected delegates to the Trades and Labor Council.

PLUMBERS RAISE WAGES.

Hamilton, Ontario, March 22.—Plumbers and Steam Fitters' Union No. 67 has secured a three-year agreement and raised wages from 42½ cents an hour to 47½ cents for the first two years and 50 cents an hour for the third year.

PHONE NORTH 2349
DONOVAN'S
FINE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS
2008 14th St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

STORAGE PACKING FREIGHT HAULING
Merchants Transfer
— AND —
Storage Company
920-922 E Street Northwest
Phone Main 6900
SHIPPING MOVING HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

LIST OF LIQUOR DEALERS WHO HAVE SIGNED "THE AGREEMENT."

Allen, Paul.....2 N st. n. e
Allen, John J...807 N. C. Cap st. n. e
Beirkle, Leopold, - 1245 H st. n. e.
Boyle, William J., 601 Mass. ave n. w.
Castelli, Vincent, 502-504 Ninth st.n.w.
Clark, C. H.....510 9th st. n. w
Colonial Beach Boat Co.
Costello, Bros.....604 G st. n. w
Crowley, James J.....702 E st. n. w
Daly, T. J.....34 H st. n. e.
Daye, Wm. T.....1218 Wisc. ave
Doyle, Wm. T....1314 Wisc. ave. n. w
Duffy, James A. -901 1-2 E st. n. w.
Wm. R. Fosbender, 406 Ninth st. n w.
Franey, F. A.....711½ 9th st. n. w.
Frank, Mrs. M. E. - 319 G st. n. w
Ganey, M.....615 7th st. s. w.
Glavin, Edwin.....309 G st. n. w.
Hannan, Mrs. E.....531 7th st. s. w.
Hanlon, Timothy.....822 H st. n. e.
Kelliher, J. D.....1258 7th st. s. w.
Killeen, John F.....1314 Wisc. ave
Louis Hodges, - - 407 9th st n. w.
Lynagh, Peter J.....523 7th st. s. w
Lynch, John.....417 9th st. n. w
McCarthy, F. J.....910 4½ st. s. w.
McCarthy, Jas. J.....1402 H st. n. e
McDonald, F. J.....643 Pa. ave. s. e.
McGinniss, H. J., 1001 N. Y. ave. n. w.
McGuire, J. Chas., 519 Ninth st. n. w
McHough, Martin....1105 H st. n. e.
Milton Schmidt, - 702 7th st. n. w.
O'Connor, D. J.....100 G st. n. w
O'Connor, Patrick F., 617 D st. n. w.
O'Connor, James.....1429 N. Cap. st.
O'Day, John T. - 921 Ninth st. n. w.
O'Donnell, James J...333 Pa. ave. s. e.
Peter White, - - - 905 D st. n. w.
Raftery, Thomas.....406 H st. n. e.
Raftery, Patrick.....225 11th st. n. e
Roland, J. H.....511 9th st. n. w
Scanlon, Daniel,.....103 H st. n. w.
Schroter, Conrad....3258 M st. n. w
Schltz, Mary T.....607 G st. n. w
Sheehan, John J., 701 North Cap. st.
Solon, Mary A., - 1003 7th st. e.
Stern, M. M.....601 7th st. n. w.
Stanton, Frank J.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Sullivan, David, 12th and E st. n. w.
Sullivan, John J., 1351 35th st. n. w.
The Casino, Frank Farenkamp (Chesapeake Beach).
Victor Buffet Co., Inc., 7th and G n. w.
Walsh, David, - - 407 10th st. n. w
Wassman, Henry, 705 Seventh st. n. w.
Wiedeman, Joseph....629 E st. n. w.
William J. O'Leary, 733 North Cap. st.
Wininghcr, Harry 631 Pa. ave. s. e.
Wolf, Frank, - 512 12th st. n. w.

"Co-Operation—The First Principle of Success."

The following business interests are recommended by The Trades Unionist and National Labor Press Association to your favorable consideration, and solicit your patronage.

ALL PRINTERS KNOW
"If It Is Made of Paper You Can Get It at
R. P. Andrews Paper Co.
727-31 13th St. N.W.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Landscape Architects
Garden Furniture
J. H. SMALL & SONS
.:. Florists .:. Decorators .:.
New York City—
Waldorf Astoria, Tel. 2906 Greeley
505 Madison Ave., Tel. 8560-1-2 Plaza
Washington, D. C.—
15th and H Sts., Tel. Main 158-159

Wm. Hahn & Co.'s
RELIABLE SHOE HOUSES
Cor. 7th & K Sts.
1914-16 Pa. Ave.
233 Pa. Ave. S.E.

New Oxford Hotel
European
J. H. WEAVER, Mgr.
Pa. Ave. at 15th St. N.W.

Everything Wearable for Men and Boys
SAKS & CO.
Penna. Ave. and 7th St. N.W.

—LET—
Omohundro
—B—
YOUR TAILOR
818 F St. N.W.

RECOGNIZED UNION STORE
Parker, Bridget & Co.
The Ave. at 9th

St. James Hotel
A Special Feature—Club Breakfast
Served 6 to 11 a.m.
Noon-Day Luncheon—12 to 2:30 p.m.
Table d'Hote Dinner—5 to 8 p.m.

CRANDALL'S THEATRES
CRANDALL'S THEATRE
9th and E Sts. N.W.
CRANDALL'S APOLLO THEATRE
624 H St. N.E.
CRANDALL'S SAVOY THEATRE
14th and Col. Rd. N.W.
CRANDALL'S AVENUE GRAND THEATRE
645 Penna. Ave. S.E.

BRODT'S HAT STORE

HARRINGTON HOTEL

PROFIT-SHARING COAL CO.

CORBY BAKING CO.

Phone 2416
GEO. C. SHAFFER
Florist
Choice Cut Flowers
900 14th St.
Floral Designs

Phone Lincoln 910
T. W. Rose
WOOD AND COAL
1125 7th St. S.E.

"Survival of the Fittest"
White House Lunch
Astor Lunch

Phone M. 2725
D. N. Walford
Fine Cutlery
Sporting and Athletic Goods
909 Pa. Ave. N.W.

Washington Brewery Co.
MANUFACTURERS OF
CONGRESS BRAND
GINGER ALE
And Other Carbonated Beverages
The Only Union-Made Goods in Washington

Eisinger Brothers
Lumber and Mill Work
Doors Sash Blinds Moldings
Builders' Hardware
Branch Yard: Bethesda, Md.
2101 7th St. Tel. N. 1173 & 1174

Phone Main 3440
M. G. Copeland Co.
Awnings Estimates
Flags, Tents Cheerfully
Window Shades Given
409 Eleventh St. N.W.

ROCHESTER HOTEL
E St. N.W. Between 9th & 10th
J. W. MOSSBURG, Proprietor
Phone M. 5440
Mossburg's Restaurant
CAREFULLY SELECTED FOODS
1404 Penna. Ave. N.W.

YALE LAUNDRY

J. MAURY DOVE COAL CO.

W. W. GRIFFITH COAL CO.

Manhattan Cleaning & Dyeing Co.

Thos. W. Smith Lumber Co., Inc.
First Street and Indiana Avenue

GENERAL BAKING CO.
BUTTER CRUST BREAD

Phones Main 4277-4278-4279
Gude Bros. Co.
Florists and Floral Decorations
1214 F St. N.W.

MINTZ THE TRUNK MAN
Trunks Suit Cases Traveling Bags
LEATHER NOVELTIES
938 F St. N.W. Washington, D. C.

Page's Laundry
"Washington's Best"
620 E St. N.W.

STEUART'S GARAGE
Announces That They Have Secured a Limited Agency for
FORD CARS
Visit Our Sales and Service Station, Where You Will Receive Every Attention
See the New Type Touring Car
$360 F. O. B. Detroit
STEUART'S GARAGE
141 12th St. N.E. Phone Linc. 1203-4
L. P. Steuart Terms G. T. Steuart

Telephone North 1343
GEO. C. TAYLOR
Dealer in
All Kinds of Rough and Dressed Lumber
2101 7th St. N.W. (Ga. Ave. & W)

"Washington's Chief Fun Palace."
The Gayety Theatre
The Finest Ventilated Theatre in America.
Presenting Improved Burlesque Headed by America's Foremost Comedians, Artists and Femininities
NEW SHOW EVERY WEEK

R. HARRIS & CO.
Jewelers

GROVE LIME & COAL CO.

RICE COAL CO.

The Ask Mr. Foster Service

POLI'S THEATRE

LEWIS COAL & ICE CO.

ALLEGHENY COAL CO.

"The Velvet Kind"
Cream of Ice Creams
Ask Your Reliable Dealer
CHAPIN-SACKS MFG. CO.

Phones, North 9203-9204
BLICK BROTHERS
COAL, WOOD & ICE
800 Florida Avenue N.W.

Taylor-Tolley Sales Co.
Limited Agency for
FORD CARS
WITH
FORD SERVICE
Parts — Accessories
EVERYTHING FOR THE FORD
2129 14th St. N.W.

The Fashion Shop
At Washington's 42d & Broadway
Clothiers
Haberdashers
Tailors
9th and E Sts. N.W.

Phone Lincoln 2304
Washington Coal Co.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Office and Yards:
901-3-5 S. Capitol St.

Everything in Men's Wear
Sol Herzog & Co., Inc.
Clothing, Hats, Furnishings and Shoes
602-604 Ninth Street N.W.

Telephone Main 4471
Hirsh's Shoe Stores
Shoe Designers and Builders
Washington's Fastest-Growing Shoe House
1026-1028 Seventh St. N.W.

Telephone Lincoln 3900-2723
Whitley's Rx Drug Store
First-Class Prescription Work
Quick Service and Delivery
Va. Ave., 8th & K Sts. S.E.
The Velvet Kind Pure Ice Cream

W. H. MARLOW COAL CO.

JOS. A. WILNER & CO.

HOLMES BAKING CO.

COMMERCIAL COAL CO.

SANITARY GROCERY CO.

CONNECTICUT PIE CO.

Washington District Council of Carpenters

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

ROBERT ADAM, President, Local 2563, U. B., 1511 Vermont Avenue N.W.
R. H. BURDETTE, Vice President, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
E. B. BYRNE, Secretary, Local 132, U. B., 425 G Street N.W.
F. A. SHOESMITH, Treasurer, Local 2563, U. B., 5209 Georgia Avenue N.W.
C. H. ADAMS, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 804 A Street N.E.
R. H. BURDETTE, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
H. PAGE, Trustee, Local 2563, U. B., 336½ 13th Street N.E.
ROBERT REICHARD, Local 132, U. B., 1720 34th Street N.W.
J. H. RYAN, Local 132, U. B., 1101 11th Street S.E.
FRED HOOK, Local 2563, U. B., 1528 8th Street N.W.
WILLIAM MACKIE, Local 2563, U. B., 216 Seaton Place N.E.

BUSINESS AGENT.
GEO. MYERS, 425 G Street N. W.

The only strictly
UNION TAILORING
house in the city
M. STEIN & CO.
TAILORS
Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

CORBY CAKE
AT ALL GROCERS

When in Doubt, Buy of
HOUSE & HERRMANN
FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.
N.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W

GEO. D. HORNING,
N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.
LOAN OFFICE

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

J. G. O'DONNELL, President, 122 Sixth St. N. E.
M. J. DEERY Vice President, 2407 Girard St. N. E.
THOS. W. WOLTZ, Recording Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
G. H. F. DAVIS, Treasurer, 439 Second St. S. E.
W. I. STRATTON, Conductor, 617 Sixth St. N. W.
A. F. MOIRSETTE, Warden, 425 G St. N. W
GEO. MYERS, Business Agent, 425 G St. N. W.

TRUSTEES.

F. J. NOLTE, 24 Eighth Street N. E.
MARK REILEY, 1127 B St. S. E.
A. P. TAYLOR, 622 I Street N. E.

DELEGATES TO THE DISTRICT COUNCIL

R. H. BURDETTE, 1207 L Street N. W.
C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
E. B. BYRNE, 425 G Street N. W.
ROBERT REICHARD, 1720 35th Street N. W.
J. H. RYAN, 1101 Eleventh Street S. E.

DELEGATES TO THE CENTRAL LABOR UNION.

C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
R. H. BURDETTE, 816 K Street N. W.
W. S. HOLLOHAN, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
C. A. SAUNDERS, 244 9th St. S. E.
LOUIS LUEBKERT, 1314 Kerney St. N. E.

RELIEF COMMITTEE.

P. W. HAMILTON, 410 Tenn. Ave. N. E.
J. T. CLIFT, 4115 7th St. N. W.
M. FOLEY, 118 Seaton St. N. E.
W. B. DOLAN, 413 Mass. Ave. N. W.
J. A. SANKER, 2606 R. I. Ave. N. E.

MILL COMMITTEE.

F. E. KETTNER, 3016 Cambridge St. N. W.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
O. A. CARTER, Rosslyn, Va.

DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE
G. H. F. DAVIS, 439 Second Street S. E.

Takoma Bread
Fresh Three Times Daily
AT ALL GROCERS
Havenner Baking Company
Established 1815

LANSBURGH & BRO.
"DRY GOODS ONLY"
The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City
420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I.P.E.U.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXI. NO. 40 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, MARCH 30, 1917. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

Today and Tomorrow Tag Days for Strikers

Wives and Friends of Street Car Men Volunteer to Aid in Distributing Cards Throughout City.

Today and tomorrow are Tag Days for the striking street car men—to raise funds to help them in their fight against the Washington Railway and Electric Company. The proceeds are for a good cause, and your contribution should be liberal. No matter how small an amount you can afford, your donation will be warmly appreciated by the strikers, and by organized labor in general.

Hundreds of strikers' wives and friends have volunteered to sell these tags, and there will not be a spot in the city left untouched by these willing workers. The committee of the Central Labor Union having the distribution of the tags in hand is comprised of Joseph E. Toone, Henry Miller, Sam De Nedry, Harry Oehler and C. C. Coulter.

The striking employes are fighting hard and standing firm and deserve your support. Aside from the wrecking of one of the company's cars by unknown individuals, nothing of importance has occurred. The blame for this affair undoubtedly has been put on the strikers by the company and no doubt many disinterested persons share the same view. But it is very doubtful if the strikers themselves were implicated.

The use of violence in breaking strikes is detested and despised by organized labor, and any member of a labor organization taking part in such an affair as occurred Tuesday night would not be upheld by his or any other labor body. However, in such a case as this, it is the most natural thing to place the blame on the one most unable to depend himself and against whom circumstantial evidence might be brought out very unjustly; and in any instance where blame might be forced on a striker, though he be innocent, his fellow members will protect him to the fullest extent of the law.

ASSIST POWDER WORKERS.

Belleville, Ill., March 29.—Ten locals affiliated to the United Mine Workers have protested against the anti-union policy of the Belleville plant of the Atlas Powder Company. Powder workers organized and asked for a wage scale to replace the bonus system, and the company discharged three officers of the new union, which it refused to recognize. The men suspended work January 13 last and the company has announced that it will close its mill rather than deal with employes as union men.

At a joint meeting of delegates representing Miners' Unions in this vicinity it was voted to ask mine workers throughout the country to take up with the operators the attitude of this company.

DEFEAT ANTI-"MUGGING."

Sacramento, Cal., March 29.—The state federation of labor lost its fight in the legislature when the senate defeated a bill prohibiting police departments from taking physical records of persons arrested for crime until they had been convicted. The unionists insisted that a person who has been arrested and later acquitted should not be "mugged" and have his photograph placed in the rogues' gallery.

R. R. TELEGRAPHERS GAIN.

Boston, March 29.—A new wage schedule has been granted Boston and Maine railroad telegraphers as a result of conferences with committees representing the Order of Railroad Telegraphers. Wages are increased 20 cents a day and an annual vacation of one week with pay is agreed to. Additional wages are to be paid long-hour men who care for switch lights.

UNION SHOP FOR BOOKBINDERS

Philadelphia, March 29.—Union shop agreements that provide for better working conditions have been secured by Bookbinders' Unions Nos. 46, 86 and 161.

ACTIVE IN SAN FRANCISCO.

San Francisco, March 29.—Journeymen Tailors' Union No. 2 has signed agreements with a score of tailoring firms. The sub-contract system is abolished under the new contract. Union No. 80 of the same craft has secured substantial wage increases.

The American Can Company has agreed to a minimum wage of $4.50 a day for machinists employed in its four plants in this city. About 250 workers are benefited.

Teamsters' Union raised wages 50 cents a day for drivers of ice cream wagons.

United Garment Workers have secured agreements with firms employing 2,000 members. Wages are increased 10 per cent and the minimum weekly wage is raised to $10.50. The union shop and improved working conditions are also provided.

BUILDING TRADES UNITE.

Columbus, Ohio, March 29.—For the first time in the trade union history of this city the Building Trades Council has a 100 per cent organization, representing 17,000 building craftsmen.

Many contractors have declared against organized labor and they have been answered by the carpenters, bricklayers, plasterers, stone cutters, stone masons, plumbers and steamfitters joining the council to make common cause.

BATHS FOR MOLDERS.

Nashville, Tenn., March 29.—The state legislature has ordered that iron foundries employing more than twelve molders must provide shower baths and other means of sanitation for these employes.

BOILER MAKERS GET INCREASE.

Pueblo, Col., March 29.—Organized boiler makers employed by Stearns-Rogers Manufacturing Company have raised wages from 41 to 45 cents an hour. Helpers' rates are increased from 26 to 30 cents an hour.

Printers Pledge Their Support to President

Also Adopt Resolutions of Encouragement and Assistance to Striking Car Men.

Columbia Typographical Union held an adjourned meeting last Sunday, after adjourning over the Sunday previous to attend the street car strikers' mass meeting at National Rifles' Armory hall.

A proposition to submit to a referendum vote all actions involving an appropriation of $100 or more, after being further amended and discussed at length, was finally tabled.

Resolutions of encouragement and assistance to the street car strikers were adopted, and the various chapel chairmen directed to pass contribution papers among the members each pay day during the strike.

A report was made of progress in the negotiations with newspaper publishers and book and job office proprietors on the new apprentice laws.

Resolutions pledging the Union in support of the President of the United States in the present crisis that confronts the country were adopted and copies ordered transmitted to the White House.

Charges were preferred by the Musicians' Union against a member of the Union and a trial committee was ordered to investigate the charges and report at the April meeting.

Charges were also filed by a member of the Union against another member holding a foremanship in the G. P. O., and a committee was appointed to investigate and report on the same.

Business Representative Roberts made his final report, detailing the work done by him during the past month and tendered his help to the officers of the Union in following up any matters he had in hand during his incumbency of the position he held for the past three months.

A number of amendments to the by-laws were read and ordered printed on the call, among which was one calling for the reduction of the number of delegates to the I. T. U. convention.

ACTIVE IN SEATTLE.

Seattle, March 29.—Teamsters and Auto Truck Drivers' Union has made large increases in membership and raised wages in several instances.

Organized garbage wagon drivers have asked the city council to raise wages.

The Zimmerman-Degan Company has signed their first agreement with Boot and Shoe Workers' Union No. 437. The union shop is recognized.

Electrical workers are conducting an organizing campaign. The slogan is "half a thousand before May 1."

At a recent meeting of Boiler Makers' Union No. 104, 203 new members were initiated.

PACKERS DEPEND ON NEGROES.

Chicago, March 29.—It is stated that the large influx of southern negroes to this city is caused by the offer of stockyards' interests to guarantee lodging and food for one week to the negroes, who are replacing European immigration. It is predicted that Chicago's colored population will have increased by 10,000 before the first of April, and that already the new arrivals are living six in a room.

MACHINISTS WIN TWO STRIKES.

Beaver Falls, Pa., March 29.—The Machinists' Union has secured signed agreements with the Standard Gauge Steel Company and the Moltrup Steel Products Company, as a result of strikes which started several weeks ago. About 500 machinists and other employes are benefited.

Retail Clerks Sign Up More Stores

Progressive Merchants Are Co-Operating With Unions for Better Conditions.

Several more prominent and progressive merchants have signed the Retail Clerks' union agreement, which shows that the Clerks are making good headway, and instead of fighting the labor movement the progressive merchants are co-operating with the unions in trying to bring about better conditions in the retail business.

Isador Grosner, who conducts three stores on Pennsylvania avenue, has signed for his three stores, and now conducts strictly union stores at the following addresses: The Globe, 803 Pennsylvania avenue; The Model, 1231 Pennsylvania avenue, and the main store, 1013 Pennsylvania avenue.

Grosner stores are heartily recommended as strictly union and deserving of the patronage of all members and friends of organized labor. By patronizing our friends we can show those who oppose us that we are consistent, and if they wish to conduct a successful business they will have to cater to the working people.

NORTH DAKOTA FARMERS LOSE, BUT REALLY WIN

Bismarck, N. D., March 29.—The Farmers' Non-Partisan League has lost its first fight in the state legislature, recently adjourned, but the farmers have won a great moral victory, faith in themselves and a determination to wrest the senate—the last stand of privileges in this state—from railroad and milling interests.

The league was formed two years ago, after the legislature refused to build a state terminal elevator, which was indorsed by a vote of the people. It is charged that the big milling interests, especially, blocked the people's mandate. The farmers selected their candidates for the primaries regardless of party. These candidates entered the primaries on their party tickets and members of the league who belonged to parties other than the indorsed candidates, refrained from voting for candidates on their tickets for the same office.

By this method the league swept the primaries. At the general election all members voted for the indorsed candidates, with the result that the league elected eighty-two members out of 112 in the house of representatives and eighteen out of twenty-four state senators.

With this solid phalanx the farmers entered the state legislature, to be confronted by twenty-five hold-over senators, twenty-two of whom acted with the six new senators to defeat the league. The strongest fight was waged on a new state constitution, urged by the league. It passed the house, but was rejected by the senate by a vote of 22 to 27.

Although defeated in their first legislative contest, members of the league are enthusiastic over their discovery of the power of organization and their success in uniting 40,000 farmers scattered over North Dakota's prairies. Preparations are already under way to capture the state senate at next year's elections.

Plans have also been perfected to extend the league's operations to other states and headquarters have been opened in St. Paul. The farmers quickly realized the necessity for publicity and have established two powerful newspapers.

GRANITE CUTTERS ACTIVE.

Cincinnati, March 29.—The Granite Cutters' Union has started a campaign to organize small shops in this city. All the large shops maintain contractural relations with the union.

U. S. Supreme Court Usurped Its Power

Acts Enacted by Congress Held to Be of Little Importance Until Passed Upon.

Cincinnati, March 29.—"The average American is not aware that the power to declare federal legislation unconstitutional was usurped, instead of being granted by the constitution or provided for through an act of Congress," writes Editor Frey in the International Molders' Journal.

"From a small beginning, like the entering of the thin edge of a wedge, the power usurped by the United States Supreme Court developed and grew until it so over-topped the legislative functions of Congress that the stage was reached where many of the acts enacted by Congress are held to be of little importance until the United States Supreme Court has passed upon them, and its members have declared themselves as to its constitutionality, a striking illustration of this being the Adamson bill establishing a change in the hours of labor and earnings for railway employes.

"When the delegates who framed the constitution of the United States were in session, three efforts were made to give the Supreme Court the right to declare acts of Congress unconstitutional and each attempt suffered an overwhelming defeat, but a little handful of the delegates favored giving the court such powers. It was not until the time of Chief Justice Marshall that any attempt was made by this court to usurp powers not given to it by the constitution, and Justice Marshall, knowing the temper of the people, inserted a very thin edge of a wedge which, without doubt, he felt confident would have such weight pressed behind it by the Supreme Court as would in time open wide the thin breach he had started.

"The supreme courts of the several states followed closely upon the heels of the United States Supreme Court and, through the power which they have usurped, it has been most difficult, if not impossible, to secure legislation which would adequately meet the problems of today.

"The courts of no other civilized land would dare set aside the laws enacted by the national legislative body.

"So long as the question of whether we may enjoy a law enacted by Congress is left in the hands of the United States Supreme Court, we are governed not by Congress, but by nine men sitting upon the Supreme Court bench."

IRON WORKERS RAISE WAGES.

Victoria, British Columbia, March 29.—Machinists and boiler makers employed in three plants raised wages following short strikes. Other gains include the forty-four-hour week and arbitration provisions. Transportation and board is furnished these workers when employed outside the city.

FURRIERS REJECT AGREEMENT.

New York, March 29.—Several unions of fur workers have rejected an agreement submitted to them by fur manufacturers and union representatives. The objectional sections, the workers claim, give employers the right to discharge, permit discrimination against women workers, and the annual reorganization of the shops.

OPPOSE APPRENTICE RULES.

Sacramento, Cal., March 29.—Anti-union employers were present in large numbers at a legislative committee hearing on a bill making it unlawful to limit the number of apprentices in any trade. Trade unionists opposed the bill.

Labor Injunction Is Cunning Scheme

"Why Do Our Enemies Contend That Injunctions Are More Effective Than Laws?"

Springfield, Ill., March 29.—"Why do our enemies contend that injunctions are more effective than laws in the prevention of unlawful threats, intimidation and violence?" asked Secretary Olander of the state federation of labor at a legislative hearing on labor's request for an injunction-limitation bill.

Then the trade unionist answered his question as follows:

"If they (employers) expressed their real opinions they would say frankly that violence can only be dealt with effectively through the law, and that violence is only referred to in labor injunctions for three purposes; first, to ease the conscience of the judge who issues the injunction; second, to prejudice the public mind against the strikers; third—and most sinister—for the purpose of breaking down all legal safeguards against false accusations and thus making it a simple matter to convict the innocent. I say that is the deliberate purpose of our enemies. Avoiding the direct charge of violence, which is a crime under the law, they substitute a charge of contempt of court, and thus they prevent trial by jury, obtain convictions on affidavits made by spies and professional strikebreakers, and deprive the accused striker of the safeguards against false accusation and unfair conviction with which the law surrounds even the meanest criminal. Conviction of the innocent becomes easy—that is why our enemies prefer to use the equity judge and his injunctions rather than to appear in the law court, where the law—not the judge—is supreme, and where a jury may pass on the guilt or innocence of the defendant.

"A person charged with crime in a law court is assumed to be innocent until proven guilty. But the assumption is reversed in the equity court, where he is summoned to show cause why he should not be punished for contempt—in other words, he is assumed to be guilty until he perjures himself by proving innocence.

"We make the same complaint against the injunction judges as the early American patriots made against King George of England:

> "'He has combined with others to subject us to a jurisdiction foreign to our constitution, and acknowledged by our laws; giving his assent to their acts of pretended legislation.'

"And among their indictments against the king we find the following:

> "'For depriving us in many cases of the benefits of trial by jury.'"

ST. LOUIS MACHINISTS WIN.

St. Louis, Mo., March 29.—Machinists' Union has won a six-month strike against the Diesel Engine Company, and all strikers will return to work. The forty-eight-hour week and a minimum wage of 44 cents an hour is agreed to. This shop was the first involved in the present eight-hour movement of local machinists.

GARMENT WORKERS ADVANCE.

Toronto, Ontario, March 29.—The Ladies' Garment Workers' Union has swept aside all opposition in this city and practically every manufacturer has conceded wage increases, less hours and improved working conditions.

El Paso, Tex., March 29.—Painters and Paper Hangers' Union No. 902 has signed a new wage agreement that raises rates to $5 a day. These workers are 100 per cent organized.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF [UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS AND JOINERS OF AMERICA] FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., MARCH 30, 1917.

POPULAR AWAKENING.

The acclaim with which Americans have greeted the overthrow of autocratic government in Russia is based instinctively upon the thought that the spreading of the republican form of rule may be the one road that leads to the termination of wars.

There is reason for believing that modernized Russia, when again at peace, will not invite war.

In an enlightened career a republic does not seek conquests by force of arms. Wars of depredation are instigated by desire for autocratic aggrandizement and dynastic preservation.

Even now there are indications that the Russian example is stimulating Teutonic people to make an attempt to free themselves from the autocratic yoke of the aristocratic militaristic caste.

Revolution is not always aroused and accompanied by drums and trumpets. A fortress that has withstood a siege has been undermined by the waters of its own ditch.

Patriotism makes all men equal.

Anybody can locate the heart of a city. But where is its soul?

The curbstone trades unionist orator sometimes talks entirely too much.

Some people are born great and some are members of our first families.

There are a few pessimists who believe that pork and beans will be served with champagne.

Those twitterings of peace are at least as noticeable as the song of a sparrow immured in a busy boiler factory.

UNITY STRENGTHENS—ISOLATION DEVITALIZES.

The individual who does not recognize that his problems of living are identified with those of his fellows has missed the key to the solution of his problems. Unaided he can accomplish but little in a field where collective effort is the basis for all effective action. Employers, directors of enterprises, join together for organized assistance of each other. Co-operation on the managerial side, the large scale organization of industry and commerce, have made the condition of unorganized workers intolerable. Workers as individuals have been economically and mentally enervated. Only by presenting united opposition have they been able to maintain themselves as human beings. Although the Roman soldiers marching singly found it impossible to go against an enemy in strongly fortified cities, they could advance with safety marching shoulder to shoulder under the protection of a testudo formed by overlapping their shields. So organized collective action is the safety of workers dependent upon employers for an opportunity to earn a livelihood.

Regardless of the kind of work they do, wherever workers have learned organization they have been able to protect themselves and to secure better conditions. Haphazard, planless conditions are never conducive to progress. Organization enables the group to put driving force behind their demands and ideals. Thus many so-called unskilled workers receive higher pay than those following professional or semi-professional callings.

Unorganized workers find themselves helpless when confronted by a period of transition. Protection comes only through definite group action in accord with constructive policies—a condition impossible without organization. So, when the European cataclysm enveloped the whole world, in the reaction following came congestion in commerce and an abrupt cessation of the arts of peace. Industry and commerce in this country were choked. It is an ancient custom to make wage-earners bear the brunt of industrial reactions in the form of unemployment, falling wages and higher prices.

Organized workers can act as a unit in protest against lower wages—by protest they act as a stabilizing force and prevent impulsive destruction and waste. Organized workers under war conditions have not only resisted reduction of wages and deterioration of conditions, but have secured increased wages and shorter hours.

When danger of war became imminent for our own country, among the first suggestions for "preparedness" were proposals to tear down all the protective measures secured by Labor after years of struggle. Members of Congress proposed to repeal the eight-hour law and to deny the right to strike. Again the organized labor movement interposed protest to protect the workers.

Those who have suffered from war conditions and prices have been the unorganized or the poorly organized. They have had no leverage which would give them power to increase wages, and increased prices forced them to reduce their standard of living.

Another transition period is coming when the world returns to a peace footing. Organization is the only agency by which the people can meet and solve the problems of that period. Constructive organization, co-ordination, whether industrial or international, is the fundamental principle of preparedness for peace or war.—The Baltimore Trades-Unionist.

As war becomes more efficient it becomes more barbarous.

The great lesson of organization is that men as individuals are powerless.

Europe is beginning to make noises that may eventually sound like a continent clamoring for peace.

There's rottenness somewhere in our civilization, or system of civilization, when there can be thousands of tons of food stored up for prices two or three times their value and thousands of people suffering for these same foods. The heinousness of the crime comes in taking from the consumer double price for the goods that he does buy, thus reducing his purchaseable capital to such an extent that his consumption is cut in two.

The injunction judge who knows he has stepped outside the realms of right, and can only justify his act in the plea that he did "evil that good might come," is skating on thin ice. An employer who rushes to a judge for an injunction as soon as his employes refuse to work for him at a starvation wage, or under conditions that are unfair and unhealthy, is crooked, and he knows it. And he knows the crooked reputation of the judge he rushes to before he makes the journey. But the workingman, who has no money and few friends, must not look cross-eyed or he'll be pinched and made an example of.

WHAT UNIONISM MEANS.

"Become a unionist and fight for progress and better conditions of life," is the appeal of W. Wallis, writing in the Labor Call. "The masses are now learning the lesson of the trade union movement. They begin to see it is the only agency upon which they can rely to better their economic condition and raise their standard of livelihood in society. The labor unions have unmistakably demonstrated to wage-earners in all callings and professions that organization means higher wages, better jobs, more comfortable homes and shorter hours of daily toil. Twenty years or so ago the workers knew no such things. Thanks to unionism times are somewhat changed since those sweating days of coercion. Trade unions have shown us that organized labor means enthused life in the social and business affairs of the nation. Society is beginning to understand this also. It must be acknowledged that organized labor is viewed in a far different light by the general public today than it was a decade or so ago. But what is still more significant is that public sentiment is being more and more swayed by the very principles that the unions persistently advocated many years back."

DELIVERS AN INTERESTING ADDRESS.

W. M. Nelson, paying teller in the paymaster's office of the Government Printing Office, has a brother, C. F. Nelson, in the parliament of Canada, recently elected as a Liberal member for Slocan. He delivered his maiden speech a few days ago, and newspaper reports state that "he acquitted himself well, his chief point being a strong appeal for the mining industry."

"The business of mining was well worthy of fullest consideration," he said, "especially at this time, when there is need of maximum production."

Mr. Nelson strongly urged that "the policy inaugurated by the late government of opening up roads and trails should be pursued, and that the fullest assistance be given to the prospector, who, after all, was the greatest factor in the success of the industry."

He strongly urged "full consideration of the needs of the returned soldiers, consideration such as would give the fullest recompense, as far as possible, for the sacrifices of the men. It would be foolish to suppose the men would desire to go 'into the wilds'; and any plan evolved must be one looking to the future welfare of the men to obviate the possibility of their drifting."

Mr. Nelson expressed pleasure at the fact that the women had been given the franchise.

On the point of help for the agricultural industry, the member for Slocan pointed to the difficulties which had confronted the settlers in the past, and advocated "an intelligent policy to assist by the opening up of transportation facilities to provide access to markets."

He urged dealing with the orientals and asserted "there were other aliens who constituted as great, or even greater menace to the country, aliens who, while living in our country, had contributed nothing to the cause of the empire in the present crisis."

The student of American history and American politics will find many questions that Mr. Nelson touched upon in his speech have a parallel in this country, and to a close student of economics he appears to be "on the right side of the question."

The new member of the Canadian parliament strongly advocated many other beneficial reforms for the advancement of Eastern Canada, especially, and for the empire generally.

He has a number of friends in the United States, members of the Order of Knights of Pythias, who are familiar with C. F. Nelson's work in advancing the objects of that order in North America, especially in Eastern Canada, he having served in the supreme lodge with District of Columbia representatives, who rejoice with his brother, W. M. Nelson, in the progress made by C. F. Nelson in one of the greatest legislative bodies in the world—the Canadian parliament.

PASS COMPENSATION BILL.

Boise, Idaho, March 29.—The state legislature has passed a compensation bill which compels employers to insure employes in the state fund or carry their own risk. Trade unionists believe that if the latter plan is enforced so that the workers' interests are protected, the state fund will eventually supercede private companies.

REJECT BAD LEGISLATION.

Nashville, Tenn., March 29.—The labor committees of both the house and the senate have voted not to recommend the anti-picketing and anti-boycotting bills, pending in the state legislature. The house has also voted to abolish Tennessee's convict lease system.

KANSAS MINES ARE UNSAFE.

Pittsburg, Kan., March 29.—Organized miners in this state threaten to use their economic power to enforce Kansas mining laws. They have appealed to the governor and their state senators, who are notified that if conditions are not bettered a strike will result.

ESTABLISHED 1865 — 51 YEARS IN BUSINESS

CHRISTIAN XANDER'S

Whiskies Rums Brandies Gins

LARGEST AND MOST SELECT STOCK IN THE CITY

909 7th Street, Northwest. — No Branch Houses. Phone M. 274

CORBY'S YEAST

Leaves nothing to guess-work.
Its purity and strength are uniform.
Every baker knows what that means.
Send for samples.

THE CORBY COMPANY

STATION K. — WASHINGTON, D. C.

Representative Houses OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

BANKS

NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burglar-proof vaults; acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth Street and New York Avenue.

WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee, etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK. A bank for the working people. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account. Ninth and G Sts. N. W.

UNION SAVINGS BANK. Commercial accounts. Three per cent interest on savings accounts. The oldest savings bank in Washington.

MICHAEL T. GREENE
Liquors and Cigars. 639 D St. N. W.

STONER'S BAR AND RESTAURANT
The, G. Stoner. 206 Seventh St. S. W.

J. CHAS. McGUIRE'S BUFFET
Federal Seal Whiskey. 519 Ninth St. N. W.

O'KEEFE'S BUFFET
P. J. O'Keefe, Prop. 904 Pa. Ave. N. W.

GLAVIN'S BUFFET
ED. J. GLAVIN 309 G Street Northwest

FRANK'S BUFFET
Fourth and G Sts. N. W. Phone M. 5572.

DAVID WALSH'S BUFFET
407 10th Street N. W.

E. E. FARLEY'S BUFFET
415 13th Street N. W.

J. J. O'DONNELL'S BUFFET
333 Penn. Avenue S. E.

HARRY'S BUFFET
631 Penn. Ave. S. E. Phone Lin. 1843

MACHINIST

G. W. FORSBERG, formerly with Forsberg & Murray, Elevators, Boilers. Eighth and Water Sts. S. W. Main 742.

GROCER AND COFFEE ROASTER

SOMERSET R. WATERS, 1342 7th St. N. W.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

RALSTON & RICHARDSON, Evans Building, 1420 New York Avenue.

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.

SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (Inc.), Soda Water, Syrups, etc. 1066 Wis. Ave. N. W.

PHOTO SUPPLIES

E. J. PULLMAN. Developing and Finishing for Amateurs a Specialty. 420 9th St. N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS

MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Ave. N. W. Our Specialty, Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

FIRE INSURANCE

FIREMEN'S INSURANCE COMPANY, Seventh Street and Louisiana Avenue.

DRY GOODS

WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings. Hosiery, a Specialty. 806-808 H St. N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

UNDERTAKERS

J. WILLIAM LEE
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY
332 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.

W. H. BUTLER CO., 607-9 C St. N. W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT

NATIONAL MORTAR CO., 1st and M N.E.

COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING CO., 3036 K Street.

DRUGGISTS

CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth St. and Virginia Ave. S. E.

DAY & CO. 5th and G Sts. N.W. 14th and P N.W., 20th and R. I. Ave. N.E.

QUIGLEY, Druggist, 21st and G Sts. N.W.

A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner 7th and P Streets N. W. N. 2372.

Building Trades Headquarters Sixth and G Sts. N. W
Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rates

WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES TOBACCO. COSTELLO BROS

JOS. A. WILNER & CO.

UNION CUSTOM TAILORS

Cor. 8th and G Sts. N.W.

Your Pattern of Table China

—May Be Included
—In Our Clearance
—Sale of Discontinued
—Patterns and

A Saving of From 20 to 50 Per Cent Realized

We're closing out more than a half dozen patterns of imported china that we are unable to replace. In view of the greatly increased values of china, these price savings are exceptionally noteworthy.

Dulin & Martin Co.
Pottery, Lamps, China, Glass, Silver, &c.
1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St.

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY
Equitable Life Insurance Co.
of the District of Columbia
THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.
Issues Ordinary and Industrial
Wm. A. Bennett, 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.
EQUITABLE BLD'G. 816 14th ST., N. W.

CELTIC CLUB WHISKEY
Our Specialty
Never Changes. Accept No Substitute
Once Tried You'll Always Use It.
Ports and Sherries for family use, Quarts, 50 and 75 cents. All makes of Beer. Leading brands of Cigars. Ales and Porters on draught the year round.
D. J. O'CONNOR
New Jersey Ave. and G Sts. N.W.

Saks & Company
MEN'S and BOYS' OUTFITTERS
Pa. Ave. & 7th St. Wash., D. C.
Specialists in Apparel for Men and Boys.

Clothes, Hats and Shoes
The Bieber-Kaufman Co.
901-909 Eighth St. S. E.
Down by the Navy Yard
Washington, D. C.

BUTLER'S RHEUMATIC and GOUT REMEDY.
A KIDNEY AND HEART TONIC
Manufactured Since 1872 By
BUTLER & FIELD
Third and Indiana Ave. N. W.
6 for $2.50
Price 50c a bottle.
For Sale By Druggists.

HALF SICK! WORN OUT!
are common symptoms every Spring with old and young. If you feel that way, the medicine you need is a bottle of our
SARSAPARILLA EXTRACT
Price, 50 cents
WELLER'S DRUG STORE
8th & Eye Sts. S.E. 36th & M N.W.

FIREPROOF
CONSTRUCTION
Hammett Fire Proofing Company
301-302-303 Wilkins Bldg.
Phone Main 3337.

Bell Brand Union-Made
COLLARS and SHIRTS
LARGE ASSORTMENT
T. HOLLANDER
North Capitol and H Streets

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

William P. Ferguson, Walter E. Wright, Frank Rowley, Matthew F. Dermody, John C. Howard, William W. Cook, George A. Fischer, Charles Kundahl, temporary bookbinders.

Frank X. J. Fogarty, Henry W. Starr, Clarence A. Robinson, James W. H. Allan, Irving L. Primus, Robert V. Barnes, Sterling Coleman, James R. Brown, John H. Thiernau, David L. Printz, Eugene K. De Lawder, temporary skilled laborers.

Samuel E. Brown, Frank Slagle, William Janof, temporary messenger boys.

Alonzo B. Thomson and George L. Mellis, temporary pressmen.

Miss Alice B. Waddleton, probationary skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour.

Albert W. Smith, probationary bookbinder, 50 cents per hour.

John S. Greene, bookbinder, reinstated.

Separations.

Lawrence N. Nops, helper, resigned.

John J. Casey, messenger boy, resigned.

Charles A. Greenleaf, unskilled laborer, resigned.

Norval K. Tabler, caster helper, resigned.

George W. Hockney, clerk, resigned.

Raymond L. Beard, skilled laborer.

Stephen J. Ransom, unskilled laborer.

Thomas H. Thayer, probational skilled laborer, resigned.

Transfers, Etc.

Harry M. Tucker, messenger boy, 15 cents per hour, to messenger boy, $375 per annum.

Joseph N. Beaman, elevator conductor, 30 cents per hour, to helper, 30 cents per hour, presswork division.

George Bierach, linotype operator, 60 cents per hour, to proofreader, 60 cents per hour.

Henry E. Haliday, maker-up, 60 cents per hour, to proofreader, 60 cents per hour.

Robert A. Miles, linotype operator, 60 cents per hour, to proofreader, 60 cents per hour.

G.P.O.COMMENT

Walter D. Morgan (proofroom), who has been in poor health for the past two years, following a stroke of paralysis, died last week, services being conducted on Saturday from his late residence, 112 Seaton place northeast. Mr. Morgan had been employed for about twenty years in the G. P. O., coming here from Arkansas. A man of genial temperament and a cheery disposition, he was the life of any party of friends in a social gathering.

Marsh Bodenhamer and John R. Purvis are on detail at the Capitol assisting in compiling the Congressional Directory.

Raleigh Black (lino division) has resigned. He intends going to New York city.

C. J. Anderson, jr., late of the Herald, but a recent probational employe in the lino division, G. P. O., has resigned.

Joe Dierken, timekeeper in proofroom, is finishing up three weeks' absence.

Uriel C. Hays, mono keyboard section, reported for work last week after an absence of over a month due to undergoing an operation at a local hospital.

Among the returning National Guardsmen recently restored to the G. P. O. rolls are the following: Will H. Chase, proofroom; James R. Johnson, lino division, and George A. Monogan, lino machinist.

Charles R. Shelton, mono hand division, met with a distressing accident Tuesday morning at Fourteenth and L streets northwest, an automobile knocking him down and inflicting injuries sufficient to cause a trip to the emergency hospital Mr. Shelton has many friends who will be pleased to know he will be out again in a few days.

With the return of the night forces next Monday, the congested condition in the office due to all being on day work will be relieved.

Among the graduates at the Naval Academy on Thursday was William J. Morcock, son of E. J. Morcock, president of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101.

The condition of Charles A. Morgan, proofroom, is such that an amputation of one of his legs may be necessary. Mr. Morgan has been ill for several months with blood poisoning.

The street car strike has tested the loyalty of the public to the strikers in the recent inclement days of rain and cold winds. The G. P. O. employes are doing their share to help the strikers by keeping off the cars and in contributions. Many examples of sacrifice to principle could be cited and increased cost of transportation and inconvenient connections to reach homes in the suburbs enumerated in the effort to aid the street car employes on strike.

W. A. Pratt, night foreman, was in charge of the proofroom last week in the absence on leave of J. E. Payne, foreman. Mr. Pratt is now in charge of the night force proofroom started Tuesday night.

J. E. Maynard has been off for the past three weeks on leave.

F. C. Roberts, who recently joined the staff of a lecture bureau in Boston for work in the West, gave his lecture on "Porto Rico" at the Metropolitan Memorial Church to a large and appreciative audience on Wednesday night.

George Bierach and Robert A. Miles, lino operators, and Henry E. Haliday, maker-up, have been transferred to the proofroom as readers.

Doran McCarty (Star) and Charles Deming (Herald), candidates for delegates, were office visitors during the past week.

The pressroom is being rushed to the limit to care for work that is called for at this time. The job room is also very busy, overtime being necessary to advance work in hand.

The Western Laborer says it received word from Charles Mayers, of The Typographical Review, that the Spokane proposition, recently voted on in the referendum, has a majority of over 7,500.

COAL PRICES MUST BE REDUCED

The federal trade commission has notified leading anthracite coal producers that any failure to grant the usual spring price reductions cannot be justified by claims of increased cost of production. The commission has heard, the notice says, that producers intend either to withdraw or reduce the regular seasonal discounts on the ground of alleged mining costs.

In its inquiry into the cost of mining anthracite, the report on which will soon be issued, the commission has obtained detailed information on the costs of companies which mined, in 1916, about 75 per cent of the total production of anthracite. "This information," says the commission, "obtained directly from the records of the companies referred to, indicates no increase in average cost in the last four months of 1916, and further indicates an actual decrease of cost in the case of some of the companies whose cost of production is high."

INDORSES WAGE DEMANDS.

Boston, March 29.—The bureau of statistics of the state of Massachusetts, in its thirty-sixth quarterly report, says:

"Notwithstanding the large increases in wages granted in many industries—of which the more notable were those in the textile industry, amounting to approximately 30 per cent during the year (1916) in the leading establishments, and in the metal trades, where bonuses and overtime payments have been exceptionally liberal—workmen are still demanding further advances, claiming that the increases in wages have not kept pace with the inflation of prices.

"This claim is certainly not without foundation."

OLSON'S WIDOW GETS PENSION.

Olympia, Wash., March 29.—In the closing hours of the state legislature a pension of $4,000 was voted Julia Olson, widow of Edward Olson, state industrial insurance commissioner, who was murdered in his office by a man who was dissatisfied with a compensation award. The senate rejected the pension, but the house refused to accept this position on the ground that the state should provide for the widow of an official who was murdered because he refused to pay out money to an unworthy claimant. As the hour of adjournment, provided in the state constitution, had arrived, the senate was forced to recede and the bill was passed.

The deceased official was a member of the Typographical Union and was well known throughout the northwest.

BOOKBINDERS ORGANIZE.

Indianapolis, March 29.—Officers of the International Brotherhood of Bookbinders report that bookbinders at Racine, Wis.; Mason City, Fort Dodge and Marshalltown, Iowa, and Jackson, Miss., have organized. It is the intention of the latter union to include other Mississippi bookbinders. It is also stated that bookbinders at Danville, Ill., have asked for the reissuance of their charter.

PAINTERS PROTECT LIFE.

Beaumont, Tex., March 29.—Painters' Union suspended work eight days to enforce a new wage scale, which was finally accepted by contractors. Until September 1 the rate will be $4.60 a day; after that date, $4.80, until March 1, 1918, when $5.20 will be paid until March 1, 1919. Care fare, lodging and boarding expenses will be paid by the contractors on all out-of-town work, and no employe shall be discharged for refusing to work on a ladder or scaffolding which he considers unsafe and shall be paid for time taken for inspection of same.

SHIRT IRONERS RAISE WAGES.

St. Louis, Mo., March 29.—Shirt Ironers' Union, affiliated to the United Garment Workers, has raised rates 10 per cent until May 7, and after that date wages will be increased 12 cents a dozen. The union was forced to order strikes that lasted about a week before an agreement was reached.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
Meets Every Monday Night

Typographica Temple
423-425 G St. N. W.

Secretary's Address: 606 5th St. N.W.
Telephone: Lincoln 4614

OFFICERS

HUGH D. DIGNEY.....President
MARY GANZHORN...V. President
N. A. JAMES.....Secretary
JOS. E. TOONE....Fin. Secretary
WM. H. SCHAFFER.....Treasurer
JOS. C. CLARK..Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES — Wm. Zell, W. W. Keeler, J. L. Considine.

COMMITTEES

Executive—Mary Ganzhorn, Chairman; Jos. E. Toone, N. A. James, W. A. Huttel, John R. Hartley, H. D. Digney and Wm. H. Shaffer.

Legislative—Jere McCarthy, Chairman; John Lorch, N. P. Alifas, Robert Jones and D. J. O'Leary.

Adjustment—W. A. Huttel, Chairman; Harry Hollohan, John Botts, Benj. Spellbring and John Schmidt.

Contract—John Hartley, Chairman; Wm. W. Keeler, W. H. Schaffer, C. H. Adams and C. C. Coulter.

Laws—Dan. Hassett, chairman; Harry Buie and R. H. Burdette.

Resolution—Jas. L. Considine, chairman; E. L. Tucker and Denis Southern.

Organization — Jos. E. Toone, Chairman; Jos. C. Clark, Henry Miller, Mary Burkhead and T. A. Franklin.

Auditing—Wm. E. Zell, Chairman; Laurence Curtin and John Deal.

Credentials—M. J. Costello, Chairman; Jas. Noyes and S. S. Parker.

Label—H. F. Oehler, Chairman, and John McGuigan.

Press—N. A. James, Chairman; John B. Colpoys and N. A. Sprague.

Delegates to Baltimore—Jos. E. Toone, Chairman; Harry Fiddesop and Sam De Nedrey.

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

UNION OPERATOR — LOCAL No 224 — WASH. D.C. — I.A.T.S.E. — AFFILIATED WITH CENTRAL LABOR UNION & A.F. of L.

American, 1st st. and R. . ave.n.w
Apollo, - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Auditorium, 13th st. and N. Y. ave.n.w
Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Casino - - - 7th and F Sts. N. W.
Central Park - - 9th bet. G & H N.W.
Chelsia Theatre, 19th and M sts. n. w.
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N. W.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Eagle Gate Theatre - Sol. Home Gate
Eastern, - - 8th St. bet. F & G S. E.
Elite Theatre, 14th and R. I. ave. n. w.
Empire, - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Fairyland, - 19th and L st. n. w.
Favorite, H St. North Capitol & First
Garden Theatre, 423 Ninth st. n. w.
Gayety Theatre, - 513 9th st. n. w.
Georgia - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N. W.
Home Theater, C bet. 12th & 13th n. e.
Liberty Theatre, N. Capitol & P St.
Loewe's Columbia . . F near 12th
Lyric Theatre - - 14th near Park Rd.
Maryland - - - 624 9th St. N. W.
"M" Street Theatre, M St. near 32nd
Maycroft Park, H St. bet. 6 7, N.E.
Meaders, - - - 8th & G Sts. S. E.
Mid City, - 7th, bet. N and O st. n. w.
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Odeon - - 14th and Church Sts. N. W.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15, N.W.
Peerless Park, - 3105 Ga. ave. n. w.
Penn Gardens - - 21st St. & Pa. Ave.
Plaza Theatre - 434 9th st. n. w.
Pleasant Hrr. Park, 12 and C N. E.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Randolpr Park, 1st and Randolph n. w.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
R. I. Theatre, 7th and R. I. Ave. N. W
Savoy, - - - 14th and Col. Road.
Schuetzen Park, Ga. ave. and Kenyon
Senate Theater - - 324 Pa. Ave. S.E.
Standard Park, Bates, near N. Cap. St
Strand, - - - - - Ninth and D.
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N. E.
Stanton Park, - - - 219 4th N. E.
Starlight Park, 4 1-2 and K st. n. w.
Surprise Theatre - Alexandria, Va
The Strand, - - Hopewell, Va.
The Richmond, - - Alexandria, Va.
Truxton Park, N. Capitol & Fla. Ave.
Victoria Theatre, 7th & E Sts. S. W.
Virginia - - - 614 9th St. N. W.
Zenith Theater - - 625 8th St. S.E.

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, F. S. Radman, 134 7th Street N.E.

Bakery Salesmen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 997 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at Moose Hall, Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sundays in each month at 2 p.m., Painters' Hall, 6th and G Sts. N.W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N.W.

Blacksmiths and Helpers, Local 217, International Brotherhood of: Meets first and third Monday of each month at 650 Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, C. A. Chism, 418 Tenth street northeast.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. F. Miller, 19 Quincy Place northwest.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets first and third Sunday of the month at the Secretary, T. Guiffre, 908 Pennsylvania ave-Moose Hall, Seventh and G Street Northwest. nue northwest.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 48: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E street southeast.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G Street N. W.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles' Hall. Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 520 Rhode Island Ave. N. E.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhau, 787 10th St. s. e.

Chauffeurs and Hack Drivers Union, Local No. 115: Meets the first and third Saturday of each month, G. A. R. Building, 1412 Pa. Ave. Secretary-Treasurer, Kirk C. Sipher, Room 25, 945 Pa. Ave. northwest.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wassaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Twelfth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3800 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Paperhangers Hall, 430 Ninth Street N. W., second and fourth Thursdays of the month. Secretary, Edw. B. Finch, 33 P Street N. E.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets every Friday, at 8:00 p.m. Hall, S. E. Cor. Tenth and Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, Jas. P. Lahey, 816 5th street northeast.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and B Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 845: Secretary, C. W. Hisle, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Employes' Union No. 14632: Meets second Friday of each month, Perpetual Building Association Hall. Secretary, W. M. Lynch, 409 A. F. of L. Building.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Watchmen's Union No. 14964: Secretary, Jas. H. Reed, Cor. Sec., 1228 B street southwest.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, John T. Bowers, Twentieth and Twenty-first and L and M streets northwest.

Ice Cream Wagon Drivers and Helpers' Union, Local No. 111: Meets second and fourth Tuesdays at Typographical Temple, 425 G street northwest. Secretary-Treasurer, J. Neff Cline, 1211 North Capitol street.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Avenue S. E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 Twelfth St. N. E.

Laborers' Protective Union, No. 15037: Meets the second Tuesday of each month at the Cadets' Armory, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, E. E. McCormick, 1403 South Capitol street.

Laundry Workers, Local No. 110: Meets first Friday in each month at Winslow's Hall, 12 and R streets northwest. Secretary, Moten Jefferson, 550 Twenty-fourth street northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, W. N. Huttel, 1430 A St. N. E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday, 1204 Pa. Ave. N. W. Secretary, E. H. Fulton, Bareroft, Va.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. F. McDonnell.

Mill Workers Local No. 1694: Meets every Tuesday at Painters' Hall, 704 Sixth street northwest. Secretary, Robt. Reichard, 1720 Thirty-fourth street northwest.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third 2665. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Bus. Agt.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 922 Pa. Ave. N. W. Phone M. 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets second Sunday and fourth Friday in each month. Secretary, Albert Bridges 210 L st. s. e.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 420: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m. Secretary, J. A. Whitecar, 2209 Minnesota Ave. S. E.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Raymond R. Burrows, Clarendon, Va.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Robt. J. Barrett, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month. Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 820 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressmen, No. 1: Meets fourth Monday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N.E.

Railway Carmen, Pride of Potomac Lodge, No. 313, Brotherhood of: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F streets northeast, first and third Tuesdays. Secretary, L. H. Taylor, 706 Seventh street northeast.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custodian and Janitor, 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, W. P. Cannon, 408 Twelfth St. S. E.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe, 326 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. F. Hickman, 518 Sixth St. N. W.

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Mrs. H. B. Tritipoe, 1737 Willard street N. W., Apt. 20.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10.30 a. m. and 8.30 p. m. Secretary, G. W. Calderhead, Room 412 Wash. Loan and Trust Building.

The High School Teachers' Union of Washington, D. C., No. 8: Meets in the Music Room of the New Central High School at 3.30 p. m. the second Tuesday in the months of October, December, February, and May. Secretary, G. J. Jones, Central High School.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle. 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 750 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Fridays, Typographical Temple. Secretary, L. M. Green, Langdon, D. C.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: International Secretary-Treasurer, Jas. E. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

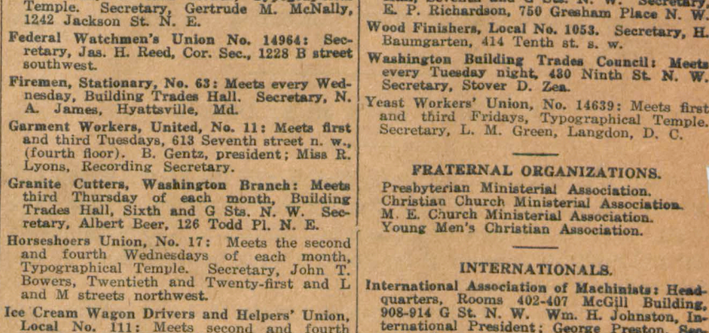
LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G St. N. W. Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth St. N. W.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.



INTERNATIONAL UNION of the UNITED BREWERY WORKMEN
Union MADE Beer — Ale AND Porter
OF AMERICA
COPYRIGHT & TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1903
THIS IS OUR LABEL.

VOTE
Against Prohibition
DEMAND
Personal Liberty
IN CHOOSING WHAT YOU WILL DRINK
ASK FOR THIS LABEL WHEN PURCHASING BEER, ALE OR PORTER.
As A Guarantee That It Is Union Made.

Bonus System Would Destroy Wage Scale and Forestall Salary Increases

The bonus system was started by employers to forestall permanent wage increases, says President White, of the United Mine Workers of America, who makes this interesting statement:

"When the war boom began, more than a year ago, and the demand for men became greater than the supply, every large employer in the country realized that wages would have to be increased. Many employers paid the increase as a matter of course. Others with an eye to the future decided to grant the increases in such a manner as would permit them to be withdrawn as soon as the end of the war or some other development offered an excuse. In spite of the permanent increase in the cost of living, they wished to prevent any permanent increase in the standard of wages. They knew that any flat wage increase would have to stand. The day has long passed when wages, as such, can be reduced. But bonuses are a different matter.

"So a group of men in New York and New England got together and launched a quiet but active and effective movement among employers. They called a conference and marked the invitations 'confidential.' They even gave anonymous interviews to the New York Times and other newspapers in which they pointed out that wages once raised could not be reduced at the will of the employers, and that increases granted at this time must not be given in such a way as to let the men feel that they were to be permanent or that they were given in a form that would make them a legal right.

"Therefore, urged these employers, any increase given to the men should be paid in the form of bonuses, with the understanding that the extra payments represented only the generosity of the employer and his eagerness to share a temporary prosperity. With this made clear to the employe, they explained, it would be easy to reduce or cut off the bonuses at any time, because the employe would be made to look upon the extra money as a free will offering, over and above fair wages.

"It was an excellent scheme for defeating a permanently higher standard of wages and converting the upward movement into a temporary handing out of philanthropy—a philanthropy which could not be claimed as a right and which could be discontinued without provoking protests or strikes. And the scheme has been successfully carried out by many an anti-union employer—employers who dealt with helpless, unorganized men—men who have to take what is given them and let the future take care of itself.

"And today some members of the United Mine Workers are being asked to take part of their wages in the form of bonuses, certain employers hoping thereby to ward off any demand for higher wages. But this demand can neither be warded off nor denied, if the miners exercise their good judgment as intelligent union men and refuse any and all specious substitutes for the permanent, substantial increases to which they are entitled.

"Do the coal miners want increases which are substantial and permanent—increases which they claim as a right and which they can protect by their own organized power? Or will they play into the hands of the relatively small number of employers who are striving to keep the level of wages just above the starvation line, and who, to accomplish their purpose, propose to make any increase given at this time only temporary by attaching a string to it and holding one end of the string?

"Fair wages and the bonus system never did and never will travel together for any distance. Once let our members form the habit of watching the bonus and neglecting the wage scale, and that scale will not only not advance—it will begin to recede. The miner will then find himself dependent on something over which he has no control—the giving or withholding of charity disguised as bonuses."

WORKING BOYS MUST DRILL.

Gov. Whitman, of New York, has signed the Slater-Welsh bill, which will compel more than 200,000 working boys in New York state, between the ages of sixteen and nineteen, to undergo physical and military training three hours a week between June 15 and September 1 each year.

The wording of the law makes it certain that the enforcement of it will be in the hands of strict disciplinarians. Officers and enlisted men of the national guard and naval militia are to be detailed for the instruction of the boys, for which work they shall receive extra pay. One partly exempted class is created. They are boys who, by reason of vocational training or experience, are, in the opinion of the commission, "useful to the state in the maintenance of defense, in the promotion of public safety, in the conservation and development of the state's resources, or in the construction and maintenance of public improvement."

The law is an amendment to the act which established the military training commission and prescribed physical training for all boys and girls in the schools of the state over eight years old, and military training for boys between sixteen and nineteen years, except working boys. The commission will have a census taken of working boys upon whom the obligation is imposed.

SKILLED MECHANICS ARE NOT TO BE SENT TO FRONT.

Walter S. Gifford, member of the Council of National Defense, in setting forth the fact that preparedness must be based upon organization says:

"Since its organization the council has been busy getting information as to the probable needs of the country in time of war, to enable intelligent recommendations to the President and the heads of departments. We know now what plants there are in the country able to supply the needs of the army and navy, and, furthermore, what plants could be converted from their present work into a line necessary for military purposes. From the manufacturer's point of view this is really war insurance. Otherwise in time of war he might find his plant useless and his business ruined."

He praises the work of Samuel Gompers and other labor leaders regarding industrial relations in time of war, and adds:

"The experience of European nations has been that it is fatal to permit skilled mechanics to be sent to the front when they are needed much more in the factory. A soldier may be made in a few months—a skilled mechanic not for several years."

OHIO TRADES UNIONISTS SECURE MANY LABOR LAWS

Columbus, Ohio, March 29.—Ohio trade unionists secured the following legislation at this session of the state legislature:

Increased workmen's compensation in case of death or total disability to $5,000; liability companies excluded from doing business in this state; commission to study and report on health insurance and old-age pensions; women's fifty-hour law; prohibiting job selling by petty bosses, which has reached scandalous proportions; additional medical and hospital services in connection with the workmen's compensation law; seats for motormen and conductors; abolishing running boards on street cars; additional plumbing and steamfitting inspectors; examination of fire bosses at mines; penalizing employers who intimidate workers along political lines; joint resolution calling for a wage advance of 25 per cent for hospital employes; standardizing plastering.

The major demand of the state federation of labor—an anti-injunction bill—was defeated, but the unionists are determined to keep this issue in the foreground.

MEXICANS LURED TO OHIO.

Columbus, Ohio, March 29.—The Pennsylvania Railroad has not succeeded in holding a score of Mexican laborers shipped from Waco, Texas, to Barberton, near here. A beautiful picture of shower baths, clean rooms, good meals and an opportunity to attend school has been dispelled by a rate of $1.80 a day, dirty bunks, no baths, no night schools and an exorbitant rate for meals.

The Mexicans have refused to work under these conditions and the state industrial commission is investigating their grievance.

R. R. EMPLOYES OVERWORKED.

Rutland, Vt., March 29.—Violation of the hours-of-service act is alleged in a suit filed in the federal court against the Grand Trunk Railway Company. There are fifty-eight specific charges that this corporation overworked its employes. United States Attorney Bullard asks for the imposition of $29,000 in fines.

STORAGE PACKING FREIGHT HAULING

Merchants Transfer — AND — Storage Company

920-922 E Street Northwest

Phone Main 6900

SHIPPING MOVING HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

LIST OF LIQUOR DEALERS WHO HAVE SIGNED "THE AGREEMENT."

Allen, Paul.....2 N st. n| e.
Allen, John J...807 N. C. Cap st. n. e.
Beirkle, Leopold, - 1245 H st. n. e.
Boyle, William J., 601 Mass. ave n. w.
Castelli, Vincent, 502-504 Ninth st.n.w.
Clark, C. H.....510 9th st. n. w.
Colonial Beach Boat Co.
Costello, Bros.....604 G st. n. w.
Crowley, James J.....702 E st. n. w.
Daly, T. J.....34 H st. n. e.
Daye, Wm. T.....1218 Wisc. ave.
Doyle, Wm. T....1314 Wisc. ave. n. w.
Duffy, James A. -901 1-2 E st. n. w.
Wm. R. Fosbender, 406 Ninth st. n w.
Franey, F. A.....711½ 9th st. n. w.
Frank, Mrs. M. E. - 319 G st. n. w.
Ganey, M.....615 7th st. s. w.
Glavin, Edwin.....309 G st. n. w.
Hannan, Mrs. E.....531 7th st. s. w.
Hanlon, Timothy.....822 H st. n. e.
Kelliher, J. D.....1258 7th st. s. w.
Killeen, John F.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Louis Hodges, - - 407 9th st n. w.
Lynagh, Peter J.....523 7th st. s. w.
Lynch, John.....417 9th st. n. w.
McCarthy, F. J.....910 4½ st. s. w.
McCarthy, Jas. J.....1402 H st. n. e.
McDonald, F. J.....643 Pa. ave. s. e.
McGinniss, H. J., 1001 N. Y. ave. n. w.
McGuire, J. Chas., 519 Ninth st. n. w.
McHough, Martin....1105 H st. n. e.
Milton Schmidt, - 702 7th st. n. w.
O'Connor, D. J.....100 G st. n. w.
O'Connor, Patrick F., 617 D st. n. w.
O'Connor, James.....1429 N. Cap. st.
O'Day, John T. - 921 Ninth st. n. w.
O'Donnell, James J...333 Pa. ave. s. e.
Peter White, - - - 905 D st. n. w.
Raftery, Thomas.....406 H st. n. e.
Raftery, Patrick.....225 11th st. n. e.
Roland, J. H.....511 9th st. n. w.
Scanlon, Daniel,.....103 H st. n. w.
Schroter, Conrad....3258 M st. n. w.
Schltz, Mary T.....607 G st. n. w.
Sheehan, John J., 701 North Cap. st.
Solon, Mary A., - 1003 7th st. e.
Stern, M. M.....601 7th st. n. w.
Stanton, Frank J.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Sullivan, David, 12th and E st. n. w.
Sullivan, John J., 1351 35th st. n. w.
The Casino, Frank Farenkamp (Chesapeake Beach).
Victor Buffet Co., Inc., 7th and G n. w.
Walsh, David, - - 407 10th st. n. w
Wassman, Henry, 705 Seventh st. n. w.
Wiedeman, Joseph....629 E st. n. w.
William J. O'Leary, 733 North Cap. st.
Wininghcr, Harry 631 Pa. ave. s. e.
Wolf, Frank, - 512 12th st. n. w.

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1 Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.

M. J. DUNNIGAN, President.....2007 14 Street N.W.
JOHN G. WOLFE, Vice-President.1023 N. J. Ave. N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W.

TRUSTEES

Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E.
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E.
Thos. L. Nevins.....504 Maine Avenue S. W.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe,.....1023 N. J. Ave. N. W
J. McElfresh,.....
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E.
A. Tenley.....964 Florida Ave. N. W.
M. Sullivan.....5631-2 15 St. S. E.

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.

Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ARBITRATION COMMITTEE.

M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W.
M. A. Wolfe,.....418 F St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. E.
Joseph Harding.....210 13 St. S. W.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....2006 2nd St. N. W
R. Pumphrey.....223 Q St. N. W.
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W.
Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. W.

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Av.e
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Capitol St.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L St. S. W.

DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.

John Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave.
William Pollard.....522 14th St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

J. G. O'DONNELL, President, 122 Sixth St. N. E.
M. J. DEERY Vice President, 2407 Girard St. N. E.
THOS. W. WOLTZ, Recording Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
G. H. F. DAVIS, Treasurer, 439 Second St.S. E.
W. I. STRATTON, Conductor, 617 Sixth St. N. W.
A. F. MOIRSETTE, Warden, 425 G St. N. W.
GEO. MYERS, Business Agent, 425 G St. N. W.

TRUSTEES.

F. J. NOLTE, 24 Eighth Street N. E.
MARK REILEY, 1127 B St. S. E.
A. P. TAYLOR, 622 I Street N. E.

DELEGATES TO THE DISTRICT COUNCIL.

R. H. BURDETTE, 1207 L Street N. W.
C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
E. B. BYRNE, 425 G Street N. W.
ROBERT REICHARD, 1720 35th Street N. W.
J. H. RYAN, 1101 Eleventh Street S. E.

DELEGATES TO THE CENTRAL LABOR UNION.

C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
R. H. BURDETTE, 816 K Street N. W.
W. S. HOLLOHAN, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
C. A. SAUNDERS, 244 9th St. S. E.
LOUIS LUEBKERT, 1314 Kerney St. N. E.

RELIEF COMMITTEE.

P. W. HAMILTON, 410 Tenn. Ave. N. E.
J. T. CLIFT, 4115 7th St. N. W.
M. FOLEY, 118 Seaton St. N. E.
W. B. DOLAN, 413 Mass. Ave. N. W.
J. A. SANKER, 2606 R. I. Ave. N. E.

MILL COMMITTEE.

F. E. KETTNER, 3016 Cambridge St. N. W.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
O. A. CARTER, Rosslyn, Va.

DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

G. H. F. DAVIS, 439 Second Street S. E.

Washington District Council of Carpenters

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

ROBERT ADAM, President, Local 2563, U. B., 1511 Vermont Avenue N.W.
R. H. BURDETTE, Vice President, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
E. B. BYRNE, Secretary, Local 132, U. B., 425 G Street N.W.
F. A. SHOESMITH, Treasurer, Local 2563, U. B., 5209 Georgia Avenue N.W.
C. H. ADAMS, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 804 A Street N.E.
R. H. BURDETTE, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
H. PAGE, Trustee, Local 2563, U. B., 336½ 13th Street N.E.
ROBERT REICHARD, Local 132, U. B., 1720 34th Street N.W.
J. H. RYAN, Local 132, U. B., 1101 11th Street S.E.
FRED HOOK, Local 2563, U. B., 1528 8th Street N.W.
WILLIAM MACKIE, Local 2563, U. B., 216 Seaton Place N.E.

BUSINESS AGENT.

GEO. MYERS, 425 G Street N. W.

The only strictly
UNION TAILORING
house in the city
M. STEIN & CO.
TAILORS
Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

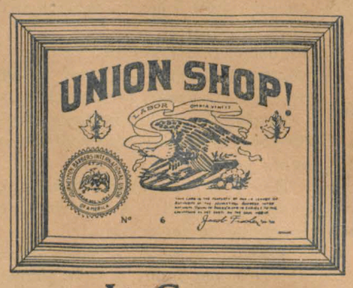
PHONE NORTH 2349
DONOVAN'S
FINE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS
2003 14th St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

Parker, Bridget & Co.
"The Avenue at Ninth"
Featuring
Extra Value
$15
Suits for Fall

MEATS GROCERIES FISH
Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the
OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.
930 La. Ave. N. W. — 1111 H Street N. E.
8th & E Sts. S. E. — 1632 N. Capitol Street
31st & M Sts. N. W. — 3418-20 Ga. Ave. N. W.
7th & Q Sts. N. W. — 14th & U Streets N. W.
1778 U Street, N.W. — 7th and B Streets N. E.
7th & H Street N. E. — 3113 14th Street, N. W.
726 7th St. N. W. — 1440 P St. N. W.
2002-2004 Ga. Ave. N. W.
POULTRY BREAD PRODUCE

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK
Northwest Corner FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST
LOOK FOR THE CLOCKS
4 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts
COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

WASHINGTON BREWERY CO.
IMPERIAL EXPORT
A really fine beer

Look for the
UNION SHOP CARD


It gives our members a Shorter Work day and Sunday Rest
It Guarantees to You
CLEANLINESS and EXPERT SERVICE

THE PLATE PRINTER
Official Organ Plate Printers International Union.
P. J. RYAN, Editor. CHAS. T. SMITH, Assoc. Editor.
Subscription $1.00 Per Year
Telephone 4528 Wash. Loan & Trust Bldg.

WE DO ALL KINDS OF
Job Printing
AND THE PRICE IS RIGHT
The Trades Unionist, 604-6 5th St. N. W.

Takoma Bread
Fresh Three Times Daily
AT ALL GROCERS
Havenner Baking Company
Established 1815

CORBY CAKE
AT ALL GROCERS

LANSBURGH & BRO.
"DRY GOODS ONLY"
The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City
420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

When in Doubt, Buy of
HOUSE & HERRMANN
FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.
N.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W

GEO. D. HORNING,
N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.
LOAN OFFICE

THE MILTON SCHOOL
Oxford Bldg., 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.
Stenography
Typewriting
English
Spanish
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO BEGINNERS
Now in larger quarters in the Oxford Building, 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.

Phone Main 3871
WM. H. HOWLIN
American Federation of Labor Building
9th Street and Mass. Avenue
Engrossing Resolutions, Diplomas Charters and Fancy Pen Work of All Descriptions

The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I. P. E. U.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXI. NO. 41 WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, APRIL 6, 1917. ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

Central Labor Union Scores Justice Pugh

Denounced in Resolution for Alleged Partisan Actions—President Urged to Appoint a Successor.

The Washington Central Labor Union at its meeting Monday night adopted the following resolutions calling Mr. Justice Pugh to task for alleged partisan action in cases that have been brought before him as the result of the lock-out now going on between the Washington Railway and Electric Company and its employes and calling upon the President of the United States to appoint a successor to the present incumbent who would be more in harmony with the responsibilities of the position:

"Whereas, We, the officers and delegates of the Central Labor Union of the District of Columbia, are proud of our fealty to and citizenship in this Republic, deplore the intemperate action upon the part of any one of our citizens, in any branch of our government as well as in civil life, be it industrial or otherwise; and,

"Whereas, There is an industrial dispute now going on in this community between certain of our citizens and an alien-owned corporation and its managers, the latter, we believe, to be guilty of various and sundry misdemeanors against the peace and tranquility of this community, notably in the importation of numerous individuals of self-confessed malodorous; and,

"Whereas, As a notable result of this importation of these characters disturbances have occurred, some of them of more than ordinary importance, and in our judgment fomented by these underworld outlaws; and,

"Whereas, Said disturbances in the majority of instances have called for interference on the part of our police, at least so it seems to be their judgment, and almost invariably it has been against their fellow citizens as against those individuals who so bravely bragged and are bragging about their 'bad men' qualities; and,

"Whereas, While we realize that evildoers should receive punishment fitting the offense of which they have been found guilty, we feel that the action of some of our police justices, notable the action of Mr. Justice Pugh, if public prints are to be believed, has been unnecessarily severe and remarkable for his seemingly bias against those of our citizens who have been hailed before him regardless of the offense charged; and,

"Whereas, The Central Labor Union, representing many thousands of true and law-abiding citizens, heretofore believe that Mr. Justice Pugh to be a person of high ideals and possessed of that even temperment so necessary to one occupying a judicial position of as much importance as the one now occupied by him, now views with sincere regret his seemingly partisan action in cases that have been brought before him, as the result of the lock-out now going on between the Washington Railway and Electric Company and its employes. In the manner of fixing bail bonds of our citizens so excessive that they are in many instances to remain in prison for many days unjustly, while those of the self-confessed thugs are fixed at an amount so low that they are almost immediately furnished and promptly forfeited;

"Resolved, That because of this unfair attitude of Mr. Justice Pugh, and because of his unwarranted and humiliating language in addressing those of our people appearing before him, this Central Labor Union recinds its action taken some weeks ago in indorsing Mr. Justice Pugh, and that the President of the United States be informed of the action, with the statement that it is the belief that he is temperamently unfitted for the position of police justice, and urge the President to speedily appoint a successor who is more in harmony with the responsibilities of the position than the incumbent now seems to be."

PAINTERS WANT MORE.

Los Angeles, April 5.—Organized painters will demand a minimum wage of $4 a day, effective April 1. These workers show that their average wage is less than $12 a week, the lowest rate for painters in any California city.

PAPER WORKERS STRIKE.

Otsego, Mich., April 5.—Over 600 employes of the Bardeen Paper Company suspended work to enforce a 25 per cent wage increase.

SHOE WORKERS ADVANCE.

St. Louis, Mo., April 5.—The several locals of the Boot and Shoe Workers' Union have increased wages 10 per cent.

PASS COMPENSATION ACT.

Dover, Del., April 5.—The state legislature has passed a compensation law that excludes farmers and employers of less than five persons. An attempt was made to exempt Kent and Sussex counties, but the plan failed.

STEEL WORKERS STRIKE.

Cleveland, April 5.—Members of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers are on strike at the Otis Steel Company to establish the union's wage scale for jobbing mills.

MACON MACHINISTS STRIKE.

Macon, Ga., April 5.—Machinists employed in automobile repair shops are on strike to enforce better conditions.

Stock Plan Riddled By Union Official

Company's Real Purpose to Prevent Employes From Becoming Members of Union.

Boston, April 5.—The plan of the A. E. Nettleton Company, Syracuse shoe manufacturers, to sell stock to their unorganized employes is riddled by Editor Baine of the Shoe Workers' Journal.

The trade unionist subjects the scheme to a financial analysis and shows that it is the company's purpose to keep employes away from the Boot and Shoe Workers' Union.

The company has issued $100,000 of "second preferred" stock to be divided between 700 employes. If every employe subscribed each one would receive $140 in stock to be sold on the basis of $1 and $2 a week. If an employe wanted $500 in stock at $2 a week, he would be nearly five years paying for it, or nearly four years if the interest was credited to his purchase. At the end of four years he would own $500 worth of stock, which, at the maximum, would, at 9 per cent, pay him $45 a year.

"In the meantime," says Editor Baine, "during the four years, his employment is under the wages and conditions of labor fixed absolutely by the firm and in which the wage-earner has no voice.

"Shoe workers have obtained dividends from their investments in dues in the Boot and Shoe Workers' Union in all sorts of percentages. For instance, if a member receives an advance of $3 a week, or $150 a year, and the dues are $13, he has received a dividend of 1,153 per cent.

"But the Nettleton employes are not paying the 25 cents to the Boot and Shoe Workers' Union, and the Nettleton company does not wish them to. It would prefer to pay them 22 cents a week in the form of a stock dividend, which incidentally permits the Nettleton company to fix all questions of wages and conditions of labor. We are indebted to the Nettleton company for furnishing us the basis of this clear illustration of the unwisdom of the wage-earner undertaking to become an owner in the business of his employer, when the real purpose is to give him petty dividends of capital instead of real dividends in the form of wages."

IGNORE LAW BY STRIKING.

Denver, April 5.—The movement started by the Typographical Union of this city to ignore the industrial commission law is growing, and organized workers are inaugurating wage movements without giving the commission the required thirty days' notice. Miners near Colorado Springs struck when wage increases were refused. They won in forty-eight hours. Denver press assistants employed in a large plant were refused a $1 weekly increase, and they, also, went about their affairs in a manner befitting American workmen, instead of appealing to politicians to help them. They won in less than twenty-four hours.

Both movements are violations of the law and these unionists are subject to fine and imprisonment, but state authorities have ignored the strikes.

DIDN'T WEAKEN LABOR LAW.

Salt Lake City, April 5.—The state legislature refused to accept an amendment to the workmen's compensation law which would permit employers of alien labor to enjoy a maximum liability of less than $1,000 where these employes sustained fatal injuries.

The plan was urged by corporations but the lawmakers refused to encourage the displacement of citizens.

Employers' Education Will Not Benefit Boys

Student Would Be Trained Without Much Regard for His Future Welfare.

San Francisco, April 5.—The suggestion that employers should control vocational education established by this state is opposed by the Labor Clarion, which says:

"If employers were to be given exclusive control over vocational education the student would be trained to fit in as a cog in the machinery without much regard for its effect upon his future. The idea kept in mind would be that of specialization because the specialist is profitable to the employer. That this would be the result of control by the employers has been amply demonstrated by their conduct in connection with the old trade apprenticeship system under which boys were kept at work where they were most profitable and given little or no opportunity to learn the trade.

"Such training is a handicap rather than a benefit to the boy, because it holds his education down to such narrow limitations that he is left absolutely at the mercy of his present employer owing to the fact that specialization has limited his opportunities for employment elsewhere. It requires no great development of reasoning powers for one to appreciate that while this condition of affairs is profitable to the employer, it is detrimental alike to the pupil and society as a whole. It is nonsensical to talk of placing vocational training schools in the hands of employers.

"The predominant consensus of opinion among those who have given the question careful and unbiased consideration, is that such schools should be democratically managed under the direction of the regularly established educational authorities, advised by committees of employers and employes."

CONTRACT WITH BRICKLAYERS.

Los Angeles, Cal., April 5.—President Bowen of the Bricklayers, Masons and Plasterers' International Union has negotiated an agreement with the Masons Contractors' Association in this city.

It is hinted that the recent successes of this union in Los Angeles can be largely traced to the International Construction Company, financed by the international union, under control of Vice President Duffy. When the union inaugurated this kind of warfare, as the result of attacks made upon it, anti-unionists ridiculed the plan, but it has been found that even anti-unionists have a high regard for trade union efficiency, and the company prospered as a result.

The Engstrum Construction Company, one of the largest building concerns in this section, and antagonistic to unionism for the past dozen years, recently went into the hands of a receiver. The receiver is now doing business with officers of the Bricklayers' union.

DEFEAT COMPENSATION BILL.

Jefferson City, Mo., April 5.—Organized labor has again lost its fight for a workmen's compensation act, which passed the assembly, but was defeated i nthe senate. The proposed law was agreed to by a conference composed of employers and employes. Ambulance chasing lawyers were especially vigorous in their opposition to this legislation.

SHIP YARD WORKERS UNITE.

Victoria, British Columbia, April 5.—Ship joiners employed in local ship yards have formed a union and affiliated to the Brotherhood of Carpenters.

Public Press Urges "Can't-Strike" Law

A Few Editorial Excerpts Received at American Federation of Labor Headquarters.

The public press quickly recognized the importance of the United States Supreme Court's declaration, in upholding the Adamson eight-hour law—after the railroad employes had won—that Congress has the right to pass legislation prohibiting strikes that would affect interstate commerce.

The following editorial excerpts are a few of the many received at A. F. of L. headquarters and indicate that labor must be alert against compulsory arbitration and other proposed "can't-strike" legislation which will receive the support of a large section of the public press:

New York Times—It would seem that public rights ought to be independent of such fortuitous matters as wage bargains.

New York World—Protest or no protest, the strike bludgeon has fallen from the hands of men engaged in this branch of public service.

New York Sun—The decision upholding the Adamson law has made possible, for the first time in the history of this country, the compulsory arbitration of labor disputes which may seriously and directly jeopardize the movement of interstate traffic.

Boston Globe — Henceforth private right is subordinate to the great public right to uninterrupted railroad movement.

Philadelphia North American—While gaining rich award organized labor confronts a decree of the highest court that in future disputes of this kind arbitration will be compulsory.

Chicago Tribune—In his opinion upholding the Adamson law the chief justice of the United States Supreme Court gave Congress a strong hint, which, it is hoped, will be acted on without delay.

St. Louis Globe-Democrat — Never before has such a sweeping power of the government in time of peace been asserted by a court.

Indianapolis Star—Congress should proceed at once to erect a real structure on the foundation the Supreme Court has laid in the Adamson law decision.

Cincinnati Enquirer—It is a safe surmise that the Supreme Court, when the occasion arises, will act in favor of the always overlooked, but most important party to these transactions, the American public.

Baltimore Sun—The trainmen and their friends are quite willing to accept the eight-hour day and increased wages, but to be compelled to abandon the divine right of striking seems to savor to them of the despotism of Russia.

Pittsburgh Dispatch—The Supreme Court did more than uphold the Adamson law. It declared the public interests supreme and the power of the government to enforce compulsory arbitration in disputes on public utilities.

Milwaukee Journal—There should be no sympathy for any senator or congressman who does not do his duty in making impossible the recurrence at any future time of such threat to the nation.

GEORGIA WORKERS TO MEET.

Macon, Ga., April 5.—Officers of the Georgia State Federation of Labor have issued a call for the nineteenth annual convention to be held in Fitzgerald, beginning April 18.

MILK WAGON DRIVERS GAIN.

Toronto, Ontario, April 5.—Milk wagon drivers have raised wages $1 a week and increased commissions on sales.

Another Non-Union Colored Printer Named

Columbia Union Representative Is Rebuffed at Board of Education Meeting.

It will be remembered that early in February the position of teacher of printing in the Dunbar High School was given to a colored non-union printer over the protest of a representative of Columbia Typographical Union. A colored member of Columbia Union who spent six years in the printing office at Tuskegee Industrial School (founded by Booker Washington) was an applicant for the position at that time, but was turned down in favor of a former teacher in the local colored school.

The man who was appointed at that time, Lieut. W. A. Hamilton of the Colored Battalion of the District National Guard, was order on active duty again in the recent mobilization, leaving the position vacant.

At the meeting of the Board of Education April 4th, the appointment of Oliver R. Rogers was announced in the superintendent's report to the board.

Before the meeting adjourned, G. M. Koockogey, chairman of Columbia Union's school committee, endeavored to ascertain the identity of Oliver R. Rogers and what method had been pursued in selecting him.

One of the colored members of the board objected to hearing Mr. Koockogey on the ground that the matter had been passed, but President Van Schaick ruled that Mr. Koockogey had a right as a citizen to be heard.

However, when Mr. Koockogey put the question as to what experience as a printer Mr. Rogers had been shown to possess, Dr. Van Schaick told him the time of the board could not properly be taken up with such questions, as such information could be obtained from the superintendent of schools after the meeting, which immediately adjourned.

In describing his experience to The Trades Unionist, Mr. Koockogey stated that he called on Supt. Thurston after the meeting and that official told him that he (Mr. Thurston) would have to get the data on Mr. Rogers from Assistant Supt. Bruce.

Mr. Koockogey states that he only wanted to find out what qualifications Rogers had shown as a printer and as a teacher. Just why these questions could not be answered offhand and before the whole board is a problem for union men in the District to ponder over.

Meanwhile the only official knowledge that we have of Oliver R. Rogers is that a person of that name is listed in the 1917 directory as a skilled laborer in the Government Printing Office.

PROFIT IN SUGAR; LOW WAGES.

New York, April 5.—The annual report of the American Sugar Refining Company shows that profits have increased from $2,991,465, in 1915, to $9,756,379, last year. The total income in 1916 was double that of the previous year. Despite these enormous profits the company has refused to pay living wages to eastern employes who have been on strike in this city and in Philadelphia for several weeks. The strike was used to boost prices, while President Babst, in paid advertisements, denounced the strike as an attempt of "agitators to run his business."

8 HOURS FOR FUR WORKERS.

New York, April 5.—With the signing of a union-shop agreement by Associated Fur Manufacturers, the eight-hour day has been secured in the local fur industry. Wages are increased in no case less than 10 per cent. About 5,000 employes are benefited.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF LABEL SECTION AFL TRADES UNION PROMOTION COUNCIL WASHINGTON — FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., APRIL 6, 1917.

Much to the regret of trade unionists, the last hopes for peace have vanished, and today finds us in the throes of war, with labor standing loyal, ready to do its share in mills and in the trenches.

Organized labor, friends and sympathizers of the striking street car men responded liberally last Friday and Saturday in the sale of tags by the employes and their wives and many friends.

The German statesman who referred to the United States as "the great bluff factory across the Atlantic" will soon learn that our factories manufacture substances which are not so easily digested.

FUGITIVE SLAVE LAW CAN FOLLOW SUPREME COURT'S DECISION.

Fugitive slave laws can be established as the result of the United States Supreme Court's decision upholding by a 5-to-4 vote the Adamson law for railroad employes, writes President Gompers in the American Federationist.

Under the caption, "Five to Four on Slavery," the trade union executive says:

"The decision of the United States Supreme Court in the Adamson law is extraordinary—in strange contrast to its usual careful observance of the etiquette of precedence. The court justifies the Adamson law by what it assumes would have happened had Congress not enacted the law. The justification thus rests not upon principles but upon a hypothetical emergency.

"In addition to reversing its usual method of reasoning, the court emerges from the judicial domain, to lend a helping hand to legislation under consideration by Congress. All of the forces of reaction united in the sixty-fourth Congress to enact compulsory legislation to render workers helpless—by one form of law or other, to compel the toilers to compulsory service—involuntary servitude. They failed; Congress considered the proposed legislation contrary to the spirit and the principles of our free republic.

"The Supreme Court attempts to influence the legislative situation by giving in advance an unsolicited opinion upon a question not before it—the constitutionality of compulsory arbitration:

"'We are of opinion that the reasons stated conclusively establish that from the point of view of inherent power the act which is before us was clearly within the legislative power of Congress to adopt, and that in substance and effect it amounted to an exertion of its authority under the circumstances disclosed to compulsory arbitrate the dispute between the parties by establishing, as to the subject matter of that dispute, a legislative standard of wages operative and binding as a matter of law upon the parties—a power none the less efficaciously exerted because exercised by direct legislative act instead of the enactment of other and appropriate means providing for the bringing about of such result.'

"Not satisfied with this gratuitous assistance and suggestion to the legislative representatives of reaction, the Chief Justice interpolated the following denial of the right to strike in public service:

"'The right is necessarily surrendered when men are engaged in public service. They are comparable to soldiers in the ranks who, in the presence of the enemies of their country, may not desert.'

"This opinion of our Chief Justice is in vivid contrast to the declaration of the Russian government that replaced the old despotism; a declaration which Russia enunciated in a time of great stress, when the country was confronted by the exigencies of a world war. It is—

"'Liberty of speech and of the press, freedom for alliances, unions, and strikes with the extension of these liberties to military officials within the limits admitted by military requirements.'

"That the court's decision is open to criticism is manifest from the fact that only five out of the nine justices concurred in it. The other four criticise it without reserve.

"The situation presents a very serious problem for the nation to consider. Five men out of our one hundred million have interpolated into our political institutions a principle destructive of the fundamentals of freedom. The Supreme Court has provided the way for establishment of industrial slavery and a fugitive slave law, and if followed out by the government or enacted into law the Supreme Court's decision by a vote of 5 to 4, the working people of the United States may be compelled to work at the command of their employers or go to prison.

"The court's decision came as an anti-climax too long delayed to be helpful in the purpose for which it was enacted. Has the court permanently abandoned the field of justice, to play in the hands of the employing class, the wealth-possessors of our country, by taking away from the working people the only effective power they possess to compel a decent regard for their rights, their freedom, the American standard of life?

"Would it not be well for the nation to consider the necessity of curbing the assumption of power by the Supreme Court rather than to supinely permit the court to 'curb' the freedom of the masses—the workers?"

UNION OFFICIALS AID U. S. NAVY DEPARTMENT.

In a circular to all affiliates, Secretary-Treasurer Berres of the metal trades department, A. F. of L., calls attention to efforts being made by the Navy Department to secure skilled workers with the aid of the trade union movement. When men are wanted they are examined wherever they may be immediately, are given their rating, if they pass the examination, and will be paid the highest rate in their class for ten days. After this date, if they fail to show sufficient skill to be entitled to the highest rate, they will be re-rated by the yard authorities and given the option of remaining at work at the lower rate or of quitting their employment.

After examination they are handed a voluntary contract, by which they agree, if their services are wanted, to remain at the yard for six months. If they sign the contract they are given proper credentials, upon the presentation of which at the yard they are to be reimbursed for their transportation and necessary Pullman accommodations from the point where they were examined to the yard.

Where the demand for men is not sufficiently urgent, the department announces that it will be glad to employ such men without reimbursing them for car or Pullman fare.

Secretary-Treasurer Berres suggests to officials of metal trades unions that they advise their members desiring employment in the navy yards or naval stations to communicate direct with him and the metal trades department will prepare a card index so that it will be in a position to get in touch with these unionists when the Navy Department issues a call for additional workers.

The United States Steel Corporation (the trust) made a profit last year nearly five times greater than in 1915. The figures are: For 1916, $201,835,584; for 1915, $44,260,374. This means a net income of nearly $40 on each share of common stock.

Both branches of the state legislature of Missouri have passed a bill abolishing capital punishment. The state senate of Pennsylvania has voted to substitute life imprisonment for death as a penalty for first-degree murder.

TUBERCULOSIS.

No country, no race, no sex, no color is immune to tuberculosis. Similarly no tissue, no member, no portion of the human body is immune to its inroads. The catholicity of the disease, both as to people and tissues brings about strange results. Tuberculosis of a bone or a joint is very different in its manifestations from tuberculosis of the lungs, the skin or the brain. When some of the internal organs are attacked, for example, the suprarenal capsules, the consequences are even at wider variance from the commonly conceived picture of the devastations of that minute vegetable, the tubercle bacillus.

Thomas Addison, sprung from the English yeomanry of Cumberland, physician, teacher, student and diagnostic genius, carried on a series of observations for years before he found that tuberculosis was often at the root of the disease which now bears his name. Addison's disease, generally caused by tuberculosis of those little organs which lie just above the kidneys, is marked by extreme prostration, bloodlessness, a marked bronzing of the skin, and death. There may be other symptoms but the weakness, anaemia and skin pigmentation are the most prominent.

The dogged determination which marked Addison's attempt to track a disease to its original source is the ruling spirit of 20th century medicine. No half-discovered fact will satisfy the modern investigator. The ultimate object is sought in its entirety by an industry of search, a correlation of scientifically deducted facts and a concentration of effort. Addison was born in April, 1793, and died of brain disease, June 29, 1860.

CHESAPEAKE BAY.

Dawn trembled across its silver ripples,
Caressed its curving shores;
And its dim Cathedral forests,
To the zephyrs flung wide their doors!
O! Wonderful bay of beauty,
With white cliffs, hanging on high,
Like gems, in a sombre setting,
Of hemlocks against the sky.

And hovering eternal above you,
Tremulous, gay and sweet,
A spirit of breathless beauty,
Making your charms complete.
Ah, then, must our hearts go with thee,
Glad captive so sweet and true,
Whose fetters have bound us forever,
To the mystic bay of blue.

HELEN NELSON DOOCY.

Washington, D. C.

WHAT NEED I CARE?

Editor The Trades Unionist:

It is a matter of surprise and keen regret that any young man of the working class should aline himself with the declared enemies of those who by concerted effort are striving for better conditions in the world of industry. He who does so violates his personal obligation and sacrifices self-respect.

Two young men were about to return home the other evening when one, a craftsman, carrying a membership card in a labor organization, endeavored to persuade his friend that by taking a certain line of cars he would render assistance to the street car employes of the District, who are endeavoring to secure more pay and better working conditions. This plea of friend to friend was met with the remark: "What need I care, only so I get there?" He saved himself the trouble of walking a block out of his way and took the "scab" line.

Should this young man persist in this course toward his fellows he will soon or late realize and regret his mistake. His present indifference may proceed from ignorance or a failing sense of duty, which in these stirring times for betterment is hardly excusable.

Indifferent men are misfits in active civil life, and that country would be in dire straits which had to depend on such in time of great national peril.

The answer of the young man to his friend is the sentiment of the man on the gallows, who repeats words which fall from the lips of a spiritual adviser and accepts terms of mercy with the mental reservation: "What need I care, only so I get there?"

CRAFTSMAN.

ESTABLISHED 1865 — 51 YEARS IN BUSINESS

CHRISTIAN XANDER'S

Cocktails $1

MANHATTAN—MARTINI—BRONX — A Bottle

909 7th Street, Northwest. — No Branch Houses. Phone M. 274

CORBY'S YEAST

Leaves nothing to guess-work.
Its purity and strength are uniform.
Every baker knows what that means.
Send for samples.

THE CORBY COMPANY

STATION K. — WASHINGTON, D. C.

Representative Houses OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

BANKS

NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burglar-proof vaults; acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth Street and New York Avenue.

WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee, etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK. A bank for the working people. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account. Ninth and G Sts. N. W.

UNION SAVINGS BANK. Commercial accounts. Three per cent interest on savings accounts. The oldest savings bank in Washington.

MICHAEL T. GREENE
Liquors and Cigars. 639 D St. N. W.

STONER'S BAR AND RESTAURANT
The. G. Stoner. 206 Seventh St. S. W.

J. CHAS. McGUIRE'S BUFFET
Federal Seal Whiskey. 519 Ninth St. N. W.

O'KEEFE'S BUFFET
P. J. O'Keefe, Prop. 904 Pa. Ave. N. W.

GLAVIN'S BUFFET
ED. J. GLAVIN 309 G Street Northwest

FRANK'S BUFFET
Fourth and G Sts. N. W. Phone M. 5572.

DAVID WALSH'S BUFFET
407 10th Street N. W.

E. E. FARLEY'S BUFFET
415 13th Street N. W.

J. J. O'DONNELL'S BUFFET
333 Penn. Avenue S. E.

HARRY'S BUFFET
631 Penn. Ave. S. E. Phone Lin. 1843

MACHINIST

G. W. FORSBERG, formerly with Forsberg & Murray, Elevators, Boilers. Eighth and Water Sts. S. W. Main 742.

GROCER AND COFFEE ROASTER

SOMERSET R. WATERS, 1342 7th St. N. W.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

RALSTON & RICHARDSON, Evans Building, 1420 New York Avenue.

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.

SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (Inc.), Soda Water, Syrups, etc. 1066 Wis. Ave. N. W.

PHOTO SUPPLIES

E. J. PULLMAN. Developing and Finishing for Amateurs a Specialty. 420 9th St. N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS

MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Ave. N. W. Our Specialty, Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

FIRE INSURANCE

FIREMEN'S INSURANCE COMPANY, Seventh Street and Louisiana Avenue.

DRY GOODS

WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings. Hosiery, a Specialty. 806-808 H St. N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

UNDERTAKERS

J. WILLIAM LEE
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY
332 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.

W. H. BUTLER CO., 607-9 C St. N. W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT

NATIONAL MORTAR CO., 1st and M N.E.

COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING CO., 3036 K Street.

DRUGGISTS

CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth St. and Virginia Ave. S. E.

DAY & CO. 5th and G Sts. N.W. 14th and P N.W., 20th and R. I. Ave. N.E.

QUIGLEY, Druggist, 21st and G Sts. N.W.

A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner 7th and P Streets N. W. N. 2372.

Building Trades Headquarters — Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rates

WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES, TOBACCO. — COSTELLO BROS

JOS. A. WILNER & CO.

UNION CUSTOM TAILORS

Novelties in Spring and Summer Goods

Cor. 8th and G Sts. N.W.

Your Pattern of Table China

—May Be Included
—In Our Clearance
—Sale of Discontinued
—Patterns and

A Saving of From 20 to 50 Per Cent Realized

We're closing out more than a half dozen patterns of imported china that we are unable to replace. In view of the greatly increased values of china, these price savings are exceptionally noteworthy.

Dulin & Martin Co.
Pottery, Lamps, China, Glass, Silver, &c.
1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St.

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY
Equitable Life Insurance Co.
of the District of Columbia
THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.
Issues Ordinary and Industrial
Wm. A. Bennett, 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.
EQUITABLE BLD'G. 816 14th ST., N. W.

CELTIC CLUB WHISKEY
Our Specialty
Never Changes. Accept No Substitute
Once Tried You'll Always Use It.
Ports and Sherries for family use, Quarts, 50 and 75 cents. All makes of Beer. Leading brands of Cigars. Ales and Porters on draught the year round.
D. J. O'CONNOR
New Jersey Ave. and G Sts. N.W.

Saks & Company
MEN'S and BOYS' OUTFITTERS
Pa. Ave. & 7th St. Wash., D. C.
Specialists in Apparel for Men and Boys.

Clothes, Hats and Shoes
The Bieber-Kaufman Co.
901-909 Eighth St. S. E.
Down by the Navy Yard
Washington, D. C.

BUTLER'S RHEUMATIC and GOUT REMEDY.
A KIDNEY AND HEART TONIC
Manufactured Since 1872 By
BUTLER & FIELD
Third and Indiana Ave. N. W.
Price 50c a bottle. 6 for $2.50
For Sale By Druggists.

HALF SICK! WORN OUT!
are common symptoms every Spring with old and young. If you feel that way, the medicine you need is a bottle of our
SARSAPARILLA EXTRACT
Price, 50 cents
WELLER'S DRUG STORE
8th & Eye Sts. S.E. 36th & M N.W.

FIREPROOF
CONSTRUCTION
Hammett Fire Proofing Company
301-302-303 Wilkins Bldg.
Phone Main 3337.

Bell Brand Union-Made
COLLARS and SHIRTS
LARGE ASSORTMENT
T. HOLLANDER
North Capitol and H Streets

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

Miss Nellie E. Murphy, Miss Mary H. Murphy, Mrs. L. Miriam Pyme, Mrs. Mary C. Fitzpatrick, probationary pressfeeders, 25 cents per hour.

John A. Tweedale, Raymond F. Dougherty, Leo J. Corridon, Carroll B. Rooney, Raymond J. Hart, Thomas H. Sheehan, Joseph A. Fitzgerald, J. E. Hogan, John B. Davis, Joseph Orlando, Sterling B. Kendig, Thomas M. Dolan, Philip A. Dolan, David F. Streeks, Thomas A. O'Brien, emergency messenger boys, 15 cents per hour.

James R. Mason, Mrs. Bessie M. Kronheimer, Rudolph H. Shepard, Benjamin W. Butler, Bernard A. Enis, William W. Duncan, probationary skilled laborers, 25 cents per hour.

Joseph J. Jackson, Edward Hall, Davage Branford, Philo Saunders, Henry Massie, William H. Tinsley, Benjamin Zimmerman, J. T. Johnson, William Brown, George G. Brooks, temporary unskilled laborers, 25 cents per hour.

Thornton S. Rounds, John W. Costley, Robert J. Cooper, Albert C. Stanley, Leo S. Holton, temporary skilled laborers, 25 cents per hour.

Frank B. Helm, William F. Berger, Joseph H. Comer, Edward T. Murphy, Andrew C. Butsch, probational pressman, 55 cents per hour.

Samuel T. Kennedy, Dodge D. Hemming, William G. Jones, Thomas J. Fitzwilliam, Alonzo F. Harrington, Henry L. Grampp, Garnett Denham, Shelley K. Kieffer, Archibald P. Maddox, Charles H. Rockwell, Henry O. Nicol, jr.; Henry T. McConvey, Levi Huber, William M. Baldwin, Frank O. Hart, John E. Wayson, Joseph B. O'Neal, George H. Aschenbach, Henry C. Thomson, Joseph I. Keefer, Frank Bates, Robert E. Youart, James P. Hunter, J. Frederick Roxbrough, temporary compositors, 50 cents per hour.

Herbert R. Young, machine helper, 35 cents per hour, reinstated.

Richard T. Turner, temporary messenger boy, 15 cents per hour.

Ernest Johnson, probational bookbinder, 50 cents per hour.

Neal D. O'Donnell, skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour, reinstated.

Mrs. Annie E. Brake, probationary clerk, $720 per annum.

Harmon Dempsey, linotype operator, 60 cents per hour, reinstated.

Herbert L. Shank, probationary monotype keyboard operator, 60 cents per hour.

Separations.

Walter J. Kervin, shipper in charge, resigned.

George J. Schley, copyholder, resigned.

Miss Helen A. McNicholas, William Doolan, Ossian J. Ryan, helpers, resigned.

Clarence A. Robinson, Wallace F. Luckett, Titus J. Spiker, Garfield C. Thompson, Oscar E. Hershey, William T. Howard, skilled laborers, resigned.

Leo E. Carrico, William Janof, Frantz J. Tolson, messenger boys, resigned.

Transfers, Etc.

Rufus L. Christian, stereotyper in charge, 70 cents per hour, to assistant foreman, 80 cents per hour.

John M. Richards, to electrotype-molder in charge, 65 cents per hour.

Harry Johnson, electrotype finisher in charge, 65 cents per hour, to assistant foreman, 80 cents per hour.

Miss Catherine Sweeney, clerk, $840 to $900 per annum.

Miss Emma L. Wells, folder, to directress, 35 cents per hour.

Frank A. Dougherty, pressman, 55 cents per hour, to pressman in charge, 60 cents per hour.

Carl Van White, pressman, 55 cents per hour, to pressman in charge, 65 cents per hour.

James E. Veatch, pressman, 55 cents per hour, to in charge of section, 70 cents per hour.

Claude E. Haines, assistant foreman, 80 cents per hour, to foreman, $2,250 per annum.

James J. Conroy, assistant foreman in charge, 70 cents per hour, to assistant foreman, 70 cents per hour.

W. R. Abbott, proofreader, 60 cents per hour, to deskman, 65 cents per hour.

George C. Cole, in charge of section, 70 cents per hour, to assistant foreman, $2,000 per annum.

Stephens M. Simpson, maker-up, 60 cents per hour, to press corrector, 60 cents per hour.

Thomas C. Parsons, reader, 60 cents per hour, to assistant foreman, 80 cents per hour.

George H. Sehorn, proofreader, 60 cents per hour, to deskman, 70 cents per hour.

Miss Mary A. Sheridan, skilled laborer, to machine operator, 27½ cents per hour.

Louis W. Cornwell, John M. Loughran, Arthur F. Tucker, Irwin A. Nicholson, William H. Bright, compositors, 50 cents per hour, to makers-up, 60 cents per hour.

Bert S. Elliott, James B. Huss, Benjamin A. Lineback, compositors, 50 cents per hour, to proofreaders, 60 cents per hour.

Michael J. Meany, Charles B. Huse, Charles E. Houghton, Joseph W. Deleher, compositors, 50 cents per hour, to monotype keyboard operators, 60 cents per hour.

Charles A. Phillips, Charles R. Wilson, Ernest R. Taylor, John A. B. Thornton, Albert E. Taylor, Edward A. Strudley, Frank Morrison, George W. Griffith, Sands L. Cooper, Daniel J. Casey, Frank E. Lanman, Amos L. Wood, binders, 50 cents per hour, to machine operators, 55 cents per hour.

Frank Rowley and William P. Ferguson, temporary bookbinders, 50 cents per hour, to probationary bookbinders, 50 cents per hour.

William H. Rowe and William F. Councell, makers-up, 60 cents per hour, to makers-up in charge, 65 cents per hour.

Jesse W. Morgan and Charles A. Riggleman, monotype keyboard operators, 60 cents per hour, to copy editors, 65 cents per hour.

G.P.O.COMMENT

T. C. Parsons, of proofroom day, has been promoted to assistant foreman under Stanley H. Ridings, foreman mono hand day. Mr Parsons is well equipped for the position. He was employed for a number of years on the Washington Post and has done field service as a representative of the I. T. U. He has been prominent in the affairs of Columbia Typographical Union, having served as its president and as delegate to the I. T. U.

Paul Miller, son of J. Walker Miller, of night proofroom, is on a visit home after an extended stay on the Canal Zone, where he held a responsible position as representative of a Washington bank. Subsequently he resigned that position to accept one with the Isthmian Canal Commission.

M. E. Bullock, H. E. Haliday and James B. Huss are recent additions to the night proofroom.

R. H. Camper was chosen chairman of the mono hand section night on its reorganization.

Doran McCarty, of the Star, downtown candidate for delegate to the I. T. U., made a personal call on each member of the night forces Tuesday night.

George J. Schley, one of the oldest members of the day proofroom chapel, has tendered his resignation.

Charles E. Sickels is a recent addition to the night proofroom.

Bert S. Elliott and B. A. Lineback, day proofroom, have been transferred to the regular roll as readers.

Twenty-four temporary compositors have been put to work during the past week.

Stephens M. Simpson has been promoted from maker-up to press corrector.

C. B. Huse is now a member of mono keyboard night.

Jesse Morgan and C. W. Riggleman have been promoted from mono keyboard operators to copy editors.

CARPENTERS MAKE GAINS.

Indianapolis, April 5.—General Secretary Duffy of the Brotherhood of Carpenters reports the following recent wage increases, per hour and day, by locals of this craft:

Syracuse, from 50 to 55 cents per hour; Salem, N. J., 33 1-3 to 40 cents; Albuquerque, N. M., 56¼ to 62½ cents; New Rochelle, N. Y., 60 to 65 cents; Rome, N. Y., 45 to 55 cents; Ashland, Ky., 40 to 45 cents; Saginaw, Mich., 45 to 55 cents; Lockport, N. Y., 45 to 50 cents; Wichita Falls, Tex., 50 to 56¼ cents; Hot Springs, Ark., 50 to 60 cents; Tulsa, Okla., 56¼ to 62½ cents; Parsons, Kan., 45 to 50 cents; Paris, Tex., 45 to 50 cents; Greenville, Tex., 37½ to 45 cents; San Angelo, Tex., 45 to 50 cents; Marysville, Cal., from $4.50 to $5 a day with Saturday half holiday; Denison, Tex., $4 to $4.60 a day; San Francisco, $5 to $5.50 for outside carpenters; Daytona, Fla., $3.50 to $4; Atlantic City, N. J., $4 to $4.50.

TEAMSTERS RAISE WAGES.

East Liverpool, Ohio, April 5.—Teamsters and Chauffeurs' Union has raised wages from $2.50 to $3 a day without a strike, except in the case of the North American Manufacturing Company. Legislation was immediately started in the city council to secure money to meet the new scale.

Scranton, Pa., April 5.—Teamsters' Union has signed a two-year union shop agreement with employers in the general teaming business. Wages for two-horse teams is $17 a week of six days and nine hours a day; chauffeurs on one and one-half-ton trucks, $19 a week. Sunday work is abolished, with double time for holidays and time and one-half for overtime.

ACTORS' PICKETS ARRESTED.

St. Louis, Mo., April 5.—Over a score of actors' pickets, members of the White Rats Actors' Union, have been arrested by local police, who are charged by trade unionists with making no pretense of hiding their favoritism to managers. The strike in this city is a general movement of organized vaudeville actors to secure better working conditions and arbitration machinery.

PAINTERS MAKE GAIN.

Springfield, Mo., April 5.—Employers have signed the new wage agreement of Painters' Union No. 367. Rates are increased 5 cents an hour until April 1, 1918, when an additional 5 cents will be paid.

PASS SEMI-MONTHLY PAY LAW.

Nashville, Tenn., April 5.—The state legislature has passed an act providing for a semi-monthly pay day for wage-earners.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
Meets Every Monday Night

Typographica Temple
423-425 G St. N. W.

Secretary's Address: 606 5th St. N.W.
Telephone: Lincoln 4614

OFFICERS

HUGH D. DIGNEY.....President
MARY GANZHORN...V. President
N. A. JAMES.....Secretary
JOS. E. TOONE....Fin. Secretary
WM. H. SCHAFFER.....Treasurer
JOS. C. CLARK..Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES—Wm. Zell, W. W. Keeler, J. L. Considine.

COMMITTEES

Executive—Mary Ganzhorn, Chairman; Jos. E. Toone, N. A. James, W. A. Huttel, John R. Hartley, H. D. Digney and Wm. H. Shaffer.

Legislative—Jere McCarthy, Chairman; John Lorch, N. P. Alifas, Robert Jones and D. J. O'Leary.

Adjustment—W. A. Huttel, Chairman; Harry Hollohan, John Botts, Benj. Spellbring and John Schmidt.

Contract—John Hartley, Chairman; Wm. W. Keeler, W. H. Schaffer, C. H. Adams and C. C. Coulter.

Laws—Dan. Hassett, chairman; Harry Buie and R. H. Burdette.

Resolution—Jas. L. Considine, chairman; E. L. Tucker and Denis Southern.

Organization—Jos. E. Toone, Chairman; Jos. C. Clark, Henry Miller, Mary Burkhead and T. A. Franklin.

Auditing—Wm. E. Zell, Chairman; Laurence Curtin and John Deal.

Credentials—M. J. Costello, Chairman; Jas. Noyes and S. S. Parker.

Label—H. F. Oehler, Chairman, and John McGuigan.

Press—N. A. James, Chairman; John B. Colpoys and N. A. Sprague.

Delegates to Baltimore—Jos. E. Toone, Chairman; Harry Fiddesop and Sam De Nedrey.

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

UNION OPERATOR
LOCAL No 224 WASH. D.C.
AFFILIATED WITH CENTRAL LABOR UNION & A.F. of L.

American. 1st st. and R. . ave.n.w
Apollo, - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Auditorium, 13th st. and N. Y. ave.n.w
Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Casino - - - 7th and F Sts. N. W.
Central Park - - 9th bet. G & H N.W.
Chelsia Theatre, 19th and M sts. n. w.
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N. W.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Eagle Gate Theatre - Sol. Home Gate
Eastern, - - 8th St. bet. F & G S. E.
Elite Theatre, 14th and R. I. ave. n. w.
Empire, - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Fairyland, - 19th and L st. n. w.
Favorite, H St. North Capitol & First
Garden Theatre, 423 Ninth st. n. w.
Gayety Theatre, - 513 9th st. n. w.
Georgia - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
Home Theater, C bet. 12th & 13th n. e.
Liberty Theatre, N. Capitol & P St.
Loewe's Columbia . . F near 12th
Lyric Theatre - - 14th near Park Rd.
Maryland - - - 624 9th St. N. W.
"M" Street Theatre, M St. near 32nd
Maycroft Park, H St. bet. 6 7, N.E.
Meaders, - - - 8th & G Sts. S. E.
Mid City, - 7th, bet. N and O st. n. w.
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Odeon - - 14th and Church Sts. N. W.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15, N.W.
Peerless Park, - 3105 Ga. ave. n. w.
Penn Gardens - - 21st St. & Pa. Ave.
Plaza Theatre - 434 9th st. n. w.
Pleasant Hrr. Park, 12 and C N. E.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Randolpr Park, 1st and Randolph n. w.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
R. I. Theatre, 7th and R. I. Ave. N. W
Savoy, - - - 14th and Col. Road.
Schuetzen Park, Ga. ave. and Kenyon
Senate Theater - - 324 Pa. Ave. S.E.
Standard Park, Bates, near N. Cap. St.
Strand, - - - - - Ninth and D.
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N. E.
Stanton Park, - - - 219 4th N. E.
Starlight Park, 4 1-2 and K st. n. w.
Surprise Theatre - Alexandria, Va.
The Strand, - - Hopewell, Va.
The Richmond, - - Alexandria, Va.
Truxton Park, N. Capitol & Fla. Ave.
Victoria Theatre, 7th & E Sts. S. W.
Virginia - - - 614 9th St. N. W.
Zenith Theater - - 625 8th St. S.E.

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, F. S. Radman, 124 7th Street N.E.

Bakery Salemen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at Moose Hall, Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sundays in each month at 2 p.m., Painters' Hall, 6th and G Sts. N.W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N.W.

Blacksmiths and Helpers, Local 217, International Brotherhood of: Meets first and third Monday of each month at 650 Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, C. A. Chism, 418 Tenth street northeast.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. F. Miller, 19 Quincy Place northwest.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets first and third Sunday of the month at the Secretary, T. Guiffre, 908 Pennsylvania ave-Moose Hall, Seventh and G Street Northwest. nue northwest.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 48: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E street southeast.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G Street N. W.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles' Hall. Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 520 Rhode Island Ave. N. E.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhau, 737 10th St. s. e.

Chauffeurs and Hack Drivers Union, Local No. 115: Meets the first and third Saturday of each month, G. A. R. Building, 1412 Pa. Ave. Secretary-Treasurer, Kirk C. Sipher, Room 25, 945 Pa. Ave. northwest.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wassaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Twelfth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3800 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Paperhangers Hall, 430 Ninth Street N. W., second and fourth Thursdays of the month. Secretary, Edw. B. Finch, 33 P Street N. E.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets every Friday, at 8:00 p.m. Hall, S. E. Cor. Tenth and Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, Jas. P. Lahey, 816 5th street northeast.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and B Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hisle, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Employes' Union No. 14632: Meets second Friday of each month, Perpetual Building Association Hall. Secretary, W. M. Lynch, 409 A. F. of L. Building.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Watchmen's Union No. 14964: Secretary, Jas. H. Reed, Cor. Sec., 1228 B street southwest.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Glaziers Local No. 963: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, H. C. Turner, Mt. Rainier, Md.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, John T. Bowers, Twentieth and Twenty-first and L and M streets northwest.

Ice Cream Wagon Drivers and Helpers' Union, Local No. 111: Meets second and fourth Tuesdays at Typographical Temple, 425 G street northwest. Secretary-Treasurer, J. Neff Cline, 1211 North Capitol street.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Avenue S. E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 Twelfth St. N. E.

Laborers' Protective Union, No. 15037: Meets the second Tuesday of each month at the Cadets' Armory, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, E. E. McCormick, 1403 South Capitol street.

Laundry Workers, Local No. 110: Meets first Friday in each month at Winslow's Hall, 12 and R streets northwest. Secretary, Moten Jefferson, 550 Twenty-fourth street northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, W. N. Huttel, 1430 A St. N. E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday, 1204 Pa. Ave. N. W. Secretary, E. H. Fulton, Barcroft, Va.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. F. McDonnell.

Mill Workers Local No. 1694: Meets every Tuesday at Painters' Hall, 704 Sixth street northwest. Secretary, Robt. Reichard, 1720 Thirty-fourth street northwest.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third 2665. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Bus. Agt.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 922 Pa. Ave. N. W. Phone M. 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets second Sunday and fourth Friday in each month. Secretary, Albert Bridges 210 L st. s. e.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 420: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers' Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday of every month, Red Room, The New Ebbitt, 8 p.m. Secretary, James A. Sullivan, 3910 5th street northwest.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Raymond R. Burrows, Clarendon, Va.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Robt. J. Barrett, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month. Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 820 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressmen, No. 1: Meets fourth Monday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N.E.

Railway Carmen, Pride of Potomac Lodge, No. 313, Brotherhood of: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F streets northeast, first and third Tuesdays. Secretary, L. H. Taylor, 706 Seventh street northeast.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. **Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.**

School Custodian and Janitor, 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, W. P. Cannon, 408 Twelfth St. S. E.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe. 326 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. F. Hickman, 518 Sixth St. N. W.

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Mrs. H. B. Tritipoe, 1737 Willard street N. W., Apt. 20.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10.30 a. m. and 8.30 p. m. Secretary, G. W. Calderhead, Room 412 Wash. Loan and Trust Building.

The High School Teachers' Union of Washington, D. C., No. 8: Meets in the Music Room of the New Central High School at 3.30 p. m. the second Tuesday in the months of October, December, February, and May. Secretary, G. J. Jones, Central High School.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle. 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 750 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Fridays, Typographical Temple. Secretary, L. M. Green, Langdon, D. C.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: International Secretary-Treasurer, Jas. E. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G St. N. W. Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth St. N. W.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.

WASHINGTON'S LARGEST PRINTING PLANT DEVOTED TO COMMERCIAL WORK
THE LAW REPORTER PRINTING COMPANY
COMMERCIAL PRINTERS AND STATIONERS
518-520 FIFTH STREET N.W.
WASHINGTON, D. C.
TELEPHONE MAIN 828
F. B. CROWN, MANAGER

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF THE UNITED BREWERY WORKMEN OF AMERICA
Union MADE Beer
Ale AND Porter
COPYRIGHT & TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1903
THIS IS OUR LABEL.

VOTE
Against Prohibition
DEMAND
Personal Liberty
IN CHOOSING WHAT YOU WILL DRINK
ASK FOR THIS LABEL WHEN PURCHASING BEER, ALE OR PORTER.
As A Guarantee That It Is Union Made.

Washington Railway and Electric Company Scored by Presidents and Secretaries of Local Organizations

President and Secretaries of seventy labor organizations of the District of Columbia and Central Labor Union delegates, in joint session, Saturday night, in Painters' Hall, adopted The following resolutions scoring the Washington Railway and Electric Company for their stand in the present street car strike:

"Whereas, For more than three weeks past there has been a struggle going on in the District of Columbia between the employes of the Washington Railway and Electric Company and the management of said company, the cause of said trouble being on the determination of the company to deny its employes the right of association and collective bargaining, and substituting therefor an individual contract system, repugnant to all red-blooded citizens, because of its absolute unfairness, virtually embracing peonage; and,

"Whereas, We, the citizens and trades unionists of the District of Columbia, believing in and heartily sympathizing with the efforts of our brother unionists in their efforts to resist the efforts of this railway corporation to destroy this wholesome and equitable principle of collective bargaining;

"Resolved, That we, the representatives of the trade union movement in the District of Columbia, unhesitatingly condemn the action of the operating management in its attempt to enslave our brothers by such nefarious methods as adopted by it; and,

"Resolved, That this conference, composed of presidents, secretaries and delegates to the Central Labor Union of the seventy local unions, representing more than one-fourth of the population of the community, appeal to the citizens of the District for aid in forcing this alien-controlled company to a speedy settlement of this controversy with its employes and restore to its patrons the convenience and comfort of transportation enjoyed by them before this company summarily dismissed or locked out its employes;

"Resolved, That the act of the company in importing strike-breakers, composed of some of the worst characters of the underworld, in our belief mainly for the purpose of inciting riot and possible bloodshed, is censured and the parties thereto are guilty of crimes against the peace and tranquility of our community;

"Resolved, That we demand that Congress and officers of the District of Columbia to at once insist that this company open negotiations at once with its locked-out employes, dismiss its thugs, and conduct itself in the decent American fashion that other employers of labor are doing in this community and the whole country;

"Resolved, That we congratulate the men now locked out for their splendid conduct and evidence of good citizenship during the trying times they are experiencing, and urge upon them, no matter what comes or what provocation is offered them, to remain true to the obligation they have taken as Americans and trades unionists;

"Resolved, That we denounce the action of certain of our law officers who have shown undue activity in annoying the men locked out and their families, searching their houses in the dead hour of the night, shadowing alleged interested persons while pursuing the even tenor of their way, leaving the unwholesome impression in the open mind that these officers 'are bending the pregnant hinges of the knee that thrift might follow fawning;' and,

"Resolved, That the District Commissioners are requested to have this attempt to Russianize our community by members of our police department cease at once. Members of the trade union movement pride themselves upon their good citizenship, and insist that they shall receive at least the same consideration and protection as is so unctuously afforded the Washington Railway and Electric Company and its managers and macerau employes;

"Resolved, That we again pledge our moral—and financial support to the last farthing in our treasuries—to these locked-out brothers, and urge upon all lovers of fair play to lend us their aid; and,

"Resolved, That members of organized labor and their friends are urged not to patronize the Washington Railway and Electric Company until it effects a settlement honorable to itself and its locked-out employes. We hereby denounce the un-American efforts of Clarence P. King and his cohorts, and will use every honorable resource at our command to thwart his and their efforts to destroy the labor movement in the District of Columbia."

To Organized Labor in the District of Columbia:

The Brick, Tile and Terra Cotta Workers' Alliance of America wishes to call your attention to the deplorable conditions existing in the following brickyards located at Arlington Junction, Va.:

Washington Hydraulic Press Brick Company, Colorado Bldg.;
John Miller & Company, 911 H street northwest;
West Brothers' Brick Co., National Savings & Trust Co.

To offset organization in this District these notorious slave-loving corporations have used every unscrupulous weapon to strangle the life out of the workmen in their company-owned town.

First. To control the situation they gave the men an advance in wages. They are now paying $1.35 to $1.75 per day; ten to twelve hours constitute a day's work. Imagine what the condition was prior to the arrival of Organizer Teddy McHold.

Men were discharged when seen talking to the organizer.

Thugs were imported and every meeting covered. Men were intimidated, discharged, blacklisted and put out of the streets simply because the men wanted to knock off the shackles of slavery and assert their American citizenship and become members of our organization.

The Washington Hydraulic Press Brick Company would rather close their plant as they did in Brazil, Ind., according to the statements made by District Manager Lyons, than have a union man contaminate his yard.

This notorious firm controls twenty-three plants in the United States and they work along the same lines as the manufacturers of the Cinco cigars, moving their men from place to place whenever an effort is made to instruct them in the principles of organized labor.

We wish to thank the Central Labor Union committees, Brothers Garth Calderhead and Richard Taylor, for their many efforts in aiding us in this struggle.

Trusting that from time to time the A. F. of L. organizers will place a thorn in the pathway of this actopus, we are,

Brick, Tile and Terra Cotta Workers' Alliance,
TEDDY McHOLD, Organizer.

Urging "Can't-Strike" Law for California

San Francisco Chamber of Commerce Advocating Such a Measure.

Sacramento, Cal., April 5.—President Koster of the San Francisco chamber of commerce wants the state legislature to pass a law against railroad strikes and is attempting to create the impression that railroads are liable to lock out its employes.

This is the smooth way the anti-unionist presented the question at a hearing before the state assembly public utilities committee:

"It is necessary in time of controversy to put a restraining hand on the shoulder of each party to the controversy until the issue has had time to adjust itself."

Trade unionists opposed the "can't-strike" plan and declared that regardless of the law they would exercise their right to quit, either singly or collectively when mediation and arbitration fail.

The proposed statute is similar to the Canadian industrial disputes act, and in reply to the claim that this law is successful, Paul Scharrenberg, secretary of the California State Federation of Labor, said:

"We were told by the American ship owners that our demands would be granted if we could obtain the same conditions on the Canadian side, so that they would not be subjected to unfair competition. So we organized a union of the Canadian sailors, submitted our demands to a board of conciliation under the law and were finally granted everything we asked. But, lo and behold, the Canadian Pacific Steamship Company, most powerful of the concerns with which we were dealing, calmly refused to comply with the recommendations of the board and we found that the company had taken advantage of the four months of investigation to supply itself with men to take the places of its employes if they decided to go on strike."

STORAGE PACKING FREIGHT HAULING

Merchants Transfer
— AND —
Storage Company

920-922 E Street Northwest
Phone Main 6900
SHIPPING MOVING HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

LIST OF LIQUOR DEALERS WHO HAVE SIGNED "THE AGREEMENT."

Allen, Paul.....2 N st. n. e.
Allen, John J..807 N. C. Cap st. n. e.
Beirkle, Leopold, - 1245 H st. n. e.
Boyle, William J., 601 Mass. ave n. w.
Castelli, Vincent, 502-504 Ninth st.n.w.
Clark, C. H.....510 9th st. n. w.
Colonial Beach Boat Co.
Costello, Bros.....604 G st. n. w.
Crowley, James J.....702 E st. n. w
Daly, T. J.....34 H st. n. e.
Daye, Wm. T.....1218 Wisc. ave.
Doyle, Wm. T....1314 Wisc. ave. n. w.
Duffy, James A. -901 1-2 E st. n. w.
Wm. R. Fosbender, 406 Ninth st. n w.
Franey, F. A.....711½ 9th st. n. w.
Frank, Mrs. M. E. - 319 G st. n. w.
Ganey, M.....615 7th st. s. w.
Glavin, Edwin.....309 G st. n. w.
Hannan, Mrs. E.....531 7th st. s. w.
Hanlon, Timothy.....822 H st. n. e.
Kelliher, J. D.....1258 7th st. s. w.
Killeen, John F.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Louis Hodges, - - 407 9th st n. w.
Lynagh, Peter J.....523 7th st. s. w.
Lynch, John.....417 9th st. n. w.
McCarthy, F. J.....910 4½ st. s. w.
McCarthy, Jas. J.....1402 H st. n. e
McDonald, F. J.....643 Pa. ave. s. e
McGinniss, H. J., 1001 N. Y. ave. n. w.
McGuire, J. Chas., 519 Ninth st. n. w
McHough, Martin....1105 H st. n. e.
Milton Schmidt, - 702 7th st. n. w.
O'Connor, D. J.....100 G st. n. w
O'Connor, Patrick F., 617 D st. n. w.
O'Connor, James.....1429 N. Cap. st
O'Day, John T. - 921 Ninth st. n. w.
O'Donnell, James J...333 Pa. ave. s. e.
Peter White, - - - 905 D st. n. w.
Raftery, Thomas.....406 H st. n. e.
Raftery, Patrick.....225 11th st. n. e.
Roland, J. H.....511 9th st. n. w.
Scanlon, Daniel,.....103 H st. n. w
Schroter, Conrad....3258 M st. n. w
Schltz, Mary T.....607 G st. n. w
Sheehan, John J., 701 North Cap. st.
Solon, Mary A., - 1003 7th st. e.
Stern, M. M.....601 7th st. n. w
Stanton, Frank J.....1314 Wisc. ave
Sullivan, David, 12th and E st. n. w.
Sullivan, John J., 1351 35th st. n. w
The Casino, Frank Farenkamp (Chesapeake Beach).
Victor Buffet Co., Inc., 7th and G n. w.
Walsh, David, - 407 10th st. n. w
Wassman, Henry, 705 Seventh st. n. w.
Wiedeman, Joseph....629 E st. n. w.
William J. O'Leary, 733 North Cap. st.
Wininghcr, Harry 631 Pa. ave. s. e.
Wolf, Frank, - 512 12th st. n. w.

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1
Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.

M. J. DUNNIGAN, President.....2007 14 Street N.W.
JOHN G. WOLFE, Vice-President.1023 N. J. Ave. N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W.

TRUSTEES

Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E.
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E.
Thos. L. Nevins.....504 Maine Avenue S. W.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe,.....1023 N. J. Ave. N. W
J. McElfresh,.....
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E.
A. Tenley.....964 Florida Ave. N. W.
M. Sullivan.....5631-2 15 St. S. E.

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.

Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ARBITRRATION COMMITTEE.

M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W.
M. A. Wolfe,.....418 F St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. E.
Joseph Harding.....210 13 St. S. W.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....2006 2nd St. N. W
R. Pumphrey.....223 Q St. N. W.
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W.
Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. W.

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Av.e
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Capitol St.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L St. S. W.

DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.

John Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave.
William Pollard.....522 14th St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

J. G. O'DONNELL, President, 122 Sixth St. N. E.
M. J. DEERY Vice President, 2407 Girard St. N. E.
THOS. W. WOLTZ, Recording Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
G. H. F. DAVIS, Treasurer, 439 Second St.S. E.
W. L. STRATTON, Conductor, 617 Sixth St. N. W.
A. F. MOIRSETTE, Warden, 425 G St. N. W.
GEO. MYERS, Business Agent, 425 G St. N. W.

TRUSTEES.

F. J. NOLTE, 24 Eighth Street N. E.
MARK REILEY, 1127 B St. S. E.
A. P. TAYLOR, 622 I Street N. E.

DELEGATES TO THE DISTRICT COUNCIL.

R. H. BURDETTE, 1207 L Street N. W.
C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
E. B. BYRNE, 425 G Street N. W.
ROBERT REICHARD, 1720 35th Street N. W.
J. H. RYAN, 1101 Eleventh Street S. E.

DELEGATES TO THE CENTRAL LABOR UNION.

C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
R. H. BURDETTE, 816 K Street N. W.
W. S. HOLLOHAN, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
C. A. SAUNDERS, 244 9th St. S. E.
LOUIS LUEBKERT, 1314 Kerney St. N. E.

RELIEF COMMITTEE.

P. W. HAMILTON, 410 Tenn. Ave. N. E.
J. T. CLIFT, 4115 7th St. N. W.
M. FOLEY, 118 Seaton St. N. E.
W. B. DOLAN, 413 Mass. Ave. N. W.
J. A. SANKER, 2606 R. I. Ave. N. E.

MILL COMMITTEE.

F. E. KETTNER, 3016 Cambridge St. N. W
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
O. A. CARTER, Rosslyn, Va.

DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE
G. H. F. DAVIS, 439 Second Street S. E.

Washington District Council of Carpenters

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

ROBERT ADAM, President, Local 2563, U. B., 1511 Vermont Avenue N.W.
R. H. BURDETTE, Vice President, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
E. B. BYRNE, Secretary, Local 132, U. B., 425 G Street N.W.
F. A. SHOESMITH, Treasurer, Local 2563, U. B., 5209 Georgia Avenue N.W.
C. H. ADAMS, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 804 A Street N.E.
R. H. BURDETTE, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
H. PAGE, Trustee, Local 2563, U. B., 336½ 13th Street N.E.
ROBERT REICHARD, Local 132, U. B., 1720 34th Street N.W.
J. H. RYAN, Local 132, U. B., 1101 11th Street S.E.
FRED HOOK, Local 2563, U. B., 1528 8th Street N.W.
WILLIAM MACKIE, Local 2563, U. B., 216 Seaton Place N.E.

BUSINESS AGENT.
GEO. MYERS, 425 G Street N. W.

The only strictly
UNION TAILORING
house in the city
M. STEIN & CO.
TAILORS
Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

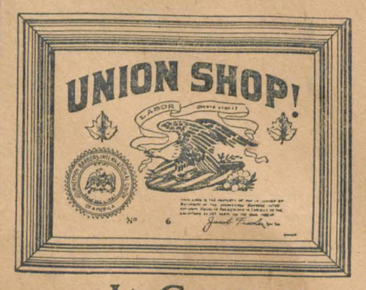
PHONE NORTH 2349
DONOVAN'S
FINE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS
2003 14th St. N. W., Washington, D. C

Parker, Bridget & Co.
"The Avenue at Ninth"
Featuring
Extra Value
$15
Suits for Fall

MEATS GROCERIES FISH
Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the
OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.
930 La. Ave. N. W. — 1111 H Street N. E.
8th & E Sts. S. E. — 1632 N. Capitol Street
31st & M Sts. N. W. — 3418-20 Ga. Ave. N. W.
7th & Q Sts. N. W. — 14th & U Streets N. W.
1778 U Street, N.W. — 7th and B Streets N. E.
7th & H Street N. E. — 3113 14th Street, N. W.
726 7th St. N. W. — 1440 P St. N. W.
2002-2004 Ga. Ave. N. W.
POULTRY BREAD PRODUCE

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK
Northwest Corner FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST
LOOK FOR THE CLOCKS
4 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts
COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

WASHINGTON BREWERY CO.
IMPERIAL EXPORT
A really fine beer

Look for the
UNION SHOP CARD


It gives our members a Shorter Work day and Sunday Rest
It Guarantees to You
CLEANLINESS and EXPERT SERVICE

THE PLATE PRINTER
Official Organ Plate Printers International Union.
P. J. RYAN, Editor. CHAS. T. SMITH, Assoc. Editor.
Subscription $1.00 Per Year
Telephone 4528 Wash. Loan & Trust Bldg.

WE DO ALL KINDS OF
Job Printing
AND THE PRICE IS RIGHT
The Trades Unionist, 604-6 5th St. N. W.

Takoma Bread
Fresh Three Times Daily
AT ALL GROCERS
Havenner Baking Company
Established 1815

LANSBURGH & BRO.
"DRY GOODS ONLY"
The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City
420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

Phone Main 3871
WM. H. HOWLIN
American Federation of Labor Building
9th Street and Mass. Avenue
Engrossing Resolutions, Diplomas Charters and Fancy Pen Work of All Descriptions

CORBY CAKE
AT ALL GROCERS

When in Doubt, Buy of
HOUSE & HERRMANN
FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.
N.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W

GEO. D. HORNING,
N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.
LOAN OFFICE

THE MILTON SCHOOL
Oxford Bldg., 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.
Stenography
Typewriting
English
Spanish
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO BEGINNERS
Now in larger quarters in the Oxford Building, 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.

The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I.P.E.U. READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXI. NO. 42 WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, APRIL 13, 1917. ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

C. L. U. Adopts Two Sets of Resolutions

Regret Expressed at Oversight of Commissioners in Not Asking Co-operation—Socialists Denounced.

Two important sets of resolutions were adopted last Monday night by the Central Labor Union at its regular meeting in Typographical Temple.

One set was presented by Secretary N. A. James and voiced a regret that so important a body as the C. L. U. was ignored by the Commissioners in their invitations to civic organizations to confer for the purposes of planning and aiding in defense of our community. Undivided loyalty was pledged, however, to the country and the President in this time of stress. The resolution follows:

"Whereas, Now that a state of war has been declared to exist by the Congress of the United States of North America, between the Imperial German government and this country; and,

"Whereas, The Chamber of Commerce, the Board of Trade, and sundry civic organizations have been invited to conference by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, for the purpose of planning and aiding in defense of our community, doing guard and performing such other duties as may arise from time to time during the wartime period; and,

"Whereas, The Central Labor Union is glad to know we have such forethoughted and patriotic citizens in our community, and unreservedly commend these agencies for the speedy action they have taken, coupled with the hope that their efforts will redound to their credit and the citizenry in general;

"Resolved, That the delegates to the Central Labor Union, representing seventy constituent local bodies, approximating more than one-fourth of the District of Columbia, while heartily extending its best wishes to the Commissioners and their associates in their laudible efforts to organize protection for the Capital of the Nation, both from foes from without and within, yet we feel constrained to sincerely voice our regret that so important a body as the Central Labor Union, possessed of both brain, brawn and patriotism, has been ignored as a factor in the promotion of this defensive organization; and,

"Resolved, That, notwithstanding this apparent and somewhat humiliating slight, we, the delegates here assembled, pledge undivided loyalty to our Country, Flag and President in this time of stress, and urge upon all members of organized labor affiliated with this Central body, and elsewhere, to lend every effort at command to bring about a speedy and victorious accomplishment of the task that has been imposed upon our people by Congress, upon the recommendation of our President the duty of emancipating the peoples of the world from the maelstrom of militarism to democracy, freedom and peace;

"Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be forwarded to the President of the United States with our best wishes for his welfare, and be furnished the press for publication."

The other set of resolutions denounced the lack of loyalty to the country upon the part of certain persons of Socialistic ideas who accused the legislative and executive branches of our government with lack of faith and patriotism, and who pledges to embarrass this government in its progress of war against Germany. The Department of Justice is requested to investigate the threat of the Socialists "to disrupt labor," and if found to be correct to deal with the offenders with severity, as a warning in future to all adherents of enemies of our government to beware.

"Whereas, Articles appearing in the daily press, purporting to be from a sect known as Socialists, carrying innuendoes of lack of faith and patriotism upon the part of the legislative and executive branches of our government, and pledging itself to hesitate at nothing to embarras this government in progress of war against the Imperial Government of Germany; and,

"Whereas, The Washington Herald, of April 9, 1917, published an article, the sentiment of which bordered on, if not actually being, sedition, of which the following is the concluding paragraph:

" 'It was said by several Socialists who are closely connected with propaganda work that, should all other methods fail, the party would try to disrupt labor so that active warfare could not be carried on successfully against Germany.'

"Therefore, be it solved, That the Central Labor Union denounce the threat implied in said paragraph quoted above, as traitorous, and any effort upon the part of these blatant fulminators of unpatriotic sentiment to incite discord in the ranks of organized labor in the District of Columbia, as mentioned above, will be met with the stern hand of repression; and,

"Resolved, That the Department of Justice of the United States is hereby requested to investigate this threat of attempted discord amongst the working people, thereby giving aid and comfort to an alien foe, and if found to be correct to deal with the propagators in such manner and severity as will be a warning in future to all adherents of enemies of our government to beware;

"Resolved, In our opinion, if the manner in which our governmental affairs are conducted does not suit these negativists—negative in everything, from an argument on the street corner to the virtue of their families—they have the permission to remove to some place more congenial to their unpatriotic efforts, though it is our belief that the government of the United States would be generous to those found preaching the doctrine of obstruction and sabottage if they were apprehended and interned as is now being done with enemy aliens.

"Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to the Attorney General of the United States and to the Major of Police of the District of Columbia and the daily newspapers."

Movie Operators Sign New Wage Scale

Men Have Been Highly Successful in Obtaining Signatures of Majority of Exhibitors.

The Movie Operators wish to announce that they put into effect their new wage scale on last Monday, April 9, and have been highly successful in accomplishing results. The very great majority of the exhibitors came across with a signed contract without hesitation, seeing that the requests of the operators were not exhorbitant.

A revised list of signed-up houses will be found in another column of The Trades Unionist, and it is the wish of the operators that their friends and members of organized labor in general look it over and act accordingly.

GOMPERS DID NOT URGE COMPULSORY TRAINING

Denial of the statement that he favored the Chamberlain bill, which provides for compulsory training, was made by President Gompers at a meeting of trade unionists and others, held in the interest of national defense in this city, recently.

President Gompers said:

"I want to say that the morning papers misquote me as to the Chamberlain bill, now before Congress. I have not said anything regarding the Chamberlain bill and the publication of statements that appear in the morning papers are calculated to do the cause of our meeting a great injustice and may make my work here less effective by such misrepresentation."

PRESSMEN TO PAY PENSIONS.

Pressmen's Home, Tenn., April 12.—Following the indorsement of a pension system by a popular vote of the International Printing Pressmen and Assistants' Union officers of that organization announce that beginning May 1 next the 25 cent monthly tax for the pension fund will be effective. This makes the pressmen's per capita tax 90 cents a month and the assistants', 85 cents a month.

LONGSHOREMEN STRIKE.

Baltimore, April 12.—Organized longshoremen employed by the Western Maryland railroad at Port Covington are on strike for an increase of 3 cents an hour, day work; 5 cents an hour, night work, and time and one-half for Sunday and holiday work.

This corporation is resisting efforts of its machinists in various shops to increase wages.

Paperhangers' Local Offers Its Services

Unanimously Adopt Resolutions Pledging Support to President and Advisers.

The following resolutions were unanimously adopted at the regular meeting of Paperhangers' Local Union, No. 420:

"Whereas: Our country has been called into the great world conflict, now raging, and,

"Whereas: The time is here, when all lovers of our great Republic should cheerfully and willingly render every possible service to the President and his advisers, that we may speedily and effectively be triumphant in settling the controversy forced upon us through the insistence of German Imperialism. Therefore be it,

"Resolved: That Paperhangers' Local Union No. 420 of Washington, D. C., offer its services individually and collectively through our Local to the President of the United States for the defense of this nation and its ideals, and be it further,

"Resolved: That the President of the United States is hereby requested to furnish the proper military aid in assisting those of our members who are in need of the proper training fitting them for such duties as may be required, and be it further,

"Resolved: That the Trustees of this Local are hereby authorized to place our hall at the disposal of such of our members who desire to avail themselves of the opportunity to secure such military training and also furnish such conveniences as may be required, attendant upon such drilling and instruction."

ELECTRICAL WORKERS WIN.

St. Louis, Mo., April 12.—The "it-can't-be-dones" are again confounded by the success of the Electrical Workers' Union in winning its strike against the Kinloch Telephone Company, which operates in this and nearby cities. The agreement provides for better working conditions.

Davenport, Iowa, April 12.—Inside electrical workers have organized and affiliated with the Brotherhood of Electrical Workers.

PLASTERERS RAISE WAGES.

Hamilton, Ontario, April 12.—Organized plasterers have raised their old rate of 50 cents an hour to 55 cents. When the war started these workers accepted a wage cut of 2½ cents an hour and recently demanded that the old rate be increased to 60 cents. As a result of negotiations a compromise of 55 cents was accepted.

Street Car Men Now See Victory

Rumor Declares Officials of Company Are Privately Admitting Defeat at Hands of Strikers.

The strike of the street car employes is progressing favorably from the strikers' standpoint, and, notwithstanding the efforts on the part of the railway officials, through intimidation and coercion, to get their old employes to return to work, there have been but a comparatively few desertions from the ranks of the strikers. The support that these men are receiving from the trades unionists and from the general public is all that could be desired or hoped for, and with this continued support there can be but one ending—that of victory for Local 689, Amalgamated Association of Street Car Employes of America.

It was a sad commentary upon the fair name of our city and much to the discredit of the officials of the Washington Railway and Electric Company to, in place of the courteous and efficient conductors and motormen that the public had become accustomed to, to see in their places the imported strike-breakers, who had little or no regard for the feelings of the riding public. Not only that but their ignorance of the roads over which they conducted these cars were such that the lives of those who traveled on these cars were constantly placed in jeopardy, and that there were not more accidents than occurred—although there have been many, so we understand, that have not been reported in the daily press—was but the act of a kind Providence.

There was a rumor current during the early part of the week that the officials of this company were privately admitting defeat and that with the losses that the company were meeting with through the failure of their present employes to turn in the cash which they daily received, and with huge law suits staring them in the face from the numerous accidents which as stated above were not reported in the daily press, that it is but a short time before they would capitulate to the requests of their former employes and recognize the right of collective bargaining, a right that most of the progressive concerns of this country recognize today.

An appeal for financial assistance has been sent to the various unions of this city during this week, and we have every reason to believe that this strike can be carried on successfully when the donations commence to pour in and that it will not be for lack of financial assistance that the strike would be lost. With the fine weather now in our midst a considerable larger number of the public will walk a few squares out of their way to take the cars of the Capital Traction Co. and thereby benefit in health as well as rendering aid to the strikers. Walking is the best exercise that could possibly be indulged in, so let the slogan go forth, "We Walk Until the Car Strike Is Settled."

BUILDING LOCKOUT ENDS.

Cleveland, April 12.—The Building Trades Council has ratified an agreement that ends a month's lockout in this city.

The lockout was inaugurated about a month ago when annual agreements expired. The unionists refused to accept this portion of an agreement the builders urged:

"There shall be no restriction in the delivery or use of any material, except when prison made."

After 17,000 workers were forced on the streets, the objectionable section was amended as follows:

"This section shall not be construed as affecting present agreements in any trade."

John A. Moffett, mediator, representing the federal department of labor, assisted in the settlement negotiations.

IRON MOLDERS STRIKE.

Battle Creek, Mich., April 12.—Iron molders employed by the American Steam Pump Company were compelled to suspend work after failing to secure improved working conditions.

FOUNDRY EMPLOYES UNITE.

Philadelphia, April 12.—Foundry employes in this city have organized and affiliated with the International Brotherhood of Foundry Employes.

WESTERN UNION CUTS HOURS.

New York, April 12.—The Western Union Telegraph Company's spy system has failed to check the activities of the Commercial Telegraphers' Union and this corporation will now try another method—by installing the eight-hour work day in many of its departments.

The reduction of hours will hardly place this corporation in bankruptcy, however, as its annual report for 1916, just issued, shows the largest volume of business in its history. The profits for the year, before paying dividends, was $2,227,814, an increase of 21.9 per cent; the surplus, after transferring $1,000,000 to reserve for maintenance and allowing for regular and extra dividends of 6 per cent, increased 30.1 per cent, to $5,685,100.

CITY FIREMEN ORGANIZE.

Seattle, April 12.—Municipal firemen have organized and affiliated with the American Federation of Labor. About one-third of the entire force has already joined the new organization.

RAILROAD WORKERS STRIKE.

Cumberland, Md., April 12.—Western Maryland railroad machinists, apprentices and helpers are on strike for a living wage and better working conditions. The company refuses to treat with organized labor.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF ALLIED PRINTING TRADES LABEL COUNCIL WASHINGTON 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., APRIL 13, 1913.

MOST LIKELY AN OVERSIGHT.

It is to be regretted that the Central Labor Union was not among those civic organizations who were invited to conference by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, for the purposes of planning and aiding in defense of our community during these war times.

This slight, though humiliating, we feel sure, was an oversight on the part of the Commissioners, for their attitude toward labor has always been very friendly, and, no doubt, a satisfactory explanation will be made in the near future, as soon as the matter is brought to their attention.

Notwithstanding, the Central Labor Union, representing approximately more than one-fourth of the District's population, heartily extends its best wishes to the Commissioners and their associates in their laudable efforts to organize protection for the Capital, and pledge undivided loyalty to the country, the flag and the President of the United States.

Members of organized labor affiliated with the C. L. U. and elsewhere are urged to lend every effort at command to bring about a victorious end to the conflict in which we are now involved.

Division No. 1 of the railroad employes' department, A. F. of L., comprising all territory west of Chicago, have voted to authorize federations on various railroad systems to proceed in their own way and negotiate for an eight-hour day and a 10 per cent wage increase.

MINERS SIGN THREE-YEAR SHOP AGREEMENT

Denver, Col., April 12.—The Victor-American Fuel Company has signed a three-year union shop agreement with the United Mine Workers' Union. Ten mines in this state and two in New Mexico are affected.

During the miners' strike of 1913-14 the Victor-American was a close second to Rockefeller's Colorado Fuel and Iron Company for an unparalleled bitterness and savagery against organized miners. If a union miner was discovered in any Victor-American camp the thug system of this corporation made short work of one who dared to raise his voice in protest.

It took lion-hearted men in those days to hold aloft the banner of trade unionism, but, despite Ludlow, the state militia, a venal governor, a cowed legislature, business men's associations, hordes of private detectives, gunmen, strikebreakers, and a muzzled public press, the workers battled against the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company, the Victor-American Coal Company and their allies.

After the strike ended the operators continued their persecution by indicting hundreds of strikers who were tried by a judge who was a former attorney for the coal operators and who was appointed by Gov. Carlson after the legislature had created a special district for the appointee.

To add to the miners' troubles, Rockefeller organized a "union" and visited the homes of his employes, to the great delight of that portion of the public press that ignored constitutional outrages.

Despite these forces, the miners stuck to their organization and began laying plans for the future. As part of this strategy, international officers took charge of affairs, moved headquarters of this district from Denver and decided to organize one company at a time. The success of this plan is shown in the agreement with the Victor-American, which imposed more strenuous opposition to the return to work of union men after the strike than did any of the other companies.

The agreement provides for the Colorado and New Mexico miners to receive the increase in wages that may be secured by the miners of Illinois, Kansas and Oklahoma in their next joint conference with operators. The agreement expires March 31, 1920, thus bringing it in line with the interstate agreement of the central competitive fields.

It is stated that when certain financial interests discovered the Victor-American was negotiating with the union, these parties forgot their boasted principle of "having the right to run your own business" and applied every pressure to block a settlement.

Another feature of this epoch-making event was the complete ignoring of the state industrial commission in the negotiations. Under the law no wage movement can be negotiated without giving the commission thirty days' notice. While the law does not apply in this case the fact that the miners and operators refused to consult the commission in arranging their own affairs is significant.

The Rockefeller "union" receives a hard blow by the Victor-American deciding to negotiate with the bona fide union rather than attempt to fool its employes with a company-managed organization.

Employes of the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company (Rockefeller's company) will undoubtedly reject this company "union" in the very near future. They are openly announcing that they are members of the United Mine Workers' union and are pointing to the failure of representation without economic power and the futility of meetings controlled by direct representatives of the company.

Summed up, the situation for organized miners in Colorado was never brighter, and these workers are predicting that it is only a question of a short time until their persistence and their agitation will have to be formally recognized by the Rockefeller interests.

MINERS REJECT BONUS.

Charleston, W. Va., April 12.—Organized mine workers in this state have rejected the operators' offer to pay bonuses and have negotiated a contract with the following gains:

Eight-hour day for nine hours' pay; union shop and check-off system; run of mine; inside day labor, 27½ per cent increase in addition to nine-hour pay for eight-hour day; drivers increased from $2.05 for nine hours to $2.75 for eight hours; outside day labor, nine hours' pay for eight hours and 15 per cent additional increase.

For the past several months the miners' movement was honey-combed with operators' emissaries who painted glowing pictures of the bonus system.

CAR MEN SECURE INCREASE.

Toledo, Ohio, April 12.—On the anniversary of the street car strike in this city, the Traction Company has raised wages of car operatives 1 cent an hour. The advance means an additional $25,000 a year to these workers. Last year's strike was the culmination of twenty years of effort to organize Toledo street car men. The company attempted its usual tactics, but the workers tied up the lines and the management signed an agreement that increased wages and secured improved working conditions.

Communication From Machinists.

Editor The Trades Unionist:

Dear Sir—Inclosed please find under seal of Lodge No. 193, I. A. of M. a communication that has been read and approved by our lodge.

CHAS. FRAZIER, Secretary.

Washington, D. C., April 5, 1917.

Jessie A. Moore:

It would be a huge undertaking to answer such an ambiguous query as you open your communication with in the Evening Star of March 29th, as in answering the question your intelligence and ignorance of the subject you are trying to discuss would have to be taken into consideration.

Don't you think any body of men that have conducted themselves, as the locked-out employes of the company you so feebly try to defend, are worthy of the sympathy of the public when you take into consideration the fact that the men are not even asking for a living wage but wages that just about keep them from starving to death?

Can you enumerate the duties of a street car conductor?

Do you know that a street car motorman has to watch wagons, automobiles, as well as pedestrians, and is subject to a fine if he does not comply with the strict rules of the police department as well as the rules of the company.

Are you kidding yourself or trying to jostle the public when you say the men voluntarily gave up their positions? The locked-out employes of this company and 65,000 other red-blooded law-abiding citizens and true trade unionists of this city are doing as you suggest—walking or riding on a company's cars that have officers at its head who can see the advantage of collective bargaining.

If you and your clique are willing to trust your children and women under the care of such employes as the W. R. & E. Co. are now trying to operate their cars with we hope you will soon see the error of your ways and depart therefrom.

The great railroads of the entire country see the wisdom of collective bargaining as well as lots of other industrial establishments, but the railroads and other establishments that can see the advantages of collective bargaining are not officered by Rip Van Winkles.

You are surely talking Dutch when you consider the rights of the public in the present case. Your Dutch shows itself very forcibly again when you compare the discipline and efficiency of the W. R. & E. Co. with that of the Capital Traction Co., which has an agreement with the carmen.

The locked-out men do, indeed, need to be condemned but only for not having a better and more complete system of picketing in vogue.

Judging from your communication of the 29th your power of comprehension is so very small that you know nothing whatever of the rights and purposes of organized labor, and we respectfully suggest, if you can't get on the band wagon stand on the sidewalk and see the procession go by.

Washington Lodge Machinists,
No. 193,
CHAS. FRAZIER, Sec.

Statement of the Ownership, Management, Circulation, Etc., Required by the Act of Congress of August 24, 1912.

Of The Trades Unionist published weekly at Washington, D. C., for October, 1916.

City of Washington, District of Columbia, ss.

Before me, a Notary Public in and for the State and county aforesaid, personally appeared John B. Colpoys, who, having been duly sworn according to law, deposes and says that he is the owner of The Trades Unionist, and that the following is, to the best of his knowledge and belief, a true statement of the ownership, management (and if a daily paper, the circulation), etc., of the aforesaid publication for the date shown in the above caption, required by the Act of August 24, 1912, embodied in section 443, Postal Laws and Regulations.

1. That the names and addresses of the publisher, editor, managing editor and business managers are: Publisher, editor, manager editor and business manager, John B. Colpoys, 604 5th St. N. W.

2. That the owners are: John B. Colpoys, 604 5th St. N. W.

3. That the known bondholders, mortgages and other security holders owning or holding 1 per cent or more of total amount of bonds, mortgages or other securities are: None.

(Signed.) JOHN B. COLPOYS,

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 10th day of April, 1917.

(Seal.) (Signed) J. EDWIN GILES,

(My commission expires Jan. 26, 1922.)

CENTRAL LABOR UNION
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
Meets Every Monday Night
Typographica Temple
423-425 G St. N. W.
Secretary's Address: 606 5th St. N.W.
Telephone: Lincoln 4614

OFFICERS

HUGH D. DIGNEY.....President
MARY GANZHORN...V. President
N. A. JAMES.....Secretary
JOS. E. TOONE....Fin. Secretary
WM. H. SCHAFFER.....Treasurer
JOS. C. CLARK..Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES — Wm. Zell, W. W. Keeler, J. L. Considine.

COMMITTEES

Executive—Mary Ganzhorn, Chairman; Jos. E. Toone, N. A. James, W. A. Huttel, John R. Hartley, H. D. Digney and Wm. H. Shaffer.
Legislative—Jere McCarthy, Chairman; John Lorch, N. P. Alifas, Robert Jones and D. J. O'Leary.
Adjustment—W. A. Huttel, Chairman; Harry Hollohan, John Botts, Benj. Spellbring and John Schmidt.
Contract—John Hartley, Chairman; Wm. W. Keeler, W. H. Schaffer, C. H. Adams and C. C. Coulter.
Laws—Dan. Hassett, chairman; Harry Buie and R. H. Burdette.
Resolution—Jas. L. Considine, chairman; E. L. Tucker and Denis Southern.
Organization — Jos. E. Toone, Chairman; Jos. C. Clark, Henry Miller, Mary Burkhead and T. A. Franklin.
Auditing—Wm. E. Zell, Chairman; Laurence Curtin and John Deal.
Credentials—M. J. Costello, Chairman; Jas. Noyes and S. S. Parker.
Label—H. F. Oehler, Chairman, and John McGuigan.
Press—N. A. James, Chairman; John B. Colpoys and N. A. Sprague.
Delegates to Baltimore—Jos. E. Toone, Chairman; Harry Fiddesop and Sam De Nedrey.

Parker, Bridget & Co.
"The Avenue at Ninth"
Featuring
Extra Value
$15
Suits for Fall

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

UNION OPERATOR — LOCAL No. 224 — WASH. D. C. — A.T.S.E. — AFFILIATED WITH CENTRAL LABOR UNION & A. F. of L.

American. 1st st. and R. . ave.n.w
Apollo, - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Auditorium, 13th st. and N. Y. ave.n.w
Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Cosmos - - Pa. Ave. bet. 9th & 10th
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N. W.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Elite Theatre, 14th and R. I. ave. n. w.
Empire, - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Empress - - 9th bet. D and E N.W.
Favorite, H St. North Capitol & First
Florida - - 15th St. & Fla. Ave. N.E.
Garden Theatre, 423 Ninth st. n. w.
Gayety Theatre - - 513 9th St. N.W.
Happyland - - 7th bet. L & M N.W.
Home Theater, C bet. 12th & 13th n. e.
Leader - - - - - - 507 9th St. N.W.
Liberty Theatre, N. Capitol & P St.
Loewe's Columbia . . F near 12th
Lyric Theatre - - 14th near Park Rd.
Maryland - - - 624 9th St. N. W.
"M" Street Theatre, M St. near 32nd
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Odeon - - 14th and Church Sts. N. W.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15, N.W.
Palace - - - - 312 9th St. N.W.
Penn Gardens - - 21st St. & Pa. Ave.
Plaza Theatre - 434 9th st. n. w.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Regent - - 18th & Cal. Ave. N.W.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
Savoy, - - - 14th and Col. Road.
Senate Theater - - 324 Pa. Ave. S.E.
Strand, - - - - - Ninth and D.
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N. E.
Stanton Park - - 219 4th St. N.E.
Virginia - - - 614 9th St. N. W.
Washington & Park - 18th & U Sts.
Zenith Theater - - 625 8th St. S.E.

ESTABLISHED 1865 — 51 YEARS IN BUSINESS

Imperial Dry Gin

The World's Best Dry Gin—Ideal for Cocktails—75c a Qt.

CHRISTIAN XANDER'S

909 7th Street, Northwest. — No Branch Houses. Phone M. 274

CORBY'S YEAST

Leaves nothing to guess-work.
Its purity and strength are uniform.
Every baker knows what that means.
Send for samples.

THE CORBY COMPANY

STATION K. — WASHINGTON, D. C.

Representative Houses
OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

BANKS

NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burglar-proof vaults; acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth Street and New York Avenue.

WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee, etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK. A bank for the working people. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account. Ninth and G Sts. N. W.

UNION SAVINGS BANK. Commercial accounts. Three per cent interest on savings accounts. The oldest savings bank in Washington.

MICHAEL T. GREENE
Liquors and Cigars. 639 D St. N. W.

STONER'S BAR AND RESTAURANT
The, G. Stoner. 206 Seventh St.S. W.

J. CHAS. McGUIRE'S BUFFET
Federal Seal Whiskey. 519 Ninth St. N. W.

O'KEEFE'S BUFFET
P. J. O'Keefe, Prop. 904 Pa. Ave. N. W.

GLAVIN'S BUFFET
ED. J. GLAVIN 309 G Street Northwest

FRANK'S BUFFET
Fourth and G Sts. N. W. Phone M. 5572.

DAVID WALSH'S BUFFET
407 10th Street N. W.

E. E. FARLEY'S BUFFET
415 13th Street N. W.

J. J. O'DONNELL'S BUFFET
333 Penn. Avenue S. E.

HARRY'S BUFFET
631 Penn. Ave. S. E. Phone Lin. 1843

MACHINIST

G. W. FORSBERG, formerly with Forsberg & Murray, Elevators, Boilers. Eighth and Water Sts. S. W. Main 742.

GROCER AND COFFEE ROASTER

SOMERSET R. WATERS, 1342 7th St. N. W.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

RALSTON & RICHARDSON, Evans Building, 1420 New York Avenue.

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.

SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (Inc.), Soda Water, Syrups, etc. 1066 Wis. Ave. N. W.

PHOTO SUPPLIES

E. J. PULLMAN. Developing and Finishing for Amateurs a Specialty. 420 9th St. N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS

MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Ave. N. W. Our Specialty, Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

FIRE INSURANCE

FIREMEN'S INSURANCE COMPANY, Seventh Street and Louisiana Avenue.

DRY GOODS

WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings. Hosiery, a Specialty. 806-808 H St. N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

UNDERTAKERS

J. WILLIAM LEE
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY
332 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.

W. H. BUTLER CO., 607-9 C St. N. W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT

NATIONAL MORTAR CO., 1st and M N.E.

COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING CO., 3036 K Street.

DRUGGISTS

CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth St. and Virginia Ave. S. E.

DAY & CO. 5th and G Sts. N.W. 14th and P N.W., 20th and R. I. Ave. N.E.

QUIGLEY, Druggist, 21st and G Sts. N.W.

A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner 7th and P Streets N. W. N. 2372.

Building Trades Headquarters Sixth and G Sts. N. W
Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rent

WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES, TOBACCO. — COSTELLO BROS

JOS. A. WILNER & CO.

UNION CUSTOM TAILORS

Novelties in Spring and Summer Goods

Cor. 8th and G Sts. N.W.

10% DISCOUNT ON TRUSSES AND ELASTIC HOSIERY
Expert Fitters — Present this Ad to get 10% Discount — Private Fitting Rooms
PEOPLES DRUG STORES
Seventh and K Sts. N. W. — Seventh and E Ststs N. W.

"EAT A PLATE OF ICE CREAM EVERY DAY"
Carry's Delicious Ice Cream
Carry Mfg. Co., 14th and D Sts. S. E. Phone Lin. 507 or 5101

64 STORES
SHOES FOR THE FAMILY —AT— POPULAR PRICES

64 STORES
98c —TO— $3.98
G. R. KINNEY CO., Inc.
Largest Shoe Retailer in the World
729 7th ST. N. W.
64 STORES 64 STORES

Reif's SPECIAL

Is a real drink—a fine, foaming thrist-quenching beverage, which by a secret process retains all the snappy flavor.
With the taste that's THERE.
IN BOTTLES OR ON DRAUGHT.
Altemus-Hibble Co., Inc.,
1007 B St. N. W.
Phone Main 131

CORBY'S YEAST
Leaves nothing to guess-work.
Its purity and strength are uniform.
Every baker knows what that means.
Send for samples.
THE CORBY COMPANY
STATION K. WASHINGTON, D. C.

ABOVE ALL---RELIABILITY
Twenty-three years ago this office was unknown. Today it is the recognized leading dental office in Washington for dentistry that lasts and cleanliness by Dr. Weyth and staff of expert, careful, skilled dentists.
All Work Done Without the Slightest Resemblance of Pain
That has been my record for the past 23 years. Everything that will add to the comfort of our patients is provided. Every instrument must be thoroughly STERILIZED before using.
Terms of Payment to Suit. Examination Free.

My Perfect Suction Teeth Will Not Slip or Drop— $5.00 Other Sets of Teeth, $5.00 up.
Fillings, 50c to $1 up. In gold, silver, amalgam or porcelain.
Gold Crowns and Bridge Work, $3.00—$4.00 —$5.00
Open Every Evening Until 8 O'clock and on Sundays 10 A.M. to 4 P.M. Lady and Maids in attendance. All work fully guaranteed for 20 years.
Dr. Wyeth, 427-29 7th St. N.W
Opposite Lansburgh & Bro. and over Grand Union Tea Co. Largest and Most Thoroughly Equipped Parlors in Washington. Phone Main 9133.

GAYETY ALL THIS WEEK
CHAS. H. WALDRON'S
BOSTONIAN BURLESQUERS
With
Frank-Funny-Finney
in
"Lil" Ol New York
-All NEW CLEAN- FUNNY

NEXT WEEK—BILLY (BEEF TRUST) WATSON

VITAL NEED OF VICTORY AS GOMPERS SEES IT.

Labor Leader Assails the Internationalists Who Would Prevent Pushing the War to a Definite Decision Against Kaiserism.

By SIBYL WILBUR.

You want to ask me two questions. State them briefly, for there is work here to do," said Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, in his office at the A. F. of L. Building, this city.

"First, then," I said, "has the international peace movement collapsed? Are you done with industrial internationalism, world federation?

"Second, are you playing off an organization of only 10 per cent of the workers of America upon the Government as a full delivery of the labor of the country to take advantage of the nation in time of war, and to build up trade unionism for aggression after the war? This is what your recent critics say, also that you have deserted the cause of the international proletariat."

"Now, just one thing I beg of you," said Mr. Gompers; "don't use that word proletariat in talking to me or of me. My gorge rises at it. I do not think in terms of socialism, in terms of 'class-consciousness.' And when the silliness of Russion workmen appealing to German workmen to overthrow by manifesto constituted and entrenched militarism exposed—with Russia on its hands and knees in the mud, beaten down until it licks the boots of the kaiser—you ask me if industrial internationalism has broken down?

"No true American in this crucial time should try to divide the human family into classes to array one against the other," continued Mr. Gompers.

"In this country we are 100 per cent human—our fight is for all humanity, for the progress of the whole human family to higher intelligence, higher ideals, happier social intercourse. America is the first great democracy of the world. Let us remember that, and cherish above all things our democracy. For in this country we have opportunities—the greatest opportunities existing in any country on the face of the globe—the realize the full stature of a man.

"Socialism holds nothing but unhappiness for the human race. I know I'm right. It destroys personal initiative, wipes out national pride—the hearthstone of a people's culture—and, finally, it plays into the hands of the autocrats. One has only to watch its ravages in the human soul—the soul without a country. Socialism is the fad of fanatics, the sophistry of so-called philosophers, the idiocy of the so-call intelligencia—and it has no place in the hearts of those who would secure and fight for freedom and preserve democracy.

"The question Americans should ask themselves most seriously is: Is this great republic of ours worth preserving, and not what about any internationalism whatsoever at loggerheads with our great war. The internationalism of the allied democracies fighting Kaiserdom is enough at present. Is our Constitution with its provisions and guarantees—founded not only on the ideas and ideals of our forefathers, but also on their bloody sweat, their heroic deeds performed in self-forgetting sacrifice for us who came after—is that Constitution to be abrogated; yes, or even defiled by the notions of a virulent class of men calling themselves the intellectuals, or radicals, or so-called philosophers? Shall we forget what a great people has achieved to amuse ourselves with a set of blatherskites who have achieved nothing but a seditious press and platform? It makes my blood boil to think of their impudent audacity.

"There never was a country like the United States of America, a republic so altruistic in purpose and idealistic in practice. Allowing that our Government has not reached perfection, shall we for that reason tear at the breasts that have suckled us; shall we, the foreign-born (of which I am one), made foster children here, turn with taunting words and destructive hands upon the home which has sheltered all from tyranny?

"I'm not entirely incompetent to criticise the shortcomings of our Government in times of peace. I'm not one to gloss over wrongs. I've suffered for free speech myself. With other men and women I've tried to help the workers to better their condition. So far as it was in my power to be helpful, so far as I've had the light of reason given me, I've worked with others to get wrongs in American industry righted, and, moreover, when the rights were once conceded to secure guarantees.

"I know there are rascally employers who would steal back these rights with greedy, tricky contracts filled with draw-backs and jokers, and there are many employers who have never seen the light, never dreamed of co-operating with their employes, and there is yet another kind to try men's souls in the campaign for freedom and justice—these are the men who were of us and understood because they had suffered with us, who have gone over to the ranks of the oppressors of labor. And I say, in spite of all these wearisome and disheartening experiences, should I or any other worker in the cause of labor befoul our own nest? Should we shriek out blasphemy in some safe hole in the ground against American institutions?

"And if the poor oppressed foreigner escaping to this land of freedom, hardly understanding anything except that he has a bed under him for the first time in his life, a whole roof to shelter him and meat to eat, goes to some meting place for social enjoyment after his day of toil and finds there a so-called gentleman, a university graduate, a man of keen intellectual subtlety and a perverted heart who tells him this Government isn't good enough to fight for, and leads him astray into socialism—what have we got to say to that?

"Perhaps you'll agree with me that these liars are unchokable. These are the liars who say the trade unions have bound themselves over to the capitalists. Well, let them lie and print lies. Let them take what happiness they can in posing as intellectuals to the poor emigrants, preventing those children of black misery from finding the light—for a time—because they can't keep it up with their children going to public school—and let them and their agents cross the seas and help to ruin Russia, a fine job that! I for one have got through explaining to these academicians.

"Our American institutions are what our American people have thus far achieved in a national history, of which I for one am not ashamed. No reasonable man or woman, not with the glaring spectacle of Russia before him. now believes a people can live without some law, some authority vested somewhere. The President of the United States has no such power as the Emperor of Germany. He, for example, did not declare war. He had not

(CONTINUED ON PAGE FOUR)

Representative Houses
OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage

BANKS

NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burglar-proof vaults; acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth Street and New York Avenue.

WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee, etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK. A bank for the working people. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account. Ninth and G Sts. N. W.

UNION SAVINGS BANK. Commercial accounts. Three per cent interest on savings accounts. The oldest savings bank in Washington.

MACHINIST

G. W. FORSBERG, formerly with Forsberg & Murray, Boilers. Eighth and Water Sts. S. W. Main 742.

DRY GOODS

WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings. Hosiery, a Specialty. 806-808 H St. N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.

W. H. BUTLER CO., 607-9 C St. N. W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT

NATIONAL MORTAR CO., 1st and M N.E.
COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING CO. 3036 K Street.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

RALSTON & RICHARDSON, Evans Building, 1420 New York Avenue.

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.

SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (Inc.), Soda Water, Syrups, etc. 1066 Wis. Ave. N. W.

PHOTO SUPPLIES

E. J. PULLMAN. Developing and Finishing for Amateurs a Specialty. 420 9th St. N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS

MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Ave. N. W. Our Specialty, Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

FIRE INSURANCE

FIREMEN'S INSURANCE COMPANY, Seventh Street and Louisiana Avenue.

UNDERTAKERS

J. WILLIAM LEE
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY
332 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

J. E. JOY & SON
FUNERAL DIRECTORS AND EMBALMERS
Phone Col. 4157 Takoma Park, Md.

DRUGGISTS

CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth St. and Virginia Ave. S. E.
DAY & CO. 5th and G Sts. N.W. 14th and P N.W., 20th and R. I. Ave. N.E.
QUIGLEY, Druggist, 21st and G Sts. N.W.
A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner 7th and P Streets N. W. N. 2372.

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

UNION OPERATOR — LOCAL No. 224 — WASH. D.C. — AFFILIATED WITH CENTRAL LABOR UNION & A. F. of L.

American - - 1st and R. I. Ave. N.W.
Apollo - - H St. bet. 6th & 7th, N.E.
Auditorium - 13th and N. Y. Ave. N.W.
Avenue Grand - Pa. Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Belasco Theater - 15th & Madison Pl.
Bijou Theater - - 9th and Pa. Ave.
Carolina - - 11th & N. Car. Ave. S.E.
Casino - - - F St. near 7th N.W.
Cosmos - - Pa. Ave. bet. 9th & 10th
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N.W.
Crandall's Joy - - 9th & E Sts. N.W.
Dixie - - - - 8th & H Sts. N.E.
Dumbarton - - 32d & O Sts. N.W.
Elite - - 14th & R. I. Ave. N.W.
Empire - - - - 910 H St. N.E.
Empress - - 9th bet. D & E Sts. N.W.
Favorite - H St. bet. N. Cap. & 1st
Florida - - 15th St. & Fla. Ave. N.E.
Garden Theater - - 423 9th St. N.W.
Gayety Theater - - 513 9th St. N.W.
Ghent - - - - - Norfolk, Va.
Happyland - - 7th bet. L & M N.W.
Home - - C St. bet. 12th & 13th N.E.
Knickerbocker - - 18th & Col. Rd.
Leader - - - - 507 9th St. N.W.
Liberty - - - N. Capitol & P Sts.
Loewe's Columbia - - F near 12th
Lyric - - - 14th St. near Park Rd.
Maryland - - - 624 9th St. N.W.
"M" Street Theater - M St. near 32d
Navy - - 8th St. bet. D & E S.E.
Olympic - U St. bet. 14th & 15th N.W.
Palace - - - - 312 9th St. N.W.
Park View - - Ga. Ave. & Pk. Rd.
Plaza - - - - 434 9th St. N.W.
Poli's Theater - - 15th & Pa. Ave.
Princess - - - - 1112 H St. N.E.
Raphael - - 9th St. bet. N & O N.W.
Regent - - 18th & Cal. Ave. N.W.
Revere - - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd.
Savoy - - 14th & Columbia Rd.
Senate - - - - 324 Pa. Ave. S.E.
Strand - - - 9th & D Sts. N.W.
Stanton - - - 6th & C Sts. N.E.
Stanton Park - - 219 4th St. N.E.
Truxton - - N. Capitol & Fla. Ave.
Virginia - - - 614 9th St. N.W.
Victoria - - - 7th & E Sts. S.W.
Washington & Park - 18th & U Sts.
Zenith Theater - - 625 8th St. S.E.

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS

Office: 425 G St. N.W., Typographical Temple

H. S. HOLLOHAN, President, 1109 K St. N.E.
M. A. FOLEY, Vice President, 118 Seaton St. N. E.
E. B. BYRNE, Recording Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
L. LUEBKERT, Treasurer, 1314 Kearney St. N. E.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
W. L. STRATTOR, Conductor, 617 Sixth St. N. W.
A. F. MORRISETT, Warden, 425 G St. N. W.
C. H. ADAMS, Business Agent, 804 A St. S.E.

TRUSTEES

Q. L. COMER, 523 Eleventh St. N. W.
A. P. TAYLOR, 622 Eye St. N. E.
F. J. NOLTE, 24 Eighth St. N. E.

DELEGATES TO DISTRICT COUNCIL

R. H. BURDETTE, 816 K St. N. W.
E. B. BYRNE, 425 G St. N. W.
M. A. FOLEY, 116 Seaton St. N. E.
L. LUEBKERT, 1314 Kearney St. N. E.
P. W. HAMILTON, 410 Tenn. Ave. N. E.
J. H. RYAN, 1101 Eleventh St. S. E.
T. W. WOLTZ, 604 Thirteenth St. N. E.

DELEGATES TO C. L. U.

H. S. HOLLOHAN, 1109 K St. N. E.
E. B. BYRNE, 425 G St. N. W.
F. J. NOLTE, 24 Eighth St. N. E.
W. L. STRATTON, 617 Sixth St. N. W.
T. W. WOLTZ, 604 Thirteenth St. N. E.

RELIEF COMMITTEE.

P. W. HAMILTON, 410 Tenn. Ave. N. E.
J. T. CLIFT, 4115 7th St. N. W.
M. FOLEY, 118 Seaton St. N. E.
W. E. DOLAN, 413 Mass. Ave. N. W.
C. A. SWANK, 79a L St. N. E.

DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE
GABRIEL EDMONSTON, 1125 Twelfth St.

Washington District Council of Carpenters

OFFICE: 425 G ST. N.W. PHONE M. 4967
R. H. BURDETTE, President, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
M. A. FOLEY, Vice President, Local 132, U.B., 116 Seaton Street N.E.
E. B. BYRNE, Recording Secretary, Local 132, U. B., 425 G Street N.W.
A. N. EICH, Treasurer, Local 1694, U. B., 1013 Maryland Avenue N.E.
P. W. HAMILTON, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 410 Tennessee Avenue N.E.
M. A. FOLEY, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 116 Seaton Street N.E.
T. W. WOLTZ, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 604 Thirteenth Street N.E.
J. H. RYAN, Local 132, U. B., 1101 Eleventh Street S.E.

BUSINESS AGENT
C. H. ADAMS, 425 G Street N.W.

DR. JOHNSTON, DENTIST
VELATI BUILDING
Ninth and G Streets N. W.
Reasonable Prices to All Union Men

TELEPHONE MAIN 5540 — SPORTING GOODS — ATLAS — MUSICAL SUPPLIES — 927 D STREET N.W., WASHINGTON, D.C.

Established 1895 Phone M. 2036
ALBERT KAHLERT & CO.
Improved Steam Carpet Cleaners and Rug Weavers
Carpet, Rugs, Moth Proofed Free of Charge
Care of Oriental Rugs A Specialty
352 MARYLAND. AVE. S.W.

Statement of the Ownership, Management, Circulation, Etc., Required by the Act of Congress of August 24, 1912,
City of Washington, District of Columbia, ss.
Before me, a Notary Public in and for the State and county aforesaid, personally appeared John B. Colpoys, who, having been duly sworn according to law, deposes and says that he is the owner of The Trades Unionist, and that the following is, to the best of his knowledge and belief, a true statement of the ownership, management (and if a daily paper, the circulation), etc., of the aforesaid publication for the date shown in the above caption, required by the Act of August 24, 1912, embodied in section 443, Postal Laws and Regulations.
1. That the names and addresses of the publisher, editor, managing editor and business managers are: Publisher, editor, managing editor and business manager, John B. Colpoys, 604 5th St. N. W.
2. That the owners are: John B. Colpoys, 604 5th St. N. W.
3. That the known bondholders, mortgages and other security holders owning or holding 1 per cent or more of total amount of bonds, mortgages or other securities are: None.
(Signed.) JOHN B. COLPOYS,
Sworn to and subscribed before me this 27th day of March, 1918.
(Seal.) (Signed) J. EDWIN GILES,
(My commission expires Jan. 26, 1922.)

DA. MAR 1917

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE THREE)

that power. Now, whether you like the Congress of the United States or not, it is elected by the people of the United States without regard to any dominating or dictating authority, and the Congress is there to express the will of the people. The point I am making is, it was the will of the majority of the people of this democracy that we go to war. And, when they are not stopped, the so-called radicals would make the ignorant believe they have been coerced and driven into another autocratic slaughter by a President who is a dictator.

"I appreciate the rights of minorities, and believe the rights of minorities should be protected. I believe men should preserve the right to express dissent. But the expression of dissent is one thing, and the organizing of a movement to destroy the will of the majority is another—something that cannot be tolerated in a democracy, especially in time of war, with guns trained upon us. I say to all those disputers and dissenters who want to argue whether we should be at war or not, whether they be 'conscientious objectors,' international pacifists, or what not—or I would say if I had time to talk to such time-wasters—You are traitors to your country, for we are at war, and in a holy crusade to rescue liberty.

"I have said, and I believe, our country is the greatest democracy in the world. But I know there are those who believe otherwise. Be that as it may, in matters of special political detail, is it not beyond all question that liberty and conscience and freedom prevail in the democracies of the world, these democracies and democratized monarchies which are joined together to down imperialism and militarism? In a word, is not democracy worth defending? Then why should we not get on the job now, here, and when democracy comes clear of the storm then talk again of international industrialism. No doubt the future will establish that.

"To take up your second question: You ask, in effect, if roganized labor is padding its roll; and also if it is taking advantage of the nation in time of war. Padding our roll! Now, how could we do that with the census telling pretty accurately the amount of available labor, and our Executive Council reports giving the figures annually of the trade unions' membership. I know the source of such slanderous statements.

"Organized labor's agreement with the United States Government to maintain standards of the working people of the United States during the war came as the result of a conference held not primarily with the Government, but in the ranks of organized labor a month before war was declared. The Executive Council of the American Federation of Labor met with the representatives of the national and international trade unions of America at Washington on March 1, 1917, after the Executive Council had devoted three days to the preparation of a declaration of American labor's position in Peace or in War.

"The representative of practically every trade were present at this conference and listened with profound attention to the reading of the proposed declaration. They carefully considered and thoroughly discussed every paragraph, and their labors concluded with the unanimous adoption of the declaration. I wish every thoughtful American would read that document. It will stand the test of critical scrutiny. It was upon the basis of this declaration that the Council of National Defense adopted the resolution to maintain industrial standards during the war.

"I don't think I need to say any more to this second question than to tell you the membership of the American Federation of Labor is close to two and three quarter millions, and it forms a sound basis for the Government's co-operation, and for the achievement of industrial results necessary to the prosecution of the war

"The Government of the United States has pledged its faith with us. Do you know how thoroughly in sympathy with us are the members of the President's Cabinet, and the President of the United States himself? Yes, it has come, the principle for which we have contended for a half a century is recognized by our own Government. Do you think we are going to lose this recognition when peace comes again? No. Because while we fight autocracy abroad, we establish and maintain democracy at home on a sure ...se."

WAR LABOR POLICY FORMED.

The Labor Planning Board has completed its outline of a basic policy for relations between capital and labor during the war, and reported to Secretary of Labor Wilson.

--OWN YOUR HOME--
New and Desirable Houses
Randall H. Hagner & Co.
Real Estate and Insurance
1207 Connecticut Avenue
Franklin 4366

NEWCOMERS
In Washington
Can Obtain
Loans At 6%
Personal Credit
Society for Savings and Loans Bank
Under U. S. Government Supervision
522 13th St. N. W.

People's Dept. Store
JOSEPH GOLDENBERG
Wearing Apparel
FOR THE
Whole Family
FURNITURE FOR EVERY ROOM IN THE HOUSE
Open an Account
H AND PENN. AVE. S. E.

HEADQUARTERS
The New Edison
DIAMOND DISC
PHONOGRAPHS
INVALID and SICK ROOM SUPPLIES
ORTHOPEDIC APPLIANCES
TRUSSES, ELASTIC HOSIERY, ETC.
The Gibson Co., Inc.
917 G St. N. W.
TELEPHONE MAIN 1085

WE DIRECT ATTENTION to our exceptional facilities for
Making Fine Fur Garments to Order
Customers are offered the choicest selection of peltry, and orders are completed under our personal supervision, ON THE PREMISES. Reasonable prices.
SAKS FUR CO.
EXCLUSIVELY FURS
Established Over 25 Years
1212 F Street

ESTABLISHED 1893
A. GLANZMAN & SON
— TAILORS —
Union Label
Phone Franklin 1910 W
919½ Ninth Street N. W.

EXPERT WATCH REPAIRING
JEWELRY: WATCHES: SILVERWARE: OPTICAL GOODS
P. K. RICHTER
806½ Ninth Street N. W.
Formerly with Schmedtie Bros.

Super-Sanor Herb Tonic—A general tonic to strengthen the entire system, and a Uric acid solvent. Regulates the bowels, increases the appetite.
Super-Sanor Liniment—For Rheumatism, Neuralgia and kindred ailments, Sprains, Burns, Swelling, Bruises, etc.
Super-Sanor Blood Purifier—Regulates the entire system, enriches and strengthens the blood, thereby eradicating all skin diseases.
M. A. Louis & Sons
THE HERB SPECIALISTS
229 G ST. N.W.

SPECIAL TREATMENT FOR MEN
Ask for our folder on Men's Ailments

CARTER'S LUX-L
LUXURY + EXCEL = LUX-L
We took the LUX from Luxury. And the last of the word Excel. And made the hair from Dandruff free When we gave you LUX-L
KEEPS THE HARE LOOKING GOOD
CARTER LABORATORY 933 G St WASH DC

THE MILTON SCHOOL
Oxford Bldg., 14th and N. Y. Ave.N.W.
STENOGRAPHY
TYPEWRITING
ENGLISH
SPANISH
SPECIAL ATTENTION Given to BEGINNERS.
Now in larger quarters in the Oxford Building, 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.

DID YOU EVER DRINK
SAS-O?
WELL, I SHOULD "SAY SO!"
SAS-O BOTTLING CO.
1400 N. Capitol St. North 5008

Everything in Men's Wear
Sol. Herzog & Co., Inc.
Clothing, Hats, Furnishings and Shoes
602-604 Ninth Street N.W.

Dr. Reed SPECIALIST 804 17th St.
Over 30 years' successful practice in the cure of Chronic Nervous and special Diseases of Men and Women.
Catarrh, Obesity, Rheumatism, Constipation, Piles, Throat, Lungs, Brain, Heart, Blood and Skin Diseases, Nervous Debility, Kidney Diseases, Bladder Troubles, Specific Blood Poisoning, Eruptions, Ulcers and All Private Disease Cured for Life by Safe Methods. Private waiting rooms for ladies.
Office hours: 10 to 1, 3 to 6. Sundays, 10 to 12

GEO. D. HORNING
N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.
LOAN OFFICE
Free Automobile from 9th and D Sts.

Phone North 2044
ROSE BROS. CO.
Slag Roofing and Water-Proofing
2120-2122 SEVENTH ST. N.W.

Bell Brand Union-Made
COLLARS and SHIRTS
LARGE ASSORTMENT
T. HOLLANDER
NORTH CAPITAL AND H STS.

Ask Your Doctor What He Thinks of Our PRESCRIPTION SERVICE
NO-FADE BLACK HAIR DYE
Dyes faded, gray or red hair to any desired shade of brown or black. The most effective Hair Dye yet devised. Guaranteed by the maker—
F. P. WELLER.
WELLER'S DRUG STORE
Eighth and Eye Sts. S. E.
36th and M Sts. N. W.

Phone Main 6203
V. L. Speare Co.
UNDERTAKERS
Harry A. Slye, Manager
MODERATE PRICES
940 F STREET NORTHWEST

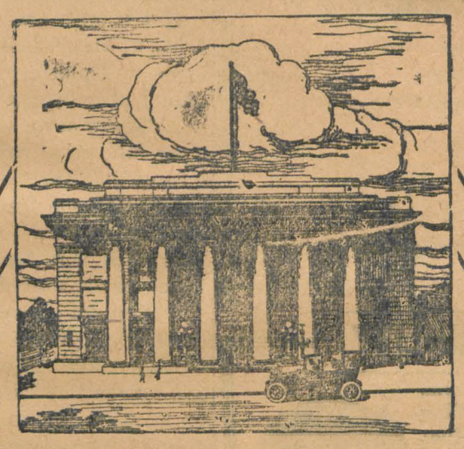
SAVE YOUR

We are at your service when you are thinking of having your eyes examined. Confident and conscientious service at moderate prices, with the knowledge of 14 years' experience. No case too difficult.
QUALITY OPTICAL CO.
438 9th St. N. W.
Opposite Crandall's

Phone M. 10058
Strangers
—in our midst will find our 24-hour Cleaning, Pressing and Mending Service a wonderful convenience. Call any one of our 8 stores. Auto will call. Clothes returned in dustproof hangers.
The Hoffman Company
Main Office, 735 13th St. N.W.

WE DO ALL KINDS OF
Job Printing
AND THE PRICE IS RIGHT
The Trades Unionist, 604-6 5th St. N. W.

Capital and Surplus $5,000,000.00



The Largest in WASHINGTON
Open An Account With Us TODAY
If you contemplate opening a Savings Account you are probably considering the best bank to handle your funds.
As a depositor in the AMERICAN SECURITY & TRUST CO. you have the combined privileges and facilities afforded by this, the strongest financial institution in the National Capital.
Money Placed to Your Credit in the New Department Will Earn.. 3% Compound Interest
Your savings will be surrounded by every safe guard. The wisdom, judgment and experience of the officers of this institution backed by the moral and financial responsibility bespeaks absolute safety.
AMERICAN SECURITY AND TRUST CO.
Pennsylvania Avenue
At Fifteenth Street
Charles J. Bell, President.
Safe Deposit Boxes in Fire and Burglar Proof Vaults
Empowered to Act as Executor and Administrator of Estates

Your Pattern of Table China

—May Be Included
—In Our Clearance
—Sale of Discontinued
—Patterns and

A Saving of From 20 to 50 Per Cent Realized

We're closing out more than a half dozen patterns of imported china that we are unable to replace. In view of the greatly increased values of china, these price savings are exceptionally noteworthy.

Dulin & Martin Co.
Pottery, Lamps, China, Glass, Silver, &c.
1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St.

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY

Equitable Life Insurance Co.
of the District of Columbia
THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.
Issues Ordinary and Industrial
Wm. A. Bennett, 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.
EQUITABLE BLD'G. 816 14th ST., N. W.

Saks & Company
MEN'S and BOYS' OUTFITTERS
Pa. Ave. & 7th St. Wash., D. C.

Specialists in Apparel for Men and Boys.

Clothes, Hats and Shoes
The Bieber-Kaufman Co.
901-909 Eighth St. S. E.
Down by the Navy Yard
Washington, D. C.

BUTLER'S RHEUMATIC and GOUT REMEDY.
A KIDNEY AND HEART TONIC
Manufactured Since 1872 By
BUTLER & FIELD
Third and Indiana Ave. N. W.
Price 50c a bottle. 6 for $2.50
For Sale By Druggists.

THE NASTY, DIRTY THINGS
—ROACHES
Don't have the neighbors talking seeing Roaches in your kitchen or dining room. Do not let your parlor be perfumed with that peculiar odor. Some night put out WELLER'S ROACH POWDER and next morning all your Roaches will be dead ones or you'll get your money back. Ain't that fair? PRICE, 15c.
WELLER'S DRUG STORE
8th & Eye Sts. S.E. 36th & M N.W.

FIREPROOF CONSTRUCTION
Hammett Fire Proofing Company
301-302-303 Wilkins Bldg.
Phone Main 3337.

Bell Brand Union-Made
COLLARS and SHIRTS
LARGE ASSORTMENT
T. HOLLANDER
North Capitol and H Streets

STORAGE PACKING FREIGHT HAULING
Merchants Transfer
— AND —
Storage Company
920-922 E Street Northwest
Phone Main 6900
SHIPPING MOVING HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

Richard Williams, unskilled laborer, 25 cents per hour, reinstated.

Andrew S. Jackson, temporary unskilled laborer, 25 cents per hour.

J. Raymond Ward, temporary pressman, 55 cents per hour.

Eugene C. Mateer, probational skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour.

Miss Rose M. Vickers, probationary cataloguer, $900 per annum.

George H. M. Dahl, Harold J. Lesh, Hermann G. Sumner, probational monotype keyboard operators, 60 cents per hour.

Michael J. Scannell, Charles A. Wolcott, Christopher G. Satterley, Joseph E. Donellan, Robert T. Bray, temporary compositors, 50 cents per hour.

Benjamin F. Ford, Paul B. Hansen, James H. Sweeney, jr., probationary pressmen, 55 cents per hour.

Joseph W. Johnson, James J. Allen, Louis C. Cunningham, Harvie L. Hatch, probational bookbinders, 50 cents per hour.

Arthur Arnts and Claude M. Morris, temporary bookbinders, 50 cents per hour.

Mrs. Otelia T. Taylor, Miss Mabel H. Krouss, Mrs. Willie M. Carlisle, Miss Eileen B. Daly, Miss Marie M. Reagan, Mrs. Mary J. Killian, Mrs. Ida A. Thompson, Miss Mary A. Sheehan, Mrs. Lillian M. Powell, probational press feeders, 25 cents per hour.

Laurence P. Holman, Edward I. Marrow, Richard W. Knight, Hobart L. Dorsey, John A. Jackson, John A. Herbert, Ottawa J. Saunders, Thomas E. Graves, Henry Rabinowitz, James W. Ingram, Robert F. Carter, Abner M. Yancey, Hugh L. Denman, Philip E. Hughes, Rufus W. Wren, temporary skilled laborers, 25 cents per hour.

Miss Nellie C. Leyburn, Miss M. B. McCallum, Miss Lillian A. Maier, Miss Mary A. C. Hooper, Mrs. Bessie E. Fair, Miss Ada S. Thompson, Miss Marion S. Jones, Miss Agnes N. Campbell, Miss Helen M. O'Brien, Mrs. Helen T. Chace, Miss Margaret E. Gorman, Mrs. Bertha D. Brown, Miss Rosa E. Brooks, Miss Leona W. Soper, Miss Mary Lappin, Miss Elsie M. Rogers, Miss Margaret L. Brown, Miss Lauretta E. Keehan, Miss Margaret R. Sullivan, Mrs. Ruth G. Johnson, Miss Mary E. Winston, Mrs. Mabel E. McIntyre, Miss Marian K. McLane, Miss Annie M. Jones, Miss Mary Carroll, Miss Viola E. McIntosh, Miss Mary M. McNamee, Miss Claudine E. Peace, Miss Mary M. Stephenson, Mrs. Bertha L. Crandle, Miss May E. Smith, temporary skilled laborers (female) 25 cents per hour.

Separations.

Hugh D. Jarrett, linotype operator, resigned.

Joseph T. Wilkinson, helper, resigned.

Edward T. Murphy, probational pressman, resigned.

Almer Cockrill, caster helper, resigned.

Louis E. Stern, counter, resigned.

Miss Alberta R. Dempsey, press-feeder, resigned.

George G. Brooks, temporary unskilled laborer, resigned.

Eugene K. DeLawder, temporary skilled laborer.

Transfers, Etc.

Arthur L. Hongpre, to electrician in charge, 70 cents per hour.

W. Brooke Hunter, jr., messenger boy, to skilled laborer, $626 p.a.

Frank J. Newton, messenger boy, 15 cents p.h., to $375 p.a.

Aaron O. Selis, messenger boy, $500 per annum, to skilled laborer, $626 p.a.

John A. Coleman, messenger boy, $420 p.a. to $500 p.a.

Howard D. Thomas, messenger boy, $375 p.a. to $420 p.a.

Leroy W. Marceron, messenger boy, 15 cents p.h. to $375 p.a.

Frank J. Corsa, messenger boy, $420 p.a. to $500 p.a.

Leroy Evans, messenger boy, $375 p.a. to $420 p.a.

Charles P. Latterner, skilled laborer, to helper, 35 cents p.h.

George L. Abendeechein, jr., messenger boy, to skilled laborer, 25 cents p.h.

William A. Murphy, helper, 35 cents p.h. to 40 cents p.h.

Richard C. Sullivan, helper, to stockkeeper, $900 p.a.

William G. Jones, temporary compositor, to probational linotype operator, 60 cents per hour.

Ellwood Frey, elevator conductor, to helper, 35 cents p.h.

William E. Cooney, mailer, to helper, $870 p.a.

David Kaplan, helper, $720 to $750 p.a.

James R. Gibson, stockkeeper, $900 to $1,000 p.a.

William M. Wilson, helper, to mailer, $840 p.a.

George F. Saur, messenger boy, 15 cents p.h. to 25 cents p.h.

Harry C. Hayne, compositor, to reader, 60 cents p.h.

Henry A. Roehn, linotype machinist, to linotype machinist in charge, 65 cents p.h.

James Sprucebank, linotype machinist in charge, 65 cents p.h. to 80 cents.

Preston L. George, messenger, 25 cents p.h. to 30 cents p.h.

Alan R. C. Benner, stockkeeper, to shipper in charge, $1,400 p.a.

Harry R. Christie, pressman, to in charge of section, 70 cents p.h.

Miss Josephine McDonald, press-feeder, to clerk, $840 p.a.

George W. Frazier, unskilled laborer, to probational skilled laborer, 25 cents p.h.

George H. Ogle, proofreader, to maker-up, 60 cents p.h.

G.P.O.COMMENT

W. T. Hastings, at one time foreman of the War branch printing office, died during the week of pneumonia. Mr. Hastings had been in poor health for several months past. After a transfer to the main office some years ago he subsequently resigned to accept a clerkship in one of the executive departments.

The April I. T. U. Journal records the death of J. E. Brister at Norfolk, Va., last month. Jimmy Brister was well known to G. P. O. employes and in the downtown section, where he was employed up to about ten years ago.

H. T. McGowan, a resident at the Printers' Home from No. 101, had a paralytic stroke recently. Last reports have it that he is improving.

Harry E. Giles, night proofroom, reported for duty Tuesday night. He is still under doctor's care, but is making a fight to ward off a serious illness.

Sunday will be "Nomination Sunday" at the meeting of Columbia Typographical Union No. 101. This usually brings out a large attendance of members to hear the flood of oratory that follows the placing of officers and delegates in nomination. In times past the hall of the Union resounded with praise bestowed upon the nominee by his sponsor. Old-timers still recall the nomination speech of Ben Hanford in nominating John L. Kennedy for delegate in 1893, in which he said that Kennedy's name was a household word in every printer's home "from the icy shores of Halifax to sun-kissed Honolulu." No. 101 still has many on its rolls who can make good presentation speeches, among which may be mentioned Tom Bynum, Joe M. Johnson, Frank Long (lino) and many others, not excepting W. H. Anglin, who is in a class by himself and has an exclusive vocabulary to draw upon in expatiating on his nominee's virtues.

Two members of the night force were brought face to face with the military necessity of preparedness last week in taking a short cut through the grounds at the filtration plant in the early morning. Being halted by the guard they made satisfactory explanation to the corporal of the guard and were allowed to proceed homeward.

J. E. Donnellan, lino night, has returned from a trip south.

George H. M. Dahl, Harold J. Lesh and Herman G. Sumner have been appointed probational mono keyboard operators.

M. J. Scannell, C. A. Wolcott, C. S. Satterley, Joseph E. Donnellan and R. T. Bray have been appointed temporary compositors.

W. G. Jones has received an appointment as probational linotype operator.

Geo. H. Ogle has been transferred from the proofroom to the rolls as make-up.

In a letter to a friend in this city, George A. Tracy, president of San Francisco Typographical Union, desires to be remembered to old friends here. Mr. Tracy is now finishing his eighth year as president of No. 21 and no doubt will be re-elected next month. His position as president includes the position of business representative, which keeps him fully occupied. Aside from the fact that he is over weight, being in the 300 class, Tracy is enjoying good health. His activities in No. 101 are being duplicated in No. 21, and the fact that he has broken all precedents, in being re-elected year after year, evidently shows he has made good in Frisco.

TEXTILE WORKERS GAIN.

Toronto, Ontario, April 12.—The Simpson mills, controlled by Joseph Simpson Sons, attempted to stop employes from joining the United Textile Workers' Union by discharging employes who attended agitation meetings. A strike was called and the management then agreed to reinstate all locked-out employes, and establish the eight-hour day with ten-hour pay. The management also agreed not to discriminate against unionists in the future.

CONVICT LABOR SYSTEM ENDS.

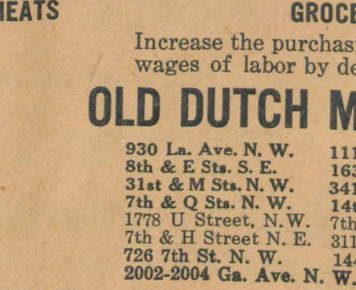
Nashville, Tenn., April 12.—Gov. Rye has signed a bill abolishing the convict labor lease system in this state, to take effect October 1, 1918.

The trade union movement was the force around which every opponent of this system rallied.

MEATS GROCERIES FISH
Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the
OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.
930 La. Ave. N. W. — 1111 H Street N. E.
8th & E Sts. S. E. — 1632 N. Capitol Street
31st & M Sts. N. W. — 3418-20 Ga. Ave. N. W.
7th & Q Sts. N. W. — 14th & U Streets N. W.
1778 U Street, N.W. — 7th and B Streets N. E.
7th & H Street N. E. — 3113 14th Street, N. W.
726 7th St. N. W. — 1440 P St. N. W.
2002-2004 Ga. Ave. N. W.
POULTRY BREAD PRODUCE

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK
Northwest Corner FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST
LOOK FOR THE CLOCKS
4 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts
COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

THE PLATE PRINTER
Official Organ Plate Printers International Union.
P. J. RYAN, Editor. CHAS. T. SMITH, Assoc. Editor.
Subscription $1.00 Per Year
Telephone 4528 Wash. Loan & Trust Bldg.

Look for the
UNION SHOP CARD


It gives our members a **Shorter Work day** *and* **Sunday Rest**
It Guarantees to You
CLEANLINESS *and* **EXPERT SERVICE**

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, F. S. Radman, 134 7th Street N.E.

Bakery Salemen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at Moose Hall, Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 395: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sundays in each month at 2 p.m., Painters' Hall, 6th and G Sts. N.W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N.W.

Blacksmiths and Helpers, Local 217, International Brotherhood of: Meets first and third Monday of each month at 650 Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, C. A. Chism, 418 Tenth street northeast.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. F. Miller, 19 Quincy Place northwest.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets first and third Sunday of the month at the Secretary, T. Guiffre, 908 Pennsylvania avenue Moose Hall, Seventh and G Street Northwest. nue northwest.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 48: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E street southeast.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G Street N. W.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles' Hall. Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 520 Rhode Island Ave. N. E.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhau, 737 10th St. s. e.

Chauffeurs and Hack Drivers Union, Local No. 115: Meets the first and third Saturday of each month, G. A. R. Building, 1412 Pa. Ave. Secretary-Treasurer, Kirk C. Sipher, Room 25, 945 Pa. Ave. northwest.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wassaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Twelfth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3800 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Paperhangers Hall, 430 Ninth Street N. W., second and fourth Thursdays of the month. Secretary, Edw. B. Finch, 33 P Street N. E.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets every Friday, at 8:00 p.m. Hall, S. E. Cor. Tenth and Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, Jas. P. Lahey, 816 5th street northeast.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and B Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hisle, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Employes' Union No. 14632: Meets second Friday of each month, Perpetual Building Association Hall. Secretary, W. M. Lynch, 409 A. F. of L. Building.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Watchmen's Union No. 14964: Secretary, Jas. H. Reed, Cor. Sec., 1228 B street southwest.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Glaziers Local No. 963: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, H. C. Turner, Mt. Rainier, Md.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, John T. Bowers, Twentieth and Twenty-first and L and M streets northwest.

Ice Cream Wagon Drivers and Helpers' Union, Local No. 111: Meets second and fourth Tuesdays at Typographical Temple, 425 G street northwest. Secretary-Treasurer, J. Neff Cline, 1211 North Capitol street.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Avenue S. E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 Twelfth St. N. E.

Laborers' Protective Union, No. 15037: Meets the second Tuesday of each month at the Cadets' Armory, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, E. E. McCormick, 1403 South Capitol street.

Laundry Workers, Local No. 110: Meets first Friday in each month at Winslow's Hall, 12 and R streets northwest. Secretary, Moten Jefferson, 550 Twenty-fourth street northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, W. N. Huttel, 1430 A St. N. E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday, 1204 Pa. Ave. N. W. Secretary, E. H. Fulton, Barcroft, Va.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. F. McDonnell.

Mill Workers Local No. 1694: Meets every Tuesday at Painters' Hall, 704 Sixth street northwest. Secretary, Robt. Reichard, 1720 Thirty-fourth street northwest.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third 2665. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Bus. Agt.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 922 Pa. Ave. N. W. Phone M. 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets second Sunday and fourth Friday in each month. Secretary, Albert Bridges 210 L st. s. e.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 420: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers' Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday of every month, Red Room, The New Ebbitt, 8 p.m. Secretary, James A. Sullivan, 3910 5th street northwest.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Raymond R. Burrows, Clarendon, Va.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Robt. J. Barrett, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month. Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 820 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressmen, No. 1: Meets fourth Monday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N.E.

Railway Carmen, Pride of Potomac Lodge, No. 313, Brotherhood of: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F streets northeast, first and third Tuesdays. Secretary, L. H. Taylor, 706 Seventh street northeast.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custodian and Janiter, 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, W. P. Cannon, 403 Twelfth St. S. E.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe, 326 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. F. Hickman, 518 Sixth St. N. W.

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Mrs. H. B. Tritipoe, 1737 Willard street N. W., Apt. 20.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10.30 a. m. and 8.30 p. m. Secretary, G. W. Calderhead, Room 412 Wash. Loan and Trust Building.

The High School Teachers' Union of Washington, D. C., No. 8: Meets in the Music Room of the New Central High School at 3.30 p. m. the second Tuesday in the months of October, December, February, and May. Secretary, G. J. Jones, Central High School.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle, 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 750 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Fridays, Typographical Temple. Secretary, L. M. Green, Langdon, D. C.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: International Secretary-Treasurer, Jas. E. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G St. N. W. Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth St. N. W.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.

WASHINGTON'S LARGEST PRINTING PLANT DEVOTED TO COMMERCIAL WORK
THE LAW REPORTER PRINTING COMPANY
COMMERCIAL PRINTERS AND STATIONERS
518-520 FIFTH STREET N.W.
WASHINGTON, D. C.
F. B. CROWN, MANAGER
TELEPHONE MAIN 828

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF THE UNITED BREWERY WORKMEN OF AMERICA
Union MADE Beer — Ale AND Porter
COPYRIGHT & TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1903
THIS IS OUR LABEL.

VOTE
Against Prohibition
DEMAND
Personal Liberty
IN CHOOSING WHAT YOU WILL DRINK
ASK FOR THIS LABEL WHEN PURCHASING BEER, ALE OR PORTER.
As A Guarantee That It Is Union Made.

Steady Gains by Carpenters.

Many Increases Are Received and Several New Locals Organized.

Indianapolis, April 12.—General Secretary Frank Duffy of the Brotherhood of Carpenters reports the following recent gains by affiliates of this organization:

Jacksonville, Ill., increased wages from 50 to 60 cents an hour; Flagstaff, Ariz., increase from $5 to $5.50 a day; Wheaton and Elmhurst, Ill., increase from 62½ to 65 cents an hour and a two-year agreement; West Chicago, Ill., from 60 to 62½ cents an hour; Hinsdale, Ill., from 55 to 57½ cents an hour.

During March these locals were organized:

Anasco, Porto Rico; Burlington, Ia., (millmen); Maryville, Tenn.; McCook, Neb.; Cheney, Wash.; Lenoir, N. C.; New Healdton, Okla.; Dexter, Mo.; Rumford, Me.; Wakefield, R. I.; Palatka, Fla.; Baker, Mont.; St. Johns, New Brunswick, Canada; Rochester, N. Y. (furniture workers); Ashtabula, Ohio; Midland, Mich.; Arkansas City, Kan.; Muskegon Heights, Mich.; Nampa, Idaho; Turlock, Cal.; Mobile, Ala. (ship caulkers); Minot, N. D.; North Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada; Thomasville, Ga. (colored); Gooding, Idaho; Montrose, Pa.; Wellsville, N. Y.; Buhl, Idaho; Brookhaven, Miss.

Style-Plus Clothes.

These clothes are manufactured by Henry Sonneborn Co. of Baltimore, Md., and sold in almost every city in the country. Over a year ago this concern locked out their employes who were members of the United Garment Workers of America and filled their places with imported strike-breakers, who purported to be members of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers, an organization not recognized by the American Federation of Labor and who seceded from the United Garment Workers and are what are commonly known in trade union circles as an outlaw organization. Repeated attempts on the part of the Baltimore Federation of Labor to settle the controversy met with failure, and during the convention of the American Federation of Labor a committee composed of international officers endeavored to bring about a settlement, but their efforts, too, met with failure, and these clothes were declared unfair by the A. F. of L. convention and the delegates urged to acquaint their membership all over the country of this fact.

Now, these clothes are sold in this city, and it is the duty of every member of organized labor to lend their assistance toward making the concern of Henry Sonneborn see the error of their way in keeping up this fight. There is no good reason for any member of organized labor of this city in wearing other than a label suit of clothes, for they are sold in many clothing stores and many custom tailors will make a suit to your measure that will bear the label, and the pioneer custom tailor in this respect is the firm of Joseph A. Wilner, 8th and G street northwest, who engaged in this business in this city because of his inability to procure work at his trade in Baltimore some few years ago on account of his being blacklisted by the clothing manufacturers of that city for his activity in the trade union movement.

Wake up brothers and show that you are consistent trade unionists by refusing to purchase any clothing or other wearing apparel unless same bears the union label, the greatest weapon in the hands of the trades unionists.

Signed, The Mc's and the O's.

HOD CARRIERS WANT MORE.

Hartford, Conn., April 12.—While unorganized workers are struggling along on a low wage rate, union hod carriers in this city are up and doing. They have asked for wage increases of 30 cents a day, effective May 1. Their present rate is $3.20, which was secured last year as the result of a strike that tied up building for two weeks.

RAILROAD LABORERS GAIN.

Rock Island, Ill., April 12.—Members of Railroad Laborers' Union No. 15,110, employed on the Rock Island railroad, suspended work to secure a wage increase of 2 cents an hour, and time and one-half for holiday and Sunday work. The management agrees to again raise wages within thirty days.

WOMEN'S 50-HOUR LAW SIGNED.

Columbus, Ohio, April 12.—Gov. Cox has signed a bill limiting the hours of women workers to fifty in any one week. Seats for women shall be supplied wherever possible.

CITY EMPLOYES' WAGES RAISED

Philadelphia, April 12.—The common council finance committee has approved salary increases for 2,500 city employes who are paid less than $1,000 a year. The increase for laborers range from 25 cents to 50 cents a day. It is stated that the committee's action is equivalent to the granting of the increases.

San Francisco, April 12.—The board of works has granted the request of its 400 laborers for wage increases and has asked the supervisers to appropriate $13,000 that rates may be increased from $3 to $3.50 a day during the fiscal year.

LABORERS' WAGES RAISED.

Omaha, April 12.—Packing house managers in this city have raised laborers' wages from 22½ to 25 cents an hour. These workers, numbering about 6,000, are unorganized.

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1
Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.

M. J. DUNNIGAN, President.....2007 14 Street N.W.
JOHN G. WOLFE, Vice-President.1023 N. J. Ave. N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W.

TRUSTEES

Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E.
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E.
Thos. L. Nevins.....504 Maine Avenue S. W.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe,.....1023 N. J. Ave. N. W
J. McElfresh,.....
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E.
A. Tenley.....964 Florida Ave. N. W.
M. Sullivan.....5631-2 15 St. S. E.

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.

Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ARBITRRATION COMMITTEE.

M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W.
M. A. Wolfe,.....418 F St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. E.
Joseph Harding.....210 13 St. S. W.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....2006 2nd St. N. W
R. Pumphrey.....223 Q St. N. W.
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W.
Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. W.

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Av.e
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Capitol St.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L St. S. W.

DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.

John Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave.
William Pollard.....522 14th St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

PHONE NORTH 2349
DONOVAN'S
FINE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS
2003 14th St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

LIST OF LIQUOR DEALERS WHO HAVE SIGNED "THE AGREEMENT."

Allen, Paul.....2 N st. n| e.
Allen, John J...807 N. C. Cap st. n. e.
Beirkle, Leopold, - 1245 H st. n. e.
Boyle, William J., 601 Mass. ave n. w.
Castelli, Vincent, 502-504 Ninth st.n.w.
Clark, C. H.....510 9th st. n. w.
Colonial Beach Boat Co.
Costello, Bros.....604 G st. n. w.
Crowley, James J.....702 E st. n. w.
Daly, T. J.....34 H st. n. e.
Daye, Wm. T.....1218 Wisc. ave.
Doyle, Wm. T....1314 Wisc. ave. n. w.
Duffy, James A. -901 1-2 E st. n. w.
Wm. R. Fosbender, 406 Ninth st. n w.
Franey, F. A.....711½ 9th st. n. w.
Frank, Mrs. M. E. - 319 G st. n. w.
Ganey, M.....615 7th st. s. w.
Glavin, Edwin.....309 G st. n. w.
Hannan, Mrs. E.....531 7th st. s. w.
Hanlon, Timothy.....822 H st. n. e.
Kelliher, J. D.....1258 7th st. s. w.
Killeen, John F.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Louis Hodges, - - 407 9th st n. w.
Lynagh, Peter J.....523 7th st. s. w.
Lynch, John.....417 9th st. n. w.
McCarthy, F. J.....910 4½ st. s. w.
McCarthy, Jas. J.....1402 H st. n. e.
McDonald, F. J.....643 Pa. ave. s. e.
McGinniss, H. J., 1001 N. Y. ave. n. w.
McGuire, J. Chas., 519 Ninth st. n. w.
McHough, Martin....1105 H st. n. e.
Milton Schmidt, - 702 7th st. n. w.
O'Connor, D. J.....100 G st. n. w.
O'Connor, Patrick F., 617 D st. n. w.
O'Connor, James.....1429 N. Cap. st.
O'Day, John T. - 921 Ninth st. n. w.
O'Donnell, James J...333 Pa. ave. s. e.
Peter White, - - - 905 D st. n. w.
Raftery, Thomas.....406 H st. n. e.
Raftery, Patrick.....225 11th st. n. e.
Roland, J. H.....511 9th st. n. w.
Scanlon, Daniel,.....103 H st. n. w.
Schroter, Conrad....3258 M st. n. w.
Schltz, Mary T.....607 G st. n. w.
Sheehan, John J., 701 North Cap. st.
Solon, Mary A., - 1003 7th st. e.
Stern, M. M.....601 7th st. n. w.
Stanton, Frank J.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Sullivan, David, 12th and E st. n. w.
Sullivan, John J., 1351 35th st. n. w.
The Casino, Frank Farenkamp (Chesapeake Beach).
Victor Buffet Co., Inc., 7th and G n. w.
Walsh, David, - - 407 10th st. n. w.
Wassman, Henry, 705 Seventh st. n. w.
Wiedeman, Joseph....629 E st. n. w.
William J. O'Leary, 733 North Cap. st.
Wininghcr, Harry 631 Pa. ave. s. e.
Wolf, Frank, - 512 12th st. n. w.

"Co-Operation—The First Principle of Success."

The following business interests are recommended by The Trades Unionist and National Labor Press Association to your favorable consideration, and solicit your patronage.

"The Velvet Kind"
Cream of Ice Creams
Ask Your Reliable Dealer
CHAPIN-SACKS MFG. CO.

Landscape Architects
Garden Furniture
J. H. SMALL & SONS
.:. Florists .:. Decorators .:.
New York City—
Waldorf Astoria, Tel. 2906 Greeley
505 Madison Ave., Tel. 8560-1-2 Plaza
Washington, D. C.—
15th and H Sts., Tel. Main 158-159

Wm. Hahn & Co.'s
RELIABLE SHOE HOUSES
Cor. 7th & K Sts.
1914-16 Pa. Ave.
233 Pa. Ave. S.E.

New Oxford Hotel
European
J. H. WEAVER, Mgr.
Pa. Ave. at 15th St. N.W.

Everything Wearable for Men and Boys
SAKS & CO.
Penna. Ave. and 7th St. N.W.

—LET—
Omohundro
—B—
YOUR TAILOR
818 F St. N.W.

RECOGNIZED UNION STORE
Parker, Bridget & Co.
The Ave. at 9th

St. James Hotel
A Special Feature—Club Breakfast
Served 6 to 11 a.m.
Noon-Day Luncheon—12 to 2:30 p.m.
Table d'Hote Dinner—5 to 8 p.m.

CRANDALL'S THEATRES
CRANDALL'S THEATRE
9th and E Sts. N.W.
CRANDALL'S APOLLO THEATRE
624 H St. N.E.
CRANDALL'S SAVOY THEATRE
14th and Col. Rd. N.W.
CRANDALL'S AVENUE GRAND THEATRE
645 Penna. Ave. S.E.

BRODT'S HAT STORE

HARRINGTON HOTEL

PROFIT-SHARING COAL CO.

CORBY BAKING CO.

Phone 2416
GEO. C. SHAFFER
Florist
Choice Cut Flowers
900 14th St.
Floral Designs

Phone Lincoln 910
T. W. Rose
WOOD AND COAL
1125 7th St. S.E.

"Survival of the Fittest"
White House Lunch
Astor Lunch

Phone M. 2725
D. N. Walford
Fine Cutlery
Sporting and Athletic Goods
909 Pa. Ave. N.W.

Washington Brewery Co.
MANUFACTURERS OF
CONGRESS BRAND
GINGER ALE
And Other Carbonated Beverages
The Only Union-Made Goods in Washington

Eisinger Brothers
Lumber and Mill Work
Doors Sash Blinds Moldings
Builders' Hardware
Branch Yard: Bethesda, Md.
2101 7th St. Tel. N. 1173 & 1174

Phone Main 3440
M. G. Copeland Co.
Awnings Estimates
Flags, Tents Cheerfully
Window Shades Given
409 Eleventh St. N.W.

ROCHESTER HOTEL
E St. N.W. Between 9th & 10th
J. W. MOSSBURG, Proprietor
Phone M. 5440

Mossburg's Restaurant
CAREFULLY SELECTED FOODS
1404 Penna. Ave. N.W.

YALE LAUNDRY

J. MAURY DOVE COAL CO.

W. W. GRIFFITH COAL CO.

Manhattan Cleaning & Dyeing Co.

Thos. W. Smith Lumber Co., Inc.
First Street and Indiana Avenue

GENERAL BAKING CO.
BUTTER CRUST BREAD

Phones Main 4277-4278-4279
Gude Bros. Co.
Florists and Floral Decorations
1214 F St. N.W.

MINTZ THE TRUNK MAN
Trunks Suit Cases Traveling Bags
LEATHER NOVELTIES
938 F St. N.W. Washington, D. C.

Page's Laundry
"Washington's Best"
620 E St. N.W.

STEUART'S GARAGE
Announces That They Have Secured a Limited Agency for
FORD CARS
Visit Our Sales and Service Station, Where You Will Receive Every Attention
See the New Type Touring Car
$360 F. O. B. Detroit
STEUART'S GARAGE
141 12th St. N.E. Phone Linc. 1203-4
L. P. Steuart Terms G. T. Steuart

Telephone North 1343
GEO. C. TAYLOR
Dealer in
All Kinds of Rough and Dressed Lumber
2101 7th St. N.W. (Ga. Ave. & W)

"Washington's Chief Fun Palace."
The Gayety Theatre
The Finest Ventilated Theatre in America.
Presenting Improved Burlesque Headed by America's Foremost Comedians, Artists and Femininities
NEW SHOW EVERY WEEK

R. HARRIS & CO.
Jewelers

GROVE LIME & COAL CO.

RICE COAL CO.

The Ask Mr. Foster Service

POLI'S THEATRE

ALLEGHENY COAL CO.

ALL PRINTERS KNOW
"If It Is Made of Paper You Can Get It at
R. P. Andrews Paper Co.
727-31 13th St. N.W.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Phones, North 9203-9204
BLICK BROTHERS
COAL, WOOD & ICE
800 Florida Avenue N.W.

Taylor-Tolley Sales Co.
Limited Agency for
FORD CARS
WITH
FORD SERVICE
Parts — Accessories
EVERYTHING FOR THE FORD
2129 14th St. N.W.

The Fashion Shop
At Washington's 42d & Broadway
Clothiers
Haberdashers
Tailors
9th and E Sts. N.W.

Everything in Men's Wear
Sol Herzog & Co., Inc.
Clothing, Hats, Furnishings and Shoes
602-604 Ninth Street N.W.

Telephone Main 4471
Hirsh's Shoe Stores
Shoe Designers and Builders
Washington's Fastest-Growing Shoe House
1026-1028 Seventh St. N.W.

Telephone Lincoln 3900-2723
Whitley's R Drug Store
First-Class Prescription Work
Quick Service and Delivery
Va. Ave., 8th & K Sts. S.E.
The Velvet Kind Pure Ice Cream

W. H. MARLOW COAL CO.

JOS. A. WILNER & CO.

HOLMES BAKING CO.

COMMERCIAL COAL CO.

SANITARY GROCERY CO.

CONNECTICUT PIE CO.

LEWIS COAL & ICE CO.

Washington District Council of Carpenters

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

ROBERT ADAM, President, Local 2563, U. B., 1511 Vermont Avenue N.W.
R. H. BURDETTE, Vice President, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
E. B. BYRNE, Secretary, Local 132, U. B., 425 G Street N.W.
F. A. SHOESMITH, Treasurer, Local 2563, U. B., 5209 Georgia Avenue N.W.
C. H. ADAMS, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 804 A Street N.E.
R. H. BURDETTE, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
H. PAGE, Trustee, Local 2563, U. B., 336½ 13th Street N.E.
ROBERT REICHARD, Local 132, U. B., 1720 34th Street N.W.
J. H. RYAN, Local 132, U. B., 1101 11th Street S.E.
FRED HOOK, Local 2563, U. B., 1528 8th Street N.W.
WILLIAM MACKIE, Local 2563, U. B., 216 Seaton Place N.E.

BUSINESS AGENT.
GEO. MYERS, 425 G Street N. W.

The only strictly
UNION TAILORING
house in the city
M. STEIN & CO.
TAILORS
Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

CORBY CAKE
AT ALL GROCERS

When in Doubt, Buy of
HOUSE & HERRMANN
FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.
N.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W

GEO. D. HORNING,
N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.
LOAN OFFICE

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

J. G. O'DONNELL, President, 122 Sixth St. N. E.
M. J. DEERY Vice President, 2407 Girard St. N. E.
THOS. W. WOLTZ, Recording Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
G. H. F. DAVIS, Treasurer, 439 Second St.S. E.
W. I. STRATTON, Conductor, 617 Sixth St. N. W.
A. F. MOIRSETTE, Warden, 425 G St. N. W.
GEO. MYERS, Business Agent, 425 G St. N. W.

TRUSTEES.

F. J. NOLTE, 24 Eighth Street N. E.
MARK REILEY, 1127 B St. S. E.
A. P. TAYLOR, 622 I Street N. E.

DELEGATES TO THE DISTRICT COUNCIL.

R. H. BURDETTE, 1207 L Street N. W.
C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
E. B. BYRNE, 425 G Street N. W.
ROBERT REICHARD, 1720 35th Street N. W.
J. H. RYAN, 1101 Eleventh Street S. E.

DELEGATES TO THE CENTRAL LABOR UNION.

C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
R. H. BURDETTE, 816 K Street N. W.
W. S. HOLLOHAN, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
C. A. SAUNDERS, 244 9th St. S. E.
LOUIS LUEBKERT, 1314 Kerney St. N. E.

RELIEF COMMITTEE.

P. W. HAMILTON, 410 Tenn. Ave. N. E.
J. T. CLIFT, 4115 7th St. N. W.
M. FOLEY, 118 Seaton St. N. E.
W. B. DOLAN, 413 Mass. Ave. N. W.
J. A. SANKER, 2606 R. I. Ave. N. E.

MILL COMMITTEE.

F. E. KETTNER, 3016 Cambridge St. N. W.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
O. A. CARTER, Rosslyn, Va.

DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

G. H. F. DAVIS, 439 Second Street S. E.

Takoma Bread
Fresh Three Times Daily
AT ALL GROCERS
Havenner Baking Company
Established 1815

LANSBURGH & BRO.
"DRY GOODS ONLY"
The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City
420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I. P. E. U.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXI. NO. 43 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, APRIL 20, 1917. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

Candidates Placed in Nomination by Typos

Large Attendance Present to Hear Speeches at Last Sunday's Meeting.

Typographical Temple was well filled by the members of Columbia Typographical Union last Sunday, largely due to the fact that the candidates for office in the Union to be voted for next month were placed in nomination. Of the speeches made the one placing W. A. Kinsolving in nomination for delegate to the I. T. U., delivered by Frank Long (lino), was considered the best. Mr. Long handled his subject well and mixed his speech with flashes of humor and bursts of metaphor that made his speech one to be remembered.

Tom Bynum placed Marsh A. Bodenhamer in nomination for president and the same office was performed by Frank D. Seiffert for W. A. Love for president.

George G. Seibold, for secretary; Jerome V. Johnson, for treasurer; W. C. Fechtig, for sergeant-at-arms, and Nulen C. Stoops, for doorkeeper, were nominated without opposition.

H. B. Goodrell was nominated for trustee, which was followed by a nomination of Phil. Nachman for the same position.

Frank D. Seiffert was renominated for vice president, and Stephens B. Simpson was likewise named for the position.

The following nominations were made for three delegates to the I. T. U. from offices under the government: Leroy D. Brandon, Albert W. Bowen, Joseph E. Goodkey, John H. Hooper, Walter A. Kinsolving, G. M. Koockogey, William S. Sill, Frank B. Smith, Arthur C. Webb and John H. Williams.

For delegate from offices not under the government Charles D. Deming (Herald) and T. Doran McCarty (Star) were placed in nomination.

For auditors (three to be elected) the three members now serving—C. W. Radley, Louis C. Vogt and Ernest J. Elwood—were placed in nomination, in addition to Gurnon R. Scott, of Judd & Detweiler Co. chapel.

The Union voted down the Goodkey amendments providing for but two delegates instead of four at the I. T. U. convention, and also defeated the proposition submitted by the laws committee providing for the appointment of an organizer temporarily by the president or the executive committee when the occasion called for such an appointment to look after conditions in the printing plants down town.

The Union appropriated $50 to the fund to entertain the Confederate Veterans next June.

Two special committees reported on cases referred to them at the March meeting, in one case dismissing the charges as trivial, and in the other providing for dual membership where a member of the Union does work that comes under the jurisdiction of another Union, the case in question being one involving the rights of Musicians' Local No. 161.

The report of the newspaper committee on apprentices showed that the newspaper chapels that took action on the proposed changes as amended in the conference recently, reported a disagreement, and further consideration was deferred by order of the Union.

HUGE PROFITS IN FIRE ARMS.

Hartford, Conn., April 19.—Low wage employes of the Colt Patent Fire Arms Manufacturing Company should be interested in the annual report of this concern, which shows profits for the year were 259 per cent, or $6,345,731.39. The capital stock of the company has been increased from $2,500,000 to $5,000,000. There are 3,874 employes on the pay roll.

Local Boot and Shoe Workers Hold Election

Vincent De Nunzio Again Selected to Head This Organization.

Local Union No. 489, Boot and Shoe Workers, at their annual election recently named the following officers to serve for the ensuing year:

President, Vincent De Nunzio; vice president, N. Filippone; recording secretary, A. Anselmo; financial secretary and treasurer, Tony Guiffre; sergeant-at-arms, Frank Moschetto; conductor, A. Guiffre; trustees, M. Ardizone, Leonardo Caposselo and N. Filippone; executive board, B. Marinari, N. Moschetto, Frank Del Vecchio, Dordo Michele, John Puletti and P. Arecco.

This local has had somewhat of a stormy career since being organized, some few years ago, by Bro. Toone, chairman of organization committee of the C. L. U. It may be little or no trouble for we Americans to conduct our organization affairs without experiencing any great difficulty. However, those of our brothers in the movement who find it difficult to master the English language are expected to meet with trying moments in the affairs of their craft.

Sunday afternoon, April 15, a very enjoyable and profitable meeting was held in Moose Hall, when a number of members who had dropped out were reinstated at $4 per member and only one member being fined. More power to the Boot and Shoe Workers' Union, and such unfair workshops as are found without a stamp to place on your work should not receive as much as a first thought from men in the ranks of organized labor.

Don't be satisfied that you are in a union repair shop if you see a card in the window—go inside and test your courage by asking to see the union stamp. If the shoe man sits still and looks blank, walk out. If he smiles and reaches under the counter or on the shelf for his seal of fair dealing—the union stamp—sit down, pull off your boots, and feel at home.

AGREEMENT ENDS STRIKES.

Cincinnati, April 19.—Possibilities of strikes and lockouts of horseshoers are eliminated by a union-shop agreement between officers of the International Union of Journeymen Horseshoers and the Master Horseshoers' National Protective Association. When a grievance arises it shall first be discussed between the employer and employes in the locality where it takes place. If it is impossible to reach an agreement the matter shall be referred to the executive boards of the two national bodies, whose decision shall be final.

The agreement establishes a minimum wage of $3.50 a day for horseshoers in all localities. Established higher rates are not affected by the agreement. The nine-hour day is recognized, with eight hours on Saturdays during the winter months. During the summer months a Saturday half-holiday with full pay will be allowed.

The agreement affects about 11,000 journeymen horseshoers in more than 400 cities and towns.

MACHINISTS WANT MORE.

Nashville, Tenn., April 19.—Practically every machine shop in this city was affected by last week's strike order of Machinists' Union No. 154, which is attempting to enforce a higher wage scale. Several employers have agreed to pay the new rate.

BREWERY WORKERS GAIN.

Jackson, Mich., April 19.—Brewery Workers' Union has signed agreements with local breweries in this city. Wages are raised $3 a week.

Government Cuts Bids For War Supplies

One Transaction Alone Netted a Saving of $2,193,696 — Steel Trust Affected by New Law.

The E. W. Bliss Company, New York, the only private long-range torpedo manufacturing concern in this country, has felt the effect of a recent statute which permits the government to set a "reasonable" price for war munitions or supplies.

The company's bid for torpedoes was declared too high by Secretary of Navy Daniels. The company cut $300 on each torpedo, but this was unsatisfactory, and the matter was referred to the bureau of ordnance with instructions to estimate a "reasonable" price. The bureau reported a cut of $1,500 on each torpedo, and the Bliss company was forwarded a cold, matter-of-fact letter, in which it was stated that:

"These prices have been determined upon in consultation with this bureau, are reasonable, and undoubtedly will result in an eminently fair and equitable profit to the company.

"You will, therefore, proceed with the manufacture of these torpedoes, giving them priority over all other work, and will do your utmost to deliver them within the time specified in the contracts under consideration."

As the law permits the government to seize the Bliss plant, the company announced that it "would gladly accept the order at the price named."

This transaction saved the government $2,193,696. The steel trust has also felt the effect of the new law and has reduced prices $18,000,000 for army and navy supplies.

PAINTERS RAISE WAGES.

Orange, N. J., April 19.—Painters' Union No. 242 has negotiated a one-year agreement that raises wages from $3.75 to $4 a day.

Augusta, Ga., April 19.—After a four-hour strike, Painters' Union secured a union-shop agreement, a forty-four-hour week and a wage increase of 5 cents an hour.

Pittston, Pa., April 19.—Wages have been increased from $3 to $3.40 a day by Painters' Union No. 488.

Grand Rapids, Mich., April 19.—Painters' Union No. 119 is winning its strike for higher wages. Over 100 of these workers are being paid the new 50-cent rate.

Peoria, Ill., April 19.—Members of Painters' Union No. 157 are now working under their new wage agreement, which raises wages 5 cents an hour.

Topeka, Kan., April 19.—A three-day strike of organized painters secured an agreement with employers. Wages are raised from 45 to 50 cents an hour.

TO MEET ON LUDLOW'S FIELD.

Ludlow, Col., April 19.—Sunday organized miners will hold an agitation meeting on the site of the tent colony where women and children were shot by armed thugs in April, 1914. In two short years the miners are in the midst of a vigorous organizing campaign and have secured a three-year contract with the Victor-American Fuel Company, one of their opponents during the 1913-14 strike.

OPPOSE STATE PRINT SHOP.

Cedar Rapids, Iowa, April 19.—The Typographical Union has refused by a unanimous vote, to oppose legislation intended to abolish the state printing office. The contract system, giving a preference to union shops in the state, is favored.

Printers Again Protest Appointment

Union Desires to Co-operate to Make Printing Courses of Value to Students.

At the meeting of the board of education on Wednesday, April 18th, a further protest was made by representatives of Columbia Typographical Union regarding the appointment of a former skilled laborer at the Government Printing Office to be an instructor of printing in the colored high school.

The delegation consisted of G. M. Koockogey, chairman; Frank A. Evarts and President E. W. Morcock.

After pointing out that the only interest of the Union was to promote the efficiency of the printing courses in the schools, Mr. Koockogey stated that the Union felt obliged to protest this appointment and that it tended to destroy the confidence of the Union in the school system. The Union earnestly desired to co-operate with the board, he stated, in making these courses of value to the students and to the printing trade.

Dr. Van Schaick took exception to some of Mr. Koockogey's remarks and called on President Morcock for a statement. Mr. Morcock suggested a conference after the meeting, and Dr. Van Schaick and Supt. Thurston met the committee following the meeting.

In this conference Messrs. Morcock and Evarts defended Mr. Koockogey, stating that while he might not have been diplomatic, he was simply representing his organization to the best of his ability and deserved its support. Dr. Van Schaick expressed his desire for a better understanding and good feeling was finally restored.

Mr. Koockogey explained that he was endeavoring to arrange for a meeting between his committee and one from the employing printers, to consider the entire subject of printing in the schools and agree on recommendations to submit to the board. The president and superintendent promised to see that such a report would receive full consideration and the conference broke up with a more encouraging outlook than had existed for some time.

LABOR EDITORS TO MEET.

Springfield, Ill., April 19.—Secretary-Treasurer Woodmansee of the International Labor Press of America has issued the call for the annual convention of labor editors to be held at St. Louis, Mo., beginning Tuesday, May 8. The meetings will be held at the Majestic hotel, which will also be convention headquarters. Secretary Woodmansee states that the association has made good progress during the year, and his report will show that the membership has increased about 40 per cent. President Gompers and Secretary Morrison of the A. F. of L. have been invited to make addresses, and an invitation is extended all labor papers, whether members of the association or not, to be present at this time.

UNIONS TO AMALGAMATE.

Indianapolis, April 19.—A meeting will be held in this city April 16 by representatives of the United Brotherhood of Leather Workers on Horse Goods and the Travelers' Goods and Leather Novelty Workers' International Union for the purpose of discussing an amalgamation of these organizations. This is the second conference these unionists have held.

MINERS WIN YEAR-OLD STRIKE.

Freeport, Pa., April 19. — After a year's strike United Mine Workers' Union has secured an agreement with the Kerr Coal Company, which accepts the prevailing rates.

"Can't-Strike" Law Is Totally Discredited

State Officials Laughed at When They Threaten to Jail Unionists Who Quit Employment.

Denver, April 19.—Colorado's "can't-strike" law, which was widely heralded as the solution for industrial ills, is so thoroughly discredited by organized workers that state officials are laughed at when they threaten to jail or fine unionists who dare quit their employment without the consent of some politician.

Denver painters and carpenters are the latest to make good the notification to the last legislature that if this law is not repealed, workers will exercise their rights as American citizens.

Members of Painters' Union No. 79 were ordered by the state industrial commission to remain at work until their wage demands were investigated. The union's officials notified the commission that a strike would be called if wages were not raised 7½ cents an hour. Many contractors signed the agreement, but 200 of the 700 painters were forced to suspend work. The commission then "cited" about a score of the strikers to appear before this august body and "give testimony." Threats of fine and imprisonment were laughed at by the strikers, who declared that they would stay in jail or at union headquarters until their demands were granted. After four days the commission gravely announced that the painters' demands were just and should be granted. The contractors yielded and now pay their workers $5 a day instead of $4.40.

The Carpenters' District Council has had a similar experience with the state industrial commission, which insisted that this wage movement should be "investigated," according to law. The carpenters expressed regrets, but announced that in the management of their own affairs their date for suspending work would not permit of state investigation. The contractors then entered into conference with their employes and after a short session wages were raised 5 cents an hour until October 15, when an additional 5 cents an hour will meet the carpenters' original demand.

NEW TEXAS LEGISLATION.

Austin, Tex., April 19.—A new employers' liability law has been passed by the state legislature. The law makers first expressed much opposition to the plan, but this was nullified after the state industrial board, the executive committee of the state federation of labor, the employers' organization and others agreed upon an amended bill.

Other legislation secured is a mothers' pension, free text books amendment to the state constitution, establishment of a department for the registration of vital statistics, child labor law strengthened.

TAILORS RAISE WAGES.

Pittsburgh, Pa., April 19.—Journeymen Tailors' Union No. 131 has negotiated a successful wage movement, after a short strike. Rates are increased 10 per cent and improved working conditions are assured.

The successful ending of this movement was possible after insistent agitation that increased the union's membership.

ATTENDING CONVENTION.

Quite a number of local labor leaders are in Cumberland, Md., attending the annual convention of the Maryland State and District of Columbia Federation of Labor, which convened Monday last for a five-day session.

The Central Labor Union is represented by N. A. James, its secretary.

Profiteers Checked by Strict Federal Statute

President Has Power to Seize Plants Charging Excessive Prices for Munitions.

New York, April 19.—In Wall street it is agreed that the day for unbridled war profits is gone and that the Washington administration has concluded that if some people must contribute their lives, other people must at least be checked in an exploitation heretofore associated with war.

While many business concerns are placing their plants at the disposal of the government, it is not generally known that recent legislation empowers the president of the United States to seize these plants any time he believes excessive charges are insisted upon or whenever the management of any plant does not give the government preference in the filling of orders during war or when war is imminent.

It is whispered in financial circles that the reason managers of copper mines reduced the price of copper for government use to 17 cents, or one-half the present market price, was because these managers became aware that federal authorities were preparing to set their own price on copper and that the 17-cent mark was made in the hope that prices would not be placed below that figure.

Under the army re-organization act, passed last year, the President is given unlimited authority to take immediate possession of any concern whose management refuses to give precedence to United States orders for military supplies in time of war or when war is imminent.

Seizure is also provided in the event of failure to refuse to furnish arms, ammunition, or parts of ammunition, or other supplies or equipment, "at a reasonable price as determined by the secretary of war."

Under this law "confiscation," "running our own business," and other shibboleths of business men are discarded as terms of other ages. Violation of this statute is declared a felony and the responsible heads of the offending individual, firm, company, association or corporation shall, upon conviction, be imprisoned not more than three years and fined not exceeding $50,000.

ABOLISH SUNDAY WORK.

Denison, Tex., April 19.—The Butchers' Union has secured agreements with practically every shop in this city. Sunday work is abolished.

Dallas, Tex., April 19.—Organized butcher workmen are agitating for Sunday closing. They are protesting against a condition that forces them to labor until midnight Saturday and be at the shops early Sunday morning.

Rock Island, Ill., April 19.—After a two-week strike members of Butcher Workmen's Union employed at the Kohrs Packing Company have raised wages.

PAPER MAKERS WIN STRIKE.

Deferiet, N. Y., April 19.—The St. Regis Paper Company has signed an agreement with the unions of paper makers, the pulp, sulphite and paper mill workers and the stationary firemen, after a strike that started May 8, 1915. None of the officials or directors of the company who were responsible for the strike are now connected with this concern.

BRICKLAYERS ADVANCE.

Danbury, Conn., April 19.—Bricklayers, Masons and Plasterers' Union has negotiated a new agreement. Wages are increased from $4.50 to $4.80 a day.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF [Allied Printing Trades Council Washington] FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., APRIL 20, 1917.

WORKINGMEN AND THE WAR.

BY THE REV. CHARLES STELZLE.

What is the workingman to get out of this war? Everybody knows that millions of toilers throughout the world are sacrificing their lives and that most of the suffering is yet to come. We have been told repeatedly that war is hell—and so it is.

But put it down as a fact that out of this world-war there will come new ideals of democracy. These will be purchased at a terrible cost and the present generation may not benefit fully because of it.

And yet—isn't this always the way great blessings are brought to the race. Nothing worth while is ever secured excepting through somebody's sacrifice and suffering. Who would have thought six months ago that the czar would abdicate and that the horrible conditions which have cursed Russia for so many years would in a few days be a thing of the past. But the freedom in Russia was purchased with the blood of martyrs.

Who knows what may happen in Germany—even before this article is printed? Or Austria? Or England—yes, the United States? For does any one imagine that our country will escape?

When the rest of the world is paying its price for the purchase of redemption can the foremost republic of this generation hold itself aloof? Undoubtedly America will receive its share of the blessings, but it will also be compelled to pay its share of the cost. What that cost will be no one dares prophecy.

For generations we have been comfortable in the belief that we were a continent unto ourselves, that the affairs of the Old World did not materially affect us. We flattered ourselves that we had within ourselves all the resources necessary for our maintenance and that the nations of the Old World might destroy each other to their hearts' content—so far as we were concerned. We would go on our way quite independent of any catastrophe that might occur across the seas—and yet almost in a day we find ourselves in the midst of the whirlpool. All of which teaches us that "no man liveth unto himself and no man dieth unto himself."

The interests of all mankind are one. The affairs of our brothers are our affairs. This is what makes the labor movement so challenging an enterprise. Organized labor is fighting not only its own battles—it is fighting the battles of our common humanity, and this should give strength to the arm and nerve and backbone and courage and grit and everything else that is needed in the fight for social and economic justice. Above everything else we may be cheered by the certainty of final victory.

Casting bread upon the waters is probably a commendable thing to do, but at ten cents a loaf it comes rather high.

An Englishman would rather watch a Zeppelin descend in flames than see the finest display of fireworks ever devised.

A pessimist predicts that beans in bean soup will be as scarce as oysters in oyster stews. It's hard to be cheerful with people like that.

Women are warned that after the war there is likely to be a husband famine. But perhaps the women will not worry over not getting the husbands as long as they can keep the jobs.

WAR INCREASES LABOR'S VALUE.

Under war conditions a great army of producers become suddenly an army of non-productive consumers. War makes labor scarce and therefore dear. Conservation of human resources becomes a very vital matter, not only to endure the strain while war is in progress, but also to withstand the readjustment and world competition that will follow. If protective standards for labor should be mistakenly set aside, as a war measure, it may require a struggle to regain them with the coming of peace. And the nation's strength, both in war and peace, will suffer. The time to begin labor conservation is now.

CONSCRIPTION UNNECESSARY.

BY GRANT HAMILTON.

"Labor must sacrifice its freedom and do and die,
And it mustn't even speak or ask the reason why."

Since April 5 a state of war has existed between this country and Germany. Congress has pledged the manhood and wealth of this nation to conduct an armed conflict. The citizenship of America is bound by this declaration to assume the responsibility and bear the burdens of a war in which they are to have small influence in directing, if those who are most vitally concerned do not quickly and vehemently register their protest against autocratic proposals now under consideration.

That the United States should be supported loyally by its people in the impending struggle is not a debatable question. Our country will be defended as valiantly in the present crisis as it has been in former conflicts, but this occasion must not be made the opportunity for fastening upon this nation militarism. Like every other country, we have our Junkers.

Immediately following the declaration of a state of war by Congress, from every quarter of the United States there came insistent demands that Congress adopt a conscription law. These demands proceed largely from those who hold investments—the American Junker class.

For over 140 years we have indulged in the glorification of our democratic institutions. We fought the war of independence in 1776 by a volunteer force. The second war of independence of 1812 was fought and won by volunteers. Out of 4,000,000 males qualified for military service at the opening of the civil war 1,000,000 volunteered the first year. In fact, Secretary Stanton sent out notice after the first call for volunteers that the call had been "oversubscribed." Later on, in 1863, Congress did pass a "draft" law, but President Lincoln, although opposed to it, accepted the alternative because of the desperate situation then existing. However, the draft, according to the best information obtainable, was responsible for the enlistment of only 61,947 men for Union army. This was 2.3 per cent of the total forces of the entire war, and 4.5 per cent of the forces raised after the draft was authorized.

During the last Congress the Chamberlain bill providing for universal service made its appearance. Its introduction was, as now appears, the overture to a general plan to revolutionize our democratic institutions and place them upon a military basis. Prussian militarism is based on universal service. Aside from the concrete reasons assigned for entering the war with Germany the public mind is expected to accept the added reason that we also are to assist in crushing militarism. In carrying out the latter, however, the present program is plunging the American people into the very form of militarism which it is proposed we are to crush.

That the undemocratization of our institutions is making headway it is only necessary to point out that the military affairs committee of the House of Representatives is now holding secret sessions, with officials of the war and navy departments closeted with the committee, conscription being under consideration.

From statements of government officials it is evident that the purpose is to secure authority from Congress to conscript an army of 1,000,000 men during the next year. The plan of raising a volunteer army is not being considered. With the present state of mind of the citizenship it has undoubtedly been concluded by the American Junkers that under the war clouds obscuring the normal vision a favorable opportunity is presented to fasten upon this nation a military establishment which can never be shaken off.

The American Junkers are not unwise. Among them are the keenest minds and shrewdest manipulators of the country. They look far into the future and cunningly devise methods by which they hope to achieve wealth and power for themselves, even though their success means the destruction of our national ideals and beliefs that a democracy of the people can be maintained and perpetuated by the voluntary response of the people in times of stress.

In the ebb and flow of history it is unerringly recorded that with the advance of militarism, democracy of the people recedes. The United States (with its incomputable resources and vast accumulated wealth, owned and controlled by the American Junker class) is controlled by a democracy of the people, and wealth, at least to some degree, is compelled to assume the burdens of government and accept a modicum of regulation.

Under the present stress of war the first favorable opportunity which has been presented to the American Junkers for a century to engraft upon this government militarism every economic and political wire is freighted with energy in an effort to commit the United States to an old-world war policy.

TRUST WAGE INCREASE CAN'T CONCEAL PROFITS

While the public press is jubilant over wage increases announced by the United States Steel Corporation, comparative mention is seldom made of the trust's profits during the past year. It is stated that wages have been raised during the last fiscal year from $176,800,864 to $263,385,502.

In round numbers this means an additional $87,000,000 to workers and salaried employes, office men, managers, superintendents, etc. It is stated that the last increase of 10 per cent will benefit "fully 90 per cent of the corporation's 25,000 employes." It is not stated who the 25,000 unfortunate employes are, although some unionists are guessing that the lowest paid of these unorganized workers are the overlooked 10 per cent.

Against this total wage increase of $87,000,000 during the past year can be placed the annual report of the corporation, issued recently, wherein it is stated that the profits for 1916 were $201,835,584, and $44,260,374 for the previous year. This means that the steel trust's profits last year were five times greater than the year before, or a net income of nearly $40 on each share of common stock, after millions of profits were sidetracked into other funds by means of scientific bookkeeping.

Despite the trust's wage increases, the New York Times makes this acknowledgment:

"Labor's share in the gross receipts of the steel corporation last year was smallest, in point of percentage, for any year of the corporation's history, despite the several increases put into operation."

To prove its point, the Times quotes statistics in the Annalist, a local financial paper, which shows labor's per cent of available receipts in 1908 was 54.3, and last year, when most of the wage increases were made, the per cent dropped to 43.4, although the trust's share of available receipts broke all records.

HELENA.

The sunrise was heralded by the thrush,
The silver waters lapped.
Waking from their mystic dreaming,
The vigil a fond mother kept.
The croon of the water's music,
Had fainter and fainter grown.
They drosed away into silence,
While the dim eyes watched alone.

The virgin blush of the morning
Crept into the eastern skies,
And dimpled the face of the waters
Into smiles of glad surprise.
It was her own pure beauty,
That flowered thro the night,
Her sweet magical face just risen,
More fair in the dreaming light.

HELEN NELSON DOOCY.

Wash., D. C., April 11, 1917.

ESTABLISHED 1865 — 51 YEARS IN BUSINESS

CHRISTIAN XANDER'S

Famous Melliston

Will Cure That Cough — 75c a Bottle — Only at

909 7th Street, Northwest.

No Branch Houses. Phone M. 274

CORBY'S YEAST

Leaves nothing to guess-work.
Its purity and strength are uniform.
Every baker knows what that means.
Send for samples.

THE CORBY COMPANY

STATION K. — WASHINGTON, D. C.

Representative Houses

OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

BANKS

NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burglar-proof vaults; acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth Street and New York Avenue.

WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee, etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK. A bank for the working people. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account. Ninth and G Sts. N. W.

UNION SAVINGS BANK. Commercial accounts. Three per cent interest on savings accounts. The oldest savings bank in Washington.

MICHAEL T. GREENE
Liquors and Cigars. 639 D St. N. W.

STONER'S BAR AND RESTAURANT
The, G. Stoner. 206 Seventh St.S. W.

J. CHAS. McGUIRE'S BUFFET
Federal Seal Whiskey. 519 Ninth St. N. W.

O'KEEFE'S BUFFET
P. J. O'Keefe, Prop. 904 Pa. Ave. N. W.

GLAVIN'S BUFFET
ED. J. GLAVIN 309 G Street Northwest

FRANK'S BUFFET
Fourth and G Sts. N. W. Phone M. 5572.

DAVID WALSH'S BUFFET
407 10th Street N. W.

J. J. O'DONNELL'S BUFFET
333 Penn. Avenue S. E.

HARRY'S BUFFET
631 Penn. Ave. S. E. Phone Lin. 1843

MACHINIST

G. W. FORSBERG, formerly with Forsberg & Murray, Elevators, Boilers. Eighth and Water Sts. S. W. Main 742.

GROCER AND COFFEE ROASTER

SOMERSET R. WATERS, 1342 7th St. N. W.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

RALSTON & RICHARDSON, Evans Building, 1420 New York Avenue.

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.

SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (Inc.), Soda Water, Syrups, etc. 1066 Wis. Ave. N. W.

PHOTO SUPPLIES

E. J. PULLMAN. Developing and Finishing for Amateurs a Specialty. 420 9th St. N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS

MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Ave. N. W. Our Specialty, Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

FIRE INSURANCE

FIREMEN'S INSURANCE COMPANY, Seventh Street and Louisiana Avenue.

DRY GOODS

WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings. Hosiery, a Specialty. 806-808 H St. N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

UNDERTAKERS

J. WILLIAM LEE
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY
332 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.

W. H. BUTLER CO., 607-9 C St. N. W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT

NATIONAL MORTAR CO., 1st and M N.E.

COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING CO., 3036 K Street.

DRUGGISTS

CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth St. and Virginia Ave. S. E.

DAY & CO. 5th and G Sts. N.W. 14th and P N.W., 20th and R. I. Ave. N.E.

QUIGLEY, Druggist, 21st and G Sts. N.W.

A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner 7th and P Streets N. W. N. 2372.

Building Trades Headquarters Sixth and G Sts. N. W
Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rent

WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES TOBACCO. — COSTELLO BROS

JOS. A. WILNER & CO.

UNION CUSTOM TAILORS

Novelties in Spring and Summer Goods

Cor. 8th and G Sts. N.W.

Garden and Lawn Tools

—OF SUPERIOR WORTH

Phila. Lawn Mowers

12-inch width.....$3.25
14-inch width.....$3.50
16-inch width.....$3.75

Ball-Bearing Lawn Mowers

16-inch width.....$14.00
18-inch width.....$15.00

Malleable Garden Rakes....40c
Wooden Lawn Rakes.....30c
Hedge Pruning Shears....$1.75

Electrical Woven Rubber Hose—does not crack or break. The most durable Hose made. Price, per foot, 25c.

Fine quality Garden Hose, per foot.....20c
Iron Hose Reels.....$3.25
Brass Hose Nozzles.....40c
Steel Sickles.....75c
Steel Trowels.....10c
Pruning Shears.....50c
Garden Weeders.....10c
Brass Fountain Mist Sprinklers...40c
Galvanized Water Sprinkling Cans.....70 Up

Dulin & Martin Co.
1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY

Equitable Life Insurance Co.
of the District of Columbia

THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Issues Ordinary and Industrial

Wm. A. Bennett, 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.

EQUITABLE BLD'G. 816 14th ST., N. W.

Saks & Company

MEN'S and BOYS' OUTFITTERS
Pa. Ave. & 7th St. Wash., D. C.

Specialists in Apparel for Men and Boys.

Clothes, Hats and Shoes

The Bieber-Kaufman Co.
901-909 Eighth St. S. E.

Down by the Navy Yard

Washington, D. C.

BUTLER'S RHEUMATIC and GOUT REMEDY.
A KIDNEY AND HEART TONIC
Manufactured Since 1872 By
BUTLER & FIELD
Third and Indiana Ave. N. W.
Price 50c a bottle. 6 for $2.50
For Sale By Druggists.

WELLER'S MANGE MEDICINE FOR DOGS

A Splendid Remedy for Mange and other Skin Diseases in Dogs

Directions: Apply all over the animal, rub well into the skin and don't wash off. Repeat in a few days.

Price, 25 Cents

WELLER'S DRUG STORE
8th & Eye Sts. S.E. 36th & M N.W.

FIREPROOF
CONSTRUCTION
Hammett Fire Proofing Company
301-302-303 Wilkins Bldg.
Phone Main 3337.

Bell Brand Union-Made
COLLARS and SHIRTS
LARGE ASSORTMENT
T. HOLLANDER
North Capitol and H Streets

STORAGE PACKING FREIGHT HAULING
Merchants Transfer
— AND —
Storage Company
920-922 E Street Northwest
Phone Main 6900
SHIPPING MOVING HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

James W. Hall, William N. Suter, Joseph R. Ford, Wallie Hamilton, Charles Coates and Edward Shephard, emergency unskilled laborers, 25 cents per hour.

Thomas H. Collins. William B. Babbington, Cletus D. Lesher, Edward J. Newton, John W. Fainter, John W. Hawkshaw, Arthur J. Thomas, Raymond V. George, emergency messenger boys, 15 cents per hour.

Gilbert H. Haas, Clayborne George, Morris H. Murray, Raymond McConnell, Roland O. Groomes, temporary skilled laborers, 25 cents per hour.

Frances A. McGhan, Elizabeth G. Cooksey, Margaret A. Daly, Alice S. Henson, Mae C. Deery, Mary I. Robinson, Mary A. Tait, Ethel E. Mann, Eva E. Duckett, Madeline C. Simpson, Ethel Carter, Eva M. Holland, Eva P. Riddick, Calanthe E. M. Coggins, Viola M. Baumgartner, Gertrude H. Stokes, Gertrude H. Averett, Elsie M. Peyton, Maude L. Wagner, Evelyn V. Carter, Mrs. Bertha B. Lomack, Mrs. Annie B. Parks, Mrs. Louise M. Browne, Mrs. Hazel D. Boone, Mrs. Sarah C. P. Lewis, Mrs. Lillian Gibbs, temorary skilled laborers, female, 25 cents er hour.

Frank R. Trimble, James T. Shrigley, temporary compositors, 50 cents per hour.

Charles A. Munzner, temporary bookbinder, 50 cents per hour.

Charles B. Chandler, John S. Corridon, Carl M. Skinner, probational skilled laborers, 25 cents per hour.

Miss Margaret R. Toner, probational pressfeeder, 25 cents per hour.

Vincent J. Hart, messenger boy, 15 cents per hour, reinstated.

John S. Hillyard, skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour, transferred from Department of Interior.

Miss Bessie W. Fuge, Miss Fannie L. Madella, Miss Aramenta H. Anderson, Miss Marguerite T. Jones, Miss Nellie E. Hawkins, Miss Marie E. Crier, probational skilled laborers (female) 25 cents per hour.

Separations.

Mary P. McCallum, Mary M. McNamee, Annie M. Jones, temporary skilled laborers, resigned.

Ambrose Richardson, Alphonsis W. Schwabel, Eugene C. Mateer, William W. Duncan, probational skilled laborers, resigned.

William H. Covert, compositor (probationary), resigned.

Louis W. Muller, helper, resigned.

Henry Rabinowitz, temporary skilled laborer.

Andrew C. Butsch, probational pressman, resigned.

Alfred J. Baker, caster helper, resigned.

John W. F. Bell, skilled laborer, resigned.

Henry Frahm, bookbinder, resigned.

George R. Erler, bookbinder.

Leroy Evans, messenger boy, resigned.

William M. Wilson, mailer, resigned.

Charles A. Morgan, copy editor.

Samuel T. Kennedy, temporary compositor, resigned.

Transfers, Etc.

Mrs. Bertha D. Brown, Miss Mary Lappin, temporary laborers, to probational skilled laborers, 25 cents per hour.

Henry A. Sweeney, John J. Dolan, jr., messenger boys, to skilled laborers, $626 per annum.

John C. Ballard, Paul S. Fogle, messenger boys, $375 to $420 per annum.

Roland H. Spence, Harvey H. Graves, messenger boys, $420 to $500.

Stephen A. Miller, messenger boy, to skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour.

Charles W. McDonald, messenger boy, 15 cents per hour, to $375 p.a.

Joseph I. Gleason, J. Anthony Gallagher, Thomas F. Silk, skilled laborers, 25 cents per hour, to helpers, 30 cents per hour.

Ulysses Mackall, Joseph F. Fleming, skilled laborers, to helpers, 35 cents per hour.

Wilver Conner, Harry F. Ismer, H. B. Matchett, jr., skilled laborers, to caster helpers, 35 cents per hour.

Edward A. Newman, Ralph C. Hargett, helpers, 30 to 35 cents per hour.

Bernard C. Combs, assistant messenger boy, to helper, $750 per annum.

Harry Matthews, helper, 40 to 50 cents per hour.

John F. Scott, stockkeeper, 40 to 45 cents per hour.

Thomas J. O'Connor, helper, $750 per annum, to mailer, $840 per annum.

John C. Johnson, skilled laborer, $626 per annum, to assistant messenger, $720 per annum.

John H. A. Fowler, skilled laborer, $626 per annum, to counter, 35 cents per hour.

Carl Van White, pressman in charge, 65 cents per hour, to pressman, 55 cents per hour.

Miss Celeste S. Smith, skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour, to machine operator, 27½ cents per hour.

BUTTON WORKERS ADVANCE.

Albany, N. Y., April 19.—The senate has approved a new pension system for New York city public school teachers. An unsuccessful attempt was made to limit pensions to $2,000.

G.P.O.COMMENT

M. J. Scannell, now employed as a temporary compositor in the G. P. O., is well known to employes of fifteen or twenty years ago, when he was employed in the old First Division. Mr. Scannell looks well after his long absence and finds many changes since he left the G. P. O.

H. C. Hayne is back in the proofroom, this time as a regular.

C. A. Morgan (proofroom), who has been ill with blood poisoning for several months, is again in the hospital, where an effort will be made to treat his leg to save its amputation.

Phil. Baker (proofroom, night), having reported great catches of perch in the upper Potomac, has aroused the interest of the printer-fishermen and started them back to the stream.

W. J. O'Neal (foundry), who has been in the Homeopathic Hospital for the past two weeks, fighting off an attack of pneumonia, will leave for Cincinnati, Ohio, for a couple of weeks in order to recuperate from his illness.

The overtime run in the pressroom has been discontinued, due, it is said, to shortage of paper.

M. A. Bodenhamer has returned to the night proofroom as copy editor, the detail at the Capitol having completed its work in getting out the Congressional Directory.

Frank R. Trimble and James T. Shrigley have been appointed temporary compositors.

W. H. Covert, probationary compositor, has resigned.

Get on a winner:

K
BOWEN
HOOPER
McCARTY
KINSOLVING
BRANDON
GOODKEY
WEBB
Y

TERM "LAWFULLY" DEFINED.

Chicago, April 19.—Opponents of labor's anti-injunction bill are claiming that this legislation would permit strikers to invade the premises of employers and roam at will through factories and shops. Secretary Olander of the state federation of labor calls attention to this section of the proposed law:

"Or from attending at any place where any such person or persons may lawfully be."

In denying that labor is attempting to slip a "joker" into the law, the trade unionist quotes section 268, Hurd's revised statutes, chapter 38, criminal code:

"Whoever, without authority of law, and not being the owner or agent of adjoining lands, enters the coal bank, mine, shaft, manufactory, or place where workmen are employed, of another, without the expressed or implied consent of the owner or manager thereof, after notice that such entry is forbidden, shall be fined not exceeding $200, or confined in the county jail not exceeding six months, in the discretion of the court."

BARBERS STRIKE; RAISE WAGES

Miles City, Mont., April 19.—After a twenty-four-hour strike, employing barbers agreed to the demands of Barbers' Union No. 615—$21 a week and 60 per cent over $33.

Wilkes-Barre, Pa., April 19.—The Barbers' Union has secured substantial wage increases as the result of a strike that involved practically every shop in this city.

ACTIVE IN DECATUR.

Decatur, Ill., April 19.—Building trades unionists have secured substantial wage increases, effective the first of the month. Carpenters raised wages 10 cents an hour; plumbers, 7½ cents; electricians, 5 cents; hod carriers, 5 cents; painters, an average of 2½ cents.

BAKERS SECURE UNION SHOP.

Louisville, Ky., April 19.—The Tip-Top bakery has signed a union shop agreement with Bakery Workers' Union. All strikers are reinstated. Wages are increased 10 per cent and a six-day week of nine and one-half hours a day is secured. Old conditions were a seven-day week and eleven hours a day.

CARPENTERS ADVANCE.

Allentown, Pa., April 19.—Organized carpenters in this city and Bethlehem have secured eight-hour agreements which provide for substantial wage increase

CARPENTERS ARE GAINING

Secretary Duffy Reports Many Increases Received by Locals of the United Brotherhood.

Indianapolis, April 19.—General Secretary Duffy of the Brotherhood of Carpenters reports the following recent gains, secured without strikes, by locals of this craft:

Derby, Conn.—Wages increased from 44 to 50 cents an hour. Sedalia, Mo.—40 to 50 cents. Conneaut, Ohio—45 to 55 cents; hours reduced from nine to eight. San Francisco—Maritime workers raised wages from $4.50 to $4.75 a day for new work and $5 to $5.50 for old work; after three months rates will be raised to $5 and $6, resectively. Haverhill, Mass.—48 to 57 cents an hour. Albany, N. Y.—Two-year agreement; from $4 to $4.50 until May 1, 1918, and $4.80 thereafter. Seattle—$4.50 to $5.20 until August 1, 1917; $5.60 thereafter. Denver—From 65 to 70 cents until October 1, 1917; 75 cents thereafter. Jacksonville, Fla.—$3 to $3.60, starting June 1, 1917. Steubenville, Ohio—56¼ to 65 cents. Hazelton, Pa.—42¾ to 53 cents; Saturday half-holiday. Peckville, Pa.—42½ to 45 cents until April 1, 1918; 46¾ cents thereafter. Oneida, N. Y.—40 to 45 cents. Fostoria, Ohio—35 to 45 cents. Oil City, Pa.—$3.75 to $4.25 until August 1, 1917; $4.50 thereafter. Uhrichsville, Ohio—40 to 50 cents; hours reduced from nine to eight. Bar Harbor, Me.—$3.60 to $4. Decatur, Ill.—50 to 60 cents. Columbus, Ind.—25 and 35 cents to 40 cents.

Philadelphia, April 19.—Organized carpenters and contractors' associations have settled wage differences and signed a one-year contract. The minimum rate shall be 60 cents an hour. Work done on Saturday afternoons, Sundays, New Year's, Memorial day, Independence day, Thanksgiving day and Christmas shall be paid at the rate of double time. No work shall be done on Labor day.

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

J. G. O'DONNELL, President, 122 Sixth St. N. E.
M. J. DEERY Vice President, 2407 Girard St. N. E.
THOS. W. WOLTZ, Recording Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
G. H. F. DAVIS, Treasurer, 439 Second St. S. E.
W. I. STRATTON, Conductor, 617 Sixth St. N. W.
A. F. MOIRSETTE, Warden, 425 G St. N. W
GEO. MYERS, Business Agent, 425 G St. N. W.

TRUSTEES.

F. J. NOLTE, 24 Eighth Street N. E.
MARK REILEY, 1127 B St. S. E.
A. P. TAYLOR, 622 I Street N. E.

DELEGATES TO THE DISTRICT COUNCIL.

R. H. BURDETTE, 1207 L Street N. W.
C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
E. R. BYRNE, 425 G Street N. W.
ROBERT REICHARD, 1720 35th Street N. W.
J. H. RYAN, 1101 Eleventh Street S. E.

DELEGATES TO THE CENTRAL LABOR UNION.

C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
R. H. BURDETTE, 816 K Street N. W.
W. S. HOLLOHAN, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
C. A. SAUNDERS, 244 9th St. S. E.
LOUIS LUEBKERT, 1314 Kerney St. N. E.

RELIEF COMMITTEE.

P. W. HAMILTON, 410 Tenn. Ave. N. E.
J. T. CLIFT, 4115 7th St. N. W.
M. FOLEY, 118 Seaton St. N. E.
W. B. DOLAN, 413 Mass. Ave. N. W.
J. A. SANKER, 2606 R. I. Ave. N. E.

MILL COMMITTEE.

F. E. KETTNER, 3016 Cambridge St. N. W.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
O. A. CARTER, Rosslyn, Va.

DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE
G. H. F. DAVIS, 439 Second Street S. E.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Meets Every Monday Night

Typographica Temple
423-425 G St. N. W.

Secretary's Address: 606 5th St. N.W.
Telephone: Lincoln 4614

OFFICERS

HUGH D. DIGNEY.....President
MARY GANZHORN...V. President
N. A. JAMES.....Secretary
JOS. E. TOONE....Fin. Secretary
WM. H. SCHAFFER.....Treasurer
JOS. C. CLARK..Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES—Wm. Zell, W. W. Keeler, J. L. Considine.

COMMITTEES

Executive—Mary Ganzhorn, Chairman; Jos. E. Toone, N. A. James, W. A. Huttel, John R. Hartley, H. D. Digney and Wm. H. Shaffer.

Legislative—Jere McCarthy, Chairman; John Lorch, N. P. Alifas, Robert Jones and D. J. O'Leary.

Adjustment—W. A. Huttel, Chairman; Harry Hollohan, John Botts, Benj. Spellbring and John Schmidt.

Contract—John Hartley, Chairman; Wm. W. Keeler, W. H. Schaffer, C. H. Adams and C. C. Coulter.

Laws—Dan. Hassett, chairman; Harry Buie and R. H. Burdette.

Resolution—Jas. L. Considine, chairman; E. L. Tucker and Denis Southern.

Organization—Jos. E. Toone, Chairman; Jos. C. Clark, Henry Miller, Mary Burkhead and T. A. Franklin.

Auditing—Wm. E. Zell, Chairman; Laurence Curtin and John Deal.

Credentials—M. J. Costello, Chairman; Jas. Noyes and S. S. Parker.

Label—H. F. Oehler, Chairman, and John McGuigan.

Press—N. A. James, Chairman; John B. Colpoys and N. A. Sprague.

Delegates to Baltimore—Jos. E. Toone, Chairman; Harry Fiddesop and Sam De Nedrey.

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, F. S. Radman, 124 7th Street N.E.

Bakery Salesmen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 997 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at Moose Hall, Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month; Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sundays in each month at 2 p.m., Painters' Hall, 6th and G Sts. N.W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N.W.

Blacksmiths and Helpers, Local 217, International Brotherhood of: Meets first and third Monday of each month at 650 Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, C. A. Chism, 418 Tenth street northeast.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. F. Miller, 19 Quincy Place northwest.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets first and third Sunday of the month at the Secretary, T. Guiffre, 908 Pennsylvania avenue Moose Hall, Seventh and G Street Northwest. nue northwest.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 48: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E street southeast.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G Street N. W.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles' Hall. Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 520 Rhode Island Ave. N. E.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhau, 737 10th St. s. e.

Chauffeurs and Hack Drivers Union, Local No. 115: Meets the first and third Saturday of each month, G. A. R. Building, 1412 Pa. Ave. Secretary-Treasurer, Kirk C. Sipher, Room 25, 945 Pa. Ave. northwest.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wassaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Twelfth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3800 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Paperhangers Hall, 430 Ninth Street N. W., second and fourth Thursdays of the month. Secretary, Edw. B. Finch, 33 P Street N. E.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets every Friday, at 8:00 p.m. Hall, S. E. Cor. Tenth and Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, Jas. P. Lahey, 816 5th street northeast.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and B Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hisle, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Employes' Union No. 14632: Meets second Friday of each month, Perpetual Building Association Hall. Secretary, W. M. Lynch, 409 A. F. of L. Building.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Watchmen's Union No. 14964: Secretary, Jas. H. Reed, Cor. Sec., 1228 B street southwest.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 618 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Glaziers Local No. 963: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, H. C. Turner, Mt. Rainier, Md.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, John T. Bowers, Twentieth and Twenty-first and L and M streets northwest.

Ice Cream Wagon Drivers and Helpers' Union, Local No. 111: Meets second and fourth Tuesdays at Typographical Temple, 425 G street northwest. Secretary-Treasurer, J. Neff Cline, 1211 North Capitol street.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Avenue S. E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 Twelfth St. N. E.

Laborers' Protective Union, No. 15037: Meets the second Tuesday of each month at the Cadets' Armory, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, E. E. McCormick, 1403 South Capitol street.

Laundry Workers, Local No. 110: Meets first Friday in each month at Winslow's Hall, 12 and R streets northwest. Secretary, Moten Jefferson, 550 Twenty-fourth street northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, W. N. Huttel, 1430 A St. N. E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday, 1204 Pa. Ave. N. W. Secretary, E. H. Fulton, Barcroft, Va.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. F. McDonnell.

Mill Workers Local No. 1694: Meets every Tuesday at Painters' Hall, 704 Sixth street northwest. Secretary, Robt. Reichard, 1720 Thirty-fourth street northwest.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third 2665. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Bus. Agt.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 922 Pa. Ave. N. W. Phone M. 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets second Sunday and fourth Friday in each month. Secretary, Albert Bridges 210 L st. s. e.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 420: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers' Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday of every month, Red Room, The New Ebbitt, 8 p.m. Secretary, James A. Sullivan, 3910 5th street northwest.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Raymond R. Burrows, Clarendon, Va.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Robt. J. Barrett, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month. Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 820 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressmen, No. 1: Meets fourth Monday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N.E.

Railway Carmen, Pride of Potomac Lodge, No. 313, Brotherhood of: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F streets northeast, first and third Tuesdays. Secretary, L. H. Taylor, 706 Seventh street northeast.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custodian and Janiter, 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, W. P. Cannon, 408 Twelfth St. S. E.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe. 326 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. F. Hickman, 518 Sixth St. N. W.

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Mrs. H. B. Tritipoe, 1737 Willard street N. W., Apt. 20.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10.30 a. m. and 8.30 p. m. Secretary, G. W. Calderhead, Room 412 Wash. Loan and Trust Building.

The High School Teachers' Union of Washington, D. C., No. 8: Meets in the Music Room of the New Central High School at 3.30 p. m. the second Tuesday in the months of October, December, February, and May. Secretary, G. J. Jones, Central High School.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle, 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 750 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Fridays, Typographical Temple. Secretary, L. M. Green, Langdon, D. C.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: International Secretary-Treasurer, Jas. E. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

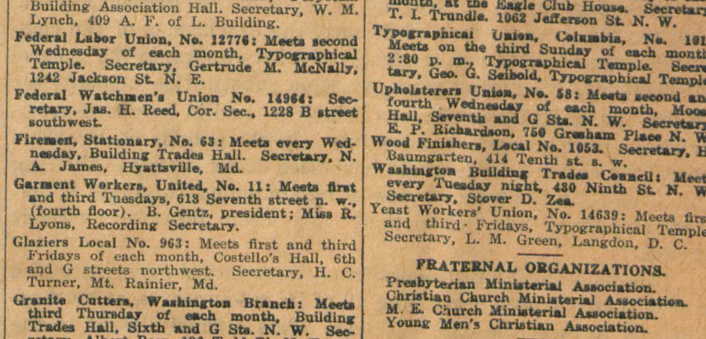
Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G St. N. W. Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth St. N. W.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

National Capital Lodge, No. 92 (Ladies' Auxiliary, Int. Asso. Mach.): Meets first and third Tuesday of each month at 7:30 p.m. at National Capital Bank Hall, 316 Pa. Ave. S.E.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.



INTERNATIONAL UNION OF THE UNITED BREWERY WORKMEN OF AMERICA
Union MADE Beer
Ale AND Porter
COPYRIGHT & TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1903
THIS IS OUR LABEL.

VOTE
Against Prohibition
DEMAND
Personal Liberty
IN CHOOSING WHAT YOU WILL DRINK
ASK FOR THIS LABEL WHEN PURCHASING BEER, ALE OR PORTER.
As A Guarantee That It Is Union Made.

Efficiency Reduced By Lengthened Day

Lessons Taught by England's Blunders at Outbreak of War to Be Heeded by United States Government.

England has found that national strength in war requires the rigid maintenance of protective standards for those who serve in the industries.

When the war began, working hours were lengthened in the munition factories of Great Britain, and the legal restrictions on women's hours were relaxed. This was done on the false supposition that production would be increased.

Then followed complaints of lost time and failure to maintain output, and of the "sweating" of workers. This situation led to the appointment by the Minister of Munitions of a Health of Munition Workers Committee "to consider and advise on questions of industrial fatigue, the physical health and physical efficiency of workers in munition factories and workshops."

This committee, in a series of reports, demonstrated that from the point of view of maximum production alone, excessive hours did not pay; and that the efficiency of workers had been lowered by overwork.

That the nation cannot afford to continue the short-sighted policy of overtaxing its munitions workers was the committee's conclusion.

"Misguided efforts to stimulate workers to feverish activity," reports the committee, "are likely to be as damaging to the desired result as the cheers of partisans would be, if they encouraged a long-distance runner to a futile sprint early in his race. * * * In war time the workmen will be willing, as they are showing in so many directions, to forego comfort and to work nearer the margin of accumulating fatigue than in time of peace, but the country cannot afford the extravagance of paying for work done during incapacity from fatigue just because so many hours are spent upon it, or the further extravagance of urging armies of workmen toward relative incapacity by neglect of physiological law. * * * * Taking the country as a whole, the committee are bound to record their impression that the munition workers in general have been allowed to reach a state of reduced efficiency and lowered health which might have been avoided without the reduction of output by attention to the details of daily and weekly rest."

Evidence convinced the committee that seven-day work is a mistaken procedure with any class of workers.

"Harm to Body and Mind."

Urging that proper restrictions for women workers are needed, the committee reports: "Conditions of work are accepted without question and without complaint which, immediately detrimental to output, would, if continued, be ultimately disastrous to health. It is for the nation to safeguard the devotion of its workers by its foresight and watchfulness lest irreparable harm be done to body and mind both in this generation and the next."

Measures to secure good sanitary conditions, lighting, ventilation, and the prevention of industrial accidents and diseases, are likewise essential to maintain efficiency, the committee finds.

According to Mr. P. Sargant Florence of the British Association for the Advancement of Science, the conclusions of the committee have resulted in a tendency to reduce hours, in the general abandonment of Sunday work, in some substitution of eight for twelve-hour shifts in continuous industries, and in improved provisions for health, comfort and safety. In the opinion of Mr. Florence, "the nation's needs would have been better served in the long run, even from the point of view of maximum output alone, if pre-war standards and restrictions had been observed without change."

This illuminating testimony from the practical experience of a nation that has been organizing all of its resources, so as most effectively to meet the ordeal of war, offers a timely lesson to the United States.

Workers Must Unite to Secure Justice at Hands of Capital

"The organization of labor on trade union lines is labor's natural weapon against the encroachments of capital, and the organized movement must embrace every occupation and industry," writes President Perkins of the International Cigar Makers' Union, in the official journal of that organization.

"Labor's share in the results of production is inadequate; it does not cover the waste of vital force," he says. "It does not provide for wear and tear; for depreciation of physical force. There is no provision for insurance, for invalidity and old age. The average compensation paid is inadequate to provide for the maintenance of bodily vigor and labor power in the process of production.

"Capital, on the other hand, claims everything; it charges an excessive price for management and personal service; it insists upon regular profits and dividends; it takes into account probable losses. It charges for insurance, depreciation of building and machinery. It adds contingent expenses; some items which could not stand the test of publicity.

"Stock watering is a favorite device in order to conceal the excessive profits gained from operation. Thus the amount of capital invested is sometimes doubled and trebled, by the issuance of bonds and stocks, without the addition of a single dollar to the original capital paid in by the stockholders in the corporation. This process of stock watering tends to increase constantly the share received by capital, and to diminish the proportionate share received by labor.

"The system of distribution of the profits of industry is fundamentally wrong; there is no equitable standard. It is all haphazard. All forces operate in favor of capital and against labor. In a few industries, where corporate power is comparatively weak, and labor organizations are well fortified, labor's share is approximately fair, but not wholly so. In others it is grossly unfair, with no redeeming feature whatsoever.

"With the masses of the people organized in trade unions, labor's share in the production will grow in proportion to its power."

OREGON WAGE LAW LEGAL

Theory of "The Right of Contract" Dealt a Staggering Blow by Court.

The United States Supreme Court has upheld the Oregon minimum wage law for women and the theory of "the right of contract" has been dealt a staggering blow.

The court sustained the act by a 4-to-4 vote and as a result no opinion—or reason—was recorded by the judges, who simply announced that the law was upheld. Justice Brandeis took no part in the deliberations, as he had appeared before the court as counsel for the law before his appointment as justice.

It is the first time the court has rendered a decision of this character which will affect women's minimum wage laws of various kinds in Colorado, Arkansas, Washington, Wisconsin, Minnesota, California, Utah, Massachusetts and Nebraska.

The Oregon law empowers the state industrial welfare commission to fix the hours of women and children and the wages of women in any occupation. A Portland box manufacturer brought suit to enjoin the operation of the law on the ground that it deprived him of property without due process of law. The Oregon state supreme court upheld the law.

SHOP MEN WANT MORE.

Kansas City, Mo., April 19.—System federations on practically all railroads in division 1, railroad employes' department, A. F. of L., are preparing to negotiate wage increases and changes in working conditions. This division includes all territory west of Chicago.

The paperhangers of Atlanta, Ga., are now on strike in that city for an increase in wages.

Parker, Bridget & Co.
"The Avenue at Ninth"
Featuring Extra Value
$15
Suits for Fall

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1
Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.

M. J. DUNNIGAN, President.....2007 14 Street N.W.
JOHN G. WOLFE, Vice-President.1023 N. J. Ave. N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W.

TRUSTEES

Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E.
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E.
Thos. L. Nevins.....504 Maine Avenue S. W.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe,.....1023 N. J. Ave. N. W
J. McElfresh,.....
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E.
A. Tenley.....964 Florida Ave. N. W.
M. Sullivan.....5631-2 15 St. S. E.

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.

Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ARBITRATION COMMITTEE.

M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W.
M. A. Wolfe,.....418 F St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. E.
Joseph Harding.....210 13 St. S. W
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....2006 2nd St. N. W
R. Pumphrey.....223 Q St. N. W.
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W.
Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. W

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Capitol St.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L St. S. W.

DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.

John Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave.
William Pollard.....522 14th St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

Statement of the Ownership, Management, Circulation, Etc., Required by the Act of Congress of August 24, 1912,

Of The Trades Unionist published weekly at Washington, D. C., for April, 1917.

City of Washington, District of Columbia, ss.

Before me, a Notary Public in and for the State and county aforesaid, personally appeared John B. Colpoys, who, having been duly sworn according to law, deposes and says that he is the owner of The Trades Unionist, and that the following is, to the best of his knowledge and belief, a true statement of the ownership, management (and if a daily paper, the circulation), etc., of the aforesaid publication for the date shown in the above caption, required by the Act of August 24, 1912, embodied in section 443, Postal Laws and Regulations.

1. That the names and addresses of the publisher, editor, managing editor and business managers are: Publisher, editor, managing editor and business manager, John B. Colpoys, 604 5th St. N. W.

2. That the owners are: John B. Colpoys, 604 5th St. N. W.

3. That the known bondholders, mortgages and other security holders owning or holding 1 per cent or more of total amount of bonds, mortgages or other securities are: None.

(Signed.) JOHN B. COLPOYS.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 10th day of April, 1917.

(Seal.) (Signed) J. EDWIN GILES.

(My commission expires Jan. 26, 1922.)

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

UNION OPERATOR — Local No. 224 — Wash. D.C. — Affiliated with Central Labor Union & A.F. of L.

American, 1st st. and R. . ave.n.w.
Apollo, - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Auditorium, 13th st. and N. Y. ave.n.w.
Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Cosmos - - Pa. Ave. bet. 9th & 10th
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N. W.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Elite Theatre, 14th and R. I. ave. n. w.
Empire, - - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Empress - - 9th bet. D and E N.W.
Favorite, H St. North Capitol & First
Florida - - 15th St. & Fla. Ave. N.E.
Garden Theatre, 423 Ninth st. n. w.
Gayety Theatre - - 513 9th St. N.W.
Happyland - - 7th bet. L & M N.W.
Home Theater, C bet. 12th & 13th n. e.
Leader - - - - - - 507 9th St. N.W.
Liberty Theatre, N. Capitol & P St.
Loewe's Columbia . . F near 12th
Lyric Theatre - - 14th near Park Rd.
Maryland - - - 624 9th St. N. W.
"M" Street Theatre, M St. near 32nd
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Odeon - - 14th and Church Sts. N. W.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15, N.W.
Palace - - - - 312 9th St. N.W.
Penn Gardens - - 21st St. & Pa. Ave.
Plaza Theatre - 434 9th st. n. w.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Regent - - 18th & Cal. Ave. N.W.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
Savoy, - - - 14th and Col. Road.
Senate Theater - - 324 Pa. Ave. S.E.
Strand, - - - - - Ninth and D.
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N. E.
Stanton Park - - 219 4th St. N.E.
Virginia - - - 614 9th St. N. W.
Washington & Park - 18th & U Sts.
Zenith Theater - - 625 8th St. S.E.

The only strictly
UNION TAILORING
house in the city
M. STEIN & CO.
TAILORS
Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

PHONE NORTH 2349
DONOVAN'S
FINE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS
2008 14th St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

LIST OF LIQUOR DEALERS WHO HAVE SIGNED "THE AGREEMENT."

Allen, Paul.....2 N st. n. e.
Allen, John J...807 N. C. Cap st. n. e.
Beirkle, Leopold, - 1245 H st. n. e.
Boyle, William J., 601 Mass. ave n. w.
Castelli, Vincent, 502-504 Ninth st.n.w.
Clark, C. H.....510 9th st. n. w.
Colonial Beach Boat Co.
Costello, Bros.....604 G st. n. w.
Crowley, James J.....702 E st. n. w
Daly, T. J.....34 H st. n. e.
Daye, Wm. T.....1218 Wisc. ave.
Doyle, Wm. T....1314 Wisc. ave. n. w
Duffy, James A. -901 1-2 E st. n. w.
Wm. R. Fosbender, 406 Ninth st. n w.
Franey, F. A.....711½ 9th st. n. w.
Frank, Mrs. M. E. - 319 G st. n. w.
Ganey, M.....615 7th st. s. w.
Glavin, Edwin.....309 G st. n. w.
Hannan, Mrs. E.....531 7th st. s. w.
Hanlon, Timothy.....822 H st. n. e.
Kelliher, J. D.....1258 7th st. s. w.
Killeen, John F.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Louis Hodges, - - 407 9th st n. w.
Lynagh, Peter J.....523 7th st. s. w.
Lynch, John.....417 9th st. n. w.
McCarthy, F. J.....910 4½ st. s. w.
McCarthy, Jas. J.....1402 H st. n. e.
McDonald, F. J.....643 Pa. ave. s. e.
McGinniss, H. J., 1001 N. Y. ave. n. w.
McGuire, J. Chas., 519 Ninth st. n. w.
McHough, Martin....1105 H st. n. e.
Milton Schmidt, - 702 7th st. n. w.
O'Connor, D. J.....100 G st. n. w.
O'Connor, Patrick F., 617 D st. n. w.
O'Connor, James.....1429 N. Cap. st.
O'Day, John T. - 921 Ninth st. n. w.
O'Donnell, James J...333 Pa. ave. s. e.
Peter White, - - - 905 D st. n. w.
Raftery, Thomas.....406 H st. n. e.
Raftery, Patrick.....225 11th st. n. e.
Roland, J. H.....511 9th st. n. w.
Scanlon, Daniel,.....103 H st. n. w.
Schroter, Conrad....3258 M st. n. w
Schltz, Mary T.....607 G st. n. w
Sheehan, John J., 701 North Cap. st.
Solon, Mary A., - 1003 7th st. e.
Stern, M. M.....601 7th st. n. w.
Stanton, Frank J.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Sullivan, David, 12th and E st. n. w.
Sullivan, John J., 1351 35th st. n. w.
The Casino, Frank Farenkamp (Chesapeake Beach).
Victor Buffet Co., Inc., 7th and G n. w.
Walsh, David, - - 407 10th st. n. w
Wassman, Henry, 705 Seventh st. n. w.
Wiedeman, Joseph....629 E st. n. w.
William J. O'Leary, 733 North Cap. st.
Wininger, Harry 631 Pa. ave. s. e.
Wolf, Frank, - 512 12th st. n. w.

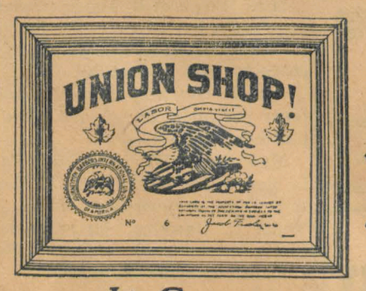
MEATS GROCERIES FISH
Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the
OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.

930 La. Ave. N.W. | 1935 14th St. N.W. | 2002 Ga. Ave. N.W.
501 8th St. S.E. | 138 7th St. N.E. | 739 N. Capitol St.
3101 M St. N.W. | 1776 U St. N.W. | 712 K St. N.W.
7th & Q Sts. N.W. | 3113 14th St. N.W. | 3420 M St. N.W.
1105 H St. N.E. | 701 H St. N.E. | 1714 14th St. N.W.
1632 N. Capitol St. | 726 7th St. N.W. | 3608 14th St. N.W.
3420 Ga. Ave. N.W. | 1440 P St. N.W. | 2030 P St. N.W.
918 La. Ave. N.W.

POULTRY BREAD PRODUCE

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK
Northwest Corner FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST
LOOK FOR THE CLOCKS
4 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts
COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

THE PLATE PRINTER
Official Organ Plate Printers International Union.
P. J. RYAN, Editor. CHAS. T. SMITH, Assoc. Editor.
Subscription $1.00 Per Year
Telephone 4528 Wash. Loan & Trust Bldg.

Look for the
UNION SHOP CARD


It gives our members a Shorter Work day *and* Sunday Rest
It Guarantees to You
CLEANLINESS *and* EXPERT SERVICE

WE DO ALL KINDS OF
Job Printing
AND THE PRICE IS RIGHT
The Trades Unionist, 604-6 5th St. N. W.

Washington District Council of Carpenters

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

ROBERT ADAM, President, Local 2563, U. B., 1511 Vermont Avenue N.W.
R. H. BURDETTE, Vice President, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
E. B. BYRNE, Secretary, Local 132, U. B., 425 G Street N.W.
F. A. SHOESMITH, Treasurer, Local 2563, U. B., 5209 Georgia Avenue N.W.
C. H. ADAMS, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 804 A Street N.E.
R. H. BURDETTE, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
H. PAGE, Trustee, Local 2563, U. B., 336½ 13th Street N.E.
ROBERT REICHARD, Local 132, U. B., 1720 34th Street N.W.
J. H. RYAN, Local 132, U. B., 1101 11th Street S.E.
FRED HOOK, Local 2563, U. B., 1528 8th Street N.W.
WILLIAM MACKIE, Local 2563, U. B., 216 Seaton Place N.E.

BUSINESS AGENT.
GEO. MYERS, 425 G Street N. W.

THE MILTON SCHOOL
Oxford Bldg., 14th and N. Y. Ave. N.W.
Stenography
Typewriting
English
Spanish
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO BEGINNERS
Now in larger quarters in the Oxford Building, 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.

Phone Main 3871
WM. H. HOWLIN
American Federation of Labor Building
9th Street and Mass. Avenue
Engrossing Resolutions, Diplomas Charters and Fancy Pen Work of All Descriptions

GEO. D. HORNING,
N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.
LOAN OFFICE

Takoma Bread
Fresh Three Times Daily
AT ALL GROCERS
Havenner Baking Company
Established 1815

LANSBURGH & BRO.
"DRY GOODS ONLY"
The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City
420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

CORBY CAKE
AT ALL GROCERS

When in Doubt, Buy of
HOUSE & HERRMANN
FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.
N.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W

The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I.P.E.U.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXI. NO. 44 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, APRIL 27, 1917. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

Low-Wage Employers Checked by Gompers

Public Press Tries Hard to Deceive the Organized Workers by Grossly Misleading Headlines.

To a man who has not lost his head in these martial days, it looks as though President Gompers outpointed those patriotic citizens who are interested in the question of cheap labor, and he also sobered up a lot of organized workers immediately following the declaration that war exists.

Many state legislatures were in session at the time and certain employers took advantage of the excitement to insist that all labor restrictions be removed under the false theory that this would increase production. Long-hour advocates were in their element. Officers of the New York State Federation of Labor were even caught in the swirl and signed a plea that the labor laws of that state be set aside during the war period.

This sentiment grew in volume and its logical ending would annul the efforts of years of sacrifice by organized workers who have secured legislation that protects the lives and limbs of the toilers of our land.

Sam Gompers knew it was useless to argue with excited men or those whose motives were sinister. Besides, the time was too short for educational work. So he made a flank move as a member of the Council of National Defense and urged that no labor law be annulled unless sanctioned by that body and that no strike that would jeopardize the successful prosecution of the war be called unless considered by the council.

The plan silenced the low-waged folks, who imagined they won by another route. This opinion was voiced by the daily press in sensational headlines, "Gompers Is Against Strikes."

And some trade unionists who ought to know better, and who have forgotten their denunciations of the "capitalistic press," have swallowed as gospel truth the big headlines, which had no connection with the story these newspapers printed of the council's declarations.

For fifty years Sam Gompers has insisted that the worker owns his own labor power and that no one, be he president, legislator or judge, can say him nay. This principle has been woven into the warp and woof of the organized labor movement, and while our movement welcomes the mediation and conciliation offers of any institution, it is a reflection on a trade unionist's thinking ability when he points to sensational headlines in newspapers as proof that the one individual most responsible for the principle of man's ownership in his own labor power has abandoned it overnight and announces he will carry the trade union movement with him.

We suggest that these unionists "book up" on the rights accorded them in the charter issued to their organizations by the American Federation of Labor—that they have sole jurisdiction over their own affairs.

And after they have done this, let them recall the frenzied zeal of cheap-labor employers for the abolishment of labor laws, and let them answer this question:

"How was this movement sidetracked?"

CARPENTERS STILL GAINING.

Indianapolis, Ind., April 26.—General Secretary Duffy of the Brotherhood of Carpenters reports the following wage gains the past week by affiliated locals:

Ironton, Ohio—From 40 to 50 cents an hour. Westfield, Mass.—45 to 60 cents. De Land, Fla.—41 to 45 cents. Norfolk, Va.—44 to 50 cents. Naperville, Ill.—55 to 60 cents. York, Pa.—30 to 36 cents. Vineland, N. J.—41 to 50 cents. Roswell, N. M.—50 to 62½ cents. Pine Bluff, Ark.—50 to 60 cents. St. Louis, Mo.—(Millmen) 36 to 38 cents until June 12 next; 40 cents thereafter. Lynn, Mass.—55 to 60 cents; hours reduced from 44 to 40 per week. Cedar Rapids, Iowa—55 to 62½ cents. Coshocton, Ohio—50 to 55 cents. Hobart, Ind.—50 to 60 cents. Winona, Minn.—45 to 50 cents. Plattsburg, N. Y.—40½ to 50 cents. Kankakee, Ill.—50 to 55 cents. Mobile, Ala.—(Ship carpenters) $3.50 to $4 a day. New Brunswick, N. J.—$4 to $4.60. Bridgeport, Conn.—$4.25 to $4.80. Fredericksburg, Va.—$3 to $3.50. East Aurora, N. Y.—$3 to $4.05; hours reduced from ten to nine per day.

Laundry workers of Cheyenne, Wyo., have organized for better conditions.

STEADY GAINS BY BAKERS.

Chicago, April 26.—Editor Hohman of the Bakers' Journal is jubilant over the steady progress being made by the Bakery and Confectionery Workers' International Union, which has secured an agreement with the Ward Baking Company that unionizes its plants in New York City, Brooklyn, Pittsburgh, Newark, Cleveland, Providence, Baltimore and Cambridge, Mass.

Other gains are recorded in Louisville, St. Louis and New York City, and "spring drives" for better conditions have been started in numerous localities.

Editor Hohman declares that the policy of granting small concessions, in order to keep the men away from organization, will no longer do. "The situation demands a solution and the latter can only be lastingly found in the recognition of the union and its just and humane demands," he says.

BUTCHER SHOPS CLOSE SUNDAY

Denison, Tex., April 26.—Union butcher workmen have stopped Sunday work, as these shops have agreed to close on Sunday—after the employes organized and started a vigorous agitation against the practice.

N. A. James Elected Secretary of the Maryland State-District of Columbia Federation of Labor at Its Convention

N. A. JAMES.

For the first time in the history of the Maryland State-District of Columbia Federation of Labor a delegate from Washington, D. C., was elected secretary of that body. This coveted honor fell to Mr. N. A. James, secretary of the Central Labor Union, who has been for many years a leader in the labor movement in this city. Mr. James represented the C. L. U. at the convention of the Federation held at Cumberland, Md., which adjourned last Friday, after a five-day session.

There were sixty locals represented with three delegates from quite a number of them, and some five or six locals affiliated were not represented.

Much business was transacted and many resolutions of various natures presented, among which the following, presented by President Ferguson, is worthy of special mention:

"Generation after generation the organized labor movement of America, by every means and influence at its command, has made continuous efforts to extend the fraternity of common brotherhood among the toilers of every land so that the frightfulness of war might never again demand and secure the sacrifice of the lives of those whose hopes and aspirations can only be realized in peace. With the men and women labor of any country in the world of labor seeks to attain the common end of equitable distribution of wealth created by it. It desires an equality of opportunity and the right to work out its destiny in its own way and to preserve permanent relationships of peace. Arbitration by the sword yields no return for the wage-earners—yea, it is upon them that the heaviest burdens fall—their lives must be sacrificed, their families left dependent, the results of their collective efforts in securing a modicum of economic justice in peace—all are swept away in the maelstrom of war. Contemplation of the awful price that labor must pay upon the battlefield of modern warfare reveals in all its terribleness the yawning abyss of eternal might awaiting the human pawns whose destiny has been sealed by edicts of government.

"Moreover, the lives of wage-earners are engaged in a never-ending struggle to secure for themselves but a meager portion of the great wealth they produce. They live and die in that twilight zone between poverty and wealth—sustaining the nation in which they live in time of peace and defending it in war. Realizing that the greatness of any nation rests upon the foundation laid by its men and women of labor, we are justified in demanding that the consideration of their interests and welfare transcends every other consideration.

"Conscious of the position, rights and interests which labor has been denied, and cognizant of the demands which are about to be made upon it, we turn in solemn reflection of the future. Our national Congress has declared that a state of war exists. Under the code of our national existence the labor movement of America is bound by the declaration. Organized labor of the United States yields to no group of citizens in its fealty and patriotism in defending our country and its institutions. We may differ with other groups, but when the constituted authorities declare our common country in peril the men and women of labor stand ready to enter every field of activity for the defense and perpetuity of our country and its institutions.

"While we extend to our government the support of the organized labor movement of the state of Maryland and the District of Columbia, yet we likewise demand:

"That our rights and interests as wage-earners be protected—that the United States government guarantee to the workers that the standards of life and work not be lowered during the conflict, and that wherever economic changes shift additional burdens upon the toilers they be accorded additional recompense commensurate to meet these additional burdens;

"That the labor hours shall not be lengthened except under the direst necessity, and then only for the period of the war, thus applying the experience gleaned from the war-stricken countries;

"That every energy of government shall be exercised to the end that the conditions surrounding the workers in industry and the men in the field shall be of the highest standard.

"Organized labor of America, from time immemorial, has opposed compulsion of every sort. For over a century and a quarter we have glorified our democratic institutions and persistently thwarted every effort to inaugurate an old-world military system. It is with exceeding regret we learn that efforts are being made, backed by the present administration, to secure the enactment of a conscription law. The Maryland State-District of Columbia Federation of Labor joins with the general organized labor movement in its opposition to such a law. Our democratic institutions have not yet been put to the test, and until such time as they are we shall maintain our attitude.

"We demand further that if the bodies of the wage-earners are to be conscripted then wealth must fall under the same category. With apprehension we have witnessed the passage of a bill by the House of Representatives authorizing a bond issue of $5,000,000,000, the proceeds of which are to be loaned to foreign governments now at war and for strengthening our own military establishments.

(Continued on Page 3.)

Shortage of Food Becoming Alarming

Comparison of the Retail Prices During April, 1914, and April, 1917, Shows Average Increase of 85.32 Per Cent.

COMPARISON OF RETAIL PRICES OF FOODS DURING APRIL, 1914, BEFORE THE WAR, AND APRIL, 1917.

	April 1914	April 1917	Increase %
Groceries.			
Flour, Gold Medal, bbl.	$7.25	$14.00	93
" , Heckers, bbl.	6.50	13.50	107
Butter, first grade, lb.	30	55	83
Eggs, fresh, doz.	21	38	80
Sugar, granulated, per lb.	4	9	125
Milk, condensed, can	9	15	67
" evaporated, tall can	7½	12	65
" evaporated, small can	3½	6	70
Tomatoes, stewed, 2½'s, can	7	17	142
Corn, stewed, 2½'s, can	7	13	85
Peas, E. J.	7	10	45
Baked Beans	8	13	65
Cornmeal, per lb.	2½	5	100
Hominy, per lb.	3	5	66
Rice, per lb.	8	9	12
Oatmeal, per lb.	3½	6	70
Macaroni and Spaghetti, bulk, lb.	8	13	65
Prunes, small, lb.	5	8	60
Salmon, chum, can	8	14	75
Salmon, Red Alaska, can	14	23	64
Soups, can	8	13	65
Navy Beans, best, lb.	7½	18	140
Lima Beans, dried, lb.	7	20	185
Catsup, bottle	8	12	50
Syrup, can	8½	12	41
Corn Flakes, (Quaker), pkg.	4½	8	78
Split Peas, lb.	6	12	100
Scotch Peas, lb.	5	9	80
Black-eye Peas, lb.	4	8	100
Beef.			
Rib Roast, lb.	20	25	25
Chuck Roast, lb.	17	22	30
Plate (soup meat)	13	16	23
Porterhouse Steak, lb.	28	37	32
Sirloin Steak, lb.	24	34	42
Round Steak, lb.	20	32	60
Chuck Steak, per lb.	18	25	38
Hamburg Steak, lb.	15	20	33
Pork.			
Fresh Hams, lb.	15	27	80
" Shoulders, lb.	13½	22	58
" Pork Chops, lean	16	28	80
" " " , loin	18	32	80
" " Roast, lean	16	28	75
" " " center	18	30	66
Corned Shoulders	13½	20	50
" Hams	15	24	60
Smoked Hams, whole	17	25	47
" " sliced	28	45	60
" Shoulders	13½	21	50
" Bacon, sliced	24	34	42
" Sausage	12½	25	100
Lard, pure, lb.	12½	25	100
Lard, compound, lb.	10	20	100
Vegetables.			
Potatoes, peck	23	90	291
Kale, peck	20	40	100
Spinach, peck	20	40	100
Onions, yellow, lb.	4	13	250
Lettuce, head	5	10	100
Sweet Potatoes, peck	35	75	114
Cabbage, new, lb.	3	15	400
Yams, peck	40	60	50

Total of Items, 60. Total Increase, 5,119%. Average Increase on All Items Shown on This List, 85.32%.

Above appears a comparative table showing the retail prices that prevailed in April, 1914, on certain food articles and the prices on the same articles now—April, 1917.

The figures are astounding, particularly when you know that the year 1914 was itself a year of high prices on all foods.

The national government, realizing the suffering and the danger involved in the food problem, is making stupendous efforts to rectify this condition at the source—by increasing in every way the production of food. The fear is, and it is with many a real fear, that we are too late to improve the situation much in that direction.

There is abundant proof at hand that the mass of our people, and all of the poorer classes, are alarmed and panic stricken over the shortage of food, and the consequent skyward scale of prices of all food articles. They look to Congress for relief. The situation is very serious—it should not needlessly be made worse.

The food schedule enclosed shows that the average cost of all the ordinary staples has increased over 85 per cent. Food that cost $1.00 in April, 1914, costs $1.85 now, April, 1917.

(Contineud on Page 4.)

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF LABEL TRADES AND CRAFTS COUNCIL WASHINGTON 2. FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., APRIL 27, 1917.

TO STEADY, NOT TO HINDER.

BY PRESIDENT GOMPERS.

The President's proclamation of war between this country and Germany was followed by a feeling and a fear of unknown disturbances in the commercial and industrial world. There were rumors and the beginnings of efforts to make war danger the excuse for changing completely existing standards. Movements began to suspend or to change the standard of the workday and other conditions established to protect the health and to conserve the labor power of workers.

In order to inject something that would act as a steadying force during the first hours after the war, the executive committee on labor, including conservation of the health and welfare of workers, adopted a declaration which was referred to the advisory commission, and when adopted by that body, to the council of national defense. The purpose of the declaration was to prevent enactment of legislation repealing labor legislation and to prevent unnecessary, ill-advised and hasty changes of standards in private industry. The declaration urged upon the legislatures of the several states which were then in session and would shortly adjourn—some for a two-year period—that before final adjournment they delegate to the governors of their respective states the power to suspend or modify restrictions contained in their labor laws when such suspension or modification should be requested by the council of national defense, and that such suspensions or modifications should be made only for a specified period and no longer than the duration of the war.

In the course of the meeting at which these resolutions were passed, it was clearly stated and understood that the intent of the first resolution regarding possible emergencies requiring modifications in existing standards was to maintain existing standards. The attention of the committee was directed to the fact, and it was generally understood for the basis of our action, that workmen employed in the transportation systems and industrial plants may find their wages of the present time out of proportion to the increased cost of living, and in that case a maintenance of the present status of labor conditions obviously implied an advance in wage scales.

In the discussion on this point which followed in the committee, consideration was given to the circumstances in which, during the war, organized English miners were obliged to demonstrate the necessity of a wage increase, the award being in their favor when they had proved the considerable changes that had taken place in the cost of living. Plainly, in similar cases in this country, higher wage scales must be adopted. Therefore, there were incorporated in the resolutions the recommendation that proposed changes should be made only after investigation and approval by the council of national defense, whose duty in this respect should also be a vigorous maintenance of safeguards to the health and welfare of workers.

The resolutions in question clearly apply only to the large industries and the transportation systems whose operations are essential to the prosecution of the war. They are not intended to cover every petty labor difference in the country, though it is hoped that patriotic regard will be had by all citizens to the need of a possible maximum of industrial peace everywhere. It is, of course, not expected that negotiations or even strikes now on in various occupations shall be wholly suspended, irrespective of the merits of the questions under discussion. On such points each trade union is the judge of the principles which should prevail in its action.

The special attention of trade unions is called to the fact that the resolutions declare that legislatures should uphold and public officers enforce existing labor and health laws, and that the modifications or standards authorized in extraordinary emergencies by the council of national defense should be only for specified periods and in any event not longer than the duration of the war.

With this statement, I feel that each case of differences arising between employers and employes, as well as the trade agreements or other matters now under discussion, may be left to the common sense of men who are willing and anxious to perform their duty to their country in the present grave situation.

I trust that the above will clarify the misunderstanding which really occurred, not so much from what was published in the newspapers, but the scare headlines which had really no relation to the substance of the body of the resolutions.

I take it that in this crisis in our nation's history every one will do his level best, not only for service, but for a united spirit and action.

"Somewhere in France" is the title of an interesting booklet issued by the International Typographical Union giving the casualty list of that organization in the present great war. Twenty-seven crosses have been erected to mark the graves of members of the I. T. U. killed in the war, and $7,675 has been paid to the widows and relatives of twenty-seven union printers who were members of the Canadian expeditionary force. In the last twelve months the I. T. U. has paid out in mortuary benefits the sum of $288,360.18.

MILITARISM NOT HELPFUL TO NATION.

BY GRANT HAMILTON.

The forces of the voluntary method and conscription are to test their conflicting conclusions in Congress. The House Military Affairs committee has submitted a majority report favoring a test of the volunteer method, while a minority of the committee has filed a report advocating selective conscription in accordance with the desires of the War Department and the Administration. The Senate Military Affairs committee by a majority report favors selective conscription, while a minority of that committee will stand for a try-out of the volunteer method.

Thus far in our history militarists have been unable to commit our people to an extensive military program, but the declaration that a state of war exists has afforded an opportunity for military officials to popularize their views and every element in the present situation is being utilized to further an extensive military policy. While conscription is the present issue, universal service is looming large and will have to be met unless the present war is brought to an early close.

The organized labor movement has ever been emphatic in its protest against the augmenting of our military establishments except when our nation was in peril. Militarism divides nations into two distinct classes that are never in accord or even sympathetic. Militarism unfits men for other walks in life. When a nation is in peril it is the duty of every citizen to stand loyally by it until its perpetuity is assured, but the war necessities of our government should not be made the basis for establishing a permanent military program which would provide for the complete transformation of our national policies, and which would be antagonistic to all of our traditions. Anent this phase of the subject it is interesting to repreduce from the American Federationist of February, 1914, a statement made by Dr. Devon, medical officer of the Glasgow prison, the author of "The Criminal and the Community." It says:

"Men discharged from the army find difficulty in obtaining employment. It is not that they are worse men than their neighbors; it is because they have received the wrong kind of training. Employers do not prefer others to them from any absence of patriotism, but from a desire for efficiency. They cannot afford in industrial occupations to have people about them who have learned that it is 'theirs not to reason why.' They prefer those who have been taught to use all the sense they have in dealing with their work. In short, the person who during the formative years of his life has been employed industrially makes a better workman than the man who during these years has been taught to wait for the word of command before he does anything. Yet we have people going all over the country trying to convince their fellow citizens that there is no salvation for us unless all young men are subjected to a period of military training, apparently in ignorance of the fact that those who have had that training have difficulty in competing industrially with those who have none."

The Gulf, Colorado & Santa Fe Railroad has been fined $2,000 on twenty counts by the federal court of the district of Beaumont, Tex., for violating the federal hours-of-service law.

The many friends of Mr. N. A. James may well feel pleased with his election as secretary of the Maryland State-District of Columbia Federation of Labor, the first Washington man to ever hold that office. We are confident that Mr. James will perform his new duties faithfully and will prove a credit to the labor body which so highly honored him.

JAMES ELECTED SECRETARY OF THE MD. STATE-D. C. FEDERATION OF LABOR

(Continued from Page 1.)

These bonds, however, specifically provide that the holders thereof shall be exempt from all taxation imposed by the United States and the states except inheritance taxes. The organized wage-earners of Maryland, declaring themselves ready and willing to make sacrifices for the defense of our country, desire to enter our emphatic protest against the exemption of wealth from bearing its burdens of the war. As citizens of this republic we not only have the right of protest, but the additional right to demand an answer to our protest. If at the outset of the impending conflict special privileges are accorded property, then the democratic institutions we have preferred and sustained, and for the defense of which we are offering our lives, have failed in the initial test.

"We also demand that representatives of labor shall have an opportunity to voice its desires in every agency of government. Our blood and sinew are upon the alter of national defense and our claims for recognition cannot with justice be ignored.

"Placing reliance in the justice of our position, yielding to no section of society in our love for free institutions, conscious of the great responsibilities resting upon the wage-earners of this state and the nation, we face the future with determination to perform our duty as citizens, but we shall insistently demand that justice shall be accorded wage-earners, and that wealth shall bear its share of the obligations imposed by war."

A resolution was also passed calling for municipal ownership of street railways in the District of Columbia.

The election of officers, who are elected for the term of one year, resulted as follows:

President, John H. Ferguson, of Baltimore; first vice president, C. C. Coulter, Washington; second vice president, G. A. Ott, Baltimore; third vice president, Thos. McQuade, Washington; fourth vice president, John Barber, Cumberland; fifth vice president, Chas. O. Roemer, Cumberland; sixth vice president, Anna Neary, Baltimore; seventh vice president, R. H. Burdette, Washington; recording and corresponding secretary, N. A. James, Washington; financial secretary-treasurer, John A. Banz, Baltimore; organizer for Washington, Jos. E. Toone, Washington; organizer for Baltimore, Otto H. Smith, Baltimore; organizer for West Maryland, Joseph Bragg, Cumberland; delegate to A. F. of L., Vincent J. McHenry.

Baltimore was chosen as the next convention city, and the third Monday in April, 1918, the date for calling the convention to order.

ESTABLISHED 1865 — 51 YEARS IN BUSINESS

Buy Your Wines and Distillates Now!

Great Advance in Prices Shortly

CHRISTIAN XANDER'S

909 7th Street, Northwest. — No Branch Houses. Phone M. 274

CORBY'S YEAST

Leaves nothing to guess-work.
Its purity and strength are uniform.
Every baker knows what that means.
Send for samples.

THE CORBY COMPANY

STATION K. — WASHINGTON, D. C.

Representative Houses OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

BANKS

NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burglar-proof vaults; acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth Street and New York Avenue.

WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee, etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK. A bank for the working people. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account. Ninth and G Sts. N. W.

UNION SAVINGS BANK. Commercial accounts. Three per cent interest on savings accounts. The oldest savings bank in Washington.

MICHAEL T. GREENE
Liquors and Cigars. 639 D St. N. W.

STONER'S BAR AND RESTAURANT
The, G. Stoner. 206 Seventh St.S. W.

J. CHAS. McGUIRE'S BUFFET
Federal Seal Whiskey. 519 Ninth St. N. W.

O'KEEFE'S BUFFET
P. J. O'Keefe, Prop. 904 Pa. Ave. N. W.

GLAVIN'S BUFFET
ED. J. GLAVIN 309 G Street Northwest

FRANK'S BUFFET
Fourth and G Sts. N. W. Phone M. 5572.

DAVID WALSH'S BUFFET
407 10th Street N. W.

J. J. O'DONNELL'S BUFFET
333 Penn. Avenue S. E.

HARRY'S BUFFET
631 Penn. Ave. S. E. Phone Lin. 1843

MACHINIST

G. W. FORSBERG, formerly with Forsberg & Murray, Elevators, Boilers. Eighth and Water Sts. S. W. Main 742.

GROCER AND COFFEE ROASTER

SOMERSET R. WATERS, 1342 7th St. N. W.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

RALSTON & RICHARDSON, Evans Building, 1420 New York Avenue.

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.

SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (Inc.), Soda Water, Syrups, etc. 1066 Wis. Ave. N. W.

PHOTO SUPPLIES

E. J. PULLMAN. Developing and Finishing for Amateurs a Specialty. 420 9th St. N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS

MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Ave. N. W. Our Specialty, Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

FIRE INSURANCE

FIREMEN'S INSURANCE COMPANY, Seventh Street and Louisiana Avenue.

DRY GOODS

WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings. Hosiery, a Specialty. 806-808 H St. N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

UNDERTAKERS

J. WILLIAM LEE
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY
332 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.

W. H. BUTLER CO., 607-9 C St. N. W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT

NATIONAL MORTAR CO., 1st and M N.E.

COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING CO., 3036 K Street.

DRUGGISTS

CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth St. and Virginia Ave. S. E.

DAY & CO. 5th and G Sts. N.W. 14th and P N.W., 20th and R. I. Ave. N.E.

QUIGLEY, Druggist, 21st and G Sts. N.W.

A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner 7th and P Streets N. W. N. 2372.

Building Trades Headquarters Sixth and G Sts. N. W

Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rent

WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES TOBACCO. — COSTELLO BROS

JOS. A. WILNER & CO.

UNION CUSTOM TAILORS

Novelties in Spring and Summer Goods

Cor. 8th and G Sts. N.W.

Garden and Lawn Tools

—OF SUPERIOR WORTH

Phila. Lawn Mowers

12-inch width.....$3.25
14-inch width.....$3.50
16-inch width.....$3.75

Ball-Bearing Lawn Mowers

16-inch width.....$14.00
18-inch width.....$15.00

Malleable Garden Rakes....40c
Wooden Lawn Rakes.....30c
Hedge Pruning Shears....$1.75

Electrical Woven Rubber Hose—does not crack or break. The most durable Hose made. Price, per foot, 25c.

Fine quality Garden Hose, per foot.....20c
Iron Hose Reels.....$3.25
Brass Hose Nozzles.....40c
Steel Sickles.....75c
Steel Trowels.....10c
Pruning Shears.....50c
Garden Weeders.....10c
Brass Fountain Mist Sprinklers...40c
Galvanized Water Sprinkling Cans.....70 Up

Dulin & Martin Co.
1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St.

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY

Equitable Life Insurance Co.
of the District of Columbia

THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Issues Ordinary and Industrial

Wm. A. Bennett, 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.

EQUITABLE BLD'G. 816 14th ST., N. W.

Saks & Company

MEN'S and BOYS' OUTFITTERS
Pa. Ave. & 7th St. Wash., D. C.

Specialists in Apparel for Men and Boys.

Clothes, Hats and Shoes

The Bieber-Kaufman Co.
901-909 Eighth St. S. E.

Down by the Navy Yard

Washington, D. C.

BUTLER'S RHEUMATIC and GOUT REMEDY.
A KIDNEY AND HEART TONIC
Manufactured Since 1872 By
BUTLER & FIELD
Third and Indiana Ave. N. W.
Price 50c a bottle. 6 for $2.50
For Sale By Druggists.

ARE YOUR FEET SORE?

For feet that perspire, itch, burn or smart, or are tender, inflamed, blistered or swollen, there is nothing that relieves more surely or quicker than

WELLER'S FOOT POWDER

WELLER'S DRUG STORE
8th & Eye Sts. S.E. 36th & M N.W.

FIREPROOF
CONSTRUCTION
Hammett Fire Proofing Company
301-302-303 Wilkins Bldg.
Phone Main 3337.

Bell Brand Union-Made
COLLARS and SHIRTS
LARGE ASSORTMENT
T. HOLLANDER
North Capitol and H Streets

STORAGE PACKING FREIGHT HAULING
Merchants Transfer
— AND —
Storage Company
920-922 E Street Northwest
Phone Main 6900
SHIPPING MOVING HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

Herbert S. Rand, temporary compositor, 50 cents per hour.

August Pierson, probational monotype keyboard operator, 60 cents per hour.

Urban Jones, probational pressman, 55 cents per hour.

Robert D. Brown, emergency messenger boy, 15 cents per hour.

William C. Farmer, caster helper, 35 cents per hour, reinstated.

Miss Loretta M. Creaghe, probational skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour.

Ulysses F. R. Reed, permanent unskilled laborer, 25 cents per hour, reinstated.

Everett P. Rider and Ashby L. Grayson, temporary skilled laborers, 25 cents per hour.

Clarence A. Robinson, Martin U. White, Ferrol Gibbs, Charles A. Butler, La Pierre Gillis, Charles A. Jones, Thomas C. Marshall, Robert W. Horne, Robert J. Hinton, probational skilled laborers, 25 cents per hour.

Beatrice C. Campbell, Mayme L. Jackson, Anna T. Smith, Catherine E. Freiseis, Julia O. Morrison, Sarah J. Coleman, Landonia L. F. Denney, Beulah L. Johnson, Rose E. Heling, Mattie B. Wyne, Loretta E. Thornton, Mary A. Stack, Nearie E. W. Ross, Ruth D. Connell, Effie A. Tulloss, Lillian E. Osborn, Minnie M. Rue, Cornelia E. Wills, Bettie F. Hamel, Evelyn A. Stokes, Lessye A. Tucker, Helen A. Francis, Alma C. Petersen, Dorothy L. Williams, Helen T. McCormick, Magdaline J. Ivey, Czerda E. Prudeaux, Martha M. Moran, Gertrude J. Mack, Ruth E. Burdette, Verna M. Ryan, Elsie M. Hubbard, Kathryn D. Rau, Rose L. Farmer, Ruby A. Davison, Nola I. Warren, Nora Larner, Katharine M. Hyland, Greekie T. Duffin, Ida G. Reid, Rachel C. Waddleton, Hattie Goldstein, Nina B. Evans, Gertrude A. Bernstein, Rosemary C. Lucas, Mary M. Kimball, Grace A. DeAtley, Erma F. Hawkins, Annie E. Tillman, Margaret E. Wilburn, Lillie M. Daugherty, Emily P. Miner, Lillie M. Loughery, Margaret C. Shaughnessy, Hannah V. Anderson, Jane K. Orr, Mary C. Crowe, Minnie G. Morris, Helen V. Baylor, Georgie M. Gordon, Alverna G. Boswell, Maud R. Bryant, Marie E. Reithmeyer, Etta M. Norris, Edna E. Miller, Irene M. Low, Vallman H. Green, Nita H. Richardson, Ida B. Matheny, temporary skilled laborers, 25 cents per hour.

William H. Carter, Walter Jackson, Henry H. Coffelt, Benjamin A. Clark, O'Donald T. Armstrong, Joseph S. Taylor, Thomas Sawyer, Richard H. Thornton, Alvyn A. Tate, Isaac T. Richardson, Joseph B. Tillett, Staly A. Robinson, Frank Twyman, Lewis Hawkins, Carter Bowman, John W. Spriggs, Lovely G. Williams, emergency unskilled laborers, 25 cents per hour.

Separations.

Abner M. Yancey and Raymond McConnell, temporary skilled laborers, resigned.

Madeline C. Simpson, Mary A. Tait and Margaret A. Daly, temporary skilled laborers, resigned.

William P. Martsch and Miss Katherine C. Ratcliffe, clerks, resigned.

Charles A. Jones, probational skilled laborer, resigned.

James E. Wilkins, helper, resigned.

Theodore F. Wilson, messenger, resigned.

Hubert J. Mills, compositor, resigned.

Stanley A. Shaner, skilled laborer, resigned.

Dewey Esaias, skilled laborer, mustered into the service.

Mrs. Eva H. Faunce, pressfeeder, resigned.

Cletus D. Lesher, emergency messenger boy, resigned.

Leo F. Spaight, messenger boy, resigned.

Christopher C. Howard, temporary fireman.

Transfers, Etc.

Leroy W. Marceron and Harry M. Tucker, messenger boys, $375 per annum to $420 per annum.

William S. McAndrew, electrotype finisher apprentice, 50 cents per hour, to electrotype finisher, 60 cents per hour.

Miss Julia G. Brown, clerk, $900 to $1,000.

Felix J. Belair, bookbinder, 50 cents per hour, to bookbinder in charge, 60 cents per hour.

Charles R. Allen, electrotype molder apprentice, 50 cents per hour, to electrotype molder, 60 cents per hour.

Howard R. Loeffel, stereotyper apprentice, 50 cents per hour, to stereotyper, 60 cents per hour.

William K. Harrison, bookbinder, 50 cents per hour, to bookbinder in charge, 60 cents per hour.

PAINTERS LOCKED OUT.

Hannibal, Mo., April 26.—The Master Painters' Association has locked out members of Painters' Union No. 293 because of wage disagreements. The employers objected to Saturday afternoon holidays, even though the unionists agreed to arrange matters so work on hand would be completed.

G.P.O.COMMENT

W. R. Love, candidate for president of No. 101, paid a visit to the night forces Tuesday night. The campaign these days is very tame.

R. L. Townsend, proofroom night, is convalescing from a two-weeks illness.

F. C. Roberts, late commissioner of labor at Porto Rico, has joined the forces of the Labor Bureau in the board of mediation and conciliation. His first assignment will probably be to Porto Rico to endeavor to settle differences existing between labor and the shipping interests of the island.

The afflictions of Job (boils) seem to be prevalent in the G. P. O., George F. Halsey, of the night proofroom, being the latest victim showing the decorations. Mr. Halsey, being a true philosopher, will take his affliction with the same imperturability as old Job, and will go a-fishing at the earliest opportunity.

Our young and enthusiastic friend, Koockogey, took a fall out of the Board of Education at its last meeting—at least, it was enough to cause a report of it in the daily proceedings. He is a live wire, and has not been schooled enough in diplomacy to couch a protest against the employment of a laborer as an expert in printing in this recently organized vocational school. The president of the board intimated to Koockogey that they had heard enough of him and would rather he would stay away from future meetings.

Herbert S. Rand has been appointed a temporary compositor.

August Pierson has received an appointment as probational mono keyboard operator.

The news has reached this city of the death of George Dunnington, at one time employed in the G. P. O., but of late years a resident of Seattle, Washington. Mr. Dunnington will be remembered as one of the members of the G. P. O. Baseball League some twenty or more years ago.

Herbert J. Mills, compositor, has resigned.

W. S. McAndrew, foundry, has been promoted to electrotype finisher.

W. K. Harrison, bindery, has been advanced from bookbinder to bookbinder in charge.

James R. Alford, who has been in poor health for the past six month, will leave today for Colorado Springs to re-enter the Printers' Home. Mr. Alford returned from the Home about a year ago greatly improved, but his health failing, he finds it necessary to return there.

S. M. Simpson, having been placed in nomination for vice president of No. 101 without any solicitation on his part, has notified all chapels and his friends in general that he is in the race, but will make no intensive canvass for the position.

PAINTERS RAISE WAGES.

Hamilton, Ontario, April 26.—Painters' Union has raised wages 2½ cents an hour, which makes the minimum 40 cents.

Toledo, Ohio, April 26.—An increase of 5 cents an hour has been secured by Painters' Union No. 7 without a strike. The minimum wage is now 50 cents.

Marinette, Wis., April 26.—Wages have been increased to 35 cents an hour by organized painters and paperhangers in the twin cities—Marinette, Wis., and Menominee, Mich.

WHITE RATS' STRIKE OFF.

New York, April 26.—Officers of the White Rats Actors' Union have declared the strike against sixty theaters in various parts of the country suspended because of war conditions. The strike was caused by a lock-out policy of the Vaudeville Managers' Protective Association. The White Rats announce they will continue their court contests against several injunctions and that their strike has been a lesson to the managers.

BREWERY WORKERS GAIN.

Uniontown, Pa., April 26.—Brewery managers in this county have signed a contract with Brewery Workers' Union No. 309 that will continue until 1920. Wages are increased 12 per cent and improved working conditions are agreed to.

PASS EIGHT-HOUR LAW.

Boston, April 26.—The state senate has passed a bill establishing an eight-hour day in all industries which run continuously.

MONTANA LOCK-OUT FAILS.

Great Falls, Mont., April 26.—The Great Falls branch of the Montana Employers' Association has failed in its attempt to smash trade unionism and has ended a lock-out by agreeing that hereafter all grievances shall be referred to a joint committee consisting of six men from each side. The agreement is signed by the Employers' Association and the Cascade County Trades and Labor Assembly.

This settlement was only made possible by the rugged trade unionism of Great Falls' workers who resisted the most powerful influences their employers could command.

BOILER MAKERS WIN.

Wilmington, Del., April 26.—Differences between the Harlan & Hollingsworth corporation and Boiler Makers' Union No. 494 have been adjusted and the men have returned to work. The union had negotiated a wage scale that raised wages 12 per cent for piece workers and 16 per cent for day workers, but the company failed to reinstate a committeeman.

Although the boiler makers had secured substantial wage increases, they suspended work as a protest against this injustice.

CLOTH HAT MAKERS TO MEET.

New York, April 26.—Officers of the United Cloth Hat and Cap Makers' Union are arranging for the eleventh biennial convention, to be held in this city, beginning May 1 next. This organization has trebled its membership within the past year and now has an enrollment of over 12,000. Its most striking success has been secured in the ladies' hat and millinery branch.

VOTING ON AMALGAMATION.

New York, April 26.—Membership of the Amalgamated Lithographers of America are voting on a plan to amalgamate with the International Lithographic Protective Association.

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

J. G. O'DONNELL, President, 122 Sixth St. N. E.
M. J. DEERY Vice President, 2407 Girard St. N. E.
THOS. W. WOLTZ, Recording Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
G. H. F. DAVIS, Treasurer, 439 Second St.S. E.
W. I. STRATTON, Conductor, 617 Sixth St. N. W.
A. F. MOIRSETTE, Warden, 425 G St. N. W.
GEO. MYERS, Business Agent, 425 G St. N. W.

TRUSTEES.

F. J. NOLTE, 24 Eighth Street N. E.
MARK REILEY, 1127 B St. S. E.
A. P. TAYLOR, 622 I Street N. E.

DELEGATES TO THE DISTRICT COUNCIL.

R. H. BURDETTE, 1207 L Street N. W.
C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
E. B. BYRNE, 425 G Street N. W.
ROBERT REICHARD, 1720 35th Street N. W.
J. H. RYAN, 1101 Eleventh Street S. E.

DELEGATES TO THE CENTRAL LABOR UNION.

C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
R. H. BURDETTE, 816 K Street N. W.
W. S. HOLLOHAN, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
C. A. SAUNDERS, 244 9th St. S. E.
LOUIS LUEBKERT, 1314 Kerney St. N. E.

RELIEF COMMITTEE.

P. W. HAMILTON, 410 Tenn. Ave. N. E.
J. T. CLIFT, 4115 7th St. N. W.
M. FOLEY, 118 Seaton St. N. E.
W. B. DOLAN, 413 Mass. Ave. N. W.
J. A. SANKER, 2606 R. I. Ave. N. E.

MILL COMMITTEE.

F. E. KETTNER, 3016 Cambridge St. N. W.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
O. A. CARTER, Rosslyn, Va.

DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE
G. H. F. DAVIS, 439 Second Street S. E.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
Meets Every Monday Night

Typographica Temple
423-425 G St. N. W.

Secretary's Address: 606 5th St. N.W.
Telephone: Lincoln 4614

OFFICERS

HUGH D. DIGNEY.....President
MARY GANZHORN...V. President
N. A. JAMES.....Secretary
JOS. E. TOONE....Fin. Secretary
WM. H. SCHAFFER.....Treasurer
JOS. C. CLARK..Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES — Wm. Zell, W. W. Keeler, J. L. Considine.

COMMITTEES

Executive—Mary Ganzhorn, Chairman; Jos. E. Toone, N. A. James, W. A. Huttel, John R. Hartley, H. D. Digney and Wm. H. Shaffer.

Legislative—Jere McCarthy, Chairman; John Lorch, N. P. Alifas, Robert Jones and D. J. O'Leary.

Adjustment—W. A. Huttel, Chairman; Harry Hollohan, John Botts, Benj. Spellbring and John Schmidt.

Contract—John Hartley, Chairman; Wm. W. Keeler, W. H. Schaffer, C. H. Adams and C. C. Coulter.

Laws—Dan. Hassett, chairman; Harry Buie and R. H. Burdette.

Resolution—Jas. L. Considine, chairman; E. L. Tucker and Denis Southern.

Organization — Jos. E. Toone, Chairman; Jos. C. Clark, Henry Miller, Mary Burkhead and T. A. Franklin.

Auditing—Wm. E. Zell, Chairman; Laurence Curtin and John Deal.

Credentials—M. J. Costello, Chairman; Jas. Noyes and S. S. Parker.

Label—H. F. Oehler, Chairman, and John McGuigan.

Press—N. A. James, Chairman; John B. Colpoys and N. A. Sprague.

Delegates to Baltimore—Jos. E. Toone, Chairman; Harry Fiddesop and Sam De Nedrey.

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, F. S. Radman, 134 7th Street N.E.

Bakery Salemen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at Moose Hall, Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sundays in each month at 2 p.m., Painters' Hall, 6th and G Sts. N.W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N.W.

Blacksmiths and Helpers, Local 217, International Brotherhood of: Meets first and third Monday of each month at 650 Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, C. A. Chism, 418 Tenth street northeast.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. F. Miller, 19 Quincy Place northwest.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets first and third Sunday of the month at the Secretary, T. Guiffre, 908 Pennsylvania ave-Moose Hall, Seventh and G Street Northwest. nue northwest.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 48: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E street southeast.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, G. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G Street N. W.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles' Hall. Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 520 Rhode Island Ave. N. E.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhau, 787 10th St. s. e.

Chauffeurs and Hack Drivers Union, Local No. 115: Meets the first and third Saturday of each month, G. A. R. Building, 1412 Pa. Ave. Secretary-Treasurer, Kirk C. Sipher, Room 25, 945 Pa. Ave. northwest.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wassaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Twelfth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3800 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Paperhangers Hall, 430 Ninth Street N. W., second and fourth Thursdays of the month. Secretary, Edw. B. Finch, 33 P Street N. E.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets every Friday, at 8:00 p.m. Hall, S. E. Cor. Tenth and Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, Jas. P. Lahey, 816 5th street northeast.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and B Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hisle, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Employes' Union No. 14632: Meets second Friday of each month, Perpetual Building Association Hall. Secretary, W. M. Lynch, 409 A. F. of L. Building.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Watchmen's Union No. 14964: Secretary, Jas. H. Reed, Cor. Sec., 1228 B street southwest.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Glaziers Local No. 963: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, H. C. Turner, Mt. Rainier, Md.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, John T. Bowers, Twentieth and Twenty-first and L and M streets northwest.

Ice Cream Wagon Drivers and Helpers' Union, Local No. 111: Meets second and fourth Tuesdays at Typographical Temple, 425 G street northwest. Secretary-Treasurer, J. Neff Cline, 1211 North Capitol street.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Avenue S. E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 Twelfth St. N. E.

Laborers' Protective Union, No. 15037: Meets the second Tuesday of each month at the Cadets' Armory, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, E. E. McCormick, 1403 South Capitol street.

Laundry Workers, Local No. 110: Meets first Friday in each month at Winslow's Hall, 12 and R streets northwest. Secretary, Moten Jefferson, 550 Twenty-fourth street northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, W. N. Huttel, 1430 A St. N. E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday, 1204 Pa. Ave. N. W. Secretary, E. H. Fulton, Barcroft, Va.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. F. McDonnell.

Mill Workers Local No. 1694: Meets every Tuesday at Painters' Hall, 704 Sixth street northwest. Secretary, Robt. Reichard, 1720 Thirty-fourth street northwest.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third 2665. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Bus. Agt.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 922 Pa. Ave. N. W. Phone M. 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets second Sunday and fourth Friday in each month. Secretary, Albert Bridges 210 L st. s. e.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 420: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers' Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday of every month, Red Room, The New Ebbitt, 8 p.m. Secretary, James A. Sullivan, 3910 5th street northwest.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Raymond R. Burrows, Clarendon, Va.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Robt. J. Barrett, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month. Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 820 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressmen, No. 1: Meets fourth Monday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N.E.

Railway Carmen, Pride of Potomac Lodge, No. 313, Brotherhood of: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F streets northeast, first and third Tuesdays. Secretary, L. H. Taylor, 706 Seventh street northeast.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custodian and Janitor, 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, W. P. Cannon, 408 Twelfth St. S. E.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe, 326 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. F. Hickman, 518 Sixth St. N. W.

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Mrs. H. B. Tritipoe, 1737 Willard street N. W., Apt. 20.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10.30 a. m. and 8.30 p. m. Secretary, G. W. Calderhead, Room 412 Wash. Loan and Trust Building.

The High School Teachers' Union of Washington, D. C., No. 8: Meets in the Music Room of the New Central High School at 3.30 p. m. the second Tuesday in the months of October, December, February, and May. Secretary, G. J. Jones, Central High School.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle. 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 750 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 420 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Fridays, Typographical Temple. Secretary, L. M. Green, Langdon, D. C.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: International Secretary-Treasurer, Jas. E. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G St. N. W. Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth St. N. W.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

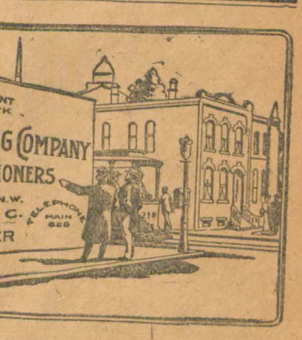
National Capital Lodge, No. 92 (Ladies' Auxiliary, Int. Asso. Mach.): Meets first and third Tuesday of each month at 7:30 p.m. at National Capital Bank Hall, 316 Pa. Ave. S.E.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.

WASHINGTON'S LARGEST PRINTING PLANT DEVOTED TO COMMERCIAL WORK

THE LAW REPORTER PRINTING COMPANY
COMMERCIAL PRINTERS AND STATIONERS
TELEPHONE MAIN 828
518-520 FIFTH STREET N.W.
WASHINGTON, D. C.
F. B. CROWN, MANAGER



INTERNATIONAL UNION OF THE UNITED BREWERY WORKMEN OF AMERICA
Union MADE Beer Ale AND Porter
COPYRIGHT & TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1903
THIS IS OUR LABEL.

VOTE
Against Prohibition
DEMAND
Personal Liberty
IN CHOOSING WHAT YOU WILL DRINK
ASK FOR THIS LABEL WHEN PURCHASING BEER, ALE OR PORTER.
As A Guarantee That It Is Union Made.

Who Pays for the Stelzle Advertisements?

BY JOSEPH PROEBSTLE.

Two months ago Mr. Charles Stelzle, who claims to be the field secretary of the Federal Council of the Churches of Christ in America, sent a letter to the labor journals and international trades union publications, asking for space rate to publish his articles against the saloon, breweries and distilleries of America, and incidentally calling attention to the fact that he is the chosen apostle of God Almighty to save the Brewery Workers and Bartenders of America from self-destruction by depriving them of the opportunity to work, and destroying, if possible, their organization.

A number of labor papers, and even some of the international trades union publications, have accepted Mr. Stelzle's enticing offer of $300 per year for space. We believe, however, that they have been deceived, because it seems inconceivable to think that a labor press should deliberately become a party to betray and help destroy their fellow trades unionists and the organization to which they belong.

We have the information that a number of international organizations and local labor papers have turned down the proposition of Stelzle, as it appeared to be against their principles of trades unionism to become a party to the nefarious work of disruption and curtailment of liberties for the common people.

Mr. Stelzle has been sneaking and snitching around every labor federation convention, ostensibly as a minister of the gospel, without a church or congregation, trying to impress the delegates that he is interested in the welfare of the toilers. He professes to be a former machinist, but the fact is, that he joined the machinists' organization after he was recognized as a minister of the gospel, and as such he wanted to secure influence amongst the labor organizations, hence the deceptive membership.

Mr. Stelzle is in charge of the distribution of a corruption fund obtained through contributions which he asked of large employers of labor, such as Kresge, of Detroit, who controls a chain of five and ten cent stores throughout the United States. This fund was established for the purpose of buying under misrepresentation the columns of the labor press, which heretofore were closed to the forces of hypocrisy, as represented by the Anti-Saloon League and Prohibition party.

The question now is, will the Labor press, the clean, incorruptible, always, self-sacrificing, loyal supporters of the workers of this country, fall for this deceptive hireling of the enemies of organized labor?

Mr. Stelze is connected with the Westerville, Ohio, headquarters of the Anti-Saloon League, and, according to his own statement during the San Francisco convention of the American Federation of Labor, is now getting his principal income from a philanthropically inclined, "self-styled socialist" millionaire of Baltimore, Md., who wants to see national prohibition established. It is more likely, however, that Mr. Stelzle is operating a branch fund collection office for the anti-saloon crowd of America; he is without question the paid agent of some force or organization which selected him as a suitable subject to deceive, mislead and bunco the working class. His advertisements are fabrications and lies, and there is not one statement of truth contained therein.

First, he says that the death rate amongst brewery workers is 50 per cent higher than amongst any other trade. Our organization keeps a record of deaths, and the yearly per cent never runs higher than 16 per 1,000 throughout the United States and Canada.

Second, he claims that no first-class life insurance company will accept a brewer, which is another falsehood. As many members of the Brewery Workers carry life policies and endowment policies as of any other labor organization. It simply depends upon their financial circumstances.

The third statement, that there have been more strikes amongst Brewery Workers than amongst other trades, is on a par with his other statement of unemployment during the slack months.

The fact is, that the Brewery Workers have one of the most militant and democratic organizations. Years ago they succeeded in reaching an understanding with their employers, that no men should be discharged on account of slackness of work during the winter season, but that all men should divide and share the opportunities for the work equally. Mr. Stelzle, as one of the committee members appointed by the Mayor of New York City to investigate and suggest relief for the unemployed a few years ago, copied this plan of the Brewery Workers and their employers, and adopted their methods of democratic division of employment, which has been in force for twenty-five years in their organization, and which has worked splendidly, as his suggestion, and then he boasted of the method as the child of his peanut brain.

It must be obvious to every one with common sense that the Stelzle propaganda is part of a bigger and more powerful propaganda than coming from one man, crank, or so-called philanthropist. It means to deprive the working class of more liberties, and make it more frugal, and then they, "the powers that be," will be able to get our labor cheaper.

SHORTAGE OF FOOD BECOMING ALARMING.

To place further taxes, either import or consumption, on any food stuff would be a grave mistake. Even the great need for revenue to carry on the war would not justify it. On the contrary, the alarming state of the food markets created by the world war places a particular and special burden on the Congress to protect the masses of the people from privation and hunger.

The reported scale of taxation on incomes and profits, both personal and corporate, seems moderate under the circumstances —they might well be further increased. Monopolies, and other luxuries, should be heavily taxed.

But the war is already greatly overtaxing the citizen whose income is under $1,500 per year by having doubled his living expenses in three years. To further increase this burden would be both unjust and unwise.

Waiving aside all considerations of justice and equity, ordinary common sense dictates that the masses of the country be not further oppressed and burdened by needless taxes on the necessary foods (already out of reach of most of them) at a time when the nation needs, above all else, the good will and hearty patriotic support of all the people.

A hungry man is a doubtful patriot.

Take all the revenue needed out of profits and incomes; and if it can be done, by a direct tax on wealth.

(Continued From Page 1.)

Picture Operators Object To Further War Taxation

Ben Spellbring, president and business agent of Motion Picture Operators' Union, who has received any number of letters complimenting him and his organization upon the successful passing of his "anti-tax" resolution at convention of the Maryland State-District of Columbia Federation of Labor convention, held in Cumberland, succeeds in having like resolution adopted by the Central Labor Union of Washington, D. C.

Motion picture theaters in the National Capital, where more than forty-five union operators are now employed, are at present paying ten different taxes of various natures and that it would be a gross injustice to levy another tax upon the already overburdened owners of these amusement houses should be apparent to all fair-minded, public-spirited citizens.

The tax which Congress seeks now to impose upon all places of amusement, not only in the District of Columbia, but, of course, the country throughout, is the tax of one cent per admission ticket. This pertains to the five-cent ticket to a motion picture show, thousands of which are sold every hour of the day and night in some parts of the country in the larger cities, while tickets of a higher cost are sold in much smaller numbers.

The first organization to raise a just objection to the passing of this bill for further amusement taxation was the Motion Picture Operators' Union, under the watchful eye of its president and business agent, Mr. Spellbring, and that the legislative committee of the Central Labor Union will do all in its power to make this resolution of objection be felt by men on the hill is without question a certainty. To pass a bill of this character would cause the picture business to become so unprofitable that the owners would be compelled to raise prices or suspend operations, and the suspension of operations would cause the operators to be thrown into competition for "work" with others of their craft, causing a reduction in the standards of hiring now enjoyed through strong organization.

Also the patrons of these theaters would be made to share the burdens by the increase in price of admission, and these patrons can, you will agree, least stand an additional cost per ticket.

The welfare of union men must be protected and the owners of the houses in which they are employed must be co-operated with by the agent of these men. This is being done, and he is a fine example to other crafts. Employer and employe each seeking to protect the interests of the other. Success to both!

Parker, Bridget & Co.

"The Avenue at Ninth"

Featuring Extra Value

$15

Suits for Fall

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1
Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.

M. J. DUNNIGAN, President.....2007 14 Street N.W.
JOHN G. WOLFE, Vice-President.1023 N. J. Ave. N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W.

TRUSTEES

Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E.
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E.
Thos. L. Nevins.....504 Maine Avenue S. W.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe,.....1023 N. J. Ave. N. W
J. McElfresh,.....
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E.
A. Tenley.....964 Florida Ave. N. W.
M. Sullivan.....5631-2 15 St. S. E.

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.

Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ARBITRATION COMMITTEE.

M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W.
M. A. Wolfe,.....418 F St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. E.
Joseph Harding.....210 13 St. S. W.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....2006 2nd St. N. W
R. Pumphrey.....223 Q St. N. W.
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W.
Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. W.

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Capitol St.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L St. S. W.

DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.

John Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave.
William Pollard.....522 14th St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

UNION OPERATOR — LOCAL No. 224 — WASH. D.C. — I.A.T.S.E. — AFFILIATED WITH CENTRAL LABOR UNION & A.F. of L.

American, 1st st. and R. . ave.n.w.
Apollo, - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Auditorium, 13th st. and N. Y. ave.n.w.
Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Cosmos - - Pa. Ave. bet. 9th & 10th
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N. W.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Elite Theatre, 14th and R. I. ave. n. w.
Empire, - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Empress - - 9th bet. D and E N.W.
Favorite, H St. North Capitol & First
Florida - - 15th St. & Fla. Ave. N.E.
Garden Theatre, 423 Ninth st. n. w.
Gayety Theatre - - 513 9th St. N.W.
Happyland - - 7th bet. L & M N.W.
Home Theater, C bet. 12th & 13th n. e.
Leader - - - - - - 507 9th St. N.W.
Liberty Theatre, N. Capitol & P St.
Loewe's Columbia . . F near 12th
Lyric Theatre - - 14th near Park Rd.
Maryland - - - 624 9th St. N. W.
"M" Street Theatre, M St. near 32nd
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Odeon - - 14th and Church Sts. N. W.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15, N.W.
Palace - - - - 312 9th St. N.W.
Penn Gardens - - 21st St. & Pa. Ave.
Plaza Theatre - 434 9th st. n. w.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Regent - - 18th & Cal. Ave. N.W.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
Savoy, - - - 14th and Col. Road.
Senate Theater - - 324 Pa. Ave. S.E.
Strand, - - - - - Ninth and D.
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N. E.
Stanton Park - - 219 4th St. N.E.
Virginia - - - 614 9th St. N. W.
Washington & Park - 18th & U Sts.
Zenith Theater - - 625 8th St. S.E.

The only strictly
UNION TAILORING
house in the city

M. STEIN & CO.

TAILORS

Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

PHONE NORTH 2349

DONOVAN'S

FINE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS

2008 14th St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

LIST OF LIQUOR DEALERS WHO HAVE SIGNED "THE AGREEMENT."

Allen, Paul.....2 N st. n. e.
Allen, John J...807 N. C. Cap st. n. e.
Beirkle, Leopold, - 1245 H st. n. e.
Boyle, William J., 601 Mass. ave n. w.
Castelli, Vincent, 502-504 Ninth st.n.w.
Clark, C. H.....510 9th st. n. w.
Colonial Beach Boat Co.
Costello, Bros.....604 G st. n. w.
Crowley, James J.....702 E st. n. w.
Daly, T. J.....34 H st. n. e.
Daye, Wm. T.....1218 Wisc. ave.
Doyle, Wm. T...1314 Wisc. ave. n. w.
Duffy, James A. -901 1-2 E st. n. w.
Wm. R. Fosbender, 406 Ninth st. n w.
Franey, F. A.....711½ 9th st. n. w.
Frank, Mrs. M. E. - 319 G st. n. w.
Ganey, M.....615 7th st. s. w.
Glavin, Edwin.....309 G st. n. w.
Hannan, Mrs. E.....531 7th st. s. w.
Hanlon, Timothy.....822 H st. n. e.
Kelliher, J. D.....1258 7th st. s. w.
Killeen, John F.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Louis Hodges, - - 407 9th st n. w.
Lynagh, Peter J.....523 7th st. s. w.
Lynch, John.....417 9th st. n. w.
McCarthy, F. J.....910 4½ st. s. w.
McCarthy, Jas. J.....1402 H st. n. e.
McDonald, F. J.....643 Pa. ave. s. e.
McGinniss, H. J., 1001 N. Y. ave. n. w.
McGuire, J. Chas., 519 Ninth st. n. w.
McHough, Martin....1105 H st. n. e.
Milton Schmidt, - 702 7th st. n. w.
O'Connor, D. J.....100 G st. n. w.
O'Connor, Patrick F., 617 D st. n. w.
O'Connor, James.....1429 N. Cap. st.
O'Day, John T. - 921 Ninth st. n. w.
O'Donnell, James J...333 Pa. ave. s. e.
Peter White, - - - 905 D st. n. w.
Raftery, Thomas.....406 H st. n. e.
Raftery, Patrick.....225 11th st. n. e.
Roland, J. H.....511 9th st. n. w.
Scanlon, Daniel,.....103 H st. n. w.
Schroter, Conrad....3258 M st. n. w.
Schltz, Mary T.....607 G st. n. w.
Sheehan, John J., 701 North Cap. st.
Solon, Mary A., - 1003 7th st. e.
Stern, M. M.....601 7th st. n. w.
Stanton, Frank J.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Sullivan, David, 12th and E st. n. w.
Sullivan, John J., 1351 35th st. n. w.
The Casino, Frank Farenkamp (Chesapeake Beach).
Victor Buffet Co., Inc., 7th and G n. w.
Walsh, David, - - 407 10th st. n. w
Wassman, Henry, 705 Seventh st. n. w.
Wiedeman, Joseph....629 E st. n. w.
William J. O'Leary, 733 North Cap. st.
Wininger, Harry 631 Pa. ave. s. e.
Wolf, Frank, - 512 12th st. n. w.

MEATS — GROCERIES — FISH

Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the

OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.

930 La. Ave. N.W. — 1935 14th St. N.W. — 2002 Ga. Ave. N.W.
501 8th St. S.E. — 138 7th St. N.E. — 739 N. Capitol St.
3101 M St. N.W. — 1776 U St. N.W. — 712 K St. N.W.
7th & Q Sts. N.W. — 3113 14th St. N.W. — 3420 M St. N.W.
1105 H St. N.E. — 701 H St. N.E. — 1714 14th St. N.W.
1632 N. Capitol St. — 726 7th St. N.W. — 3608 14th St. N.W.
3420 Ga. Ave. N.W. — 1440 P St. N.W. — 2030 P St. N.W.
918 La. Ave. N.W.

POULTRY — BREAD — PRODUCE

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK

Northwest Corner FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST

LOOK FOR THE CLOCKS

4 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts

COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

THE PLATE PRINTER

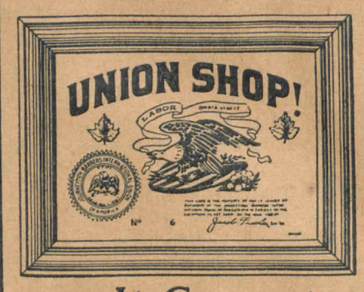
Official Organ Plate Printers International Union.

P. J. RYAN, Editor. — CHAS. T. SMITH, Assoc. Editor.

Subscription $1.00 Per Year

Telephone 4528 — Wash. Loan & Trust Bldg.

Look for the
UNION SHOP CARD



It gives our members a **Shorter Work day** *and* **Sunday Rest**

It Guarantees to You
CLEANLINESS *and*
EXPERT SERVICE

WE DO ALL KINDS OF
Job Printing
AND THE PRICE IS RIGHT

The Trades Unionist, 604-6 5th St. N. W.

Washington District Council of Carpenters

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

ROBERT ADAM, President, Local 2563, U. B., 1511 Vermont Avenue N.W.
R. H. BURDETTE, Vice President, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
E. B. BYRNE, Secretary, Local 132, U. B., 425 G Street N.W.
F. A. SHOESMITH, Treasurer, Local 2563, U. B., 5209 Georgia Avenue N.W.
C. H. ADAMS, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 804 A Street N.E.
R. H. BURDETTE, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
H. PAGE, Trustee, Local 2563, U. B., 336½ 13th Street N.E.
ROBERT REICHARD, Local 132, U. B., 1720 34th Street N.W.
J. H. RYAN, Local 132, U. B., 1101 11th Street S.E.
FRED HOOK, Local 2563, U. B., 1523 8th Street N.W.
WILLIAM MACKIE, Local 2563, U. B., 216 Seaton Place N.E.

BUSINESS AGENT.
GEO. MYERS, 425 G Street N. W.

THE MILTON SCHOOL

Oxford Bldg., 14th and N. Y. Ave. N.W.

Stenography
Typewriting
English
Spanish

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO BEGINNERS

Now in larger quarters in the Oxford Building, 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.

Phone Main 3871

WM. H. HOWLIN

American Federation of Labor Building

9th Street and Mass. Avenue

Engrossing Resolutions, Diplomas Charters and Fancy Pen Work of All Descriptions

GEO. D. HORNING,

N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.

Side Entrance on 9th St.

LOAN OFFICE

Takoma Bread

Fresh Three Times Daily

AT ALL GROCERS

Havenner Baking Company

Established 1815

LANSBURGH & BRO.

"DRY GOODS ONLY"

The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City

420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

CORBY CAKE

AT ALL GROCERS

When in Doubt, Buy of

HOUSE & HERRMANN

FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.

N.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W.

The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I. P. E. U.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXI. NO. 45 WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, MAY 4, 1917. ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

Central Labor Union Gives Indorsement

Retirement Law for Government Employes and Reappointment of Supt. Ernest L. Thurston Urged.

The retirement of superannuated government employes and the reappointment of Ernest L. Thurston as superintendent of public schools for the District of Columbia were urged in resolutions adopted by the Central Labor Union at its regular meeting last Monday night.

The board of representatives of the Federal Employes Union No. 14632 at a regular meeting held in this city on April 13 adopted the resolutions urging immediate action for passing a retirement law for government employes and have asked all labor organizations, all organizations of government employes and all officials of the United States to aid in securing the desired legislation. Earnest efforts in this direction will be made by the C. L. U.

Resolutions on Retirement of Government Employes.

"Whereas, it is a matter of official record that the government service is seriously impaired because of the large number of superannuated employes carried on the rolls, and,

"Whereas, in view of the great emergency with which the government has to cope at the present time because of a state of war now existing, it is important that immediate steps be taken for promoting the highest degree of efficiency in the government service, and

"Whereas, we believe that the most effective means for obtaining such results would be the enactment of an equitable retirement law, and

"Whereas, we believe that employes who have spent long years in the government service have not received a sufficient competence to keep them in their declining years, therefore

"Be it resolved by the board of representatives of the Federal Employes' Union at a regular meeting held in Washington, D. C., on April 13, 1917, as follows:

"1. That Congress be urged to take immediate action for passing a retirement law in order that justice may be done many faithful employes who have become incapacitated in the line of duty, and

"2. We believe that such action is imperative in order that the several branches of the government service may fulfill in the most effective manner possible the demands of the present emergency to the end that measures for national defense may be successful; and be it further

"Resolved that a copy of this resolution be forwarded to each member of Congress; and be it further

"Resolved that all labor organizations, all organizations of government employes, and all officials of the United States be requested to aid in securing the desired legislation."

The reappointment of Mr. Thurston as superintendent of public schools is urged, among many reasons, for the fact that he has filled the office for one term of three years satisfactorily, is a local man and has the indorsements of the executive council of the High School Teachers' Union and the white and colored Janitors' Unions. The delegates went on record as most strenuously opposed to the proposed appointment of any person outside of the District to the office of superintendent of schools, or any other office, so long as an acceptable person can be found in the community.

Resolutions Indorsing Supt. E. L. Thurston for Reappointment.

"Whereas, it is necessary by law for the Board of Education of the District of Columbia to consider at an early date the appointment of the superintendent of schools; and

"Whereas, the present incumbent, Mr. Ernest L. Thurston, has filled the office for one term of three years; and

"Whereas, the present state of high efficiency which the school system of the city of Washington maintains is largely due to his safe, wise and progressively conservative administration of the school law; and

"Whereas, the office of superintendent of schools of this city carries with it more responsibility upon the officer, and a greater complexity of management than does the same office in other cities; and

"Whereas, the executive council of the High School Teachers' Union, the white and colored Janitors' Unions have indorsed the reappointment of Supt. Ernest L. Thurston; and

"Whereas, Supt. Thurston has announced that he regards the working out of a vocational system for Washington as the largest educational problem now before him and the city; and

"Whereas, Supt. Thurston's administration of the schools has been calculated to advance not merely the welfare of the few who go to college, but also to promote the general well-being of the children of all the people; and

"Whereas, the present superintendent is a local man, a product of the high schools of the city, a graduate of George Washington University, a former successful teacher of our own high schools, and intimately acquainted with the duties and responsibilities of his office from his previous successful service as assistant superintendent of schools; and

"Whereas, by his administration, institution of reforms, sound principles of education, deep sense of responsibility of his office, he has won the confidence of teachers, of the parents, and of the public at large; therefore

"Be it Resolved, that we, the delegates of the Central Labor Union, in regular meeting assembled, and representing more than 30,000 parents of school children of the District of Columbia, express our satisfaction with the administration of school affairs by the superintendent of schools, and, hereby, urge upon the Board of Education our express desire that Mr. Ernest L. Thurston be appointed to succeed himself; and

"Be it Further Resolved, that we, the delegates of the Central Labor Union, for ourselves and on behalf of the locals we represent, most strenuously oppose the proposed appointment of any person outside of the District of Columbia to this, or any other office, so long as an acceptable person can be found in the community to such position; and

"Be it Further Resolved, that copies of these resolutions be forwarded to the individual members of the Board of Education and to Supt. Thurston."

Metal Polishers Gain Material Advances

Report of General Secretary Atherton Shows Many Increases in Wages.

Cincinnati, May 3.—General Secretary Atherton of the Metal Polishers' International Union reports the following recent Cleveland gains:

Champion Plating Company and Ohio Plating Works—Weekly minimum of $27 for a 50-hour week. Northern Ohio Plating Works—Beginning May 1, 45 cents an hour for 50-hour week; after July 1, 50 cents an hour and the 48-hour week. National Plating Works—45-cent minimum until July 1; thereafter, 50-cent minimum, 50-hour week and time and one-half for overtime. White Sewing Machine Company—Wages increased 5 cents an hour. Bentley & Dilly—Eight-hour day for nine hours' pay. Columbia Hardware Company—Time and one-half for over 48-hour week and 5 cents an hour increase. Bischop-Babcock-Becker Company—Polishers and buffers increased from 40 to 50 cents an hour; time and one-half over 48 hours; increases range from 40 cents to $5 a week. Enterprise Plating Company—Wages increased to 50 cents an hour for a 48-hour week. Verdin Brass Company—Time and one-half over 48 hours and wages increased to 50 cents an hour. Champion Stove Company—Eight-hour day with a 12 per cent wage increase. Union Graphophone Supply Company—Wages increased from 45 to 50 cents an hour; 48-hour week; time and one-half for overtime. Langenow Manufacturing Company—Wages increased from 37½ to 45 cents an hour; piece workers guaranteed 50 cents an hour; hours reduced from 10 to 9 and time and one-half for over 9 hours.

REFUSE WAGE INCREASES; MADE 259 PER CENT PROFIT

Hartford, Conn., May 3.—Union metal polishers are waging a vigorous strike against the Colt Patent Fire Arms Company, which forced these employes on strike September 8, 1915, because they asked that wages be increased 5 cents an hour with time and one-half for overtime. The polishers made every attempt to adjust differences, but the company declared it "was not in a position to grant the demands, as they were very unreasonable."

Last year, according to its financial report, just issued, the company made a profit of 259 per cent, or $6,345,731, and yet they say they cannot afford to pay metal polishers 45 cents an hour.

LENNON THANKS FRIENDS.

John Lennon, treasurer of the A. F. of L., who has been seriously ill for several weeks writes President Gompers that it is physically impossible to reply to the immense number of letters received during his recent illness from "everywhere and from all classes and conditions of people."

RETAIL CLERKS REDUCE HOURS

East Liverpool, Ohio, May 3.—The Retail Clerks' Union has secured an agreement with local merchants which closes stores every evening, except Saturdays, at 5 o'clock, from July 5 to October 1. The usual holidays will also be observed.

MACHINE MOLDERS GAIN.

Joliet, Ill., May 3.—Organized machine molders have secured a new wage schedule which establishes a minimum of $4.25 a day, an increase of 50 cents a day. Last year these workers reduced hours from ten to nine and established a $3.75 minimum.

Carpenters Continue Making Big Gains

Increases in Wages and Shortening of Working Hours Contained in Secretary's Report.

Indianapolis, May 3.—General Secretary Duffy of the Brotherhood of Carpenters reports the following recent successful trade movements by affiliated locals:

Red Lodge, Mont.—Wages increased from 62½ to 75 cents an hour. Manistee, Mich.—30 to 40 cents. Danbury, Conn.—40 to 50 cents. Belleville, Ill.—55 to 60 cents for outside men, minimum of 45 cents and use of union label for inside men. Oskaloosa, Iowa—50 to 55 cents. Poplar Bluff, Mo.—37½ to 45 cents. Fort Lauderdale, Fla.—50 to 56¼ cents. Shamokin, Pa.—32⅞ to 40 cents; hours reduced from nine to eight. Jamestown, N. Y.—43¾ to 50 cents; majority of contractors signed. Crawfordsville, Ind.—35 to 43 cents for outside men; 34 cents for millmen and union shop. Des Moines, Iowa—60 to 62½ cents until July 1, 1917; 65 cents from that date until April 1, 1919. East St. Louis, Ill.—40 to 50 cents for millmen; hours reduced from nine to eight. Watertown, N. Y.—50 to 55 cents. Cleveland—60 to 70 cents. Appleton, Wis.—40 to 45 cents. Lafayette, Ind.—50 to 60 cents. Philadelphia (dock builders)—50 cents and the eight-hour day. Topeka, Kan.—45 to 50 cents. Niagara Falls, Ontario—50 to 55 cents. Denver—35-cent minimum for millmen; eight and one-half hour day. Kingston, Ontario—37½ to 45 cents. Salem, Ore.—From $3.50 to $4.50 a day. Baker, Ore.—$4 to $4.50. Spokane—$4.50 to $5. Oconomowoc, Wis.—$3.60 to $4.20; hours reduced from nine to eight. Meriden, Conn.—Mill and outside men increased 40 cents a day, making the latter rate $4; millmen's hours reduced from 54 to 50 a week. Norfolk, Va.—44 to 50 cents for outside men; 25 cents a day for millmen, making $3.75 for nine hours. Port Jervis, N. Y.—$3 to $3.60 a day; Saturday half-holiday.

SPOIL MILK TO BEAT STRIKERS.

Kent, Wash., May 3.—Striking employes of the Carnation Milk Products Company charge that this concern, in order to hold its milk supply and defeat its workers, are spoiling tons of fresh milk. The strikers are demanding better conditions and have organized a union. They are being supported by practically every influence in this place and the editor of the Kent Journal, in urging the formation of a new company, says:

"As a member of the advisory board of the Washington Manufacturers' Association we are able to judge of the many difficulties confronting a manufacturer, but we cannot concede that the workers here have made unjust demands.

"It now appears to the outsider that, as words have failed; conferences have failed; delegations have failed to accomplish what we all desire—the operation of the factory so that the company will profit, the employes will profit and the community will profit—there is but one thing to do, put ourselves in a position whereby we will never again be subjected to such a condition."

STREET CAR MEN ADVANCE.

San Antonio, Tex., May 3.—The Street Car Men's Union has secured what is believed to be the best wage contract in the south for this class of workers. It provides for improved working conditions and additional wages that will total over $80,000 a year. About 200 employes are increased $20 a month; 100 employes, $17.50, and 100 employes, $14.50. This union was organized a little over one year ago.

Western Union 8-Hour Plan Not Legitimate

Will Increase Burden of Telegraphers, Says Official Journal of That Organization.

Chicago, May 3.—The eight-hour announcement of the Western Union Telegraph Company will increase the burden of telegraphers, says the Commercial Telegraphers' Journal, which exposes the hypocrisy of this anti-union corporation that is sweating every ounce of energy from its employes.

While day tricks are reduced from nine to eight hours, night tricks are increased from seven and one-half to eight hours, late night tricks will be lengthened from seven to eight, split tricks from seven and one-half to eight, day work will be computed at the rate of eight hours per day instead of seven, and overtime will be paid on the eight-hour basis instead of seven as heretofore.

The plan is reactionary, instead of progressive, and many of the telegraphers declare that the small wage increases that accompany the so-called "eight-hour" day is intended to silence discontent and that the company will "readjust" wages when the dissatisfaction subsides.

"With time and one-half being paid for overtime in most trades, with double time being allowed for Sunday work," says the editor, "the lengthening of the day by the Western Union simply adds to the many wrongs done the telegraphers by the corporation. They have murdered the spirit of liberty amongst their employes and after having done so they are now carrying out their plans of exploitation. First the speeding up system, then the lengthening of split tricks, now the rearrangement of hours with a new basis for overtime and Sunday work, and the next step is well under way.

"Instead of rejoicing over the establishment of such an eight-hour day, we protest. The price that has been exacted by the company is too high, and it is exacted at a time when the workers might have expected more generous treatment. With earnings the highest in the history of the company; with profits increasing by leaps and bounds; with record-breaking prosperity for the company which President Carlton attributes solely to the splendid work done by the employes, lengthening of hours, the reduction of overtime pay, and for Sunday work comes with poor grace indeed."

BOILER MAKERS ADVANCE.

Mobile, Ala., May 3.—Employers accepted the $4 rate and the eight-hour day demand of organized boiler makers, but objected to increasing the helpers' $1.75 rate. After a two-day strike the employers concluded that the helpers should receive more money and that a better system should be devised for handling grievances, which the unionists urged. The union has almost trebled its membership as a result of these gains.

STATE UNIONISTS MEET.

Tallahassee, Fla., May 3.—At the seventeenth annual convention of the state federation of labor John H. Mackey was elected president, and L. R. Campbell secretary-treasurer, with Mrs. J. R. Howington, Jacksonville, as delegate to the Buffalo convention of the A. F. of L.

SHOP MEN MAKE GAINS.

Boston, May 3.—Federated shop men on the Boston & Maine Railroad have raised wages 2 cents an hour for all crafts and secured a Saturday half-holiday during July and August without loss of pay or working extra time.

Anti-Injunction Law Is Passed in Minnesota

Trades Unionists Secure Important Legislation After Hardest Kind of Fighting.

St. Paul, May 3.—By the hardest kind of fighting and good headwork Minnesota trade unionists secured the passage of an anti-injunction law in the closing hours of the state legislature. The bill passed the house, but the senate judiciary committee voted to report the bill for indefinite postponement. The unionists succeeded in overturning this recommendation and on the last day of the session thirty-five senators voted to suspend the rules and put the bill on final passage. Advocates of the measure had one vote to spare, as thirty-four was necessary for passage.

The law declares that "the labor of a human being is not a commodity or article of commerce" and that the right to labor or to carry on a business "shall be held and construed to be a personal and not a property right." No injunction can be issued in any case growing out of a dispute concerning terms or conditions of employment unless necessary to prevent irreparable injury to property or to a property right, for which injury there is no adequate remedy at law, and such property or property right must be described in the application and sworn to by the applicant for an injunction.

Courts are prohibited from issuing injunctions against the doing of any act or thing by strikers which might lawfully be done in the absence of such dispute by a single individual.

It is specifically declared that no restraining order or injunction shall prohibit workers from striking or from urging others to join them; from picketing or from ceasing to patronize any party to such dispute or from recommending, advising or persuading others by peaceful and lawful means so to do. No person shall be indicted, prosecuted or tried in any court of this state for entering into an agreement to better working conditions or for any act done in pursuance thereof, "unless such act is in itself forbidden by law if done by a single individual."

In a letter to Secretary Morrison of the A. F. of L., on the passage of an anti-injunction bill by the Minnesota legislature, Secretary Lawson of the Minnesota State Federation of Labor says:

"We were also successful in amending the workmen's compensation law by reducing the waiting period from two weeks to one week and increasing the percentage of wages paid from 50 to 60 per cent, and increasing the maximum in injury cases from $11 to $12.

"We failed to secure the passage of a state insurance law similar to Ohio, but we did get it constitutionally upheld by the judiciary committee of the senate. All of these bills were preferential bills of the state federation of labor. We were successful in preventing the passage of many vicious bills aimed at the labor movement and will forward you copies of same.

"We thank President Gompers and yourself for congratulations on the success of our anti-injunction efforts and we feel that while we were not successful in getting all that we asked our work during this session has not been in vain."

MACHINISTS RAISE WAGES.

Schenectady, N. Y., May 3.—The American Locomotive Company has raised wages of its union machinists as the result of several conferences. Piece work has been increased 10½ per cent and day work prices are advanced 13 per cent. Over 2,000 employes are benefited.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF UNION LABEL TRADES ASSEMBLY WASHINGTON 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., MAY 4, 1917.

SOUND REASONING.

Recently the Council of National Defense issued a statement urging that standards obtaining in industry should not be disturbed until such time as an emergency arose which, in the opinion of the Council of National Defense, demanded changes. Even should an emergency arise no changes were advised except upon specific recommendations by the Council of National Defense. Immediately there began a campaign of misinterpretation and an attempt by unfair employers to break down existing standards and labor laws. Organized labor has resisted this attempt and will resist to the uttermost the grad-grinds who assume there is an opportunity afforded by war conditions to strike a heavy blow at union labor.

A few days ago a conference was held in the Department of Labor at which were present Secretary of Labor Wilson, Secretary of Commerce Redfield, President John Williams of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers; Vice President Larkin of the same association, James Sullivan, assistant to Samuel Gompers of the advisory commission of the Council of National Defense, and Grant Hamilton, representing the American Federation of Labor.

The subject of the conference was the general labor situation in the steel industry, with particular reference to strikes then in progress. The attitude of the Council of National Defense was reiterated by Secretary Wilson, and he being a member of the Council his statement is official. The Secretary, addressing President Williams of the Steel Workers, said:

"The Council of National Defense takes this position, that the standards that have been established by law, by mutual agreement or by custom should not be changed at this time; that where either the employer or the employe has been unable under normal conditions to change the standards to their own liking, they should not take advantage of the present abnormal conditions to establish new standards. Among those standards is the standard of living. The Council of National Defense recognized the fact that the standard of living is an indefinite standard, difficult to determine, that it is almost entirely dependent upon the rate of wages retaining the same purchasing power. If the wages received will not purchase as much, then the standard of living is lowered. If the wages received will purchase more, then the standard of living is increased. Because of the indefiniteness of the standard of living and the maintaining of it at the same point, the Council recognizes the fact that from time to time disputes will arise as to what is necessary to maintain that standard of living, but it feels that before any stoppage of work takes place in any industry in which the government is interested for the maintenace of safety that the established agencies of the government should be given an opportunity to use their good offices to bring about an adjustment of the impending dispute.

"Now, there is only one point aside from the wage question in which your organization is especially interested in connection with standards, and that is the question of recognition of the union. That is the one burning question in which, aside from these other questions, you are involved. I do not know the attitude of the other members of the Council on this particular point, but my own attitude is this, that capital has no right to interfere with workingmen organizing labor any more than the workingman has a right to interfere with the capitalists organizing capital. The two are on a parity on that point, and so my feeling is that in the present emergency the employer has no right to interfere with you in your efforts to organize the workers into unions, just as you have no right to interfere with capitalists organizing capital into corporation. If you can get a condition where efforts to organize the workers are not interfered with and where a scale of wages is recognized that maintains the present standard of living, it occurs to me that for the time being no stoppage of work should take place for the purpose of forcing recognition of the union. Of course, that would not interfere with the employers and yourselves entering into any arrangement for recognition that might be mutually agreeable."

Unions of Japanese laundry workers have been organized in Fresno and San Francisco. Organizer Orema of the Japanese Federation of Labor was instrumental in establishing these unions, and they have applied for affiliation to the central labor councils.

LABOR CONSERVATION VITAL.

"The welfare and the future of any corporation is bound up in the health and happiness of its employes," declared Dr. Lee K. Frankel, of New York, vice president of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, in an address recently.

"The relations between capital and labor in this country have become critical as a result of the war, and we must avoid the many mistakes of England in dealing with labor. I am a member of the labor committee of the National Defense Council, and I can assure the workingman that nothing to lower the recently achieved standards and privileges of labor will result from the war."

"HEALTH IS WEALTH."

Mr. Citizen, have you taken into consideration, in making plans for your material welfare during the coming summer and fall, that the health of yourself and your family may determine whether or not this is to be a successful year for you? If you are a merchant, have you stopped to reflect that a case of typhoid fever in your family will affect your assets in exactly the same way as the loss of a valuable shipment of merchandise? If you are a farmer, has it occurred to you that such an illness may offset the value of a bountiful crop on many acres of your land? If you are a wage-earner, have you considered that illness of yourself or a member of your family will materially affect the plans you have made for the investment of your savings?

You have thought, of course, of how unfortunate it would be for such illness to "happen" in your family. You have insured your merchandise against loss. You have insured your house and barn against fire. You have perhaps even taken out an insurance policy to provide for the necessities of life for your family in case you become ill. But have you given to the question of preventing such illness the thought and study that so important a matter deserves? And many of our most serious and costly diseases are entirely preventable.

The United States Public Health Service devotes much of its time and effort to the study of these preventable diseases, and has issued numerous publications containing the fundamental principles of disease prevention. The titles of a few of these publications are here given. Any or all of them will be sent to you free of charge on request.

"Good Water for Farm Homes," Public Health Bulletin No. 70.

"Typhoid Fever—Its Causation and Prevention," Public Health Bulletin No. 69.

"Prevention of Malaria," Reprint No. 170.

"The Prevention of Pellagra," Reprint No. 307.

"Tuberculosis—Its Predisposing Causes," Supplement No. 3.

"Hay Fever and Its Prevention," Reprint No. 349.

"Infantile Paralysis," Reprint No. 350.

"Malaria—Lessons on Its Cause and Prevention," Supplement No. 18. (For use in schools.)

"Fighting Trim—The Importance of Right Living," Supplement No. 5.

"The Care of the Baby," Supplement No. 10.

"What the Farmer Can Do to Prevent Malaria," Supplement No. 11.

UNION LABEL OF THE BAKERY WORKERS

When an organization can look back upon more than thirty years of its existence and beneficial activity, as is the case with the Bakery and Confectionery Workers International Union of America; upon more than thirty years of never-ceasing struggles for the abolition of the most inhuman conditions conceivable, which for ages had existed in the baking industry, it is but appropriate to devote a few words to the weapon which has proved itself to be most effective in all these struggles.

No weapon has ever been wielded with greater force and with greater attending success by the organized bakery workers than their little Union Label. Its intelligent use has worked wonders in the way of improving conditions and—what is of just as vital importance—maintaining them for those whom it seeks to protect.

Ever since the value of this label was discovered and recognized by the bakery workers the latter, by means of untiring and systematic agitation have striven to make its foothold stronger and stronger every year and they have remarkably succeeded in this effort as is evidenced by a glance over the following undoubtedly interesting figures.

The annual output of our Union Label at various times in the history of the International Union was as follows:

Twenty-five years ago, or, to be exact, in 1892, we issued 11,965,000 labels. Twenty years ago, in 1897, these figures were more than doubled, running up to more than 26,452,000. Again five years later, or in 1902, the number of Union Labels issued had already exceeded the quarter of a billion mark, the exact number being 251,951,000 labels. In 1907 we issued more than 369,624,000 of them, in 1912 more than half a billion, and in 1917 the billion mark will at last be reached, the output during the past year having been more than 820,849,000 labels.

If at any time figures have talked they certainly do so most plainly in this particular instance. They testify in unmistaken terms as to the steady growth in the strength and power of our organization and as to the latter's unshakeable stability.

What has made this little label so effective, one might be justified in asking? It has not been the mere fact that it is an emblem, standing for decent wages and human and fair conditions for the bakery workers. We believe that it has gained far more strength as a factor of protection not alone to the bakery workers but also to the bread consuming public on account of an iron-clad provision that goes with its use and which must be observed by every master baker to whom it is granted. And this iron-clad proviso stipulates and demands that not alone union rules must obtain in the bakeshop but that more so the latter must at all times be kept in the best sanitary condition possible. And this proviso—as a measure of protection for the bread consumers and the bread producers—has for many years past been incorporated into every single working agreement endorsed by our organization.

It accounts to a great extent for the ever-increasing support, which our Union Label receives from year to year, which we deeply appreciate and which we hope to be able to enjoy more and more until there will not be a single loaf of bread left, leaving any bakery of this country without the Union Label.—Charles F. Hohmann, editor The Bakers' Journal.

LOSS WOULD FINANCE WAR.

Philadelphia, May 3.—Financial losses by accidents in industries would pay the expenses of the war if they could be saved, according to Silas S. Riddle of the state department of labor and industry.

To illustrate the terrific economic drain because of these accidents, the state official said:

"At the present rate the losses by accidents in Pennsylvania this year will aggregate $7,000,000. These figures will be doubled by the costs of administration, medical fees, etc., and the total of $14,000,000 will represent the interest at 2½ per cent on $400,000,000. Using these figures for a basis, the amount for the whole country would equal, annually, $7,000,000,000. More than 50 per cent of the number of men killed in the civil war are killed annually in Pennsylvania industries."

ESTABLISHED 1865 — 51 YEARS IN BUSINESS

ENRICH YOUR BLOOD WITH Xander's Virginia Ports

Finest Health Wines Known

CHRISTIAN XANDER'S

909 7th Street, Northwest. No Branch Houses. Phone M. 274

CORBY'S YEAST

Leaves nothing to guess-work.
Its purity and strength are uniform.
Every baker knows what that means.
Send for samples.

THE CORBY COMPANY

STATION K. WASHINGTON, D. C.

Representative Houses

OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

BANKS

NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burglar-proof vaults; acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth Street and New York Avenue.

WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee, etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK. A bank for the working people. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account. Ninth and G Sts. N. W.

UNION SAVINGS BANK. Commercial accounts. Three per cent interest on savings accounts. The oldest savings bank in Washington.

MICHAEL T. GREENE
Liquors and Cigars. 639 D St. N. W.

STONER'S BAR AND RESTAURANT
The, G. Stoner. 206 Seventh St.S. W.

J. CHAS. McGUIRE'S BUFFET
Federal Seal Whiskey. 519 Ninth St. N. W.

O'KEEFE'S BUFFET
P. J. O'Keefe, Prop. 904 Pa. Ave. N. W.

GLAVIN'S BUFFET
ED. J. GLAVIN 309 G Street Northwest

FRANK'S BUFFET
Fourth and G Sts. N. W. Phone M. 5572.

J. J. O'DONNELL'S BUFFET
333 Penn. Avenue S. E.

HARRY'S BUFFET
631 Penn. Ave. S. E. Phone Lin. 1843

MACHINIST

G. W. FORSBERG, formerly with Forsberg & Murray, Boilers. Eighth and Water Sts. S. W. Main 742.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

RALSTON & RICHARDSON, Evans Building, 1420 New York Avenue.

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.

SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (Inc.), Soda Water, Syrups, etc. 1066 Wis. Ave. N. W.

PHOTO SUPPLIES

E. J. PULLMAN. Developing and Finishing for Amateurs a Specialty. 420 9th St. N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS

MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Ave. N. W. Our Specialty, Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

FIRE INSURANCE

FIREMEN'S INSURANCE COMPANY, Seventh Street and Louisiana Avenue.

DRY GOODS

WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings. Hosiery, a Specialty. 806-808 H St. N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

UNDERTAKERS

J. WILLIAM LEE
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY
332 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.

W. H. BUTLER CO., 607-9 C St. N. W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT

NATIONAL MORTAR CO., 1st and M N.E.

COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING CO., 3036 K Street.

DRUGGISTS

CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth St. and Virginia Ave. S. E.

DAY & CO. 5th and G Sts. N.W. 14th and P N.W., 20th and R. I. Ave. N.E.

QUIGLEY, Druggist, 21st and G Sts. N.W.

A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner 7th and P Streets N. W. N. 2372.

Building Trades Headquarters Sixth and G Sts. N. W

Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rent

WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES, TOBACCO. COSTELLO BROS

JOS. A. WILNER & CO.

UNION CUSTOM TAILORS

Novelties in Spring and Summer Goods

Cor. 8th and G Sts. N.W.

Garden and Lawn Tools

—OF SUPERIOR WORTH

Phila. Lawn Mowers

12-inch width.....$3.25
14-inch width.....$3.50
16-inch width.....$3.75

Ball-Bearing Lawn Mowers

16-inch width.....$14.00
18-inch width.....$15.00

Malleable Garden Rakes....40c
Wooden Lawn Rakes.....30c
Hedge Pruning Shears....$1.75

Electrical Woven Rubber Hose—does not crack or break. The most durable Hose made. Price, per foot, 25c.

Fine quality Garden Hose, per foot.....20c
Iron Hose Reels.....$3.25
Brass Hose Nozzles.....40c
Steel Sickles.....75c
Steel Trowels.....10c
Pruning Shears.....50c
Garden Weeders.....10c
Brass Fountain Mist Sprinklers...40c
Galvanized Water Sprinkling Cans.....70 Up

Dulin & Martin Co.
1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY

Equitable Life Insurance Co.
of the District of Columbia

THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Issues Ordinary and Industrial

Wm. A. Bennett, 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.

EQUITABLE BLD'G. 816 14th ST., N. W.

Saks & Company

MEN'S and BOYS' OUTFITTERS
Pa. Ave. & 7th St. Wash., D. C.

Specialists in Apparel for Men and Boys.

Clothes, Hats and Shoes

The Bieber-Kaufman Co.
901-909 Eighth St. S. E.

Down by the Navy Yard

Washington, D. C.

BUTLER'S RHEUMATIC and GOUT REMEDY.
A KIDNEY AND HEART TONIC
Manufactured Since 1872 By
BUTLER & FIELD
Third and Indiana Ave. N. W.
Price 50c a bottle. 6 for $2.50
For Sale By Druggists.

THE NASTY, DIRTY THINGS —ROACHES

Don't have the neighbors talking seeing Roaches in your kitchen or dining room. Do not let your parlor be perfumed with that peculiar odor. Some night put out WELLER'S ROACH POWDER and next morning all your Roaches will be dead ones or you'll get your money back. Ain't that fair?

PRICE, 15c.

WELLER'S DRUG STORE
8th & Eye Sts. S.E. 36th & M N.W.

FIREPROOF CONSTRUCTION
Hammett Fire Proofing Company
301-302-303 Wilkins Bldg.
Phone Main 3337.

Bell Brand Union-Made
COLLARS and SHIRTS
LARGE ASSORTMENT
T. HOLLANDER
North Capitol and H Streets

STORAGE PACKING FREIGHT HAULING
Merchants Transfer
— AND —
Storage Company
920-922 E Street Northwest
Phone Main 6900
SHIPPING MOVING HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

Miss Irene Kendall, probational pressfeeder, 25 cents per hour.

Samuel S. Cohan, probational clerk, $900 per annum.

Richard S. Underwood, probational messenger boy, 15 cents per hour.

H. Irving Heard, skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour, transferred from Department of Labor.

John C. Howard, William J. McCarthy, Arthur H. Ward, Louis F. Hitzelberger, probational bookbinders, 50 cents per hour.

James A. Wright, Frank O. Shrodes, Earl S. King, Amos H. Duckett, John L. Dwyer, Tage Blackwood, William A. Leonard, temporary bookbinders, 50 cents per hour.

Harry L. Staley and John F. O'Connor, emergency plasterers, 70 cents per hour.

Walter W. Jones, James A. Terrell, Raymond H. Spriggs, William E. Atlee, Charles J. Bovello, Anderson L. Harris, temporary skilled laborers, 25 cents per hour.

Lillian L. Murray, Helen V. Watkins, Edith L. Daly, Ruby R. Wallace, Evelyn C. Powell, Edna M. Quinn, Vivian R. Richardson, Elizabeth C. Keir, Charlotte E. Carpenter, Vallie E. McGinnis, Pearl H. Schwarz, Agnes E. O'Connor, Inez C. Booth, Rena L. Jones, Aurelia M. Canaday, Winnie K. Davis, Gertie T. Adams, Jennie L. Clark, Eunice E. Clinkett, temporary skilled laborers, 25 cents per hour.

Robert E. Parks, emergency unskilled laborer, 25 cents per hour.

Joseph M. Maynard, Adam M. Taylor, Percy Fountain, Moses Payne, jr., Elisha Carey, Frederick J. Bruce, temporary unskilled laborers, 25 cents per hour.

Frederick F. Laufer, Daniel F. Noone, Charles P. Ryan, Eugene F. Saunders, arry W. Johnson, John E. Histon, John A. Casey, Roland W. Dorsey, John O. Miller, Thomas B. Gleason, Raymond M. Sneeden, Robert K. Barrett, Jacob M. Dougherty, Thomas A. Grady, Joseph P. Dorr, Arthur J. Sheehan, emergency messenger boys, 15 cents per hour.

Separations.

Walter R. Metz, superintendent of buildings, mustered into the service as captain.

Thomas J. Croggon, stereotyper, resigned.

Mrs. Annie E. Brake, probational clerk, resigned.

David Samakow, Robert F. Droney, Archie W. Farr, Joseph H. Fraser, Frederick G. Calvert, messenger boys, resigned.

Gertrude H. Stokes, Bessie E. Fair, Mary Carroll, Margaret L. Brown, Mary F. Mealy, temporary skilled laborers (female) resigned.

Robert V. Barnes, David I. Printz, Henry W. Starr, Gurnzie M. Lucas, John H. Thiernau and Mrs. Harriet Sponsler, skilled laborers, resigned.

Transfers, Etc.

Frank O. Cole, pressman, 55 cents per hour, to pressman in charge, 60 cents per hour.

John J. O'Hern, compositor, 50 cents per hour, to linotype operator, 60 cents per hour.

Miss Lulu Simpson, skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour, to machine operator, 27½ cents per hour.

Charles F. King, skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour, to messenger, 30 cents per hour.

FATHER AND MOTHER KILLED.

Philadelphia, May 3.—Referee Scott of the workmen's compensation fund has ruled that Emma Parsons is entitled to compensation for the death of both father and mother, who were killed in the Eddystone war munitions plant disaster.

The referee held that if the father and mother had been working for different corporations and had been killed the same day, there would be no question of the child's right to compensation for both. That they were killed in the same plant does not change her status as a claimant, he says.

WANTS LABOR LAWS ENFORCED

The council of national defense has called upon state and municipal authorities to strictly enforce standards of wages, hours of employment, and working conditions, and workers and employers to "refer any differences to government agencies for adjustment. It is not the purpose of the council to undertake to determine wages. It is believed, however, that no arbitrary changes should be sought at this time without giving government agencies an opportunity to prevent suspension of work."

PAPER MAKERS CONVENE.

Niagara Falls, N. Y., May 3.—At the convention of the International Brotherhood of Paper Makers, matters of interest to this industry were considered. In his opening address President Carey protested against state constabulary legislation passed by the state legislature.

G.P.O.COMMENT

W. L. Mattocks, night proofroom, was recently elected senior vice commander of Richard J. Harden Post, U. S. W. V.

W. F. P. White, night proofroom, where he had been employed for a number of years, died during the past week in Baltimore, after a short illness of heart trouble. He was quite active in the Proofroom Relief Association, serving as its secretary until his last illness.

R. L. Townsend, night proofroom, reported for duty Monday night, after an absence of several weeks due to illness.

It was reported that Charles A. Morgan would undergo an operation this week on account of the condition of one of his legs due to blood poisoning. Mr. Morgan has been ill for several months.

T. A. Dougherty, hand section night, is still confined to his home on account of illness.

W. A. Roberts, hand section night, has the sympathy of many friends in the G. P. O. on account of the death of his wife, which took place during the past week.

Doran McCarty, downtown candidate for delegate, paid a visit to the office Monday night.

Ralph A. Murdock, day proofroom, received congratulations and a testimonial from the members of the day proofroom, the occasion being his recent marriage at Annapolis, Md.

Isaac C. Haas, an old member of Columbia Typographical Union, died during the past week. Under Benedict's administration he was foreman of one of the branch printing offices and until recently was employed in the hand section. Mr. Haas was a veteran newspaper man, having been connected with a number of newspapers in the South.

John R. Morrison, day proofroom, who has been in poor health for the past year, has been absent from the office the past two weeks on account of illness.

Andrew McGarraghy is back at his desk in the day proofroom, after fighting an attack of acute neuritis.

Among the new members of Congress the Congressional Directory records the fact that H. Z. Osborne, of Los Angeles, Cal., is an old-time printer, having worked as a printer in New York, Cincinnati, Memphis, New Orleans and Austin, Tex., in the early seventies. He was president of New Orleans Typographical Union in 1873 and was first vice president of the I. T. U. in 1876.

John J. O'Hern has been transferred from the hand section to linotype operator.

The increase of work in the bindery made necessary the appointment of John C. Howard, W. J. McCarthy, Arthur H. Ward and Louis F. Hitzelberger as probationaries, in addition to James A. Wright, Earl S. King, Frank O. Shrodes, Amos H. Duckett, John L. Dwyer, Tage Blackwood and W. A. Leonard as temporary bookbinders.

Fred F. Laufer reported to the night proofroom as messenger boy Tuesday night. He is the son of August Laufer of the night mono keyboard room.

Walter R. Metz, superintendent of buildings, G. P. O., has been mustered into the army as a captain.

Thomas J. Croggan, stereotyper, foundry, has resigned.

Frank O. Cole, pressroom, has been promoted to pressman in charge.

ORGANIZE 25 UNIONS.

Albany, N. Y., May 3.—Secretary-Treasurer Persion of the International Hod Carriers, Building and Common Laborers' Union, reports that twenty-five locals have been organized during the past quarter. Wage increases and improved working conditions are general and the international organization now has a balance of $122,414.26, as against $118,601.48 at the close of the previous quarter.

LET CONVICTS FARM.

Topeka, Kan., May 3.—Warden Codding of the state penitentiary favors a liberal use of the parole system in these war times and would release inmates in the state penitentiary for farm purposes. "In other times some of our boys have failed to make good because they couldn't get steady work when we released them, but they are needed now," he says.

PRINTERS RAISE WAGES.

Detroit, May 3.—Through arbitration Typographical Union No. 18 has raised wages $2 a week for its members employed in book and job offices. The new schedule took effect March 15 and the increase will date from that time.

La Junta, Colo., May 3.—Typographical Union No. 722 has secured a three-year contract with employers, who will pay $2 a week by gradual increases during the life of the contract, which calls for $20 a week during its last six months. When this union was organized in 1913 $10 a week was considered high wages for a first-class printer.

WANT TO IMPORT ORIENTALS.

New York, May 3.—Taking advantage of the cry for more labor, the board of trade and transportation has prepared a bill which it intends to have introduced in Congress granting the President power in times of war to suspend any law excluding aliens from the United States. The bill is for the specific purpose of bringing in Chinese and Japanese labor.

NAVY MAN AND UNIONIST AGREE

Boston, May 3.—Vice President Dowd of the Brotherhood of Boiler Makers and Captain Lyons of the United States navy made short work of a grievance registered by boiler makers in the Charleston navy yard who were reduced from $4.24 to $3.76 a day. The men refused to work, but the conference resulted in re-establishing the old rate and paying the men for the day lost.

CANADIAN PAINTERS ACTIVE.

Toronto, Ontario, May 3.—Vice President Scott of the Brotherhood of Painters and Decorators reports that wage agreements, carrying 40-cent minimums, have been secured in Brantford, Hamilton and St. Catharines and in Niagara Falls a 45-cent minimum and the union shop.

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

J. G. O'DONNELL, President, 122 Sixth St. N. E.
M. J. DEERY Vice President, 2407 Girard St. N. E.
THOS. W. WOLTZ, Recording Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
G. H. F. DAVIS, Treasurer, 439 Second St. S. E.
W. I. STRATTON, Conductor, 617 Sixth St. N. W.
A. F. MOIRSETTE, Warden, 425 G St. N. W
GEO. MYERS, Business Agent, 425 G St. N. W.

TRUSTEES.

F. J. NOLTE, 24 Eighth Street N. E.
MARK REILEY, 1127 B St. S. E.
A. P. TAYLOR, 622 I Street N. E.

DELEGATES TO THE DISTRICT COUNCIL

R. H. BURDETTE, 1207 L Street N. W.
C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
E. B. BYRNE, 425 G Street N. W.
ROBERT REICHARD, 1720 35th Street N. W.
J. H. RYAN, 1101 Eleventh Street S. E.

DELEGATES TO THE CENTRAL LABOR UNION.

C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
R. H. BURDETTE, 816 K Street N. W.
W. S. HOLLOHAN, 814 Seventh Street N. E
C. A. SAUNDERS, 244 9th St. S. E.
LOUIS LUEBKERT, 1314 Kerney St. N. E.

RELIEF COMMITTEE.

P. W. HAMILTON, 410 Tenn. Ave. N. E.
J. T. CLIFT, 4115 7th St. N. W.
M. FOLEY, 118 Seaton St. N. E.
W. B. DOLAN, 413 Mass. Ave. N. W.
J. A. SANKER, 2606 R. I. Ave. N. E.

MILL COMMITTEE.

F. E. KETTNER, 3016 Cambridge St. N. W
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
O. A. CARTER, Rosslyn, Va.

DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE
G. H. F. DAVIS, 439 Second Street S. E.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
Meets Every Monday Night
Typographica Temple
423-425 G St. N. W.

Secretary's Address: 606 5th St. N.W.
Telephone: Lincoln 4614

OFFICERS

HUGH D. DIGNEY.....President
MARY GANZHORN...V. President
N. A. JAMES.....Secretary
JOS. E. TOONE....Fin. Secretary
WM. H. SCHAFFER.....Treasurer
JOS. C. CLARK..Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES — Wm. Zell, W. W. Keeler, J. L. Considine.

COMMITTEES

Executive—Mary Ganzhorn, Chairman; Jos. E. Toone, N. A. James, W. A. Huttel, John R. Hartley, H. D. Digney and Wm. H. Shaffer.

Legislative—Jere McCarthy, Chairman; John Lorch, N. P. Alifas, Robert Jones and D. J. O'Leary.

Adjustment—W. A. Huttel, Chairman; Harry Hollohan, John Botts, Benj. Spellbring and John Schmidt.

Contract—John Hartley, Chairman; Wm. W. Keeler, W. H. Schaffer, C. H. Adams and C. C. Coulter.

Laws—Dan. Hassett, chairman; Harry Buie and R. H. Burdette.

Resolution—Jas. L. Considine, chairman; E. L. Tucker and Denis Southern.

Organization — Jos. E. Toone, Chairman; Jos. C. Clark, Henry Miller, Mary Burkhead and T. A. Franklin.

Auditing—Wm. E. Zell, Chairman; Laurence Curtin and John Deal.

Credentials—M. J. Costello, Chairman; Jas. Noyes and S. S. Parker.

Label—H. F. Oehler, Chairman, and John McGuigan.

Press—N. A. James, Chairman; John B. Colpoys and N. A. Sprague.

Delegates to Baltimore—Jos. E. Toone, Chairman; Harry Fiddesop and Sam De Nedrey.

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, F. S. Radman, 134 7th Street N.E.

Bakery Salemen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at Moose Hall, Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sundays in each month at 2 p.m., Painters' Hall, 6th and G Sts. N.W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N.W.

Blacksmiths and Helpers, Local 217, International Brotherhood of: Meets first and third Monday of each month at 650 Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, C. A. Chism, 418 Tenth street northeast.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. F. Miller, 19 Quincy Place northwest.

Bookbinders, Local No. 7: Edward L. Ransdell, secretary, Cherrydale, Va.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets first and third Sunday of the month at the Secretary, T. Guiffre, 908 Pennsylvania ave. Moose Hall, Seventh and G Street Northwest. nue northwest.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 48: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E street southeast.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G Street N. W.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles' Hall. Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 520 Rhode Island Ave. N. E.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhau, 787 10th St. s. e.

Chauffeurs and Hack Drivers Union, Local No. 115: Meets the first and third Saturday of each month, G. A. R. Building, 1412 Pa. Ave. Secretary-Treasurer, Kirk C. Sipher, Room 25, 945 Pa. Ave. northwest.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wassaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Twelfth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3800 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Paperhangers Hall, 430 Ninth Street N. W., second and fourth Thursdays of the month. Secretary, Edw. B. Finch, 83 P Street N. E.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets every Friday, at 8:00 p.m. Hall, S. E. Cor. Tenth and Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, Jas. P. Lahey, 816 15th street northeast.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and B Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hisle, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Employes' Union No. 14632: Meets second Friday of each month, Perpetual Building Association Hall. Secretary, W. M. Lynch, 409 A. F. of L. Building.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Watchmen's Union No. 14964: Secretary, Jas. H. Reed, Cor. Sec., 1228 B street southwest.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 618 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Glaziers Local No. 963: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, H. C. Turner, Mt. Rainier, Md.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, John T. Bowers, Twentieth and Twenty-first and L and M streets northwest.

Ice Cream Wagon Drivers and Helpers' Union, Local No. 111: Meets second and fourth Tuesdays at Typographical Temple, 425 G street northwest. Secretary-Treasurer, J. Neff Cline, 1211 North Capitol street.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Avenue S. E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 Twelfth St. N. E.

Laborers' Protective Union, No. 15037: Meets the second Tuesday of each month at the Cadets' Armory, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, E. E. McCormick, 1403 South Capitol street.

Laundry Workers, Local No. 110: Meets first Friday in each month at Winslow's Hall, 12 and R streets northwest. Secretary, Moten Jefferson, 550 Twenty-fourth street northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, W. N. Huttel, 1430 A St. N. E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday, 1204 Pa. Ave. N. W. Secretary, E. H. Fulton, Barcroft, Va.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. F. McDonnell.

Mill Workers Local No. 1694: Meets every Tuesday at Painters' Hall, 704 Sixth street northwest. Secretary, Robt. Reichard, 1720 Thirty-fourth street northwest.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third 2665. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Bus. Agt.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 922 Pa. Ave. N. W. Phone M. 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets second Sunday and fourth Friday in each month. Secretary, Albert Bridges 210 L st. s. e.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 420: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers' Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday of every month, Red Room, The New Ebbitt, 8 p.m. Secretary, James A. Sullivan, 3910 5th street northwest.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Raymond R. Burrows, Clarendon, Va.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Robt. J. Barrett, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month. Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 820 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressmen, No. 1: Meets fourth Monday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N.E.

Railway Carmen, Pride of Potomac Lodge, No. 313, Brotherhood of: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F streets northeast, first and third Tuesdays. Secretary, L. H. Taylor, 706 Seventh street northeast.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custodian and Janitor, 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, W. P. Cannon, 408 Twelfth St. S. E.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe, 326 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. F. Hickman, 513 Sixth St. N. W.

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Mrs. H. B. Tritipoe, 1787 Willard street N. W., Apt. 20.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10.30 a. m. and 8.30 p. m. Secretary, G. W. Calderhead, Room 412 Wash. Loan and Trust Building.

The High School Teachers' Union of Washington, D. C., No. 8: Meets in the Music Room of the New Central High School at 3.30 p. m. the second Tuesday in the months of October, December, February, and May. Secretary, G. J. Jones, Central High School.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle, 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 760 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Fridays, Typographical Temple. Secretary, L. M. Green, 2711 24th St. N.E.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: International Secretary-Treasurer, Jas. E. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G St. N. W. Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth St. N. W.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N W

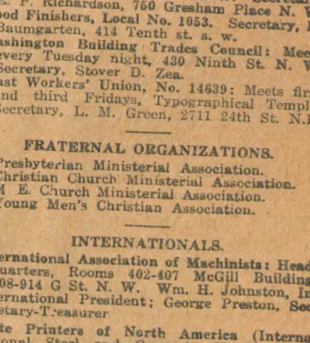
National Capital Lodge, No. 92 (Ladies' Auxiliary, Int. Asso. Mach.): Meets first and third Tuesday of each month at 7:30 p.m. at National Capital Bank Hall, 316 Pa. Ave. S.E.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.

WASHINGTON'S LARGEST PRINTING PLANT DEVOTED TO COMMERCIAL WORK

THE LAW REPORTER PRINTING COMPANY
COMMERCIAL PRINTERS AND STATIONERS
518-520 FIFTH STREET N.W.
WASHINGTON, D. C.
TELEPHONE MAIN 828
F. B. CROWN, MANAGER



INTERNATIONAL UNION OF THE UNITED BREWERY WORKMEN OF AMERICA
Union MADE Beer
Ale AND Porter
COPYRIGHT & TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1903
THIS IS OUR LABEL.

VOTE
Against Prohibition
DEMAND
Personal Liberty
IN CHOOSING WHAT YOU WILL DRINK
ASK FOR THIS LABEL WHEN PURCHASING BEER, ALE OR PORTER.
As A Guarantee That It Is Union Made.

COURTS CAN'T STAY WORKERS' FREEDOM

Lafayette, Ind., May 3.—If the United States Supreme Court is permitted to continue its policy of setting aside legislative enactments, legislative bodies will become mere debating societies, says Editor Skemp of the Painter and Decorator.

"The trend in this direction," he says, "is shown clearly in the 'by-the-way' in the decision handed down upon the Adamson law. The court deliberately digressed from the question before it—as to whether the Adamson law came within the scope of the power to regulate interstate commerce conferred upon Congress under the Constitution—and advised Congress to enact a law to provide for compulsory arbitration of industrial disputes and to abrogate the right of men engaged in occupations essential to public service to strike to enforce demands for better conditions. This advice will not be lost upon the corporation attorneys sitting in the House and the Senate.

"The right to work or not to work is the only clear distinction between the free wage-earner and the serf. The workers hold that right sacred, to be exercised whenever necessary in defense of liberties won and in the struggle for greater liberty. Congress should be slow to act upon the suggestion of this small body of men, the majority of whom, though profoundly learned in the law, are not close to the life of the people or in sympathy with progressive ideals."

WOMEN'S HOURS REDUCED.

Columbus, Ohio, May 3.—State authorities are calling attention to the women's fifty-hour law, passed by the last legislature. The law applies to females employed in any factory, workshop, telephone or telegraph office, millinery or dressmaking establishment, restaurant, or in the handling of messages, or in any mercantile establishment. Exception is made for canneries or establishments handling perishable goods. This law, which takes effect June 15 next, reduces hours of women from fifty-four to fifty hours a week.

MILL MEN WIN EIGHT HOURS.

Beaumont, Tex., May 3.—A short strike has secured the eight-hour day, the union shop and increased wages for mill men in this city and Port Arthur, members of Carpenters' Union No. 1661. Minimum rates shall be 48 cents an hour for bench men, stair builders, cutter and moldermen; 42½ cents for glaziers and 32½ cents for sander and drive-up men. Time and one-half shall be paid for overtime and double time for holidays.

OPPOSE PICKETING LAW.

Oakland, Cal., May 3.—Organized labor is waging a vigorous campaign against the proposed anti-picketing ordinance, which will be submitted to the people of this city on May 8.

POTTERS ORGANIZE.

Erwin, Tenn., May 3.—A local of the National Brotherhood of Operative Potters, affiliated with the A. F. of L., has been organized at this place.

OPPOSE "THIRD DEGREE."

Albany, N. Y., May 3.—The state assembly has passed a bill making it illegal for police officials to use the "third degree" on persons charged with crime.

PLUMBERS RAISE WAGES.

Fort Worth, Tex., May 3.—The Plumbers' Union has raised wages 50 cents a day, following a series of conferences with employers.

WAITERS AND COOKS UNITE.

Peoria, Ill., May 3.—Cooks and waiters have organized and will affiliate with the bona fide trade union movement.

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE BUMPS ANTI-UNIONISTS

Sacramento, Cal., May 3.—Trade union opponents—who insist on being known as "open shop" advocates—have received some hard bumps at the hands of the California legislature. The antis are headed by President Koster of the San Francisco chamber of commerce, which recently started a million-dollar campaign in favor of "law and order." This element favored the Goetting bill, providing for "compulsory mediation in strikes on public utilities." Legislators were not tricked by the contradictory term "compulsory mediation," and the scheme received only sixteen votes in the assembly, where forty-one is necessary to pass.

The Ballard bill, outlawing the secondary boycott and the sympathetic strike, was another piece of legislative wisdom, according to President Koster, but it received only two votes in the senate judiciary committee.

The Rominger bill, which would prohibit unions from passing apprentice regulations, received eight votes in the senate, where twenty-one votes is necessary to pass.

And to add to the woes of anti-unionists, the senate has passed an anti-injunction bill favored by organized labor and drawn along the lines of the Clayton law.

HOW TO KEEP LABOR IN SOUTH.

Knoxville, Tenn., May 3.—Organizations of all kinds are giving serious thought to the best way to stop labor drifting away from East Tennessee. The problem seems most intricate, but Editor Keith of the Knoxville Plain Dealer, in regulation trade union style, upsets the theorists with this advice:

"Provide steady work at living wages and the laborers will stay here. Laborers are leaving Knoxville at the beck of labor agents because they have been promised regular work at higher pay than they receive here. To keep East Tennessee labor in East Tennessee this section must raise its standard of employment and wages."

IRON MOLDERS ADVANCE.

Springfield, Mass., May 3.—After a short strike union iron molders in this city and vicinity have raised wages from $3.60 to $4 a day, with back pay starting from March 19. This rate shall continue until July 30, when an additional advance of 25 cents a day will be paid.

St. Louis, Mo., May 3.—Organized iron molders have adjusted differences with the Granite City and East St. Louis plants of the American Steel Company. Wages are increased to 54 cents an hour for a nine-hour day.

ELECTRICAL WORKERS GAIN.

Cincinnati, May 3.—A two-year agreement has been signed by Electrical Workers' Union No. 212 and the Electrical Contractors' Association. Wages are increased from $4.50 to $5 a day for journeymen and from $2.80 to $3 for helpers.

Toronto, Ontario, May 3.—Organized electrical workers employed on the Toronto-Guelph traction line have secured wage increases of $3 a week and the discharge of strikebreakers.

CARPENTERS SCORE EASY WIN.

Sacramento, Cal., May 3.—Carpenters' Union No. 586 was surprised at the ready response to its reuest for wage increases from $5 to $5.50 a day. The union gave employers the customary notice and the members then prepared to plead their cause through conciliation methods, but the employers fooled 'em by accepting the new rate.

TEAMSTERS RAISE WAGES.

Seattle, May 3.—Organized team owners have raised wages of their drivers 25 cents a day. These workers are members of Teamsters' Union No. 174. Individual team owners are meeting the new rates.

DO YOU KNOW THAT

A good water supply in the spring may save an undertaker's bill in the fall?

It's the spring fly which makes the summer pest?

A mosquito breeding pool may mean malaria later on?

Spring gardening has lengthened many lives?

Fresh air is the best tonic?

Today is the best time to begin to build for health?

MINERS WILL IGNORE "CAN'T-STRIKE" LAW

Frederick, Col., May 3.—The following easily understood letter has been forwarded to the state industrial commission, at Denver, by United Mine Workers' Union No. 2753:

"Dear Sirs—In regard to an investigation in behalf of the miners of this (Frederick) district—has an investigation been held, and what was the decision?

"The commission promised to start an investigation not later than the 15th of January, 1917, if we (the miners) would remain at our work. It is now the 10th of April; no decision has been handed down; the bonus has been taken off; men have been discriminated against.

"We hereby inform you that we will not tolerate any interference of the industrial commission when we present our demands again. Only a full concession from the operators will cause us to remain at work, as we fully realize that the industrial commission is not for our benefit."

MINERS ARE NOT DELUDED.

Trinidad, Col., May 3.—"There has been much publicity given to the statement that the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company would give a 10 per cent increase in wages on May 1," says Editor O'Neill, of the Trinidad Free Press.

"The employes of this company will welcome the increase, but they are not becoming delirious because such an increase has been advertised as coming through the so-called 'Rockefeller plan.' The employes of the C. F. & I. Company in Colorado are well aware that the increase is not the result of any humanitarianism or benevolence on the part of the 'Rockefeller union,' but due to the fact that the company is cognizant that its employes are organizing as never before under the flag of the United Mine Workers of America."

SEAMEN RAISE WAGES.

New York, May 3.—Conditions on the Atlantic coast have compelled vessel owners to raise wages of able seamen and firemen to $60 a month; oilers and pumpmen, $65; boatswains, $70, and carpenters, $75. At a conference of seamen from the northern part of the coast from Norfolk northeast these figures were agreed to because they are being paid in individual instances. Vessels going into the war zone will pay 50 per cent bonus in addition to these rates, same to continue until the crew return to the United States. If the clothing of these workers is lost, through the loss of the vessel, $100 compensation is to be paid in each case.

Parker, Bridget & Co.
"The Avenue at Ninth"
Featuring
Extra Value
$15
Suits for Spring

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1 Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.

M. J. DUNNIGAN, President.....2007 14 Street N.W.
JOHN G. WOLFE, Vice-President.1023 N. J. Ave. N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W.

TRUSTEES

Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E.
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E.
Thos. L. Nevins.....504 Maine Avenue S. W.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe,.....1023 N. J. Ave. N. W
J. McElfresh,.....
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E.
A. Tenley.....964 Florida Ave. N. W.
M. Sullivan.....5631-2 15 St. S. E.

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.

Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ARBITRATION COMMITTEE.

M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W.
M. A. Wolfe,.....418 F St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. E.
Joseph Harding.....210 13 St. S. W.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....2006 2nd St. N. W
R. Pumphrey.....223 Q St. N. W.
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W.
Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. W.

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Av.e
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Capitol St.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L St. S. W.

DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.

John Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave.
William Pollard.....522 14th St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

UNION OPERATOR — LOCAL No. 224 — WASH. D.C. — AFFILIATED WITH CENTRAL LABOR UNION & A.F. of L.

American, 1st st. and R. . ave.n.w.
Apollo, - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Auditorium, 13th st. and N. Y. ave.n.w.
Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Cosmos - - Pa. Ave. bet. 9th & 10th
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N. W.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Elite Theatre, 14th and R. I. ave. n. w.
Empire, - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Empress - - 9th bet. D and E N.W.
Favorite, H St. North Capitol & First
Florida - - 15th St. & Fla. Ave. N.E.
Garden Theatre, 423 Ninth st. n. w.
Gayety Theatre - - 513 9th St. N.W.
Happyland - - 7th bet. L & M N.W.
Home Theater, C bet. 12th & 13th n. e.
Leader - - - - - - 507 9th St. N.W.
Liberty Theatre, N. Capitol & P St.
Loewe's Columbia . . F near 12th
Lyric Theatre - - 14th near Park Rd.
Maryland - - - 624 9th St. N. W.
"M" Street Theatre, M St. near 32nd
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Odeon - - 14th and Church Sts. N. W.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15, N.W.
Palace - - - - - 312 9th St. N.W.
Penn Gardens - - 21st St. & Pa. Ave.
Plaza Theatre - 434 9th st. n. w.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Regent - - 18th & Cal. Ave. N.W.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
Savoy, - - - 14th and Col. Road.
Senate Theater - - 324 Pa. Ave. S.E.
Strand, - - - - - - Ninth and D.
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N. E.
Stanton Park - - 219 4th St. N.E.
Virginia - - - 614 9th St. N. W.
Washington & Park - 18th & U Sts.
Zenith Theater - - 625 8th St. S.E.

The only strictly
UNION TAILORING
house in the city
M. STEIN & CO.
TAILORS
Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

PHONE NORTH 2349
DONOVAN'S
FINE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS
2003 14th St. N. W., Washington, D. C

LIST OF LIQUOR DEALERS WHO HAVE SIGNED "THE AGREEMENT."

Allen, Paul.....2 N st. n. e.
Allen, John J...807 N. C. Cap st. n. e.
Beirkle, Leopold, - 1245 H st. n. e.
Boyle, William J., 601 Mass. ave n. w.
Castelli, Vincent, 502-504 Ninth st.n.w.
Clark, C. H.....510 9th st. n. w.
Colonial Beach Boat Co.
Costello, Bros.....604 G st. n. w.
Crowley, James J.....702 E st. n. w.
Daly, T. J.....34 H st. n. e.
Daye, Wm. T.....1218 Wisc. ave.
Doyle, Wm. T....1314 Wisc. ave. n. w.
Duffy, James A. -901 1-2 E st. n. w.
Wm. R. Fosbender, 406 Ninth st. n w.
Franey, F. A.....711½ 9th st. n. w.
Frank, Mrs. M. E. - 319 G st. n. w.
Ganey, M.....615 7th st. s. w.
Glavin, Edwin.....309 G st. n. w.
Hannan, Mrs. E.....531 7th st. s. w.
Hanlon, Timothy.....822 H st. n. e.
Kelliher, J. D.....1258 7th st. s. w.
Killeen, John F.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Louis Hodges, - - 407 9th st n. w.
Lynagh, Peter J.....523 7th st. s. w.
Lynch, John.....417 9th st. n. w.
McCarthy, F. J.....910 4½ st. s. w.
McCarthy, Jas. J.....1402 H st. n. e.
McDonald, F. J.....643 Pa. ave. s. e.
McGinniss, H. J., 1001 N. Y. ave. n. w.
McGuire, J. Chas., 519 Ninth st. n. w.
McHough, Martin....1105 H st. n. e.
Milton Schmidt, - 702 7th st. n. w.
O'Connor, D. J.....100 G st. n. w.
O'Connor, Patrick F., 617 D st. n. w.
O'Connor, James.....1429 N. Cap. st.
O'Day, John T. - 921 Ninth st. n. w.
O'Donnell, James J...333 Pa. ave. s. e.
Peter White, - - - 905 D st. n. w.
Raftery, Thomas.....406 H st. n. e.
Raftery, Patrick.....225 11th st. n. e.
Roland, J. H.....511 9th st. n. w.
Scanlon, Daniel,.....103 H st. n. w.
Schroter, Conrad....3258 M st. n. w.
Schltz, Mary T.....607 G st. n. w.
Sheehan, John J., 701 North Cap. st.
Solon, Mary A., - 1003 7th st. e.
Stern, M. M.....601 7th st. n. w.
Stanton, Frank J.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Sullivan, David, 12th and E st. n. w.
Sullivan, John J., 1351 35th st. n. w.
The Casino, Frank Farenkamp (Chesapeake Beach).
Victor Buffet Co., Inc., 7th and G n. w.
Walsh, David, - - 407 10th st. n. w.
Wassman, Henry, 705 Seventh st. n. w.
Wiedeman, Joseph....629 E st. n. w.
William J. O'Leary, 733 North Cap. st.
Wininger, Harry 631 Pa. ave. s. e.
Wolf, Frank, - 512 12th st. n. w.

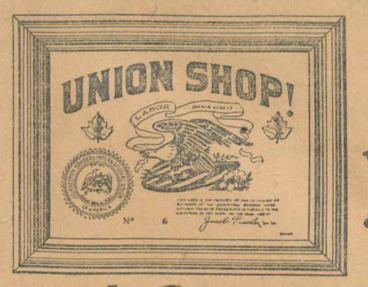
MEATS GROCERIES FISH
Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the
OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.

930 La. Ave. N.W. — 501 8th St. S.E. — 3101 M St. N.W. — 7th & Q Sts. N.W. — 1105 H St. N.E. — 1632 N. Capitol St. — 3420 Ga. Ave. N.W.
1935 14th St. N.W. — 138 7th St. N.E. — 1776 U St. N.W. — 3113 14th St. N.W. — 701 H St. N.E. — 726 7th St. N.W. — 1440 P St. N.W. — 918 La. Ave. N.W.
2002 Ga. Ave. N.W. — 739 N. Capitol St. — 712 K St. N.W. — 3420 M St. N.W. — 1714 14th St. N.W. — 3608 14th St. N.W. — 2030 P St. N.W.

POULTRY BREAD PRODUCE

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK
FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST
OPEN 9 A.M. TO 5:30 P.M.
SATURDAYS 9 A.M. TO 1 P.M. and 6 P.M. TO 9 P.M.
3 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts
COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

THE PLATE PRINTER
Official Organ Plate Printers International Union.
P. J. RYAN, Editor. CHAS. T. SMITH, Assoc. Editor.
Subscription $1.00 Per Year
Telephone 4528 Wash. Loan & Trust Bldg.

Look for the
UNION SHOP CARD


It gives our members a Shorter Work day and Sunday Rest
It Guarantees to You
CLEANLINESS and EXPERT SERVICE

WE DO ALL KINDS OF
Job Printing
AND THE PRICE IS RIGHT
The Trades Unionist, 604-6 5th St. N. W.

Washington District Council of Carpenters

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

ROBERT ADAM, President, Local 2563, U. B., 1511 Vermont Avenue N.W.
R. H. BURDETTE, Vice President, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
E. B. BYRNE, Secretary, Local 132, U. B., 425 G Street N.W.
F. A. SHOESMITH, Treasurer, Local 2563, U. B., 5209 Georgia Avenue N.W.
C. H. ADAMS, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 804 A Street N.E.
R. H. BURDETTE, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
H. PAGE, Trustee, Local 2563, U. B., 836½ 13th Street N.E.
ROBERT REICHARD, Local 132, U. B., 1720 34th Street N.W.
J. H. RYAN, Local 132, U. B., 1101 11th Street S.E.
FRED HOOK, Local 2563, U. B., 1528 8th Street N.W.
WILLIAM MACKIE, Local 2563, U. B., 216 Seaton Place N.E.

BUSINESS AGENT.
GEO. MYERS, 425 G Street N. W.

THE MILTON SCHOOL
Oxford Bldg., 14th and N. Y. Ave. N.W.
Stenography
Typewriting
English
Spanish
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO BEGINNERS
Now in larger quarters in the Oxford Building, 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.

Phone Main 3871
WM. H. HOWLIN
American Federation of Labor Building
9th Street and Mass. Avenue
Engrossing Resolutions, Diplomas Charters and Fancy Pen Work of All Descriptions

GEO. D. HORNING,
N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.
LOAN OFFICE

Takoma Bread
Fresh Three Times Daily
AT ALL GROCERS
Havenner Baking Company
Established 1815

LANSBURGH & BRO.
"DRY GOODS ONLY"
The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City
420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

CORBY CAKE
AT ALL GROCERS

When in Doubt, Buy of
HOUSE & HERRMANN
FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.
N.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W

The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I. P. E. U.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXI. NO. 46 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, MAY 11, 1917. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

Denver Unionists Defy "Can't-Strike" Law

Cigar Makers' Union Completely Ignores State Industrial Commission and Quits Work.

Denver, May 10.—Cigar Makers' Union No. 129 quit work to enforce better working conditions and ignored the state industrial commission and Colorado's "can't-strike" law. When the strike was imminent the commission notified the cigar makers and their employers to appear before it, but no one responded. The commission then subpoenaed the unionists, but not a cigar maker showed up. When the commission "opened its court," Chairman Clint Houston of the Denver Trades and Labor Assembly's ways and means committee and editor of the Denver Labor Bulletin, together with an attorney, notified the commission that the trade union movement had decided to ignore the commission and resented its interference.

This challenge to test the law's constitutionality was not accepted and the commission issued more subpoenas. This time they were told by cigar makers if they (the commission) had not "butted in" to the controversy it would have been settled, and that the cigar makers did not intend to comply with any of the compulsory features of the industrial commission law.

The Denver Trades and Labor Assembly has indorsed the stand first taken by the Typographical Union to ignore the law, and has appointed a committee to protect the interests of cigar makers and other unionists who will make this declaration effective.

GLASS WORKERS WIN STRIKE.

Philadelphia, May 10.—President Voll of the Glass Bottle Blowers' Association reports "that after a four-week strike the Minotola Glass Company of Minotola, N. J., has entered into an agreement with our association whereby that company will abide by the conference agreement as entered into between the manufacturers' association and ourselves, and will, therefore, come under the jurisdiction of the Glass Bottle Blowers' Association."

The glass workers spent over $300,000 during the past fifteen years in an effort to unionize this plant. One of the most drastic injunctions ever issued was ordered by Chancellor Pitney of the high court of New Jersey, who was afterward appointed to the United States Supreme Court by President Taft. The glass workers endeavored to have the senate reject the appointment, which was held up for several days.

President Voll says that the "unionizing of this factory is what may be termed an extraordinary vindication of the policy of the association in dealing with non-unionism — a policy that has proven successful since written into law in 1905, and with which the association's officers are in hearty accord."

OPPOSE NIGHT BAKE SHOPS.

Vancouver, British Columbia, May 10.—The Bakers' Union is conducting an agitation for legislation against night bake shops, not only for the benefit of the workers, but for the reason that bread baked during the day and delivered the next day is more nutritious. Objection is also made to the employment of orientals in this industry.

TO ATTEND CONVENTION.

N. A. James, secretary of the Central Labor Union and first vice president of the International Brotherhood of Stationary Firemen, left last night for Kansas City to attend the annual convention of the International Brotherhood, which convenes in that city on Monday for a week's session.

More Light on the School Question

What the Printers Have Done and What They Are Trying to Do.

BY G. M. KOOCKOGEY

As chairman of the committee of Columbia Typographical Union having charge of the question of printing in the schools I have been the target for many questions from members of my own and other unions regarding the recent controversy over the reappointment of Mr. E. L. Thurston as superintendent of schools. The chief query appears to be why our committee did not take steps to prevent the indorsement of Supt. Thurston by organized labor as represented by the Central Labor Union.

One very good reason is that we knew nothing about it until after it had been done. Had we been forewarned, it might have been possible to prevent the indorsement of Supt. Thurston by the Central Labor Union, but with all due respect to the central body, it is doubtful whether its action to the contrary would have had any effect on the final outcome.

It was also the opinion of our committee that it was a matter for the Board of Education to decide for itself, and that while not entirely satisfied with Mr. Thurston's past attitude on the printing question we had not enough knowledge of his work in other directions to be willing to go on record against him. For all we know to the contrary he may be very efficient in his handling of the academic part of his work.

If the way the printing question has been handled is a criterion, there is nothing in the industrial educational system in the local schools to justify organized labor in indorsing Mr. Thurston, however.

My connection with these matters began last fall when I learned that printing plants had been installed in the white and colored high schools, and that in the white high school one of the woman teachers had spent her vacation preparing herself to become an instructor in printing.

I informed the secretary of Columbia Union of this discovery, and he made inquiries of the school authorities and was informed that it was true that the woman in question was to take up the work, but that she would not essay to turn out printers—merely use the primary processes of typesetting as an aid in developing in the pupil a knowledge of spelling, punctuation, English, etc. Mr. Seibold was also distinctly informed that no attempt would be made to do any work by student labor that had previously been given out by contract.

Our committee was then appointed to look into the matter. We studied the question for several weeks before approaching the school authorities. Several of our members obtained first-hand information from their home towns while on their way to vote in the last election. After carefully studying the situation we decided that if properly conducted the plants could be made a benefit to the printing trade in Washington instead of a menace, and set ourselves to work to that end. We are still working.

We tried to make it plain to the school authorities at the outset that we had no objection to the teaching of printing in the schools if the subject was handled in a practical manner. We called attention to the fact that in other cities the main object seemed to be to develop and assist the boy already in the trade, rather than to break in a large number of new boys of whom only a small proportion could be eventually absorbed into the trade. In line with this policy we pointed out that one of the best ways to employ the plants at the beginning would be to establish night classes for the apprentices in the downtown offices.

With the help of Chairman Hussey of the apprentice committee I secured the names of about eighteen or twenty of our apprentices and after several obstacles were brushed aside by persistent effort, the class was established late in January, in charge of a union printer, at the new Central High School.

The same instructor also teaches classes in the daytime, but I am not posted as to the scope of the instruction in the day classes, as the matter of the colored high school appointment has prevented me from looking into that any further.

The situation in the colored high school has been treated at such length in the columns of The Trades Unionist that I need not go into it in detail. Suffice it to say that in selecting a teacher for temporary appointment a competent colored member of our union has been passed over twice in favor of two colored printers neither one of whom has been shown to have the qualifications as a printer that we demand of our members, so far as I have been able to find out.

I have appeared before the school board in opposition to each one of these colored appointments, but have met with no success. On the last occasion I had to stand a severe verbal lacing from the president of the board, but, fortunately, the president of our union and other members of our committee backed me up and the matter was adjusted after the meeting in a conference in which it was agreed that we drop the question of the colored school for the present and take up the matters we want adjusted in the white high school. We expect to hold conferences with a committee of employing printers and agree in a series of recommendations for the conduct of the printing instruction in a way that will be a benefit to the entire printing trade, and it is hard to see how the school authorities can disregard such recommendations.

Just what these recommendations will be will depend on what the employing printers agree to back us up in demanding, but I can outline some of the things we think ought to be done.

For one thing we want the board to do something about the salary. The present law fixes an entrance salary of $950 per annum (ten monthly payments of $95) for all industrial teachers, irrespective of what trade or vocation is taught. Now, it is obvious that while it may be easy to secure a high-class teacher of sewing or cooking or domestic science for $950 per year, it is not easy to get a good man to teach printing or machine shop practice for that amount. Some way ought to be found to adjust the salaries to compare with what a high-class person would get in each different trade. By working both day and night the present instructor averages about $125 per month, which is considerably less than many other cities pay for day work alone.

Equally important is the scope of instruction. I believe if the public funds are to be spent in buying printing plants and providing teachers for them, we, as citizens, have a right to say that the plants shall be conducted in a way that will benefit the trade and that only such methods of instruction should be used as will meet with the approval of the representative interests of the trade, viz: the employers' association and the union of the employes.

We have repeatedly recommended the plan adopted in Buffalo as being applicable to local conditions. Under this system the school board signs an agreement with the union to teach a course laid out by the union in return for which the union agrees to credit the boy for the time spent in school in case he wishes to enter into an apprenticeship at the trade. The number of boys turned out is limited to the number that can be absorbed into the trade each year, and in Buffalo,

(Continued on page 3.)

POPULAR SELECTION MADE

LUKE F. LUDLOW

The many friends of Luke Ludlow will be pleased to learn of his appointment as night foreman of the bindery of the Government Printing Office, which was made by Public Printer Ford in the early part of last week. Luke has a wide circle of friends gained by his many acts of kindness as well as his long active service in the trade union movement. We offer our congratulations to Luke for this well deserved promotion and also to Public Printer Ford for his wise selection, and the continued success of Mr. Ford's administration will be insured by selections of men to responsible positions of the ability and capacity of Luke F. Ludlow.

High School Teachers' Union Elects Officers

W. J. Wallis of Central High Will Head Organization for Term of 1917-1918.

High School Teachers' Union, No. 8, held their annual election in the music room of the new Central High School Tuesday afternoon with the following result:

President, W. J. Wallis (C. H. S.); vice president, R. A. Maurer (C. H. S.); secretary, L. V. Lampson (C. H. S.); treasurer, Mrs. F. H. Rogers, (W. N. S.); guardian, C. W. Rippey (T. H. S.); chairman pension committee, Miss Alice Deal (T. H. S.); chairman membership committee, George J. Jones (C. H. S.); chairman of committee of delegates to Central Labor Union, J. H. Wilson (C. H. S.); members on the committee of delegates to the Central Labor Union, Miss Mary Brown (W. N. S.); Reuben Fink (B. H. S.); Mark Finley (C. H. S.); Miss M. C. Gunther (E. H. S.).

More Fatalities in Building Operations Than in Factories

Albany, N. Y., May 10.—Approximately four times as many persons are employed in the factories of this state as are employed in building and construction work, reports the state industrial commission. Yet during the four years from October 1, 1910, to September 30, 1914, more fatalities due to accidents occurred in building and construction work than in factories. The number were: Building and construction work, 1,641; factories, including 204 fatalities resulting from three large factory fires, 1,285. It is stated that falls of workers from girders, joists, roofs, scaffolds, etc., resulted in more fatalities than any other single cause, and, except for mechanical power, approximated as many as all other causes combined. The number of these fatalities is 545.

In its suggestions and rules that would cover almost every conceivable accident on a building, the commission emphasizes what it terms the "human factor."

"Workmen, like other people, are bundles of habits," it says. "These habits are formed very largely through suggestions received directly or indirectly from their environment and through imitation of other people. By constantly repeating the same actions day after day they come to be more or less involuntary and do not require the conscious judgment of the worker. Hence some accidents that are charged to carelessness should be charged to ignorance and incorrect habits instead, recognizing that these habits are not always the results of deliberate judgment, but are formed more or less unconsciously.

"In order to eliminate the accidents due to incorrect habits of the workmen, we must change these habits. This is a difficult task, but it can be accomplished in the same manner that other kinds of habits are changed."

ATTENDING CLERKS' MEETING.

E. E. Baker, president of the Retail Clerks' International Union, and C. C. Coulter, business representative of the local of the same organization, are in Lafayette, Ind., attending a meeting of the executive board of the international.

PAINTERS RAISE WAGES.

Knoxville, Tenn., May 10.—Painters and Paperhangers Union No. 226 has compromised wage differences with employers. Painters' rates are increased from 40 to 45 cents and a 12½ per cent increase is granted paperhangers on all but "lap" work.

Railroad Officials Force Men on Strike

Refused to Meet Grievance Committee of Telegraphers and Discharged Union Men.

St. Louis, Mo., May 10.—War or no war, the Missouri, Kansas and Texas railway believes it can destroy the Order of Railroad Telegraphers. It has refused to meet a grievance committee of this organization and has discharged scores of active union telegraphers. Last March officials of the telegraphers, in an attempt to adjust grievances, asked Chief Operating Officer Webb if they could see him "for a few moments" and talk over "some matters of interest."

The chairman of the grievance committee was notified that "you are not acceptable to us as a representative of the men in our station service, and we will not discuss with you, nor with any other member of the Order of Railroad Telegraphers, any matter concerning any employes or body of employes in our service."

Very soon thereafter a large number of men were discharged on account of their membership in the Order of Railroad Telegraphers, and there was no attempt to conceal the reason for the dismissals.

Though smarting under these injustices, the telegraphers postponed final action and requested the federal department of labor to attempt an adjustment. The railroad is in the hands of the court and the United States mediators took the matter up with the receiver, C. E. Schaff. This official declined to take such action as would do justice to the telegraphers and they were forced to strike.

The railroad's action has affected these four states and the shipment of live stock and other commodities so necessary at this time has been greatly reduced; express shipments are either lost or delayed and poor service generally has followed the anti-union policy of a few petty officials.

The telegraphers declare that this railroad pays the lowest wages in the country, has the poorest working conditions and the most arbitrary and exacting officials of which any knowledge exists.

CARPENTERS' GAINS CONTINUE.

Indianapolis, May 10.—General Secretary Duffy of the Brotherhood of Carpenters reports the following recent gains by affiliated locals.

Sioux City, Iowa—Increased wages from 55 to 60 cents an hour. Middleport, N. Y.—33 1-3 to 40 cents; hours reduced from nine to eight. Beaumont, Tex.—48 cents for benchmen and stair builders; 42½ cents for glaziers; 32½ cents for sanders; eight-hour day. Decatur, Ind.—35 to 40 cents. Newark, N. J.—56¼ cents to 65 cents and use of union-made trim. Sayre, Pa.—37½ cents to 45 cents. McKeesport, Pa.—From $5 to $5.50 a day. Helena, Mont.—$5 to $6. Ogden, Utah—$4 to $5. Pittsburgh, Pa. (Millmen)—$4 to $4.50 until July 1, 1917; $4.70 from that date until May 1, 1918.

CITY PAYS UNION SCALE.

Vancouver, British Columbia, May 10.—Municipal authorities have agreed to pay union wages. The schedule provides for an eight-hour day and the following hourly rates:

Blacksmiths, 56¼ cents; bricklayers, 75 cents; carpenters, 45 cents; electrical workers, 62½ cents; electrical workers' helpers, 37½ cents; structural iron workers, 62½ cents; iron workers (reinforcing), 56¼ cents; building laborers, 43¾ cents; metal lathers, 81¼ cents; machinists, 56¼ cents; sheet metal workers, 56¼ cents; painters, 45 cents; plumbers, 50 cents; tile layers, 75 cents; tile layers' helpers, 40% cents; stone cutters, 62½ cents; plasterers, 62½ cents.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., MAY 11, 1917.

ORGANIZED LABOR DOING ITS SHARE.

The visit to this country of prominent labor men from England and France will accentuate the interest in the war situation shown by President Gompers and Secretary Morrison, of the American Federation of Labor. Questions of great moment to labor in the conduct of the war are being placed before President Gompers, who has called into conference all the leaders of Internationals vitally concerned in transportation and manufacturing interests.

The Labor Department will also prove a great factor during the war and is rapidly taking its place as one of the essential arms of the government. Secretary Wilson's wide experience and acquaintance in the labor field is a good asset for the department.

To our visiting brothers The Trades Unionist extends a hearty welcome and hopes their stay in this country will be a pleasant one and fruitful of good results to the cause they represent.

It is beginning to look as though Teddy is going to be disappointed in his latest venture—or rather adventure.

Government statistics show that we used 121,000,000 pounds of aluminum in 1916. Who would have supposed anything so light could weigh so much?

Since the employer gives careful attention to his machinery in order to maintain output, should he not give at least as much consideration to human beings, which are infinitely more complex and delicate than machines, if he would obtain a satisfactory output.

THE FLAG ON THE COLLAR.

Quite a few persons are inclined to criticise and ridicule others who display their patriotism by wearing miniature flags on their collars. Many insulting epithets are heard applied to the wearers, followed by the sarcastic outburst of "Why don't you enlist?"

We think a person no less patriotic who wears the colors on his collar than the one who wears them in the lapel of his coat. We dare say that the men who do display enough patriotism to wear Old Glory, whether on lapel or collar, will fight just as quick and just as courageously as the boys who are already in uniform, simply because they are Americans. It's a safe bet that there is something behind the boy with the flag on his collar that keeps him out of the ranks. Ten to one it's a case of physical imperfection, or a number of loved ones dependent upon him for a livelihood. There is some good reason why he is not enlisted. We know the spirit of Americans too well to believe that any one who will wear the colors will not fight. It's second nature. It's in the blood. When the sound of a bugle reaches the ear of the average subject of Uncle Sam his hair raises, his breast swells and he is ready in an instant to fall in line with any swinging column marching past.—New Orleans Labor Advocate.

Industrial efficiency depends largely upon consideration of the health of workers through proper attention to such questions as housing, transit, canteen provision and individual welfare of the employe, which have become of vital concern to manufacturers who appreciate the necessity of conserving their labor force in order to attain a maximum of production in the shortest space of time.

What a tribute to the misspent energy of the late C. W. Post, union hater and apotheosis of scabbery. The citizens of Battle Creek, Mich., known as Postum Town, and the home of the union-busting "Charley" before he demolished his sky-piece with a shot-gun, elected a full union ticket as city officials last week. The candidates were placed in the field by the Central Labor Union. And so it goes. Post is dead and forgotten, but the unions still live.—Iron City Journal.

SPECTULATORS SHALL MEET WATERLOO.

Higher and higher the prices on foodstuffs are soaring, still we should not become frightened, run to the bank and pull out the few dollars we have and buy large stores of food. This will help only the speculator. Continue to buy as you go, just as you have been doing the past. To understand how prices have reached their present high levels is hard to understand, but it should be remembered that we are supplying the world with food, or endeavoring to do so. However, one would think at least that the preservation of the people in our own country would be the first consideration of our government. If a condition similar to ours existed in any other country legislation would immediately be enacted to remedy the situation. It is useless to be making appeals to money sharks or food speculators for justice. The world is selfish and full of gougers. If this condition continues, that is, prices continue to increase, it may be the best thing that ever happened in this country, because the multitude may force Congress to enact legislation whereby the government may take over the food problem of the nation and see to it that the poor people are properly fed. It will also have the effect of establishing economy among the people and there will not be so much foodstuff wasted. Every one will realize the necessity of saving, so after all there is no great need for becoming discouraged. Out of all this turmoil some good may result.

Newspaper managers who now pay three and four prices for their news print paper should be consoled by the report of President Dodge of the International Paper Company who blames divers and sundry things for present conditions. Among them is the abandonment of the manufacture of news print paper, oppressive law and the restrictions on Canadian wood. These conditions have not affected the International Paper Company, however, for President Dodge tells stockholders that profits for 1916 were four times greater than the year 1915, or $20.62 for each share of preferred stock, as against $5.44 in the preceding twelve months.

VERMONT UNIONISTS GAIN.

In a letter to Secretary Morrison of the A. F. of L., Secretary Ironside of the Vermont State Federation of Labor reports legislative gains by the unionists of that state and the defeat of several vicious proposals, including an attempt to prohibit strikes. The latter legislation was passed by the house, but was defeated in the senate by a unanimous vote.

The workmen's compensation law was amended so that compensation starts on the eighth day after injury, instead of on the fifteenth day. Hospital fees are raised from $75 to $100 and single and double hernia and total deafness in one ear are included in the disability list. Injured employes will hereafter receive compensation for specific losses, instead of being paid for the injury only.

The work week for women and minors in mills and factories has been reduced from fifty-eight to fifty-six hours.

A tuberculosis hospital law provides for the building of county hospitals by a popular vote at the annual March elections. The state will pay $10 a week for every person making use of these institutions.

The young man who fails to grasp every possible means of self-improvement, to pick up every scrap of information available, and surrounded with public libraries filled with newspapers, magazines and books, there is no scarcity of opportunities, cannot complai nif he finds himself left in the ruck by the more industrious and ambitious. The knowledge acquired by standing on the corner and indulging in meaningless twaddle can be of little service to anybody and consumes time that might be profitably employed. Luck is a poor horse to ride in the race, because nearly always industry beats him. And while industry does not always win, he is, at any rate, never left at the post and has a chance to win.—Labor Clarion.

UNION LABEL LAW VETOED.

The veto of Gov. Brumbaugh of Pennsylvania of an act providing for the label of the Allied Printing Trades on all state printing, on the ground that it is "unconstitutional," causes the Progressive Labor World of Philadelphia to ask these pointed questions:

"Unconstitutional, is it? Has the state not the right to specify what kind of printing it wants? Can the state not specify what color of ink it wants? Can the state not specify what size pages it wants? Can the state not order what type it wants? Can the state not specify what shall be on the title page of anything it prints, a union label or what not?

"It is not a question of constitutionality at all. It is a mere question of specifications. And without any previous experience either as a school room lawyer or politician we venture to say that the state may prepare any specifications it sees fit to prepare, Brumbaugh to the contrary notwithstanding.

"But suppose Brumbaugh is right. Suppose the state constitution of Pennsylvania is so cranky that it will not permit the state to prepare any kind of specifications it deems best, what of it? Is Brumbaugh the supreme court, authorized and empowered to interpret the constitution for us?"

In answer to the governor's claim that the proposed law is "discrimination," the editor continues:

"Discrimination against what? Discrimination against unfair working conditions? Yes. Discrimination against tuberculosis? Yes."

ESTABLISHED 1865 — 51 YEARS IN BUSINESS

STOCK UP NOW — Xander's Virginia Ports

20,000 Gals. must be disposed of by Nov. 1 at greatly reduced prices

CHRISTIAN XANDER'S

909 7th Street, Northwest. — No Branch Houses. Phone M. 274

CORBY'S YEAST

Leaves nothing to guess-work.
Its purity and strength are uniform.
Every baker knows what that means.
Send for samples.

THE CORBY COMPANY

STATION K. — WASHINGTON, D. C.

Representative Houses OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

BANKS

NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burglar-proof vaults; acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth Street and New York Avenue.

WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee, etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK. A bank for the working people. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account. Ninth and G Sts. N. W.

UNION SAVINGS BANK. Commercial accounts. Three per cent interest on savings accounts. The oldest savings bank in Washington.

MICHAEL T. GREENE — Liquors and Cigars. — 639 D St. N. W.

STONER'S BAR AND RESTAURANT — The, G. Stoner. — 206 Seventh St.S. W.

J. CHAS. McGUIRE'S BUFFET — Federal Seal Whiskey. — 519 Ninth St. N. W.

O'KEEFE'S BUFFET — P. J. O'Keefe, Prop. — 904 Pa. Ave. N. W.

GLAVIN'S BUFFET — ED. J. GLAVIN — 309 G Street Northwest

FRANK'S BUFFET — Fourth and G Sts. N. W. Phone M. 5572.

J. J. O'DONNELL'S BUFFET — 333 Penn. Avenue S. E.

HARRY'S BUFFET — 631 Penn. Ave. S. E. — Phone Lin. 1843

MACHINIST

G. W. FORSBERG, formerly with Forsberg & Murray, Boilers. Eighth and Water Sts. S. W. Main 742.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

RALSTON & RICHARDSON, Evans Building, 1420 New York Avenue.

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.

SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (Inc.), Soda Water, Syrups, etc. 1066 Wis. Ave. N. W.

PHOTO SUPPLIES

E. J. PULLMAN. Developing and Finishing for Amateurs a Specialty. 420 9th St. N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS

MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Ave. N. W. Our Specialty, Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

FIRE INSURANCE

FIREMEN'S INSURANCE COMPANY, Seventh Street and Louisiana Avenue.

DRY GOODS

WM. H. BURCH. Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings. Hosiery, a Specialty. 806-808 H St. N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

UNDERTAKERS

J. WILLIAM LEE
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY
332 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.

W. H. BUTLER CO., 607-9 C St. N. W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT

NATIONAL MORTAR CO., 1st and M N.E.

COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING CO., 3036 K Street.

DRUGGISTS

CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth St. and Virginia Ave. S. E.

DAY & CO. — 5th and G Sts. N.W. 14th and P N.W., 20th and R. I. Ave. N.E.

QUIGLEY, Druggist, 21st and G Sts. N.W.

A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner 7th and P Streets N. W. N. 2372.

Building Trades Headquarters — Sixth and G Sts. N. W — Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rent

WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES, TOBACCO. — COSTELLO BROS

CENTRAL LABOR UNION
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
Meets Every Monday Night
Typographica Temple
423-425 G St. N. W

Secretary's Address: 606 5th St. N.W.
Telephone: Lincoln 4614

OFFICERS

HUGH D. DIGNEY.....President
MARY GANZHORN...V. President
N. A. JAMES.....Secretary
JOS. E. TOONE....Fin. Secretary
WM. H. SCHAFFER.....Treasurer
JOS. C. CLARK..Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES — Wm. Zell, W. W. Keeler, J. L. Considine.

COMMITTEES

Executive—Mary Ganzhorn, Chairman; Jos. E. Toone, N. A. James, W. A. Huttel, John R. Hartley, H. D. Digney and Wm. H. Shaffer.
Legislative—Jere McCarthy, Chairman; John Lorch, N. P. Alifas, Robert Jones and D. J. O'Leary.
Adjustment—W. A. Huttel, Chairman; Harry Hollohan, John Botts, Benj. Spellbring and John Schmidt.
Contract—John Hartley, Chairman; Wm. W. Keeler, W. H. Schaffer, C. H. Adams and C. C. Coulter.
Laws—Dan. Hassett, chairman; Harry Buie and R. H. Burdette.
Resolution—Jas. L. Considine, chairman; E. L. Tucker and Denis Southern.
Organization — Jos. E. Toone, Chairman; Jos. C. Clark, Henry Miller, Mary Burkhead and T. A. Franklin.
Auditing—Wm. E. Zell, Chairman; Laurence Curtin and John Deal.
Credentials—M. J. Costello, Chairman; Jas. Noyes and S. S. Parker.
Label—H. F. Oehler, Chairman, and John McGuigan.
Press—N. A. James, Chairman; John B. Colpoys and N. A. Sprague.
Delegates to Baltimore—Jos. E. Toone, Chairman; Harry Fiddesop and Sam De Nedrey.

Demand the Union Label!

JOS. A. WILNER & CO.

UNION CUSTOM TAILORS

Novelties in Spring and Summer Goods

Cor. 8th and G Sts. N.W.

Garden and Lawn Tools

—OF SUPERIOR WORTH

Phila. Lawn Mowers

12-inch width.....$3.25
14-inch width.....$3.50
16-inch width.....$3.75

Ball-Bearing Lawn Mowers

16-inch width.....$14.00
18-inch width.....$15.00

Malleable Garden Rakes....40c
Wooden Lawn Rakes.....30c
Hedge Pruning Shears....$1.75

Electrical Woven Rubber Hose—does not crack or break. The most durable Hose made. Price, per foot, 25c.

Fine quality Garden Hose, per foot 20c
Iron Hose Reels.....$3.25
Brass Hose Nozzles.....40c
Steel Sickles.....75c
Steel Trowels.....10c
Pruning Shears.....50c
Garden Weeders.....10c
Brass Fountain Mist Sprinklers...40c
Galvanized Water Sprinkling Cans .....70 Up

Dulin & Martin Co.
1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St.

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY

Equitable Life Insurance Co.
of the District of Columbia

THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Issues Ordinary and Industrial

Wm. A. Bennett, 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.

EQUITABLE BLD'G. 816 14th ST., N. W.

Saks & Company

MEN'S and BOYS' OUTFITTERS
Pa. Ave. & 7th St. Wash., D. C.

Specialists in Apparel for Men and Boys.

Clothes, Hats and Shoes

The Bieber-Kaufman Co.
901-909 Eighth St. S. E.

Down by the Navy Yard

Washington, D. C.

BUTLER'S RHEUMATIC and GOUT REMEDY.
A KIDNEY AND HEART TONIC

Manufactured Since 1872 By
BUTLER & FIELD
Third and Indiana Ave. N. W.
Price 50c a bottle. 6 for $2.50
For Sale By Druggists.

THE NASTY, DIRTY THINGS —ROACHES

Don't have the neighbors talking seeing Roaches in your kitchen or dining room. Do not let your parlor be perfumed with that peculiar odor. Some night put out WELLER'S ROACH POWDER and next morning all your Roaches will be dead ones or you'll get your money back. Ain't that fair?

PRICE, 15c.

WELLER'S DRUG STORE
8th & Eye Sts. S.E. 36th & M N.W.

FIREPROOF CONSTRUCTION

Hammett Fire Proofing Company
301-302-303 Wilkins Bldg.
Phone Main 3337.

Bell Brand Union-Made
COLLARS and SHIRTS
LARGE ASSORTMENT
T. HOLLANDER
North Capitol and H Streets

STORAGE PACKING FREIGHT HAULING

Merchants Transfer
— AND —
Storage Company

920-922 E Street Northwest
Phone Main 6900

SHIPPING MOVING HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

William C. F. Waller, linotype operator, 60 cents per hour, reinstated.

Richard N. Carter, caster helper, 35 cents per hour, reinstated.

Walter G. Trouland, emergency electrician, 60 cents per hour.

Levi Scott, chauffeur, 30 cents per hour, reinstated.

Mrs. Eugena Grace, skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour, transferred from Bureau of Engraving and Printing.

Max H. Ellison, skilled laborer, reinstated.

Harold C. Caesar, skilled laborer, reinstated.

Susie Lyons, Fannie A. Birge, Willie K. Warner, Berdie D. Birch, temporary skilled laborers.

David A. Murphy, Joseph M. Hock, Henry L. Andrews, Francis O'Brien, emergency messenger boys, 15 cents per hour.

Sterling B. Kendig, Russell Hackley, Carl R. Nolte, probational messenger boys.

John J. F. Costello, Eldridge T. Tate, Roger N. Browne, Nathan C. Tanner, Lee C. Brown, Carle P. Falwell, Robert Bryant, August W. Schickler, temporary skilled laborers, 25 cents per hour.

Leslie L. Freeman, Phillip Feld, Gerald L. Whelan, probational bookbinders, 50 cents per hour.

William G. Palmer, Frank Turrano, Frederick A. Deck, temporary bookbinders, 50 cents per hour.

Separations.

John A. Jackson, temporary skilled laborer, resigned.

Miss Stella M. King, probational skilled laborer, resigned.

John A. Coleman, jr., messenger boy, resigned.

Paul B. Hansen, probationary pressman, resigned.

Bert E. Bothwell, bookbinder.

Frank Nelson, temporary fireman.

David C. Serrin, helper, resigned.

Samuel H. Keets, elevator conductor, resigned.

Andrew J. Boyer, Dodge D. Hemming, John L. Kause, compositors.

Margaret C. Shaughnessy, Greekie T. Duffin, Jane K. Orr, Ruth D. Connell, temporary skilled laborers, resigned.

R. Garrick Searles and Walter J. Bennett, skilled laborers, resigned.

Transfers, Etc.

Tage Blackwood, Amos H. Duckett, Frederick A. Deck, Arthur Arnts, temporary bookbinders to probational bookbinders, 50 cents per hour.

Edward H. Shuman, messenger boy, 15 cents per hour, to skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour.

Clayborne George, temporary skilled laborer, to probational skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour.

Miss Agnes H. Reid, machine operator, 27½ cents per hour, to directress, 35 cents per hour.

Luke F. Ludlow, bookbinder in charge, 70 cents per hour, to assistant foreman, 80 cents per hour.

Joseph P. Van Overmeer, bookbinder, 50 cents per hour, to officeman, 60 cents per hour.

Ferdinand Hoffmann, bookbinder, 50 cents per hour, to bookbinder in charge, 70 cents per hour.

Charles R. Engel, chauffeur, 30 cents per hour, to helper, 35 cents per hour.

Sterling B. Kendig, emergency messenger boy, to probational messenger boy, $420 per annum.

ACTIVE IN JAMESTOWN.

Jamestown, N. Y., May 10.—Members of Painters' Union No. 498 employed by the Dahlstrom Door Company have secured a one-year union shop agreement and wage increases of 3¼ per cent.

After a two-day strike against the Danielson Tool Company, organized metal polishers raised wages 7 per cent.

Sheet Metal Workers' Union No. 324 has been granted wage increases of 40 cents a day by hardware companies and contract shops.

The Jamestown Upholstery Company has raised wages on piece work 5 per cent for its organized upholsterers. These unionists are waging an aggressive fight against the Shearman Bros. Lounge Company, which is attempting to reduce wages.

LIBERAL TO STRIKEBREAKERS.

Massillon, Ohio, May 10.—At a mass meeting of strikers employed by the Massillon Rolling Mill Company one of the speakers declared the company is spending more money to break the strike than it would cost it to operate its mill for three years, paying the men the advance in wages they ask.

"Once this strike is ended it will take the company eighteen months to get back on a paying basis because the efficiency of its plant has been broken," said the speaker.

Two years ago these workers were defeated in an attempt to improve conditions, but they renewed their strike several weeks ago and now insist on the right to organize. The strikers are turning back large numbers of men who have been lured to this city by the company's false claims.

G.P.O.COMMENT

Billy Love's team won its game last Tuesday.

Tim Tomlin is a recent addition as reader in the proofroom, night.

John B. Weitzel, mono keyboard night, reported Monday night after an absence of two weeks, due to illness.

Candidate Goodkey is conducting a campaign of education, having issued a circular on past achievements. If Joe takes our tip he should go after 'em personally and win out.

It is reported that Charlie Deming, candidate for delegate from down town, is on the sick list.

W. A. Pratt, foreman night proofroom, spent a few days in New York during the past week. During his absence John S. Garner acted as foreman.

W. C. F. Waller, lino operator, has been reinstated.

John L. Dwyer, recently appointed temporary bookbinder, will be remembered as former owner of Dobbert's place, a well known rendezvous of printers some fifteen years ago. Mr. Dwyer has been a resident of New York City since leaving this city.

A. J. Boyer, D. D. Hemming and John L. Kause, compositors, have been separated from the service.

Harry Ziegler was elected secretary-treasurer of Proof Room Relief Association at the meeting held on Wednesday evening. Mr. Ziegler was elected to fill the unexpired term of the late W. C. P. White.

The apathy of the printers' campaign for officers to be elected Wednesday, May 23, is disconcerting to some of the candidates.

Leslie L. Freeman, Philip Feld and Gerald L. Whelan have received probational appointments as bookbinders, and W. G. Palmer, Frank Turano and F. A. Deck have been appointed temporary bookbinders.

Paul B. Hansen, probational pressman, has resigned.

Bert E. Bothwell, bookbinder, has resigned.

Tage Blackwood, Amos H. Duckett and Arthur Arnts have been appointed probational bookbinders, after serving some time as temporaries.

Luke F. Ludlow has been promoted from bookbinder in charge, to assistant foreman.

J. P. Van Overmeer has been promoted from bookbinder to officeman.

Ferd Hofman has been promoted from bookbinder to bookbinder in charge.

More Light on the School Question

(Continued from page 1.)

out of twenty-five boys turned out statistics show that sixteen is the highest number entering into the trade in any one year. Not only does this benefit the printing trade by bringing in a better educated class of boys, but it benefits the average working man in another way also. A man can keep his son in school long enough to give him a complete high school education, while at the same time the boy is acquiring the fundamentals of a trade and saves one or two years of his apprenticeship at the trade by so doing.

From the beginning I have argued for a competitive examination such as is held for entrance into the Government Printing Office, in which 50 per cent of the examination consists of written tests, and the other 50 per cent an appraisal of the candidate's actual experience at the business. In making this appraisal I have urged that credit be allowed for membership in the International Typographical Union on the grounds that no other agency can compare with it for promoting efficiency among printers and that a man inside of it and in touch with the rest of its 60,000 members is far better equipped to teach printing than an unattached man can possibly be.

Of course, we want the evening classes for apprentices continued, and, if possible, we want them enlarged next year to include any journeyman printers who may want to "brush up." A number have already spoken to me about this.

We are going to put these matters up to the Board of Education in the near future. We are handling the subject in a big, broad, public-spirited way, and we hope the Central Labor Union and its constituent unions will wait to see how we make out before making more indorsements in school matters.

WIN FOUR-YEAR STRIKE.

Portland, Ore., May 10.—The Home Telephone and Telegraph Company has accepted the wage scale and working rules of Electrical Workers' Union and this strike, which started May 5, 1913, is at an end. Because of its opposition to organized labor the company's business was hard hit.

T. J. SULLIVAN IS DEAD.

Hartford, Conn., May 10.—T. J. Sullivan died in this city recently after a lingering illness. Deceased was president of the Hotel and Restaurant Employes' International Alliance and Bartenders' International League of America, from 1904 to 1911.

PRESSMEN RAISE WAGES.

New Haven, Conn., May 10.—Printing Pressmen's Union No. 74 has raised wages. The average weekly increase is $3.

WE DO ALL KINDS OF

Job Printing

AND THE PRICE IS RIGHT

The Trades Unionist, 604-6 5th St. N. W.

Let the Worker Beware!

A systematic attempt to convert the wage earner to the cause of Prohibition is being made through advertisements in labor journals. These advertisements profess grave concern for the interest of the class to which they are addressed.

Who Pays for These Advertisements?

The cost is largely met by certain "high financiers" and "captains of industry" who have always made war upon Union Labor and sought to enslave it.

Don't Play Your Enemy's Game

Remember that Prohibition throughout the ages has been the weapon of tyranny! Consider that it is being used now as a disguise for the class that has always *fought* the wage earner!

Do Not Permit Those Concerns Which Are Seeking to Block Every Social and Economic Reform to Make a Pawn of the Workers!

International Brewery Workers' Union of America.

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, F. S. Radman, 184 7th Street N.E.

Bakery Salesmen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 997 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at Moose Hall, Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sundays in each month at 2 p.m., Painters' Hall, 6th and G Sts. N.W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N.W.

Blacksmiths and Helpers, Local 217, International Brotherhood of: Meets first and third Monday of each month at 650 Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, C. A. Chism, 418 Tenth street northeast.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. F. Miller, 19 Quincy Place northwest.

Bookbinders, Local No. 7: Edward L. Ransdell, secretary, Cherrydale, Va.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets first and third Sunday of the month at the Secretary, T. Guiffre, 908 Pennsylvania avenue Moose Hall, Seventh and G Street Northwest. nue northwest.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 48: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E street southeast.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G Street N. W.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles' Hall. Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 520 Rhode Island Ave. N. E.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhau, 737 10th St. s. e.

Chauffeurs and Hack Drivers Union, Local No. 115: Meets the first and third Saturday of each month, G. A. R. Building, 1412 Pa. Ave. Secretary-Treasurer, Kirk C. Sipher, Room 25, 945 Pa. Ave. northwest.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wassaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Twelfth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3800 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Paperhangers Hall, 430 Ninth Street N. W., second and fourth Thursdays of the month. Secretary, Edw. B. Finch, 33 P Street N. E.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets every Friday, at 8:00 p.m. Hall, S. E. Cor. Tenth and Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, Jas. P. Lahey, 816 5th street northeast.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and B Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hisle, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Employes' Union No. 14632: Meets second Friday of each month, Perpetual Building Association Hall. Secretary, W. M. Lynch, 409 A. F. of L. Building.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Watchmen's Union No. 14964: Secretary, Jas. H. Reed, Cor. Sec., 1228 B street southwest.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Glaziers Local No. 963: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, H. C. Turner, Mt. Rainier, Md.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, John T. Bowers, Twentieth and Twenty-first and L and M streets northwest.

Ice Cream Wagon Drivers and Helpers' Union, Local No. 111: Meets second and fourth Tuesdays at Typographical Temple, 425 G street northwest. Secretary-Treasurer, J. Neff Cline, 1211 North Capitol street.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Avenue S. E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 Twelfth St. N. E.

Laborers' Protective Union, No. 15037: Meets the second Tuesday of each month at the Cadets' Armory, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, E. E. McCormick, 1403 South Capitol street.

Laundry Workers, Local No. 110: Meets first Friday in each month at Winslow's Hall, 12 and R streets northwest. Secretary, Moten Jefferson, 550 Twenty-fourth street northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, W. N. Huttel, 1430 A St. N. E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday, 1204 Pa. Ave. N. W. Secretary, E. H. Fulton, Barcroft, Va.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 8: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. F. McDonnell.

Mill Workers Local No. 1694: Meets every Tuesday at Painters' Hall, 704 Sixth street northwest. Secretary, Robt. Reichard, 1720 Thirty-fourth street northwest.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third 2665. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Bus. Agt.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 922 Pa. Ave. N. W. Phone M. 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets second Sunday and fourth Friday in each month. Secretary, Albert Bridges 210 L st. s. e.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 420: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers' Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday of every month, Red Room, The New Ebbitt, 8 p.m. Secretary, James A. Sullivan, 3910 5th street northwest.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Raymond R. Burrows, Clarendon, Va.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Robt. J. Barrett, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 820 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressmen, No. 1: Meets fourth Monday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N.E.

Railway Carmen, Pride of Potomac Lodge, No. 313, Brotherhood of: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F streets northeast, first and third Tuesdays. Secretary, L. H. Taylor, 706 Seventh street northeast.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custodian and Janiter, 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, W. P. Cannon, 408 Twelfth St. S. E.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe. 326 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. F. Hickman, 518 Sixth St. N. W.

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Mrs. H. B. Tritipoe, 1737 Willard street N. W., Apt. 20.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10.30 a. m. and 8.30 p. m. Secretary, G. W. Calderhead, Room 412 Wash. Loan and Trust Building.

The High School Teachers' Union of Washington, D. C., No. 8: Meets in the Music Room of the New Central High School at 3.30 p. m. the second Tuesday in the months of October, December, February, and May. Secretary, G. J. Jones, Central High School.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle. 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 750 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Fridays, Typographical Temple. Secretary, L. M. Green, 2711 24th St. N.E.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: International Secretary-Treasurer, Jas. E. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

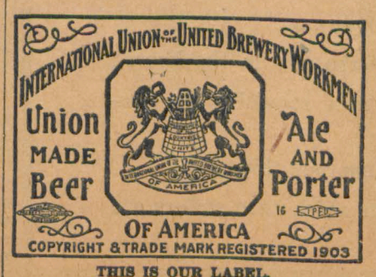
Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G St. N. W. Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth St. N. W.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

National Capital Lodge, No. 92 (Ladies' Auxiliary, Int. Asso. Mach.): Meets first and third Tuesday of each month at 7:30 p.m. at National Capital Bank Hall, 316 Pa. Ave. S.E.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E



THIS IS OUR LABEL.

VOTE

Against Prohibition

DEMAND

Personal Liberty

IN CHOOSING WHAT YOU WILL DRINK

ASK FOR THIS LABEL WHEN PURCHASING BEER, ALE OR PORTER.

As A Guarantee That It Is Union Made.

Long Hours, Particularly at Night, Chief Factors in Fatigue, Is Lesson Taught by English in Present War

The extent to which women have replaced men in industry in Great Britain during the war, the operations which they are required to perform in factories and other lines of endeavor, periods of employment, arrangements for rest and meals, and the physical conditions of women workers, together with a discussion of matters affecting the employment of juveniles, including hours of labor, and supervision of health and welfare, are set forth in a bulletin recently issued by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor.

This bulletin, entitled, "Employment of Women and Juveniles in Great Britain During the War," is the third one made up of reprints of official and quasi-official documents, giving the experience of Great Britain and other foreign countries in dealing with labor conditions resulting from the war. It embraces reprints of two memoranda issued by the Health of Munition Workers Committee, and a summary of a comprehensive statement relating to replacement of men by women in industry as published by the British Association for the Advancement of Science in its book, "Labor, Finance and the War." There is a supplementary statement respecting the extension of the employment of women during 1916; a collection of orders relating to employment and remuneration of women; a report of the mission appointed to study output of munitions in France, and a statement of the migration of women's labor through employment exchanges.

It is estimated that since the war began and down to October, 1916, 988,500 women or 30.6 per cent of the number employed in July, 1914, had been drawn into the various governmental, industrial and commercial activities, and that in October, 1916, 933,000 women had directly replaced men in industry. Many of these women are performing operations never before considered possible for them to do.

In seeking to conserve the health and thus promote the efficiency of these workers, the Health of Munition Workers Committee reached the conclusion that long hours, particularly at night, are perhaps the chief factors in fatigue and that in the interest of output and health they should be restricted. There should be suitable pauses for rest during the working period and adequate cessation from work at each week end in addition to periodic holidays. The system of three shifts of eight hours each appears to yield better results than one shift of thirteen to fourteen hours or two shifts of twelve hours each, because "the strain of night work, indeed the strain generally, is sensibly diminished, greater vigor of work is maintained throughout the shift, less time is lost by unpunctuality or illness, and there is less liability to accident." Employers are increasingly recognizing the disadvantages of an overtime system. Well managed industrial canteens, facilities for rest at night and a high standard of sanitary conditions are essential, for "cleanliness and good order contribute to increased output as well as to the discipline and morale of the factory." Wise and suitable arrangements for the management and supervision of women's labor are extremely important.

During 1914 the number of women who obtained employment in other districts through the employment exchanges was 32,988; in 1915, 53,396; in 1916, 160,003; indicating the increasing mobility of women's labor due to war conditions.

To maintain the physical well-being of children, opportunities for recreation, time for plenty of sleep, canteen facilities and the efforts of welfare supervisors are regarded as highly important. Sunday work should be eliminated and children should be employed at night only when other labor cannot be obtained. Employment of boys under sixteen should be restricted to sixty hours per week. It should be borne in mind that this limit recommended by the committee expresses their opinion of the maximum which may be permitted to meet the imperative need of necessary military and other supplies in a time of great emergency. From all that is known of the effects of industrial employment upon the health of young persons, it is evident that a sixty-hour week for boys under sixteen years is the absolute maximum, to be permitted only in case of the direst necessity to secure the production of indispensable supplies and munitions. It is estimated that 450,000 children at or about the age of fourteen normally leave the elementary schools annually, and that in 1915 this number was exceeded by about 45,000, with the probability that it is now much greater.

OPPOSE FOOD GAMBLING.

Fargo, N. D., May 10.—At a meeting of Equity Exchange stockholders, including about sixty farmers from various parts of the state, the government was urged on behalf of the farmers of the northwest, to take the following steps as war measures:

"To prohibit trading in futures and all speculative deals in food products.

"To guarantee an adequate supply of labor for handling crops.

"To fix a sufficient minimum price on wheat and other farm products.

"To take charge of railroad transportation so that food crops shall not be delayed in reaching the market.

"To levy a tax on large incomes, war profits and luxuries sufficient to bear all the expenses of the war."

DO YOU KNOW THAT

Being healthy is the first duty of a citizens?

Disease is the greatest foe to human progress?

It's the unused body that deteriorates quickest?

Fly destruction is its own reward?

A walk in the open is worth two in the house?

Personal hygiene is the first requisite for community health?

A small mosquito is a dangerous thing?

Most of the diseases from which man suffers are peculiar to man?

NEW YORK CENTRAL PROSPERS.

New York, May 10.—The annual report of the New York Central Railroad Company for the year ending December 31, 1916, just issued, shows operating revenes of $201,585,000, an increase of $33,672,000 over 1915. The profits for railroad operations amounted to $71,846,000, an increase of $13,238,000 compared with the figures for the previous year.

Among the interesting features of the report is the setting aside from net income $2,500,000 for equipment depreciation account, after the payment of $12,466,611 in dividends, leaving a surplus of $30,692,606. This is more than double the surplus of the previous year, when nothing was set aside for depreciation of equipment.

The report also shows that the income derived from dividends from subsidiary companies amounted to $11,099,697, an increase of more than $4,000,000 compared with 1915.

PRAISE OHIO LIABILITY LAW.

Boston, May 10.—E. E. Watson, actuary of the Ohio state fund for workingmen's compensation insurance, told the legislative committee on judiciary that "both employers and employes are substantially 100 per cent back of the state fund." The last Ohio legislature, he said, had passed a law prohibiting private insurance companies from participating in the compensation field, and against that law there were but two votes in the house and one in the senate.

Parker, Bridget & Co.

"The Avenue at Ninth"

Featuring Extra Value

$15

Suits for Spring

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

J. G. O'DONNELL, President, 122 Sixth St. N. E.
M. J. DEERY Vice President, 2407 Girard St. N, E.
THOS. W. WOLTZ, Recording Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
G. H. F. DAVIS, Treasurer, 439 Second St.S. E.
W. I. STRATTON, Conductor, 617 Sixth St. N. W.
A. F. MOIRSETTE, Warden, 425 G St. N. W.
GEO. MYERS, Business Agent, 425 G St. N. W.

TRUSTEES.

F. J. NOLTE, 24 Eighth Street N. E.
MARK REILEY, 1127 B St. S. E.
A. P. TAYLOR, 622 I Street N. E.

DELEGATES TO THE DISTRICT COUNCIL.

R. H. BURDETTE, 1207 L Street N. W.
C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
E. B. BYRNE, 425 G Street N. W.
ROBERT REICHARD, 1720 35th Street N. W.
J. H. RYAN, 1101 Eleventh Street S. E.

DELEGATES TO THE CENTRAL LABOR UNION.

C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
R. H. BURDETTE, 816 K Street N. W.
W. S. HOLLOHAN, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
C. A. SAUNDERS, 244 9th St. S. E.
LOUIS LUEBKERT, 1314 Kerney St. N. E.

RELIEF COMMITTEE.

P. W. HAMILTON, 410 Tenn. Ave. N. E.
J. T. CLIFT, 4115 7th St. N. W.
M. FOLEY, 118 Seaton St. N. E.
W. B. DOLAN, 413 Mass. Ave. N. W.
J. A. SANKER, 2606 R. I. Ave. N. E.

MILL COMMITTEE.

F. E. KETTNER, 3016 Cambridge St. N. W.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
O. A. CARTER, Rosslyn, Va.

DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

G. H. F. DAVIS, 439 Second Street S. E.

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1

Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.

M. J. DUNNIGAN, President.....2007 14 Street N.W.
JOHN G. WOLFE, Vice-President.1023 N. J. Ave. N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W.

TRUSTEES

Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E.
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E.
Thos. L. Nevins.....504 Maine Avenue S. W.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe,.....1023 N. J. Ave. N. W
J. McElfresh,.....
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E.
A. Tenley.....964 Florida Ave. N. W.
M. Sullivan.....5631-2 15 St. S. E.

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.

Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ARBITRRATION COMMITTEE.

M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W.
M. A. Wolfe,.....418 F St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. E.
Joseph Harding.....210 13 St. S. W.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....2006 2nd St. N. W
R. Pumphrey.....223 Q St. N. W.
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W.
Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. W.

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Capitol St.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L St. S. W.

DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.

John Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave.
William Pollard.....522 14th St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

UNION OPERATOR — LOCAL No. 224 — WASH. D.C. — AFFILIATED WITH CENTRAL LABOR UNION & A. F. of L.

American, 1st st. and R. . ave.n.w.
Apollo, - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Auditorium, 13th st. and N. Y. ave.n.w.
Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Cosmos - - Pa. Ave. bet. 9th & 10th
Circle - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N. W.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Elite Theatre, 14th and R. I. ave. n. w.
Empire, - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Empress - - 9th bet. D and E N.W.
Favorite, H St. North Capitol & First
Florida - - 15th St. & Fla. Ave. N.E.
Garden Theatre, 423 Ninth st. n. w.
Gayety Theatre - - 513 9th St. N.W.
Georgia - - - Ga. Ave. and Park Rd.
Happyland - - 7th bet. L & M N.W.
Home Theater, C bet. 12th & 13th n. e.
Leader - - - - - - 507 9th St. N.W.
Liberty Theatre, N. Capitol & P St.
Loewe's Columbia . . F near 12th
Lyric Theatre - - 14th near Park Rd.
Maryland - - - 624 9th St. N. W.
"M" Street Theatre, M St. near 32nd
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Odeon - - 14th and Church Sts. N. W.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15, N.W.
Palace - - - - - 312 9th St. N.W.
Penn Gardens - - 21st St. & Pa. Ave.
Plaza Theatre - 434 9th st. n. w.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Regent - - 18th & Cal. Ave. N.W.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
Savoy, - - - 14th and Col. Road.
Senate Theater - - 324 Pa. Ave. S.E.
Strand, - - - - - - Ninth and D.
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N. E.
Stanton Park - - 219 4th St. N.E.
Truxton - - N. Capitol and Fla. Ave.
Virginia - - - 614 9th St. N. W.
Victoria - - - - 7th and E Sts. S.W.
Washington & Park - 18th & U Sts.
Zenith Theater - - 625 8th St. S.E.

The only strictly

UNION TAILORING

house in the city

M. STEIN & CO.

TAILORS

Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

PHONE NORTH 2349

DONOVAN'S

FINE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS

2008 14th St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

LIST OF LIQUOR DEALERS WHO HAVE SIGNED "THE AGREEMENT."

Allen, Paul.....2 N st. n. e.
Allen, John J...807 N. C. Cap st. n. e.
Beirkle, Leopold, - 1245 H st. n. e.
Boyle, William J., 601 Mass. ave n. w.
Castelli, Vincent, 502-504 Ninth st.n.w.
Clark, C. H.....510 9th st. n. w.
Colonial Beach Boat Co.
Costello, Bros.....604 G st. n. w.
Crowley, James J.....702 E st. n. w.
Daly, T. J.....34 H st. n. e.
Daye, Wm. T.....1218 Wisc. ave.
Doyle, Wm. T....1314 Wisc. ave. n. w.
Duffy, James A. -901 1-2 E st. n. w.
Wm. R. Fosbender, 406 Ninth st. n w.
Franey, F. A.....711½ 9th st. n. w.
Frank, Mrs. M. E. - 319 G st. n. w.
Ganey, M.....615 7th st. s. w.
Gavin, Edwin.....309 G st. n. w.
Hannan, Mrs. E.....531 7th st. s. w.
Hanlon, Timothy.....822 H st. n. e.
Kelliher, J. D.....1258 7th st. s. w.
Killeen, John F.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Louis Hodges, - - 407 9th st n. w.
Lynagh, Peter J.....523 7th st. s. w.
Lynch, John.....417 9th st. n. w.
McCarthy, F. J.....910 4½ st. s. w.
McCarthy, Jas. J.....1402 H st. n. e.
McDonald, F. J.....643 Pa. ave. s. e.
McGinniss, H. J., 1001 N. Y. ave. n. w.
McGuire, J. Chas., 519 Ninth st. n. w.
McHough, Martin....1105 H st. n. e.
Milton Schmidt, - 702 7th st. n. w.
O'Connor, D. J.....100 G st. n. w.
O'Connor, Patrick F., 617 D st. n. w.
O'Connor, James.....1429 N. Cap. st.
O'Day, John T. - 921 Ninth st. n. w.
O'Donnell, James J...333 Pa. ave. s. e.
Peter White, - - - 905 D st. n. w.
Raftery, Thomas.....406 H st. n. e.
Raftery, Patrick.....225 11th st. n. e.
Roland, J. H.....511 9th st. n. w.
Scanlon, Daniel,.....103 H st. n. w.
Schroter, Conrad....3258 M st. n. w.
Schltz, Mary T.....607 G st. n. w.
Sheehan, John J., 701 North Cap. st.
Solon, Mary A., - 1003 7th st. e.
Stern, M. M.....601 7th st. n. w.
Stanton, Frank J.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Sullivan, David, 12th and E st. n. w.
Sullivan, John J., 1351 35th st. n. w.
The Casino, Frank Farenkamp (Chesapeake Beach).
Victor Buffet Co., Inc., 7th and G n. w.
Walsh, David, - - 407 10th st. n. w.
Wassman, Henry, 705 Seventh st. n. w.
Wiedeman, Joseph....629 E st. n. w.
William J. O'Leary, 733 North Cap. st.
Wininghер, Harry 631 Pa. ave. s. e.
Wolf, Frank, - 512 12th st. n. w.

MEATS GROCERIES FISH

Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the

OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.

930 La. Ave. N.W. — 1935 14th St. N.W. — 2002 Ga. Ave. N.W.
501 8th St. S.E. — 138 7th St. N.E. — 739 N. Capitol St.
3101 M St. N.W. — 1776 U St. N.W. — 712 K St. N.W.
7th & Q Sts. N.W. — 3113 14th St. N.W. — 3420 M St. N.W.
1105 H St. N.E. — 701 H St. N.E. — 1714 14th St. N.W.
1632 N. Capitol St. — 726 7th St. N.W. — 3608 14th St. N.W.
3420 Ga. Ave. N.W. — 1440 P St. N.W. — 2030 P St. N.W.
918 La. Ave. N.W.

POULTRY BREAD PRODUCE

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK

FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST

OPEN 9 A.M. TO 5:30 P.M.
SATURDAYS 9 A.M. TO 1 P.M. and 6 P.M. TO 9 P.M.

3 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts

COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

THE PLATE PRINTER

Official Organ Plate Printers International Union.

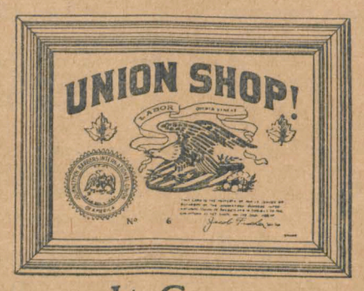
P. J. RYAN, Editor. CHAS. T. SMITH, Assoc. Editor.

Subscription $1.00 Per Year

Telephone 4528 Wash. Loan & Trust Bldg.

Look for the

UNION SHOP CARD



It gives our members a Shorter Work day and Sunday Rest

It Guarantees to You CLEANLINESS and EXPERT SERVICE

The Hoffman Company

CLEANERS AND DYERS

OUR SPECIAL MEN'S SUITS Sponged and Pressed.....25c

There is a Hoffman Branch in YOUR Neighborhood

Consult the Telephone Directory

AUTO DELIVERY SERVICE

Washington District Council of Carpenters

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

ROBERT ADAM, President, Local 2563, U. B., 1511 Vermont Avenue N.W.
R. H. BURDETTE, Vice President, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
E. B. BYRNE, Secretary, Local 132, U. B., 425 G Street N.W.
F. A. SHOESMITH, Treasurer, Local 2563, U. B., 5209 Georgia Avenue N.W.
C. H. ADAMS, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 804 A Street N.E.
R. H. BURDETTE, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
H. PAGE, Trustee, Local 2563, U. B., 336½ 13th Street N.E.
ROBERT REICHARD, Local 132, U. B., 1720 34th Street N.W.
J. H. RYAN, Local 132, U. B., 1101 11th Street S.E.
FRED HOOK, Local 2563, U. B., 1528 8th Street N.W.
WILLIAM MACKIE, Local 2563, U. B., 216 Seaton Place N.E.

BUSINESS AGENT.

GEO. MYERS, 425 G Street N. W.

THE MILTON SCHOOL

Oxford Bldg., 14th and N. Y. Ave. N.W.

Stenography
Typewriting
English
Spanish

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO BEGINNERS

Now in larger quarters in the Oxford Building, 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.

Phone Main 3871

WM. H. HOWLIN

American Federation of Labor Building

9th Street and Mass. Avenue

Engrossing Resolutions, Diplomas Charters and Fancy Pen Work of All Descriptions

GEO. D. HORNING,

N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.

LOAN OFFICE

Takoma Bread

Fresh Three Times Daily

AT ALL GROCERS

Havenner Baking Company

Established 1815

LANSBURGH & BRO.

"DRY GOODS ONLY"

The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City

420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

CORBY CAKE

AT ALL GROCERS

When in Doubt, Buy of

HOUSE & HERRMANN

FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.

N.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W

The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I. P. E. U.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXI. NO. 47 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, MAY 18, 1917. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

No Let-Up in Onward March of Carpenters

Secretary Duffy of Brotherhood Reports Numerous Gains Throughout Country.

Indianapolis, May 17.—Secretary-Treasurer Duffy of the Brotherhood of Carpenters reports continued gains by affiliates. The record issued this week includes:

Paterson, N. J.—Increase from 50 to 56¼ cents an hour. Coffeyville, Kan.—50 to 56¼ cents. Laporte. Ind.—45 to 50 cents. Hartford, Conn.—50 to 62½ cents. Bradford, Pa.—45 to 50 cents. El Paso, Tex.—62½ to 75 cents. Morris, Ill.—45 to 50 cents. Lewanee, Ill.—50 to 55 cents. Auburn, N. Y.—45 to 55 cents. Marseilles, Ill.—50 to 55 cents; hours reduced from nine to eight. Johnson City, Tenn.—25 and 35 cents to 40 cents; nine-hour day made general. Geneva, N. Y.—43¾ to 50 cents. Cincinnati—60 to 62½ cents until May 1, 1918; 65 cents thereafter. Zanesville, Ohio—46¾ to 52½ cents. East St. Louis, Ill.—62¼ to 70 cents. Lowell, Mass.—34 to 40 cents for millmen. Michigan City, Ind.—37½ cent minimum. Richwood, W. Va.—33⅓ to 40 cents. Elyria, Ohio—50 to 60 cents. Philadelphia—55 to 60 cents for outside men. Lebanon, Pa.—35 to 40 cents for outside men; 26 to 30 cents for inside men; nine-hour day. Wichita, Kan.—50 to 55 cents, effective August 1. Muscatine, Iowa—43¾ to 50 cents until May 1, 1918; 55 cents thereafter. Ardmore, Pa.—55 to 60 cents. Berwyn, Pa.—55 to 60 cents. Jenkintown, Pa.—50 to 57½ cents. Pottstown, Pa.—40 to 45 cents. Marlboro, Mass.—45 to 50 cents until May 1, 1918; 52½ cents thereafter. Burlington, Vt.—44 to 50 cents. Newport News, Va.—43¾ to 50 cents. Cincinnati (box makers)—New agreement; $1.50 increase. Terre Haute, Ind.—50 to 55 cents. Springfield, Ohio—45 to 55 cents; hours reduced from nine to eight; Saturday half holiday. Boonville, Ind.—37½ to 45 cents. White Plains, N. Y.—From $4.50 to $5 a day; eight hours and Saturday half holiday for millmen. Bernardsville, N. J.—$4 to $4.50. Great Falls, Mont.—$5.60 to $6.40. Elmira, N. Y.—$3.60 to $4. Colorado Springs, Col.—$4.80 to $5.20 for outside men; $4.25 to $4.65 for millmen. Bar Harbor, Me.—$3.60 to $4.

MUST LEARN BARBERS' TRADE.

Lansing, Mich., May 17.—Governor Sleeper has signed the Wagner bill amending the barbers' law so that apprentices must serve two years before they can secure a state license.

Boston, May 17.—Barbers' Unions Nos. 182 and 666 are enforcing a wage scale which increases weekly rates from $13 to $16. Holiday work is eliminated, except on Mondays and Saturdays.

Edwardsville, Ill., May 17.—After a short strike Barbers' Union No. 605 secured agreements which guarantee a weekly wage of $14 and 65 per cent over $21. The old rate was a $12 guarantee and 60 per cent over $18.

BAKERS' FUNDS SEIZED.

Hartford, Conn., May 17.—The Jewish Master Bakers' Association has locked out its employes and attached the union's funds and the savings accounts of individual members. These workers protested against a violation of their agreement. This resulted in wholesale discharges.

BARTENDERS GET $2 RAISE.

Newark, N. J., May 17.—Bartenders Union No. 131 is having little trouble in securing signatures to its new wage contract, which raises rates from $18 to $20 a week for a ten-hour out of a twelve-hour day.

Proposed Legislation Spells Disaster and Ruin to the Labor Press

Livelihood of Thousands of Our Fellow-Workers Will Be Placed in Jeopardy If Postage Rates on Second-Class Matter Are Increased, Warns Gompers.

To All Organized Labor:

Greeting—Since our nation has become involved actively in the gigantic struggle for the world's democracy, new tests and problems must be met and solved. What has made our progress so notable in the past has been indomitable spirit, thrift and sense of sacrifice of the men and women of labor for the ultimate greatness of the American Labor Movement.

Underlying all of our achievements has been the unrestricted right to a free press, unhampered by unwarranted restrictions and not duly burdened by excessive taxation in any form. The American Federation of Labor has always protested against unwarranted restrictions upon a free press, and will continue protesting until every court and judge in our land will fully observe this great fundamental right and guarantee of liberty of a free people.

Within the past few days a new menace has presented itself to the free press of our country in the legislative proposal to tax unduly printed matter coming under the rules of second-class postage. Under guise of war revenue measure, it is not only proposed to increase the postage rate of second-class matter from one to two cents a pound, but it is also intended to apply a "Zone System" (district rates), thereby practically increasing the cost of carrying printed matter from one cent per pound to six cents per pound. No such exorbitant rate as this exists for any class of matter for the longest world's routes even in war times. Such a tax is strictly prohibitive. It spells disaster and ruin to the labor press of our country and will seriously hamper and retard that part of the public press sympathetic to the appeals and needs of the labor movement. This proposed increase of postage rates on second-class mail matter can only benefit those publications supported and financed by and in the interest of large and gigantic combinations of wealth, and it will destroy those publications barely eking out an existence because of their desire and determination to serve the great mass of our people, working men and women of our country.

The public press, like every other individual, concern or institution should be required to pay its just proportion of war taxes. This, however, should be done by increasing the income and inheritance taxes, a tax upon profits and upon land values.

To place a double and triple tax upon the public press is without warrant and excuse, and simply means that many publications will be forced out of existence. Such a condition will seriously menace the conditions of life and work of the men and women employed in the printing and closely related and kindred trades by throwing thousands of them out of employment. Shall we sit idly by while the very livelihood of thousands of our fellow-workers is placed in jeopardy, and while the labor and sympathetic public press is seriously menaced? Can we afford to permit that part of the public press financed by and in the interest of large and wealthy combinations of men to control exclusively the means of information and thereby dominate the minds of the people of our country?

Profits and incomes should be taxed, but the very source of employment of our fellow-workers and the maintenance of a liberal and free press should remain unimpaired.

An immediate protest against this proposed increase in postage rates on second-class matter and against the application of the "Zone System" should be immediately directed to every congressman and senator. Every central labor union, state federation of labor, and all affiliated unions should immediately voice their protest against this menacing proposal. Action to be effective must be had at once. Respond to this appeal without delay. Act now!

Fraternally yours,

SAMUEL GOMPERS,
President American Federation of Labor.

SHOP MEN MAKE GAINS.

Conneaunt, Ohio, May 17.—After negotiating with the Nickel Plate railroad for over five months federated shop men have secured an agreement with the following gains:

Work day reduced from ten to nine hours; compulsory physical examination abolished; wage increases range from 3 to 6 cents an hour for every employe; increases to date back from April 1; minimum rate of 41½ cents for all mechanics; clause in agreement provides that either side can open negotiations on thirty days' notice.

Representatives of the federal Department of Labor assisted in the settlement.

Pittsburgh, Pa., May 17.—The Wabash Terminal Company has raised wages of all shop men 4 cents an hour.

New York, May 17.—Conferences of federated shop men and officials of the Delaware & Hudson Railroad Company have resulted in an agreement to raise wages 2 cents an hour for all craftsmen.

WIRE MEN RAISE WAGES.

Joplin, Mo., May 17.—Every electrical contractor in this city has signed the new scale of Electrical Workers' Union. Wages are advanced from $4.80 to $5.20 for an eight-hour day.

Uniontown, Pa., May 17.—The Electrical Workers' Union has secured the eight-hour day and are paid the nine-hour rate. Every contractor has signed the new agreement.

SHEET METAL WORKERS GAIN.

Aurora, Ill., May 17.—Sheet Metal Workers' Union experienced no difficulty in raising wages from 56¼ to 60 cents an hour.

Omaha, Neb., May 17.—The Sheet Metal Workers' Union has established a 55-cent minimum. The old rate was 50 cents.

PAINTERS RAISE WAGES.

Toronto, Ontario, May 17.—After negotiating wage differences for several months organized painters were compelled to suspend work. The employers quickly tired of wielding brushes and swinging on shaky scaffolds, so they are signing a two-year contract which raises wages from 35 to 45 cents an hour the first year and to 47½ cents the second year.

Meriden, Conn., May 17.—Painters' Union No. 685 has raised wages, unionized a big shop and secured an almost 100 per cent organization. The minimum rates are now 47 cents an hour for painters and 50 cents for paperhangers.

Buffalo, N. Y., May 17.—Organized painters have raised wages from $3.75 to $4 a day.

BOOKBINDERS ADVANCE.

Indianapolis, May 17.—The official journal of the International Union of Bookbinders reports that Union No. 110, Houston, Texas, has raised wages $2 a week; Nashville members have secured wage increases; an active organizing campaign is being conducted in the south; St. Cloud, Minn., has organized; four locals in St. Paul and Minneapolis have amalgamated into one powerful organization, and the only bookbinding establishment in Buffalo, N. Y., that refused wage increases has signed the union's agreement.

FREIGHT HANDLERS STRIKE.

San Francisco, May 17.—About 400 Southern Pacific railroad freight handlers suspended work because the company refused to meet their wage demands. According to its last report Southern Pacific earned 12½ per cent last year on its total capitalization. This was a gain of nearly 3 per cent over 1915.

GAINS BY BAKERS.

Chicago, May 17.—The Bakers' Journal records the following recent gains by locals affiliated with the Bakery and Confectionery Workers' International Union:

Cleveland—Union No. 56 secured wage increases of $3 a week per man. Newark, Ohio—New agreement and wage increases of $1.50 a week. Brockton, Mass.—Wages increased $2 a week; one apprentice to each crew. Providence—Wages increased $2 a week. New York City—Union No. 104 reduced the workday one-half hour and raised wages $4 a week.

Other weekly gains are: Bridgeport and New Haven, from $2 to $3 a week; Pittsburg, Pa., $3 a week for union No. 204 and from $2 to $3 for union No. 1; Syracuse, average increase of $2 a week.

8-HOUR DAY EFFECTIVE.

San Francisco, May 17.—Fully 3,000 workmen are building the government-owned railroad in Alaska between Seward and Anchorage and Fairbanks, a distance of 470 miles, and are doing good work under the eight-hour system, according to William C. Edes, one of the three Alaskan railroad commissioners who is in this city.

PLUMBERS STRIKE.

Springfield, Mo., May 17.—The Master Plumbers' Association has refused to consider wage demands of journeymen plumbers and these workers suspended work. They want $5 a day instead of $4.80.

PITIABLE WAGE CAUSES STRIKE

Belleville, Ill., May 17.—Section workers employed by the Illinois Central Railroad have been forced on strike because the railroad management attempted to establish a ten-hour day instead of living up to its promise of $1.90 for a nine-hour day.

STEREOTYPERS MAKE GAINS.

Omaha, Neb., May 17.—In the official journal of the International Stereotypers and Electrotypers' Union President Freel records the following gains:

New Orleans—Newspaper scale for stereotypers—Day work (seven and one-half hours basis), foremen, $30.85 a week; journeymen, $3.50 a day. Night scale—Foreman, $5 a night; journeymen, $4 a night. Overtime after eight hours' work.

Wichita, Kan.—Two-year agreement for newspaper stereotypers. Foremen's rates, $27 a week this year and $28 during 1918. Journeymen's rates $22 a week this year and $23 during 1918. This is a general increase of $2 a week during the contract.

Regina, Saskatchewan, Canada, May 17.—One-year agreement with the Post; increased wages and working conditions, apprentice regulations.

PROGRESS IN TENNESSEE.

Nashville, Tenn., May 17.—Although trade unionists in this state failed to secure anti-injunction and workmen's compensation laws, their efforts toward remedial legislation resulted in the abolition of the convict lease system, a constitutional convention, semi-monthly pay day, free text books, child labor law strengthened, bathrooms and lockers for foundry employes, regulating manufacture and sale of mattresses, and regulating private employment agencies.

ELEVATOR MEN RAISE WAGES.

Philadelphia, May 17.—The Elevator Manufacturers' Association has signed a three-year union shop agreement with Elevator Constructors' Union No. 5. Former minimum rates of $5 a day for journeymen and $3.30 for helpers are increased as follows:

First year—Journeymen, $5.80; helpers, $3.68. Second year—Journeymen, $5.90; helpers, $3.84. Third year—Journeymen, $6; helpers, $3.94.

Wages Based on Actual Time Worked

State Workmen's Compensation Board Is Upheld in Action by Judge McIlvaine.

Washington, Pa., May 17.—Judge J. A. McIlvaine has sustained the state workmen's compensation board in its method of determining the average wage of an injured worker in continuous employment.

The decision was made in the case of the Pittsburg Coal Company against John Adams, miner, who was awarded damages for a mine accident. The board ruled that the average weekly wage should be determined by a series of computations in which only the days Adams worked during a period of six months were divided into the total earnings for the period. This decision means that if a man is off two days in the week, his average weekly rate shall be six times his daily wage.

The company contended that the deduction of days which the employe could not work because of conditions over which he had no control was an arbitrary proceeding. It was urged by the company that the average daily pay should be determined by diyiding all working days into the total pay, only Sundays and holidays being counted out.

The compensation board has refused to accept this system, which is urged by many large employers, and while the amount involved in the Adams case was only $15.78, the company appealed in the hope of overturning the board's rule.

Judge McIlvaine sustained the board.

GAINS BY MACHINISTS.

Baltimore, May 17.—Machinists employed by the Baltimore and Ohio railroad have raised rates 4½ cents an hour following conferences of railroad officials and President Johnston and his associates. Last April rates were increased 2½ cents and an additional 2 cent increase conceded, to take effect May 1. Representatives of the federal Department of Labor assisted in the negotiations.

Toledo, Ohio, May 17.—Machinists' Union No. 105 raised wages of its members employed by the Toledo Machine and Tool Company and the Central Machine and Tool Company. The latter concern has signed a union shop agreement and increased rates 7½ per cent for over one-half of the workers involved. Substantial increases are agreed to by the first-named company.

Beaver Falls, Pa., May 17.—Machinists' Union No. 296 has signed a union shop contract with the Standard Horse Nail Company. The eight-hour day, a $4 minimum and arbitration procedure where differences arise are agreed to.

St. Paul, May 17.—Machinists employed by the D., M. & N. and the Duluth & Iron Range railroads have been granted wage increases of 10 per cent, making the rate 55 cents an hour.

WIN SHORT STRIKE.

Cincinnati, May 17.—After a one-day strike the Building Construction Employers' Association signed a three-year contract with the Hoisting and Portable Engineers' Union. The agreement calls for an eight-hour day, time and one-half for overtime and wage increases.

TEXTILE WORKERS ADVANCE.

Philadelphia, May 17.—United Textile Workers' Union No. 706 has raised wages from 2 to 33 per cent following negotiations with employers. Several thousand of these hosiery knitters will be benefited.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., MAY 18, 1917.

It is evident that there will be no food shortage without the interference of the food gambler. Abolish the food gambler.

Considering population, Texas is the best organized state in the Union. To that alone can we attribute another fact—that hours and wages for all kinds of city labor, and conditions of employment, are fairer than in any other state.

One set of people tells us to plant gardens, another set tells us that if we do we shall discourage the truckers, and there you are. People will differ. As for our part, we believe the family that comes nearest to living at home of things grown or produced at home, the more independent that family will become.

Reducing large incomes for the period of the war and until the war debt is paid (and soon paid) will have a salutary effect on the country. It will tend everywhere to economy and thrift, which, by reducing the demand for luxuries, will lower the cost of necessaries to the general public; whereas the alternative of creating huge bond issues and leaving them unretired for years inevitably tends to inflation, to extravagance and to raising the cost of living—already an oppressive burden.

PATRIOTIC, BUT ON GUARD.

BY PRESIDENT GOMPERS.

As our nation rapidly swings through changes necessary for the transition from a peace to a war basis there is developing the beginning of an attitude totally at variance to the genius and the institutions of democracy—the spirit of intolerance. As we are torn from the moorings of peace and face the unknown dangers of a fight for national rights of humanity there are not lacking indications of failure to discriminate between measures for protection and measures that destroy all that gives our republic meaning.

In order to protect ourselves against dangers suspected and feared, an effort is being made to pass legislation which would impair fundamental rights which are the basis for all our freedom.

An "espionage bill" is now under consideration by Congress which would sweep away freedom of press and speech. The people of this country have a right to know the general plans and purposes of those to whom they have entrusted the conduct of the war.

Of course, the details of military and naval strategy in order to be effective must be kept with a degree of secrecy, but the people who must give their services in order to make these plans effective have the right to general information and they have a right to express their opinions and convictions thereon.

We cannot protect our country against insidious foreign instigation of plots and intrigue by depriving all of our people of their fundamental constitutional rights. Defense and maintenance of America's institutions do not depend upon drastic resolutions completely altering the very nature of conditions and regulations.

If we turn back the pages of history to the early years of our republic, we find that the country passed through a similar trial. The different elements of nationality were even less welded together in composite whole than they are at present. There were then fewer traditions and ideals in common. All of Europe was at war. There were foreign plots to force this nation to take sides in the contest. Our Congress passed the drastic alien and sedition laws.

Those laws were not effective in protecting us against foreign intrigue but they did react disastrously to institutions of freedom in this country. They were taken advantage of by that element that desires to fasten upon the masses of the people unfreedom because people, denied their rights, are more easily made to serve the selfish interests of others.

There are not now wanting in this country evidences of this same spirit. Under guise of national necessity proposals have been made to hold the people, particularly the working people, in a position where they cannot "interfere" with existing stable conditions. The plea is that national necessity must make rigid the relations between employer and employe, and this has been interpreted to mean even refusal to consider redress of wrong or higher wages notwithstanding constantly increasing costs of living.

The result of such legislation would defeat the very purpose assigned as a reason for the legislation. It would produce a static equilibrium devoid of the necessary flexibility essential to enable industrial organization to meet the changes developing with industrial life.

It devolves upon the masses of the people to defeat this tendency toward reaction and autocracy and to maintain standards that will permit of human liberty and progress. Let every member of organized labor feel responsibility devolving upon him to guard carefully against such aggression on the part of reaction and to register an emphatic protest against all proposals and policies that would establish autocracy and militarism to supplant our free republic.

The working people are fully prepared to do their part for the preservation of the ideals and institutions of the republic, both industrial and military.

To Visit America

England, France and Australia to Send Delegates to Women's Trade Union Convention.

The importance of a working women's convention at this time cannot be over-estimated. In spite of the heavy burdens of a nearly three years' war the trade unionists of England, France and Australia are planning to send representatives to the sixth biennial convention of the National Women's Trade Union League, which will be held at Kansas City, Mo., June 4 to 9.

The English trade unionists look upon the convention as of such importance that they are sending as their delegate Miss Mary Macarthur, secretary of the British Women's Trade Union League. Miss Macarthur is one of the women serving in the war councils of England. As a result of the interview granted by the Queen of England in the early days of the war, Miss Macarthur was made chairman of the central committee on women's employment for England and Wales. On this committee of thirteen members there are six trade union women.

The French trade unionists have chosen as their representative Mme. G. Duchene of Paris, who is expected to attend the convention as a delegate; while Australia is planning to send one of their trade union women to join with America's working women in facing the industrial problems now before the world.

That these delegates are planning to attend this convention in the face of the dangers of travel and the difficulties of the present crisis in the world's history shows the seriousness and the greatness of the questions to be considered. America's working women will give their best to the working out of the many grave and difficult problems which will come before the convention.

RETAIN SEAMAN'S LAW.

San Francisco, May 17.—"Some big shipping interests are urging the suspension of the seamen's act during the period of the war," says the Labor Clarion. "There is no just reason why this law should not be enforced. In fact there is less reason for complaint against it now than in normal times. Ship owners are reaping larger profits than ever before and can well afford to share them in some small degree with the men who brave the dangers of the sea and the submarine on every trip."

STRIKE OF UNORGANIZED.

East St. Louis, Ill., May 17.—About 100 unorganized employes of the cottonseed oil plant suspended work to secure the eight-hour day instead of twelve hours and raise wages.

BABES MUST BE PROTECTED.

Philadelphia, May 17.—"Every hour of 1915 claimed a toll of twelve British babies' lives," said Lady Aberden, wife of the former governor general of Canada, in an address in this city.

"In the same year," she continued, "the number of British soldiers killed in battle averaged nine an hour." The speaker urged American women to not let "the wonderful child welfare work be pushed aside or minimized."

GRAND JURY SYSTEM FLAYED.

Boston, May 17.—In a speech in this city Thomas Mott Osborne, ex-warden of Sing Sing (N. Y.) prison, flayed the existing grand jury system, the prison system all over the country, and the political corruption which he declared was responsible for the absurdity of the system.

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

UNION OPERATOR — LOCAL No. 224 — WASH. D.C. — I.A.T.S.E. — AFFILIATED WITH CENTRAL LABOR UNION & A.F. of L.

American, 1st st. and R. . ave.n.w
Apollo, - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Auditorium, 13th st. and N. Y. ave.n.w
Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Belasco Theater, 15th and Madison Pl.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Cosmos - - Pa. Ave. bet. 9th & 10th
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N. W.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Elite Theatre, 14th and R. I. ave. n. w.
Empire, - - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Empress - - 9th bet. D and E N.W.
Favorite, H St. North Capitol & First
Florida - - 15th St. & Fla. Ave. N.E.
Garden Theatre, 423 Ninth st. n. w.
Gayety Theatre - - 513 9th St. N.W.
Georgia - - - Ga. Ave. and Park Rd.
Glen Echo Park - - Glen Echo, Md.
Happyland - - 7th bet. L & M N.W.
Home Theater, C bet. 12th & 13th n. e.
Leader - - - - - - 507 9th St. N.W.
Liberty Theatre, N. Capitol & P St.
Loewe's Columbia . . F near 12th
Lyric Theatre - - 14th near Park Rd.
Maryland - - - 624 9th St. N. W.
"M" Street Theatre, M St. near 32nd
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Odeon - - 14th and Church Sts. N. W.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15, N.W.
Palace - - - - 312 9th St. N.W.
Penn Gardens - - 21st St. & Pa. Ave.
Plaza Theatre - 434 9th st. n. w.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Regent - - 18th & Cal. Ave. N.W.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
Savoy, - - - 14th and Col. Road.
Senate Theater - - 324 Pa. Ave. S.E.
Strand, - - - - - Ninth and D.
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N. E.
Stanton Park - - 219 4th St. N.E.
Truxton - - N. Capitol and Fla. Ave.
Virginia - - - 614 9th St. N. W.
Victoria - - - - 7th and E Sts. S.W.
Washington & Park - 18th & U Sts.
Zenith Theater - - 625 8th St. S.E.

The only strictly
UNION TAILORING
house in the city
M. STEIN & CO.
TAILORS
Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

CENTRAL LABOR UNION
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
Meets Every Monday Night
Typographica Temple
423-425 G St. N. W.
Secretary's Address: 606 5th St. N.W.
Telephone: Lincoln 4614

OFFICERS
HUGH D. DIGNEY.....President
MARY GANZHORN...V. President
N. A. JAMES.....Secretary
JOS. E. TOONE....Fin. Secretary
WM. H. SCHAFFER.....Treasurer
JOS. C. CLARK..Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES — Wm. Zell, W. W. Keeler, J. L. Considine.

COMMITTEES
Executive—Mary Ganzhorn, Chairman; Jos. E. Toone, N. A. James, W. A. Huttel, John R. Hartley, H. D. Digney and Wm. H. Shaffer.
Legislative—Jere McCarthy, Chairman; John Lorch, N. P. Alifas, Robert Jones and D. J. O'Leary.
Adjustment—W. A. Huttel, Chairman; Harry Hollohan, John Botts, Benj. Spellbring and John Schmidt.
Contract—John Hartley, Chairman; Wm. W. Keeler, W. H. Schaffer, C. H. Adams and C. C. Coulter.
Laws—Dan. Hassett, chairman; Harry Buie and R. H. Burdette.
Resolution—Jas. L. Considine, chairman; E. L. Tucker and Denis Southern.
Organization — Jos. E. Toone, Chairman; Jos. C. Clark, Henry Miller, Mary Burkhead and T. A. Franklin.
Auditing—Wm. E. Zell, Chairman; Laurence Curtin and John Deal.
Credentials—M. J. Costello, Chairman; Jas. Noyes and S. S. Parker.
Label—H. F. Oehler, Chairman, and John McGuigan.
Press—N. A. James, Chairman; John B. Colpoys and N. A. Sprague.
Delegates to Baltimore—Jos. E. Toone, Chairman; Harry Fiddesop and Sam De Nedrey.

PHONE NORTH 2349
DONOVAN'S
FINE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS
2003 14th St. N. W., Washington. D. C

ESTABLISHED 1865 — 51 YEARS IN BUSINESS
STOCK UP NOW
Xander's Virginia Ports
20,000 Gals. must be disposed of by Nov. 1 at greatly reduced prices
CHRISTIAN XANDER'S
909 7th Street, Northwest. — No Branch Houses. Phone M. 274

CORBY'S YEAST
Leaves nothing to guess-work.
Its purity and strength are uniform.
Every baker knows what that means.
Send for samples.
THE CORBY COMPANY
STATION K. — WASHINGTON, D. C.

Representative Houses
OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

BANKS
NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burglar-proof vaults; acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth Street and New York Avenue.
WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee, etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.
SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK. A bank for the working people. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account. Ninth and G Sts. N. W.
UNION SAVINGS BANK. Commercial accounts. Three per cent interest on savings accounts. The oldest savings bank in Washington.

MICHAEL T. GREENE
Liquors and Cigars. 639 D St. N. W.
STONER'S BAR AND RESTAURANT
The. G. Stoner. 206 Seventh St.S. W.
J. CHAS. McGUIRE'S BUFFET
Federal Seal Whiskey. 519 Ninth St. N. W.
O'KEEFE'S BUFFET
P. J. O'Keefe, Prop. 904 Pa. Ave. N. W.
GLAVIN'S BUFFET
ED. J. GLAVIN 309 G Street Northwest
FRANK'S BUFFET
Fourth and G Sts. N. W. Phone M. 5572.
J. J. O'DONNELL'S BUFFET
333 Penn. Avenue S. E.
HARRY'S BUFFET
631 Penn. Ave. S. E. Phone Lin. 1843

MACHINIST
G. W. FORSBERG, formerly with Forsberg & Murray, Boilers. Eighth and Water Sts. S. W. Main 742.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
RALSTON & RICHARDSON, Evans Building, 1420 New York Avenue.
SOFT DRINKS, ETC.
SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (Inc.), Soda Water, Syrups, etc. 1066 Wis. Ave. N. W.
PHOTO SUPPLIES
E. J. PULLMAN. Developing and Finishing for Amateurs a Specialty. 420 9th St. N. W.
LUNCH ROOMS
MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Ave. N. W. Our Specialty, Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.
FIRE INSURANCE
FIREMEN'S INSURANCE COMPANY, Seventh Street and Louisiana Avenue.
DRY GOODS
WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings. Hosiery, a Specialty. 806-808 H St. N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.
UNDERTAKERS
J. WILLIAM LEE
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY
332 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.
PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.
W. H. BUTLER CO., 607-9 C St. N. W.
LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT
NATIONAL MORTAR CO., 1st and M N.E.
COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING CO., 3036 K Street.
DRUGGISTS
CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth St. and Virginia Ave. S. E.
DAY & CO. 5th and G Sts. N.W. 14th and P N.W., 20th and R. I. Ave. N.E.
QUIGLEY, Druggist, 21st and G Sts. N.W.
A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner 7th and P Streets N. W. N. 2372.

Building Trades Headquarters — Sixth and G Sts. N. W — Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rent
WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES, TOBACCO. — COSTELLO BROS

JOS. A. WILNER & CO.
UNION CUSTOM TAILORS
Novelties in Spring and Summer Goods
Cor. 8th and G Sts. N.W.

Some Chilled Facts

Eddy Refrigeration Is the Life of Food

In presenting to you our 1917 Eddy, we wish strongly to impress the fact that an experience of 70 years devoted to the production of Eddy Refrigerators has naturally perfected the Eddy product, established its reputation and maintained its prestige.

No other make of refrigerator has had the long life of the Eddy. It is the original refrigerator. The first refrigerator was an Eddy; the best refrigerator today is an Eddy. If a better refrigerator could be made, it would still be an Eddy. That is the Eddy standard, maintained throughout 70 years of progressive specializing on refrigeration.

The purchase of an Eddy Refrigerator is not an expense; it is a necessary investment that pays handsome daily dividends in the form of food kept healthy, less waste, less sickness, more comfort, greater enjoyment in eating. It makes for better, cheaper, easier living.

Dulin & Martin Co.
1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St.

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY

Equitable Life Insurance Co.
of the District of Columbia

THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Issues Ordinary and Industrial

Wm. A. Bennett, 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.

EQUITABLE BLD'G. 816 14th ST., N. W.

Saks & Company
MEN'S and BOYS' OUTFITTERS
Pa. Ave. & 7th St. Wash., D. C.

Specialists in Apparel for Men and Boys.

Clothes, Hats and Shoes

The Bieber-Kaufman Co.
901-909 Eighth St. S. E.
Down by the Navy Yard
Washington, D. C.

BUTLER'S RHEUMATIC and GOUT REMEDY.
A KIDNEY AND HEART TONIC
Manufactured Since 1872 By
BUTLER & FIELD
Third and Indiana Ave. N. W.
Price 50c a bottle. 6 for $2.50
For Sale By Druggists.

THE NASTY, DIRTY THINGS —ROACHES

Don't have the neighbors talking seeing Roaches in your kitchen or dining room. Do not let your parlor be perfumed with that peculiar odor. Some night put out WELLER'S ROACH POWDER and next morning all your Roaches will be dead ones or you'll get your money back. Ain't that fair?

PRICE, 15c.

WELLER'S DRUG STORE
8th & Eye Sts. S.E. 36th & M N.W.

FIREPROOF CONSTRUCTION
Hammett Fire Proofing Company
301-302-303 Wilkins Bldg.
Phone Main 3337.

Bell Brand Union-Made
COLLARS and SHIRTS
LARGE ASSORTMENT
T. HOLLANDER
North Capitol and H Streets

STORAGE PACKING FREIGHT HAULING
Merchants Transfer — AND — Storage Company
920-922 E Street Northwest
Phone Main 6900
SHIPPING MOVING HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

Bookbinders—Thomas Norris, Aubrey A. Mayo, Leroy F. Snoops, Robert C. Grossman, Raymond C. Siegmund, Ernest A. Watson, Patrick H. Finnigan, Bernard A. Spellbring, George E. Furmage, Frank W. Linnemann, George B. Hodges, temporary. Clerk—Miss Dorothy M. Farnham. Compositor—Raleigh M. Black. Electrician—John Bott, emergency. Pressmen—Vincent P. Guerriere, Willard L. Laws, Oscar V. Kelle. Messenger boys—Harry Friedenberg, William J. Lohman, jr.; Stanley A. Robinson, C. M. Cook, John J. Fegan, Charles A. Sullivan, Everett L. Inscoe, Howard Eberly, Meigs E. Newkirk, Russel W. Thomas. Skilled Laborers—Isaac R. Booth, Alfred Mose, Guy E. Lancaster, Robert V. Barnes, James G. Sayles, Curtis J. Smith, William H. Tippett, Albert A. Dreear, Stephen E. Rollins, Edward J. Duchesne, Herbert W. Bryce, John L. Price, Richard M. Lieber, Walter Thomas, Shirley S. Ashton, Frederick R. Byrd, Miss Alice M. Woodland. Temporary skilled laborers—Mrs. Grace M. Riley, Mrs. Odean B. Entzminger, Mrs. Julia Rose, Mrs. Ida E. Holmes, Mrs. Maggie L. Butler, Mrs. Eleanor M. Lyddane, Miss Hilda M. Heine, Miss Ruby E. Teates, Miss Margaret T. McMahon, Miss Erma E. Schaefer, Miss Anna E. Stevenson, Miss Ida E. Dent, Miss Caroline K. Barghausen, Miss Elsie L. Holmes, Miss Edna C. Williams, Miss Maude G. Smothers, Miss Katherine V. Eamich, Miss Essie Bumbry, Miss Irene Beverly, Miss Alberta Jones, Miss Maude E. Cole, Miss Susie E. Richardson, Miss Grayce M. Turner, Miss Mildred B. Pickett, Miss Mary J. Scanlon, Miss Flora E. Laughton, Miss Fannie V. Wormley, Miss Mary E. Mudd, Miss Julia E. Young, Miss Martha H. Gover, Miss Sarah A. Henson, Miss Elizabeth V. Knott, Miss Anna E. Maenner, Miss Lillian B. Countee, Miss Nina E. Miller, Miss Annie M. Sumner and William H. West. Stereotyper—Harry Sargeant. Unskilled laborers (reinstated)—John A. Johnson, Thomas H. Miller, James C. Johnson, Arthur C. Brooks.

Separations.

Resignations — Walter M. Evans, electrician; Elmer N. May, machine helper; John T. O'Hara, in charge of section; Lockman Johnson and David Sterman, skilled laborers; Michael J. Kirby, pressman; Joseph V. Cullen, caster helper; Sumpter J. Oliver, machine helper; Mason A. Winston, laborer; Mrs. Ethel M. Barrick and Miss Katherine R. Flaherty, banders; Mrs. Marie E. W. Ross, Mrs. Elsie M. Hubbard, Miss Elizabeth C. Keir, Miss Ruth E. Burdelle, Miss Rachel C. Waddleton, Miss Rose L. Farmer, temporary skilled laborers.

Mrs. Sarah V. Rotenbury, machine operator; Miss Margaret M. Morrow, Patrick A. Hurley, messenger boy.

Transfers, Etc.

George H. Aukward, from binder in charge, 60 cents an hour, to assistant foreman, 70 cents an hour, Library Binding Section.

Joseph W. Schmaling, from referee, 65 cents an hour, to chief reviser, 70 cents an hour, proof section.

John Kent, from bookbinder, 50 cents an hour, to binder in charge, 60 cents an hour, Library Binding Section.

Leon L. Leach, from compositor, 50 cents an hour, to linotype operator, 60 cents an hour, from hand section to linotype section.

Frederick A. White, from compositor, 50 cents an hour, to proofreader, 60 cents an hour, job section.

James E. Veatch, from pressman, 55 cents an hour, to in charge of section, 70 cents an hour, presswork division.

Charles M. Evans, from linotype operator, 60 cents an hour, to compositor, 50 cents an hour.

James A. Wright, Matthew F. Dermody, Frank O. Shrodes, William G. Palmer, George A. Fischer, Charles Kundahl, William A. Leonard and Walter E. Wright, from temporary to probational bookbinders.

Charles F. Mellis, from temporary to probationary pressman.

INCREASE COMPENSATION.

Boston, May 17.—The strength of organized labor in the state senate asserted itself when that body increased the maximum weekly payments to injured workmen from $10 to $14 over the protest of private insurance agents and some employers. Friends of the measure declared that in these days of four-dollar potatoes $10 was not enough.

ICE WAGON DRIVERS GAIN.

Rochester, N. Y., May 17.—Ice dealers averted a strike of their delivery employes by agreeing to the following summer wage scale: Drivers, from $18 to $22; helpers, $16 to $20.

Dubuque, Iowa, May 17.—After a week's strike Teamsters' Union raised wages from $14 to $17 a week. An $18 rate was demanded, but the workers accepted an arbitration award.

LAWYERS CAN'T SET WAGES.

Boston, May 17.—The state senate has passed a bill which prevents lawyers from serving on industrial wage boards chosen by the state minimum wage commission that sets wages for women.

In supporting the measure one senator criticised the commission because it has established only four wage cases in the past four years. "The trouble is," he said, "the members of the wage boards cannot agree," and that the bill was intended to eliminate attorneys, thereby stopping the rich employer from hiring a "slick" lawyer to represent him.

RESULT OF UNIONISM.

Hartford, Conn., May 17.—Two years ago unorganized steamfitters and helpers were receiving $12 and $9 a week. Then they organized and their latest gain the result of a short strike, guarantees fitters $27.50 a week and helpers $16.50.

UNIONISTS INVITE FARMERS.

Anniston, Ala., May 17.—Officers of the state federation of labor have invited the Farmers' union to send fraternal delegates to the sixteenth annual convention, which will be held in this city beginning May 21.

Parker, Bridget & Co.
"The Avenue at Ninth"
Featuring
Extra Value
$15
Suits for Spring

PRINTERS RAISE WAGES.

Ogden, Utah, May 17.—Newspaper proprietors have signed a four years' agreement with Typographical Union No. 236. Evening newspaper workers will receive $5 a day and night workers will be paid $5.50.

The union has also secured agreements with book and job office proprietors which raises wages $3 a week for foremen and journeymen.

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1
Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.

M. J. DUNNIGAN, President.....2007 14 Street N.W.
JOHN G. WOLFE, Vice-President.1023 N. J. Ave. N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W.

TRUSTEES

Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E.
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E.
Thos. L. Nevins.....504 Maine Avenue S. W.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe.....1023 N. J. Ave. N. W
J. McElfresh.....
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E.
A. Tenley.....964 Florida Ave. N. W.
M. Sullivan.....5631-2 15 St. S. E

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.

Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ARBITRATION COMMITTEE.

M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W.
M. A. Wolfe.....418 F St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. E
Joseph Harding.....210 13 St. S. W
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....2006 2nd St. N. W
R. Pumphrey.....223 Q St. N. W.
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W.
Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. W

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Av.e
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Capitol St.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L St. S. W.

DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.

John Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave.
William Pollard.....522 14th St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

The Hoffman Company
CLEANERS AND DYERS
OUR SPECIAL MEN'S SUITS Sponged and Pressed.....25c
There is a Hoffman Branch in YOUR Neighborhood
Consult the Telephone Directory
AUTO DELIVERY SERVICE

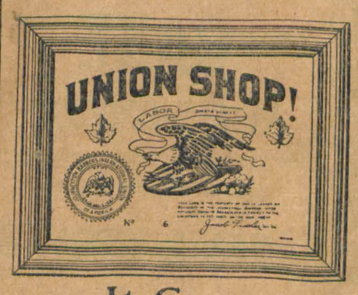
MEATS GROCERIES FISH
Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the
OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.

930 La. Ave. N.W.	1935 14th St. N.W.	2002 Ga. Ave. N.W.
501 8th St. S.E.	138 7th St. N.E.	739 N. Capitol St.
3101 M St. N.W.	1776 U St. N.W.	712 K St. N.W.
7th & Q Sts. N.W.	3113 14th St. N.W.	3420 M St. N.W.
1105 H St. N.E.	701 H St. N.E.	1714 14th St. N.W.
1632 N. Capitol St.	726 7th St. N.W.	3608 14th St. N.W.
3420 Ga. Ave. N.W.	1440 P St. N.W.	2030 P St. N.W.
	918 La. Ave. N.W.	

POULTRY BREAD PRODUCE

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK
FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST
OPEN 9 A.M. TO 5:30 P.M.
SATURDAYS 9 A.M. TO 1 P.M. and 6 P.M. TO 9 P.M.
3 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts
COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

Look for the
UNION SHOP CARD



It gives our members a Shorter Work day *and* Sunday Rest
It Guarantees to You
CLEANLINESS *and* EXPERT SERVICE

THE PLATE PRINTER
Official Organ Plate Printers International Union.
P. J. RYAN, Editor. CHAS. T. SMITH, Assoc. Editor.
Subscription $1.00 Per Year
Telephone 4528 Wash. Loan & Trust Bldg.

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, F. S. Radman, 134 7th Street N.E.

Bakery Salemen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 997 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at Moose Hall, Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sundays in each month at 2 p.m., Painters' Hall, 6th and G Sts. N.W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N.W.

Blacksmiths and Helpers, Local 217, International Brotherhood of: Meets first and third Monday of each month at 650 Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, C. A. Chism, 418 Tenth street northeast.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. F. Miller, 19 Quincy Place northwest.

Bookbinders, Local No. 7: Edward L. Ransdell, secretary, Cherrydale, Va.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets first and third Sunday of the month at the Secretary, T. Guiffre, 908 Pennsylvania ave-Moose Hall, Seventh and G Street Northwest. nue northwest.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 48: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E street southeast.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G Street N. W.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles' Hall. Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 520 Rhode Island Ave. N. E.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhau, 737 10th St. s. e.

Chauffeurs and Hack Drivers Union, Local No. 115: Meets the first and third Saturday of each month, G. A. R. Building, 1412 Pa. Ave. Secretary-Treasurer, Kirk C. Sipher, Room 25, 945 Pa. Ave. northwest.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wassaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Twelfth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3800 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Paperhangers Hall, 430 Ninth Street N. W., second and fourth Thursdays of the month. Secretary, Edw. B. Finch, 33 P Street N. E.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets every Friday, at 8:00 p.m. Hall, S. E. Cor. Tenth and Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, Jas. P. Lahey, 816 5th street northeast.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and B Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hisle, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Employes' Union No. 14632: Meets second Friday of each month, Perpetual Building Association Hall. Secretary, W. M. Lynch, 409 A. F. of L. Building.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Watchmen's Union No. 14964: Secretary, Jas. H. Reed, Cor. Sec., 1228 B street southwest.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Glaziers Local No. 963: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, H. C. Turner, Mt. Rainier, Md.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, John T. Bowers, Twentieth and Twenty-first and L and M streets northwest.

Ice Cream Wagon Drivers and Helpers' Union, Local No. 111: Meets second and fourth Tuesdays at Typographical Temple, 425 G street northwest. Secretary-Treasurer, J. Neff Cline, 1211 North Capitol street.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Avenue S. E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 Twelfth St. N. E.

Laborers' Protective Union, No. 15037: Meets the second Tuesday of each month at the Cadets' Armory, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, E. E. McCormick, 1403 South Capitol street.

Laundry Workers, Local No. 110: Meets first Friday in each month at Winslow's Hall, 12 and R streets northwest. Secretary, Moten Jefferson, 550 Twenty-fourth street northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, W. N. Huttel, 1430 A St. N. E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday, 1204 Pa. Ave. N. W. Secretary, E. H. Furton, Barcroft, Va.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. F. McDonnell.

Mill Workers Local No. 1694: Meets every Tuesday at Painters' Hall, 704 Sixth street northwest. Secretary, Robt. Reichard, 1720 Thirty-fourth street northwest.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third 2665. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Bus. Agt.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 922 Pa. Ave. N. W. Phone M. 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets second Sunday and fourth Friday in each month. Secretary, Albert Bridges 210 L st. s. e.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 420: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers' Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday of every month, Red Room, The New Ebbitt, 8 p.m. Secretary, James A. Sullivan, 3910 5th street northwest.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Raymond R. Burrows, Clarendon, Va.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Robt. J. Barrett, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month. Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 820 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressmen, No. 1: Meets fourth Monday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N.E.

Railway Carmen, Pride of Potomac Lodge, No. 313, Brotherhood of: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F streets northeast, first and third Tuesdays. Secretary, L. H. Taylor, 706 Seventh street northeast.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custodian and Janitor, 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, W. P. Cannon, 408 Twelfth St. S. E.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe, 326 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. F. Hickman, 518 Sixth St. N. W.

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Mrs. H. B. Tritipoe, 1737 Willard street N. W., Apt. 20.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10.30 a. m. and 8.30 p. m. Secretary, G. W. Calderhead, Room 412 Wash. Loan and Trust Building.

The High School Teachers' Union of Washington, D. C., No. 8: Meets in the Music Room of the New Central High School at 3.30 p. m. the second Tuesday in the months of October, December, February, and May. Secretary, G. J. Jones, Central High School.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle. 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 750 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Fridays, Typographical Temple. Secretary, L. M. Green, 2711 24th St. N.E.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters International Secretary-Treasurer, Jas. E. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G St. N. W. Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth St. N. W.

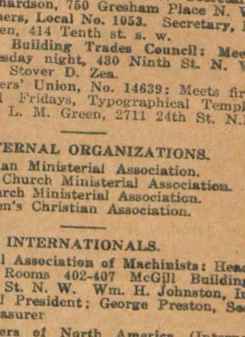
Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

National Capital Lodge, No. 92 (Ladies' Auxiliary, Int. Asso. Mach.): Meets first and third Tuesday of each month at 7:30 p.m. at National Capital Bank Hall, 316 Pa. Ave. S.E.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.

WASHINGTON'S LARGEST PRINTING PLANT DEVOTED TO COMMERCIAL WORK
THE LAW REPORTER PRINTING COMPANY
COMMERCIAL PRINTERS AND STATIONERS
518-520 FIFTH STREET N.W.
WASHINGTON, D. C.
TELEPHONE MAIN 828
F. B. CROWN, MANAGER



INTERNATIONAL UNION OF THE UNITED BREWERY WORKMEN OF AMERICA
Union MADE Beer
Ale AND Porter
COPYRIGHT & TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1903
THIS IS OUR LABEL.

VOTE
Against Prohibition
DEMAND
Personal Liberty
IN CHOOSING WHAT YOU WILL DRINK
ASK FOR THIS LABEL WHEN PURCHASING BEER, ALE OR PORTER.
As A Guarantee That It Is Union Made.

TELL OF MONEY SLACKERS AND NATIONS 'TOO FAT TO FIGHT'

Pinchot Describes Rich Who Won't Give For War as Meanest Men, While General Wood Sees War Curse In Wealth.

PHOTO © UNDERWOOD & UNDERWOOD

LEONARD WOOD,

Major general U. S. A. and for a quarter of a century distinguished as a military authority.

AMOS PINCHOT,

Organizer of American Committee on War Finance, demanding heavy taxes on large incomes.

Major General Leonard Wood said the other day to Columbia graduates: "We are cursed with too much money. A fat dog cannot fight; a fat sleek nation, loaded with too much money and too little principle, will not do the right thing."

These are strong words from General Wood. Though unrestrained in tone, they are sound in substance.

Of course, General Wood does not mean the average American is cursed with too much money. He means a few rich Americans are cursed with too much money. He knows that the average citizen has an income well under a thousand dollars a year. And neither General Wood nor anybody else ought to worry about a man getting fat, soft or unprincipled through the corrupting influence of wealth, while he is raising a family on $2.75 a day. It can't be done at that figure.

The fact is the farmer, clerk, wage-earner, small business and professional man has not been getting rich during the war. He may have been getting more income, but his income buys less. According to official figures, the cost of living has gone up 85 per cent. in the last two years.

Who is the meanest man? Amos Pinchot says its the LET-GEORGE-DO-IT PATRIOT!

"The country," says he, "is overrun with men and women offering somebody else to the cause. That is the way patriotism takes some people. They want to be patriotic at reasonable rates.

"There are thousands of rich men and women who are loyal and patriotic. There are others who are not so loyal and patriotic. These won't fight themselves and they don't intend to give a dollar. I suppose they are the people General Wood refers to. They wear flags in their buttonholes and wave them from their houses. They drag young boys up to recruiting stations and hang 'Your Country Needs You' signs in their office windows. But when you ask them to give even half their surplus incomes to pay for the war, they holler murder and hire lawyers and lobbyists to go to Washington to fight the income tax.

"A law confiscating the lives of our youth for military service is being written upon the statute books. A law confiscating the incomes of the rich should be written on the same page."

STREET CAR MEN GAIN.

Peoria, Ill., May 17.—Street Car Men's Union No. 416 has signed a one-year agreement with the Peoria Railway Company. The new wage scale is: Less than one year, 28 cents an hour; over one year and up to two years, 29 cents; two years or more, 33 cents. The old scale was 23, 26 and 29 cents. For the first time the contract provides for the union shop.

Chicago, May 17.—Organized street car men employed on the surface lines of this city ask the City Railway Company to increase wages, but this concern pleads poverty. In reply the unionists make public the 1916 financial report which shows the earnings on all capital stock of the company increased nearly 2 per cent over the previous year; profits were 23.7 per cent and dividends to stockholders, 9¼ per cent.

LABORERS RAISE WAGES.

Rockford, Ill., May 17.—Three months ago hod carriers and building laborers were unorganized and paid uncertain rates. After they formed a union they opened negotiations and are now paid 37 cents an hour.

Omaha, Neb., May 17.—Hod carriers and building laborers are enforcing their new wage scale of 37½ cents an hour for common laborers and 42½ cents for mortar mixers, hod carriers and scaffold builders.

BOILER MAKERS RAISE WAGES.

Neodesha, Kan., May 17.—Boiler Makers' Union has reached an agreement with the Standard Oil Company and the following rates will be paid: Caulkers, 52½ cents an hour; riveters, 50 cents; helpers, 35 cents.

Chicago, May 17.—The strike of boiler makers against the South Chicago Ship Building Company has been settled. The unionists secured improved conditions.

BREWERY WORKERS GAIN.

Dallas, Tex., May 17.—Brewery Workers' Union has raised wages $2 a week and reduced working hours, following a conference with employers.

Joplin, Mo., May 17.—Brewery workers have secured improved working conditions and raised wages $2 a week.

POSTAL WORKERS UNITE.

The amalgamation of the National Federation of Post Office Clerks and the Brotherhood of Railway Postal Clerks, both affiliated with the American Federation of Labor, has been effected under the title National Federation of Postal Employes. The jurisdiction of the new organization is the same as the organizations it supplants, covering post office clerks and railway postal clerks. The executive committees of the two organizations will be merged, with Thomas F. Flaherty, present secretary of the post office clerks, as secretary, and Carl Freeman, secretary of the railway clerks, as treasurer.

CIGAR MAKERS WANT MORE.

Hartford, Conn., May 17.—Cigar manufacturers, both local and suburban, are granting the increased wage demand of Cigar Makers' Union, the first in over twelve years. The men are asking an additional $2 per thousand on 10-cent goods and $1 per thousand on 5-cent cigars.

St. Paul, Minn., May 17.—Cigar Makers' Union No. 98 has raised wages $1 a thousand for all grades of goods.

BENEFITS REACH HIGH FIGURE.

Harrisburg, Pa., May 17.—During March of this year 154 agreements for compensation to dependents of workers killed were filed with state authorities. The total amount involved was $410,164.48. Compensation paid to injured workers during the same period totaled $209,213.80, making a grand total award for the month, $619,392.28. Compensation officials say that if this rate continues for the entire year the total compensation cost to Pennsylvania will exceed $7,000,000.

STRIKE AT EDISON PLANT.

Newark, N. J., May 17.—Metal Polishers' Union No. 44 is picketing the phonograph works of the Edison plant, which has discharged some of its oldest employes to secure cheap labor.

PLUMBERS RAISE WAGES.

Hartford, Conn., May 17.—Plumbers' Union No. 76 has secured a wage increase through conferences. The new rate is $27.50 for a forty-four-hour week.

"Co-Operation—The First Principle of Success."

The following business interests are recommended by The Trades Unionist and National Labor Press Association to your favorable consideration, and solicit your patronage.

"The Velvet Kind"
Cream of Ice Creams
Ask Your Reliable Dealer
CHAPIN-SACKS MFG. CO.

Landscape Architects
Garden Furniture
J. H. SMALL & SONS
.:. Florists .:. Decorators .:.
New York City—
Waldorf Astoria, Tel. 2906 Greeley
505 Madison Ave., Tel. 8560-1-2 Plaza
Washington, D. C.—
15th and H Sts., Tel. Main 158-159

Wm. Hahn & Co.'s
RELIABLE SHOE HOUSES
Cor. 7th & K Sts.
1914-16 Pa. Ave.
233 Pa. Ave. S.E.

New Oxford Hotel
European
J. H. WEAVER, Mgr.
Pa. Ave. at 15th St. N.W.

Everything Wearable for Men and Boys
SAKS & CO.
Penna. Ave. and 7th St. N.W.

—LET—
Omohundro
—B—
YOUR TAILOR
818 F St. N.W.

RECOGNIZED UNION STORE
Parker, Bridget & Co.
The Ave. at 9th

St. James Hotel
A Special Feature—Club Breakfast
Served 6 to 11 a.m.
Noon-Day Luncheon—12 to 2:30 p.m.
Table d'Hote Dinner—5 to 8 p.m.

CRANDALL'S THEATRES
CRANDALL'S THEATRE
9th and E Sts. N.W.
CRANDALL'S APOLLO THEATRE
624 H St. N.E.
CRANDALL'S SAVOY THEATRE
14th and Col. Rd. N.W.
CRANDALL'S AVENUE GRAND THEATRE
645 Penna. Ave. S.E.

BRODT'S HAT STORE

HARRINGTON HOTEL

PROFIT-SHARING COAL CO.

CORBY BAKING CO.

Phone 2416
GEO. C. SHAFFER
Florist
Choice Cut Flowers
900 14th St.
Floral Designs

Phone Lincoln 910
T. W. Rose
WOOD AND COAL
1125 7th St. S.E.

"Survival of the Fittest"
White House Lunch
Astor Lunch

Phone M. 2725
D. N. Walford
Fine Cutlery
Sporting and Athletic Goods
909 Pa. Ave. N.W.

Washington Brewery Co.
MANUFACTURERS OF
CONGRESS BRAND
GINGER ALE
And Other Carbonated Beverages
The Only Union-Made Goods in Washington

Eisinger Brothers
Lumber and Mill Work
Doors Sash Blinds Moldings
Builders' Hardware
Branch Yard: Bethesda, Md.
2101 7th St. Tel. N. 1173 & 1174

Phone Main 3440
M. G. Copeland Co.
Awnings
Flags, Tents
Window Shades
Estimates Cheerfully Given
409 Eleventh St. N.W.

ROCHESTER HOTEL
E St. N.W. Between 9th & 10th
J. W. MOSSBURG, Proprietor
Phone M. 5440

Mossburg's Restaurant
CAREFULLY SELECTED FOODS
1404 Penna. Ave. N.W.

YALE LAUNDRY

J. MAURY DOVE COAL CO.

W. W. GRIFFITH COAL CO.

Manhattan Cleaning & Dyeing Co.

Thos. W. Smith Lumber Co., Inc.
First Street and Indiana Avenue

GENERAL BAKING CO.
BUTTER CRUST BREAD

Phones Main 4277-4278-4279
Gude Bros. Co.
Florists and Floral Decorations
1214 F St. N.W.

MINTZ THE TRUNK MAN
Trunks Suit Cases Traveling Bags
LEATHER NOVELTIES
938 F St. N.W. Washington, D. C.

Page's Laundry
"Washington's Best"
620 E St. N.W.

STEUART'S GARAGE
Announces That They Have Secured a Limited Agency for
FORD CARS
Visit Our Sales and Service Station, Where You Will Receive Every Attention
See the New Type Touring Car
$360 F. O. B. Detroit
STEUART'S GARAGE
141 12th St. N.E. L. P. Steuart
Terms
Phone Linc. 1203-4 G. T. Steuart

Telephone North 1343
GEO. C. TAYLOR
Dealer in
All Kinds of Rough and Dressed Lumber
2101 7th St. N.W. (Ga. Ave. & W)

"Washington's Chief Fun Palace."
The Gayety Theatre
The Finest Ventilated Theatre in America.
Presenting Improved Burlesque Headed by America's Foremost Comedians, Artists and Femininities
NEW SHOW EVERY WEEK

R. HARRIS & CO.
Jewelers

GROVE LIME & COAL CO.

RICE COAL CO.

The Ask Mr. Foster Service

POLI'S THEATRE

ALLEGHENY COAL CO.

ALL PRINTERS KNOW
"If It Is Made of Paper You Can Get It at
R. P. Andrews Paper Co.
727-31 13th St. N.W.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Phones, North 9203-9204
BLICK BROTHERS
COAL, WOOD & ICE
800 Florida Avenue N.W.

Taylor-Tolley Sales Co.
Limited Agency for
FORD CARS
WITH
FORD SERVICE
Parts — Accessories
EVERYTHING FOR THE FORD
2129 14th St. N.W.

The Fashion Shop
At Washington's 42d & Broadway
Clothiers
Haberdashers
Tailors
9th and E Sts. N.W.

Everything in Men's Wear
Sol Herzog & Co., Inc.
Clothing, Hats, Furnishings and Shoes
602-604 Ninth Street N.W.

Telephone Main 4471
Hirsh's Shoe Stores
Shoe Designers and Builders
Washington's Fastest-Growing Shoe House
1026-1028 Seventh St. N.W.

Telephone Lincoln 3900-2723
Whitley's Rx Drug Store
First-Class Prescription Work
Quick Service and Delivery
Va. Ave., 8th & K Sts. S.E.
The Velvet Kind Pure Ice Cream

W. H. MARLOW COAL CO.

JOS. A. WILNER & CO.

HOLMES BAKING CO.

COMMERCIAL COAL CO.

SANITARY GROCERY CO.

CONNECTICUT PIE CO.

LEWIS COAL & ICE CO.

Washington District Council of Carpenters
Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple
ROBERT ADAM, President, Local 2563, U. B., 1511 Vermont Avenue N.W.
R. H. BURDETTE, Vice President, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
E. B. BYRNE, Secretary, Local 132, U. B., 425 G Street N.W.
F. A. SHOESMITH, Treasurer, Local 2563, U. B., 5209 Georgia Avenue N.W.
C. H. ADAMS, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 804 A Street N.E.
R. H. BURDETTE, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
H. PAGE, Trustee, Local 2563, U. B., 836½ 12th Street N.E.
ROBERT REICHARD, Local 132, U. B., 1720 34th Street N.W.
J. H. RYAN, Local 132, U. B., 1101 11th Street S.E.
FRED HOOK, Local 2563, U. B., 1523 8th Street N.W.
WILLIAM MACKIE, Local 2563, U. B., 216 Seaton Place N.E.
BUSINESS AGENT.
GEO. MYERS, 425 G Street N. W.

THE MILTON SCHOOL
Oxford Bldg., 14th and N. Y. Ave. N.W.
Stenography
Typewriting
English
Spanish
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO BEGINNERS
Now in larger quarters in the Oxford Building, 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.

CORBY CAKE
AT ALL GROCERS

When in Doubt, Buy of
HOUSE & HERRMANN
FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.
N.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W

GEO. D. HORNING,
N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.
LOAN OFFICE

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS
Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple
J. G. O'DONNELL, President, 122 Sixth St. N. E.
M. J. DEERY Vice President, 2407 Girard St. N. E.
THOS. W. WOLTZ, Recording Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
G. H. F. DAVIS, Treasurer, 439 Second St. S. E.
W. I. STRATTON, Conductor, 617 Sixth St. N. W.
A. F. MOIRSETTE, Warden, 425 G St. N. W
GEO. MYERS, Business Agent, 425 G St. N. W.
TRUSTEES.
F. J. NOLTE, 24 Eighth Street N. E.
MARK REILEY, 1127 B St. S. E.
A. P. TAYLOR, 622 I Street N. E.
DELEGATES TO THE DISTRICT COUNCIL.
R. H. BURDETTE, 1207 L Street N. W.
C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
E. B. BYRNE, 425 G Street N. W.
ROBERT REICHARD, 1720 35th Street N. W.
J. H. RYAN, 1101 Eleventh Street S. E.
DELEGATES TO THE CENTRAL LABOR UNION.
C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
R. H. BURDETTE, 816 K Street N. W.
W. S. HOLLOHAN, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
C. A. SAUNDERS, 244 9th St. S. E.
LOUIS LUEBKERT, 1314 Kerney St. N. E.
RELIEF COMMITTEE.
P. W. HAMILTON, 410 Tenn. Ave. N. E.
J. T. CLIFT, 4115 7th St. N. W.
M. FOLEY, 118 Seaton St. N. E.
W. B. DOLAN, 413 Mass. Ave. N. W.
J. A. SANKER, 2606 R. I. Ave. N. E.
MILL COMMITTEE.
F. E. KETTNER, 3016 Cambridge St. N. W.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
O. A. CARTER, Rosslyn, Va.
DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.
G. H. F. DAVIS, 439 Second Street S. E.

Takoma Bread
Fresh Three Times Daily
AT ALL GROCERS
Havenner Baking Company
Established 1815

LANSBURGH & BRO.
"DRY GOODS ONLY"
The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City
420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I. P. E. U.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXI. NO. 48 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, MAY 25, 1917. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

Typos Hold Annual Election of Officers

Marsh A. Bodenhamer Named President; G. G. Seibold Chosen Secretary. Arbitration Agreement Adopted.

Marsh A. Bodenhamer was elected president of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101, Wednesday, at the annual election of that union, receiving 961 votes, against 575 for William R. Love. He succeeds Edward W. Morcock.

Frank D. Seiffert, candidate for vice president, defeated Stephens M. Simpson, by a vote of 1,147 to 358.

George G. Seibold was elected secretary, receiving 1,244 votes; Jerome V. Johnson, treasurer, with 1,239; William C. Fechtig, sergeant-at-arms, with 1,213; Nulen C. Stoops, doorkeeper, with 1,222, and Harry B. Goodrell, trustee, with 1,183.

The auditors elected were Charles W. Radley, receiving 1,160 votes; Ernest J. Elwood, 1,073, and Gurnon R. Scott, 903. Louis C. Vogt, the defeated candidate, received 853 votes.

Members of the executive committee from the book and job trade were Howard J. Gaylor, 998; Edward W. Morcock, 978; John O. Cole, 929; Percy I. Lowd, 905; Charles M. O'Connell, 876, and George G. Wilson, 829.

Those defeated were Thomas J. McDonough, 824; Arthur F. Tucker, 730, and Fred S. Walker, 571.

The following four men from the local newspapers were elected as members of the executive committee: Edgar T. Brown, 1,090; Edgar F. Thompson, 1,075; Royal E. Corwin, 1,062, and Percy P. Sutton, 1,061. Wilson H. Cook, with 1,062 votes, machinist from the linotype division, was elected a member of the executive committee, and John F. Quinn, with 1,046 votes, machinist from the monotype division, was elected a member of the committee.

DELEGATES TO I. T. U. CONVENTION.

By a vote of 1,006 to 495, Charles D. Deming of the Herald defeated T. Doran McCarthy of the Star for delegate to the International Typographical Union from offices not under the government.

Leroy D. Brandon, 702 votes; Walter A. Kinsolving, 637, and Albert W. Bowen, 616, were elected from offices under the government as delegates to the International Typographical Union. Those defeated were: Arthur C. Webb, 555; John H. Hooper, 468; William S. Sill, 367; Gover M. Koockogey, 353; Frank B. Smtih, 335; John H. Williams, 191, and Joseph E. Goodkey, 182.

James L. Sullivan, with 1,036 votes, was elected alternate for the I. T. U. from downtown offices. Those elected as alternates from the G. P. O. were: Joseph H. Cummings, 1,027; Fred W. Brandt, 1,024, and George H. Pease, 1,005.

There were 1,072 members of the union who voted in favor of an arbitration agreement for the book and job trade, while 337 members stood against such an agreement. The vote was taken throughout North America, and it is expected that favorable action will be taken in practically every case.

OEHLER'S BROTHER BURIED.

Harry Oehler, delegate to the Central Labor Union from Bookbinders' Local No. 4, and Mrs. Oehler, were called to New York last week to attend the funeral of Mr. Oehler's brother, Fred G. Oehler, who had been ill from exposure while in camp at Far Rockaway. The deceased was a sergeant in the 20th New York Coast Artillery, with a service record of twenty years, and was slated soon to go to France, as a recognition of his long service. Fifty-four of his comrades attended the funeral as a guard of honor and pallbearers.

The many friends of Bro. Oehler in the labor movement of the District of Columbia extend sincere sympathy to him in the loss of his brother, and feel that the country has lost a gallant soldier.

Mrs. Oehler did not return to Washington with Bro. Oehler, but will visit relatives and friends in New York for several weeks.

UNORGANIZED WIN STRIKE.

Chicago, May 24.—The strike of unorganized workers at the plant of the Stewart-Warner Speedometer Corporation has been settled with most of the strikers members of organized labor. The company attempted to employ girls, who were to receive one-half the wages of the men.

BARBERS REDUCE WORK DAY.

Spokane, Wash., May 24.—The work day is reduced one hour and substantial wage increases have been secured by the Barbers' Union, following a conference with employers.

Denver, May 24.—Every non-union barber shop in this city, but one, is working under union conditions as a result of a conference between employing barbers and Barbers' Union No. 205. All non-union employing barbers were invited to attend a conference of union barbers and their employers, and it was agreed that a basic schedule of prices and working conditions must be maintained. Barbering in Denver is 99 per cent union as a result.

SHEET METAL WORKERS GAIN.

Toledo, Ohio, May 24.—Organized sheet metal workers have established the forty-four-hour week and a minimum rate of 50 cents an hour. It was necessary to suspend work, however, before employers accepted the new scale.

Sioux City, Iowa, May 24.—The Sheet Metal Workers' Union has compromised its strike and secured substantial wage increases and a two-year agreement.

Stationary Firemen Re-elect All Officers

N. A. James Again Named International First Vice President of Organization.

The fourteenth biennial convention of the International Brotherhood of Stationary Firemen, held at Kansas City, Mo., came to a close last Friday night. Much business of importance to the brotherhood and to the trade union movement in general was transacted.

All officers were re-elected to serve another term—two years—and the list includes:

President, Timothy Healy, New York City.

First Vice President, N. A. James, of this city.

Second Vice President, P. J. Timon, Millinocket, Me.

Third Vice President, A. A. Woodward, Toronto, Canada.

Fourth Vice President, L. F. Sprouse, Wheeling, W. Va.

Fifth Vice President, R. W. Beattie, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Sixth Vice President, James Coulsting, San Francisco.

Seventh Vice President, Joseph P. Flanagan, Roxbury, Mass.

Secretary-Treasurer, C. L. Shamp, Omaha, Neb.

Wheeling, W. Va., was chosen for the 1919 convention of the organization.

MINERS' STRIKE AVERTED.

Deplorable working conditions that have been opposed for thirty years by organized miners have been removed and wages increased 25 per cent in the central Pennsylvania field as a result of a conference in this city.

The conferees included Secretary of Labor Wilson, Secretary Lord of the A. F. of L. mining department, International Board Member Harlan of the United Mine Workers, representatives of the 50,000 Pennsylvania miners, and employers.

The agreement abolishes the free pushing of cars by miners, and "brushing," or dead work which miners in other fields are not compelled to do, is penalized. The workers agree that the contract marks a new era in that district and will remove dissatisfaction that almost expressed itself in the form of a strike.

Fairmont, W. Va., May 24.—United Mine Workers have secured their first union shop agreement in this section of the state. Wages are increased, the eight-hour day is agreed to, and the check-off system established. About 2,000 men are benefited.

METAL WORKERS GAIN.

St. Louis, Mo., May 24.—Organized blacksmiths, machinists, boilermakers and sheet metal workers have signed an agreement with the Manufacturers' Railway Company to run until such time as either party desires a change, which may be made on thirty days' notice. The minimum rate for all mechanics covered in the agreement is 52½ cents an hour.

WANT UNIFORM RATE.

Wilmington, Del., May 24.—Because they were refused a wage increase of 10 cents an hour, members of Carpenters' Union No. 625 suspended work. The present rate of 45 cents is 10 cents lower than the nearby city of Chester, Pa., and 15 cents less than that paid in Philadelphia.

COPPERSMITHS STRIKE.

Cincinnati, May 24.—Coppersmiths in this city suspended work to enforce the eight-hour day, which has been granted by several large concerns. These workers are affiliated with the Sheet Metal Workers' Union.

Desperate Tactics Against Labor Laws

Opponents of Legislation Circulate False Stories to Defeat Important Measures.

Springfield, Ill., May 24.—In an attempt to block the passage of an eight-hour law for women and an anti-injunction bill opponents of this legislation have been circulating the story that the council of national defense has urged the defeat of all labor measures and that Gov. Lowden has been advised by Secretary of War Baker that labor's anti-injunction bill should be defeated.

President Walker of the state federation of labor telegraphed Secretary of War Baker relative to this story and received the following reply:

"Have sent no message to Governor of Illinois beyond that published statement of the council of national defense of April 7 urging that there be no breakdown or relaxation in legal safeguards upon hours or conditions of labor by reason of war emergency unless, in some specific instances, the council of national defense in Washington declared emergency conditions justified departure. Refer to local newspapers for full text of action by council of national defense."

In reply to a query on the same subject Miss Agnes Nestor of the International Glove Workers' Union received the following reply from President Gompers:

"The safeguard of the nation in peace or in war depends that the eight-hour day shall obtain. An eight-hour day makes better workers, more productive workers, and safeguards their lives and health. No greater measure could be employed in defense of our republic and its perpetuity than the establishment of the eight-hour day throughout the republic of the United States."

UNION MEN INVITED.

All union men are cordially invited to attend "A Community Service" next Sunday (May 27) at 8 P.M. in Metropolitan M. E. Church, corner of John Marshall place and C street northwest, to hear Dr. Richard W. Hogue of Baltimore speak on "The Relation of the Church to the Labor Movement." Dr. Hogue introduced "The Open Forum" in Baltimore, and is an expert in this line.

BAKERS SIGN CONTRACTS.

San Diego, Cal., May 24.—Bakers' Union No. 90 has signed a new wage contract with employers. One-man shops increase rates from $22 to $24 a week for a nine-hour day and a fifty-four-hour week. Extra men are increased from $3.50 to $4 a day.

Detroit, May 24.—Bakers' Union No. 20 has added four shops to the union roll, raised wages $4 a week and increased overtime rates from 46 to 75 cents an hour.

St. Louis, Mo., May 24.—Jewish bakers have signed an agreement with employers which reduces the work day from ten to eight and one-half hours.

Rochester, N. Y., May 24.—Bakers' Union No. 14 has established a new wage scale which guarantees foremen $25 a week; dough mixers, oven and second men, $22; bench men, $19; helpers, $15.

PRINTERS RAISE WAGES.

New Haven, Conn., May 24.—Typographical Union No. 47 has signed a three-year contract with newspaper proprietors. Wages are increased and for the first time an agreement has been reached on the apprentice question and a wage rate and working conditions will henceforth govern these boys.

Carpenters Continue Their Onward March

Reports From All Sections of North America Show Unabated Progress.

Indianapolis, May 24.—General Secretary Duffy of the Brotherhood of Carpenters reports the following recent gains by affiliates:

Saratoga Springs, N. Y.; Vancouver, British Columbia; Rockville, Conn.; Dover, N. J., and Olean, N. Y., wages increased from 45 to 50 cents an hour. Ridgeway, Pa.—40⅝ to 50 cents. Galesburg, Ill.—55 to 65 cents. Newport, R. I., and Akron, Ohio—55 to 60 cents. Butler, Pa.—50 to 62½ cents. Pueblo, Col.—60 to 65 cents until June 15, 1917; 67½ cents thereafter; eight hours and $4.50 a day for millmen. Poughkeepsie, N. Y.—47¾ to 50 cents. Marshalltown, Iowa—50 to 57½ cents. Minneapolis—50 to 55 cents; Saturday half-holiday during July and August. Toronto, Canada—45 and 50 to 55 cents. Pittsburgh, Pa.—62½ to 71 cents. Canton, Ohio—50 to 60 cents. Mattoon, Ill.—45 to 50 cents and nine hours until May 1, 1918; 50 cents and eight hours thereafter. Jamestown, N. Y.—43¾ to 50 cents. Lenox, Mass.—53 cents minimum. Lowell, Mass.—50 to 55 cents. Miami, Fla.—50 to 62½ cents. North Shore, Mass.—35 and 50 to 45 and 50 cents; Saturday half-holiday after October 1, 1917. Danvers, Mass.—50 cent minimum. Reynoldsville, Pa.—40 to 50 cents; hours reduced from nine to eight. Casper, Wyo.—62½ to 75 cents. South Haven, Mich.—40 to 45 cents. Muskegon, Mich.; Dubuque, Iowa, and Jackson, Mich.—45 to 50 cents and Saturday half-holiday. Schenectady, N. Y.—50 to 60 cents. Rock Island, Davenport and Moline—55 to 62½ cents. Kittanning, Pa.—From $3.52 to $4.50 a day. Franklin, Pa.—$4 to $4.80. Glen Cove, N. Y.—$4.50 to $5. West Palm Beach, Fla.—$4 to $4.50. Norfolk, Va.—$3.15 to $4 and union shop for shipwrights. Morgantown, W. Va.—$3.25 to $3.50; hours reduced from nine to eight. Trenton and Princeton, N. J.—$4.50 minimum.

CARPENTERS ORGANIZE.

Indianapolis, May 24.—General Secretary Duffy reports that the Brotherhood of Carpenters chartered affiliates in the following localities during April:

Olympia, Wash. (ship carpenters and caulkers); Brighton, Col.; Manchester, N. H. (box makers); Seifirst, W. Va.; Carson City, Ill.; Glendive, Mont.; Boulder, Col.; Columbiana, Ohio; Camden, N J. (ship carpenters); Scottdale, Pa.; Weston, W. Va.; Virginia, Minn.; Iroquois Falls, Ontario, Canada; Shelley, Idaho; Washington, D. C. (carpenters in government shops); Chanute, Kan.; Lonawa, Okla.; Sterling, Col.; York, Me.; Bellingham, Wash. (maritime builders); New York City (furniture workers); Greensburg, Ind.; East St. Louis, Ill. (maintenance and millwrights); Stanford, Mont.; St. Anthony, Idaho.

WILL ARBITRATE DISPUTES.

St. Louis, Mo., May 24.—The Carpenters' District Council of this city and the Master Builders' Association have signed a two-year agreement with arbitration provisions. Until July 1 of this year the wage rate shall be 65 cents an hour and 70 cents thereafter. Foremen's rates are an additional 10 cents an hour.

Rock Island, Ill., May 24.—A two-weeks' strike of carpenters in this city, Moline and Davenport has been settled. The men have secured a rate of 62½ cents an hour for an eight-hour day. The former wage was 55 cents.

Printers Subscribe $2,000 to Bond Issue

Also Appropriate $150 to Red Cross—Resolutions Are Adopted.

Typographical Temple was well filled last Sunday afternoon at the monthly meeting of Columbia Typographical Union.

The fact that the Union was to tender a reception to the members of the old Columbia Typographical Society in commemoration of the fiftieth anniversary of the merging into the then National Typographical Union brought out a good attendance.

The regular order of business of the Union was proceeded with until 3:45, when the order was suspended to do honor to the old members of the society.

The application of Charles Ferguson for admission to the Printers' Home was aproved.

The Relief Committee was allowed a further appropriation of $50 for its use.

Mr. Jenkins, from the Finance Committee, presented a report recommending an appropriation to the Red Cross fund, and $150 was appropriated for that purpose.

The Finance Committee also recommended that the Union purchase $1,000 of Liberty bonds. This was amended by Mr. Parsons to make the amount $2,000, and in that connection submitted the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:

"Whereas, Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101, at the March meeting pledged its loyal support to the President of the United States in the declaration of war he was compelled to make in defense of the liberty of the world; and

"Whereas, we as an organization cannot hope to share the privilege of getting to the battle front as an entity, although many of us may see service or be represented under Old Glory by sons and daughters; and

"Whereas, we may be called upon to make further sacrifices for the honor of our nation, which we will gladly make; therefore, be it

"Resolved, That as an evidence of the sincerity of our declaration to stand loyally by the President of the United States, and in response to the appeal of the nation, Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101, hereby subscribes $2,000 to the Liberty bond issue of our country; and be it further

"Resolved, That said bonds, when purchased, shall be turned over to the Board of Trustees, the interest accruing therefrom to be added to the general fund of the Union."

The order of business was suspended to receive members of the old Columbia Typographical Society, who were escorted to the platform.

At the conclusion of the exercises following the anniversary celebration and reception to the old veteran society members, the regular order of business was taken up.

Mr. Ring, from the Book and Job Committee, reported an agreement with employes on the amendments to the apprentice laws and scale of prices.

Mr. Koockogey, from special committee on school printing plants, made a report of progress.

Secretary Seibold reported that to date $1,160.80 had been collected to assist the striking street car men.

On motion of Mr. Parsons the Union ordered a whole page in the I. T. U. souvenir at Colorado Springs.

The Union then adjourned.

"MOTHER" SQUIRES HERE.

"Mother" Squires is in this city and will give a heart-to-heart talk from cartoons to the delegates to the Central Labor Union at their meeting Monday night in Typographical Temple.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., MAY 25, 1917.

BUY A LIBERTY BOND.

Trade unionists all over this great country of our, men and women, are each day "doing their bit" in the industrial field, but this is not enough. We must do more than "our bit"—more than our day's toil in the store, shop or factory. How can we? That question is easily answered. Buy a Liberty Bond. It is a duty, a patriotic duty, for every one of us to subscribe to "The Liberty Loan of 1917." The money you lend your country in this loan is our "first line defense." It gets in action months ahead of our men. The quicker we subscribe the full amount the quicker shall we win the war. By this means we can strike a telling blow against brutal despotism. Every one of us who can, and does not, is handicapping Uncle Sam in his righteous fight. Serve humanity, serve your country and hasten relief by buying Liberty Bonds. Your efforts count as much as any man's in this way. Act now and avoid the memory that you failed in the hour of test! The money must be gotten by the government from its citizens immediately and "with the least possible disturbance to the business fabric of the country."

The "Liberty Loan" is issued in denominations of $50 and up. It bears interest at the rate of 3½ per cent, and is free of all taxation (except taxes on inheritance).

Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101, of this city, in appropriating $150 to the Red Cross and buying $2,000 worth of Liberty Bonds, has showed a true spirit of patriotism and has set a wonderful example for other labor organizations to follow. It is true, however, that not many labor bodies are financially able to spend that amount, but, no matter how little the sum may be, the union can feel satisfied that it has done "its bit" voluntarily.

The Trades Unionist congratulates the successful candidates for office in Columbia Typogrphical Union, No. 101, and feels sure that they will be a credit to their organization.

DECORATION DAY.

Before the next issue of The Trades Unionist appears we shall pay tribute to our beloved ones who have passed over the Great Divide—to our soldiers and sailors who have fallen in defense of their country—our country.

But while we pay tribute we pray for the lives of those who now are guarding our shores and striking at the enemy. We pray that they might be spared but we have fears—fears that many of them, too, may be sacrificed on war's altar.

Many of us are eating the radishes we planted when it first dawned upon us to "do our bit."

It is to be hoped that the "submarine killer" generally accredited to Marconi is a reality and that the nightmares of the ocean are a thing of the past.

A WRONG IMPRESSION.

Many persons, including a good number of trades unionists, are under the impression that the street railway car strike now on in this city has been settled—or lost. Some think that the case is being arbitrated because an investigation before a Senate committee is taking place. These persons have another thought coming, for the strike is still unsettled, and is not lost by any means. The men who went on strike are holding fast, very few desertions having taken place, and contributions toward the support of the strikers are pouring in generously from labor organizations and sympathizers everywhere—from local sources and from all over the country. Your individual support, both financial and moral, is needed and you may rest assured that your contributions are reaching the men in their hour of need and are being appreciated. It behooves you to stay off the unfair cars.

The testimony given in the investigation before the Senate committee is well worth while reading. It shows a lack of sincerity on the part of Mr. Clarence P. King and his company. It shows that Mr. King had [illegible] at any time of dealing collectively with the employes [illegible]any, but had determined to stick to his "individual contract" system, a system which held the men practically slaves to the rule of the company officials.

Be a true unionist—help your fellow members and refrain from riding on the lines of a street car company unfair to all of us.

The deceitfulness of the president of the company has been laid bare. Not only did he deceive his locked-out employes, but the stockholders of the company were kept in the dark as to the true state of affairs.

But the strike is not lost. Organized labor shall refrain from riding on the cars in the future as they have done in the past, and as each day passes the company will realize more and more the losses it is suffering by keeping its men locked out. Thousands of dollars already have been lost by the com[illegible]y, and it is only a question of time before Mr. King will be bro[illegible]t to reason. Stick by your fellow members and do your part. Strikes of this nature are not won over night, but by consistent and earnest efforts.

Printers Honor Surviving Members of Parent Body

At the meeting of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101, last Sunday, the regular order of business was dispensed with at one period of the meeting to receive and honor the twenty-four surviving members of the Columbia Typographical Society, the parent body of No. 101.

President Morcock introduced ex-President Joe M. Johnson as chairman of the meeting, and Mr. Johnson, in a happy speech of welcome to the veteran members, welcomed them in behalf of the Union in commemorating the fiftieth anniversary of the merging of the society into the Union.

Mr. Johnson spoke at some length on the sacrifices of the early organization and stated that the work done by it was reflected in the organization we have today.

Mr. Johnson, on behalf of the Union, presented Mr. G. A. R. McNeir, the surviving president of the old society and the first president of the Union under its present charter, with a gold-headed cane, and each of his companions with gold I. T. U. membership buttons.

Mr. McNeir expressed his appreciation of the honor conferred on him and his companions, and paid a high tribute to the officers of the Union that had followed his administration of fifty years ago. In closing his remarks Mr. McNeir feelingly alluded to the fact that of the seven members of the society chosen to apply for a charter he is the only survivor.

Mr. W. W. Maloney followed Mr. McNeir and likewise expressed his pleasure on the occasion of the fiftieth anniversary of the merging the old with the new organization, and explained that the only opposition to joining the National Typographical Union was the fact that some of the members did not want to give up the beneficial features of the society.

The surviving members of Columbia Typographical Society who are now connected with Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101, are George A. R. McNeir, Thomas J. Alleger, George W. Duval, William J. Frizzell, William W. Maloney, Samuel E. Mullen, William McFarlane, Dennison P. Rowell, Richard H. Campbell, George J. Schley, James G. Boss, James P. Chandler, Luther Woodward, Edward W. Oyster, Bartholomew C. White, Levi H. Patterson, Henry C. Tarlton, Jehiel Crossfield, Richard B. Topham, Louis P. Sutor, H. Clay Evans, James J. Murray, Elam M. Hack and William W. McCollum.

Hon. John M. Farr, member of Congress from Scranton (Pa.) district, made a splendid address, in which he told a number of experiences he had as a printer, and proudly stated that he retains active membership in his Union. He paid a high tribute to the veterans on the platform representing the old society and launched into a patriotic address in referring to the present needs of the country.

President Morcock then took the chair and the regular order of business of the Union was resumed.

FINE "PATRIOTS," THESE.

In a letter to the House naval committee Assistant Secretary of the Navy Roosevelt asks for legislation to permit the navy to commandeer yachts and other small craft for coast defense work. He says that while many boats have been offered either free or on nominal lease rates, other owners are asking exorbitant rates and 200 or more have refused to sell at rates fixed by government appraisers.

The federal official said that one fishing vessel was appraised at $30,000. This was more than the cost of the vessel, but the owner would not sell for less than $112,000.

"More examples can be given. There are some worse and some better," it is stated.

"The owners will not sell except at a price that would amount to the cost of a new boat plus the estimated amount of income for two years plus a good profit. They will not lease because they are busy handling freight or expect to make money on fishing; some owners of pleasure craft and all brokers, because they want to make as large a profit as possible."

Out of 600 privately owned craft inspected by the government 500 have been found suitable. The owners of 192 are ready to turn over th[illegible]oats on notification. Under the circumstances the Navy Department wants authority to seize all the vessels desired.

U. S. FAVORS DAY LABOR.

The War Department has rejected all bids for the construction of a bridge over the Potomac river and has directed that the work be done by the government on the day labor plan. The lowest bid was $100,000 over the estimate of army engineers, who stated that even with the present high cost of material the day labor plan would be "the most economical and advantageous to the government."

RAILROAD EFFICIENCY DOESN'T BENEFIT PUBLIC

Bismarck, N. D., May 24.—In a letter to an eastern financial paper State Tax Commissioner Packard shatters the theory of railroad managers and their supporters that the public and labor have been the sole beneficiaries of increased efficiency.

The editor stated that "in ten years the average freight train load has increased 57 per cent without any increase in the net revenue per train mile and the public has received the entire advantage of the gain in the efficiency of operation."

Commissioner Packard disagrees with this statement and writes the editor:

"The increase in the profit per train mile from 1905 to 1915 was 8.48 cents per mile, or approximately 14 per cent, while the rate per passenger per mile for the period shows a slight increase and the rate per ton per mile a decrease of .634 cents per mile or less than 4½ per cent.

"If the increased revenue per train mile is greater than the decreased rate per ton mile and the passenger rate has remained constant it is difficult for me to see how the public has benefited by the increased efficiency of railroad operation.

"As a matter of fact the cost per mile ton and the cost per passenger mile to the public has remained a constant factor while the same is true of labor. It would lengthen this letter beyond all reason if I went into the portion of the gross earnings of railroads which were paid to labor during the past ten years. Suffice it to say that that percentage has remained a constant factor. It is perfectly clear that the general public has not benefited by this increased efficiency, and that labor has been benefited only in proportion to the general benefit conferred upon the other factors entering into the cost of railroad production."

WOMEN'S WAGE LAWS IN SIGHT.

New York, May 24.—Minimum wage laws for women and minors is coming, and manufacturers may as well accept the inevitable instead of clinging to the old "freedom-of-contract" theory.

This is the opinion of the general counsel of the National Association of Manufacturers, at its annual convention in this city.

"We may expect that within a few years," it is stated, "nearly all of the states of the union will have enacted minimum wage laws similar to those already in existence. The historic principle of the freedom of contract is materially limited by this new method of legislative wage standards. The principle urged by the proponents of minimum wage, namely, that minors and women, because of physical characterists, are in theory wards of the state and require and deserve the protection of the state, is now established judicial doctrine."

DISCHARGED FOR ASKING.

Knoxville, Tenn., May 24.—Several employes of the unorganized Babcock Lumber Company, near here, were discharged because they circulated a petition asking for wage increases. A strike resulted. The company not only pays the lowest wage in this vicinity, but operates a company store that takes care of any loose change its employes may happen to have.

ESTABLISHED 1865 — 51 YEARS IN BUSINESS

STOCK UP NOW — Xander's Virginia Ports

20,000 Gals. must be disposed of by Nov. 1 at greatly reduced prices

CHRISTIAN XANDER'S

909 7th Street, Northwest. — No Branch Houses. Phone M. 274

CORBY'S YEAST

Leaves nothing to guess-work.
Its purity and strength are uniform.
Every baker knows what that means.
Send for samples.

THE CORBY COMPANY

STATION K. — WASHINGTON, D. C.

Representative Houses OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

BANKS

NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burglar-proof vaults; acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth Street and New York Avenue.

WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee, etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK. A bank for the working people. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account. Ninth and G Sts. N. W.

UNION SAVINGS BANK. Commercial accounts. Three per cent interest on savings accounts. The oldest savings bank in Washington.

MICHAEL T. GREENE
Liquors and Cigars. 639 D St. N. W.

STONER'S BAR AND RESTAURANT
The, G. Stoner. 206 Seventh St.S. W.

J. CHAS. McGUIRE'S BUFFET
Federal Seal Whiskey. 519 Ninth St. N. W.

O'KEEFE'S BUFFET
P. J. O'Keefe, Prop. 904 Pa. Ave. N. W.

GLAVIN'S BUFFET
ED. J. GLAVIN 309 G Street Northwest

FRANK'S BUFFET
Fourth and G Sts. N. W. Phone M. 5572.

J. J. O'DONNELL'S BUFFET
333 Penn. Avenue S. E.

HARRY'S BUFFET
631 Penn. Ave. S. E. Phone Lin. 1843

MACHINIST

G. W. FORSBERG, formerly with Forsberg & Murray, Boilers. Eighth and Water Sts. S. W. Main 742.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

RALSTON & RICHARDSON, Evans Building, 1420 New York Avenue.

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.

SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (Inc.), Soda Water, Syrups, etc. 1066 Wis. Ave. N. W.

PHOTO SUPPLIES

E. J. PULLMAN. Developing and Finishing for Amateurs a Specialty. 420 9th St. N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS

MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Ave. N. W. Our Specialty, Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

FIRE INSURANCE

FIREMEN'S INSURANCE COMPANY, Seventh Street and Louisiana Avenue.

DRY GOODS

WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings. Hosiery, a Specialty. 806-808 H St. N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

UNDERTAKERS

J. WILLIAM LEE
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY
332 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.

W. H. BUTLER CO., 607-9 C St. N. W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT

NATIONAL MORTAR CO., 1st and M N.E.

COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING CO., 3036 K Street.

DRUGGISTS

CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth St. and Virginia Ave. S. E.

DAY & CO. 5th and G Sts. N.W. 14th and P N.W., 20th and R. I. Ave. N.E.

QUIGLEY, Druggist, 21st and G Sts. N.W.

A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner 7th and P Streets N. W. N. 2372.

Building Trades Headquarters — Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rent

WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES, TOBACCO. — COSTELLO BROS

JOS. A. WILNER & CO.

UNION CUSTOM TAILORS

Novelties in Spring and Summer Goods

Cor. 8th and G Sts. N.W.

Some Chilled Facts

Eddy Refrigeration Is the Life of Food

In presenting to you our 1917 Eddy, we wish strongly to impress the fact that an experience of 70 years devoted to the production of Eddy Refrigerators has naturally perfected the Eddy product, established its reputation and maintained its prestige.

No other make of refrigerator has had the long life of the Eddy. It is the original refrigerator. The first refrigerator was an Eddy; the best refrigerator today is an Eddy. If a better refrigerator could be made, it would still be an Eddy. That is the Eddy standard, maintained throughout 70 years of progressive specializing on refrigeration.

The purchase of an Eddy Refrigerator is not an expense; it is a necessary investment that pays handsome daily dividends in the form of food kept healthy, less waste, less sickness, more comfort, greater enjoyment in eating. It makes for better, cheaper, easier living.

Dulin & Martin Co.
1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St.

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY

Equitable Life Insurance Co.
of the District of Columbia

THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Issues Ordinary and Industrial

Wm. A. Bennett, 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.

EQUITABLE BLD'G. 916 14th ST., N. W.

Saks & Company
MEN'S and BOYS' OUTFITTERS
Pa. Ave. & 7th St. Wash., D. C.

Specialists in Apparel for Men and Boys.

Clothes, Hats and Shoes

The Bieber-Kaufman Co.
901-909 Eighth St. S. E.

Down by the Navy Yard

Washington, D. C.

BUTLER'S RHEUMATIC and GOUT REMEDY.
A KIDNEY AND HEART TONIC
Manufactured Since 1872 By
BUTLER & FIELD
Third and Indiana Ave. N. W.
Price 50c a bottle. 6 for $2.50
For Sale By Druggists.

FRENCH STEAM LAUNDRY.

A BRANCH HERE

We doubt if there is a better laundry in the country than the FRENCH STEAM LAUNDRY. By best, we mean the quality of work done and the care exercised to guard the interests of patrons. We have become one of their authorized agents, and before accepting the agency, satisfied ourselves as to the superior excellence of this laundry's services.

WELLER'S DRUG STORE
8th & Eye Sts. S.E. 36th & M N.W.

FIREPROOF
CONSTRUCTION
Hammett Fire Proofing Company
301-302-303 Wilkins Bldg.
Phone Main 3337.

Bell Brand Union-Made
COLLARS and SHIRTS
LARGE ASSORTMENT
T. HOLLANDER
North Capitol and H Streets

STORAGE PACKING FREIGHT HAULING
Merchants Transfer
— AND —
Storage Company
920-922 E Street Northwest
Phone Main 6900
SHIPPING MOVING HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

Albert C. Shafer probational stereotyper, 60 cents per hour.

Harry Wilson, William J. Garvey, Alanson W. Walker, Max H. Sweet, John F. McCullough, John J. McKenna, Henry Hinsch, probational bookbinders, 50 cents per hour.

Elwood E. Oplinger, Albert J. Kegel, Joseph F. Meehan, Cecil B. Gay, Walter H. Geisel, probational pressman, 55 cents per hour.

Miss Leola E. Reid, probational skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour.

Jerome A. Collins, George L. Drigham, Thomas E. Thompson, Ralph J. Harden, Robert E. Mahoney, Archie E. Brooks, probational skilled laborers, 25 cents per hour.

Viola J. Herndon, Anna M. Oram, Beulah Johnson, Nellie L. Dreyer, Marguerite A. Logan, Emma M. Tate, Leona B. Shanklin, Mary F. O'Connor, Lizzie S. Jones, Rebecca M. Tate, Natalie E. Herbert, Annie E. Henderson, Iola Norman, Helen Raymond, Elizabeth L. Armstead, Cora L. Dandridge, Martha C. Harralson, temporary skilled laborers, 25 cents per hour.

Walter C. Duckett, unskilled laborer, 25 cents per hour, reinstated.

Separations.

Richard Powers, foreman, mustered into service.

Robert A. Williams, linotype machinist, mustered into service.

Raymond C. Reinoehl, Miss Bessie O. Sweet, Mrs. Alice I. Campbell, Mrs. Adelaide I. Cavanagh, clerks, resigned.

Miss Eunice E. Clinkett, Miss Annie E. Tillman, Miss Aurelia M. Canaday, temporary skilled laborers, resigned.

William A. West, Claude A. Spiggle, Lorenzo P. Adams, skilled laborers, resigned.

Richard H. Lieber, John H. Rollman, probational skilled laborers, resigned.

Thomas Smith, temporary skilled laborer, resigned.

Alfred A. Spencer, unskilled laborer, resigned.

Transfers, Etc.

Frank M. Hatley, deskman, 70 cents per hour, to foreman, $2,000 per annum.

James H. Brodnax, foreman, $2,000 to $2,250 per annum.

Rosemary C. Lucas, Annie B. Parks, Margaret R. Sullivan, Hattie Goldstein, Evelyn V. Carter, Irene M. Low, Willie E. Warner, Lillian Gibbs, Eva P. Riddick, Elsie M. Peyton, Frances A. McGhan, Calanthe E. M. Coggins, temporary skilled laborers to probational skilled laborers (female).

Clarence E. Brown, Hugh L. Denman, Richard W. Knight, James R. Brown, Sterling Coleman, John W. Costley, Eldridge T. Tate, Lee C. Brown, Hobart L. Dorsey, Rufus W. Wren, temporary skilled laborers, to probational skilled laborers.

Charles Coates, Wallie Hamilton, Edward Shephard, William N. Suter, James W. Hall, Italy A. Robinson, Frank Twyman, William H. Carter, Joseph B. Tillett, Richard H. Thornton, Thomas Sawyer, Lovely G. Williams, John W. Spriggs, Carter Bowman, Lewis Hawkins, O'Donald T. Armstrong, Walter Jackson, Joseph S. Taylor, temporary unskilled laborers, to permanent unskilled laborers.

Mrs. Nellie R. Terry, pressfeeder, to office helper, 35 cents per hour.

Mrs. Ada M. Mojonnier, machine operator, to office helper, 35 cents per hour.

John L. Dwyer, temporary bookbinder, to probational bookbinder, 50 cents per hour.

Bernard M. Mulvinhill, messenger boy, to skilled laborer, $626 per annum.

Mrs. Blanche F. Larkin, skilled laborer, to clerk, $720 per annum.

John D. Ambrosio, messenger boy, to skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour.

Herman Altman, skilled laborer, to helper, 35 cents per hour.

Thurston G. Brown, messenger, to helper, 35 cents per hour.

Mrs. Elizabeth A. Tolson, skilled laborer, to bander, 30 cents per hour.

Robert W. McGrath, messenger, to helper, 35 cents per hour.

PREDICT WOMEN CONDUCTORS.

Harrisburg, Pa., May 24.—Women conductors on street cars in the near future was predicted by traction employers, members of the Pennsylvania State Railway Association, at their semi-annual meeting in this city. These managers indicated no alarm at the prospect, but effected a sort of helplessness over a condition that will force them to deal with women instead of men.

To prepare the public for this innovation, which will undoubtedly be followed by an attempt to reduce wages, the managers are agreed, it is stated, "that the companies may as well get ready for this contingency."

HONOR LINOTYPE INVENTOR.

Chicago, May 24.—A bronze bust of Ottmar Mergenthaler, inventor of the linotype (typesetting machine), was unveiled at the Shepard school in commemoration of the sixty-third anniversary of the inventor's birth. The ceremonies were conducted by the Old Time Printers' Association.

G.P.O.COMMENT

Tom Bynum suffered a severe attack of acute indigestion during the week and is reported improving. He is employed as a reader in the night proofroom.

George F. Halsey (night proofroom) has joined the number of printers who own autos. He will find it convenient in taking fishing trips and touring in Virginia and Maryland.

The printers campaign just closed has been devoid of interest save among the candidates. It was not ever thus. Aside from Goodkey's educational campaign little enthusiasm was shown in the recent election.

The report published in one of the daily papers that no more leave will be granted is distressing to some of the boys who nurse their leave up into the last month.

Charles E. Holmes of the Jacket Section has resigned to accept the position of secretary to the Shipping Board.

W. E. Burchfield (night proofroom) has been transferred to the Jacket Section.

Not a daily paper in Washington printed the patriotic resolutions adopted by Columbia Typographical Union last Sunday. Of course shortage of paper is a contributing cause but many other items of alleged news are given prominence to the exclusion of matters affecting labor unions. And still a large number of members of trade unions swear by their favorite daily paper and never buy a copy of the trade union standard.

RE-ELECT OLD OFFICERS.

Harrisburg, Pa., May 24.—At the annual convention of the Pennsylvania State Federation of Labor President Maurer and Secretary Quinn were re-elected.

The convention denounced the misleading public statement by Wilbur P. Graff, Indiana coal operator, that he would pay $5,000 for 500 men to work thirty days in the mines of his county. Delegate Murray of the United Mine Workers showed that miners at the Graff properties have been on strike for over a year to secure living wages and the operator's statement was an attempt to conceal his efforts to establish a low wage.

GAINS BY BOILER MAKERS.

Cleveland, May 24.—The Big Four Railroad has increased boiler makers' rates 2½ cents an hour at the Cleveland roundhouse at Linndale. The new rate is 40½ cents.

Kansas City, Mo., May 24.—The Boiler Makers' Union has succeeded in establishing its new wage scale in every shop, with one exception and this local is in better shape than ever before. Two months ago the membership was thirty-one, now it is 209.

Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada, May 24.—Boiler Makers' Union has established the forty-four-hour week in shipyards.

WEAVERS RAISE WAGES.

Philadelphia, May 24.—Art square weavers, affiliated with the United Textile Workers, have signed a one-year agreement with the Carpet Manufacturers' Association. Wages are increased 12¼ per cent.

ELECTRICAL WORKERS GAIN.

Peoria, Ill., May 24.—Electrical Workers' Union No. 34 has signed a two-year union shop agreement with contractors. The first year wages shall be 61½ cents an hour for journeymen and 67½ cents for foremen; second year, 65 and 70 cents. The Saturday half-holiday and time and one-half for overtime on Saturday afternoons is agreed to, with double time for Sundays and holidays.

Cleveland, May 24.—Beginning November 1 members of Electrical Workers' Union No. 38 will receive an additional 25 cents a day and on the following May 1 another 25 cents a day, making the minimum wage $6.20. Overtime will be double these rates.

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

J. G. O'DONNELL, President, 122 Sixth St. N. E.
M. J. DEERY Vice President, 2407 Girard St. N. E.
THOS. W. WOLTZ, Recording Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
G. H. F. DAVIS, Treasurer, 439 Second St.S. E.
W. I. STRATTON, Conductor, 617 Sixth St. N. W.
A. F. MOIRSETTE, Warden, 425 G St. N. W
GEO. MYERS, Business Agent, 425 G St. N. W.

TRUSTEES.

F. J. NOLTE, 24 Eighth Street N. E.
MARK REILEY, 1127 B St. S. E.
A. P. TAYLOR, 622 I Street N. E.

DELEGATES TO THE DISTRICT COUNCIL

R. H. BURDETTE, 1207 L Street N. W.
C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
E. B. BYRNE, 425 G Street N. W.
ROBERT REICHARD, 1720 35th Street N. W.
J. H. RYAN, 1101 Eleventh Street S. E.

DELEGATES TO THE CENTRAL LABOR UNION.

C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
E. H. BURDETTE, 816 K Street N. W.
W. S. HOLLOHAN, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
C. A. SAUNDERS, 244 9th St. S. E.
LOUIS LUEBKERT, 1314 Kerney St. N. E.

RELIEF COMMITTEE.

P. W. HAMILTON, 410 Tenn. Ave. N. E.
J. T. CLIFT, 4115 7th St. N. W.
M. FOLEY, 118 Seaton St. N. E.
W. B. DOLAN, 413 Mass. Ave. N. W.
J. A. SANKER, 2606 R. I. Ave. N. E.

MILL COMMITTEE.

F. E. KETTNER, 3016 Cambridge St. N. W
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
O. A. CARTER, Rosslyn, Va.

DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE
G. H. F. DAVIS, 439 Second Street S. E.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
Meets Every Monday Night
Typographica Temple
423-425 G St. N. W.
Secretary's Address: 606 5th St. N.W.
Telephone: Lincoln 4614

OFFICERS

HUGH D. DIGNEY.....President
MARY GANZHORN...V. President
N. A. JAMES.....Secretary
JOS. E. TOONE....Fin. Secretary
WM. H. SCHAFFER.....Treasurer
JOS. C. CLARK..Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES — Wm. Zell, W. W. Keeler, J. L. Considine.

COMMITTEES

Executive—Mary Ganzhorn, Chairman; Jos. E. Toone, N. A. James, W. A. Huttel, John R. Hartley, H. D. Digney and Wm. H. Shaffer.
Legislative—Jere McCarthy, Chairman; John Loreh, N. P. Alifas, Robert Jones and D. J. O'Leary.
Adjustment—W. A. Huttel, Chairman; Harry Hollohan, John Botts, Benj. Spellbring and John Schmidt.
Contract—John Hartley, Chairman; Wm. W. Keeler, W. H. Schaffer, C. H. Adams and C. C. Coulter.
Laws—Dan. Hassett, chairman; Harry Buie and R. H. Burdette.
Resolution—Jas. L. Considine, chairman; E. L. Tucker and Denis Southern.
Organization — Jos. E. Toone, Chairman; Jos. C. Clark, Henry Miller, Mary Burkhead and T. A. Franklin.
Auditing—Wm. E. Zell, Chairman; Laurence Curtin and John Deal.
Credentials—M. J. Costello, Chairman; Jas. Noyes and S. S. Parker.
Label—H. F. Oehler, Chairman, and John McGuigan.
Press—N. A. James, Chairman; John B. Colpoys and N. A. Sprague.
Delegates to Baltimore—Jos. E. Toone, Chairman; Harry Fiddesop and Sam De Nedrey.

CHESAPEAKE BEACH
— ON THE BAY —
Washington's Coney Island

Salt Water Bathing
Giant Derby Over the Water
New and Up-to-Date Bowling Alleys
FISHING BOATING CRABBING
FREE DANCING---Union Music
Fun for Young and Old

Cheap Fares—25c Daily, Except Sundays and Holidays, when it is 50c. For train schedule see Latest News or Bulletin, daily issues.

WE DO ALL KINDS OF
Job Printing
AND THE PRICE IS RIGHT
The Trades Unionist, 604-6 5th St. N. W.

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p.m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, F. S. Radman, 134 Seventh St. N. E.

Bakery Salesmen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at Moose Hall, Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers' Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; financial secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sundays in each month at 2 p.m., Painters' Hall, 6th and G Sts. N.W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N.W.

Blacksmiths and Helpers, Local 217, International Brotherhood of: Meets first and third Monday of each month at 650 Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, C. A. Chism, 418 Tenth street northeast.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. F. Miller, 19 Quincy Place northwest.

Bookbinders, Local No. 7: Edward L. Ransdell, secretary, Cherrydale, Va.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets first and third Sunday of the month at the Secretary, T. Guiffre, 908 Pennsylvania ave-Moose Hall, Seventh and G Street Northwest. nue northwest.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 48: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E street southeast.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G Street N. W.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles' Hall. Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 520 Rhode Island Ave. N. E.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhau, 737 10th St. s. e.

Chauffeurs and Hack Drivers Union, Local No. 115: Meets the first and third Saturday of each month, G. A. R. Building, 1412 Pa. Ave. Secretary-Treasurer, Kirk C. Sipher, Room 25, 945 Pa. Ave. northwest.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wassaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Twelfth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3800 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Paperhangers Hall, 430 Ninth Street N. W., second and fourth Thursdays of the month. Secretary, Edw. B. Finch, 33 P Street N. E.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets every Friday, at 8:00 p.m. Hall, S. E. Cor. Tenth and Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, Jas. P. Lahey, 816 5th street northeast.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and B Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hisle, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Employes' Union No. 14632: Meets second Friday of each month, Perpetual Building Association Hall. Secretary, W. M. Lynch, 409 A. F. of L. Building.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Watchmen's Union No. 14964: Secretary, Jas. H. Reed, Cor. Sec., 1228 B street southwest.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Glaziers Local No. 963: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, H. C. Turner, Mt. Rainier, Md.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, John T. Bowers, Twentieth and Twenty-first and L and M streets northwest.

Ice Cream Wagon Drivers and Helpers' Union, Local No. 111: Meets second and fourth Tuesdays at Typographical Temple, 425 G street northwest. Secretary-Treasurer, J. Neff Cline, 1211 North Capitol street.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Avenue S. E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 Twelfth St. N. E.

Laborers' Protective Union, No. 15037: Meets the second Tuesday of each month at the Cadets' Armory, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, E. E. McCormick, 1403 South Capitol street.

Laundry Workers, Local No. 110: Meets first Friday in each month at Winslow's Hall, 12 and R streets northwest. Secretary, Moten Jefferson, 550 Twenty-fourth street northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, W. N. Huttel, 1430 A St. N. E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday, 1204 Pa. Ave. N. W. Secretary, E. H. Furton, Barcroft, Va.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. F. McDonnell.

Mill Workers Local No. 1694: Meets every Tuesday at Painters' Hall, 704 Sixth street northwest. Secretary, Robt. Reichard, 1720 Thirty-fourth street northwest.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third floor. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Business Agent.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 922 Pa. Ave. N. W. Phone M. 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets second Sunday and fourth Friday in each month. Secretary, Albert Bridges 210 L st. s. e.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 420: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers' Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday of every month, Red Room, The New Ebbitt, 8 p.m. Secretary, James A. Sullivan, 3910 5th street northwest.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Raymond R. Burrows, Clarendon, Va.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Robt. J. Barrett, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month. Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 820 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressmen, No. 1: Meets fourth Monday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N.E.

Railway Carmen, Pride of Potomac Lodge, No. 313, Brotherhood of: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F streets northeast, first and third Tuesdays. Secretary, L. H. Taylor, 1106 Seventh street northeast.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custodian and Janitor, 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, W. P. Cannon, 408 Twelfth St. S. E.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe. 326 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesdays at Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Harry Fiddesop, 61 R. I. Ave. N. E. (Apt. 6.)

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, P. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Mrs. H. B. Tritipoe, 1737 Willard street N. W., Apt. 20.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10.30 a. m. and 8.30 p. m. Secretary, G. W. Calderhead, Room 412 Wash. Loan and Trust Building.

The High School Teachers' Union of Washington, D. C., No. 8: Meets in the Music Room of the New Central High School at 3.30 p. m. the second Tuesday in the months of October, December, February, and May. Secretary, G. J. Jones, Central High School.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle. 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 750 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Fridays, Typographical Temple. Secretary, L. M. Green, 2711 24th St. N.E.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: International Secretary-Treasurer, Jas. E. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

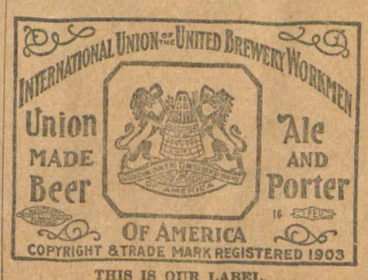
Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G St. N. W. Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth St. N. W.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

National Capital Lodge, No. 92 (Ladies' Auxiliary, Int. Asso. Mach.): Meets first and third Tuesday of each month at 7:30 p.m. at National Capital Bank Hall, 316 Pa. Ave. S.E.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.



THIS IS OUR LABEL.

VOTE
Against Prohibition
DEMAND
Personal Liberty
IN CHOOSING WHAT YOU WILL DRINK
ASK FOR THIS LABEL WHEN PURCHASING BEER, ALE OR PORTER.
As A Guarantee That It Is Union Made.

British and Canadian Social Conditions Described by Labor Envoys to America

First-hand information of present-day social conditions in England and Canada was imparted to nearly 200 unionists, sympathizers and employers, members of the committee on labor of the advisory commission, council of national defense, at a meeting called by President Gompers, in the A. F. of L. building, recently, to hear the story from English and Canadian trade unionists. These workers were sent to America by their respective governments on invitation of President Gompers.

British conditions were explained by Charles W. Bowerman, member of parliament and secretary of the British Trades Union Congress, and James H. Thomas, member of parliament and general secretary of the National Union of Railwaymen of Great Britain and Ireland. Canadian conditions were treated by J. C. Waters, president of the Trades and Labor Congress of Canada, and Gideon B. Roberston, senator, and vice president of the Order of Railroad Telegraphers.

Those in attendance manifested especial interest in English conditions, and a summarization of the talks by Bowerman and Thomas shows:

A government act provides there shall be no stoppage of work upon war munitions and related industries. All differences shall be arbitrated. Where arbitration fails provision is made for settlement by government machinery in which the employes are represented equally.

Women are employed where no men are out of work. Women must receive equal pay. Government agrees that the places of the men will be returned to them after the war. There are 1,250,000 women in industry who heretofore were not engaged in manual labor. The women are joining the trade union movement.

Munition workers are enrolled as munition volunteers and are assigned by the government to various parts of England. The highest wages of the district they left or in which they are now employed is paid. Every fortnight the government gives them free passes on railroads to visit their families, if away from home.

The fifty-one railroads in Great Britain are under state control on the basis of guaranteed profits of 1914. Some companies have turned back to the government large sums of money which is in excess of their 1914 profits.

Dock workers are enrolled in the army as civilians, and wear the British uniform. These workers must belong to the union, and are mobilized for the purpose of unloading cargoes in any section the government elects. This system was evolved by Lord Kitchener and trade union officials.

No move is made by the government without consulting trade union officials, many of whom are exempted from military service.

Landlords are prohibited from raising rents and the government prohibits employers from reducing wages of pensioned soldiers who have returned to their former employment.

Wages have been increased in proportion to the increased cost of living. When workers demand higher rates, the first question asked is: "What is the increase in the cost of living." That being ascertained, it is added.

The English trade union movement has a larger membership than before the war and it has surrendered no standards definitely, although some are suspended for the time being.

The government has given a pledge to reinstate every trade union practice now suspended.

The government joins with trade unionists in their opposition to child labor on the ground that if the war were won under those conditions it would be lost as future generations would be destroyed.

While the English trade unionists declined to predict future social conditions after the war, they were most optimistic. They declared it was impossible for the millions of men now fighting in the trenches of France and Flanders—employer and employe, from the mansion and even the slum—to return to their homes without having new viewpoints because of the sufferings and sacrifices of themselves and fellows.

The Canadian trade union representatives said the Dominion government has failed to take organized labor into its councils and the conditions the imperial government insists on in England in the manufacture of war munitions are not insisted upon in Canada, and that conditions related by the English unionists have not been secured in their country.

Other speakers included trade unionists and John D. Rockefeller, jr., and Daniel Guggenheim. The visitors were questioned after the speaking.

The conference visited the White House and paid their respects to President Wilson. The chief executive, in responding to an address by President Gompers, dissented from those who advocate setting aside labor laws because of the war.

DUNCAN GOES TO RUSSIA.

President Wilson has appointed James Duncan, first vice president of the American Federation of Labor, a member of the commission which the United States will send to Russia. The other members of the commission are: Elihu Root, former secretary of state, chairman of the commission; Charles R. Crane, now in Russia on a diplomatic mission; John R. Mott, Y. M. C. A. official, New York; Cyrus McCormick, Chicago business man; Samual R. Bertron, New York banker; Charles Edward Russell, journalist; Maj. Gen. Scott, United States Army, and Rear Admiral Glennon, United States Navy.

BARTENDERS REDUCE HOURS.

Pittsburgh, Pa., May 24.—The Bartenders' Union has reduced the work week of seventy-two and eighty hours to not over sixty and raised wages $3 a week.

LAUNDRY WORKERS GAIN.

San Francisco, May 24.—Organized laundry workers employed in French laundries have secured a nine-hour day.

STRIKE GUARDS MURDER.

Belleville, Ill., May 24.—Six men, including a patrolman, were probably fatally shot when guards stationed at the Orbon Stove and Range Company plant opened fire on a crowd of strikers and sympathizers. Witnesses testify that the shots were fired without provocation. The first intimation the crowd had was when a blinding searchlight was flashed from the tower of the plant. A fusilade of shots followed.

City authorities have taken charge of the struck foundry and shut it down for a indefinite period, and thirty-five guards and strikebreakers have been lodged in jail.

The company precipitated the strike by its antagonism to the Stove Mounters' Union, which is attempting to better working conditions. Other metal craftsmen have joined the stove mounters and the employers are being supported by the Manufacturers' Association.

RAISE WAGES $3 A WEEK.

Sioux City, Iowa, May 24.—After a strike that lasted less than two days the Teamsters' Union secured agreements raising wages $3 a week per member.

Workers Do Not Own Their Homes

Arbitration Hearing on Wage Dispute Shows Small Percentage Possess Property.

Detroit, May 24.—In an arbitration hearing on the wage dispute between the Detroit United Railways and the Street Car Men's Union the workers showed that out of 1,453 members of this organization, but 23 own their own homes free from debt; 198 of them are trying to pay for homes; of those paying for their homes, they were paying anywhere from $15 to $60 a month—the majority of them paying between $25 and $40, or trying to pay that amount; 559 of them were paying rent and out of that number 432 have had their rents raised, ranging from $1 to $27 a month, since January 1, 1916. The average rent per month now paid is $27.70, and the average increase in rents since January 1, 1916, to the present time had been $7.69½ per month; 673 were paying board and 549 of these had their board increased since January 1, 1916.

The street car men are asking 40 cents an hour for the first six months and 45 cents thereafter. Their present scale is: First six months, 27½ cents an hour; next year, 32½ cents; thereafter, 35 cents.

One of the features of the arbitration proceedings was the testimony of non-union employes who "voluntarily" appeared.

H. F. Coleman of Fort Wayne, Ind., a motorman, said: "I came here to testify against these men getting an increase in wages because I was asked to come here." The witness said he did not know how interurban employes around Indianapolis get their wages raised, but "expected the company granted the increase involuntarily."

Another non-unionist testified: "Have been told that if the union gets an increase through this arbitration board, I will get the same. Can't say whether these men ought to have an increase or not. Am perfectly satisfied myself."

CAR MEN RAISE WAGES.

Peoria, Ill., May 24.—Street Car Men's Union No. 416 has secured a new contract which raises wages from 3 to 5 cents an hour. During the twelve months this union has been in existence it has increased rates over 150 per cent.

San Francisco, May 24.—The board of public works has voted to raise the wages of municipal street car employes as follows:

Platform men, from $3 to $3.50 a day; track men, from $3 to $3.50; car men, from $3.50 to $4.

Parker, Bridget & Co.
"The Avenue at Ninth"
Featuring
Extra Value
$15
Suits for Spring

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1
Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.
M. J. DUNNIGAN, President.....2007 14 Street N.W.
JOHN G. WOLFE, Vice-President.1023 N. J. Ave. N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W

TRUSTEES
Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E.
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E.
Thos. L. Nevins.....504 Maine Avenue S. W

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.
John G. Wolfe,.....1023 N. J. Ave. N. W
J. McElfresh,.....
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E.
A. Tenley.....964 Florida Ave. N. W.
M. Sullivan.....5631-2 15 St. S. E

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.
Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ARBITRRATION COMMITTEE.
M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W.
M. A. Wolfe,.....418 F St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. E.
Joseph Harding.....210 13 St. S. W.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W

FINANCE COMMITTEE.
N. Ditzler.....2006 2nd St. N. W
R. Pumphrey.....223 Q St. N. W.
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W.
Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. W.

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.
John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Av.e
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Capitol St.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L St. S. W.

DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.
John Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave.
William Pollard.....522 14th St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

UNION OPERATOR — LOCAL No. 224 — WASH. D.C. — AFFILIATED WITH CENTRAL LABOR UNION & A.F. of L.

American, 1st st. and R. . ave.n.w.
Apollo, - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Auditorium, 13th st. and N. Y. ave.n.w.
Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Belasco Theater, 15th and Madison Pl.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Cosmos - - Pa. Ave. bet. 9th & 10th
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N. W.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Eagle Gate - Soldiers Home Entrance
Elite Theatre, 14th and R. I. ave. n. w.
Empire, - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Empress - - 9th bet. D and E N.W.
Favorite, H St. North Capitol & First
Florida - - 15th St. & Fla. Ave. N.E.
Garden Theatre, 423 Ninth st. n. w.
Gayety Theatre - - 513 9th St. N.W.
Georgia - - - Ga. Ave. and Park Rd.
Glen Echo Park - - Glen Echo, Md.
Happyland - - 7th bet. L & M N.W.
Home Theater, C bet. 12th & 13th n. e.
Leader - - - - - - 507 9th St. N.W.
Liberty Theatre, N. Capitol & P St.
Loewe's Columbia . . F near 12th
Lyric Theatre - - 14th near Park Rd.
Maryland - - - 624 9th St. N. W.
"M" Street Theatre, M St. near 32nd
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Odeon - - 14th and Church Sts. N. W.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15, N.W.
Palace - - - - 312 9th St. N.W.
Penn Gardens - - 21st St. & Pa. Ave.
Plaza Theatre - 434 9th st. n. w.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Regent - - 18th & Cal. Ave. N.W.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
Savoy, - - - 14th and Col. Road.
Senate Theater - - 324 Pa. Ave. S.E.
Strand, - - - - - Ninth and D.
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N. E.
Stanton Park - - 219 4th St. N.E.
Truxton - - N. Capitol and Fla. Ave.
Virginia - - - 614 9th St. N. W.
Victoria - - - - 7th and E Sts. S.W.
Washington & Park - 18th & U Sts.
Zenith Theater - - 625 8th St. S.E.

The only strictly
UNION TAILORING
house in the city
M. STEIN & CO.
TAILORS
Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

PHONE NORTH 2349
DONOVAN'S
FINE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS
2008 14th St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

LIST OF LIQUOR DEALERS WHO HAVE SIGNED "THE AGREEMENT."

Allen, Paul.....2 N st. n. e.
Allen, John J...807 N. C. Cap st. n. e.
Beirkle, Leopold, - 1245 H st. n. e.
Boyle, William J., 601 Mass. ave n. w.
Castelli, Vincent, 502-504 Ninth st. n. w.
Clark, C. H.....510 9th st. n. w.
Colonial Beach Boat Co.
Costello, Bros.....604 G st. n. w.
Crowley, James J.....702 E st. n. w.
Daly, T. J.....34 H st. n. e.
Daye, Wm. T.....1218 Wisc. ave.
Doyle, Wm. T....1314 Wisc. ave. n. w.
Duffy, James A. -901 1-2 E st. n. w.
Wm. R. Fosbender, 406 Ninth st. n. w.
Franey, F. A.....711½ 9th st. n. w.
Frank, Mrs. M. E. - 319 G st. n. w.
Ganey, M.....615 7th st. s. w.
Glavin, Edwin.....309 G st. n. w.
Hannan, Mrs. E.....531 7th st. s. w.
Hanlon, Timothy.....822 H st. n. e.
Kelliher, J. D.....1258 7th st. s. w.
Killeen, John F.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Louis Hodges, - - 407 9th st n. w.
Lynagh, Peter J.....523 7th st. s. w.
Lynch, John.....417 9th st. n. w.
McCarthy, F. J.....910 4½ st. s. w.
McCarthy, Jas. J.....1402 H st. n. e.
McDonald, F. J.....643 Pa. ave. s. e.
McGinniss, H. J., 1001 N. Y. ave. n. w.
McGuire, J. Chas., 519 Ninth st. n. w.
McHough, Martin....1105 H st. n. e.
Milton Schmidt, - 702 7th st. n. w.
O'Connor, D. J.....100 G st. n. w.
O'Connor, Patrick F., 617 D st. n. w.
O'Connor, James.....1429 N. Cap. st.
O'Day, John T. - 921 Ninth st. n. w.
O'Donnell, James J...333 Pa. ave. s. e.
Peter White, - - - 905 D st. n. w.
Raftery, Thomas.....406 H st. n. e.
Raftery, Patrick.....225 11th st. n. e.
Roland, J. H.....511 9th st. n. w.
Scanlon, Daniel,.....103 H st. n. w.
Schroter, Conrad....3258 M st. n. w.
Schltz, Mary T.....607 G st. n. w.
Sheehan, John J., 701 North Cap. st.
Solon, Mary A., - 1003 7th st. e.
Stern, M. M.....601 7th st. n. w.
Stanton, Frank J.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Sullivan, David, 12th and E st. n. w.
Sullivan, John J., 1351 35th st. n. w.
The Casino, Frank Farenkamp (Chesapeake Beach).
Victor Buffet Co., Inc., 7th and G n. w.
Walsh, David, - - 407 10th st. n. w.
Wassman, Henry, 705 Seventh st. n. w.
Wiedeman, Joseph....629 E st. n. w.
William J. O'Leary, 733 North Cap. st.
Wininghcr, Harry 631 Pa. ave. s. e.
Wolf, Frank, - 512 12th st. n. w.

MEATS — GROCERIES — FISH

Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the

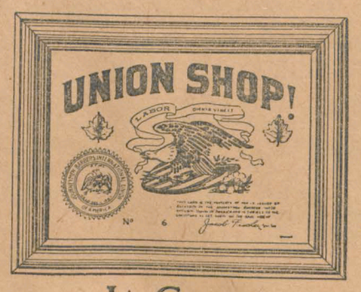
OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.

930 La. Ave. N.W.
501 8th St. S.E.
3101 M St. N.W.
7th & Q Sts. N.W.
1105 H St. N.E.
1632 N. Capitol St.
3420 Ga. Ave. N.W.
1935 14th St. N.W.
138 7th St. N.E.
1776 U St. N.W.
3113 14th St. N.W.
701 H St. N.E.
726 7th St. N.W.
1440 P St. N.W.
918 La. Ave. N.W.
2002 Ga. Ave. N.W.
739 N. Capitol St.
712 K St. N.W.
3420 M St. N.W.
1714 14th St. N.W.
3608 14th St. N.W.
2030 P St. N.W.

POULTRY — BREAD — PRODUCE

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK
FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST
OPEN 9 A.M. TO 5:30 P.M.
SATURDAYS 9 A.M. TO 1 P.M. and 6 P.M. TO 9 P.M.
3 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts
COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

Look for the
UNION SHOP CARD



It gives our members a Shorter Work day and Sunday Rest

It Guarantees to You
CLEANLINESS and EXPERT SERVICE

The Hoffman Company
CLEANERS AND DYERS
OUR SPECIAL MEN'S SUITS Sponged and Pressed.....25c
There is a Hoffman Branch in YOUR Neighborhood
Consult the Telephone Directory
AUTO DELIVERY SERVICE

THE PLATE PRINTER
Official Organ Plate Printers International Union.
P. J. RYAN, Editor. CHAS. T. SMITH, Assoc. Editor.
Subscription $1.00 Per Year
Telephone 4528 Wash. Loan & Trust Bldg.

Washington District Council of Carpenters
Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

ROBERT ADAM, President, Local 2563, U. B., 1511 Vermont Avenue N.W.
R. H. BURDETTE, Vice President, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
E. B. BYRNE, Secretary, Local 132, U. B., 425 G Street N.W.
F. A. SHOESMITH, Treasurer, Local 2563, U. B., 5209 Georgia Avenue N.W.
C. H. ADAMS, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 804 A Street N.E.
R. H. BURDETTE, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
H. PAGE, Trustee, Local 2563, U. B., 3361½ 13th Street N.E.
ROBERT REICHARD, Local 132, U. B., 1720 34th Street N.W.
J. H. RYAN, Local 132, U. B., 1101 11th Street S.E.
FRED HOOK, Local 2563, U. B., 1528 8th Street N.W.
WILLIAM MACKIE, Local 2563, U. B., 216 Seaton Place N.E.

BUSINESS AGENT.
GEO. MYERS, 425 G Street N. W.

THE MILTON SCHOOL
Oxford Bldg., 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.
Stenography
Typewriting
English
Spanish
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO BEGINNERS
Now in larger quarters in the Oxford Building, 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.

Phone Main 3871
WM. H. HOWLIN
American Federation of Labor Building
9th Street and Mass. Avenue
Engrossing Resolutions, Diplomas Charters and Fancy Pen Work of All Descriptions

GEO. D. HORNING,
N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.

LOAN OFFICE

Takoma Bread
Fresh Three Times Daily
AT ALL GROCERS
Havenner Baking Company
Established 1815

LANSBURGH & BRO.
"DRY GOODS ONLY"
The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City
420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

CORBY CAKE
AT ALL GROCERS

When in Doubt, Buy of
HOUSE & HERRMANN
FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.
N.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W

The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I. P. E. U.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXI. NO. 49 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, JUNE 1, 1917. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

Strikebreaking Pays Better Than U. S. Steel

Evidence Before Senate Committee Investigating Lock-out of Car Men Proves Interesting.

Breaking street car strikes—or, rather, attempting to do so—pays better than stock in the United States Steel Corporation, according to evidence before a United States Senate committee that is investigating the Washington Railway and Electric Company strike in this city.

The company contracted with a local detective bureau to pay strikebreakers from $5 to $35 a day, defray all expenses to and from Washington, pay for all automobile hire, allow $1.50 per day per man for subsistence and take care of "incidental expenses." These figures do not include the income of strikebreakers who found difficulty in locating cash registers on the street cars. The company testified that it lost $163,413 the first month of the strike. At one period of the strike the company had in its employ 1,200 men." At no other time in its history has the number exceeded 600. During the first days of the strike the company employed men discharged by it during the past five years for drunkenness, dishonesty, recklessness and incompetency.

William Blackman, conciliator of the federal Department of Labor, testified that he asked President King of the company for an opportunity to explain the situation to the board of directors, but King replied:

"Things are going along nicely. If you talk with the board it might upset my plans. Let it alone."

The company refused all attempts to settle the strike and United States Senator Hughes, a member of the labor group, introduced a resolution in the Senate creating the investigating committee. The highest wages paid before the strike was $2.70 a day. The men attempted to raise wages and the company insisted on individual contracts.

REFUSE INJUNCTION PLEA.

St. Paul, May 31.—The state supreme court has refused the plea of the Grant Construction Company to reopen injunction proceedings against the building trades council of this city.

The concern is non-union and organized labor refused to work for it. Last year Judge Dickson of the Ramsey county district court was asked to issue an injunction against the unionists, but he declined. Judge Dickson ruled:

"Any man may refuse to work for or deal with another man, handle his products or work with his tools for any reason sufficient unto himself, and what he can do in this respect individually he can do collectively by agreement with others and through a federated agency."

This declaration was distasteful to the anti-unionists and they appealed to the state supreme court, which indorsed Judge Dickson's position. Later, attorneys for the Grant concern asked the supreme court to permit the case to be reargued, but the request has been denied.

PORTO RICANS JOIN UNION.

San Juan, Porto Rico, May 31.—Tobacco workers employed by the Porto Rico American Tobacco Company have organized a local of the Tobacco Workers' International Union affiliated with the A. F. of L.

WANT GIRL OILERS.

Connellsville, Pa., May 31.—The Baltimore & Ohio railroad is advertising in local newspapers for girl oilers. The girls will have to oil the journal boxes of freight cars as the trains enter the yards.

American Standard of Living Must Be Upheld

One of Many Problems to Which President Gompers Is Applying Himself.

"The one thing that need not and must not be sacrificed to the war is the American standard of living," said Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, in the course of an interview recently.

He had in mind, of course, the living standard of the great mass of the population as measured by the present rate of pay and hours of work of the wage-earners. And, to be more specific, he particularly had in mind the wartime living conditions of the families of workers who enlist and give up good wages and accept the soldier's pay of $15 a month. This is one of the many problems to which the Labor Committee, headed by Mr. Gompers, of the Advisory Commission attached to the National Council of Defense, is now applying itself.

Mr. Gompers gives no unpleasant impression of a lack of patriotism or of working loyalty to the cause of America and her allies when he departs somewhat from the popular, oratorical phrase-making of the day to name his one exception to the things that may go by the board to win the war. On the contrary, he merely reiterates his loyalty to another cause for which he has stood all his life and the success of which he believes to be indispensable to the life of the nation, whether in war or peace. He makes that exception with great emphasis instead of glibly repeating the favorite catchwords "we will sacrifice our all," which are seldom literally true so far as the persons who say them are concerned, and can be true only of the man who has nothing but his life to lose and who loses his life in the service of his country.

"The United States," continued Mr. Gompers, "is doing the right thing in cutting her cloth big at the outset of her participation in this struggle of the world for democracy. The government knows that it is to be no thirty-day affair. We will all know when it is over that it has been no burlesque on war. We are figuring on the basis of a three-year war, always with a vanishing day. That is, as each day comes and goes we are figuring on three years from that day and not subtracting the days that have gone before from the total. Today we are calculating that the war will last three years from the 30th of May, but a month from today we will be figuring that the war will last three years from the 30th of June. That is the present English way, and it is the only safe way. In England they have been saying at least two years more every day for the last two years, and they are still saying the same thing.

"No matter how long it last, America will have to keep going and provide all the men and money and supplies that are needed to win the victory. As a nation and as individuals we will have to make all the frightful sacrifices that war always calls for in its destruction of life and property. But we have got to do something more than that. We have got to see that the life of the nation itself here at home is not destroyed or even impaired by the deterioration of its standards. Otherwise we will lose that very thing which we already have won in America after a long struggle and which we will enable the people of Europe to get eventually by helping them to win this war against their autocracies.

"That means that we must maintain decent living wages for all workers in spite of the war and must adhere to reasonable working hours, with such temporary increases as great emergencies incidental to the war may demand from time to time. There need be no fear about the loyal willingness of labor to do all that it should do, all that is actually needed, in this respect, but there must be no exploitation of labor under the cloak of a false patriotism.

"For those who serve the country by remaining at work in the industries essential to the prosecution of the war and the support of the people there must be wages adequate to keep them and their families up to their present standards. But there will be other families, many thousands of them, whose wage-earners will be at the front. We cannot expect to raise an army of a million or two million men made up entirely of youngsters who will leave nobody dependent upon them at home. For all such families the government should make an allowance of at least $25 a month for the wife and an added allowance of at least $4 a month for each dependent child. And on top of that the pay of the soldier should be twice what it is today.

"There must be no suggestion of charity or welfare relief work about this support of the soldier's family. The payments should not go through any relief agency of any sort, but direct from the government to the wives and children as a simple matter of business, a payment by the government for services rendered to it. Canada has done this since the earliest days of the war. The United States can and must do it. It will cost us a billion dollars more, but that will be a small sum as compared with the value of the health and morale of the women and children of the country which it will conserve throughout the war. We must remember that the nation has a future to provide for and it cannot do that if it allows the war to stunt by poverty its present and next generation of children in their moral and physical development.

"As yet we have hardly scratched the surface of the easily available money resources of this country to finance the war in a way that will not mean needless suffering and hardship to the families of soldiers and workers. We can take the thousand-dollar limit off postal savings deposits and attract large sums by increasing the interest on such deposits from 2 to 3 per cent. There should be substantial increase of the income and inheritance taxes and there should be a tax on land values, not merely as a war emergency measure, but as a permanent source of income.

"Another danger that is already manifesting itself, thus early in the war, which we must guard against is the employment in industries of married women with young children. Such women should be the last to be drafted. It is to be devoutly hoped that we will not reach such a pass that their services away from their homes will be necessary. There is also danger that other women, with no children depending on their care, but with a mistaken zeal for war service, will rush into various industries before they are needed, thereby endangering the wage scale and upsetting the standards of the workers who are dependent upon what they are now earning. Warnings against these two dangers from the needless or at least premature employment of women, together with a reiteration of the warning that there must be no letting down of the existing legal bars against excessive hours of work have just been given by the Advisory Commission's subcommittee on women in industry, of which Mrs. Borden Harriman is chairman.

"Of course this does not mean that there is not something worth while for every woman in the country to do or refrain from doing which will be of real assistance to her country. Neither does it mean that the laboring men and women of America and all those dependent upon them are not ready and willing and expecting to make sacrifices for the nation at war.

"Those workers who are held at industry to render the service, that is essential, although not in the trenches, will give their labor, they will give by the payment of the higher cost of living due to the war, they will give their brothers and sons to the army and navy. That is all that can be required of them. The other workers who are conscripted or permitted to enlist will offer their lives. They have nothing more to give. The women and children and old people dependent on these two great groups of workers will give the lives of their breadwinners.

"They must all get maintenance of their rights as citizens equal to all other citizens, and prevention, so far as possible, of any deterioriation of the standard of living. So much for what labor must give and get.

"Capital must give all its experience, ingenuity and enterprise, for, after all, it owns all material things and even though bereft of much of it through taxation, it will still have enough on which to live. Capital must get a fair return for actual investment and service. Attempts to get more will be treason to the country and the cause.

"Although we hear much lip patriotism which has no meaning other than that of a subterfuge to cover profiteering, I have information which leads me to believe that capital as a whole is eager to do its full, honest share in this war. At any rate, I shall give it the benefit of any doubt till facts to the contrary are demonstrated. On my Labor Committee in the Advisory Commission appointed by President Wilson I have about 200 members, two-thirds of whom are from the ranks of labor. The other third is made up of business men and large employers of labor, and I have an abiding faith that they and other large employers of the country desire to carry on the standards for labor which we now have.

"I am not quite sure of the outcome of it all, during and after the war, but this I hope we may be able to do, to demonstrate that, although in the European countries the war has forced them from democratic to autocratic methods, we in America have a democracy which by voluntary action will be able to cope with any situation that may arise without having to set democracy aside, even temporarily."

A Toast From the Trenches

BY THOMAS P. D. GRAY

Here's to the end of kings and queens,
And general staffs and submarines!
Here's to the day when men, grown wiser,
Refuse to bow to Czar or Kaiser!

Here's to the end of shrapnel shell!
Here's to the end of war and hell,
The wrecks of men, the hate, the fears,
The wounds, the mighty flood of tears!

Here's to the end of exploitation,
Poverty's grinding degradation,
The waste of Competition dead,
And one Grand Commonwealth instead!

Here's to the day that is to be,
With Man and Child and Woman free!
Here's to the end of all autocracy!
Here's to the coming World Democracy!

Strikers Threatened With Military Arrest

Unionists Refused to Be Bluffed and Asked Department of Labor to Act.

Salt Lake City, Utah, May 31.—The Street Car Men's Union has signed an agreement with the Utah Light and Traction Company. The new rates are 28 cents an hour for first year; 34 cents, second year, and 37 cents thereafter. Old rates ranged from 28 to 33 cents.

Lafayette Hanchett, chairman of the board of county commissioners, Salt Lake City, Utah, "started something" when he threatened street car employes with arrest as prisoners of war, without bail, if they suspended work.

The unionists refused to be bluffed and telegraphed their international executive, Wm. D. Mahon, at Detroit. That official wired A. F. of L. Secretary Frank Morrison, who forwarded this telegram to the governor of Utah:

"Information has been received that county commissioners through Chairman Hanchett have threatened that if street car men of Salt Lake cease work to secure improved conditions that the strikers would find themselves in prison without bonds, to remain there during the war. Desire in the name of organized labor of the United States to enter an emphatic protest against the effort of the commissioners to intimidate the street car men by taking advantage of the war situation and endeavoring to create an impression in the minds of the members of the street railway union that the commissioners or those in authority have the power to put such a threat into effect. I am bringing the threats of the commissioners to the attention of the Department of Justice at Washington today for their information and action thereon."

In telegraphic correspondence with Secretary Morrison, A. F. of L. Organizer Young, who was in Salt Lake City at the time, said:

"His (Hanchett's) action was for the purpose of intimidation pure and simple. I am told he will resort to any means to defeat organized labor and that he is unalterably opposed to any form of labor organization. The governor of the state was very angry when he learned that Hanchett had made this statement."

CAN'T PICKET IN EL PASO.

El Paso, Texas, May 31.—The city council has passed an ordinance which prohibits picketing and the Labor Advocate asks.

"Will the anti-picketing ordinance take away the soldiers from in front of the Coney Island saloon?"

United States soldiers are maintaining a boycott on this place and have established a picket line around the saloon because a soldier was assaulted therein.

GAINS IN NEW ROCHELLE.

New Rochelle, N. Y., May 31.—Organized plumbers and steamfitters have increased wages to $5.20 a day and union building laborers have established their new rate of $3.25 a day.

Secretary Wilson Has No-Strike Plan

Law Proposes Creation of U. S. Industrial Adjustment Commission of Nine Members.

A bill designed to prevent a tie-up of interstate transportation facilities through strikes and lock-outs, not only during war but in times of peace, has been sent by Secretary of Labor Wilson to United States Senator Pittman, chairman of the special Senate committee investigating the street car strike in this city.

The proposed law proposes for the creation of a United States industrial adjustment commission, and be composed of nine members appointed by the President. Three members are to represent the wage-earners engaged in interstate transportation, three to represent interstate transportation interests and three to represent the public.

The commission shall have jurisdiction in all cases that threaten interruption of interstate traffic. Hearings shall be held, witnesses summoned and awards made, which may be appealed to the courts. The orders of the commission shall have the same force and effect, both upon the employers and wage-earners, as would a contract made between the same parties. United States attorneys are empowered to enforce the decision on behalf of wage-earners.

While the commission is investigating a difference it shall be unlawful for employers and employes to make any contract, oral or implied.

Section 12 of the bill expressly stipulates:

"That nothing in this act contained shall be held or construed to require a wage-earner to render labor or service without his consent, nor to prevent such wage-earners, either collectively or individually, from ceasing work and abandoning their respective employment, nor to require an employer to continue in employment or refrain from dismissing any wage earners, either as individuals or collectively."

WANT WAGES KEPT DOWN.

Richmond, Va., May 31.—The board of aldermen has defeated a proposed ordinance that would impose a license of $5,000 a year on labor agencies or any person engaged in securing workingmen for employment outside the state.

Trade unionists opposed the measure on the ground that it was intended to practically make it a crime to induce workers to leave the state. They took full advantage of the statement made by representatives of the chamber of commerce that "the purpose of the ordinance is to keep wages down by prohibiting laborers from leaving the state to secure employment in other states where wages are higher."

UNIONISTS ARE ENJOINED.

Springfield, Mass., May 31.—Organized bricklayers and stone cutters of this city and Holyoke refuse to handle the products of the non-union Art Stone Company, so this concern has secured a temporary injunction to force the unionists to work on its material. The present policy of these workers, the company avers, hurts its business, which is unconstitutional, confiscatory and un-American — or words to that effect.

DAYTON STREET CAR MEN WIN.

Dayton, Ohio, May 31.—Street Car Men's Union No. 749 was organized in this city in record time. A call was issued to the sixty-six eligible employes of the Dayton Street Railway and sixty-five joined the union within a few hours. The absentee was obligated later in the day.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF UNION LABEL TRADES AND LABOR COUNCIL WASHINGTON D.C. 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., JUNE 1, 1917.

REGISTRATION A DUTY.

On Tuesday of the coming week all males of the United States between the ages of 21 and 30, inclusive, shall register in their respective districts. This is another step in the conscription of the new army, and while the act is compulsory, it should be done in the right spirit, a spirit of willingness and gratuity. This is our country and our country being in trouble, it is up to us to stand by her, to be willing to give all we possess, even to our life, if necessary, to protect her.

Labor will not be lacking in patriotism and the fulfillment of her duties. Already many organizations have offered their services collectively and many members of organized labor have already given their lives in battle. History will repeat itself and labor will be in the front, willing and ready.

The word "conscription" has lost its stain and dreadfulness and no longer brands its candidates as slackers or cowards. Many have been and are willing to serve their country, but for good reasons have so far refrained from enlisting. The attempts of many individuals to embarrass the government in its efforts in enforcing the selective draft are doomed to fail. Their perpetrators are the worst type of traitors and shall be dealt with most unkindly.

Have you bought a Liberty Bond?

The war is a terrible thing, but we are in it and it is not easy to see how we could keep out of it.

No chance for Roosevelt to play in Wilson's backyard. There'll be a clash of Big Sticks some day that will resound around the world.

There is good evidence that the aspirations of Germany were for world-wide domination. Forty years of preparedness was to be used to conquer the world, including the United States.

President Wilson is not among those who are willing to despoil labor in the present crisis. In response to an address of Mr. Gompers at the White House, Mr. Wilson declared himself opposed to setting aside labor laws because of the war.

If it is true that the Socialists and Laborites of Russia object to Russell and Duncan because they have not been selected by their respective organizations, rather than by the President, it shows, at least, that the Russians are going to look them over.

If the United States had submitted to constant national insult upon the sea there is reason to expect we would have been confronted with further humiliation or war in the event Germany won. Therefore, there appears to be very little sentiment that it was possible for us to keep out of war. This is shown by the overwhelming votes in Congress.

Each nation of Europe is fighting for its existence. No matter how the war started, we are confronted with facts that each nation is fighting for its existence, and our nation must do the same. With a world at war, the voice of the pacifist sounds weak and thin. The pound of fact outweighs the ton of theory.

Fighting for existence is one of the best little things we do. We are doing it all the time in our every day life. Each individual worker fights for existence. Each union fights for its existence, facing all the foes within and without.

The Baltimore and Ohio railroad is employing women in its reclaiming shops—an alluring term for sorting scrap iron and other junk. The officials say they cannot secure men, but unionists say the reason is the $1.80 wage rate.

In their opposition to the seamen's law, ship owners along the Atlantic coast find a union of so-called "revolutionists" their most powerful ally. Spanish, Italian and Greek sailors are drawn together by the "revolutionists," who tell them that the language test of the seamen's act will be repealed. Under this law ship owners must employ sailors who can understand orders of their officers, but this Americanizing legislation is opposed both by the ship owners and the "revolutionists"—one for profit and the other for per capita and power.

By a vote of 15 to 14 the Connecticut state senate has refused to modify section 1296 of the general statutes which gives employers a free hand against striking workers. This act prohibits a person using any means "calculated or intended" to intimidate another. The words "calculated or intended" permit hostile courts to pose as mind readers, and jail strikers on the ground that they "calculated or intended" to do thus and so. In criminal proceedings against persons other than strikers the same court would insist on specific charges. The supreme court of this state has ruled that a workman was guilty of a criminal offense, under section 1296, because he notified an employer he would quit his employment if he (the employer) did not discharge a non-unionist.

A CO-OPERATIVE PLAN FOR YOUR PURCHASING POWER

"Fremont, Neb.

"On account of the rapidly increasing cost of living, a meeting of members of the various trades unions, members of the different railroad brotherhoods and laboring men of other lines that have no union in this locality which they can join was called at Fremont, Neb., for the purpose of discussing ways and means whereby the purchasing power of the members of our different crafts might be increased. We believe that in order that we may reap the full benefits of that which we gain through belonging to our various unions we must co-operate further along the lines of being able to make our earnings purchase the full product of our labor, and therefore to accomplish same we must eliminate the middle man so far as possible that comes between the producer and the consumer and takes a large per cent of our earnings in the form of profits.

"A government report published about two years ago says that in order for a man with a family of four or five to live up to the proper American standard must have a yearly income of at least $780.00. Since this report the cost of living has almost doubled, and in many instances trebled, and, whereas, the average business that is conducted for the distribution of the necessities of life is run to net the owner about a 35 per cent profit, from that we can readily see that after deducting the running expense of operating this business we find that on a yearly wage of $780.00, which the government says is necessary, we find that we are paying something over $200.00 per year to have this middleman handle the goods that we must have to live, therefore we believe that we as workers having produced this wage, should devise some plan whereby we will not have to pay a large portion of our labor to the middleman in the form of profits.

"After having held several meetings at which there was discussed ways and means to eliminate the paying of dividends to the man between the producer and consumer, a company was organized among our members to operate a co-operative association to deal in such of the necessities of life that said company might deem necessary, but we do not stop at this; we have organized what we believe is the nucleus of a National Union Co-operative Company. We therefore ask of you members of organized labor to take this matter up among yourselves and get into communication with us here at Fremont, as we believe that you are all interested in saving for yourself and family a sum of over $200 per year. In order to operate a co-operative system of stores and to operate them the most successfully a national organization is necessary, as then we can buy collectively through one central purchasing agent.

"This is not a union movement at all and should not be brought into your union business. We have brought this up between our members at meetings called for that purpose. We therefore ask of you, brother workmen, to discuss this plan among yourselves, as we believe that by such a plan we will not only save money, but will solidify our unions, as this plan will not only keep our membership intact, but will be the cause of gaining members that otherwise would not join, and we would be very pleased to hear from you and will render you any assistance we can and will explain the plans which space will not permit of in this letter.

"Your fraternally,

"F. G. RAINEY,

"Secretary National Crafts Union Co-Operative Association."

EQUAL PAY FOR EQUAL WORK.

Chicago, May 31.—Under the above caption the Union Leader, official magazine of organized street car men of this city, says:

"Notwithstanding the suggestion and advice of the national council of defense that existing standards in relation to labor should be maintained, the labor crushers in industry have already commenced to reduce the wage cost of their plants by the substitution of women workers for men at reduced rates of pay. Employers who follow this policy should be branded as traitors.

"While the declaration of a state of war has had little effect upon the supply of men for jobs so far, press reports state that a number of manufacturers are displacing men with women at a less wage than was paid the men.

"'Equal pay for equal work' for women who take the places of men in industry is the trade union slogan. Women who are forced into industry because their husbands, fathers, sons and brothers have been called to the front to protect the liberties of our nation are not only sharing the burdens of war, but must support those who are left behind. The employer who would take advantage of a war crisis to exploit the labor of women should be pronounced not only unpatriotic, but a traitor.

"Whenever it becomes necessary to substitute women for men in the industrial field, the women should receive the same wage as the men. There should be no variation from this rule. Placing low-paid women in competition with men in any line of industry will destroy present standards and work an injury to all.

"The sex of the worker must not determine the pay. Where women are doing the same work as men they should receive the same wages."

MUST DEPEND ON OURSELVES.

Chicago, May 31.—In moralizing on the recent bakers' strike in this city Editor Hohmann of the Bakers' Journal says:

"In this instance, and in many others it is hoped this fight has taught some lessons to our Chicago members, and if they have learned nothing more but that we must and can only rely upon the power of our own movement, and that we cannot and must not depend upon any outsiders, then this fight has not been waged in vain. And if it has more than ever convinced our membership of the necessity of organization then it has served at least some purpose."

The wage demand, as contained in the original agreement, calling for a weekly increase of $2 and 50 cents in the jobbers' wages, was granted.

"However, the union was compelled to make several important concessions," says the Bakers' Journal, which declares that the employers benefited by the situation prevailing at present and utilized the same in every direction.

"They also succeeded in taking undue advantage of the prevailing situation, which, under ordinary circumstances, they would have been unable to do. That ought to have been taken into consideration by our brothers before any strike action was taken, and had this been done possibly some of the sacrifices need not have been made."

KILL ANTI-INJUNCTION BILL.

Springfield, Ill., May 31.—Organized labor lost its fight for an anti-injunction law when the house rejected the plan by a vote of 73 to 57, or three votes short of the required number. Illinois unionists have waged a strong fight against the injunction evil, which has reached unheard-of proportions in this state, and while they have been defeated their educational campaign has been of inestimable value.

OMAHA UNIONS ATTACKED.

Omaha, Neb., May 31.—In its attack on organized labor in this city members of the Business Men's Association make frank statement that "Omaha will be a non-union town." No attempt is made to disguise the issue by "open shop" pretense.

Electrical workers have been enjoined, hoisting and portable engineers have been locked out and boiler makers are on strike to enforce higher wages.

The Rochester (New York) Taxicab Company has signed a union shop agreement with Chauffeurs' Union No. 543 and the working conditions of these employes will be improved.

ESTABLISHED 1865 — 51 YEARS IN BUSINESS

BUY NOW! **Xander's Pure Whiskies**

Great Advance in Price Coming

CHRISTIAN XANDER'S

909 7th Street, Northwest. — No Branch Houses. Phone M. 274

CORBY'S YEAST

Leaves nothing to guess-work.
Its purity and strength are uniform.
Every baker knows what that means.
Send for samples.

THE CORBY COMPANY

STATION K. — WASHINGTON, D. C.

Representative Houses OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

BANKS

NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burglar-proof vaults; acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth Street and New York Avenue.

WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee, etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK. A bank for the working people. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account. Ninth and G Sts. N. W.

UNION SAVINGS BANK. Commercial accounts. Three per cent interest on savings accounts. The oldest savings bank in Washington.

MICHAEL T. GREENE
Liquors and Cigars. 639 D St. N. W.

STONER'S BAR AND RESTAURANT
The, G. Stoner. 206 Seventh St. S. W.

J. CHAS. McGUIRE'S BUFFET
Federal Seal Whiskey. 519 Ninth St. N. W.

O'KEEFE'S BUFFET
P. J. O'Keefe, Prop. 904 Pa. Ave. N. W.

GLAVIN'S BUFFET
ED. J. GLAVIN 309 G Street Northwest

FRANK'S BUFFET
Fourth and G Sts. N. W. Phone M. 5572.

J. J. O'DONNELL'S BUFFET
333 Penn. Avenue S. E.

HARRY'S BUFFET
631 Penn. Ave. S. E. Phone Lin. 1843

MACHINIST

G. W. FORSBERG, formerly with Forsberg & Murray, Boilers. Eighth and Water Sts. S. W. Main 742.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

RALSTON & RICHARDSON, Evans Building, 1420 New York Avenue.

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.

SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (Inc.), Soda Water, Syrups, etc. 1066 Wis. Ave. N. W.

PHOTO SUPPLIES

E. J. PULLMAN. Developing and Finishing for Amateurs a Specialty. 420 9th St. N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS

MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Ave. N. W. Our Specialty, Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

FIRE INSURANCE

FIREMEN'S INSURANCE COMPANY, Seventh Street and Louisiana Avenue.

DRY GOODS

WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings. Hosiery, a Specialty. 806-808 H St. N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

UNDERTAKERS

J. WILLIAM LEE
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY
332 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.

W. H. BUTLER CO., 607-9 C St. N. W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT

NATIONAL MORTAR CO., 1st and M N.E.
COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING CO., 3036 K Street.

DRUGGISTS

CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth St. and Virginia Ave. S. E.
DAY & CO. 5th and G Sts. N.W. 14th and P N.W., 20th and R. I. Ave. N.E.
QUIGLEY, Druggist, 21st and G Sts. N.W.
A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner 7th and P Streets N. W. N. 2372.

Building Trades Headquarters Sixth and G Sts. N. W
Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rent

WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES TOBACCO. — COSTELLO BROS

JOS. A. WILNER & CO.

UNION CUSTOM TAILORS

Novelties in Spring and Summer Goods

Cor. 8th and G Sts. N.W.

Some Chilled Facts

Eddy Refrigeration Is the Life of Food

In presenting to you our 1917 Eddy, we wish strongly to impress the fact that an experience of 70 years devoted to the production of Eddy Refrigerators has naturally perfected the Eddy product, established its reputation and maintained its prestige.

No other make of refrigerator has had the long life of the Eddy. It is the original refrigerator. The first refrigerator was an Eddy; the best refrigerator today is an Eddy. If a better refrigerator could be made, it would still be an Eddy. That is the Eddy standard, maintained throughout 70 years of progressive specializing on refrigeration.

The purchase of an Eddy Refrigerator is not an expense; it is a necessary investment that pays handsome daily dividends in the form of food kept healthy, less waste, less sickness, more comfort, greater enjoyment in eating. It makes for better, cheaper, easier living.

Dulin & Martin Co.
1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St.

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY

Equitable Life Insurance Co.
of the District of Columbia

THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Issues Ordinary and Industrial

Wm. A. Bennett, 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.

EQUITABLE BLD'G. 816 14th ST., N. W.

Saks & Company
MEN'S and BOYS' OUTFITTERS
Pa. Ave. & 7th St. Wash., D. C.

Specialists in Apparel for Men and Boys.

Clothes, Hats and Shoes

The Bieber-Kaufman Co.
901-909 Eighth St. S. E.
Down by the Navy Yard
Washington, D. C.

BUTLER'S RHEUMATIC and GOUT REMEDY.
A KIDNEY AND HEART TONIC
Manufactured Since 1872 By
BUTLER & FIELD
Third and Indiana Ave. N. W.
Price 50c a bottle. 6 for $2.50
For Sale By Druggists.

SARSAPARILLA
is particularly a Spring Medicine. Isn't it near enough spring for you think of taking a bottle of our
Sarsaparilla Extract
Price 50c

WELLER'S DRUG STORE
8th & Eye Sts. S.E. 36th & M N.W.

FIREPROOF CONSTRUCTION
Hammett Fire Proofing Company
301-302-303 Wilkins Bldg.
Phone Main 3337.

Bell Brand Union-Made
COLLARS and SHIRTS
LARGE ASSORTMENT
T. HOLLANDER
North Capitol and H Streets

STORAGE PACKING FREIGHT HAULING
Merchants Transfer
— AND —
Storage Company
920-922 E Street Northwest
Phone Main 6900
SHIPPING MOVING HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

Louis E. Rotterman, Robert E. Doyle, probational bookbinders, 50 cents per hour.

Ellis H. Mayo, probational pressman, 55 cents per hour.

Grant W. Shellman, temporary skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour.

Mrs. Catherine M. Mealy, charwoman, $560, transferred from Treasury Department.

Maurice G. Colquitt, probational messenger boy, 15 cents per hour.

Norval K. Tabler, caster helper, 35 cents per hour, reinstated.

James W. Paige, Philip E. Hughes, probational skilled laborers, 25 cents per hour.

Separations.

Dr. William J. Manning, medical and sanitary officer, mustered into service.

John F. McCullough, probational bookbinder, resigned.

Frank Johnson, unskilled laborer, resigned.

Mrs. Mary L. Willis, pressfeeder, resigned.

Thomas Norris, probational bookbinder, resigned.

Oscar A. Reed, linotype machinist, resigned.

Fred Norris, linotype operator, resigned.

Joseph F. Meehan, Elwood E. Oplinger, probational pressmen, resigned.

Elsie L. Holmes, Julia Rose, Maude E. Cole, Julia E. Young, skilled laborers (female) resigned.

Albert W. Gates, Frederick R. Byrd, Wilfred F. Shellman, Irving L. Primus, skilled laborers, resigned.

Transfers, Etc.

Daniel P. Bush, assistant medical and sanitary officer, $2,000, to medical and sanitary officer, $2,600 per annum.

Robert J. Bell, linotype machinist to metal mixer in charge, 60 cents per hour.

James B. M. Dulin, helper to ink maker in charge, 50 cents per hour.

John S. Driggers, skilled laborer, to counter, 35 cents per hour.

Chester A. Dodson, skiled laborer, to helper, 30 cents per hour.

Miss Ella Middleton, folder, piecework, to machine operator, 27½ cents per hour.

Aloysius B. Eichhorn, skilled laborer, to machine helper, 35 cents per hour.

Albert S. Johnstone, skilled laborer, to helper, 35 cents per hour.

Thomas F. Healy, proofreader, to reviser, 70 cents per hour.

Miss Elizabeth M. Clarke, pressfeeder, 27½ cents, to helper, 35 cents.

Isadore Feldman, stockkeeper, to skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour.

Charles W. Bush, monotype keyboard operator, to copy editor, 65 cents per hour.

Charles J. Orem, bookbinder, to machine operator, 55 cents per hour.

Maran H. Myers, compositor, to maker-up, 60 cents per hour.

Elmer S. Jackson, electrotype finisher, to electrotype finisher in charge, 65 cents per hour.

Joseph V. Gonzales, machine helper, to machine operator 55 cents per hour.

Arthur Scofield, Charles E. Pyle, Loxlie V. Adams, John M. Kemper, pressmen, to pressmen in charge, 60 cents per hour.

Sidney C. Sommers, Arthur H. Rossall, James K. Lacock, Harry Boate, Lewis K. Adams, compositors, to linotype operators, 60 cents per hour.

Clarence E. Williams, George F. Von Ostermann, Daniel J. Marvin, Robert A. Johnson, Andrew McGarraghy, William F. Walsmith, compositors, to proofreaders, 60 cents per hour.

Emma S. Jones, Jessie L. Brashears, Jeanette V. Malone, Teresa M. Donovan, Lidie J. Usilton, M. Louise Jones, skilled laborers, to machine operators, 27½ cents per hour.

LABOR LAWS SIDETRACKED.

Albany, N. Y., May 31.—The state assembly has passed Senator Brown's bill to place the enforcement of labor laws during the war period in the hands of the state industrial commission.

Advocates of this plan took full advantage of war conditions to sweep aside the work of years. Applications by employers to be exempt from labor legislation will be passed upon by the commission.

UTAH UNIONISTS CONFER.

Salt Lake City, Utah, May 31.—At the thirteenth annual convention of the state federation of labor President Lewis and Secretary-Treasurer Lamont were re-elected. Ogden was selected as the next convention city.

MUSICIANS RE-ELECT.

New Haven, Conn., May 31.—At the convention of the American Federation of Musicians President Weber and Secretary Owen Miller were re-elected.

Tapestry Carpet Weavers of Philadelphia have secured an agreement with organized employers. Wages are increased from 10 to 20 per cent.

Carpenters Continue Making Big Gains

Reports From Headquarters at Indianapolis Show Steady Progress.

Indianapolis, May 31.—General Secretary Duffy of the Brotherhood of Carpenters reports the following recent gains by affiliates:

Rhinelander, Wis.—Wages increased from 40 to 50 cents an hour; workday reduced from nine to eight hours. Joplin, Mo.; Plymouth, Mass.; Eureka, Cal.; Superior, Wis.; Pittsburg, Kan.; Astoria, Ore., and New Bedford, Mass.—From 50 to 60 cents. Trinidad, Col.—55 to 60 cents. Cleveland, Ohio—75 cents for floor layers, 50 cents for mill and cabinet shops and an increase from 60 to 70 cents an hour for outside men. St. Louis, Mo.—From 62½ to 65 cents for outside men until June 30, 1917; 70 cents from that date until December 31, 1919. Woonsocket, R. I.—45 to 50 cents; Saturday half-holiday. Bluefield, W. Va.—30 to 40 cents; hours reduced from ten to nine; Ridgefield, Conn.—48 to 55 cents. Amarillo, Tex.—50 to 62½ cents. Lehigh Valley, Pa.—37½ to 46 cents in Bethlehem; 35 to 46 cents in Allentown; hours reduced from nine to eight. Greenville, Pa.—46 to 54 cents. Portsmouth, Va. (shipwrights)—35 to 45 and 50 cents; hours reduced from nine to eight. Lexington, Mo.—40 to 50 cents. Flint, Mich.—45 to 55 cents; Saturday half-holiday after June 18 next. Eau Claire, Wis.—37½ to 40 cents; nine hours; union shop. Manchester, N. H.—44 to 50 cents. Lynn, Mass.—45 to 50 cents for millmen; 44-hour week. Putnam, Conn.—37½ to 45 cents. Washington, D. C. (boat builders)—45 cent minimum; eight-hour day. Woodland, Cal.—From $4 to $4.50 a day. New London, Conn.—$3.84 to $4.50 a day.

MILK WAGON DRIVERS WIN.

Seattle, May 31.—After promising to increase wages of milk wagon drivers 20 per cent employers attempted to satisfy these workers with a 10 per cent advance. A short strike established the 20 per cent rate.

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS
Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

J. G. O'DONNELL, President, 122 Sixth St. N. E.
M. J. DEERY Vice President, 2407 Girard St. N. E.
THOS. W. WOLTZ, Recording Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
G. H. F. DAVIS, Treasurer, 439 Second St. S. E.
W. I. STRATTON, Conductor, 617 Sixth St. N. W.
A. F. MOIRSETTE, Warden, 425 G St. N. W
GEO. MYERS, Business Agent, 425 G St. N. W.

TRUSTEES.
F. J. NOLTE, 24 Eighth Street N. E.
MARK REILEY, 1127 B St. S. E.
A. P. TAYLOR, 622 I Street N. E.

DELEGATES TO THE DISTRICT COUNCIL.
R. H. BURDETTE, 1207 L Street N. W.
C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
E. B. BYRNE, 425 G Street N. W.
ROBERT REICHARD, 1720 35th Street N. W.
J. H. RYAN, 1101 Eleventh Street S. E.

DELEGATES TO THE CENTRAL LABOR UNION.
C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
R. H. BURDETTE, 816 K Street N. W.
W. S. HOLLOHAN, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
C. A. SAUNDERS, 244 9th St. S. E.
LOUIS LUEBKERT, 1314 Kerney St. N. E.

RELIEF COMMITTEE.
P. W. HAMILTON, 410 Tenn. Ave. N. E.
J. T. CLIFT, 4115 7th St. N. W.
M. FOLEY, 118 Seaton St. N. E.
W. B. DOLAN, 413 Mass. Ave. N. W.
J. A. SANKER, 2606 R. I. Ave. N. E.

MILL COMMITTEE.
F. E. KETTNER, 3016 Cambridge St. N. W.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
O. A. CARTER, Rosslyn, Va.

DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.
G. H. F. DAVIS, 439 Second Street S. E.

Railway Clerks Win Clean-Cut Victories

Increases in Wages Among Concessions Granted Members by Officials of Companies.

New Haven, Conn., May 31.—The Brotherhood of Railway Clerks has won a clean-cut victory in its controversy with the New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad. Wages are increased 8 per cent, dating from May 4, and at least two Saturday afternoons a month given each clerk without loss of pay. Clerks employed by the company for one year will receive one week's vacation; employes for two years, ten days, and men employed five years or more two weeks without loss of wages. Yard clerks at Boston and New York terminals are increased 10 per cent. About 3,000 workers will be benefited by these gains. Representatives of the federal Department of Labor assisted in the negotiations which were made easier because of the clerks' solidarity.

Boston, May 31.—The Brotherhood of Railway Clerks has negotiated a 10 per cent wage agreement with the Boston & Maine railroad. The Central New England railroad has agreed with brotherhood officials that wages for its railway clerks shall be increased 7½ per cent, hours reduced in certain cases from nine to eight and one-half and at least two Saturday afternoon holidays every month is assured.

SET STATE-WIDE SCALE.

Denver, May 31.—Organized iron molders and employers have agreed on a state-wide wage scale that raises rates from $4 to $4.75 a day, with time and one-half for overtime, beginning today (June 1).

CENTRAL LABOR UNION
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
Meets Every Monday Night
Typographica Temple
423-425 G St. N. W.
Secretary's Address: 606 5th St. N.W.
Telephone: Lincoln 4614

OFFICERS
HUGH D. DIGNEY.....President
MARY GANZHORN...V. President
N. A. JAMES.....Secretary
JOS. E. TOONE....Fin. Secretary
WM. H. SCHAFFER.....Treasurer
JOS. C. CLARK..Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES — Wm. Zell, W. W. Keeler, J. L. Considine.

COMMITTEES
Executive—Mary Ganzhorn, Chairman; Jos. E. Toone, N. A. James, W. A. Huttel, John R. Hartley, H. D. Digney and Wm. H. Shaffer.
Legislative—Jere McCarthy, Chairman; John Lorch, N. P. Alifas, Robert Jones and D. J. O'Leary.
Adjustment—W. A. Huttel, Chairman; Harry Hollohan, John Botts, Benj. Spellbring and John Schmidt.
Contract—John Hartley, Chairman; Wm. W. Keeler, W. H. Schaffer, C. H. Adams and C. C. Coulter.
Laws—Dan. Hassett, chairman; Harry Buie and R. H. Burdette.
Resolution—Jas. L. Considine, chairman; E. L. Tucker and Denis Southern.
Organization — Jos. E. Toone, Chairman; Jos. C. Clark, Henry Miller, Mary Burkhead and T. A. Franklin.
Auditing—Wm. E. Zell, Chairman; Laurence Curtin and John Deal.
Credentials—M. J. Costello, Chairman; Jas. Noyes and S. S. Parker.
Label—H. F. Oehler, Chairman, and John McGuigan.
Press—N. A. James, Chairman; John B. Colpoys and N. A. Sprague.
Delegates to Baltimore—Jos. E. Toone, Chairman; Harry Fiddesop and Sam De Nedrey.

CHESAPEAKE BEACH
— ON THE BAY —
Washington's Coney Island

Salt Water Bathing
Giant Derby Over the Water
New and Up-to-Date Bowling Alleys
FISHING BOATING CRABBING
FREE DANCING---Union Music
Fun for Young and Old

Cheap Fares—25c Daily, Except Sundays and Holidays, when it is 50c. For train schedule see Latest News or Bulletin, daily issues.

WE DO ALL KINDS OF
Job Printing
AND THE PRICE IS RIGHT
The Trades Unionist, 604-6 5th St. N. W.

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p.m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, F. S. Radman, 134 Seventh St. N. E.

Bakery Salesmen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at Moose Hall, Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers' Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; financial secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sundays in each month at 2 p.m., Painters' Hall, 6th and G Sts. N.W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N.W.

Blacksmiths and Helpers, Local 217, International Brotherhood of: Meets first and third Monday of each month at 650 Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, C. A. Chism, 418 Tenth street northeast.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. F. Miller, 19 Quincy Place northwest.

Binding Machine Operators, No. 7: Edward L. Ransdell, secretary, Cherrydale, Va.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets first and third Sunday of the month at the Secretary, T. Guiffre, 908 Pennsylvania ave. Moose Hall, Seventh and G Street Northwest. nue northwest.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 48: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E street southeast.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G Street N. W.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles' Hall. Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 520 Rhode Island Ave. N. E.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umlaus, 787 10th St. s. e.

Chauffeurs and Hack Drivers Union, Local No. 115: Meets the first and third Saturday of each month, G. A. R. Building, 1412 Pa. Ave. Secretary-Treasurer, Kirk C. Sipher, Room 25, 945 Pa. Ave. northwest.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wassaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Twelfth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3809 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Paperhangers Hall, 430 Ninth Street N. W., second and fourth Thursdays of the month. Secretary, Edw. B. Finch, 33 P Street N. E.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets every Friday, at 8:00 p.m. Hall, S. E. Cor. Tenth and Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, Jas. P. Lahey, 816 5th street northeast.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and B Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hisle, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Employes' Union No. 14632: Meets second Friday of each month, Perpetual Building Association Hall. Secretary, W. M. Lynch, 409 A. F. of L. Building.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Watchmen's Union No. 14964: Secretary, Jas. H. Reed, Cor. Sec., 1228 B street southwest.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Glaziers Local No. 963: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, H. C. Turner, Mt. Rainier, Md.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, John T. Bowers, Twentieth and Twenty-first and L and M streets northwest.

Ice Cream Wagon Drivers and Helpers' Union, Local No. 111: Meets second and fourth Tuesdays at Typographical Temple, 425 G street northwest. Secretary-Treasurer, J. Neff Cline, 1211 North Capitol street.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Avenue S. E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 Twelfth St. N. E.

Laborers' Protective Union, No. 15037: Meets the second Tuesday of each month at the Cadets' Armory, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, E. E. McCormick, 1403 South Capitol street.

Laundry Workers, Local No. 110: Meets first Friday in each month at Winslow's Hall, 12 and R streets northwest. Secretary, Moten Jefferson, 550 Twenty-fourth street northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, W. N. Huttel, 1430 A St. N. E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday, 1204 Pa. Ave. N. W. Secretary, E. H. Fulton, Barcroft, Va.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. F. McDonnell.

Mill Workers Local No. 1694: Meets every Tuesday at Painters' Hall, 704 Sixth street northwest. Secretary, Robt. Reichard, 1720 Thirty-fourth street northwest.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third floor. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Business Agent.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 922 Pa. Ave. N. W. Phone M. 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets second Sunday and fourth Friday in each month. Secretary, Albert Bridges 210 L st. s. e.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 420: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers' Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday of every month, Red Room, The New Ebbitt, 8 p.m. Secretary, James A. Sullivan, 3910 5th street northwest.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Raymond R. Burrows, Clarendon, Va.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Robt. J. Barrett, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month. Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 820 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressmen, No. 1: Meets fourth Monday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N.E.

Railway Carmen, Pride of Potomac Lodge, No. 313, Brotherhood of: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F streets northeast, first and third Tuesdays. Secretary, L. H. Taylor, 1106 Seventh street northeast.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custodian and Janitor, 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, W. P. Cannon, 408 Twelfth St. S. E.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe, 826 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesdays at Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Harry Fiddesop, 61 R. I. Ave. N. E. (Apt. 6.)

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 703 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11772: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Mrs. H. B. Tritipoe, 1737 Willard street N. W., Apt. 20.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10.30 a. m. and 8.30 p. m. Secretary, G. W. Calderhead, Room 412 Wash. Loan and Trust Building.

The High School Teachers' Union of Washington, D. C., No. 8: Meets in the Music Room of the New Central High School at 3.30 p. m. the second Tuesday in the months of October, December, February, and May. Secretary, L. V. Lampson, Central High School.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle, 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 750 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Fridays, Typographical Temple. Secretary, L. M. Green, 2711 24th St. N.E.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: International Secretary-Treasurer, Jas. E. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G St. N. W. Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth St. N. W.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

National Capital Lodge, No. 92 (Ladies' Auxiliary, Int. Asso. Mach.): Meets first and third Tuesday of each month at 7:30 p.m. at National Capital Bank Hall, 316 Pa. Ave. S.E.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF THE UNITED BREWERY WORKMEN OF AMERICA
Union MADE Beer
Ale AND Porter
COPYRIGHT & TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1903
THIS IS OUR LABEL.

VOTE
Against Prohibition
DEMAND
Personal Liberty
IN CHOOSING WHAT YOU WILL DRINK
ASK FOR THIS LABEL WHEN PURCHASING BEER, ALE OR PORTER.
As A Guarantee That It Is Union Made.

President Gompers Defines Labor's Attitude Toward Conscript Law

President Gompers has issued the following statement in regard to the operation of the selective conscription law:

"The passage of the selective conscription law makes it imperatively necessary that we work out some plan whereby we can prevent those men being drafted into military service who are absolutely indispensable to the production of munitions of war and things necessary to maintain the civilian population. In connection with this problem the experience of Great Britain is of great importance. At the beginning of the war their men were rushed to the front regardless of whether they were necessary in munitions production, and when the army was in the trenches it was found that there was needless loss of life because the men were not sufficiently supplied with arms of defense and offense. The needless loss of thousands of men brought Great Britain to the realization of the fact that the men in munitions factories were just as essential as the men on the firing line. Then began an intricate process of filtering out of the army the skilled mechanics to do the munitions work. All of this story was vividly and eloquently told to the committee on labor by the two representatives of the British labor movement sent by Lloyd George.

"In 1915 Great Britain enacted a munitions law by which those engaged in munitions production were exempt from military service. Certain trades were selected as indispensable and the men employed in these estbalishments were classified as in the industrial service. In order to distinguish those who were engaged in this munitions work the minister of munitions was given authority to issue war service badges to such persons in accordance with rules. The rules forbade the wearing of such badges by any persons except those engaged on munitions work or work for war purposes. However, the British labor representatives told us that the wearing of the industrial service badge had not been made compulsory and had by unfortunate circumstances often fallen into disrepute. They suggested that it would be advisable to make the wearing of the badge compulsory and to make it always an honorable distinction.

"When the question of the exemption of individuals in a particular trade arises due to the change in the working arrangements in the establishment, the last person employed is the one to be released for military service. This simple regulation has prevented what otherwise might work a great hardship upon the labor organization, for all workers are familiar with the ingenuity with which employers can find reasons for discharging those who are active in the labor movement. If there were no such provision, all 'undesirable' labor leaders would be at once drafted into military service.

"Another feature of exemptions in Great Britain is important. All full time labor officials have been exempt. This provision is based upon the recognition which the British government gives to the importance of maintaining the work of the organized labor movement, and thus enabling it to perform its function as an essential element in organization for production.

"Practically all war agreements affecting wage-earners in Great Britain have been the result of conferences between the representatives of trade unions and the government. There has been a spirit of co-operation that has made it possible for them to work out problems developing in war production. In all matters affecting the interests and welfare of workers the workers have their own representatives on the various boards and councils. This result in Great Britain came through the initiative of the government. In our own country there is a full realization that there must be this co-operation. Here, however, the initiative has come from the trade unions. Those workers indispensable to the production of munitions who are comprised in the unions affiliated to the metal trades department have offered the Secretary of the Navy to enter into an agreement with him based upon standards of justice, to furnish workers necessary for the production of munitions and to arbitrate all differences that may arise. Similar action has been taken by the miners. The carpenters and various other organizations have offered their services in any way that they can best be used. As yet, however, the government has made no answer.

"The fundamental demand which labor makes in connection with the conscription act is that representatives of wage-earners must be upon every board, national, state, and local, which has to do with the administration of the law. This demand is in accord with the methods found necessary in Great Britain and is founded upon justice and democracy. The wage-earners will be vitally affected by selective conscription and they ought to have representatives in such strategic positions.

"The spirit of labor in the nation's emergency has been generous and patriotic. They are willing to do their part and to give that which is part of their very lives. They must be met in the same spirit of fairness and co-operation by both the government and employers in order that the ideals of our republic may be maintained in the contest in which we are now engaged."

CARPENTERS LOCKED OUT.

Peoria, Ill., May 31.—Because members of Carpenters' Union No. 183 refused to sign an agreement which would deny them the right to act with other unionists, the Peoria Contractors' Association locked out these employes.

IRON MOLDERS RAISE WAGES.

Hamilton, Ontario, May 31.—Iron Molders' Union No. 26 has raised wages from $4 to $4.50 a day. Nearly 400 iron molders and coremakers will benefit.

BARBERS CLEAN UP BOSTON.

Boston, May 31.—Nearly 300 of the 325 shops in the jurisdiction of Barbers' unions Nos. 182 and 666 have signed the new wage agreement.

BREWERY WORKERS GAIN.

Denver, May 31.—Organized brewery workers have signed a two-year contract which raises wages $2 a week.

BAKERS WIN LONG FIGHT.

Dayton, Ohio, May 31.—Differences that have existed for nine years between the Bakers' Union and the Kroger Grocery and Baking Company have been settled by this concern signing a union shop agreement. The bakers secure wage increases and the nine-hour day.

Philadelphia, May 31.—A three-week strike of Bakers' Union No. 201 has been settled by the employers raising wages $2 a week and reducing the work day from ten to nine hours.

DENVER CIGAR MAKERS WIN.

Denver, May 31.—Cigar Makers' Union No. 129 has won its strike and raised rates $1 per thousand on all grades of goods. An additional $1 per thousand will be decided by arbitration. The unionists suspended work in defiance of Colorado's "can't-strike" law and ignored state officials charged with the enforcement of this statute.

Public Press Ignores Expose in Mooney Case

Labor Papers Aid in Supplying News of War Going on in San Francisco.

St. Louis, Mo., May 31.—Labor's repeated complaint against the public press is recalled by William M. Reedy, editor of Reedy's Mirror, who notes the silence of the average newspaper in the Mooney case.

"It is with a distinct shock," says Editor Reedy, "that one gets from the labor and weekly press, and not from the great dailies, some of the real news of the labor war that has been going on in San Francisco for several years, and which has culminated in the sentencing of Thomas J. Mooney to death and another man to life imprisonment.

"While the statements of both sides to the controversy should be accepted with reservations, in knowledge of the exceedingly bitter war that is being waged in that city between organized capital and organized labor, it does seem remarkable that such a trial with such sweeping charges and counter charges should have occurred without the country knowing scarcely anything about it. Now one of the main witnesses for the state has confessed that he was bribed, or at any rate an attempt was made to bribe him. The labor leaders make many other charges of 'plants' of evidence and subornation and sequestration of witnesses, to which no satisfactory reply has been made. At any rate, the charges of a 'frame-up' are positive and sweeping enough that one feels that justice will miscarry if these men are not given new trials. The great body of damning charges made by the labor people should then be thoroughly sifted.

"In the meantime, what of that 'palladium of our liberties,' the daily press? It has either ignored the whole matter or minimized it as much as possible. Its attitude in these cases seems to justify the designation hurled at it by labor—the 'capitalistic press.'"

TEXTILE WORKERS VICTIMIZED.

Chattanooga, Tenn., May 31.—The Davis hosiery mills are closed because the management attempted to stop employes from joining the Textile Workers' Union. This concern manufactures the "Buster Brown" hosiery and when some of its employes joined the union the others were notified that organized textile workers could not work at that plant. Out of 700 employes, thirty accepted the employer's viewpoint.

Parker, Bridget & Co.

"The Avenue at Ninth"

Featuring Extra Value

$15

Suits for Spring

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1 Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.

M. J. DUNNIGAN, President.....2007 14 Street N.W.
JOHN G. WOLFE, Vice-President.1023 N. J. Ave. N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W.

TRUSTEES

Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E.
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E.
Thos. L. Nevins.....504 Maine Avenue S. W.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe,.....1023 N. J. Ave. N. W
J. McElfresh,.....
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E.
A. Tenley.....964 Florida Ave. N. W.
M. Sullivan.....5631-2 15 St. S. E

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.

Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ARBITRRATION COMMITTEE.

M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W.
M. A. Wolfe,.....418 F St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. E.
Joseph Harding.....210 13 St. S. W.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....2006 2nd St. N. W
R. Pumphrey.....223 Q St. N. W.
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W.
Frank Miller .....50 K St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. W

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Capitol St.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L St. S. W.

DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.

John Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave.
William Pollard.....522 14th St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

UNION OPERATOR — Local No. 224 — Wash. D.C. — Affiliated with Central Labor Union & A. F. of L.

American, 1st st. and R. . ave.n.w.
Apollo, - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Auditorium, 13th st. and N. Y. ave.n.w.
Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Belasco Theater, 15th and Madison Pl.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Cosmos - - Pa. Ave. bet. 9th & 10th
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N. W.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Eagle Gate - Soldiers Home Entrance
Elite Theatre, 14th and R. I. ave. n. w.
Empire, - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Empress - - 9th bet. D and E N.W.
Favorite, H St. North Capitol & First
Florida - - 15th St. & Fla. Ave. N.E.
Garden Theatre, 423 Ninth st. n. w.
Gayety Theatre - - 513 9th St. N.W.
Georgia - - - Ga. Ave. and Park Rd.
Glen Echo Park - - Glen Echo, Md.
Happyland - - 7th bet. L & M N.W.
Home Theater, C bet. 12th & 13th n. e.
Leader - - - - - - 507 9th St. N.W.
Liberty Theatre, N. Capitol & P St.
Loewe's Columbia . . F near 12th
Lyric Theatre - - 14th near Park Rd.
Maryland - - - 624 9th St. N. W.
"M" Street Theatre, M St. near 32nd
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Odeon - - 14th and Church Sts. N. W.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15, N.W.
Palace - - - - 312 9th St. N.W.
Penn Gardens - - 21st St. & Pa. Ave.
Plaza Theatre - 434 9th st. n. w.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Regent - - 18th & Cal. Ave. N.W.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
Savoy, - - - 14th and Col. Road.
Senate Theater - - 324 Pa. Ave. S.E.
Strand, - - - - - - Ninth and D.
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N. E.
Stanton Park - - 219 4th St. N.E.
Truxton - - N. Capitol and Fla. Ave.
Virginia - - - 614 9th St. N. W.
Victoria - - - - 7th and E Sts. S.W.
Washington & Park - 18th & U Sts.
Zenith Theater - - 625 8th St. S.E.

The only strictly

UNION TAILORING

house in the city

M. STEIN & CO.

TAILORS

Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

PHONE NORTH 2349

DONOVAN'S

FINE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS

2008 14th St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

LIST OF LIQUOR DEALERS WHO HAVE SIGNED "THE AGREEMENT."

Allen, Paul.....2 N st. n| e.
Allen, John J...807 N. C. Cap st. n. e.
Beirkle, Leopold, - 1245 H st. n. e.
Boyle, William J., 601 Mass. ave n. w.
Castelli, Vincent, 502-504 Ninth st.n.w.
Clark, C. H.....510 9th st. n. w.
Colonial Beach Boat Co.
Costello, Bros.....604 G st. n. w.
Crowley, James J.....702 E st. n. w.
Daly, T. J.....34 H st. n. e.
Daye, Wm. T.....1218 Wisc. ave.
Doyle, Wm. T....1314 Wisc. ave. n. w.
Duffy, James A. -901 1-2 E st. n. w.
Wm. R. Fosbender, 406 Ninth st. n w.
Franey, F. A.....711½ 9th st. n. w.
Frank, Mrs. M. E. - 319 G st. n. w.
Ganey, M.....615 7th st. s. w.
Glavin, Edwin.....309 G st. n. w.
Hannan, Mrs. E.....531 7th st. s. w.
Hanlon, Timothy.....822 H st. n. e.
Kelliher, J. D.....1258 7th st. s. w.
Killeen, John F.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Louis Hodges, - - 407 9th st n. w.
Lynagh, Peter J.....523 7th st. s. w.
Lynch, John.....417 9th st. n. w.
McCarthy, F. J.....910 4½ st. s. w.
McCarthy, Jas. J.....1402 H st. n. e.
McDonald, F. J.....643 Pa. ave. s. e.
McGinniss, H. J., 1001 N. Y. ave. n. w.
McGuire, J. Chas., 519 Ninth st. n. w.
McHough, Martin....1105 H st. n. e.
Milton Schmidt, - 702 7th st. n. w.
O'Connor, D. J.....100 G st. n. w.
O'Connor, Patrick F., 617 D st. n. w.
O'Connor, James.....1429 N. Cap. st.
O'Day, John T. - 921 Ninth st. n. w.
O'Donnell, James J...333 Pa. ave. s. e.
Peter White, - - - 905 D st. n. w.
Raftery, Thomas.....406 H st. n. e.
Raftery, Patrick.....225 11th st. n. e.
Roland, J. H.....511 9th st. n. w.
Scanlon, Daniel,.....103 H st. n. w.
Schroter, Conrad....3258 M st. n. w.
Schltz, Mary T.....607 G st. n. w.
Sheehan, John J., 701 North Cap. st.
Solon, Mary A., - 1003 7th st. e.
Stern, M. M.....601 7th st. n. w.
Stanton, Frank J.....1314 Wisc. ave.
Sullivan, David, 12th and E st. n. w.
Sullivan, John J., 1351 35th st. n. w.
The Casino, Frank Farenkamp (Chesapeake Beach).
Victor Buffet Co., Inc., 7th and G n. w.
Walsh, David, - - 407 10th st. n. w
Wassman, Henry, 705 Seventh st. n. w.
Wiedeman, Joseph....629 E st. n. w.
William J. O'Leary, 733 North Cap. st.
Wininghcr, Harry 631 Pa. ave. s. e.
Wolf, Frank, - 512 12th st. n. w.

MEATS — GROCERIES — F.

Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the

OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.

930 La. Ave. N.W.
501 8th St. S.E.
3101 M St. N.W.
7th & Q Sts. N.W.
1105 H St. N.E.
1632 N. Capitol St.
3420 Ga. Ave. N.W.
1935 14th St. N.W.
138 7th St. N.E.
1776 U St. N.W.
3113 14th St. N.W.
701 H St. N.E.
726 7th St. N.W.
1440 P St. N.W.
918 La. Ave. N.W.
2002 Ga. Ave. N.W.
739 N. Capitol St.
712 K St. N.W.
3420 M St. N.W.
1714 14th St. N.W.
3608 14th St. N.W.
2030 P St. N.W.

POULTRY — BREAD — PRODUCE

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK

FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST

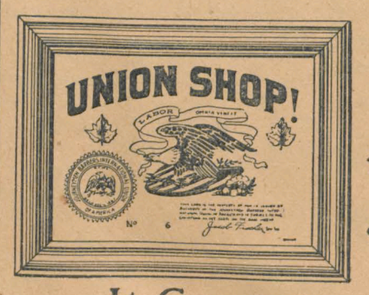
OPEN 9 A.M. TO 5:30 P.M.
SATURDAYS 9 A.M. TO 1 P.M. and 6 P.M. TO 9 P.M.

3 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts

COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

Look for the

UNION SHOP CARD



It gives our members a Shorter Work day and Sunday Rest

It Guarantees to You

CLEANLINESS and EXPERT SERVICE

Clothes Talk!

The Better They Look the Louder They Talk

We Clean, Press and Repair them and give them a tone of DISTINCTION

CALL US — WE'LL CALL

The Hoffman Company

CLEANERS AND DYERS

There is a Hoffman Branch in YOUR Neighborhood

AUTO DELIVERY SERVICE

THE PLATE PRINTER

Official Organ Plate Printers International Union.

P. J. RYAN, Editor. — CHAS. T. SMITH, Assoc. Editor.

Subscription $1.00 Per Year

Telephone 4528 — Wash. Loan & Trust Bldg.

Washington District Council of Carpenters

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

ROBERT ADAM, President, Local 2563, U. B., 1511 Vermont Avenue N.W.
R. H. BURDETTE, Vice President, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
E. B. BYRNE, Secretary, Local 132, U. B., 425 G Street N.W.
F. A. SHOESMITH, Treasurer, Local 2563, U. B., 5209 Georgia Avenue N.W.
C. H. ADAMS, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 804 A Street N.E.
R. H. BURDETTE, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
H. PAGE, Trustee, Local 2563, U. B., 336½ 13th Street N.E.
ROBERT REICHARD, Local 132, U. B., 1720 34th Street N.W.
J. H. RYAN, Local 132, U. B., 1101 11th Street S.E.
FRED HOOK, Local 2563, U. B., 1528 8th Street N.W.
WILLIAM MACKIE, Local 2563, U. B., 216 Seaton Place N.E.

BUSINESS AGENT.
GEO. MYERS, 425 G Street N. W.

THE MILTON SCHOOL

Oxford Bldg., 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.

Stenography
Typewriting
English
Spanish

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO BEGINNERS

Now in larger quarters in the Oxford Building, 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.

Phone Main 3871

WM. H. HOWLIN

American Federation of Labor Building

9th Street and Mass. Avenue

Engrossing Resolutions, Diplomas Charters and Fancy Pen Work of All Descriptions

GEO. D. HORNING,

N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.

LOAN OFFICE

Takoma Bread

Fresh Three Times Daily

AT ALL GROCERS

Havenner Baking Company

Established 1815

LANSBURGH & BRO.

"DRY GOODS ONLY"

The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City

420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

CORBY CAKE

AT ALL GROCERS

When in Doubt, Buy of

HOUSE & HERRMANN

FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.

N.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W

The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

L.P.E.U.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXI. NO. 50 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, JUNE 8, 1917. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

Nation Is Accepting Trade Union Position

Labor Laws and Other Social Legislation Must Not Be Waived or Weakened Because of War.

Reports to A. F. of L. headquarters indicate that the nation's best thought is accepting the trade union position that labor laws and other social legislation must not be waived or weakened because of the war.

Exploiters of labor have failed to twist the declaration of the council of national defense to suit their purpose. This declaration is based on possible eventualities that would imperil our national life. The council insists that it, rather than an employer or group of employers who would take advantage of war's first alarms, is the best judge of future conditions.

President Wilson's clear-cut declaration on May 15, in addressing a delegation of trade unionists, has been a powerful factor in checking this tendency, as it is a notification to labor exploiters that they can expect no aid from the nation's chief executive in their attempt to tear away the foundations of social progress. The President said:

"I have been very much alarmed at one or two things that have happened: At the apparent inclination of the legislatures of one or two of our states to set aside even temporarily the laws which have safeguarded the standards of labor and life. I think nothing could be more deplorable than that.

"Therefore, I shall exercise my influence as far as it goes to see that that does not happen and that the sacrifices we make shall be made voluntarily and not under the compulsion which is mistakenly interpreted to mean a lowering of the standards which we have sought through so many generations to bring to their present level."

In his telegram of April 30 to Illinois trade unionists, Secretary of War Baker said:

"The recommendation of the Council of National Defense was that power to suspend existing statutes be granted only in emergency cases involving the national defense, and then only upon request of the council and for a stated period. The declared policy of the council is to maintain all existing laws and regulations. No position has been taken by the council in opposition to or discouragement of the passage of further regulations looking to improvement in industrial conditions."

Secretary of Commerce Redfield took the same position in his address before the convention of the National Association of Manufacturers, New York, May 16:

"In practice, therefore, there should be no disturbance of labor standards, no suggestion of altered hours. Let these things rest till the nation itself calls. Keep the standards of living untouched and the standard of friendly leadership exalted. If the nation's need shall call, you will be told what is required. Till that call shall come, let there be no undue pressure upon labor and let no advantage be taken whether for profit or for pride or supposed principle in the hour of the nation's trial."

These declarations by President Wilson and his cabinet officials are in line with the present attitude of the British government after its disastrous experience following an assent to the plea of employers identical to that in our own country. British authorities have acknowledged their mistake and the maintenance of labor standards is now their greatest consideration.

This war will not be a 100-yard dash, with the contestants calling on every ounce of energy for the few seconds necessary to cover the distance. The present emergency will be a long struggle, a marathon. Under these circumstances it is worse than unwisdom to devitalize our first line of defense, the producers, by stripping them of protection against employers whose ideals are less of patriotism than of profits and dividends.

GET SATURDAY HALF-HOLIDAY.

San Francisco, June 7.—Over 8,000 carpenters and allied craftsmen in the mill industry in this section are enjoying the Saturday half-holiday, which has just been established as the result of thorough organization and conferences with employers. These workers secured the eight-hour day seventeen years ago after a six-month strike and since then they have made continuous gains without suspending work.

ELECTRICAL WORKERS GAIN.

Philadelphia, June 7.—Electrical Workers' Union No. 98 has raised wages 6¼ per cent after a series of negotiations with employers.

STATE UNIONISTS CONFER.

Anniston, Ala., June 7.—Closer affiliation with farmers and the railroad brotherhoods was agreed to by the state federation of labor at its convention in this city. A modified single tax for the state of Alabama was favored. President Barganier and Secretary-Treasurer Bowen were re-elected and Tuscaloosa was chosen as the next convention city.

MACHINISTS WIN STRIKE.

Beaver, Pa., June 7.—After a three week strike machinists employed by the Standard Scale & Supply Company have returned to work. Their demand for a 20 per cent wage increase has been adjusted.

Refuse Credentials to I.W.W. Representatives

Seattle Central Labor Council Will Recognize Only Affiliates of A. F. of L.

Seattle, Wash., June 7.—The central labor council has tired of being bitten by the thing it feeds and will hereafter refuse credentials to I. W. W. representatives to visit unions for financial and moral assistance.

Local trade unionists are agreed that the "solidarity" cry of the "revolutionists" is a catch phrase and show that while the whole-hearted support of trade unionists in the recent Everett cases was gladly accepted, the I. W. W.'s have taken advantage of this splendid spirit by increasing their efforts to organize dual unions and split the organized movement.

This jug-handled "solidarity" is rejected by the central labor council, which declares that the A. F. of L. is big enough and broad enough to embrace all those who toil and that its policies are subject to change according to the will of its membership.

"This council," the resolutions continue, "calls upon all those yet unorganized to beware of organizations that hold out high-sounding, but empty promises, tearing down rather than building up." The unorganized are urged to affiliate with the A. F. of L., "which is recognized the world over as the organization representing the workers of America."

"Resolved, that hereafter this council refuse to issue credentials to representatives of the I. W. W. to visit unions affiliated with the A. F. of L. for the purpose of soliciting moral or financial assistance or carrying on their propaganda, and that this council recommend that local unions having no such clause in their constitution take such steps as are necessary to bar their members from holding membership in any dual organization to their local union affiliated with the A. F. of L., through which agency they can fully protect their interests and bring about improved conditions in an orderly, sane and effective manner."

Everett, Wash., June 7.—At the convention of the International Shingle Weavers' Union it was resolved that any member of this organization holding an I. W. W. card must give up same or forfeit membership in the Shingle Weavers' Union. These unionists declare that the A. F. of L. is broad enough to embrace all toilers.

STREET CAR MEN GAIN.

Rochester, N. Y., June 7.—The New York Street Railways and the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employes have settled differences on wages for tripper men and short runs. General Manager Hamilton, on behalf of the company, and A. F. of L. Organizer Roach, representing the employes, have agreed that hereafter men on extra runs will receive a minimum six hours' pay and regular men on short runs will receive nine hours' pay. The two representatives adjusted matters without calling in a third arbiter.

CITY EMPLOYES GAIN.

Harrisburg, Pa., June 7.—Both branches of the legislature have passed the Burk bill which requires second-class cities to add $150 to the wages of all employes receiving $1,500 or less. Provision is made for employes to take court action where city authorities refuse to obey the law.

TEAMSTERS ORGANIZE.

Knoxville, Tenn., June 7.—Low wages and poor working conditions have forced teamsters in this city to organize. About 100 have already signed the roll.

Federal Clerks to Form National Union

President Gompers Issues Call for Convention at A. F. of L. Building September 17.

President Gompers has issued a call to the forty-nine unions of federal employes affiliated with the A. F. of L. to elect representatives to a convention which will be held in A. F. of L. building September 17 for the purpose of organizing a national union.

The basis of representation in the convention will be one delegate from each local union with a membership of 100 or less; two delegates from unions of from 100 to 250; above 250 to 500, three delegates; above 500 to 1,000, four delegates and above 1,000, five delegates.

The A. F. of L. has conducted a campaign of organization among federal employes and these unionists, now numbering 7,299, will be merged into a national body, chartered by the A. F. of L.

LOSES ANTI-DAFT FIGHT.

San Francisco, June 7.—The state supreme court has denied the application of Ferdinand Claudius of Oakland, who asked to be relieved from military registration, under the conscription law, on the ground that the thirteenth amendment to the federal Constitution prohibits involuntary servitude.

It is believed that this case is without parallel in the legal history of the United States.

WILL MEDIATE DISPUTES.

Cleveland, Ohio, June 7.—Recent strikes and lockouts in the building industry have resulted in the Building Trades Council and the Building Trades Employers' Association creating a board of conciliation of seven men from each organization to settle industrial disputes. Where a dispute arises the arbitration committees in the respective trades will act and if unable to agree the matter will be referred to the board of conciliation. No strike or lockout shall be inaugurated until the board has attempted an adjustment. Jurisdictional disputes shall be acted on by the board without reference to trade arbitration committees.

While the present plan is yet in its infancy both sides are hopeful that under it strikes and lockouts will be minimized.

IRON MOLDERS REDUCE HOURS.

Westfield, Mass., June 7.—After a three-month strike iron molders employed by the H. B. Smith Company have reduced the work day from ten to nine hours and increased wages for day work from $3.60 to $4.25. Piece work molders are increased 18 per cent. Laborers are increased 25 cents a day.

PAINTERS URGE SANITATION.

Springfield, Ill., June 7.—A committee of the house of representatives has reported favorably on a sanitary bill urged by organized painters. The measure is intended to compel the removal of old wall paper and calcimine and to give proper attention to houses where contagious diseases have been prevalent.

PAPER WORKERS WANT MORE.

Holyoke, Mass., June 7.—Unions whose members are employed in paper mills in this vicinity have made an alliance to secure higher wages and oppose the bonus system. The combination includes paper makers, plater workers, cutter girls, loftmen, steam engineers, millwrights and stationary firemen.

Fatalities in Shops Ally to Our Enemies

During Period From May 15, 1915, to May 15, 1916, Number of Injuries Totaled 114,567; 453 Deaths.

Existence in shop, factory or mine of conditions responsible for industrial accidents is a potent ally to those with whom the United States is at war, says E. E. Watson of the Ohio state industrial commission, who has analyzed industrial accidents in that state during the period between May 15, 1915, and May 15, 1916. The number of injuries totaled 114,567, of which 453 resulted fatally, and 2,116, or a number sufficient to fill two regiments, resulted in permanent disabilities.

"These 453 deaths," said Actuary Watson, "represent the equivalent of the entire wiping out of four military companies of 100 men each. The injuries represent the permanent disabling of twenty-one companies, all made ineligible for enlistment, and the temporary disabling of 1,120 companies.

"From a war standpoint the loss is just as great to the United States, whether a man is killed or maimed while working on the forging or machining of shrapnel shells in the factory, by the dough mixer in a bakery, a bolt or pulley in a flour mill, digging coal in a mine, operating a hay baler or threshing machine on a farm, or whether he is killed by the bursting of the enemy's shrapnel."

It is stated that while a great majority of employers of the state try to safeguard their employes from injury, "there yet remains a group of employers that is notoriously reckless, and another group that is indifferent to the safety of its employes, and employers feeling that having paid their premium into the state insurance fund, they can forget about accident prevention."

CARPENTERS CONTINUE GAINS.

Indianapolis, June 7.—General Secretary Duffy of the Brotherhood of Carpenters reports the following recent gains by affiliates.

Mt. Carmel, Pa.—Wages increased from 37 to 45 cents an hour. Boise, Idaho—50 to 62½ cents. Coatesville, Pa.—40 to 50 cents; workday reduced from nine to eight hours. French Lick, Ind.—40 to 45 cents. Regina, Saskatchewan, Canada—Increase of 10 cents an hour; Saturday half-holiday. Ashtabula, Ohio—50 cents an hour; union shop. Oshkosh, Wis.—45 to 50 cents. Huntingburg, Ind.—35 to 40 cents. Athol, Mass.—40 to 42½ cents. Wellsville, Ohio, and Bend, Ore.—$4 to $4.50 a day. Pocatello, Idaho—$5.50 to $6, effective July 1. Kingston, N. Y.—$3.40 to $3.75.

SHEET METAL WORKERS GAIN.

Pittsburgh, Pa., June 7.—Sheet Metal Workers' Union No. 12 has established a record in its wage negotiations by increasing rates 80 cents a day.

Kansas City, Mo., June 7.—Editor Bray of the Sheet Metal Workers' Journal writes that of the 100 cases where affiliates have recently asked for changes in working conditions 90 per cent have succeeded without resorting to strike, and one-half of the 10 per cent have already won their demands. During the past sixty days seventeen new locals have been chartered by this international.

GET SATURDAY HALF-HOLIDAY.

In order to give their faithful employes more time for rest and recreation, the E. J. Murphy Paint Company have decided to close their store at 1 o'clock on Saturdays during the entire year, and, as usual, to close week days at 5 o'clock during the months of June, July and August. The early Saturday closing went into effect last Saturday.

PAINTERS RAISE WAGES.

Santa Rosa, Cal., June 7.—After a two-week strike Painters' Union No. 364 has established its new wage scale, which raises rates from $4.50 to $5 a day.

TRICKY TERMS CONFUSE.

Chicago, June 7.—The term "compulsory arbitration," which is as tricky as the term "open shop," is placed in its proper relation by A. A. Graham, writing in the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen's Magazine.

"'Compulsory arbitration,' like 'enforced choice,' 'restrainted liberty' or 'black-white,'" he says, "is a misuse of terms, a contradiction, an impossible thing, a nonentity, for the reason that, whenever you undertake to make it compulsory, you no longer have arbitration.

"Arbitration is entered upon by mutual agreement and not otherwise. Compulsion divests it of every element of arbitration. While you can have this condition and call it 'compulsory arbitration,' yet you have something altogether outside and beyond arbitration. You then have litigation, the function of a court. One person may sue another, and compel him to come into court and defend himself or his rights, if he have any, or judgment will be taken against him by default, on which execution will be issued. This is precisely 'compulsory arbitration.'"

PERHAM RE-ELECTED.

Seattle, Wash., June 7.—President Perham of the Order of Railroad Telegraphers was re-elected at the convention of this organization. Secretary-Treasurer Quick is replaced by C. D. Rawlings of Indiana. The telegraphers' executive is sixth vice president of the American Federation of Labor.

MINERS ACCEPT WAGE SCALE.

Du Bois, Pa., June 7.—The special convention of district No. 2, United Mine Workers, has indorsed an agreement recently reached at Washington. Wages are increased and working conditions, objected to for years, will be improved. Before the vote was taken Secretary of Labor Wilson, former secretary of the United Mine Workers, addressed the convention and answered questions. The cabinet official assisted in preparing the Washington agreement.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF [WASHINGTON TRADES AND LABOR COUNCIL] 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., JUNE 8, 1917.

FORGOTTEN ENMITY.

What a wonderful picture we saw Thursday when hundreds of Confederate Veterans marched up Pennsylvania Avenue to the strains of patriotic airs, cheered on either side by thousand of enthusiastic onlookers. The enmity which existed when these veterans joined their colors is forgotten, and now the U. C. V. and G. A. R. stand side by side as brothers, giving their sons to the cause which this country is championing—liberty.

How soon will capital and labor stand side by side—in unison? How long will it take selfish and heartless employers to learn that labor has the same right to liberty as they have themselves? We have had some instances where mercy has been shown, but there still remains much room for improvement. Trade unionism has solved this question without resorting to radicalism, and year by year the movement is growing, and employers are beginning to realize labor's rights.

Trade unionism has been recognized by the United States government and the many states by the appointment of officials to committees of importance bearing on the preparation of this country for war against a common enemy. This is another step in our favor.

There probably will come the day when disputes between capital and labor will be at an end, but much work must be done for labor's cause by those already enrolled. We must unite and stand solidly against our common enemy until such time as our aims are realized. Industrial freedom and liberty for all workers must come before enmity between capital and labor is forgotten.

Queensland, Australia, has 43,000 factory workers.

"SUSPEND PROFITS" SUGGESTS GOMPERS.

Writing as chairman of the committee on labor, advisory commission, Council of National Defense, President Gompers makes this suggestion to T. G. Cranwell, president Continental Can Company, Syracuse, N. Y.:

"Suppose you and your fellow manufacturers were willing to suspend entirely, in this hour of the country's emergency, the pursuit of profits, would there be any possibility of a shortage of tin cans?"

The manufacturer urged a modification of laws governing the hours for women workers, which was disagreed to by President Gompers, although the trade unionist says he fails to understand how he can be of "some assistance" in this case.

In answer to the claim that there is a scarcity of labor, President Gompers says:

"It is to be regretted that there is no public method by which such assertions may be proved or disapproved.

"There may be a scarcity of some kinds of labor in your district at lower wages than are acceptable to unemployed persons who might fill a demand at what they regard as living wages at steady work.

"In all these cases the absence of public employment agencies which might indicate the movement of supply and demand of workers leaves the interested observers without other help than their own or other men's guess work."

President Gompers quoted statements made by officers of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers in a conference with Secretary of Commerce Redfield and himself that the deficit in the output of cans could not be laid to the door of labor, as it could be shown that in certain places members of this union are not working full time.

Railroad section men in Hawaii get $1.50 a day.

WHAT JAPAN HAS LEARNED.

Japan is going into the insurance business.

That country has decided to make a government monopoly of industrial insurance, which means the "funeral money" for workers of small means.

Private corporations are peremptorily forbidden by law to write life insurance for sums of $125 or less.

The idea of the Japanese government is that the masses of the industrial population, living close to the bare margin of existence, should be spared from exploitation by profit-making companies that give wholly inadequate insurance protection in return.

In this respect Japan's policy is in accord with the general practice of the countries of Europe having universal health insurance. It conforms to the principle of the universal health insurance movement, so rapidly gaining ground in this country, that private insurance must be compelled to "keep hands off" if those who are most in need of sickness protection are to have it.

Millions of dollars, made up of the precious pennies of the poor are paid every year to commercial companies in the United States for industrial insurance. Little more than a third of it gets back to the workers. Then it is practically a mere burial benefit. When health insurance is made universal the wage-earner receives, without any greater expense to him, not only burial insurance, but also medical, nursing and hospital care, medicines and appliances, and a cash benefit besides, as under workmen's compensation laws.

WHEN ONE MAN STOPS THE GAME.

BY THE REV. CHARLES STELZLE.

Did you ever see a ball game lost because somebody held the ball just a bit too long, thus giving the other side a chance to get the necessary runs? I have sometimes seen it in a labor hall.

Things were not going to suit the ideas of a delegate, so he deliberately balked. This did not help him or any one else. He simply had a chance to "stop the game" and he took it. The result was another setback for the cause of labor in his city.

Of course, the man who "holds the ball" isn't found merely in the ranks of labor—but he is there and that is why we are concerned about the matter. Sometimes he "holds the ball" because he doesn't understand and because he cannot comprehend his opponent he tries to destroy him. He has yet to learn that it is far better to try to understand, and—not to silence his adversary even though his adversary is wrong. If the one who opposes is right, he will win in the end anyway, and it is better to lose squarely than to be beaten out because of a stubborn refusal to study the other side of the question under consideration.

When a man makes bold and sweeping statements, they very commonly come from doubt and ignorance rather than from just conviction. The fellow who claims to have a monopoly of wisdom is just as much to be feared in a labor hall as elsewhere. He is more likely to "hold the ball" than the open-minded chap who wants all the facts and who is willing to face the weakness in a particular case in order to get the facts.

It is important in discussing the social questions of the day to remember that we have not yet mastered even the elements of the problems of society. Most of us are quick to suggest remedies which are based upon the examination of a few isolated facts or upon a very limited experience. Actually it is the man with the most limited experience who is always ready to offer the panacea—the cure-all—for every ill.

As a man comes to learn about the many-sidedness of life he becomes less ready to offer plans for saving society. Until the last fact has been brought out we cannot afford to be dogmatic in the labor movement. We must be opportunists—that is, we should be ready to do the next thing, whatever that may be. There are so many factors to be considered that no one can be infalliable. It takes the whole "nine" to win the game.

DO YOU KNOW THAT

Peace hath her health problems no less than war?

Constant vigilance is the price of freedom from flies?

The physical vigor of its citizens is the Nation's greatest asset?

Idleness is the thief of health?

Infected towels spread eye diseases?

Half the blindness in the world could have been prevented by prompt and proper care?

UNION LABEL AGITATION HURTS

New York, June 7.—At the annual convention of the National Association of Manufacturers a lengthy report on the "evils" of trade union label agitation and an appeal that "American manufacturers do all in their power to prevent organized labor from victimizing the women of America," proves the effectiveness of union label propaganda.

The convention's committee—the committee on the union label—discussed the label agitation policy of organized labor, which was denounced as an "attack" against the unionist, the manufacturer, the merchant and "against the general public—especially the American women."

UNIONISTS FAVOR LAND TAX.

Fort Worth, Texas, June 7.—At the annual convention of the state federation of labor a resolution was unanimously adopted calling upon the legislature to change the taxation laws in such manner that all taxes would be levied directly upon land and not upon the products of labor.

The governor was urged to take steps to conserve the food supply and insure its proper distribution rather than permit its use for speculation.

Horse Shoers of Seattle (Wash.) have raised wages $1 a day and secured an agreement with employers, who will hereafter pay $5 a day.

TUBERCULOSIS MOST DEADLY.

Statistics gathered by a life insurance company and published in tabular form in bulletin No. 207 by the federal bureau of labor statistics, shows that during the years 1911, 1912 and 1913 tuberculosis was responsible for the largest number of deaths (35 per cent) among clerks and office workers. Printers are next with 34.1 per cent; gas and steamfitters, 31.6 per cent; longshoremen, 29.2 per cent; teamsters and chauffeurs, 28.2 per cent; bartenders, 26 per cent; machinists, 25 per cent; cigar makers and tobacco workers, 24.1 per cent; textile workers, 22 per cent; iron molders, painters and paperhangers, 21.9 per cent; masons and bricklayers, 19 per cent; bakers, 18.8 per cent; laborers, 16.4 per cent; blacksmiths, 14 per cent.

Accidental violence was responsible for the largest number (42.3 per cent) of deaths among railroad enginemen and trainmen; railroad track and yard workers, 20.8 per cent, and coal miners, 20.4 per cent.

Respiratory diseases are prominent where the worker is exposed to colds, drafts and dampness, as masons and bricklayers, or to violent changes of temperature, as among teamsters and chauffeurs. Where work is heavy, as with iron molders, organic diseases of the heart prevail. Suicide is frequent where depressing influences are present, as among bakers and cigarmakers and typhoid fever is high where questionable water supplies are used, as among enginemen, trainmen, farmers, iron molders and laborers.

ESTABLISHED 1865 — 51 YEARS IN BUSINESS

BUY NOW! Xander's Pure Whiskies

Great Advance in Price Coming

CHRISTIAN XANDER'S

909 7th Street, Northwest. No Branch Houses. Phone M. 274

CORBY'S YEAST

Leaves nothing to guess-work.
Its purity and strength are uniform.
Every baker knows what that means.
Send for samples.

THE CORBY COMPANY

STATION K. WASHINGTON, D. C.

Representative Houses
OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

BANKS

NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burglar-proof vaults; acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth Street and New York Avenue.

WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee, etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK. A bank for the working people. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account. Ninth and G Sts. N. W.

UNION SAVINGS BANK. Commercial accounts. Three per cent interest on savings accounts. The oldest savings bank in Washington.

MICHAEL T. GREENE
Liquors and Cigars. 639 D St. N. W.

STONER'S BAR AND RESTAURANT
The, G. Stoner. 206 Seventh St.S. W.

J. CHAS. McGUIRE'S BUFFET
Federal Seal Whiskey. 519 Ninth St. N. W.

O'KEEFE'S BUFFET
P. J. O'Keefe, Prop. 904 Pa. Ave. N. W.

GLAVIN'S BUFFET
ED. J. GLAVIN 309 G Street Northwest

FRANK'S BUFFET
Fourth and G Sts. N. W. Phone M. 5572.

J. J. O'DONNELL'S BUFFET
333 Penn. Avenue S. E.

HARRY'S BUFFET
631 Penn. Ave. S. E. Phone Lin. 1843

MACHINIST

G. W. FORSBERG, formerly with Forsberg & Murray, Boilers. Eighth and Water Sts. S. W. Main 742.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

RALSTON & RICHARDSON, Evans Building, 1420 New York Avenue.

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.

SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (Inc.), Soda Water, Syrups, etc. 1066 Wis. Ave. N. W.

PHOTO SUPPLIES

E. J. PULLMAN. Developing and Finishing for Amateurs a Specialty. 420 9th St. N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS

MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Ave. N. W. Our Specialty, Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

FIRE INSURANCE

FIREMEN'S INSURANCE COMPANY, Seventh Street and Louisiana Avenue.

DRY GOODS

WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings. Hosiery, a Specialty. 806-808 H St. N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

UNDERTAKERS

J. WILLIAM LEE
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY
332 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.

W. H. BUTLER CO., 607-9 C St. N. W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT

NATIONAL MORTAR CO., 1st and M N.E.

COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING CO., 3036 K Street.

DRUGGISTS

CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth St. and Virginia Ave. S. E.

DAY & CO. 5th and G Sts. N.W., 14th and P N.W., 20th and R. I. Ave. N.E.

QUIGLEY, Druggist, 21st and G Sts. N.W.

A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner 7th and P Streets N. W. N. 2372.

Building Trades Headquarters Sixth and G Sts. N. W
Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rent

WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES TOBACCO. COSTELLO BROS

JOS. A. WILNER & CO.

UNION CUSTOM TAILORS

Novelties in Spring and Summer Goods

Cor. 8th and G Sts. N.W.

Some Chilled Facts

Eddy Refrigeration Is the Life of Food

In presenting to you our 1917 Eddy, we wish strongly to impress the fact that an experience of 70 years devoted to the production of Eddy Refrigerators has naturally perfected the Eddy product, established its reputation and maintained its prestige.

No other make of refrigerator has had the long life of the Eddy. It is the original refrigerator. The first refrigerator was an Eddy; the best refrigerator today is an Eddy. If a better refrigerator could be made, it would still be an Eddy. That is the Eddy standard, maintained throughout 70 years of progressive specializing on refrigeration.

The purchase of an Eddy Refrigerator is not an expense; it is a necessary investment that pays handsome daily dividends in the form of food kept healthy, less waste, less sickness, more comfort, greater enjoyment in eating. It makes for better, cheaper, easier living.

Dulin & Martin Co.
1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St.

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY

Equitable Life Insurance Co.
of the District of Columbia
THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.
Issues Ordinary and Industrial
Wm. A. Bennett, 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.
EQUITABLE BLD'G. 816 14th ST., N. W.

Saks & Company
MEN'S and BOYS' OUTFITTERS
Pa. Ave. & 7th St. Wash., D. C.

Specialists in Apparel for Men and Boys.

Clothes, Hats and Shoes
The Bieber-Kaufman Co.
901-909 Eighth St. S. E.
Down by the Navy Yard
Washington, D. C.

BUTLER'S RHEUMATIC and GOUT REMEDY.
A KIDNEY AND HEART TONIC
Manufactured Since 1872 By
BUTLER & FIELD
Third and Indiana Ave. N. W.
Price 50c a bottle. 6 for $2.50
For Sale By Druggists.

In Prescription Work
fresh drugs and careful compounding tell the story
WE FURNISH BOTH
WELLER'S DRUG STORE
8th & Eye Sts. S.E. 36th & M N.W.

FIREPROOF CONSTRUCTION
Hammett Fire Proofing Company
301-302-303 Wilkins Bldg.
Phone Main 3337.

Bell Brand Union-Made
COLLARS and SHIRTS
LARGE ASSORTMENT
T. HOLLANDER
North Capitol and H Streets

STORAGE PACKING FREIGHT HAULING
Merchants Transfer
— AND —
Storage Company
920-922 E Street Northwest
Phone Main 6900
SHIPPING MOVING HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

Joseph A. Moore, probational bookbinder, 50 cents per hour.

Raphael A. Mason, probational skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour.

Edward A. Foley, R. Clayton Shreve, Milton Brown, Nicholas A. Genaro, Joseph R. Burke, Herbert R. Morst, probational messenger boys.

Teresa W. Joyce, Elizabeth E. Key, Ora L. B. Nalls, Julia C. Simpson, Balvia E. Phillips, Catherine E. Leahy, Bertha M. Coleman, Maude E. Lee, Mary E. Kefauver, Louise F. McKillip, Frances L. Millstein, Nellie Hallman, Mattie E. Hammond, Eva B. Rich, Gertrude Fowler, Elsie M. Tighe, Ethel L. Turner, Florence B. Burrows, Florence Adams, Elenora C. Johnson, Anita M. Stewart, Christabel N. Webster, Josephine W. Fenton, Grace L. Jones, Mary M. Scanlon, Lucy E. Williamson, Massie B. Scott, Beulah C. Harris, Maude V. Butler, Naomi C. Soders, Edna L. Linkins, Marian S. Levy, Ruth N. O. Bruce, Ada P. Fentress, Elsie E. Milstead, Laura L. Young, Ethel V. Riddell, Macey L. Crawford, Carrie G. Webster, Rosebud O. Browne, Florence L. Caddick, Georgia J. Scribner, Martha B. Mitchell, temporary skilled laborers, (female), 25 cents per hour.

Separations.

Mrs. Mary M. Freeman, pressfeeder, resigned.

Miss Dorothy M. Farnham, clerk, resigned.

Vincent P. Guerriere, pressman.

William H. Flynn, proofreader, resigned.

John Bott, emergency electrician.

Charles E. Holmes, estimator and jacket writer, resigned.

Mrs. Anna H. Fugitt, telephone switchboard operator, resigned.

Maurice B. Cunningham, deliveryman, resigned.

Frederick F. Greenleaf, James H. Roy, James T. Johnson, Mack C. Bowser, James A. Simmons, James A. Dent, unskilled laborers, resigned.

Ella E. Bryan, Fannie V. Wormley, skilled laborers (female) resigned.

Rudolph H. Shepard, Sumner K. Healy, Stanley D. Harman, Ralph J. Harden, Thomas E. Graves, skilled laborers, resigned.

Transfers, Etc.

William J. Sammond, chief electrician, $2,000 per annum, to superintendent of buildings, $3,000.

Arthur Scofield, pressman in charge, 60 cents per hour, to pressman, 55 cents per hour.

Allan C. Clough, Daniel J. Harwood, proofreaders, 60 cents per hour, to revisers, 65 cents per hour.

William L. Pierce, copyholder, and William H. Flynn, linotype operator, to proofreaders, 60 cents per hour.

Henry M. Beadle, copyholder, to compositor, 50 cents per hour.

Edward P. Murray, proofreader, and Harvey W. Graham, maker-up, to copy editors, 65 cents per hour.

Martin J. McAndrews, skilled laborer, to deliveryman, $950 per annum.

Mrs. Elizabeth A. Tolson, bander, 30 cents per hour, to skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour.

Andrew S. Deming, Joseph F. Caltabiano, messenger boys, $375 to $420 per annum.

Leroy W. Marceron, Paul S. Fogle, messenger boys, $420 to $500.

Miss Mattie B. Young, assistant telephone switchboard operator, $600, to telephone switchboard operator, $720.

Ralph J. Orr, Amanda V. White, Caroline F. Rabe, Peal A. Yost, skilled laborers, to helpers, 30 cents per hour.

Emma L. Fulton, Maybel L. Marshall, skilled laborers, to machine operators, 27½ cents per hour.

Byron E. Hager, skilled laborer, to stockkeeper, $720 per annum.

Charles R. Dutrow, messenger boy, to skilled laborer, $626 per annum.

Oren J. Rudy, skilled laborer, to counter, 35 cents per hour.

Charles F. Cannon, helper, 30 to 35 cents per hour.

PRINTERS RAISE WAGES.

Toledo, Ohio, June 7.—The new wage contract secured by Typographical Union provides for a rate of $28 a week for day newspaper work and $31 a week for night work.

TEXTILE WORKERS LABEL

This Label is used upon hosiery of all kinds, underwear, coat sweaters, shirt cloths, wash cloths, and silk shoe laces and hat bands.

PHONE NORTH 2349
DONOVAN'S
FINE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS
2003 14th St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

OHIO RECOGNIZES UNIONS.

Dayton, Ohio, June 7.—Gov. Cox will appoint four trade unionists members of the Ohio branch, council of nation defense. Unionists will also be appointed on local boards having charge of exemption from military service under the federal conscription law.

The state executive made this agreement at a conference in this city with officers of the Ohio Federation of Labor and other trade unionists.

Secretary-Treasurer Donnelly of the state federation of labor says: "We believe Ohio is the first state to secure this recognition of the right of workers to be represented upon these councils and boards."

BOILER MAKERS GAIN.

Superior, Wis., June 7.—Boiler Makers' Union No. 171 has signed an agreement with the Superior Ship Building Company and the McDougal ship yards at Duluth. The nine-hour day will apply to the hull departments and wage increases as high as 12 per cent are secured.

CLOTH HAT AND CAP MAKERS LABEL

Size: One inch square, serial No. across surface of Label is printed in red. It is pasted and sewed in all Union-made cloth hats and caps of all description, including uniform, regulation, motormen, shop, engineer, miner, and straw caps.

Parker, Bridget & Co.
"The Avenue at Ninth"
Featuring
Extra Value
$15
Suits for Spring

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

J. G. O'DONNELL, President, 122 Sixth St. N. E.
M. J. DEERY Vice President, 2407 Girard St. N. E.
THOS. W. WOLTZ, Recording Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
G. H. F. DAVIS, Treasurer, 439 Second St. S. E.
W. I. STRATTON, Conductor, 617 Sixth St. N. W.
A. F. MOIRSETTE, Warden, 425 G St. N. W.
GEO. MYERS, Business Agent, 425 G St. N. W.

TRUSTEES.

F. J. NOLTE, 24 Eighth Street N. E.
MARK REILEY, 1127 B St. S. E.
A. P. TAYLOR, 622 I Street N. E.

DELEGATES TO THE DISTRICT COUNCIL.

R. H. BURDETTE, 1207 L Street N. W.
C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
E. B. BYRNE, 425 G Street N. W.
ROBERT REICHARD, 1720 35th Street N. W.
J. H. RYAN, 1101 Eleventh Street S. E.

DELEGATES TO THE CENTRAL LABOR UNION.

C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
R. H. BURDETTE, 816 K Street N. W.
W. S. HOLLOHAN, 814 Seventh Street N. E.
C. A. SAUNDERS, 244 9th St. S. E.
LOUIS LUEBKERT, 1314 Kerney St. N. E.

RELIEF COMMITTEE.

P. W. HAMILTON, 410 Tenn. Ave. N. E.
J. T. CLIFT, 4115 7th St. N. W.
M. FOLEY, 118 Seaton St. N. E.
W. B. DOLAN, 413 Mass. Ave. N. W.
J. A. SANKER, 2606 R. I. Ave. N. E.

MILL COMMITTEE.

F. E. KETTNER, 3016 Cambridge St. N. W.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
O. A. CARTER, Rosslyn, Va.

DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

G. H. F. DAVIS, 439 Second Street S. E.

ARMY RATIONS' COST TREBLED.

The report of the quartermaster's department of the United States Army is referred to skeptics on the subject of high cost of living.

According to figures made public it costs almost three times as much to feed an American soldier today as it did in the Spanish-American war. The cost in 1898 was 12.81 cents a day. Now it is 32 cents. The ration is a fixed standard, but the cost has mounted steadily in recent years. Omitting fractions, recent costs are: Year of 1914, 24 cents a day; 1915, 25 cents; 1916, 26 cents; January 1, 1917, 29 cents; May 1, 1917, 32 cents.

The International Brotherhood of Stationary Firemen have changed their title so that it reads the International Brotherhood of Stationary Firemen and Oilers.

UNITED GARMENT WORKERS LABEL

ISSUED BY UNITED WORKERS REGISTERED GENERAL EXECUTIVE BOARD 864530 AUTHORITY OF GARMENT AMERICA CLOTHING

READY MADE CLOTHING

This organization uses two Labels, one for ready made clothing and the other for special order clothing. The ready made Label appears upon shirts, collars, cuffs, men's summer underwear, and overalls. Particular attention should be given to the ready made Label of this organization in the purchasing of men's shirts. Millions of shirts are produced yearly

SPECIAL ORDER ISSUED BY UNITED WORKERS REGISTERED MADE TO ORDER CLOTHING BRANCH AUTHORITY OF GARMENT AMERICA 864530

SPECIAL ORDER CLOTHING

under the contract prison labor system and are sold under so many various names and brands that it is almost impossible to trace them. To be absolutely sure that the shirt you purchase is not made by the contract prison labor trust, the Union Label of the United Garment Workers should appear upon the same.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
Meets Every Monday Night
Typographica Temple
423-425 G St. N. W.
Secretary's Address: 606 5th St. N.W.
Telephone: Lincoln 4614

OFFICERS

HUGH D. DIGNEY.....President
MARY GANZHORN...V. President
N. A. JAMES.....Secretary
JOS. E. TOONE....Fin. Secretary
WM. H. SCHAFFER.....Treasurer
JOS. C. CLARK..Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES — Wm. Zell, W. W. Keeler, J. L. Considine.

COMMITTEES

Executive—Mary Ganzhorn, Chairman; Jos. E. Toone, N. A. James, W. A. Huttel, John R. Hartley, H. D. Digney and Wm. H. Shaffer.

Legislative—Jere McCarthy, Chairman; John Lorch, N. P. Alifas, Robert Jones and D. J. O'Leary.

Adjustment—W. A. Huttel, Chairman; Harry Hollohan, John Botts, Benj. Spellbring and John Schmidt.

Contract—John Hartley, Chairman; Wm. W. Keeler, W. H. Schaffer, C. H. Adams and C. C. Coulter.

Laws—Dan. Hassett, chairman; Harry Buie and R. H. Burdette.

Resolution—Jas. L. Considine, chairman; E. L. Tucker and Denis Southern.

Organization — Jos. E. Toone, Chairman; Jos. C. Clark, Henry Miller, Mary Burkhead and T. A. Franklin.

Auditing—Wm. E. Zell, Chairman; Laurence Curtin and John Deal.

Credentials—M. J. Costello, Chairman; Jas. Noyes and S. S. Parker.

Label—H. F. Oehler, Chairman, and John McGuigan.

Press—N. A. James, Chairman; John B. Colpoys and N. A. Sprague.

Delegates to Baltimore—Jos. E. Toone, Chairman; Harry Fiddesop and Sam De Nedrey.

CHESAPEAKE BEACH
— ON THE BAY —
Washington's Coney Island
Salt Water Bathing
Giant Derby Over the Water
New and Up-to-Date Bowling Alleys
FISHING BOATING CRABBING
FREE DANCING---Union Music
Fun for Young and Old
Cheap Fares—25c Daily, Except Sundays and Holidays, when it is 50c. For train schedule see Latest News or Bulletin, daily issues.

WE DO ALL KINDS OF
Job Printing
AND THE PRICE IS RIGHT
The Trades Unionist, 604-6 5th St. N. W.

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p.m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, F. S. Radman, 134 Seventh St. N. E.

Bakery Salesmen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at Moose Hall, Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers' Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; financial secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sundays in each month at 2 p.m., Painters' Hall, 6th and G Sts. N.W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N.W.

Blacksmiths and Helpers, Local 217, International Brotherhood of: Meets first and third Monday of each month at 650 Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, C. A. Chism, 418 Tenth street northeast.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. F. Miller, 19 Quincy Place northwest.

Binding Machine Operators, No. 7: Edward L. Ransdell, secretary, Cherrydale, Va.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets first and third Sunday of the month at the Secretary, T. Guiffre, 903 Pennsylvania ave. Moose Hall, Seventh and G Street Northwest. nue northwest.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 43: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E street southeast.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, G. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G Street N. W.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles' Hall. Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 520 Rhode Island Ave. N. E.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhau, 787 10th St. s. e.

Chauffeurs and Hack Drivers Union, Local No. 115: Meets the first and third Saturday of each month, G. A. R. Building, 1412 Pa. Ave. Secretary-Treasurer, Kirk C. Sipher, Room 25, 945 Pa. Ave. northwest.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wassaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Twelfth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3800 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructers, No. 10: Meets Paperhangers Hall, 430 Ninth Street N. W., second and fourth Thursdays of the month. Secretary, Edw. B. Finch, 33 P Street N. E.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets every Friday, at 8:00 p.m. Hall, S. E. Cor. Tenth and Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, Jas. P. Lahey, 816 5th street northeast.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and B Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hisle, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Employes' Union No. 14632: Meets second Friday of each month, Perpetual Building Association Hall. Secretary, W. M. Lynch, 409 A. F. of L. Building.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Watchmen's Union No. 14964: Secretary, Jas. H. Reed, Cor. Sec., 1228 B street southwest.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Glaziers Local No. 963: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, H. C. Turner, Mt. Rainier, Md.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, John T. Bowers, Twentieth and Twenty-first and L and M streets northwest.

Ice Cream Wagon Drivers and Helpers' Union, Local No. 111: Meets second and fourth Tuesdays at Typographical Temple, 425 G street northwest. Secretary-Treasurer, J. Neff Cline, 1211 North Capitol street.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Avenue S. E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 408 Twelfth St. N. E.

Laborers' Protective Union, No. 15037: Meets the second Tuesday of each month at the Cadets' Armory, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, E. E. McCormick, 1403 South Capitol street.

Laundry Workers, Local No. 110: Meets first Friday in each month at Winslow's Hall, 12 and R streets northwest. Secretary, Moten Jefferson, 550 Twenty-fourth street northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, W. N. Huttel, 1430 A St. N. E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday, 1204 Pa. Ave. N. W. Secretary, E. H. Fulton, Barcroft, Va.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. F. McDonnell.

Mill Workers Local No. 1694: Meets every Tuesday at Painters' Hall, 704 Sixth street northwest. Secretary, Robt. Reichard, 1720 Thirty-fourth street northwest.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third floor. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Business Agent.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 922 Pa. Ave. N. W. Phone M. 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets second Sunday and fourth Friday in each month. Secretary, Albert Bridges 210 L st. s. e.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 420: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers' Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday of every month, Red Room, The New Ebbitt, 8 p.m. Secretary, James A. Sullivan, 3910 5th street northwest.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Raymond R. Burrows, Clarendon, Va.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Robt. J. Barrett, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month. Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 820 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressmen, No. 1: Meets fourth Monday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N.E.

Railway Carmen, Pride of Potomac Lodge, No. 313, Brotherhood of: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F streets northeast, first and third Tuesdays. Secretary, L. H. Taylor, 1106 Seventh street northeast.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custodian and Janiter, 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, W. P. Cannon, 403 Twelfth St. S. E.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe. 326 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesdays at Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Harry Fiddesop, 61 R. I. Ave. N. E. (Apt. 6.)

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Mrs. H. B. Tritipoe, 1737 Willard street N. W., Apt. 20.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10.30 a. m. and 8.30 p. m. Secretary, G. W. Calderhead, Room 412 Wash. Loan and Trust Building.

The High School Teachers' Union of Washington, D. C., No. 8: Meets in the Music Room of the New Central High School at 3.30 p. m. the second Tuesday in the months of October, December, February, and May. Secretary, L. V. Lampson, Central High School.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle. 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 750 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Fridays, Typographical Temple. Secretary, L. M. Green, 2711 24th St. N.E.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: International Secretary-Treasurer, Jas. E. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G St. N. W. Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth St. N. W.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

National Capital Lodge, No. 92 (Ladies' Auxiliary, Int. Asso. Mach.): Meets first and third Tuesday of each month at 7:30 p.m. at National Capital Bank Hall, 316 Pa. Ave. S.E.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF THE UNITED BREWERY WORKMEN OF AMERICA
Union MADE Beer
Ale AND Porter
COPYRIGHT & TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1903
THIS IS OUR LABEL.

VOTE
Against Prohibition
DEMAND
Personal Liberty
IN CHOOSING WHAT YOU WILL DRINK
ASK FOR THIS LABEL WHEN PURCHASING BEER, ALE OR PORTER.
As A Guarantee That It Is Union Made.

War Emphasizes Need of Child Labor Laws

"The experience of war time has demonstrated the necessity—technical, economic and even physiological—of the labor laws enacted before the war. In our legislation, secured in time of peace, we shall find the conditions for a better and more intense production during the war."

These words of Albert Thomas, French munitions minister, illustrate the attitude of France and England after two years of emergency exemptions for war industries, according to the children's bureau of the United States Department of Labor, which has just completed a brief review of all available reports on child labor in the warring countries.

In France and England, earlier standards of hours are being restored, not only to protect the health of the workers, but for the sheer sake of industrial efficiency, present and future. In Italy the central committee on industrial mobilization has taken steps in the same direction. In Russia, a year before the revolution, a movement was under way to raise the age limit for children in industry.

Canada, Australia and New Zealand, in spite of the great armies of men they have sent to the front, have maintained their labor standards, with little or no variation. Victoria has slightly increased the amount of overtime which may be permitted to women and children in special cases. On the other hand, Manitoba has reduced its legal overtime. No change in restrictions on women and child labor is reported from New Zealand.

In England the war exemptions to the factory laws have not included a lowering of the age limits for factory work, and the exemptions to the school attendance laws permitted for agriculture and "light employment" are now bitterly regretted by the general education authority which has sanctioned them.

WAR CAN'T BE WAGED WITH CHAINED WORKERS.

A proposed West Virginia law that would suspend the functions of labor organizations during the war is the subject of editorial protest by the United Mine Workers' Journal, which declares that if labor is to be consulted in this war it must be organized, otherwise it cannot be represented.

"Labor here stands ready to lay its all on the altar of the country's need," says this paper, "but labor demands that the sacrifice must not be exacted from them at the behest of those who have ever been the enemies of industrial democracy; that have ever maintained a political autocracy in the territory they control through their undivided economic power—industrial autocracy.

"We can read too well the purpose behind this law. In fact, its authorship can be traced to the offices of the attorneys for non-union coal operators.

"We object to being held back from asserting our natural and constitutional rights by a display of our economic power by committees clothed with extra power in the name of the nation's needs, while those who have ever opposed our progress are permitted to exercise all their great political and economic power to destroy our organization, to prevent the natural development of our union.

No law framed by representatives and in the interests of those who would keep the workers servile, inarticulate, because divided, will be permitted to obstruct our natural function."

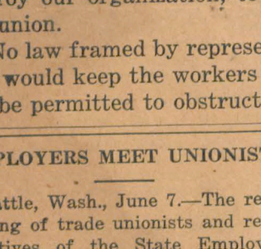
EMPLOYERS MEET UNIONISTS.

Seattle, Wash., June 7.—The recent meeting of trade unionists and representatives of the State Employers' Association is indicative of changed viewpoints by the latter. The meeting was called by the employers and on motion of President Brown of the International Shingle Weavers' Union a committee, consisting of three from each side, was appointed to arrange a program and consider subjects to be discussed at future meetings, when it is hoped a working understanding may be reached.

KILL EIGHT-HOUR BILL.

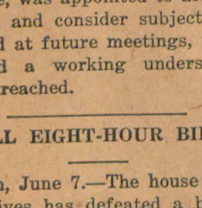
Boston, June 7.—The house of representatives has defeated a bill providing for the eight-hour day in paper mills that operate continuously. This measure came to the house in such shape that its advocates could not recognize it. The senate amended the bill so that it would not be unlawful for employers to "request" or "permit" their employes to work more than eight hours.

BOOT AND SHOE WORKERS LABEL



Shoes are not Union Made unless they bear a plain and distinct impression of the Union Stamp. An indistinct impression resembling our Union Stamp is likely to be a counterfeit.

LABEL OF BROOM AND WHISK MAKERS UNION



The blue label of this organization appears at the finish of broom and fastened under the wire.

TRYING TO HOLD LABOR.

Montgomery, Ala., June 7.—Judge Gunter of the circuit court has invalidated a city ordinance which prohibits any labor agent from enticing labor from this city and imposes a hard labor sentence for violation. The court ruled that both the federal and state constitutions prevent the enactment of such legislation.

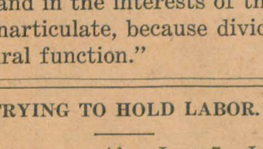
City authorities got around the decision by passing another ordinance which will compel labor agents to pay $1,200 a year.

Employers are alarmed at the inroads being made on their cheap-labor supply and are attempting to check it by legislation rather than by paying a living wage.

AGREE ON COMPENSATION LAW.

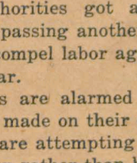
Richmond, Va., June 7.—The commission appointed to prepare a workmen's compensation act, for disposition by the next general assembly, has agreed on a tentative plan. Compensation is based on 50 per cent of weekly earnings and the maximum death benefit shall be $4,000. Weekly injury benefits shall not be more than $10 nor less than $5.

TOBACCO WORKERS LABEL



This is the Union Label of the Tobacco Workers International Union, and is found on wrappers of all tobaccos, snuff, and cigarettes that are Union made. The Label is printed in black on blue paper. Do not accept from your dealer any goods which do not bear this Label.

A. F. OF L. LABEL



The Label of the American Federation of Labor is issued to Local Unions who are directly affiliated. This Label is used upon various commodities, among them being badge and lodge paraphernalia, suspenders, horse nails, paper boxes and neckwear. The Label is printed on both cloth and paper.

Labor Shortage Cry Not Based on Facts

Plenty of Workers If Proper Wages and Housing Conditions Are Provided.

San Francisco, June 7.—There is plenty of labor if proper wages are paid and proper housing conditions furnished, says State Commissioner of Labor McLaughlin, who declares that the hysteria of chambers of commerce and certain farming interests is not supported by an analysis of the facts.

"The cry for farm labor," he says, "from the various farm districts is based largely upon the selfish desire of each community to secure to itself an excess supply of labor in order to make an abundant supply available at the time it will be reuired. If the number of farm laborers asked for by the various counties were totaled the aggregate would run into hundreds of thousands of men, in addition to the regular supply, which, on its very face, would be absurd, as California has not the acreage under cultivation for such a number of farm laborers, nor have we reason to believe that the acreage under cultivation has been greatly increased.

"It must be remembered that the crops of California do not all ripen at the same time. In fact, the season extends over the entire year, and the men employed in one county one month may be working in another county the next month.

"In the case of wages on farms, we find that most of the farmers today are only offering the same wages as were paid fifteen and twenty years ago. The experience of the public employment bureau has shown that wherever a farmer offers a proper wage for labor there is no difficulty in filling the jobs. A man cannot be expected to do farm work at fifteen cents an hour when he can obtain twenty-five cents and thirty cents in other employments under better working conditions.

"The housing and living conditions for farm laborers on farms in California are abominable. This state of affairs is now generally recognized. Only a few of the large ranches furnish living accommodations for their labor. The man applying for work is obliged to use the haystack or the ground for a bed and do his own cooking. Investigations of the bureau showed that over 60 per cent of farm laborers were not furnished board."

Commissioner of Labor McLaughlin declared that the employers who are making the loudest cry regarding the shortage of labor are the ones who want an adequate supply of labor at the former low-wage rates. The state official said that we should use the supply of labor at hand and correct present conditions before we even considered the importation of foreign labor.

"The employers who are willing to pay the wages now demanded by labor by reason of the increased cost of living, find no difficulty in obtaining the necessary supply," he said.

BRICKLAYERS ADVANCE.

Wichita, Kan., June 7.—The Brick Layers' Union in this city has raised wages from 75 to 87½ cents an hour.

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1
Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.

M. J. DUNNIGAN, President.....2007 14 Street N.W.
JOHN G. WOLFE, Vice-President.1023 N. J. Ave. N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W.

TRUSTEES

Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E.
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N.E.
Thos. L. Nevins.....504 Maine Avenue S. W.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe,.....1023 N. J. Ave. N. W
J. McElfresh,.....
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E.
A. Tenley.....964 Florida Ave. N. W.
M. Sullivan.....5631-2 15 St. S. E

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.

Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ARBITRATION COMMITTEE.

M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W.
M. A. Wolfe,.....418 F St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. E.
Joseph Harding.....210 13 St. S. W
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....2006 2nd St. N. W
R. Pumphrey.....223 Q St. N. W
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W
Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. W

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave.
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Capitol St.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L St. S. W.

DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.

John Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave.
William Pollard.....522 14th St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ANTIS WANT "FREEDOM."

Chattanooga, Tenn., June 7.—President Edgerton of the Tennessee Manufacturers' Association has his own ideas of "freedom."

When employes of the "Buster Brown" hosiery mills were handed a wage cut of from $2 to $3 a week they organized a union and were then discharged. President Edgerton has entered into the fight and declares his association intends to "keep Tennessee a free state."

To enforce this kind of "freedom" employers in many southern cities and towns are securing the passage of laws that penalize labor agents who induce workers to leave their respective localities. By driving labor agents away and smashing trade unions employers of the Edgerton kind are hopeful that their cheap labor supply will be conserved.

The Manufacturers' association has inoculated mill managements with its union antagonism and several plants have locked out their employes, who are joining the United Textile Workers' organization.

UPHOLSTERERS RAISE WAGES.

Cleveland, Ohio, June 7.—Upholsterers' Union No. 48 has raised wages after a five-week strike. A minimum rate of $21 a week is agreed to. Day workers will be paid $23 a week and piece workers secure a 10 per cent increase.

Jamestown, N. Y., June 7.—Organized upholsterers, on strike against the Shearman Bros. Lounge Company for nine weeks, have secured an agreement, improved working conditions and wage increases of from $2 to $3 a week.

MEAT CUTTERS AND BUTCHER WORKMEN'S UNION STORE CARD

The Store Card of the Meat Cutters and Butcher Workmen's Union is prominently displayed in such establishments as employ members of this organization.

The only strictly
UNION TAILORING
house in the city
M. STEIN & CO.
TAILORS
Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

UNION OPERATOR
LOCAL No. 224 WASH. D.C.
AFFILIATED WITH CENTRAL LABOR UNION & A.F. of L.

American, 1st st. and R. . ave.n.w.
Apollo, - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Auditorium, 13th st. and N. Y. ave.n.w.
Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Belasco Theater, 15th and Madison Pl.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Cosmos - - Pa. Ave. bet. 9th & 10th
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N. W.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Eagle Gate - Soldiers Home Entrance
Elite Theatre, 14th and R. I. ave. n. w.
Empire, - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Empress - - 9th bet. D and E N.W.
Favorite, H St. North Capitol & First
Florida - - 15th St. & Fla. Ave. N.E.
Garden Theatre, 423 Ninth st. n. w.
Gayety Theatre - - 513 9th St. N.W.
Georgia - - - Ga. Ave. and Park Rd.
Glen Echo Park - - Glen Echo, Md.
Happyland - - 7th bet. L & M N.W.
Home Theater, C bet. 12th & 13th n. e.
Leader - - - - - - 507 9th St. N.W.
Liberty Theatre, N. Capitol & P St.
Loewe's Columbia . . F near 12th
Lyric Theatre - - 14th near Park Rd.
Maryland - - - 624 9th St. N. W.
"M" Street Theatre, M St. near 32nd
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Odeon - - 14th and Church Sts. N. W.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15, N.W.
Palace - - - - 312 9th St. N.W.
Penn Gardens - - 21st St. & Pa. Ave.
Plaza Theatre - 434 9th st. n. w.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Regent - - 18th & Cal. Ave. N.W.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
Savoy, - - - 14th and Col. Road.
Senate Theater - - 324 Pa. Ave. S.E.
Strand, - - - - - Ninth and D.
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N. E.
Stanton Park - - 219 4th St. N.E.
Truxton - - N. Capitol and Flo. Ave.
Virginia - - - 614 9th St. N. W.
Victoria - - - - 7th and E Sts. S.W.
Washington & Park - 18th & U Sts.
Zenith Theater - - 625 8th St. S.E.

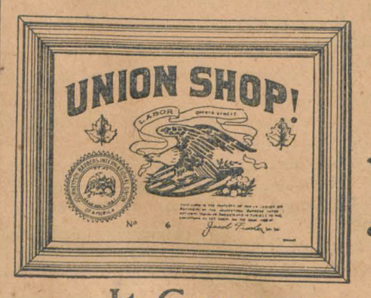
MEATS GROCERIES FISH
Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the
OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.

930 La. Ave. N.W. | 1935 14th St. N.W. | 2002 Ga. Ave. N.W.
501 8th St. S.E. | 138 7th St. N.E. | 739 N. Capitol St.
3101 M St. N.W. | 1776 U St. N.W. | 712 K St. N.W.
7th & Q Sts. N.W. | 3113 14th St. N.W. | 3420 M St. N.W.
1105 H St. N.E. | 701 H St. N.E. | 1714 14th St. N.W.
1632 N. Capitol St. | 726 7th St. N.W. | 3608 14th St. N.W.
3420 Ga. Ave. N.W. | 1440 P St. N.W. | 2030 P St. N.W.
| 918 La. Ave. N.W. |

POULTRY BREAD PRODUCE

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK
FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST
OPEN 9 A.M. TO 5:30 P.M.
SATURDAYS 9 A.M. TO 1 P.M. and 6 P.M. TO 9 P.M.
3 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts
COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

Look for the
UNION SHOP CARD



It gives our members a Shorter Work day and Sunday Rest
It Guarantees to You
CLEANLINESS and EXPERT SERVICE

Clothes Talk!
The Better They Look the Louder They Talk
We Clean, Press and Repair them and give them a tone of DISTINCTION
CALL US WE'LL CALL
The Hoffman Company
CLEANERS AND DYERS
There is a Hoffman Branch in YOUR Neighborhood
AUTO DELIVERY SERVICE

THE PLATE PRINTER
Official Organ Plate Printers International Union.
P. J. RYAN, Editor. CHAS. T. SMITH, Assoc. Editor.
Subscription $1.00 Per Year
Telephone 4528 Wash. Loan & Trust Bldg.

Washington District Council of Carpenters
Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple
ROBERT ADAM, President, Local 2563, U. B., 1511 Vermont Avenue N.W.
R. H. BURDETTE, Vice President, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
E. B. BYRNE, Secretary, Local 132, U. B., 425 G Street N.W.
F. A. SHOESMITH, Treasurer, Local 2563, U. B., 5209 Georgia Avenue N.W.
C. H. ADAMS, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 804 A Street N.E.
R. H. BURDETTE, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
H. PAGE, Trustee, Local 2563, U. B., 836½ 13th Street N.E.
ROBERT REICHARD, Local 132, U. B., 1720 34th Street N.W.
J. H. RYAN, Local 132, U. B., 1101 11th Street S.E.
FRED HOOK, Local 2563, U. B., 1528 8th Street N.W.
WILLIAM MACKIE, Local 2563, U. B., 216 Seaton Place N.E.
BUSINESS AGENT.
GEO. MYERS, 425 G Street N. W.

THE MILTON SCHOOL
Oxford Bldg., 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.
Stenography
Typewriting
English
Spanish
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO BEGINNERS
Now in larger quarters in the Oxford Building, 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.

Phone Main 3871
WM. H. HOWLIN
American Federation of Labor Building
9th Street and Mass. Avenue
Engrossing Resolutions, Diplomas Charters and Fancy Pen Work of All Descriptions

GEO. D. HORNING,
N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.

LOAN OFFICE

Takoma Bread
Fresh Three Times Daily
AT ALL GROCERS
Havenner Baking Company
Established 1815

LANSBURGH & BRO.
"DRY GOODS ONLY"
The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City
420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

CORBY CAKE
AT ALL GROCERS

When in Doubt, Buy of
HOUSE & HERRMANN
FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.
N.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W

The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I. P. E. U.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXI. NO. 51 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, JUNE 15, 1917. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

New York State Labor Laws Stand

Gov. Whitman Has Vetoed Bill Opposed by Trade Unionists When Before Legislature.

Albany, N. Y., June 14.—Gov. Whitman has vetoed the Brown bill, passed by the last legislature. The act would empower the state industrial commission to suspend any labor law on the claim of an employer that such action was necessary because of the war.

The bill was opposed by trade unionists and sympathizers who insisted that now was not the time to reduce labor standards. Reference is made to the report of the British government on this question and the complete reversal of England as compared with its attitude at the beginning of the war, when workers labored such long hours that their efficiency was destroyed.

These statements were not overlooked by Gov. Whitman, who said:

"If we are to attain the greatest measure of efficiency in our preparation and in our prosecution of the war, we must not permit our people who are engaged in industrial pursuits to become apprehensive that the standards erected for their protection will be set aside or permit heavy burdens to rest on those least able to bear them."

LOCAL TAILORS ORGANIZING.

Local No. 188, Journeymen Tailors Union of America, is taking on new life. An enthusiastic organizing campaign is now on. New members are swelling the roster. A meeting that portends great awakening among the custom tailors of Washington was held June 6. It was then decided to inaugurate a definite and continuous work of building up to greater proportions this local during the coming summer months. There will be more "get-together meetings" right along until the industrial aim and object of the tailors shall have been accomplished. D. G. Biggs of the Journeymen Tailors started this work and will see it through. Good luck to the tailors. We hope their efforts will result in a 99 per cent organization.

ASIATICS NOT NEEDED.

Los Angeles, Cal., June 14.—"Beware lest we usher into this state a problem equal to the colored problem of the south," warned Mrs. Frances N. Noel, a member of the Los Angeles industrial commission, in opposing the plan to import Asiatic labor.

"As a cosmopolitan," she said, "I have no less respect for other races, but history has proven the tragic consequences when immigration and the mingling of races is forced abnormally and forced for the profit-making of a few.

"We are told that oriental labor will have to be imported to fill the gaps made by men who enlist. On the other hand we are assured by government authorities that there are enough workers, but what is really needed is a wage for them in keeping with the high cost of living."

SHEET METAL WORKERS WIN.

St. Louis, Mo., June 14.—Organized sheet metal workers have defeated the Schlueter Manufacturing Company in its attempt to victimize trade unionists. A strike of 150 men and women secured the reinstatement of discharged employes.

RAISE WAGES $3 A WEEK.

Oakland, Cal., June 14.—Members of Bakers' Union No. 118, employed at Richmond, Contra Costa county, have raised wages $3 a week. Oakland employers are granting increases at the request of their bakery workers.

Oppose Women Labor; Squaw Days Are Over

Will Street Car Presidents Permit Daughters to Be Motormen or Conductors?

Boston, June 14.—The days of squawdom, when women were treated as beasts of burden, is passed. Will street car presidents permit their daughters and sisters to serve as motormen and conductors?

The above sentiments are contained in sizzling resolutions adopted by the Boston Street Car Men's Union in opposition to the proposed employment of women on street cars.

"This is not the first time," the unionists declare, "that organized labor has been called upon to protect the weak and defenseless, even to protect women against themselves, that their labor may not be exploited by the captains of industry who, under the guise of patriotism, hide their real motives and purposes, which seek to deny to those at present engaged in this occupation any serious collective effort to petition for a little more, in wages, of the huge profits of the business, that will enable them to maintain the American standard of living, and better meet the alarming increased cost to sustain such standards.

"This type of patriotism is the kind for the overthrow of which our nation is today taking up arms; and the placing of women on street cars as motormen and conductors will never win a battle, for there are men enough in the country to keep the machinery of civilization moving and conduct all necessary warfare, without forcing our women into objectionable employment.

"We ask our membership under what conditions or circumstances would they permit their daughters or sisters to become street railway motormen and conductors?

"Will the street railway presidents and officials permit their daughters and sisters to accept employment as motormen and conductors? (Certainly these 'men' have no less regard for the high ideals of womanhood than the wage-earner.) Any man of experience in this occupation can answer these questions because he knows there is no place for women on the cars of any street railway system.

"Let those who urge such a propaganda turn their efforts toward more serious things — real things — big things, which will far more assist the cause of the American people in the trying days to come than that of degrading American womanhood.

"Squawdom and women as beasts of burden are a shadow—from out of a dim and distant past. Let not this shadow again take form into a real substance in this era of progressiveness and enlightenment."

ELECTRICIANS GAIN.

Pittsburgh, Pa., June 14.—Officers of Electrical Workers' Union No. 5 have negotiated a new agreement with employers in this county. About 500 men are benefited. From August 1 to April 1 next wages will be $5.50 a day, instead of $5. From April 1, 1918, until July 1, 1919, $6 will be paid. No change will be made in the present eight-hour day and extra time for overtime and holiday work.

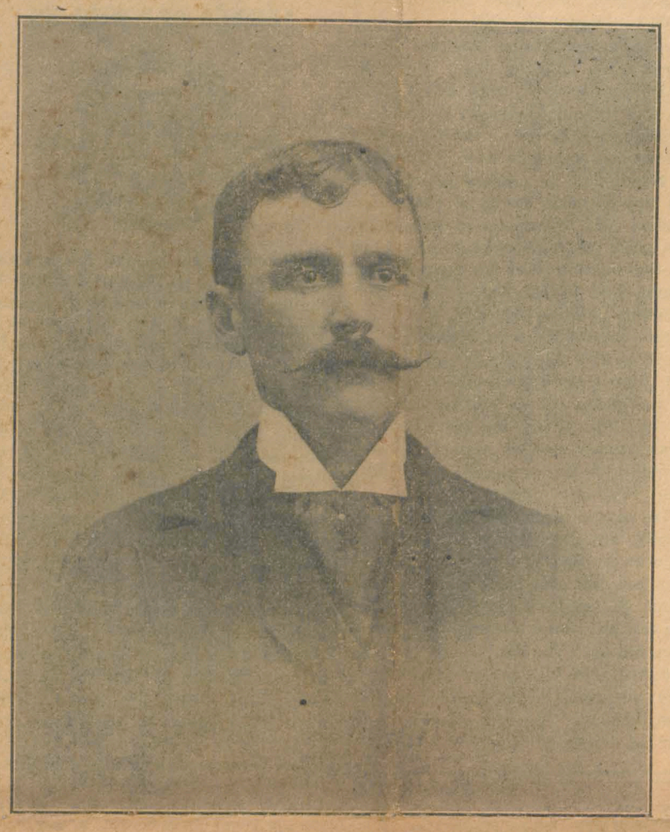
RAISE WAGES 10 PER CENT.

Peoria, Ill., June 14.—Organized electrical workers on strike against the Central Light Company have raised wages 10 per cent and returned to work.

WANT SHORTER HOURS.

Torrington, Conn., June 14.—Organized plumbers threaten to strike if their work week is not reduced from forty-eight to forty-four hours, with the present rate of $21 a week.

CARPENTERS ELECT OFFICERS



PRESIDENT HARRY S. HOLLOHAN

The annual election of officers of Local No. 132, United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America, was held on Friday, June 8, at Typographical Temple, with the following result:

President, Harry S. Hollohan.
Vice President, M. A. Foley.
Recording Secretary, E. B. Byrne.
Financial Secretary, L. W. Matter.
Treasurer, Louis B. Luebkert.
Warden, L. Morrisett.
Conductor, William Stratton.

Delegates to the Central Labor Union: H. S. Hollohan, E. B. Byrne, Frank Noltie, William Stratton and George Rossen.

The carpenters are to be congratulated in the wise selections that were made, for in this list of men can be found men who are well versed in the principles of trades unionism and who have served on all of the important committees of the local. It is small wonder that Local 132 ranks as one of the leading locals of the international union when they choose such able and representative men to guide the destinies of their local.

GAINS BY CARPENTERS.

Indianapolis, June 14.—General Secretary Duffy, of the Brotherhood of Carpenters, reports the following recent gains by affiliates:

Lawrence, Mass.; Jefferson City, Mo.; Pekin, Ill., and Michigan City, Ind., wages increased from 50 to 60 cents an hour. Douglas, Wyo., 55 to 65 cents. Berkshire county, Mass., 47¾ to 50 cents. Richmond, Va., $3 to $3.50 a day. Caldwell, N. J., $3.80 to $4.50.

During May the following unions were organized: Beaumont, Tex. (ship caulkers); Dugger, Ind.; San Pedro, Cal. (ship caulkers); Portsmouth, Va.; Huntington, Ind.; Rupert, Idaho; Sault Ste. Marie, Ontario, Canada; Emmett, Idaho; Carthage, N. Y.; Colfax, Wash.; Roy, Mont.; Mt. Harris, Colo.; Bismarck, N. D.; Detroit, Mich. (dock, pier and wharf builders); Chattanooga, Tenn. (millwrights); Eureka, Cal. (shipwrights); Burley, Idaho; Calexico, Cal.; Glenrock, Wyo.; Elkhart, Kan.; White River Valley, Wash.; Weiser, Idaho; Atlanta, Ga.; Riverton, Wyo.; Paul, Idaho; Worland, Wyo.; Detroit, Mich. (boxmakers); Torrington, Conn.; Sanford, Me.; Keansburg, N. J.; St. Albans, W. Va.; Kingston, N. Y. (shipwrights and caulkers); Dillon, Mont.; Morristown, Tenn.; Vancouver, Wash.

BARBERS REDUCE HOURS.

Chattanooga, Tenn., June 14.—The closing hour for barber shops in this city has been reduced from 8 to 7 p.m. by Barbers' Union No. 415.

CARPENTERS LOCKED OUT.

Peoria, Ill., June 14.—The plea for industrial peace in these war times has not been heard by the Carpenters Contractors' Association, which has locked out its union employes and imported strikebreakers because the former refused to sign an obnoxious contract.

MACHINISTS RAISE WAGES.

Denver, June 14.—After protracted conferences with Denver & Rio Grande railroad officials, organized machinists have raised wages 6½ cents an hour. Similar increases have been secured by Denver & Salt Lake railroad machinists and the Colorado & Southern railroad is negotiating the wage question with its machinists.

Oil City, Pa., June 14.—The Oil Well Supply Company has promised its machinists to raise wages 12½ per cent and recognize shop committees. These workers were locked out last April when they asked for better conditions. About 400 members of the Machinists' union are affected.

FAIL TO BLOCK UNIONISM.

Bonner Springs, Kan., June 14.—Determined to end the twelve-hour day and low wages, cement workers at this place organized. They were then offered wage increases of 2½ cents an hour, but this generosity failed to accomplish its purpose and the men are building up their organization.

Public Health Insurance For the Workers

Sturdy Wage-Earners Are the Foundation of National Strength.

Pittsburgh, Pa., June 14.—"As men are taken by war from shop and factory, those remaining must be kept fit to meet the increased demand for output. And as women enter industry in rapidly increasing numbers, the need becomes even more pressing for the protection afforded by universal health insurance, including maternity care." This declaration was made by Dr. John B. Andrews, secretary of the American Association for Labor Legislation in an address on Progress Toward Health Insurance at the annual meeting of the National Conference of Charities and Correction.

"Existing protective standards for labor must be upheld in the interest of national effectiveness," he said. "But in addition to that we should, in the changing social order, make provisions for increasing still further the nation's productive power and the well-being of its workers. Healthy wage-earners are the foundation of national strength both in peace and war."

Progress toward health insurance has been encouraging in this country, according to Dr. Andrews. "Civic, medical, commercial and labor organizations in ever-increasing numbers are endorsing public health insurance as the need and the benefits are understood," he asserted. "Aggressive and organized opposition comes principally from private insurance companies since the proposal for universal health insurance absolutely excludes private profits. Fair distribution of cost and democratic management are making a strong appeal, particularly to the workers whom health insurance will assist. The favorable findings of the first two official commissions in Massachusetts and California have stimulated the movement toward legislation."

That unfamiliar work and intense effort due to industrial shifting required by war will increase the toll of sickness among wage-earners, particularly women, as it has in Europe, was predicted by Dr. Andrews. "Workmen's compensation provides the stimulus for prevention of accidents," he said. "Under universal health insurance there would be similar efforts to prevent sickness. It is in the national interest to provide the machinery by which preventive measures against disease will be stimulated and adequate medical attention and cash benefits provided to tide the worker over sickness periods without distress and destitution. Health insurance is social justice. The responsibility for sickness is shared by industry, the worker, and the state, and all three will share in the benefits of public health."

IOWA UNIONISTS IN SESSION.

Dubuque, Iowa, June 14.—The state federation of labor is holding its annual convention in this city, having convened Tuesday. The A. F. of L. is represented by A. F. of L. Legislative Committeeman Arthur E. Holder, who was president of this state body for two terms, nearly two decades ago. The convention is the silver anniversary of the state federation of labor and President Strief asked President Gompers to assign Holder as his representative.

GIRLS GET 44-HOUR WEEK.

Hartford, Conn., June 14.—Cigar manufacturers have signed a one-year agreement with Cigar Factory Tobacco Strippers' Union, affiliated with the A. F. of L. The work week is reduced to forty-four hours without wage reductions.

Cost of Paper to Consumer Exorbitant

Company Seeks to Force Government to Pay Excessive Prices for Its Products.

The joint printing committee of Congress is in a controversy with the Champion Coated Paper Company of Hamilton, Ohio, and Senator Fletcher, chairman of the committee, has made public correspondence with this concern in which the committee says:

"The committee gave consideration to a report from the federal trade commission that the cost of producing such paper as was bid upon by the Champion company had increased less than 1 cent a pound, while the price was jumped by your company more than 4 cents a pound, or 100 per cent over the preceding year.

"The committee is surprised that a company which some time ago offered to place its entire product at the disposal of the government in the event of war should seek to force the government to pay excessive prices for its product now that war actually exists."

LAWSON NOT A MURDERER.

Denver, June 14.—The state supreme court has reversed the [illegible] of Judge Granby Hillyer in the conviction of John R. Lawson, former executive board member of the United Mine Workers, who was found guilty of murdering a strike guard during the strike of coal miners in the southern Colorado fields, three years ago.

The supreme court did not remand the case for new trial and it is believed no further prosecution will be made. State Attorney General Hubbard acknowledged recently to the supreme court that former Attorney General Farrar committed an error at the Lawson trial and asked that the verdict be set aside "because of the invalidity of the entire proceedings."

Judge Hillyer, who presided at the trial, is an ex-attorney for coal operators and was appointed judge of a specially created judicial district by Gov. Carlson. Hundreds of miners were indicted on charges growing out of the strike, but after the Lawson conviction the supreme court ordered that Judge Hillyer could not preside at other trials.

EXPOSE STRIKE BOMB PLOT.

San Francisco, June 14.—Rufus Patterson, a private detective, convicted of placing a bomb in the pocket of a laborer during the culinary workers' strike, has confessed. The plan was to have the two pickets in front of a restaurant knocked down by a slugger. Two detectives were then to rush up to the fallen pickets and place the bombs in their pockets while they assisted them to their feet. The slugger was then to escape, while the pickets would be arrested.

Patterson intended to collect $1,000 reward offered by the chamber of commerce as part of its "law and order" campaign.

3,000 WORKERS LOCKED OUT.

Chattanooga, Tenn., June 14.—Textile employers have locked out 3,000 employes who were found to be getting interested in trade unionism. This city has been advertised as "blessed with cheap labor" and mill owners, backed by the Tennessee Manufacturers' Association, seem determined to maintain that reputation. The United Textile Workers has taken charge of the victimized workers.

PRESS ASSISTANTS GAIN.

Cleveland, Ohio, June 14.—Press Feeders and Assistants' Union No. 45 has secured wage increases of $1 and $2 a week. Married men will receive the higher figure.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF ... FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., JUNE 15, 1917.

Gov. Stephens of California has signed the Harris free text book bill which permits high school books being distributed without cost or rented at a maximum charge of $3 a year until 1920, when it will be mandatory for school boards to furnish free text books.

Stockholders of the International Nickel Company are not worrying over the high cost of living. The gross income of this concern for the last fiscal year was $16,728,913, compared with $14,091,612, the year previous. Profits on each share of common stock is $7.78. Last year the profits on common stock was $6.70.

Stockholders of the International Mercantile Marine Company have been notified that the big shipping combination made a clear profit last year of $26,299,595, equivalent to $51.23 for each share of preferred stock. In the preceding year the profit was $13,581,660 or $26.27 a share. Wall Street expresses disappointment at the report. It expected still larger profits. It was stated that some of the combine's largest ships have been sunk during the year, but these were heavily insured by the British war risk bureau.

DEVELOP CHEERFULNESS—NOT CUSSEDNESS.

BY THE REV. CHARLES STELZLE.

Some men have skins as tough as that of the rhinoceros. They are absolutely indifferent to whatever may be thought or said about them. But most of us are finer bred. We do care. And it is right that we should.

Not that we are swayed from the course which we know to be right because of the adverse opinions of our fellows, but it seems more human to please than not to please. Because this is true—and most men are of this opinion—it is passing strange that so few of us regard it in our dealings with others.

Perhaps the most trying experience in many a workingman's life is the consciousness that a bunch of his fellow workers are ridiculing him. There may be some little peculiarity about him, to which he has become accustomed—something that he eats at lunch hour, something that he wears, the way that he goes about doing a particular job—any one of a dozen things, which bring upon him the ridicule which makes his sensitive soul shrivel. And for the remainder of the day he is unhappy.

One of the most heartless bits of brutality that you and I encounter is when two or three chaps get together, and, with amused glances, riddle with their looks another fellow who is unconscious of the nature of the criticism which they are making of him . It would be easier to bear and more honorable to defend, if they should all set upon him with fists or clubs. But the cowardly gossiper in the shop wouldn't dare face the man whom he is holding up to ridicule.

One of the finest evidences of culture and good breeding is the passing over or ignoring of another's mistakes or failings. Let's develop more of it in the shop. It will make life very much brighter to the man whose burdens, if we were carrying them, might drive us to despair. Let's be boosters instead of knockers. It pays all around.

HYGIENE IS THE ART OF PRESERVING HEALTH.

"Hygiene is the art of preserving health; that is, of obtaining the most perfect action of body and mind during as long a period as is consistent with the laws of life." So wrote a man who devoted all his adult life to the promotion of the public health and who died at the age of fifty-six of pulmonary tuberculosis. Edmund Alexander Parkes, born March 29, 1819, physician, surgeon, sanitarian and author, left perhaps a greater impress on sanitary science than any Englishman of the nineteenth century. His work ranges from the theoretical consideration of the minutest details of chemical and physiological research to the practical consideration of the cleansing of a sewer or the lightening of the soldiers' knapsack. India, the Crimea and London saw his labors and benefited thereby.

War brings some good things in its train. Just as the Napoleonic campaigns perfected the art of transporting the sick, and the loss of life from preventable disease in the Spanish war quickened the sanitary conscience of the American people, so the horrors of the Crimean campaign made Parkes a professor of military hygiene. He organized a complete course of instruction based on the principle that the student must be able to practically apply the lessons which he learned. Many of the sanitary reforms which he inaugurated are now bearing fruit in the improvement of the wellbeing of the community at large.

Health is the efficient reaction of the mind and body to its environment. Self interest, state-benefit and pecuniary profit require that the whole nation be interested in the proper treatment of every one of its members and "in its own interest it has the right to see that the relations between individuals are not such as in any way to injure the well-being of the community at large." This is being realized in the United States today as never before and on every hand the general government, the state and local health authorities and the general public are seen striving toward the accomplishment of this ideal.

Public Printer Promotes W. J. Sammond

Now Superintendent of Buildings, Succeeding Walter R. Metz.

Public Printer Ford has announced the promotion of William J. Sammond from chief electrician of the Government Printing Office to superintendent of buildings, with a substantial increase in salary, succeeding Walter R. Metz, who resigned to accept a commission in the army.

The appointment of Mr. Sammond is due to his many years' experience as an electrician and marine and stationary engineer, the essentials necessary in directing the safety of the machinery and equipment of the largest printing plant in the world.

Mr. Sammond, who comes from Bayonne, N. J., was appointed chief electrician by executive order, August 27, 1914, and has served in that position until his recent promotion. He was an electrical machinist at the Washington navy yard from April 4, 1905, to August 20, 1907, and an electrician in the State, War and Navy Department building from that date until July 14, 1911, when he resigned. He was appointed deputy marshal of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia October 26, 1911. Mr. Ford, in requesting an executive order for his appointment as chief electrician, stated: "Mr. Sammond is a thorough mechanic, of high ability, and I am of the opinion that his appointment would work to the benefit of the Government Printing Office."

Mr. Sammond is an active member of Richard J. Harden Camp of Spanish War Veterans of this city, and in testimony of the substantial work he has been doing for the order was unanimously elected senior vice commander of his camp at the meeting held Thursday night.

He served seven years in the United States Navy and had active participation in the Spanish-American war, being one of the party that assisted Capt. Richmond P. Hobson in blowing up the Merrimac in order to block the channel into the harbor of Santiago. At that time he was an apprentice of the first class in the dynamo room of the flagship. Later he received a letter of commendation from Secretary of the Navy John D. Long for going into the magazine of the battleship New York and extinguishing a fire that threatened the ship's safety.

Public Printer Ford has appointed an able man in Mr. Sammond, and Mr. Sammond has the good wishes of The Trades Unionist in his new position.

FAVOR GET-TOGETHER.

Denver, June 14.—Representatives of organized coal miners in this state have issued an invitation to operators in Colorado, Utah and New Mexico to meet with them and discuss methods to promote industrial harmony during these war times. Wage scales or conditions of employment will not be discussed.

BROADENS WORKMEN'S LAW.

Albany, N. Y., June 14.—Gov. Whitman has signed an amendment to the workmen's compensation law which includes workers engaged in the manufacture, storage and handling of explosives and dangerous chemicals.

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

UNION OPERATOR — LOCAL No. 224 — WASH. D.C. — I.A.T.S.E. — AFFILIATES WITH CENTRAL LABOR UNION & A.F. of L.

American, 1st st. and R. . ave.n.w.
Apollo, - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Auditorium, 13th st. and N. Y. ave.n.w.
Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Belasco Theater, 15th and Madison Pl.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Casino - - - 9th and F N.W.
Cosmos - - Pa. Ave. bet. 9th & 10th
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N. W.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Eagle Gate - Soldiers Home Entrance
Elite Theatre, 14th and R. I. ave. n. w.
Empire, - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Empress - - 9th bet. D and E N.W.
Favorite, H St. North Capitol & First
Florida - - 15th St. & Fla. Ave. N.E.
Garden Theatre, 423 Ninth st. n. w.
Gayety Theatre - - 513 9th St. N.W.
Georgia - - - Ga. Ave. and Park Rd.
Glen Echo Park - - Glen Echo, Md.
Happyland - - 7th bet. L & M N.W.
Home Theater, C bet. 12th & 13th n. e.
Leader - - - - - - 507 9th St. N.W.
Liberty Theatre, N. Capitol & P St.
Loewe's Columbia . . F near 12th
Lyric Theatre - - 14th near Park Rd.
Maryland - - - 624 9th St. N. W.
"M" Street Theatre, M St. near 32nd
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Odeon - - 14th and Church Sts. N. W.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15, N.W.
Palace - - - - 312 9th St. N.W.
Penn Gardens - - 21st St. & Pa. Ave.
Plaza Theatre - 434 9th st. n. w.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Regent - - 18th & Cal. Ave. N.W.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
Savoy, - - - 14th and Col. Road.
Senate Theater - - 324 Pa. Ave. S.E.
Strand, - - - - - Ninth and D.
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N. E.
Stanton Park - - 219 4th St. N.E.
Truxton - - N. Capitol and Fla. Ave.
Virginia - - - 614 9th St. N. W.
Victoria - - - - 7th and E Sts. S.W.
Washington & Park - 18th & U Sts.
Zenith Theater - - 625 8th St. S.E.

Parker, Bridget & Co.

"The Avenue at Ninth"

Featuring Extra Value

$15

Suits for Spring

PHONE NORTH 2349

DONOVAN'S

FINE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS

2003 14th St. N. W., Washington, D. C

CENTRAL LABOR UNION

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Meets Every Monday Night

Typographica Temple

423-425 G St. N. W.

Secretary's Address: 606 5th St. N.W.

Telephone: Lincoln 4614

OFFICERS

HUGH D. DIGNEY.....President
MARY GANZHORN...V. President
N. A. JAMES.....Secretary
JOS. E. TOONE....Fin. Secretary
WM. H. SCHAFFER.....Treasurer
JOS. C. CLARK..Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES — Wm. Zell, W. W. Keeler, J. L. Considine.

COMMITTEES

Executive—Mary Ganzhorn, Chairman; Jos. E. Toone, N. A. James, W. A. Huttel, John R. Hartley, H. D. Digney and Wm. H. Shaffer.

Legislative—Jere McCarthy, Chairman; John Lorch, N. P. Alifas, Robert Jones and D. J. O'Leary.

Adjustment—W. A. Huttel, Chairman; Harry Hollohan, John Botts, Benj. Spellbring and John Schmidt.

Contract—John Hartley, Chairman; Wm. W. Keeler, W. H. Schaffer, C. H. Adams and C. C. Coulter.

Laws—Dan. Hassett, chairman; Harry Buie and R. H. Burdette.

Resolution—Jas. L. Considine, chairman; E. L. Tucker and Denis Southern.

Organization — Jos. E. Toone, Chairman; Jos. C. Clark, Henry Miller, Mary Burkhead and T. A. Franklin.

Auditing—Wm. E. Zell, Chairman; Laurence Curtin and John Deal.

Credentials—M. J. Costello, Chairman; Jas. Noyes and S. S. Parker.

Label—H. F. Oehler, Chairman, and John McGuigan.

Press—N. A. James, Chairman; John B. Colpoys and N. A. Sprague.

Delegates to Baltimore—Jos. E. Toone, Chairman; Harry Fiddesop and Sam De Nedrey.

ESTABLISHED 1865 — 52 YEARS IN BUSINESS

CHRISTIAN XANDER'S FAMOUS WHISKIES

35 Varieties

Buy at Once — Great Advance in Price Coming

909 7th Street, Northwest. — No Branch Houses. Phone M. 274

CORBY'S YEAST

Leaves nothing to guess-work.
Its purity and strength are uniform.
Every baker knows what that means.
Send for samples.

THE CORBY COMPANY

STATION K. — WASHINGTON, D. C.

Representative Houses OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

BANKS

NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burglar-proof vaults; acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth Street and New York Avenue.

WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee, etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK. A bank for the working people. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account. Ninth and G Sts. N. W.

UNION SAVINGS BANK. Commercial accounts. Three per cent interest on savings accounts. The oldest savings bank in Washington.

MICHAEL T. GREENE
Liquors and Cigars. 639 D St. N. W.

STONER'S BAR AND RESTAURANT
The, G. Stoner. 206 Seventh St.S. W.

J. CHAS. McGUIRE'S BUFFET
Federal Seal Whiskey. 519 Ninth St. N. W.

O'KEEFE'S BUFFET
P. J. O'Keefe, Prop. 904 Pa. Ave. N. W.

GLAVIN'S BUFFET
ED. J. GLAVIN 309 G Street Northwest

FRANK'S BUFFET
Fourth and G Sts. N. W. Phone M. 5572.

J. J. O'DONNELL'S BUFFET
333 Penn. Avenue S. E.

HARRY'S BUFFET
631 Penn. Ave. S. E. Phone Lin. 1843

MACHINIST

G. W. FORSBERG, formerly with Forsberg & Murray, Boilers. Eighth and Water Sts. S. W. Main 742.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

RALSTON & RICHARDSON, Evans Building, 1420 New York Avenue.

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.

SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (Inc.), Soda Water, Syrups, etc. 1066 Wis. Ave. N. W.

PHOTO SUPPLIES

E. J. PULLMAN. Developing and Finishing for Amateurs a Specialty. 420 9th St. N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS

MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Ave. N. W. Our Specialty, Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

FIRE INSURANCE

FIREMEN'S INSURANCE COMPANY, Seventh Street and Louisiana Avenue.

DRY GOODS

WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings. Hosiery, a Specialty. 806-808 H St. N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

UNDERTAKERS

J. WILLIAM LEE
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY
332 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.

W. H. BUTLER CO., 607-9 C St. N. W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT

NATIONAL MORTAR CO., 1st and M N.E.

COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING CO., 3036 K Street.

DRUGGISTS

CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth St. and Virginia Ave. S. E.

DAY & CO. 5th and G Sts. N.W. 14th and P N.W., 20th and R. I. Ave. N.E.

QUIGLEY, Druggist, 21st and G Sts. N.W.

A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner 7th and P Streets N. W. N. 2372.

Building Trades Headquarters Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rent

WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES, TOBACCO. — COSTELLO BROS

JOS. A. WILNER & CO.

UNION CUSTOM TAILORS

Novelties in Spring and Summer Goods

Cor. 8th and G Sts. N.W.

For Home Comfort and Service

WINDOW SCREENS

Should Be in Place Now

RUSTLESS METAL SCREENS

Are the most enduring. Adjusted to any size window.

High	Close	Extended	Price
24 in.	22 in.	23 in.	45c
24 in.	22 in.	37 in.	55c
18 in.	22 in.	33 in.	45c
30 in.	24 in.	37 in.	75c
30 in.	24 in.	44 in.	90c

FOR GARDEN AND LAWN

Hedge Pruning Shears....$1.75

The Best Woven Rubber Hose—does not crack or break. The most durable hose made. Price, per foot, 25c.

Good Quality Garden Hose, per foot	20c
Iron Hose Reels	$3.25
Brass Hose Nozzles	40c
Steel Sickles	40c
Steel Trowels	10c
Pruning Shears	25c
Garden Weeders	10c
Brass Fountain Mist Sprinklers	40c
Galvanized Water Sprinkling Cans	70c up

Dulin & Martin Co.

1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St.

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY

Equitable Life Insurance Co.

of the District of Columbia

THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Issues Ordinary and Industrial

Wm. A. Bennett, 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.

EQUITABLE BLD'G. 816 14th ST., N. W.

Saks & Company

MEN'S and BOYS' OUTFITTERS

Pa. Ave. & 7th St. Wash., D. C.

Specialists in Apparel for Men and Boys.

Clothes, Hats and Shoes

The Bieber-Kaufman Co.

901-909 Eighth St. S. E.

Down by the Navy Yard

Washington, D. C.

BUTLER'S RHEUMATIC and GOUT REMEDY.

A KIDNEY AND HEART TONIC

Manufactured Since 1872 By

BUTLER & FIELD

Third and Indiana Ave. N. W.

Price 50c a bottle. 6 for $2.50

For Sale By Druggists.

10c

WILL BUY A PRETTY GIRL A GLASS OF OUR

Delicious SODA

WELLER'S DRUG STORE

8th & Eye Sts. S.E. 36th & M N.W.

FIREPROOF CONSTRUCTION

Hammett Fire Proofing Company

301-302-303 Wilkins Bldg.

Phone Main 3337.

Bell Brand Union-Made

COLLARS and SHIRTS

LARGE ASSORTMENT

T. HOLLANDER

North Capitol and H Streets

STORAGE PACKING FREIGHT HAULING

Merchants Transfer

— AND —

Storage Company

920-922 E Street Northwest

Phone Main 6900

SHIPPING MOVING HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

Andrew B. Gravatt, probational messenger boy, 15 cents per hour.

Mrs. Lillian E. Nelson, temporary skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour.

Patrick Breen and Charles H. Robinston, probational skilled laborers, 25 cents per hour.

Ambrose R. Marsden, William E. Potter, Louis B. McCormack, Francis D. Murphy, Robert J. King, Joseph C. Bryan, George G. Wilson, jr.; Arthur J. Thomas, Joseph P. O'Lone, jr.; Lawrence E. Saxty, emergency messenger boys, 15 cents per hour.

James R. Hill, Filmore Peyton, William H. Spriggs, Arthur Mason, Matthew Morton, Britton R. Pearce, Sutton E. Moses, temporary unskilled laborers, 25 cents per hour.

Separations.

Miss Ruth Armstrong, clerk, $720 per annum, resigned.

Arthur S. Thomas, pressman in charge, resigned.

Ellwood E. Oplinger, probational pressman, resigned.

Merriam C. Hayson, elevator conductor, resigned.

Russel W. Thomas, probational messenger boy, resigned.

John W. Fainter, emergency messenger boy, resigned.

William W. Holman, Ernest C. Frazier, Isadore Feldman, William H. West, Clayborne George, Maurice A. McDonnell, Harry D. Richardson, Eugene Brown, George L. Brigham, skilled laborers, resigned.

Mattie E. Hammond, Edna L. Linkins, Loretta E. Thornton, Landonia L. F. Denney, Maude E. Lee, Margaret A. Logan, temporary skilled laborers.

Transfers, Etc.

Lillie M. Loughery, Ethel E. Mann, Inez C. Booth, temporary skilled laborers, to probational skilled laborers, 25 cents per hour.

Frank M. Bumpus, helper, 40 cents per hour, to blacksmith, 55 cents.

Eugene A. Pfeiffer, messenger boy, $420 per annum, to 25 cents per hour.

Lee J. Corridon, emergency to probational messenger boy, 15 cents per hour.

Edward A. Strudley, machine operator, 55 cents per hour, to bookbinder in charge, 60 cents per hour.

Raymond Norris, messenger boy, $375 to $420 per annum.

John R. Parker, elevator conductor, 30 cents per hour, to caster helper, 35 cents per hour.

Harry M. Tucker, messenger boy, $420 to $500 per annum.

Leroy W. Marceron, messenger boy, to skilled laborer, $626 per annum.

Leroy R. Kemp, messenger boy, to skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour.

FOR EFFICIENCY EXPERTS.

New York, June 14.—The attention of efficiency experts is called to testimony of business men before interstate commerce commission representatives, who are holding hearings on proposed freight rate increases.

One witness said that sometimes it took seventy days for a carload of Kansas flour to reach New York, although merchants accepted thirty days as the average time. "It is practically impossible," said another, "for a merchant to count even approximately when he may expect a car from Kansas."

A representative of Minneapolis milling interests testified that sometimes a car from Buffalo will reach New York in forty-eight hours and at other times the journey will require three weeks.

This testimony is in line with the plea of railroad brotherhood officials during their campaign last year for an eight-hour day. They insisted that railroads be forced to run shorter freight trains and speed up the time, thereby releasing freight cars, instead of permitting the practice of having loaded freight cars crawling across the country and remaining on side tracks in railroad yards until the company secured a sufficient number to make a mile-long train.

FIGHT FOR FREE SPEECH.

Norwich, Conn., June 14.—At the coming municipal election trade unionists in this city will make free speech the leading issue. City officials have attempted to prevent labor unions from holding public meetings.

Bridgeport trade unionists are also objecting to infringement on their rights. An ordinance makes it necessary to secure a permit from police authorities before a public meeting can be held.

OPPOSE CHEAP WOMEN LABOR.

Tacoma, Wash., June 14.—At a mass meeting of trade unionists and sympathizers resolutions were adopted against oriental labor and the employment of women at rates lower than prevailing standards. It was charged that capitalists are attempting to use women and Asiatics to "break the back of labor organizations," and that women are being employed in railroad shops in this city at a wage less than is paid men.

HAD MONEY TO BREAK STRIKE.

New York, June 14.—When the New York Railways Company was attempting to smash the Street Car Men's Union, last fall, its officers made this public boast:

"We foresaw a strike and prepared for it. We have plenty of money to fight the strike on the surface lines and there is no fear of bankruptcy proceedings, despite the statements of the labor organizers."

This company is now pleading with the public service commission to permit it to raise rates, and its officers whimper:

"Our purpose in taking this step is to prevent, if possible, the bankruptcy of our company and thereby avoid any possible disintegration of our unified service."

METAL WORKERS STRIKE.

Huntington, W. Va., June 14.—Employers have refused to recognize the new Sheet Metal Workers' Union or to pay increased wages and these employes have suspended work.

The only strictly

UNION TAILORING

house in the city

M. STEIN & CO.

TAILORS

Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1 Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.

M. J. DUNNIGAN, President.....2007 14 Street N.W.
JOHN G. WOLFE, Vice-President.1023 N. J. Ave. N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W.

TRUSTEES

Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E.
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E.
Thos. L. Nevins.....504 Maine Avenue S. W.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe.....1023 N. J. Ave. N. W
J. McElfresh.....
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E.
A. Tenley.....964 Florida Ave. N. W.
M. Sullivan.....5631-2 15 St. S. E

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.

Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ARBITRATION COMMITTEE.

M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W.
M. A. Wolfe.....418 F St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. E.
Joseph Harding.....210 13 St. S. W.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....2006 2nd St. N. W
R. Pumphrey.....223 Q St. N. W.
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W.
Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. W.

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Capitol St.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L St. S. W.

DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.

John Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave.
William Pollard.....522 14th St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

MEATS GROCERIES FISH

Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the

OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.

930 La. Ave. N.W.	1935 14th St. N.W.	2002 Ga. Ave. N.W.
501 8th St. S.E.	138 7th St. N.E.	739 N. Capitol St.
3101 M St. N.W.	1776 U St. N.W.	712 K St. N.W.
7th & Q Sts. N.W.	3113 14th St. N.W.	3420 M St. N.W.
1105 H St. N.E.	701 H St. N.E.	1714 14th St. N.W.
1632 N. Capitol St.	726 7th St. N.W.	3608 14th St. N.W.
3420 Ga. Ave. N.W.	1440 P St. N.W.	2030 P St. N.W.
	918 La. Ave. N.W.	

POULTRY BREAD PRODUCE

The Clothes We Clean

Press or repair speak for themselves

Our service is at your command

The Hoffman Company

CLEANERS AND DYERS

There is a Hoffman Branch in YOUR Neighborhood

AUTO DELIVERY SERVICE

CHESAPEAKE BEACH

— ON THE BAY —

Washington's Coney Island

Salt Water Bathing

Giant Derby Over the Water

New and Up-to-Date Bowling Alleys

FISHING BOATING CRABBING

FREE DANCING---Union Music

Fun for Young and Old

Cheap Fares—25c Daily, Except Sundays and Holidays, when it is 50c. For train schedule see Latest News or Bulletin, daily issues.

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK

FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST

OPEN 9 A.M. TO 5:30 P.M.

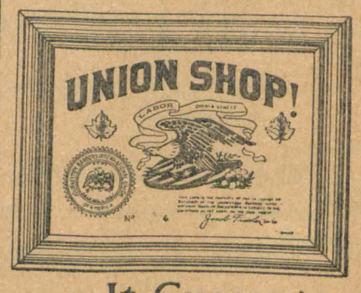
SATURDAYS 9 A.M. TO 1 P.M. and 6 P.M. TO 9 P.M.

3 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts

COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

Look for the

UNION SHOP CARD



It gives our members a Shorter Work day *and* Sunday Rest

It Guarantees to You CLEANLINESS *and* EXPERT SERVICE

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p.m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, F. S. Radman, 134 Seventh St. N. E.

Bakery Salesmen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at Moose Hall, Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers' Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; financial secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sundays in each month at 2 p.m., Painters' Hall, 6th and G Sts. N.W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N.W.

Blacksmiths and Helpers, Local 217, International Brotherhood of: Meets first and third Monday of each month at 650 Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, C. A. Chism, 418 Tenth street northeast.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. F. Miller, 19 Quincy Place northwest.

Folding and Gathering Machine Operators, No. 7: Edw. L. Ransdell, Sec., Cherrydale, Va.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets first and third Sunday of the month at the Secretary, T. Guiffre, 903 Pennsylvania ave-Moose Hall, Seventh and G Street Northwest. nue northwest.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 48: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E street southeast.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G Street N. W.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles' Hall. Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 520 Rhode Island Ave. N. E.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhan, 737 10th St. s. e.

Chauffeurs and Hack Drivers Union, Local No. 115: Meets the first and third Saturday of each month, G. A. R. Building, 1412 Pa. Ave. Secretary-Treasurer, Kirk C. Sipher, Room 25, 945 Pa. Ave. northwest.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wassaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Twelfth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15. 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3800 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Paperhangers Hall, 430 Ninth Street N. W., second and fourth Thursdays of the month. Secretary, Edw. B. Finch, 33 P Street N. E.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets every Friday, at 8:00 p.m. Hall, S. E. Cor. Tenth and Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, Jas. P. Lahey, 816 5th street northeast.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and B Sts. N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hisle, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Employes' Union No. 14632: Meets second Friday of each month, Perpetual Building Association Hall. Secretary, W. M. Lynch, 409 A. F. of L. Building.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Watchmen's Union No. 14964: Secretary, Jas. H. Reed, Cor. Sec., 1228 B street southwest.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Glaziers Local No. 963: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, H. C. Turner, Mt. Rainier, Md.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, John T. Bowers, Twentieth and Twenty-first and L and M streets northwest.

Ice Cream Wagon Drivers and Helpers' Union, Local No. 111: Meets second and fourth Tuesdays at Typographical Temple, 425 G street northwest. Secretary-Treasurer, J. Neff Cline, 1211 North Capitol street.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Avenue S. E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 Twelfth St. N. E.

Laborers' Protective Union, No. 15037: Meets the second Tuesday of each month at the Cadets' Armory, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, E. E. McCormick, 1403 South Capitol street.

Laundry Workers, Local No. 110: Meets first Friday in each month at Winslow's Hall, 12 and R streets northwest. Secretary, Moten Jefferson, 550 Twenty-fourth street northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, W. N. Huttel, 1430 A St. N. E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday, 1204 Pa. Ave. N. W. Secretary, Chas. Frazier, 1020½ 6th St. S.E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. F. McDonnell.

Mill Workers Local No. 1694: Meets every Tuesday at Painters' Hall, 704 Sixth street northwest. Secretary, Robt. Reichard, 1720 Thirty-fourth street northwest.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third floor. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Business Agent.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month, 922 Pa. Ave. N. W. Phone M. 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets 2d Sunday and 4th Friday in each month, Donohoe's Hall, 314 Pa. Ave. S.E. .Secretary, Albert Bridges, 210 L St. S.E.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 420: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers' Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday of every month, Red Room, The New Ebbitt, 8 p.m. Secretary, James A. Sullivan, 3910 5th street northwest.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Raymond R. Burrows, Clarendon, Va.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Robt. J. Barrett, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month. Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 320 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressmen, No. 1: Meets fourth Monday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N.E.

Railway Carmen, Pride of Potomac Lodge, No. 313, Brotherhood of: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F streets northeast, first and third Tuesdays. Secretary, L. H. Taylor, 1106 Seventh street northeast.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custodian and Janiter, 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, W. P. Cannon, 408 Twelfth St. S. E.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe. 326 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesdays at Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Harry Fiddesop, 61 R. I. Ave. N. E. (Apt. 6.)

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Mrs. H. B. Tritipoe, 1737 Willard street N. W., Apt. 20.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10.30 a. m. and 8.30 p. m. Secretary, G. W. Calderhead, Room 412 Wash. Loan and Trust Building.

The High School Teachers' Union of Washington, D. C., No. 8: Meets in the Music Room of the New Central High School at 8.00 p. m. the second Tuesday in the months of October, December, February, and May. Secretary, L. V. Lampson, Central High School.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle. 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 750 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Fridays, Typographical Temple. Secretary, L. M. Green, 2711 24th St. N.E.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: International Secretary-Treasurer, Jas. E. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

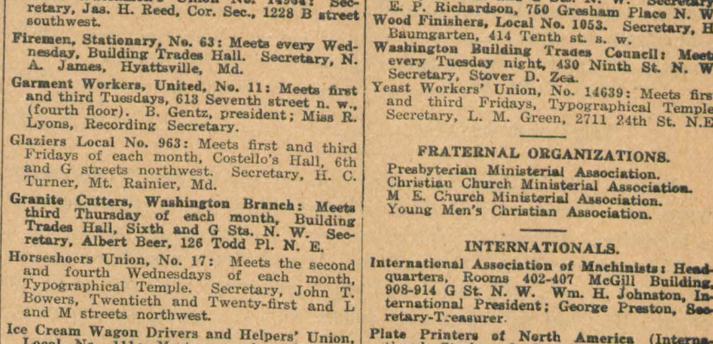
Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G St. N. W. Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth St. N. W.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

National Capital Lodge, No. 92 (Ladies' Auxiliary, Int. Asso. Mach.): Meets first and third Tuesday of each month at 7:30 p.m. at National Capital Bank Hall, 316 Pa. Ave. S.E.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.



INTERNATIONAL UNION OF THE UNITED BREWERY WORKMEN OF AMERICA

Union MADE Beer

Ale AND Porter

COPYRIGHT & TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1903

THIS IS OUR LABEL.

VOTE

Against Prohibition

DEMAND

Personal Liberty

IN CHOOSING WHAT YOU WILL DRINK

ASK FOR THIS LABEL WHEN PURCHASING BEER, ALE OR PORTER.

As A Guarantee That It Is Union Made.

Annual Living Cost for Family of Five Is $1,486.75

Detroit, Mich., June 14.—It costs $1,486.75 to support a family of five in this city for one year. This does not include provision for old age, extended sickness, literature, school books, ice in hot weather, insurance on household goods, care of the teeth, or fruit, such as bananas, lemons and oranges. One concert a year is permitted and the family can spend on an average a fraction over 2 cents per member per week on other amusements.

The above estimate was submitted by Wm. D. Mahon, president of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employes, at wage arbitration hearings. The figures were not denied by the Detroit United Railways, whose statement on increased costs of material rather supported the unionist's claims.

President Mahon's estimate, prepared last April, is based on figures furnished by organized street car men in this city.

Coal, 6 tons at $9.25 per ton, $55.50; wood and kindling $3.50; light and cooking gas, at $2.50 per month, $30	$89.00
Clothing for man, 1 uniform suit, $18; extra pair uniform pants, $6; 1 suit citizen's clothes, $30; 1 uniform cap, $1.25; 1 hat, $2.50; 5 shirts at $1.25 apiece, $6.25; 8 pairs sox, at 30c pair, $2.40; collars and ties, $3; underwear, $7	76.40
Clothing for wife	40.00
Clothing for three children	30.00
Boots and shoes, 3 children, 3 pairs each at $2, $18; man, 2 pairs shoes at $4.50 pair, $9; 1 pair overshoes, $2; wife, 2 pair shoes at $4.50 pair, $9; rubbers, $1; repair of shoes for family, $2.50	41.50
Furniture and utensils—3 brooms at 50c each, $1.50; brushes, $1; gas mantles or lamp glasses and lighting utensils, 75c; stove utensils and polish, 50c; shoe polish, laces, etc., 75c; renewal of furniture and bedding, $60	64.50
Foodstuff—Bread for family, 20c per day, $73; cakes and pastry, per day, 15c, $54.75; milk, 15c per day, $54.75	182.50
Meat, 50c per day	182.50
Potatoes for family at 80c per peck, 1 peck week	41.60
Sugar, 5 pounds per week at 10c pound	26.00
Tea, 10c per week	5.20
Coffee, 1 pound per week at 30c	15.60
Breakfast foods and cereals, 30c per week	15.60
Vegetables—Cabbage, 8c a week, $4.16; onions, 5c a week, $2.60; turnips, carrots, lettuce and other vegetables, 15c a week, $7.80	14.56
Fruits—1 barrel apples, $4; preserving one-half crate strawberries, $2; preserving one-half crate raspberries, $2; preserving three baskets peaches, $2.50; preserving two baskets pears, $1.50; preserving one basket plums, 75c; sugar for above, $8	20.75
Butter, 4 lbs. per week at 45c per lb., $93.60; lard, 1 lb. per week at 25c per lb., $13; eggs, 1½ doz. per week at 40c per doz., $31.20; cheese, ½-lb. at 12c per week, $6.24	144.04
Flour, 25-lb. bag per month at $1.50 per bag	18.00
Canned goods—1 can fish at 20c per week, $10.40; 1 can corn, at 15c per week, $7.80; 1 can peas, at 15c per week, $7.80; pickles at 5c per week, $2.60	28.60
Insurance	20.00
Union dues	12.00
Street car fare for family, 50c per week	26.00
Sundries—Pepper, 40c; salt, 50c; mustard, 50c; matches, 50c; vinegar, 50c; soap, 100 bars, $5	7.40
Extras at Christmas	8.00
Evening papers and magazines per month, 25c	3.00
Rent for six-room cottage at $28 per month	336.00
Doctor and medicine for family	20.00
Donations to church	10.00
Family attending one concert, $2; for summer recreation for the family, $6	8.00
Total cost for year	$1,486.75

Detroit, Mich., June 14.—Employes of the Detroit United Railways have been awarded substantial wage increases by a board of arbitration. Rates for motormen and conductors are advanced 5 to 7½ cents an hour. Conductors and motormen who have served one year or less will receive 35 cents an hour; over one year, 40 cents. The old rate was 27½ cents for the first six months; 32½ cents the next eighteen months and 35 cents thereafter.

President Mahon, of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employes, led the fight for these workers. Mahon's masterful plea before the arbitration board included an itemized statement of living costs today for a family of five. The unionist presented figures to show that $1,486.75 a year is necessary. This statement was not refuted by the company.

HOW TO GO BACK TO THE FARM.

Little Rock, Ark., June 14.—Editor Oury of the Union Labor Bulletin is cynical enough to say that it is easy to shout "go back to the farm," but difficult to do for the man who is penniless and who sees the bulk of the vacant land in the hands of speculators. The editor suggests that a sufficient land tax be levied on vacant land to make it no longer profitable for the owner to hold it out of use and that the state and national governments should assist these would-be, but penniless, farmers.

DAYLIGHT BREAD DELIVERY.

San Francisco, June 14.—Organized bakery wagon drivers and salesmen are now working under a new agreement which provides that deliveries shall not start earlier than 5 a.m. The minimum wage is increased from $21 to $25 a week.

STRIKE STOPS DIVIDENDS.

New York, June 14.—Officers of the Third Avenue Railroad Company have acknowledged that it was impossible for them to pay the quarterly dividend last fall because of a strike of motormen and conductors. The company wants to raise rates.

STRIKERS ENJOINED.

East St. Louis, Ill., June 14.—Federal Judge Humphrey has issued a permanent injunction against 2,000 striking employes of the Aluminum Ore Company, who are permitted to picket "in small numbers." The strike was called last April because of low wages and discrimination. Carpenters, iron workers, smeltermen, stationary firemen, electricians, sheet metal workers, steam engineers, machinists, blacksmiths, boiler makers and other trades are involved. The company secured a temporary injunction from Federal Judge Wright, and this has since been made permanent by Judge Humphrey. The strikers will appeal. They say company agents are attempting to secure mechanics in various cities and are telling them there is no trouble at this plant and that high wages are paid.

CARVERS REDUCE HOURS.

Canastota, N. Y., June 14.—Wood carvers at this place organized last month and have already reduced hours from 60 to 50 per week and raised their minimum of 35 cents an hour to 40 cents with a promise of an additional 2½ cents an hour beginning August 1.

"Co-Operation—The First Principle of Success."

The following business interests are recommended by The Trades Unionist and National Labor Press Association to your favorable consideration, and solicit your patronage.

"The Velvet Kind"
Cream of Ice Creams
Ask Your Reliable Dealer
CHAPIN-SACKS MFG. CO.

Landscape Architects
Garden Furniture
J. H. SMALL & SONS
.:. Florists .:. Decorators .:.
New York City—
Waldorf Astoria, Tel. 2906 Greeley
505 Madison Ave., Tel. 8560-1-2 Plaza
Washington, D. C.—
15th and H Sts., Tel. Main 158-159

Wm. Hahn & Co.'s
RELIABLE SHOE HOUSES
Cor. 7th & K Sts.
1914-16 Pa. Ave.
233 Pa. Ave. S.E.

New Oxford Hotel
European
J. H. WEAVER, Mgr.
Pa. Ave. at 15th St. N.W.

Everything Wearable for Men and Boys
SAKS & CO.
Penna. Ave. and 7th St. N.W.

—LET—
Omohundro
—B—
YOUR TAILOR
818 F St. N.W.

RECOGNIZED UNION STORE
Parker, Bridget & Co.
The Ave. at 9th

St. James Hotel
A Special Feature—Club Breakfast
Served 6 to 11 a.m.
Noon-Day Luncheon—12 to 2:30 p.m.
Table d'Hote Dinner—5 to 8 p.m.

CRANDALL'S THEATRES
CRANDALL'S THEATRE
9th and E Sts. N.W.
CRANDALL'S APOLLO THEATRE
624 H St. N.E.
CRANDALL'S SAVOY THEATRE
14th and Col. Rd. N.W.
CRANDALL'S AVENUE GRAND THEATRE
645 Penna. Ave. S.E.

BRODT'S HAT STORE

HARRINGTON HOTEL

PROFIT-SHARING COAL CO.

CORBY BAKING CO.

Phone 2416
GEO. C. SHAFFER
Florist
Choice Cut Flowers
900 14th St.
Floral Designs

Phone Lincoln 910
T. W. Rose
WOOD AND COAL
1125 7th St. S.E.

"Survival of the Fittest"
White House Lunch
Astor Lunch

Phone M. 2725
D. N. Walford
Fine Cutlery
Sporting and Athletic Goods
909 Pa. Ave. N.W.

Washington Brewery Co.
MANUFACTURERS OF
CONGRESS BRAND
GINGER ALE
And Other Carbonated Beverages
The Only Union-Made Goods in Washington

Eisinger Brothers
Lumber and Mill Work
Doors Sash Blinds Moldings
Builders' Hardware
Branch Yard: Bethesda, Md.
2101 7th St. Tel. N. 1173 & 1174

Phone Main 3440
M. G. Copeland Co.
Awnings Estimates
Flags, Tents Cheerfully
Window Shades Given
409 Eleventh St. N.W.

ROCHESTER HOTEL
E St. N.W. Between 9th & 10th
J. W. MOSSBURG, Proprietor
Phone M. 5440
Mossburg's Restaurant
CAREFULLY SELECTED FOODS
1404 Penna. Ave. N.W.

YALE LAUNDRY

J. MAURY DOVE COAL CO.

W. W. GRIFFITH COAL CO.

Manhattan Cleaning & Dyeing Co.

Thos. W. Smith Lumber Co., Inc.
First Street and Indiana Avenue

GENERAL BAKING CO.
BUTTER CRUST BREAD

Phones Main 4277-4278-4279
Gude Bros. Co.
Florists and Floral Decorations
1214 F St. N.W.

MINTZ THE TRUNK MAN
Trunks Suit Cases Traveling Bags
LEATHER NOVELTIES
938 F St. N.W. Washington, D. C.

Page's Laundry
"Washington's Best"
620 E St. N.W.

STEUART'S GARAGE
Announces That They Have Secured a Limited Agency for
FORD CARS
Visit Our Sales and Service Station, Where You Will Receive Every Attention
See the New Type Touring Car
$360 F. O. B. Detroit
STEUART'S GARAGE
141 12th St. N.E. L. P. Steuart
Terms
Phone Linc. 1203-4 G. T. Steuart

Telephone North 1343
GEO. C. TAYLOR
Dealer in
All Kinds of Rough and Dressed Lumber
2101 7th St. N.W. (Ga. Ave. & W)

"Washington's Chief Fun Palace."
The Gayety Theatre
The Finest Ventilated Theatre in America.
Presenting Improved Burlesque Headed by America's Foremost Comedians, Artists and Femininities
NEW SHOW EVERY WEEK

R. HARRIS & CO.
Jewelers

GROVE LIME & COAL CO.

RICE COAL CO.

The Ask Mr. Foster Service

POLI'S THEATRE

ALLEGHENY COAL CO.

ALL PRINTERS KNOW
"If It Is Made of Paper You Can Get It at
R. P. Andrews Paper Co.
727-31 13th St. N.W.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Phones, North 9203-9204
BLICK BROTHERS
COAL, WOOD & ICE
800 Florida Avenue N.W.

Taylor-Tolley Sales Co.
Limited Agency for
FORD CARS
WITH
FORD SERVICE
Parts — Accessories
EVERYTHING FOR THE FORD
2129 14th St. N.W.

The Fashion Shop
At Washington's 42d & Broadway
Clothiers
Haberdashers
Tailors
9th and E Sts. N.W.

Everything in Men's Wear
Sol Herzog & Co., Inc.
Clothing, Hats, Furnishings and Shoes
602-604 Ninth Street N.W.

Telephone Main 4471
Hirsh's Shoe Stores
Shoe Designers and Builders
Washington's Fastest-Growing Shoe House
1026-1028 Seventh St. N.W.

Telephone Lincoln 3900-2723
Whitley's Rx Drug Store
First-Class Prescription Work
Quick Service and Delivery
Va. Ave., 8th & K Sts. S.E.
The Velvet Kind Pure Ice Cream

W. H. MARLOW COAL CO.

JOS. A. WILNER & CO.

HOLMES BAKING CO.

COMMERCIAL COAL CO.

SANITARY GROCERY CO.

CONNECTICUT PIE CO.

LEWIS COAL & ICE CO.

Washington District Council of Carpenters

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

ROBERT ADAM, President, Local 2563, U. B., 1511 Vermont Avenue N.W.
R. H. BURDETTE, Vice President, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
E. B. BYRNE, Secretary, Local 132, U. B., 425 G Street N.W.
F. A. SHOESMITH, Treasurer, Local 2563, U. B., 5209 Georgia Avenue N.W.
C. H. ADAMS, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 804 A Street N.E.
R. H. BURDETTE, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
H. PAGE, Trustee, Local 2563, U. B., 336½ 13th Street N.E.
ROBERT REICHARD, Local 132, U. B., 1720 34th Street N.W.
J. H. RYAN, Local 132, U. B., 1101 11th Street S.E.
FRED HOOK, Local 2563, U. B., 1528 8th Street N.W.
WILLIAM MACKIE, Local 2563, U. B., 216 Seaton Place N.E.

BUSINESS AGENT.
GEO. MYERS, 425 G Street N. W.

THE MILTON SCHOOL
Oxford Bldg., 14th and N. Y. Ave. N.W.
Stenography
Typewriting
English
Spanish
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO BEGINNERS
Now in larger quarters in the Oxford Building, 14th and N. Y. Ave. N.W.

CORBY CAKE
AT ALL GROCERS

When in Doubt, Buy of
HOUSE & HERRMANN
FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.
N.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W

GEO. D. HORNING,
N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.

LOAN OFFICE

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

J. G. O'DONNELL, President, 122 Sixth St. N. E.
M. J. DEERY Vice President, 2407 Girard St. N. E.
THOS. W. WOLTZ, Recording Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
G. H. F. DAVIS, Treasurer, 439 Second St. S. E.
W. I. STRATTON, Conductor, 617 Sixth St. N. W.
A. F. MOIRSETTE, Warden, 425 G St. N. W.
GEO. MYERS, Business Agent, 425 G St. N. W.

TRUSTEES.
F. J. NOLTE, 24 Eighth Street N. E.
MARK REILEY, 1127 B St. S. E.
A. P. TAYLOR, 622 I Street N. E.

DELEGATES TO THE DISTRICT COUNCIL.
R. H. BURDETTE, 1207 L Street N. W.
C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
E. B. BYRNE, 425 G Street N. W.
ROBERT REICHARD, 1720 35th Street N. W.
J. H. RYAN, 1101 Eleventh Street S. E.

DELEGATES TO THE CENTRAL LABOR UNION.
C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
R. H. BURDETTE, 816 K Street N. W.
W. S. HOLLOHAN, 314 Seventh Street N. E.
C. A. SAUNDERS, 244 9th St. S. E.
LOUIS LUEBKERT, 1314 Kerney St. N. E.

RELIEF COMMITTEE.
P. W. HAMILTON, 410 Tenn. Ave. N. E.
J. T. CLIFT, 4115 7th St. N. W.
M. FOLEY, 118 Seaton St. N. E.
W. B. DOLAN, 413 Mass. Ave. N. W.
J. A. SANKER, 2606 R. I. Ave. N. E.

MILL COMMITTEE.
F. E. KETTNER, 3016 Cambridge St. N. W.
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
O. A. CARTER, Rosslyn, Va.

DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.
G. H. F. DAVIS, 439 Second Street S. E.

Takoma Bread
Fresh Three Times Daily
AT ALL GROCERS
Havenner Baking Company
Established 1815

LANSBURGH & BRO.
"DRY GOODS ONLY"
The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City
420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

The Trades Unionist

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D.C.

I. P. E. U.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS, PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INTERNATIONAL LABOR PRESS OF AMERICA

Were it not for the labor press the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—President Gompers.

WITH A MISSION, WITHOUT A MUZZLE.

VOLUME XXI. NO. 52 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, JUNE 22, 1917. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

Injunction Fight Is Lost by Unionists

Measure Passed by Legislature Is "Pocket-Vetoed" by Governor of California.

Sacramento, Cal., June 21.—Gov. Stephens has "pocket vetoed" labor's anti-injunction bill by taking no action within the time prescribed by law.

This legislation was passed by both branches of the legislature after a sensational contest that was marked by unusual opposition on the part of anti-union employers.

The bill was drafted along the lines of the federal Clayton act, and sections 1 and 2 read as folows:

"Section 1—It shall not be unlawful for working men and women to organize themselves into, or carry on labor unions for the purpose of lessening the hours of labor or increasing the wages or bettering the condition of the members of such organizations; or carrying out their legitimate purposes as freely as they could do if acting singly.

"Section 2.—No restraining order or injunction shall be granted by any court of this state, or any judge or judges thereof, in any case between an employer and employe, or between employers and employes, or between employes, or between persons employed and persons seeking employment, involving, or growing out of, a dispute concerning terms or conditions of employment, unless necessary to prevent irreparable injury to property, or to a property right of the party making the application, for which injury there is no adequate remedy at law, and such property or property right must be described with particularity in the application, which must be in writing and sworn to by the applicant, or by his agent or attorney."

SOLDIERS STOP PICKETS.

Newark, N. J., June 21.—The Essex Trades Council, the central labor body of this city, has protested because soldiers are being used against iron molders on strike at the Edward Maher Sons' plant. It is stated that "a detachment of United States soldiers appeared at the plant and the three pickets were notified by the corporal that they could not stay in the vicinity of the factory."

The unionists say the soldiers are used as strike guards and not as protectors of property, as they are withdrawn Saturdays, when the strike-breakers leave. The iron molders have been on strike since last August to secure better working conditions and a living wage.

WANT OFFICIALS EXEMPTED.

London, England, June 21.—In the half-yearly report of the National Society of Operative Printers and Assistants it is stated that about 500 letters from members of this union serving in the various European battle regions have been received.

Reference is made to the cheerful tone of the letters and to "the anxiety displayed by the soldiers that the officials of the society should not be called upon for military service but should remain to devote themselves to the maintenance of an effective trade union."

PRINTERS RAISE WAGES.

Detroit, Mich., June 21.—Typographical Union No. 18 has secured a new contract with newspaper publishers and commercial machine office proprietors. Wages are increased 10 per cent for two years with an additional 5 per cent after that date. Proofreaders and bank men are put on the same grade as operators and floor men, which means a weekly increase of $7 and $8 in many cases.

Carpenters Make Clean Sweep in Philadelphia

Brotherhood Is Absolutely Recognized in Every Working Establishment in City.

Philadelphia, June 21.—With its contract for millmen now perfected, the Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America is absolutely recognized in every working establishment in Philadelphia and vicinity.

Sixteen hundred millmen in this city are fairly advanced in this contract.

Specifications of the signed agreement call for an eight-hour day, forty-eight hours a week, for three years, with a graduated scale of increased wages and union recognition.

From May 31, 1917, to June 1, 1918, the wages of the millmen are 40 cents an hour.

In 1919 and 1920 the wages will be 48 3-4 cents an hour.

All American ship plants in this district are now manned with union carpenters.

To Washington Merchants:

Washington, D. C., June 20, 1917.

To the Merchants of Washington:

We, the Central Labor Union of Washington, wish to announce that for the past four years we have not gotten out a Labor Day program or any other kind of advertising matter, but this year we have decided to get out a Labor Day program, and have employed Mr. W. H. Howard to solicit advertisements for same, and he is working under the direct supervision of the committee which has this outing in charge, and he will present credentials to show this signed by the secretary with the seal of the body attached, and should any of the merchants whom he may call upon feel or doubt his authority, they will kindly call up the secretary of the Central Labor Union, at 606 5th Street N.W., phone Main 4614, and he will give the desired information.

We also wish to call the attention of the merchant that any other person calling on them and claiming to represent the Central Labor Union has no authority to do so, and should we hire any one besides Mr. W. H. Howard we will publish same in the daily papers for your benefit and give them credentials signed by the secretary with the seal attached.

(Signed) N. A. JAMES,
Secretary C. L. U., 606 5th St. N.W.

WAGE RAISE FOR BAKERS.

San Francisco, June 21.—The wage scale of Bakery Workers' Union No. 24 has been accepted by the California Bakers' Association, comprising large wholesale bakeries in this city. The increases range from $1 to $3 a week. Eight hours will constitute a day's work and time and one-half will be paid for overtime and holidays. The union is now attempting to enforce this scale in small bakeries.

MOONEY BAILIFF IS OUSTED.

San Francisco, June 21.—The bailiff in Judge Dunne's court, where Rena Mooney is on trial for murder, has been dismissed because of scandals connected with the jury selection and which have involved the district attorney's office.

The accused is the wife of Thomas J. Mooney, who has been found guilty of the bomb plot of last year on testimony now known to be perjured.

SLATE WORKERS ADVANCE.

Philadelphia, June 21.—Slate and Tile Roofers' Union has raised wages from 56 1-4 to 62 1-2 cents an hour, after numerous conferences with employers. The eight-hour day will prevail.

"Let All Workers Get Behind Lever Bill"

President Gompers Makes Stirring Appeal to Organized Labor to Support Administration Food Measure.

President Gompers has called upon every trade union, central body, state federation of labor, national and international organization, and the individual members of organized labor to get behind the Lever food administration bill, which has been reported favorably by the House committee on agriculture.

This bill creates government control of necessities, prohibits hoarding and cornering products and illegitimate speculation by stabilizing prices at the most effective point in the distributive chain.

"Since the war wages have not kept pace with increasing costs of living," says President Gompers. "They have remained practically stationary, while prices have more than doubled. The only practical way to increase the spending incomes of all is to decrease the costs of living."

If speculators and allied interests can postpone action until after July 1 the purposes of the Lever bill will be defeated, as contracts for much of this year's food products will be made, beginning with that date.

Speculators will urge caution in passing this important legislation, but you can wrench the food of this nation from their grasp and increase the value of your pay envelope if you act today.

Urge the passage of the Lever food administration bill.

Notify your congressmen and senators to this effect; have your union do likewise; also your neighbors. And inform the President of the United States of your action, that he may be supported by an aroused public opinion.

Let Washington know that the workers demand relief from the high cost of living and that they insist on the immediate passage of the Lever bill.

Use of Stone-Cutting Tool Injurious to Men's Health

Indianapolis, June 21.—The Journeymen Stone Cutters' Association is conducting an agitation against the use of the air hammer for stone cutting purposes.

Medical authorities support these unionists and show that the constant use of the air hammer causes lumps on the hands in some cases the size of hen's eggs and operator's hands become white. One physician reports that "their hands are so benumbed and rendered insensible to temperature changes that they are not conscious that their hands are cold until they become white."

Other ill effects are constant pain while at work, loss of sleep and high blood pressure, these disorders all contributing to destroy the nervous system of men who are seemingly in perfect physical condition.

MINERS ACCEPT AGREEMENT.

Charleston, W. Va., June 21.—A special convention of United Mine Workers, district No. 17, has ratified an agreement negotiated by their officials. The union is recognized, the eight-hour day agreed to, all coal will be weighed and the general increase seurced by miners in the central competitive field of western Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana and Illinois will be paid.

This is the first time the organized miners in this district have secured such gains.

LABOR LAW ENLARGED.

The United States Supreme Court has extended the operation of the federal hours-of-service act as it affects railroad trainmen. In the government's suit to recover penalties from the Santa Fe railroad because it worked employes long hours, in violation of this act, the court ruled that unavoidable accidents cannot be used as an excuse by a railroad to ignore this law where it is possible to relieve a train crew from duty before the end of the customary run is reached.

50 Per Cent of Receipts to Be Given to Red Cross

Chauffeurs and Hack Drivers Union No. 155, recently organized by L. A. Sterne, volunteer organizer American Federation of Labor, at its recent meeting, decided to place on each and every union automobile and hack on Thursday, June 21st, a sign stating that all business transacted during the above day by the 200 members of this organization, that 50 per cent of the receipts would be turned over to the American Red Cross. No doubt the general public, as well as the trade unionists in the district, will call upon the union chauffeurs and hack drivers as much as possible on that day.

GAINS BY CARPENTERS.

Indianapolis, June 21.—General Secretary Duffy of the Brotherhood of Carpenters reports the following recent gains by affiliates:

Hastings, Neb., wages increased from 40 to 50 cents an hour; Clinton, N. Y., from 44 to 50 cents; New Britain, Conn., from 45 to 55 cents; Jackson, Tenn., increase 10 cents an hour; Kingston, N. Y., from $3.40 to $3.75 a day; Portsmouth, Ohio, from $3.50 to $4.50; Woodland, Cal., from $4 to $4.50.

WOMEN DEMAND FREEDOM.

Kansas City, Mo., June 21.—"No cause of liberty in foreign lands is worth the sacrifice of freedom at home," declared the convention of the National Women's Trade Union League, held in this city, in its demand that there be no abolition of free speech, free press and free assemblage because of the war. The women insist that no labor standards in force before the war shall be abrogated.

BREWERY WORKERS GAIN.

Grand Rapids, Mich., June 21.—Organized brewery workers have secured wage increases of $1 and $1.50 a week.

Union Wins Fight in Supreme Court

American Anti-Boycott Association Put Out of Business by Highest Tribunal's Ruling.

It would appear that the United States Supreme Court has put the American Anti-Boycott Association out of business before this court by its ruling that injunctions under the Sherman anti-trust law can only be obtained by the government and not by private persons.

This decision was made in the case of the Paine Lumber Company, of Oshkosh, Wis., and others against Carpenters' unions, and union contractors of New York City. The latter agreed to handle only union mill work. This meant that non-union concerns, doing an annual business of $8,000,000, were shut out of New York City.

Six years ago the Paine concern and several associates asked that the carpenters be enjoined from striking on any job where non-union trim was used; from permitting officers of the union from telling members when the non-union trim was being used; from fining members for working on non-union trim, or from entering into agreements with contractors.

The anti-unionists also made the very modest request that the Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners be enjoined from publishing or circulating that portion of its by-laws which provides that "it is the duty of all district councils and local unions to promote the use of union-made trim and to prevent and discourage the use of non-union trim, by refusing to handle same."

In April, 1914, the United States court of appeals decided against the anti-unionists, who have appealed in vain to the United States Supreme Court.

BREAK HATTERS' CONTRACT.

Danbury, Conn., June 21.—Because certain hat manufacturers have broken an agreement with the Hatters' unions several plants in this city have been forced to shut down.

Two years ago the manufacturers suggested that wage scales be based on the selling price of the finished product and the hatters changed their laws to make this possible. When the unionists prepared wage rates this year some of the manufacturers repudiated this agreement and insisted that rates be based on the grade, regardless of the selling price. The hatters refused to change their laws to suit the mood of these employers and have suspended work. Other manufacturers have signed the new agreement which raises rates 10 per cent per dozen.

INCOMPETENCY DEFINED.

President King of the Washington Railway and Electric Company says incompetency consists of discussing the union and joining the union.

He made this statement as a witness before the Senate committee investigating the strike of motormen and conductors employed by his company. Senator Johnson of California asked King why twenty-three employes were discharged for incompetency before the strike and were reinstated when the strike was on. It was then that the company official contributed his classic.

TEAMSTERS RAISE WAGES.

Toledo, Ohio, June 21.—Wage increases that range from $2 to $4 a week have been secured by Teamsters and Chauffeurs' union.

Newark, N. J., June 21.—Teamsters' Union No. 478 has raised wages $2 a week, making a total increase of $5 a week within two years.

Let All Profiteers Stand by President

Should Take President's Advice That Labor Standards Must Not Be Lowered.

New York, June 21.—The Ladies' Garment Worker, official magazine of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, makes the good point that profiteers who shout "Stand by the President!" in the conduct of the war should also take President Wilson's advice that labor standards must not be lowered.

"The reactionaries who, before America plunged into the war, already began to lose ground, would fain drag us back into dark industrial reaction of low wages and long hours," says this magazine.

"Manufacturers are taking good care of their end of the business. It is a well-known fact that they rather gain when the price of commodities rules high. The workers should, therefore, come in for a share of the increased charges for the finished garment.

"The war is a poor excuse for lowering standards and working conditions. The war will not be won any sooner if employers are scot free to fleece their workers, or if the workers will suffer want. Rather will the nation suffer in every respect if the toiling masses should become devitalized as a result of poor wages and famine prices.

"The war abroad for the saving of Europe should not blind the public to the war at home—the industrial war, the war on helpless women and children struggling against great odds to make both ends meet.

"As for us, it is now more than ever necessary to close up our ranks and keep our organization strong, efficient and fully equipped."

ARIZONA STRIKE ENDS.

President Gompers has received the following telegram from Charles H. Moyer, president of the International Union of Mine, Mill and Smelter Workers:

"Strike at Jerome and Clarkdale, Ariz., settled. Men receive substantial wage increases and all men returned to work without discrimination. Company agrees all departments may be organized. Clarkdale smeltermen unorganized, but received 50 cents increase. Charter has been issued to them since settlement. Company agreed to meet committee of union to adjust grievances and disputes. Secretary Jerome Miners' Union reports 1,200 members in good standing."

This strike has been on for several weeks, and has been marked by violence on the part of imported strike-breakers.

ELECTRICAL WORKERS GAIN.

San Jose, Cal., June 21.—The Electrical Workers' Union has secured a union shop contract, the eight-hour day and wage increases from $4 a day to $4.50 until June 1 next, when the rate will be $5 a day.

Spokane, Wash., June 21.—Electricians employed by the Inland Empire railroad have raised wages 25 cents a day and reduced their work day one hour, after a short strike. These workers are members of Electrical Workers' Union No. 609.

HOW ABOUT WORKERS?

Congress has received a joint petition from the senate and house of the territory of Hawaii requesting that salary increases be voted the governor of that territory, also the secretary of the territory, the chief justice and associate justices of the supreme court, circuit court judges and the secretary of the governor.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

Entered in the Post-office, at Washington, D. C., as Second Class Mail Matter.

Office: 604-606 Fifth Street Northwest. - - Tel. Main 3915.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF UNION LABOR TRADES-UNION COUNCIL WASHINGTON 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., JUNE 22, 1917.

CHECK ON FOOD SPECULATORS URGED BY "BELGIUM-RELIEF" HOOVER.

"High prices are the direct effect of the vacuum caused by war exports and if we do nothing we will see the fundamental staples sucked out of our country and a range of prices established that no labor can endure."

This statement was made by Herbert C. Hoover, ex-chairman of the Belgium relief commission, at one of the meetings of the congressional labor group and A. F. of L. officials, at the A. F. of L. building, called by President Gompers recently to consider the food question.

Mr. Hoover, it is announced, will be food administrator under the food control legislation now pending in Congress. In the first sentence of his talk to the trade unionists he expressed this opinion on organized labor:

"The labor movement is the only adequate representation of the consumer."

He was emphatic that his plan does not contemplate a "food dictator" or "a rationing of the people," and that methods employed in Belgium and Germany cannot fit with American ideals.

He made a distinction between "legitimate speculation," which he said he used for the want of a better term, and "illegitimate speculation," the latter being profiteering on the war, woe and want. He illustrated his views on "illegitimate speculation" by the statement that speculators have already contracted for 40 per cent of this year's crop "before it is up out of the ground," and that rice millers declare prices will reach 12 and 14 cents a pound this year with this industry taken out of the hands of millers and producers by men who will set prices without regard for costs.

Competition between the allies and this country has jumped the price of Cuban raw sugar from 1 1-3 cents a pound before the war to 6 1-2 cents at the present time. Sugar is the basis of 12 per cent of the people's food. The same condition prevails in wheat, the basis of 40 per cent of food.

His solution is to "stabilize prices" by establishing boards that will set a range of prices for these commodities and make the road to the producer and consumer more direct by cutting out waste and eliminating as much as possible the speculator and middleman, as "there is a point in prices where any advance is a transgression on the rights of the people."

To indicate the waste in food products he said that 6 per cent of the bread baked was returned to bakers by retailers, and although some of this bread is sold, 75 per cent of it is burned by the bakers. This means 1 1-2 to 2 per cent of our total bread consumption is used as fuel in the manufacture of bread.

Today flour is selling in New York, he said, for $14 and $15 a barrel because each one in the long chain between the farmer and consumer demands a contract to protect him on his wheat cost, while the miller "bets on the market."

"The farmer doesn't get the money," he said, "and the consumer pays it."

With his plan to "stabilize prices," Mr. Hoover said he believed flour in New York can be sold for between $7 and $9 a barrel.

It is proposed that the government buy all the grain within the range of prices set by boards and take it out of the hands of speculators, assure millers their needed supply and work out a transportation system with railroads that will end the unscientific practice of sending Kansas wheat, for instance, to northwestern elevators instead of shipping it to gulf ports for export, while northwestern wheat is shipped to gulf ports.

The plan includes control of all interior elevators, which is agreed to by millers, excepting those few whom Mr. Hoover designated as having "the tory idea."

The Lever bill, now pending in the house, Mr. Hoover said, would make it possible to develop plans he and his volunteer associates have in mind. These plans are but "tools," and not a "constructed house" in any sense, as factors may develop that will compel changes in their line of action.

Mr. Hoover said that if the Lever bill is to be of any value it must be enacted into law before July 1, to check speculators who are already contracting for wheat in the Texas and Oklahoma fields.

HIGH COST OF LIVING SOLVED AT LAST.

The high cost of living, which has baffled poet, prophet and seer, has been finally solved by United States Senator Sherman, who rejects such theories as the war, trusts, middlemen, the gold supply, poor distribution, faulty transportation, etc., etc. High living costs can be traced to fine factory conditions, "union hours," and city life, says this philosopher, who talks of "underlying causes."

"It is because the help has gone from the farm," he avers. "It has gone to the factory, to the counting house, to the store, to the great manufacturing, jobbing and retail centers of the country. These men have gone because they like the work and get higher wages and shorter hours. They have more amusements. City life is more attractive to the average young person. The result is that the farm is drained."

MAKING IDLENESS CRIMINAL.

West Virginia has just adopted a law which requires that every able-bodied man work at least thirty-six hours a week. The penalty for violation is either jail or banishment from the state.

It may seem at first glance to some that this law is a beneficent one, which will rid the state of worthless idle characters. But on closer inspection it may appear otherwise.

Let it be noted that the law penalizes none but the idle man. It does not affect the man who withholds an opportunity from the willing worker. So it really puts the man out of a job more than ever at the mercy of the opportunity holder. If enforced, the law will take from workers the right to hold out for better terms, should they feel what may be offered them to be unjust.

Let us suppose there should be a strike or a lock-out in West Virginia's coal fields. The owners of the coal deposits would violate no law, no matter how long they might withhold them from use. But the workers could be jailed for idleness within a week. The unfairness of such a situation is obvious.

If West Virginia would legislate so as to penalize withholding of opportunities from labor, there would be little trouble concerning idle men. Nor would it be necessary to enact a criminal law for idle opportunity holders. All that would be necessary would be to resort to the taxing power of the state. A heavy tax on land values would necessitate use of land to make ownership profitable. That would open opportunities to labor. Then will be time enough to consider need of legislating against idle men.

We are to fight for the extension of free government, for the liberty of the world, and for the freedom of the world from war. Whatever else may seem in doubt, it seems certain that this war can only end by an arrangement of an international character preventing war in the future.

In a plea to protect children, Mrs. J. K. Codding, of Pittsburg, Kan., urged a group of women to stand against the repeal of any child labor law because of the war. "When so much of the best manhood is being destroyed," she said, "our country is under special obligations to secure measures that the rising generation may grow up strong and healthy. It is necessary to guard against immediate breakdown and against the imposition of strains that may stunt future growth and development."

Autocracy, in attempting to impose its will upon the world, in violating neutrality, in treating national treaties as scraps of paper, in its barbarous acts upon land and sea, and in bringing the whole world to oppose it, is performing a service for mankind. The struggle may be long, but the world will be a better place when it is over. All nations will have progressed toward more popular government and more equitable relations between men. Whatever the cost, humanity is going forward. As a result of the war, war, itself, is doomed.

TOBACCO USERS AND THE FOOD PROBLEM.

Professor Henry W. Farnum, who heads the department of economics at Yale University, declares that the food shortage would be relieved if tobacco users were to refrain from indulgence in their favorite weed. There are 1,368,000 acres of land used to grow tobacco. If used for potatoes instead, the professor holds, the supply would be increased at least one-third. If this does not take place the blame for the shortage must be placed on the selfish smokers who refuse to deny themselves.

But perhaps the tobacco users have an answer ready for Professor Farnum. They might ask him what need there is to fuss about a beggarly 1,368,000 acres devoted to tobacco, when on the farms of the United States, according to the census of 1910, there are 400,346,575 acres which are not used at all. It would no doubt be possible to increase the potato crop by using a small part of these acres and it would not be necessary to stop raising tobacco.

Moreover the Department of Agriculture reported some time ago that only 27 per cent of the arable land of the United States is in use. This included, no doubt, the acreage devoted to tobacco. So the settlement of the food problem does not seem to require so much self-denial on the part of tobacco users as it does enforced denial of unearned profits to land speculators.

A heavier tax on land values and less taxation of labor products would discourage withholding of valuable land from use and encourage its use. Let that be done and the food problem will be solved.

SUPPORT LABOR'S CLAIMS.

Hamilton, Ontario, Canada, June 21.—"There is good reason for this dissatisfaction," says the Hamilton Herald in an editorial comment on labor's objection to conditions in war munitions plants.

"There is widespread dissatisfaction with the manner in which the munitions board is exercising its authority," says this paper, which states that the chairman of the board, J. W. Flavelle is a very able administrator, but is not distinguished for sympathy with the workers.

"His purpose is to deliver as great a quantity of munitions as possible in a given time at minimum cost, and so long as he achieves his purpose he is probably not much concerned about whether, in the production of the munitions, the workers receive fair treatment or not. In all munitions contracts in Britain there is a fair-wage clause; there is no such clause in contracts given out by the imperial munitions board in Canada ,and in many cases the omission of such a safeguard has had unfortunate results for certain classes of munitions workers, especially organized workmen."

METAL TRADES WIN.

Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada, June 21.—Metal trades craftsmen employed at the J. Coughlan & Sons shipyards have won their strike for improved conditions.

ESTABLISHED 1865 — 52 YEARS IN BUSINESS

CHRISTIAN XANDER'S
FAMOUS WHISKIES
35 Varieties

Buy at Once — Great Advance in Price Coming

909 7th Street, Northwest. — No Branch Houses. Phone M. 274

CORBY'S YEAST

Leaves nothing to guess-work.
Its purity and strength are uniform.
Every baker knows what that means.
Send for samples.

THE CORBY COMPANY
STATION K. — WASHINGTON, D. C.

Representative Houses
OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

BANKS

NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burglar-proof vaults; acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth Street and New York Avenue.

WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee, etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS AND COMMERCIAL BANK. A bank for the working people. Three per cent on savings. One dollar opens an account. Ninth and G Sts. N. W.

UNION SAVINGS BANK. Commercial accounts. Three per cent interest on savings accounts. The oldest savings bank in Washington.

MICHAEL T. GREENE
Liquors and Cigars. 639 D St. N. W.

STONER'S BAR AND RESTAURANT
The, G. Stoner. 206 Seventh St.S. W.

J. CHAS. McGUIRE'S BUFFET
Federal Seal Whiskey. 519 Ninth St. N. W.

O'KEEFE'S BUFFET
P. J. O'Keefe, Prop. 904 Pa. Ave. N. W.

GLAVIN'S BUFFET
ED. J. GLAVIN 309 G Street Northwest

FRANK'S BUFFET
Fourth and G Sts. N. W. Phone M. 5572.

J. J. O'DONNELL'S BUFFET
333 Penn. Avenue S. E.

HARRY'S BUFFET
631 Penn. Ave. S. E. Phone Lin. 1843

MACHINIST

G. W. FORSBERG, formerly with Forsberg & Murray, Boilers. Eighth and Water Sts. S. W. Main 742.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

RALSTON & RICHARDSON, Evans Building, 1420 New York Avenue.

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.

SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (Inc.), Soda Water, Syrups, etc. 1066 Wis. Ave. N. W.

PHOTO SUPPLIES

E. J. PULLMAN. Developing and Finishing for Amateurs a Specialty. 420 9th St. N. W.

LUNCH ROOMS

MOSSBURG'S RESTAURANT, 1404 Pa. Ave. N. W. Our Specialty, Lynnhaven Bay Oysters.

FIRE INSURANCE

FIREMEN'S INSURANCE COMPANY, Seventh Street and Louisiana Avenue.

DRY GOODS

WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings. Hosiery, a Specialty. 806-808 H St. N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

UNDERTAKERS

J. WILLIAM LEE
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY
332 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.

W. H. BUTLER CO., 607-9 C St. N. W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT

NATIONAL MORTAR CO., 1st and M N.E.
COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING CO., 3036 K Street.

DRUGGISTS

CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth St. and Virginia Ave. S. E.
DAY & CO. 5th and G Sts. N.W. 14th and P N.W., 20th and R. I. Ave. N.E.
QUIGLEY, Druggist, 21st and G Sts. N.W.
A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner 7th and P Streets N. W. N. 2372.

Building Trades Headquarters — Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rent

WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES TOBACCO. — COSTELLO BROS

JOS. A. WILNER & CO.

UNION CUSTOM TAILORS

Novelties in Spring and Summer Goods

Cor. 8th and G Sts. N.W.

For Home Comfort and Service

WINDOW SCREENS

Should Be in Place Now

RUSTLESS METAL SCREENS

Are the most enduring. Adjusted to any size window.

High	Close	Extended	Price
24 in.	22 in.	23 in.	45c
24 in.	22 in.	37 in.	55c
18 in.	22 in.	33 in.	45c
30 in.	24 in.	37 in.	75c
30 in.	24 in.	44 in.	90c

FOR GARDEN AND LAWN

Hedge Pruning Shears....$1.75

The Best Woven Rubber Hose—does not crack or break. The most durable hose made. Price, per foot, 25c.

Good Quality Garden Hose, per foot	20c
Iron Hose Reels	$3.25
Brass Hose Nozzles	40c
Steel Sickles	40c
Steel Trowels	10c
Pruning Shears	25c
Garden Weeders	10c
Brass Fountain Mist Sprinklers	40c
Galvanized Water Sprinkling Cans	70c up

Dulin & Martin Co.

1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St.

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY

Equitable Life Insurance Co.

of the District of Columbia

THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Issues Ordinary and Industrial

Wm. A. Bennett, 2nd Vice-President & Mgr.

EQUITABLE BLD'G. 816 14th ST., N. W.

Saks & Company

MEN'S and BOYS' OUTFITTERS

Pa. Ave. & 7th St. Wash., D. C.

Specialists in Apparel for Men and Boys.

Clothes, Hats and Shoes

The Bieber-Kaufman Co.

901-909 Eighth St. S. E.

Down by the Navy Yard

Washington, D. C.

BUTLER'S RHEUMATIC and GOUT REMEDY.

A KIDNEY AND HEART TONIC

Manufactured Since 1872 By

BUTLER & FIELD

Third and Indiana Ave. N. W.

Price 50c a bottle. 6 for $2.50

For Sale By Druggists.

WE SERVE 10c

Ice Cream Sodas

—AND THEY'RE WORTH IT

WELLER'S DRUG STORE

8th & Eye Sts. S.E. 36th & M N.W.

FIREPROOF CONSTRUCTION

Hammett Fire Proofing Company

301-302-303 Wilkins Bldg.

Phone Main 3337.

Bell Brand Union-Made

COLLARS and SHIRTS

LARGE ASSORTMENT

T. HOLLANDER

North Capitol and H Streets

STORAGE PACKING FREIGHT HAULING

Merchants Transfer

— AND —

Storage Company

920-922 E Street Northwest

Phone Main 6900

SHIPPING MOVING HEAVY HAULING & ERECTING

NO CHANGED LABOR LAWS.

In a letter to Gov. Brumbaugh of Pennsylvania, President Wilson expressed the hope that there will be no relaxation of labor laws by the various states. The state executive said that many bills have been introduced in the Pennsylvania legislature "that in one way or another attempt to modify existing laws relating to labor and industry."

In reply, President Wilson said:

"I think it would be most unfortunate for any of the states to relax laws by which safeguards have been thrown around labor. I feel that there is no necessity for such action and that it would lead to a slackening of the energy of the nation rather than to an increase of it, besides being very unfair to the laboring people themselves."

WILL URGE COMPENSATION.

St. Louis, Mo., June 21.—The Missouri workmen's compensation conference has issued a circular in which is recounted the unsuccessful efforts to secure a compensation law at the hands of the last legislature. It is stated that this year such laws were enacted in Delaware, Idaho, New Mexico, South Dakota and Utah, making a total of thirty-seven states which are now under compensation laws and leaving Missouri the only large industrial state without one.

The conference, which is composed of employers and employes, asks for suggestions to assist in the fight before the next legislature.

ANTIS WOULD USE PUPILS.

Chattanooga, Tenn., June 21.—Textile mills in this vicinity have locked out 3,000 employes to check trade union agitation and are attempting to induce high school pupils to act as strikebreakers.

The Richmond mill management has written to Central High School students that "we were wondering if you would like to come into our mill and get some experience during the vacation months. We pay from $1.25 to $1.75 to learners on knitting machines and we are sure the experience will be valuable to you in case your idea is to take up the textile line."

UNIONS GET RESULTS.

Winnipeg, Manitoba, Canada, June 21.—The Street Car Men's Union and organized telephone operators have raised wages. The car men's rate was 25 cents an hour for the first six months and this has been forced up to 28 cents. The minimum will be 34 cents.

The telephone operators are employed by the Manitoba government. Their minimum will be $40 a month and an additional $2.50 every six months until $60 is reached. Hours are reduced to eight per day.

STRIKE THUGS KIDNAPS.

Springfield, Mo., June 21.—The authorities are searching for a strikebreaker named Riley who is charged with being the brains of the gang that kidnapped Lloyd Keet, the fourteen-month-old baby of a banker in this city, and afterwards murdered the baby by throwing it in an abandoned well.

Riley was a member of the gang employed by the Springfield Traction Company that has been attempting to smash the Street Car Men's Union for the past eight months.

TRACK MEN MAKE GAINS.

Detroit, Mich., June 21.—Officers of the International Brotherhood of Maintenance-of-Way Employes report that the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway closed a contract with its organized track workers. Section foremen and yard foremen are increased $5 a month and track laborers increased from $1.75 to $2.25 a day.

The Canadian government railways has increased track workers 25 cents a day and many of its monthly men $6.50. Improved working conditions are also secured.

CONSTABULARY OPPOSED.

Baltimore, June 21.—The building trades council opposes the establishment of a state constabulary, which is provided for in a bill prepared by the attorney general.

The unionists declare that "the history of the Pennsylvania state constabulary proves that it is another armed force to be used against the wage workers in their struggle for a living wage, shorter hours and better conditions."

SHOP MEN RAISE WAGES.

Denver, June 21.—Federated shop men employed by the Denver & Rio Grande railroad have secured wage increases that approximate 6½ cents an hour. About 5,000 workers in Colorado and Utah are benefited.

WOMEN QUIT R. R. SHOPS.

Tacoma, Wash., June 21.—Several women employed in the shops of the Northern Pacific railroad have quit. One women said she did not blame the organized workers for protesting against women who are placed in the shops at a lower rate than the unions have made possible. She said her husband did not belong to a union, and that "it is true he does not get a sufficient wage from the company to support the family and I started to work to help him."

The railroad's action has aroused strong protest from trade unionists, members of women's clubs and other citizens.

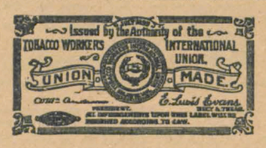
Writing in the Tacoma Daily News, E. J. Pelkey, labor editor of that paper, says:

"The real trouble with the Northern Pacific is not a scarcity of men, but the fact that it refuses to pay a wage sufficient to maintain a decent living. The extremely low wages offered by the Northern Pacific explains its cry of labor shortage."

MOLDERS RAISE WAGES.

Kansas City, Mo., June 21.—Iron Molders' Union No. 162 has raised wages 5 cents an hour, making the minimum 45 cents for a nine-hour day.

TOBACCO WORKERS LABEL

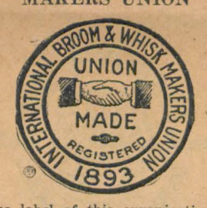


This is the Union Label of the Tobacco Workers International Union, and is found on wrappers of all tobaccos, snuff, and cigarettes that are Union made. The Label is printed in black on blue paper. Do not accept from your dealer any goods which do not bear this Label.

A. F. OF L. LABEL

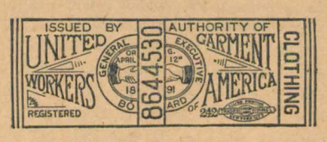
The Label of the American Federation of Labor is issued to Local Unions who are directly affiliated. This Label is used upon various commodities, among them being badge and lodge paraphernalia, suspenders, horse nails, paper boxes and neckwear. The Label is printed on both cloth and paper.

LABEL OF BROOM AND WHISK MAKERS UNION



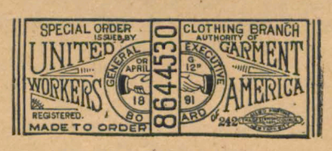
The blue label of this organization appears at the finish of broom and fastened under the wire.

UNITED GARMENT WORKERS LABEL



READY MADE CLOTHING

This organization uses two Labels, one for ready made clothing and the other for special order clothing. The ready made Label appears upon shirts, collars, cuffs, men's summer underwear, and overalls. Particular attention should be given to the ready made Label of this organization in the purchasing of men's shirts. Millions of shirts are produced yearly



SPECIAL ORDER CLOTHING

under the contract prison labor system and are sold under so many various names and brands that it is almost impossible to trace them. To be absolutely sure that the shirt you purchase is not made by the contract prison labor trust, the Union Label of the United Garment Workers should appear upon the same.

TEXTILE WORKERS LABEL

This Label is used upon hosiery of all kinds, underwear, coat sweaters, bar cloths, wash cloths, and silk shoe laces and hat bands.

MACHINISTS LABEL

This Label is put on small tools, such as are used by machinists, carpenters, shoe cutters and shoe workers, and on razors, cutlery, micrometers, mechanics tools, levels, seals, model makers' tools and novelties. Label is printed in black on rose tint background.

LABOR LAWS RESIST WAR.

Albany, N. Y., June 21.—Attorney General Lewis has ruled that war is not an extraordinary emergency within the meaning of the provision of the state contracts to labor more than eight hours a day.

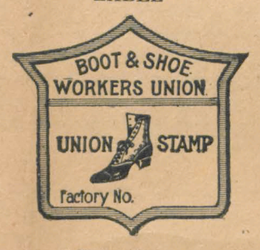
A military school is being erected at Ithaca and State Architect Pilcher asked if the law could not be waived. The attorney general held that the labor law defined "an extraordinary emergency" as an emergency caused by "fire, flood or danger to life or property."

"It is my opinion," he said, "that the state, in this case, is not authorized, under the existing statute, to suspend the eight-hour law. What powers the federal government may exercise in conducting this work as a war measure are beyond the question considered."

PAINTERS RAISE WAGES.

Port Arthur, Tex., June 21.—Painters' Union No. 328 has secured a union shop agreement which increases rates from $4.50 to $5 a day. Every contractor has signed.

BOOT AND SHOE WORKERS LABEL



Shoes are not Union Made unless they bear a plain and distinct impression of the Union Stamp. An indistinct impression resembling our Union Stamp is likely to be a counterfeit.

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

J. G. O'DONNELL, President, 122 Sixth St. N. E.
M. J. DEERY Vice President, 2407 Girard St. N. E.
THOS. W. WOLTZ, Recording Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
L. W. MATTER, Financial Secretary, 425 G St. N. W.
G. H. F. DAVIS, Treasurer, 439 Second St. S. E.
W. I. STRATTON, Conductor, 617 Sixth St. N. W.
A. F. MOIRSETTE, Warden, 425 G St. N. W
GEO. MYERS, Business Agent, 425 G St. N. W.

TRUSTEES.

F. J. NOLTE, 24 Eighth Street N. E.
MARK REILEY, 1127 B St. S. E.
A. P. TAYLOR, 622 I Street N. E.

DELEGATES TO THE DISTRICT COUNCIL.

R. H. BURDETTE, 1207 L Street N. W.
C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
E. B. BYRNE, 425 G Street N. W.
ROBERT REICHARD, 1720 35th Street N. W.
J. H. RYAN, 1101 Eleventh Street S. E.

DELEGATES TO THE CENTRAL LABOR UNION.

C. H. ADAMS, 804 A Street S. E.
R. H. BURDETTE, 816 K Street N. W.
W. S. HOLLOHAN, 814 Seventh Street N. E
C. A. SAUNDERS, 244 9th St. S. E.
LOUIS LUEBKERT, 1314 Kerney St. N. E.

RELIEF COMMITTEE.

P. W. HAMILTON, 410 Tenn. Ave. N. E.
J. T. CLIFT, 4115 7th St. N. W.
M. FOLEY, 118 Seaton St. N. E.
W. B. DOLAN, 413 Mass. Ave. N. W.
J. A. SANKER, 2606 R. I. Ave. N. E.

MILL COMMITTEE.

F. E. KETTNER, 3016 Cambridge St. N. W
GEORGE E. HATTON, 519 M Street S. W.
O. A. CARTER, Rosslyn, Va.

DELEGATE TO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

G. H. F. DAVIS, 439 Second Street S. E.

PHONE NORTH 2349

DONOVAN'S

FINE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS

2003 14th St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Meets Every Monday Night

Typographica Temple

423-425 G St. N. W.

Secretary's Address: 606 5th St. N.W.

Telephone: Lincoln 4614

OFFICERS

HUGH D. DIGNEY.....President
MARY GANZHORN...V. President
N. A. JAMES.....Secretary
JOS. E. TOONE....Fin. Secretary
WM. H. SCHAFFER.....Treasurer
JOS. C. CLARK..Sergeant-at-Arms
TRUSTEES — Wm. Zell, W. W. Keeler, J. L. Considine.

COMMITTEES

Executive—Mary Ganzhorn, Chairman; Jos. E. Toone, N. A. James, W. A. Huttel, John R. Hartley, H. D. Digney and Wm. H. Shaffer.

Legislative—Jere McCarthy, Chairman; John Lorch, N. P. Alifas, Robert Jones and D. J. O'Leary.

Adjustment—W. A. Huttel, Chairman; Harry Hollohan, John Botts, Benj. Spellbring and John Schmidt.

Contract—John Hartley, Chairman; Wm. W. Keeler, W. H. Schaffer, C. H. Adams and C. C. Coulter.

Laws—Dan. Hassett, chairman; Harry Buie and R. H. Burdette.

Resolution—Jas. L. Considine, chairman; E. L. Tucker and Denis Southern.

Organization — Jos. E. Toone, Chairman; Jos. C. Clark, Henry Miller, Mary Burkhead and T. A. Franklin.

Auditing—Wm. E. Zell, Chairman; Laurence Curtin and John Deal.

Credentials—M. J. Costello, Chairman; Jas. Noyes and S. S. Parker.

Label—H. F. Oehler, Chairman, and John McGuigan.

Press—N. A. James, Chairman; John B. Colpoys and N. A. Sprague.

Delegates to Baltimore—Jos. E. Toone, Chairman; Harry Fiddesop and Sam De Nedrey.

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union: Meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7:30; third at 4 p.m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, F. S. Radman, 134 Seventh St. N. E.

Bakery Salesmen's Union, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at Moose Hall, Seventh and G Streets Northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pennsylvania Ave. S. E.

Barbers' Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O St. N. W. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; financial secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Bartenders, No. 428: Meets second and fourth Sundays in each month at 2 p.m., Painters' Hall, 6th and G Sts. N.W. Secretary, J. R. Tavenner, 1223 Eighth St. N.W.

Blacksmiths and Helpers, Local 217, International Brotherhood of: Meets first and third Monday of each month at 650 Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, C. A. Chism, 418 Tenth street northeast.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at New Masonic Temple, Eighth and F Sts. N. E. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 817 North Capitol St.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. F. Miller, 19 Quincy Place northwest.

Folding and Gathering Machine Operators, No. 7: Edw. L. Ransdell, Sec., Cherrydale, Va.

Boot and Shoe Workers Union, No. 489: Meets first and third Sunday of the month at the Secretary, T. Guiffre, 908 Pennsylvania ave-Moose Hall, Seventh and G Street Northwest. nue northwest.

Brewery Workers Local Union, No. 48: Meets second Sunday of each month, Building Trades Hall, at 10.00 a. m. Secretary, W. H. Schaefer, 1404 E street southeast.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place N. E.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132: Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, Thos. W. Woltz, 425 G Street N. W.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets third Friday of each month, Sixth and E Sts. N. W., Eagles' Hall. Secretary, Chas. T. Krause, 520 Rhode Island Ave. N. E.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets First Thursday in each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G Sts. n. w. Secretary, Wm. H. Umhau, 737 10th St. s. e.

Chauffeurs and Hack Drivers Union, Local No. 115: Meets the first and third Saturday of each month, G. A. R. Building, 1412 Pa. Ave. Secretary-Treasurer, Kirk C. Sipher, Room 25, 945 Pa. Ave. northwest.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 705 Seventh St. N. W. (Wassaman's). Secretary, Edwin Tillou, 242 8th St. N. E.

Electrical Workers, International Brotherhood of. Secretary, Edw. Northnagel, 110 R St. N. E.

Electrical Workers No. 148, International Brotherhood of: Meets second and fourth Thursdays at Twelfth and H Streets N. E. Secretary, T. E. Finnell, 155 Eleventh Street N. E.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets first Thursday in the month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Ave. N. W.

Elevator Conductors Protective Union, No. 14585: Meets every Tuesday night, at 8:15, 1110 Sixth st. n. w. Secretary, E. E. Nickolson, 3800 Ga. ave. n. w.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Paperhangers Hall, 430 Ninth Street N. W., second and fourth Thursdays of the month. Secretary, Edw. B. Finch, 33 P Street N. E.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets every Friday, at 8:00 p.m. Hall, S. E. Cor. Tenth and Pennsylvania Ave. N. W. Secretary, Jas. P. Lahey, 816 5th street northeast.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, Twelfth and B Sts, N. W.

Engraved Steel and Plate Finishers, No. 846: Secretary, C. W. Hisle, 1016 Eleventh St. N. E.

Federal Employes' Union No. 14632: Meets second Friday of each month, Perpetual Building Association Hall. Secretary, W. M. Lynch, 409 A. F. of L. Building.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1242 Jackson St. N. E.

Federal Watchmen's Union No. 14964: Secretary, Jas. H. Reed, Cor. Sec., 1228 B street southwest.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, Hyattsville, Md.

Garment Workers, United, No. 11: Meets first and third Tuesdays, 613 Seventh street n. w., (fourth floor). B. Gentz, president; Miss R. Lyons, Recording Secretary.

Glaziers Local No. 963: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, Costello's Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, H. C. Turner, Mt. Rainier, Md.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Thursday of each month, Building Trades Hall, Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Albert Beer, 126 Todd Pl. N. E.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, John T. Bowers, Twentieth and Twenty-first and L and M streets northwest.

Ice Cream Wagon Drivers and Helpers' Union, Local No. 111: Meets second and fourth Tuesdays at Typographical Temple, 425 G street northwest. Secretary-Treasurer, J. Neff Cline, 1211 North Capitol street.

International Molders Union: Meets every second and fourth Wednesdays, Washington Hall, Third and Pennsylvania Avenue S. E. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 Twelfth St. N. E.

Laborers' Protective Union, No. 15037: Meets the second Tuesday of each month at the Cadets' Armory, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, E. E. McCormick, 1403 South Capitol street.

Laundry Workers, Local No. 110: Meets first Friday in each month at Winslow's Hall, 12 and R streets northwest. Secretary, Moten Jefferson, 550 Twenty-fourth street northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth St. and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, W. N. Huttel, 1430 A St. N. E.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday, 1204 Pa. Ave. N. W. Secretary, Chas. Frazier, 1020½ 6th St. S.E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 First St. N. W.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union No. 110: Meets second and fourth Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. F. McDonnell.

Mill Workers Local No. 1694: Meets every Tuesday at Painters' Hall, 704 Sixth street northwest. Secretary, Robt. Reichard, 1720 Thirty-fourth street northwest.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, third floor. Secretary, G. King, or B. A. Spellbring, Business Agent.

Musicians, No. 161: Headquarters Kenois Building, Eleventh and G St. N. W., Room 411. Meets first Sunday in each month. 922 Pa. Ave. N. W. Phone M. 2665. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, Kenois Building.

Navy Yard Helpers. Meets 2d Sunday and 4th Friday in each month, Donohoe's Hall, 314 Pa. Ave. S.E. .Secretary, Albert Bridges, 210 L St. S.E.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner Sixth and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, Wm. Zell, 806 Tenth St. N. E.

Paperhangers Local, No. 420: Meets every Friday, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first Friday of each month, Third and Pennsylvania Ave. S. E. Secretary, John H. Brown, 911 K St. S. E.

Photo-Engravers' Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday of every month, Red Room, The New Ebbitt, 8 p.m. Secretary, James A. Sullivan, 3910 5th street northwest.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Raymond R. Burrows, Clarendon, Va.

Plumbers, No. 5: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Paperhanger's Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Robt. J. Barrett, 430 Ninth St. N. W.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the Fourth Wednesday of each month. Secretary, Harry Cuppett, 820 Sixth St. S. W.

Printing Pressmen, No. 1: Meets fourth Monday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N.E.

Railway Carmen, Pride of Potomac Lodge, No. 313, Brotherhood of: Meets at Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F streets northeast, first and third Tuesdays. Secretary, L. H. Taylor, 1106 Seventh street northeast.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G St. N. W. Secretary, J. A. Geier, 619 F St. N. E.

School Custodians and Janitors' Union, No. 14596: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary T. J. Jones, 758 Morton Street N.W.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe. 326 Ninth St. S. E.

Steam Fitters and Helpers, No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesdays at Paperhangers' Hall, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Harry Fiddesop, 61 R. I. Ave. N. E. (Apt. 6.)

Stone and Building Laborers Union, Local 46: Meets first and third Friday nights at Cadets Armory Hall, 708 O street northwest. Secretary, F. Holmes, 1101 I Street S. W.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants Association, No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Mrs. H. B. Tritipoe, 1737 Willard street N. W., Apt. 20.

Street Carmen's Union, Division 689: Meets Typographical Temple first and third Thursdays at 10.30 a. m. and 8.30 p. m. Secretary, G. W. Calderhead, Room 412 Wash. Loan and Trust Building.

The High School Teachers' Union of Washington, D. C., No. 8: Meets in the Music Room of the New Central High School at 3.30 p. m. the second Tuesday in the months of October, December, February, and May. Secretary, L. V. Lampson, Central High School.

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets third Sunday of each month, at the Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle. 1062 Jefferson St. N. W.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, Moose Hall, Seventh and G Sts. N. W. Secretary, E. P. Richardson, 750 Gresham Place N. W.

Wood Finishers, Local No. 1053. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 414 Tenth st. s. w.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Tuesday night, 430 Ninth St. N. W. Secretary, Stover D. Zea.

Yeast Workers' Union, No. 14639: Meets first and third Fridays, Typographical Temple. Secretary, L. M. Green, 2711 24th St. N.E.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G St. N. W. Wm. H. Johnston, International President; George Preston, Secretary-Treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: International Secretary-Treasurer, Jas. E. Goodyear, Philadelphia, Pa.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

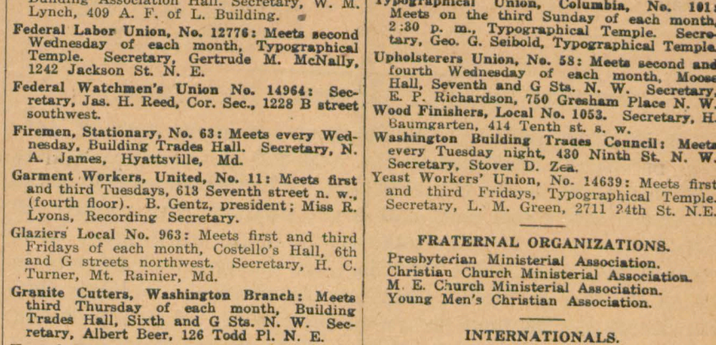
Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays, at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G St. N. W. Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth St. N. W.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D Sts. N. W.

National Capital Lodge, No. 92 (Ladies' Auxiliary, Int. Asso. Mach.): Meets first and third Tuesday of each month at 7:30 p.m. at National Capital Bank Hall, 316 Pa. Ave. S.E.

Woman's Auxiliary, No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets third Thursday in the month at Typographical Temple. Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 Fourth St. N. E.



INTERNATIONAL UNION OF THE UNITED BREWERY WORKMEN OF AMERICA

Union MADE Beer

Ale AND Porter

COPYRIGHT & TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1903

THIS IS OUR LABEL.

VOTE

Against Prohibition

DEMAND

Personal Liberty

IN CHOOSING WHAT YOU WILL DRINK

ASK FOR THIS LABEL WHEN PURCHASING BEER, ALE OR PORTER.

As A Guarantee That It Is Union Made.

"Labor Representation on Exemption Boards Is Necessary"—Gompers

To the Central Labor Unions and State Federations of Labor:

Within a very short time the boards which shall have the administration of the selective conscription will be appointed. If the interests of the workers are to be maintained it is imperatively necessary that they should have representatives on all boards that will be authorized to decide upon all exemption claims from active military service.

It can readily be seen that if there are not men on these boards who have personal knowledge of workers' problems growing out of their relation to industry, there will be an infinite opportunity for injustice to be done workers. It is fundamental that we should guard against opportunities for unjust discrimination or favoritism in making exemptions. This regulation would not only protect the wage-earners but would enable the government to avoid cause for ill-will resulting from a sense of injustice. The good will of all citizens is necessary for that co-operation which will enable our republic to conduct a successful and effective war for freedom and democracy.

No one in touch with the present situation imagines that the spirit of greed has been completely eliminated from the industrial and commercial world. Though we regret it, we cannot blind ourselves to the fact that the spirit of profiteering makes some employers willing to exploit workers and the nation's need even in this world's critical emergency. Firms in several localities have asked for soldiers to prevent workers trying, through legitimate methods, to secure higher wages in order that their standards may not be lowered through the constantly increasing costs of living.

We know that such unprincipled, heartless employers will not hesitate to make use of conscriptive machinery to rid themselves of "undesirable" workmen and thus give such employers a free hand to force unendurable conditions of work and pay.

It is the desire of all good citizens that in our efforts to fight a war for justice abroad we shall not at the same time impose injustice upon men and women at home. In order to prevent discrimination or favoritism and to create in the minds of the masses of citizens confidence that the government desires to do jusice to all, the organized labor movement urges that representatives of labor be upon all exemption boards. This matter has been taken up with officers charged with the administration of the selective conscription law.

Every central organization of trade unions is urged to take up this matter at once with the local authorities and present a request for representation together with names of suitable representatives. Action must be taken at once in order to be effective.

In addition organized labor ought to be represented on every local committee or commission that has been established to cooperate with the national agencies for defense. Wage-earners represent the masses of the people; their ideas and their needs and interests ought to be directly represented in all agencies working for the defense of the republic.

Let me urge that this matter be taken up by all local organizations so that the workers will be in a position to co-operate for the defense of our common country and to feel a sense of confidence that justice and freedom will be maintained in our own country and in the common life of the people. Be on guard to maintain your rights and to protect the interests of humanity within your locality.

SAMUEL GOMPERS,
President A. F. of L.

FOURTH OF JULY INJURIES DANGEROUS.

In the early period of the European war many cases of lockjaw or tetanus developed in the wounded of the allied armies. This very fatal disease is caused by a bacillus which is often found in garden soil, street dust, and in the earth in the vicinity of stables. In order to cause tetanus, the germ must lodge in a wound and find suitable conditions for its growth. Injuries in which clothing or foreign matter is forced widely or deeply into the tissues are the most dangerous because the tetanus germ can only flourish in places into which oxygen cannot penetrate, just as toadstools grow best when sheltered from the sun.

As soon as the stress of war conditions permitted, all badly wounded men were immediately given injections of the serum against tetanus as a routine procedure to prevent this dreaded disease. The use of the anti-toxin caused a prompt reduction in the number of cases and the control of tetanus in the armies can be justly cited as one of the ways in which science is helping valor to win the war.

This subject is of especial interest at the present season because Fourth of July injuries, especially from blank cartridges, are apt to be followed by lockjaw if they are not promptly and properly treated. The general adoption of the "Sane Fourth" has done much to reduce the number of these accidents and suitable medical attention has prevented the development of tetanus in almost every instance.

In view of the serious results which may occur, it seems wise to again warn all parents that wounds from toy pistols, firecrackers and firearms are always dangerous and all persons hurt in this way, even though the injury appears trivial, should be taken at once to a competent physician for treatment, especially to ascertain if the serum should be injected.

DO YOU KNOW THAT

Civilian health is the rock upon which military efficiency rests?

The little house fly is a dangerous thing; the time to "swat 'em" is now?

The ingestion of wood alcohol may produce blindness?

Swimming is a healthful exercise?

Human beings are the great agencies in the spread of human diseases?

No community can be really successful without safe waste disposal?

1,000 ACCIDENTS A DAY.

Albany, N. Y., June 21.—This state has an average of nearly 1,000 accidents a day, excluding those which cause no loss of time other than the day or shift in which accidents happen and which require no other medical attention than first aid. This fact was made public by the state industrial commission.

"There are in New York state 200,000 employers and 2,000,000 employes under the compensation laws. They receive an annual total wage of $1,000,000,000," the report set forth. Of the 315,000 cases requiring medical aid the average cost is $10, and there are 60,000 claims annually for benefits, the average benefit being $160.

"There are 1,200 deaths a year. The average death benefit is $3,250. The total annual benefits are now running $12,000,000, including medical attention. The average compensation wage is $9 a week," the report states.

UNITE TO STOP ROBBERY.

Frostburg, Md., June 21.—Girls employed at the Parker hosiery mill have joined the United Textile Workers and suspended work to enforce better conditions and stop being robbed by their employers. For every twenty-four imperfect stockings turned in a girl is docked the price she receives for making a dozen pairs. The girls say that at least one-half of the imperfect work is due to their machines and that all imperfect stockings are repaired and sold as seconds.

Trenton, N. J., June 21.—Antagonism against trade unionism by the Trenton Shirt Factory Company has tied up that plant and many of the girls are employed elsewhere rather than desert their union.

UNION GIRLS WIN STRIKE.

Frostburg, Md., June 21.—Trade union girls employed at the Parker hosiery mills have won a four-week strike and secured increased wages.

CLOTH HAT AND CAP MAKERS LABEL

Size: One inch square, serial No. across surface of Label is printed in red. It is pasted and sewed in all Union-made cloth hats and caps of all description, including uniform, regulation, motormen, shop, engineer, miner, and straw caps.

SAVED LIFE; NO BENEFITS.

Harrisburg, Pa., June 21.—Dependents of a man who sacrificed his life trying to save a fellow workman are not entitled to compensation because he did not await specific orders to take the risk, is the reasoning of a Lancaster plumbing firm which has appealed an award to the state workmen's compensation board.

The appeal is taken on the ground that in plunging into a sewer manhole after another workman who had been overcome by fumes, J. A. Lauer, aged twenty years, "arrogated to himself duties which he was not engaged to perform," and "was not furthering the business interests of his employers."

The parents of Lauer were awarded $749 by a referee and this award has been appealed. The firm contends that "Lauer was not required to save the life of a fellow employe, and although he lost his life in his effort to do so, his dependents are not entitled to compensation because by his own act he lost his life."

MEAT CUTTERS AND BUTCHER WORKMEN'S UNION STORE CARD

The Store Card of the Meat Cutters and Butcher Workmen's Union is prominently displayed in such establishments as employ members of this organization.

Parker, Bridget & Co.
"The Avenue at Ninth"
Featuring
Extra Value
$15
Suits for Spring

THESE PICTURE THEATRES HAVE "SIGNED UP" WITH US.

UNION OPERATOR
LOCAL No. 224 I.A.T.S.E.
WASH. D.C.
AFFILIATED WITH CENTRAL LABOR UNION & A.F. of L.

American, 1st st. and R. . ave.n.w.
Apollo, - - H St. bet. 6 & 7, N.E.
Auditorium, 13th st. and N. Y. ave.n.w
Avenue Grand, Pa Ave. bet. 6 & 7, S.E.
Belasco Theater, 15th and Madison Pl.
Carolina, 11th & N. Carolina Ave. S.E.
Casino - - - - 9th and F N.W.
Cosmos - - Pa. Ave. bet. 9th & 10th
Circle - - - - 2105 Pa. Ave. N. W.
Crandall, - - - 9th & E Sts. N. W.
Dixie - - - - 8th & H Sts. N. E.
Dumbarton, - 32nd & O Sts. N. W.
Eagle Gate - Soldiers Home Entrance
Elite Theatre, 14th and R. I. ave. n. w.
Empire, - - - - - 910 H St. N. E.
Empress - - 9th bet. D and E N.W.
Favorite, H St. North Capitol & First
Florida - - 15th St. & Fla. Ave. N.E.
Garden Theatre, 423 Ninth st. n. w.
Gayety Theatre - - 513 9th St. N.W.
Georgia - - - Ga. Ave. and Park Rd.
Glen Echo Park - - Glen Echo, Md.
Happyland - - 7th bet. L & M N.W.
Home Theater, C bet. 12th & 13th n. e.
Leader - - - - - - 507 9th St. N.W.
Liberty Theatre, N. Capitol & P St.
Loewe's Columbia . . F near 12th
Lyric Theatre - - 14th near Park Rd.
Maryland - - - 624 9th St. N. W.
"M" Street Theatre, M St. near 32nd
Navy, - - 8th St. bet. D & E, S. E.
Odeon - - 14th and Church Sts. N. W.
Olympic, - U St. bet. 14 & 15, N.W.
Palace - - - - 312 9th St. N.W.
Penn Gardens - - 21st St. & Pa. Ave.
Plaza Theatre - 434 9th st. n. w.
Princess, - - - 1112 H Sts. N. E.
Raphael, - 9th St. bet. N & O, N.W.
Regent - - 18th & Cal. Ave. N.W.
Revere - Ga. Ave. & Park Rd. N.W.
Savoy, - - - 14th and Col. Road.
Senate Theater - - 324 Pa. Ave. S.E.
Strand, - - - - - Ninth and D.
Stanton, - - - - 6th & C Sts. N. E.
Stanton Park - - 219 4th St. N.E.
Truxton - - N. Capitol and Fla. Ave.
Virginia - - - 614 9th St. N. W.
Victoria - - - - 7th and E Sts. S.W.
Washington & Park - 18th & U Sts.
Zenith Theater - - 625 8th St. S.E.

Phone Main 3871
WM. H. HOWLIN
American Federation of Labor Building
9th Street and Mass. Avenue
Engrossing Resolutions, Diplomas Charters and Fancy Pen Work of All Descriptions

Washington District Council of Carpenters

Office: 425 G St. N. W., Typographical Temple

ROBERT ADAM, President, Local 2563, U. B., 1511 Vermont Avenue N.W.
R. H. BURDETTE, Vice President, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
E. B. BYRNE, Secretary, Local 132, U. B., 425 G Street N.W.
F. A. SHOESMITH, Treasurer, Local 2563, U. B., 5209 Georgia Avenue N.W.
C. H. ADAMS, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 804 A Street N.E.
R. H. BURDETTE, Trustee, Local 132, U. B., 816 K Street N.W.
H. PAGE, Trustee, Local 2563, U. B., 336½ 13th Street N.E.
ROBERT REICHARD, Local 132, U. B., 1720 34th Street N.W.
J. H. RYAN, Local 132, U. B., 1101 11th Street S.E.
FRED HOOK, Local 2563, U. B., 1523 8th Street N.W.
WILLIAM MACKIE, Local 2563, U. B., 216 Seaton Place N.E.

BUSINESS AGENT.
GEO. MYERS, 425 G Street N. W.

BRICKLAYERS' UNION No. 1 Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS.

M. J. DUNNIGAN, President.....2007 14 Street N.W.
JOHN G. WOLFE, Vice-President.1023 N. J. Ave. N.W.
M. A. WOLFE, Recording Secretary..418 F Street N. E.
J. J. BROSNAHAN, Financial Secretary..835 11 St. N.E.
J. F. VEIHMEYER, Cor. Secretary.....623 K St. N. E.
W. R. GODDARD, Treasurer...1338 Fairmont St. N. W.
J. GLEASON, Sergeant-at-Arms.....424 K St. N. W.

TRUSTEES

Edw. W. Bresnahan.....810 D St. N. E
William Turner.....63 Elliott St. N. E.
Thos. L. Nevins.....504 Maine Avenue S. W

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe,.....1023 N. J. Ave. N. W
J. McElfresh,.....
D. O'Brien.....139 11 St. N. E.
A. Tenley.....964 Florida Ave. N. W.
M. Sullivan.....5631-2 15 St. S. E

INTERNATIONAL DEPUTY.

Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

ARBITRATION COMMITTEE.

M. J. Dunnigan.....2007 14 Street N. W.
M. A. Wolfe,.....418 F St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. E.
Joseph Harding.....210 13 St. S. W.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L S. S. W

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

N. Ditzler.....2006 2nd St. N. W
R. Pumphrey.....223 Q St. N. W.
J. F. Murtaugh.....1229 33d St. N. W.
Frank Miller.....50 K St. N. E.
Frank Murphey.....63 N. Y. Ave. N. W.

GENERAL GOOD COMMITTEE.

John G. Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave.
Robert McMackin.....1202 N. Capitol St.
M. J. McNulty.....467 L St. S. W.

DELEGATES TO THE C. L. U.

John Wolfe.....1023 New Jersey Ave.
William Pollard.....522 14th St. N. E.
P. A. Sugrue.....59 L St. N. E.
Maurice A. Wolf.....418 F St. N. E.
Fred Negus.....30 L St. N. W.

MEATS GROCERIES FISH
Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the
OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.

930 La. Ave. N.W.	1935 14th St. N.W.	2002 Ga. Ave. N.W.
501 8th St. S.E.	138 7th St. N.E.	739 N. Capitol St.
3101 M St. N.W.	1776 U St. N.W.	712 K St. N.W.
7th & Q Sts. N.W.	3113 14th St. N.W.	3420 M St. N.W.
1105 H St. N.E.	701 H St. N.E.	1714 14th St. N.W.
1632 N. Capitol St.	726 7th St. N.W.	3608 14th St. N.W.
3420 Ga. Ave. N.W.	1440 P St. N.W.	2030 P St. N.W.
	918 La. Ave. N.W.	

POULTRY BREAD PRODUCE

The Clothes We Clean
Press or repair speak for themselves
Our service is at your command
The Hoffman Company
CLEANERS AND DYERS
There is a Hoffman Branch in YOUR Neighborhood
AUTO DELIVERY SERVICE

CHESAPEAKE BEACH
ON THE BAY
Washington's Coney Island
Salt Water Bathing
Giant Derby Over the Water
New and Up-to-Date Bowling Alleys
FISHING BOATING CRABBING
FREE DANCING---Union Music
Fun for Young and Old
Cheap Fares—25c Daily, Except Sundays and Holidays, when it is 50c. For train schedule see Latest News or Bulletin, daily issues.

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK
FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST
OPEN 9 A.M. TO 5:30 P.M.
SATURDAYS 9 A.M. TO 1 P.M. and 6 P.M. TO 9 P.M.
3 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts
COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

THE PLATE PRINTER
Official Organ Plate Printers International Union.
P. J. RYAN, Editor. CHAS. T. SMITH, Assoc. Editor.
Subscription $1.00 Per Year
Telephone 4528 Wash. Loan & Trust Bldg.

WE DO ALL KINDS OF
Job Printing
AND THE PRICE IS RIGHT
The Trades Unionist, 604-6 5th St. N. W.

CORBY CAKE
AT ALL GROCERS

Takoma Bread
Fresh Three Times Daily
AT ALL GROCERS
Havenner Baking Company
Established 1815

When in Doubt, Buy of
HOUSE & HERRMANN
FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.
N.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W

LANSBURGH & BRO.
"DRY GOODS ONLY"
The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City
420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

GEO. D. HORNING,
N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.
LOAN OFFICE

THE MILTON SCHOOL
Oxford Bldg., 14th and N. Y. Ave. N.W.
Stenography
Typewriting
English
Spanish
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO BEGINNERS
Now in larger quarters in the Oxford Building, 14th and N. Y. Ave. N. W.

The only strictly
UNION TAILORING
house in the city
M. STEIN & CO.
TAILORS
Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets